#### 1992 No. 295

#### **FOOD**

#### The Food Safety (Live Bivalve Molluscs) (Derogations) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1992

The Department of Health and Social Services in exercise of the powers conferred on it by Articles 16(1) and 26(3) of the Food Safety (Northern Ireland) Order 1991(a) and of all other powers enabling it in that behalf and after consultation in accordance with Article 47(3) of that Order with such organisations as appear to it to be representative of interests likely to be substantially affected by these Regulations, hereby makes the following Regulations:

#### Citation, commencement and interpretation

- 1.—(1) These Regulations may be cited as the Food Safety (Live Bivalve Molluscs) (Derogations) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1992 and shall come into operation on 1st July 1992.
  - (2) In these Regulations—

"bivalve molluscs" means filter-feeding lamellibranch molluscs;

- "the Commission Decision" means Commission Decision 92/92/EEC(b), of 9th January 1992, laying down the requirements relating to equipment and structure of dispatch and purification centres for live bivalve molluscs, for which derogations may be granted pursuant to Articles 5 and 12 of the Council Directive;
- "conditioning" means storage in tanks or any other installation containing clean sea water or in natural sites to remove sand, mud or slime;
- "the Council Directive" means Council Directive 91/492/EEC(c), of 15th July 1991 laying down the health conditions for the production and the placing on the market of live bivalve molluscs;
- "derogation" means the grant of a further period within which to comply fully with the conditions for the approval of dispatch centres and purification centres set out in Chapter IV of the Annex to the Council Directive, which conditions are set out in column (1) of the Schedule;

<sup>(</sup>a) S.I. 1991/762 (N.I. 7). See Article 2(2) for the definitions of "regulations" and "the Department concerned"

<sup>(</sup>b) O.J. No. L34/34,11.2.92

<sup>(</sup>c) O.J. No. L268, 24.9.91, p. 1

- "dispatch centre" means any on-shore or off-shore installation for the reception, conditioning, washing, cleaning, grading or wrapping of live bivalve molluscs for human consumption;
- "purification centre" means an establishment with tanks fed by naturally clean sea water or sea water that has been cleaned by appropriate treatment, in which live bivalve molluscs are placed for the time necessary to remove microbiological contamination, so making them fit for human consumption;
- "relevant requirement" means subject to paragraph (3) a condition set out in column (1) of the Schedule in respect of which there is an entry in column (2) of the Schedule which indicates that it is a condition in respect of which, in accordance with the Commission Decision, a derogation may be made.
- (3) For the purposes of these Regulations where there is in relation to a relevant requirement a limitation mentioned in column (2) of the Schedule, that requirement is a relevant requirement only to the extent indicated by that limitation.
  - (4) In the Schedule—
  - (a) a reference to the Annex is a reference to the Annex to the Council Directive;
  - (b) a reference to a numbered Chapter is a reference to the Chapter which bears that number in the Annex;
  - (c) a reference in a Chapter to a numbered section or point is a reference to the section or point which bears that number in that Chapter.

## Approval of dispatch and purification centres

- 2. On and after 1st January 1993 no person shall operate any dispatch centre or purification centre unless it has been approved by the Department, and no such centre shall be so approved unless—
  - (a) the Department is satisfied that it meets the requirements of the Council Directive; or
  - (b) the Department is satisfied that it meets those requirements save in so far as there is in operation in respect of it a derogation granted under regulation 4.

### Method of applying for a derogation

- 3.—(1) The proprietor of a food business which consists of or includes the operation of a dispatch centre or purification centre which was operating either on the 31st December 1991, or on the last working day immediately before that date, may apply to the Department, before 1st July 1992, for a derogation.
  - (2) An application for the purposes of paragraph (1) shall—
  - (a) be made in writing;
  - (b) specify in respect of which centre and which of the relevant requirements a derogation is sought; and

(c) be accompanied by a plan of the work intended by the proprietor together with a timetable indicating the period within which the proprietor intends the dispatch or purification centre to comply with the relevant requirement the subject of the application for a derogation.

#### Method of determining an application for a derogation

- **4.**—(1) After receiving an application for a derogation in respect of a centre which complies with the requirements of regulation 3 the Department shall send a copy of it to the district council in whose district the centre is situated.
- (2) A district council which receives a copy of an application pursuant to paragraph (1) shall invite the representations of the applicant and, after having regard to any such representations, shall send to the Department, within 12 weeks of receipt of the copy, a written assessment of the need for the derogation and of the suitability of the plan of the work and the timetable.
- (3) A district council shall, at the same time as providing the written assessment to the Department, send a copy of it to the applicant, inviting him to send to the Department, within 4 weeks of the date on which the assessment was sent to the Department, his written observations on it.
- (4) After considering the assessment of the district council and any observations made pursuant to the invitation mentioned in paragraph (3), the Department shall either grant or refuse the application for a derogation in respect of all or any of the requirements in respect of which a derogation was sought.
  - (5) If an application for a derogation is granted the Department shall—
  - (a) designate the premises and the relevant requirements in respect of which the derogation is granted;
  - (b) specify the period of the derogation, which shall not in any case expire after 31st December 1995;
  - (c) specify in the case of a derogation from the requirement in point 6 of section II of the Schedule that the derogation shall apply only if and so long as any products intended for human consumption are not contaminated by waste or leakage from waste products; and
  - (d) specify in the case of a derogation from the requirement in point 7 of section II of the Schedule that the derogation shall apply only if and so long as the products referred to in that point are sheltered from the sun and the elements and from any source of dirt or contamination.
- (6) If an application is refused or is granted otherwise than in accordance with the application the Department shall give written notice to the applicant of the reasons for its decision.
- (7) The Department shall in all cases give written notice of its decision to both the applicant and the district council which provided the assessment.

### Enforcement and execution

5. These Regulations shall be enforced and executed by each district council within its district.

Sealed with the Official Seal of the Department of Health and Social Services on 29th June 1992.

(L.S.)

John McGrath

**Assistant Secretary** 

# Requirements of Chapter IV of the Annex

Column (1)	Column (2)	<del>-</del> :
CHAPTER IV. CONDITIONS FOR THE APPROVAL OF DISPATCH OR PURIFICATION CENTRES	WHETHER DEROGATION POSSIBLE AND LIMITATIONS	
Section I. General conditions relating to premises and equipment		
Centres must not be located in areas which are close to objectionable odours, smoke, dust and other contaminants. The location must not be subject to flooding by ordinary high tides or run-off from surrounding areas.	no	<b>.</b>
Centres must have at least:		Food
1. on premises where live bivalve molluscs are handled or stored:		pc
<ul> <li>(a) buildings or facilities of sound construction, designed and maintained adequately for the purpose of preventing contamination of live bivalve molluses by any type of waste, dirty water, fumes, dirt or by the presence of rodents or other animals;</li> </ul>	yes, in so far as the construction of buildings or facilities is concerned	
<ul> <li>(b) flooring which is easy to keep clean and is laid in such a way as to facilitate drainage;</li> </ul>	yes	
(c) adequate working space to allow for satisfactory performance of all operations;	yes	
(d) durable walls which are easy to clean;	yes	>
(e) adequate natural or artificial lighting;	yes	No.
2. access to an appropriate number of changing rooms, wash basins and lavatories; there must be a sufficient number of wash basins close to the lavatories;	yes, in so far as the requirement relates to the number of changing rooms	295

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3. adequate equipment for washing tools, containers and equipment;	no	
4. facilities for the supply and, where appropriate, storage of exclusively potable water within the meaning of Council Directive 80/778/EEC of 15 July 1980 relating to the quality of water intended for human consumption(a) or facilities for the supply of clean sea water.	no	
Facilities supplying non-potable water may be authorised. The water concerned may not come into direct contact with live bivalve molluscs or be used for cleaning or disinfecting containers, plant or equipment which come into contact with live bivalve molluscs. Pipes and outlets carrying non-potable water must be clearly distinguished from those carrying potable water;	no	Food
5. equipment and instruments or their surfaces which are intended to come into contact with live bivalve molluscs must be made of corrosion-resistant material which is easy to wash and clean repeatedly.	yes	7
Section II. General hygiene requirements	•	
A high degree of cleanliness and hygiene must be required of staff, premises, equipment and working conditions:	no	
1. staff who treat or handle live bivalve molluscs must in particular wear clean working clothes and, where appropriate, gloves which are suitable for the work in which the person is engaged;	no	
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2. staff are obliged to refrain from personal behaviour, such as spitting, which could result in contamination of live bivalve molluscs; any person suffering from an illness which can be transmitted by live bivalve molluscs must be temporarily prohibited, until recovery, from working with or handling these products;	no	
3. any rodents, insects or other vermin found must be destroyed and further infestation prevented. Domestic animals must not enter the facilities;	no	
4. premises, equipment and instruments used for handling live bivalve molluscs must be kept clean and in a good state of repair; equipment and instruments must be thoroughly cleaned at the end of the day's work and at such other times as may be appropriate;	no	,
5. premises, instruments and equipment must not be used for purposes other than the handling of live bivalve molluscs without authorisation by the competent authority;	no ·	•
6. waste products must be stored hygienically in a separate area and, where appropriate, in covered containers suitable for the purpose intended. Waste material must be removed from the vicinity of the establishment at appropriate intervals;	yes, in so far as a separate area for the storage of waste products is concerned	
7. the finished products must be stored under cover and must be kept away from the areas where animals other than live bivalve molluscs, such as crustaceans, are handled.	yes	
Section III. Requirements for purification centres In addition to the requirements under sections I and II, the		170.
following conditions must be met:	1 .	1

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6. the quantity of live bivalve molluses to be purified must not exceed the capacity of the purification centre; the live bivalve molluses must be continuously purified for a period sufficient to allow the microbiological standards laid down in Chapter V to be met. This period starts from the moment at which the live bivalve molluses in the purification tanks are adequately covered by the water until the moment when they are removed.	no	,
The purification centre must take account of the data relating to the raw materials (the type of bivalve mollusc, its area of origin, microbe content, etc) in case it is necessary to extend the purification period so as to ensure that the live bivalve molluscs meet the bacteriological requirements of Chapter V;		$F_{i}$
7. should a purification tank contain several batches of molluses, they must be of the same species and come from the same production area or different areas conforming to the same health conditions. The length of the treatment must be based on the time required by the batch needing the longest period of purification;	no	Food
8. containers used to hold live bivalve molluscs in purification systems must have a construction which allows sea water to flow through; the depth of layers of live bivalve molluscs should not impede the opening of shells during purification;	no	
9. no crustaceans, fish or other marine species must be kept in a purification tank in which live bivalve molluscs are undergoing purification;	no-	
10. after completion of purification, the shells of live bivalve molluses must be washed thoroughly by hosing with potable water or clean sea water; this may take place in the purification tank if necessary; the washing water must not be recirculated;	no ·	No. 295

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11. purification centres must have their own laboratories or ecure the services of a laboratory equipped with the necessary acilities for checking the efficiency of purification by use of nicrobiological specifications. Laboratory facilities outside the entres must be recognised by the competent authority;	no			<u>S</u>
12. purification centres must regularly keep a record of the ollowing data:	no			
<ul> <li>results of microbiological tests on purification system water entering the purification tanks;</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>results of microbiological tests on unpurified live bivalve molluscs;</li> </ul>		•		
<ul> <li>results of microbiological tests on purified live bivalve molluscs;</li> </ul>		· .	4	r ooa
<ul> <li>dates and quantities of live bivalve molluscs delivered to the purification centre and corresponding registration document numbers;</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>the times of filling and emptying of purification systems (purification times);</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>dispatch details of consignments after purification.</li> </ul>				
These records must be complete and accurate, legible and ecorded in a permanent ledger book which must be available for a nspection by the competent authority;				
13. purification centres must accept only those batches of live nolluses which are accompanied by the registration document eferred to in Chapter II.	no			
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Purification centres dispatching batches of live bivalve molluses to dispatch centres must provide the registration document referred to in Chapter II, point 6;	no		<u> </u>	
14. every package containing purified live bivalve molluscs must be provided with a label certifying that all molluscs have been purified.	no -			
Section IV. Requirements for dispatch centres				
1. In addition to the requirements under sections I and II, the following conditions must be met:				
<ul> <li>(a) conditioning must not cause any contamination of the product; conditioning facilities must be used in accordance with procedures recognised by the competent authorities, with special regard to the bacteriological and chemical quality of the sea water used in those facilities;</li> </ul>	no .		Food	
(b) equipment and containers in the conditioning facilities must not constitute a source of contamination;	no ·			
<ul> <li>(c) procedures for calibration of live bivalve molluscs must not result in additional contamination of the product or in any changes affecting the ability of the product to be transported and stored after wrapping;</li> </ul>	no .			
(d) any washing or cleaning of live bivalve molluscs must be carried out using pressurized clean sea water or potable water; cleaning water may not be recycled.	no		,	
2. Dispatch centres must accept only those batches of live bivalve molluscs which are accompanied by the registration document referred to in Chapter II, point 6 and coming from an approved production area, relaying area or purification centre.	no		No. 295	

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3. Dispatch centres must have their own laboratories or secure the services of a laboratory equipped with the necessary facilities for checking, <i>inter alia</i> , whether the molluscs comply with the microbiological standards of Chapter V. Laboratory facilities outside the centre must be recognised by the competent authority.	no		5	
However, these requirements do not apply to dispatch centres obtaining their molluscs exclusively and directly from a purification centre where they have been examined after purification.				
4. Dispatch centres must keep the following data at the disposal of the competent authority:	no			
<ul> <li>results of microbiological tests on live bivalve molluscs from an approved production area or relaying area;</li> </ul>		٠.	Food	
<ul> <li>dates and quantities of live bivalve molluscs delivered to the dispatch centre and corresponding registration document numbers;</li> </ul>			d	
— dispatch details.				
These data must be classified chronologically and preserved for a period to be laid down by the competent authority, but not less than three months.				
5. Dispatch centres situated aboard vessels shall be subject to the conditions laid down in point 1(b), (c) and (d) and in points 3 and 4. The conditions laid down in sections I and II shall apply mutatis mutandis to such dispatch centres although special conditions may be laid down in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 12 of the Council Directive.	no .			
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# Food EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Regulations.)

These Regulations relate to the implementation of Council Directive 91/492/EEC of 15th July 1991, laying down health conditions for the production and placing on the market of live bivalve molluscs ("the Directive"). The Directive is to be implemented by 1st January 1993.

One of the requirements of the Directive is that dispatch centres and purification centres are to be approved, only if they meet the requirements of the Directive. Amongst those requirements are requirements relating to equipment and structures, set out in Chapter IV of the Annex to the Directive.

The Directive provides for Member States to grant a derogation in respect of certain of the requirements relating to equipment and structures (set out in Commission Decision 92/92/EEC) provided that an application for the derogation is made before 1st July 1992 (see regulation 2). All of the requirements relating to equipment and structures are set out in column (1) of the Schedule to these Regulations. Those which are capable of being the subject of a derogation are indicated appropriately in column (2) of that Schedule.

These Regulations set out the procedure to be followed in making an application for a derogation (see regulation 3) and the manner in which such an application is determined (see regulation 4). They do not implement the main substantive provisions of the Directive.