
STATUTORY RULES OF NORTHERN IRELAND

2000 No. 177

**Local Government Pension Scheme
Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2000**

Part G

Children's Pensions

Preliminary

Meaning of "child"

For the purposes of these regulations "child" means a person who—

- (a) has not attained the age of 17 years,
- (b) has attained that age and has since been—
 - (i) receiving full-time education, or
 - (ii) undergoing a full-time course of training of not less than 2 years' duration for a trade, profession or vocation,
either continuously or continuously with the exception of a period which the Committee has in its discretion decided to disregard (on being satisfied that his education or training ought not to be regarded as completed), or
- (c) has attained that age and is incapacitated by reason of ill-health or infirmity of mind or body which arose either—
 - (i) before he attained that age, or
 - (ii) while receiving such full-time education or training, or
 - (iii) during a period which the Committee has decided to disregard under paragraph (b).

Meaning of "eligible child"

G2.—(1) For the purposes of these regulations a child is an eligible child of a deceased person who was in a local government employment when he died and was then a member or a former member, if he is—

- (a) the deceased's legitimate child born before the first anniversary of the member's or former member's death,
- (b) the deceased's adopted child,
- (c) the deceased's step-child or illegitimate child,
- (d) an adopted child of a person who has been married to the deceased, or
- (e) a child accepted by the deceased as a member of the family,

and, in the case of a child within paragraph (c), (d) or (e), is wholly or mainly dependent on the deceased at the time of his death.

(2) For the purposes of these regulations a child is an eligible child of a person who has died after becoming entitled to a retirement pension if—

- (a) he is a legitimate child of a marriage of the deceased which took place before the date on which he became entitled to the pension, and was born before the first anniversary of that date, or
- (b) he is a child adopted by the deceased before he became entitled to the pension, or
- (c) he is a child who was wholly or mainly dependent on the deceased both before he became entitled to the retirement pension and at the time of his death and is—
 - (i) the deceased's step-child or illegitimate child,
 - (ii) an adopted child of a person who married the deceased before he became entitled to the pension, or
 - (iii) a child accepted by the deceased as a member of the family.