STATUTORY RULES OF NORTHERN IRELAND

2001 No. 405

Processed Animal Protein Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2001

Citation and commencement

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Processed Animal Protein Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2001 and shall come into operation on 10th December 2001.

Interpretation

- **2.**—(1) In these Regulations—
 - "animal by-products" means—
 - (a) animal carcases;
 - (b) parts of animal carcases (including blood); or
 - (c) products of animal origin

not intended for human consumption, with the exception of animal excreta and catering waste;

"ABPR approved", in relation to premises, means approved under regulation 7 of the Animal By-Products Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1993(1), in accordance with Article 5(2) of Council Directive 90/667/EEC(2) laying down the veterinary rules for the disposal and processing of animal waste, for its placing on the market and for the prevention of pathogens in feedingstuffs of animal or fish origin and amending Directive 90/425/EEC, for the purpose of rendering low risk animal by-products; and "ABPR approval" shall be construed accordingly;

"animal waste" has the same meaning as in Council Directive 90/667/EEC laying down the veterinary rules for the disposal and processing of animal waste, for its placing on the market and for the prevention of pathogens in feedingstuffs of animal or fish origin and amending Directive 90/425/EEC;

"the BSE Order" means the Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy Order (Northern Ireland) 1999(3);

"catering waste" means the following products when they are no longer intended for human consumption—

- (a) waste from catering and domestic premises;
- (b) waste from the production of products which are intended to be used for human consumption without further cooking; or
- (c) waste from the production of bread, cakes, pasta, pastry, pizzas and similar products (whether or not intended to be used for human consumption without further cooking);

"the Commission Decision" means Commission Decision 2001/9/EC(4) concerning control measures required for the implementation of Council Decision 2000/766/EC concerning

⁽¹⁾ S.R. 1993 No. 192 as amended by S.R. 1998 No. 108

⁽²⁾ O.J. No. L363, 27.12.1990, p. 51

⁽³⁾ S.R. 1999 No. 322

⁽⁴⁾ O.J. No. L2, 5.1.2001, p. 32

certain protection measures with regard to transmissible spongiform encephalopathies and the feeding of animal protein;

"the Council Decision" means Council Decision 2000/766/EC(5) concerning certain protection measures with regard to transmissible spongiform encephalopathies and the feeding of animal protein;

"the Department" means the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development;

"Directive 92/118/EEC" means Council Directive 92/118/EEC(6) laying down animal health and public health requirements governing trade in and imports into the Community of products not subject to the said requirements laid down in specific Community rules referred to in Annex A(1) to Directive 89/662/EEC and, as regards pathogens, to Directive 90/425/EEC;

"farmed animal" means an animal which is kept, fattened or bred for the production of food;

"inspector" means a person appointed as such for the purposes of these Regulations by the Department, including a veterinary inspector;

"mammalian meat and bone meal" has the same meaning as in the BSE Order;

"premises" includes any place, stall or moveable structure;

"processed animal protein" means meat and bone meal, meat meal, bone meal, blood meal, dried plasma and other blood products, hydrolysed protein, hoof meal, horn meal, poultry offal meal, feather meal, dry greaves, fishmeal, dicalcium phosphate, gelatin and any other similar products including mixtures, feedingstuffs, feed additives and premixtures, containing these products;

"veterinary inspector" means a person appointed by the Department as a veterinary inspector.

- (2) Expressions in these Regulations which are not defined in paragraph (1) and which appear in the Council Decision or the Commission Decision have the same meaning in these Regulations as they have for the purposes of those Decisions.
- (3) For the purposes of these Regulations and their application, material shall be treated as a feedingstuff whether it is used or intended to be used as a feedingstuff by itself or as an ingredient in something which is so used or intended for such use.
- (4) The Interpretation Act (Northern Ireland) 1954(7) shall apply to these Regulations as it applies to an Act of the Northern Ireland Assembly.

Application

- **3.**—(1) These Regulations apply in relation to processed animal protein intended for the feeding of animals (excluding humans).
 - (2) These Regulations do not apply in relation to—
 - (a) catering waste; or
 - (b) eggs and egg products.

Feeding of processed animal protein to farmed animals

- **4.**—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), a person shall not feed any processed animal protein to a farmed animal.
 - (2) The prohibition in paragraph (1) shall not apply to—
 - (a) the feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants of fishmeal—

⁽⁵⁾ O.J. No. L306, 7.12.2000, p. 32 as amended by Commission Regulation (EC) 1326/2001 (O.J. No. L177, 30.6.2001, p. 60)

⁽⁶⁾ O.J. No. L62, 15.3.1993, p. 49 as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/724/EC (O.J. No. L290, 12.11.1999, p. 32)

^{(7) 1954} c. 33 (N.I.)

- (i) produced in Northern Ireland in premises approved under regulation 5, which are used in accordance with the conditions of the approval, and transported and intermediately stored in accordance with the conditions specified in paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of Schedule 1;
- (ii) produced in another part of the United Kingdom in premises approved by the competent authority of that part in accordance with Annex I to the Commission Decision, which are used in accordance with the conditions of the approval, and transported and intermediately stored in accordance with the conditions specified in that Annex;
- (iii) produced in another member State in premises approved by the competent authority of that member State in accordance with Annex I to the Commission Decision, which are used in accordance with the conditions of the approval, and transported and intermediately stored in accordance with the conditions specified in that Annex; or
- (iv) produced in a third country which—

before being sold or supplied in Northern Ireland, has been analysed in accordance with Commission Directive 98/88/EC(8);

is transported directly from the border inspection post in accordance with the conditions specified in paragraphs 4 and 5 of Schedule 1; and

is not intermediately stored otherwise than in accordance with the conditions of paragraph 3 of that Schedule;

- (b) the feeding to farmed animals of gelatin derived from non-ruminant animals for coating additives within the meaning of Council Directive 70/524/EEC(9) concerning additives in feedingstuffs;
- (c) the feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants of dicalcium phosphate—
 - (i) produced in Northern Ireland in premises approved and used as mentioned in regulation 6;
 - (ii) produced in another part of the United Kingdom in premises approved by the competent authority of that part in accordance with the Commission Decision and used in accordance with that approval; or
 - (iii) produced in another member State in premises approved by the competent authority of that member State in accordance with the Commission Decision and used in accordance with that approval;
- (d) the feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants of hydrolysed protein—
 - (i) produced in Northern Ireland in premises approved and used as mentioned in regulation 7;
 - (ii) produced in another part of the United Kingdom in premises approved by the competent authority of that part in accordance with the Commission Decision and used in accordance with that approval; or
 - (iii) produced in another member State in premises approved by the competent authority of that member State in accordance with the Commission Decision and used in accordance with that approval; or
- (e) the feeding to farmed animals of milk and milk products.

⁽⁸⁾ O.J. No. L318, 27.11.1988, p. 45

⁽⁹⁾ O.J. No. L270, 14.12.1970, p. 1, as last amended by Directive 1999/70/EC (O.J. No. L80, 25.3.1999, p. 20)

Production of fishmeal for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants

- **5.**—(1) A person shall not use any premises for the production of fishmeal for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants unless—
 - (a) the premises are approved for this purpose by the Department under this regulation; and
 - (b) transport and intermediate storage of fishmeal from the premises is in accordance with the conditions specified in paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of Schedule 1.
- (2) On an application made to it under this regulation for the approval of premises for the production of fishmeal for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants, the Department shall approve the premises for this purpose if, following an inspection of the premises by a veterinary inspector, it is satisfied that—
 - (a) the premises will be dedicated only to fishmeal production;
 - (b) the premises are ABPR approved; and
 - (c) the person who will use the premises for the production of fishmeal for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants will be able to maintain and use the premises in accordance with the ABPR approval and ensure that fishmeal is transported from the premises and intermediately stored in accordance with the conditions specified in paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of Schedule 1.
- (3) The person carrying on any business at premises approved under this regulation shall ensure that—
 - (a) the production of fishmeal at the premises is in accordance with the approval and in compliance with the provisions of these Regulations subject to which the approval is granted;
 - (b) any person employed by him, and any person invited to the premises, complies with those provisions; and
 - (c) any inspector, and any person acting under the responsibility of an inspector, is provided with adequate facilities so as to enable him to carry out his functions under these Regulations in relation to the premises and that he is given such reasonable assistance and access to such records (including any records held in electronic form) as he may at any reasonable time require for that purpose.

Production of dicalcium phosphate for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants

- **6.**—(1) A person shall not use any premises for the production of dicalcium phosphate for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants unless—
 - (a) the premises are approved for this purpose by the Department under this regulation; and
 - (b) the premises are used for this purpose in accordance with the conditions specified in Schedule 2.
- (2) On an application made to it under this regulation for the approval of premises for the production of dicalcium phosphate for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants, the Department shall approve the premises for this purpose if, following an inspection of the premises by a veterinary inspector, it is satisfied that—
 - (a) the premises are ABPR approved; and
 - (b) the person who will use the premises for the production of dicalcium phosphate for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants will be able to maintain and use the premises in accordance with the ABPR approval and the conditions specified in Schedule 2.
- (3) The person carrying on any business at premises approved under this regulation shall ensure that—

- (a) the production of dicalcium phosphate at the premises is in accordance with the approval and in compliance with the provisions of these Regulations subject to which the approval is granted;
- (b) any person employed by him, and any person invited to the premises, complies with those provisions; and
- (c) any inspector, and any person acting under the responsibility of an inspector, is provided with adequate facilities so as to enable him to carry out his functions under these Regulations in relation to the premises and that he is given such reasonable assistance and access to such records (including any records held in electronic form) as he may at any reasonable time require for that purpose.

Production of hydrolysed protein for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants

- 7.—(1) A person shall not use any premises for the production of hydrolysed protein for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants unless—
 - (a) the premises are approved for this purpose by the Department under this regulation; and
 - (b) the premises are used for this purpose in accordance with the conditions specified in Schedule 3.
- (2) On an application made to it under this regulation for the approval of premises for the production of hydrolysed protein for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants, the Department shall approve the premises for this purpose if, following an inspection of the premises by a veterinary inspector, it is satisfied that—
 - (a) the premises will be dedicated only to production of hydrolysed protein for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants;
 - (b) the premises are ABPR approved for the production of hydrolysed protein derived from fish, feather, hides and skins; and
 - (c) the person who will use the premises for the production of hydrolysed protein for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants will be able to maintain and use the premises in accordance with the ABPR approval and the conditions specified in Schedule 3.
- (3) The person carrying on any business at premises approved under this regulation shall ensure that—
 - (a) the production of hydrolysed protein at the premises is in accordance with the approval and in compliance with the provisions of these Regulations subject to which the approval is granted;
 - (b) any person employed by him, and any person invited to the premises, complies with those provisions; and
 - (c) any inspector, and any person acting under the responsibility of an inspector, is provided with adequate facilities so as to enable him to carry out his functions under these Regulations in relation to the premises and that he is given such reasonable assistance and access to such records (including any records held in electronic form) as he may at any reasonable time require for that purpose.

Approval of premises, suspension and withdrawal of approval

- **8.**—(1) An application for approval of premises under regulation 5, 6 or 7—
 - (a) for the production of fishmeal for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants;
 - (b) for the production of dicalcium phosphate for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants; or

(c) for the production of hydrolysed protein for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants,

shall be made in writing to the Department by or on behalf of the person carrying on or proposing to carry on the business at the premises to which the application relates.

- (2) The Department shall notify the applicant in writing of its decision on an application made to it in accordance with this regulation; and, if it refuses to approve the premises in respect of which an application is made, it shall notify the applicant in writing of its reasons for the refusal.
 - (3) An approval of premises under regulation 5, 6 or 7 shall specify—
 - (a) the name and address of the person to whom the approval is granted and the address of the approved premises;
 - (b) the use of the premises for the description of production for which the approval is granted; and
 - (c) the conditions subject to which the approval is granted.
- (4) If in relation to any use of premises approved under regulation 5, 6 or 7 it appears to the Department that—
 - (a) the premises are not ABPR approved;
 - (b) the premises are being used otherwise than in accordance with the approval under regulation 5, 6 or 7;
 - (c) any condition specified in a Schedule to these Regulations which relate to the approval of the premises under regulation 5, 6 or 7 has not been complied with;
 - (d) inspection of the premises for the purposes of these Regulations is being hampered; or
 - (e) the production of fishmeal, dicalcium phosphate or hydrolysed protein at the premises in respect of which it is approved is no longer being carried on there,

it may decide to suspend or withdraw the approval of the premises relating to that use.

- (5) Where the Department decides to suspend or withdraw an approval relating to any premises it shall give notice of the suspension or withdrawal to the person carrying on the business at the premises (or, in the case of a suspension or withdrawal under paragraph (4)(e), to the person formerly carrying on the business at the premises), and to any other person who appears to the Department to be in current occupation of the premises.
 - (6) A notice of suspension or withdrawal of an approval shall include the following information—
 - (a) a summary of the decision of the Department to suspend or withdraw the approval of the premises and the use of the premises for the description of production for which the approval is suspended or withdrawn;
 - (b) the reason for the suspension or withdrawal; and
 - (c) the date on which the suspension or withdrawal takes effect (which may be the same date as the date on which the notice is issued).
 - (7) The Department shall not withdraw an approval unless—
 - (a) it appears to the Department that—
 - (i) the person using or last using the premises for the description of production for which the approval is granted no longer wishes to carry on that use of the premises;
 - (ii) the description of production for which the premises are approved is no longer carried on there;
 - (iii) if the approval is suspended, the person formerly using the premises, or any other person who it appears to the Department would use the premises for the description of production to which the approval applies, will not use the premises in accordance

- with the approval or one or more of the conditions specified in the Schedules to these Regulations which relate to the approval; or
- (iv) if the approval is not already suspended, a suspension would not enable the person using the premises for the description of production to which the approval applies to take remedial action within a reasonable period after the suspension to enable the premises to be used in accordance with the approval or one or more of the conditions specified in the Schedules to these Regulations which relate to the approval; and
- (b) it has given notice to the person using the premises for the description of production for which the approval is granted or, where the premises are not being used for that purpose, to the person last known to the Department to be using the premises for that purpose, of its intention to withdraw the approval and has taken into account any representations made to it by that person in relation to that intention.
- (8) Where—
 - (a) a suspension of an approval of premises under this regulation has taken effect; or
 - (b) an approval is withdrawn,

the premises shall be treated as if they were not approved for the description of production for which the approval was granted and in relation to which the approval is suspended or withdrawn.

- (9) The Department shall lift a suspension of an approval where it is satisfied that—
 - (a) the reason for the suspension no longer applies; and
 - (b) the person who would use the premises for the description of production to which the approval applies will use the premises in accordance with the approval and the conditions specified in the Schedules to these Regulations which relate to the approval.

Sale or supply of processed animal protein intended for the feeding of farmed animals

- **9.**—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), a person shall not sell or supply any processed animal protein intended for the feeding of any farmed animal.
 - (2) The prohibitions in paragraph (1) shall not apply to the sale or supply of—
 - (a) fishmeal referred to in regulation 4(2)(a) for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants;
 - (b) gelatin derived from non-ruminant animals for coating additives within the meaning of Council Directive 70/524/EEC concerning additives in feedingstuffs;
 - (c) dicalcium phosphate referred to in regulation 4(2)(c) for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants;
 - (d) hydrolysed protein referred to in regulation 4(2)(d) for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants; or
 - (e) milk and milk products.

Trade with other member States

- **10.**—(1) Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3), a person shall not send any processed animal protein to another member State.
- (2) If the conditions specified in paragraph (3) are met, the prohibition in paragraph (1) shall not apply to—
 - (a) petfood referred to in chapter 4 of Annex I to Directive 92/118/EEC;
 - (b) processed animal protein not intended for the feeding of any farmed animal;

- (c) fishmeal referred to in regulation 4(2)(a), transported and intermediately stored in accordance with Schedule 1, for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants;
- (d) gelatin derived from non-ruminant animals for coating additives within the meaning of Council Directive 70/524/EEC concerning additives in feedingstuffs;
- (e) dicalcium phosphate referred to in regulation 4(2)(c), produced in accordance with Schedule 2, for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants;
- (f) hydrolysed protein referred to in regulation 4(2)(d), produced in accordance with Schedule 3, for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants; or
- (g) milk and milk products.
- (3) The conditions referred to in paragraph (2) are—
 - (a) the member State of destination—
 - (i) has authorised receipt of processed animal protein from the United Kingdom for the purposes of article 3(1)(a) of the Commission Decision; and
 - (ii) has authorised processed animal protein from the United Kingdom to be sent only to premises in the member State of destination other than premises producing feedingstuffs for farmed animals;
 - (b) the processed animal protein is accompanied by an official certificate as laid down in Annex V to the Commission Decision or, in the case of dicalcium phosphate or hydrolysed protein, an official certificate as laid down in Annex IV to the Commission Decision;
 - (c) the processed animal protein is—
 - (i) transported in sealed, covered containers or vehicles, in such a way as to prevent loss; and
 - (ii) conveyed directly to a petfood or feed plant in the member State of destination; and
 - (d) notice is given to the Department by or on behalf of the person sending the processed animal protein in sufficient time and manner to enable the Department to inform the competent authority of the member State of destination, in accordance with the ANIMO procedure established under Commission Decision 91/398/EEC(10) as applied for the purposes of the Commission Decision, of the place of destination of each consignment sent.
- (4) Where processed animal protein has been sent to another member State and the member State of destination, in accordance with the ANIMO procedure established under Commission Decision 91/398/EEC as applied for the purposes of the Commission Decision, has not informed the Department that the consignment has arrived, the Department shall immediately take the appropriate action which, in its opinion, is necessary or expedient for the purposes of article 3(1)(e) of the Commission Decision.
- (5) Subject to paragraphs (6) and (7), a person shall not import any processed animal protein from another member State.
- (6) If the conditions specified in paragraph (7) are met, the prohibitions in paragraph (5) shall not apply to—
 - (a) petfood referred to in chapter 4 of Annex I to Directive 92/118/EEC;
 - (b) processed animal protein not intended for the feeding of any farmed animal;
 - (c) fishmeal referred to in regulation 4(2)(a), transported and intermediately stored in accordance with Schedule 1, for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants;

- (d) gelatin derived from non-ruminant animals for coating additives within the meaning of Council Directive 70/524/EEC concerning additives in feedingstuffs;
- (e) dicalcium phosphate referred to in regulation 4(2)(c), produced in accordance with Schedule 2, for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants;
- (f) hydrolysed protein referred to in regulation 4(2)(d), produced in accordance with Schedule 3, for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants; or
- (g) milk and milk products.
- (7) The conditions referred to in paragraph (6) are—
 - (a) the Department—
 - (i) has authorised receipt of processed animal protein from the member State for the purposes of article 3(1)(a) of the Commission Decision; and
 - (ii) has authorised processed animal protein from the member State to be sent only to premises in Northern Ireland other than premises producing feedingstuffs for farmed animals;
 - (b) before the processed animal protein is imported, the person who intends to import it has given notice of the proposed import to the Department;
 - (c) the processed animal protein is accompanied by an official certificate as laid down in Annex V of the Commission Decision or, in the case of dicalcium phosphate or hydrolysed protein, an official certificate as laid down in Annex IV to the Commission Decision;
 - (d) the processed animal protein is—
 - (i) transported in sealed, covered containers or vehicles, in such a way as to prevent loss; and
 - (ii) conveyed directly to a petfood or feed plant in the member State of destination; and
 - (e) notice is given to the Department by or on behalf of the person sending the processed animal protein in sufficient time and manner to enable the Department to inform the competent authority of the member State of origin, in accordance with the ANIMO procedure established under Commission Decision 91/398/EEC as applied for the purposes of the Commission Decision, of the arrival of each consignment sent.

Trade with third countries

- 11.—(1) Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3), a person shall not export any processed animal protein to a third country.
- (2) If the conditions specified in paragraph (3) are met, the prohibitions in paragraph (1) shall not apply to—
 - (a) petfood referred to in chapter 4 of Annex I to Directive 92/118/EEC;
 - (b) processed animal protein not intended for the feeding of any farmed animal;
 - (c) fishmeal referred to in regulation 4(2)(a), transported and intermediately stored in accordance with Schedule 1, for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants;
 - (d) gelatin derived from non-ruminant animals for coating additives within the meaning of Council Directive 70/524/EEC concerning additives in feedingstuffs;
 - (e) dicalcium phosphate referred to in regulation 4(2)(c), produced in accordance with Schedule 2, for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants;
 - (f) hydrolysed protein referred to in regulation 4(2)(d), produced in accordance with Schedule 3, for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants; or
 - (g) milk and milk products.

- (3) The conditions referred to in paragraph (2) are—
 - (a) the state of destination has entered into an agreement with the United Kingdom for the purposes of article 3(2)(a) of the Commission Decision—
 - (i) that processed animal protein imported from the United Kingdom is authorised to be sent only to premises other than premises producing feedingstuffs for farmed animals; and
 - (ii) that it will not authorise the export of processed animal protein imported from the United Kingdom unless it is incorporated in a product destined for final use as feed for animals which are not kept, fattened or bred for the production of food; and
 - (b) the processed animal protein is accompanied by an official certificate as laid down in Annex V of the Commission Decision or, in the case of dicalcium phosphate or hydrolysed protein, an official certificate as laid down in Annex IV to the Commission Decision.
- (4) Subject to paragraphs (5) and (6), a person shall not import any processed animal protein from a third country.
- (5) If the condition specified in paragraph (6) is met, the prohibition in paragraph (4) shall not apply to—
 - (a) petfood referred to in chapter 4 of Annex I to Directive 92/118/EEC;
 - (b) processed animal protein not intended for the feeding of any farmed animal;
 - (c) fishmeal referred to in regulation 4(2)(a), transported and intermediately stored in accordance with Schedule 1, for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants;
 - (d) gelatin derived from non-ruminant animals for coating additives within the meaning of Council Directive 70/524/EEC concerning additives in feedingstuffs;
 - (e) dicalcium phosphate referred to in regulation 4(2)(c), produced in accordance with Schedule 2, for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants;
 - (f) hydrolysed protein referred to in regulation 4(2)(d), produced in accordance with Schedule 3, for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants; or
 - (g) milk and milk products.
- (6) The condition referred to in paragraph (5) is that the processed animal protein is dealt with in accordance with the conditions laid down in Article 8 of Directive 97/78/EC(11).

Manufacture of feedingstuffs

- 12.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), a person shall not manufacture any feedingstuff, including petfood, intended for animals other than farmed animals, and which contains processed animal protein, in premises in which feed is prepared for farmed animals.
- (2) If any feedingstuff is produced with no processed animal protein other than fishmeal, dicalcium phosphate or hydrolysed protein, it may be manufactured in premises in which feed is prepared for farmed animals other than ruminants.

Production of feedingstuffs containing fishmeal for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants

13.—(1) Subject to paragraph (3), a person shall not use any premises for the production of feedingstuffs containing fishmeal for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants if the premises are used for the preparation of feedingstuffs for ruminant animals.

- (2) For the purpose of paragraph 6 of Annex 1 to the Commission Decision, premises manufacturing animal feed which are not used for the preparation of feedingstuffs for ruminant animals are authorised for the production of feedingstuffs containing fishmeal for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants.
- (3) The prohibition in paragraph (1) shall not apply to premises used for the preparation of feedingstuffs for ruminant animals which are used for the production of feedingstuffs containing fishmeal for feeding to other animal species if—
 - (a) the fishmeal satisfies the requirements of regulation 4(2)(a);
 - (b) the transport and storage of feed material intended for ruminant animals is completely separate from feed material prohibited for feeding to ruminant animals;
 - (c) the storage, transport, manufacturing and packaging facilities for compound feedingstuffs intended for ruminant animals is completely separate; and
 - (d) the person using the premises for the preparation of feedingstuffs for ruminant animals which are used for the production of feedingstuffs containing fishmeal for feeding to other animal species carries out routine tests on the feedingstuffs intended for ruminant animals to ensure that any processed animal protein the feeding of which to farmed animals is prohibited by regulation 4 is not present in those feedingstuffs.
- (4) A person shall not produce any feedingstuff containing fishmeal for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants unless the feedingstuff is labelled clearly to indicate the words "Contains fishmeal cannot be fed to ruminant animals".
- (5) A person shall not use any vehicle for the transport of bulk feedingstuffs containing fishmeal for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants at the same time as it is used for the transport of any feed for ruminant animals.
- (6) Where a vehicle used for the transport of bulk feedingstuffs containing fishmeal for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants is subsequently used for the transport of other products, the person using the vehicle for the transport of the bulk feedingstuffs containing fishmeal for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants shall ensure it is thoroughly cleansed and disinfected before and after the transport of those bulk feedingstuffs.

Production of feedingstuffs containing dicalcium phosphate for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants

- **14.**—(1) Subject to paragraph (3), a person shall not use any premises for the production of feedingstuffs containing dicalcium phosphate from defatted bones for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants if the premises are used for the preparation of feedingstuffs for ruminant animals.
- (2) For the purpose of paragraph 3 of Annex II to the Commission Decision, premises manufacturing animal feed which are not used for the preparation of feedingstuffs for ruminant animals are authorised for the production of feedingstuffs containing dicalcium phosphate from defatted bones for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants.
- (3) The prohibition in paragraph (1) shall not apply to premises used for the preparation of feedingstuffs for ruminant animals which are used for the production of feedingstuffs containing dicalcium phosphate from defatted bones for other animal species if—
 - (a) the dicalcium phosphate satisfies the requirements of regulation 4(2)(c);
 - (b) the transport and storage of feed material intended for ruminant animals is completely separate from feed material prohibited for feeding to ruminant animals;
 - (c) the storage, transport, manufacturing and packaging facilities for compound feedingstuffs intended for ruminant animals is completely separate; and

- (d) the person using the premises for the preparation of feedingstuffs for ruminant animals which are used for the production of feedingstuffs containing dicalcium phosphate from defatted bones for other animal species carries out routine tests on the feedingstuffs intended for ruminant animals to ensure that any processed animal protein the feeding of which to farmed animals is prohibited by regulation 4 is not present in those feedingstuffs.
- (4) A person shall not produce any feedingstuff containing dicalcium phosphate from defatted bones for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants unless the feedingstuff is labelled clearly to indicate the words "Contains dicalcium phosphate from defatted bones cannot be fed to ruminant animals".
- (5) A person shall not use any vehicle for the transport of bulk feedingstuffs containing dicalcium phosphate from defatted bones for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants at the same time as it is used for the transport of any feed for ruminant animals.
- (6) Where a vehicle used for the transport of bulk feedingstuffs containing dicalcium phosphate from defatted bones for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants is subsequently used for the transport of other products, the person using the vehicle for the transport of the bulk feedingstuffs containing dicalcium phosphate from defatted bones for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants shall ensure it is thoroughly cleansed and disinfected before and after the transport of those bulk feedingstuffs.

Production of feedingstuffs containing hydrolysed protein for farmed animals other than ruminants

- 15.—(1) Subject to paragraph (3), a person shall not use any premises for the production of feedingstuffs containing hydrolysed protein for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants if the premises are used for the preparation of feedingstuffs for ruminant animals.
- (2) For the purpose of paragraph 2 of Annex III to the Commission Decision, premises manufacturing animal feed which are not used for the preparation of feedingstuffs for ruminant animals are authorised for the production of feedingstuffs containing hydrolysed protein for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants.
- (3) The prohibition in paragraph (1) shall not apply to premises used for the preparation of feedingstuffs for ruminant animals which are used for the production of feedingstuffs containing hydrolysed protein for other animal species if—
 - (a) the hydrolysed protein satisfies the requirements of regulation 4(2)(d);
 - (b) the transport and storage of feed material intended for ruminant animals is completely separate from feed material prohibited for feeding to ruminant animals;
 - (c) the storage, transport, manufacturing and packaging facilities for compound feedingstuffs intended for ruminant animals is completely separate; and
 - (d) the person using the premises for the preparation of feedingstuffs for ruminant animals which are used for the production of feedingstuffs containing hydrolysed protein for other animal species carries out routine tests on the feedingstuffs intended for ruminant animals to ensure that any processed animal protein the feeding of which to farmed animals is prohibited by regulation 4 are not present in those feedingstuffs.
- (4) A person shall not produce any feedingstuff containing hydrolysed protein for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants unless the feedingstuff is labelled clearly to indicate the words "Contains hydrolysed protein cannot be fed to ruminant animals".
- (5) A person shall not use any vehicle for the transport of bulk feedingstuffs containing hydrolysed protein for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants at the same time as it is used for the transport of any feed for ruminant animals.

(6) Where a vehicle used for the transport of bulk feedingstuffs containing hydrolysed protein for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants is subsequently used for the transport of other products, the person using the vehicle for the transport of the bulk feedingstuffs containing hydrolysed protein for feeding to farmed animals other than ruminants shall ensure it is thoroughly cleansed and disinfected before and after the transport of those bulk feedingstuffs.

Use and storage of feedingstuffs containing fishmeal, dicalcium phosphate or hydrolysed protein

- **16.**—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), a person shall not use or store any feedingstuff, other than petfood referred to in Chapter 4 of Annex I to Directive 92/118/EEC, containing any—
 - (a) fishmeal;
 - (b) dicalcium phosphate derived from defatted bones; or
 - (c) hydrolysed protein,

on a farm where ruminant animals are kept, fattened or bred for the production of food.

(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to the use or storage of any feedingstuff containing any fishmeal, dicalcium phosphate derived from defatted bones or hydrolysed protein on any farm where ruminant animals are kept if measures implemented on the farm are sufficient to prevent the feedingstuff being fed to those ruminant animals.

Records relating to processed animal protein

- 17.—(1) Any person who consigns processed animal protein shall keep for two years from the date of consignment (or, in the case of processed animal protein produced outside the United Kingdom, for two years from the date on which it was imported into the United Kingdom) a record indicating—
 - (a) the date of consignment and the nature of the processed animal protein consigned;
 - (b) the weight consigned and, unless consigned loose, the number and weight of the packages, pallets or other containers in which it is consigned;
 - (c) the destination of the consignment;
 - (d) the name and address of the consignee;
 - (e) the registration number of the vehicle in which the consignment is transported; and
 - (f) the name and address of the operator of that vehicle.
- (2) Any person receiving a consignment of processed animal protein shall keep for two years from the date of receipt of the consignment a record indicating—
 - (a) the date on which it was received and the nature of the processed animal protein received;
 - (b) its weight on receipt and, unless consigned loose, the number and weight of the packages, pallets or other containers in which it was consigned;
 - (c) the place from which it was consigned;
 - (d) the name and address of the person by whom it was consigned;
 - (e) the registration number of the vehicle in which it was consigned; and
 - (f) the name and address of the operator of that vehicle.
- (3) Any person receiving a consignment of processed animal protein shall keep for two years from the date of any use, disposal or further consignment a record indicating—

- (a) in the case of any use, the nature of the processed animal protein used and details of each use, the weight of any part of the consignment incorporated into a product and the nature and date of manufacture of any such product;
- (b) in the case of disposal, the weight disposed of, the date of such disposal, and the place in which, method by which and name of the person by whom it was disposed of; and
- (c) in the case of further consignment, the information required by paragraph (1).
- (4) Any person who controls a vehicle in which processed animal protein is transported shall keep, for two years from the date on which transport of a particular consignment of such protein commenced (or, in the case of an import, from the date on which that material entered the United Kingdom), a record of—
 - (a) the person and place from which that consignment was transported and the nature of the processed animal protein consigned;
 - (b) the date on which it was collected from that person;
 - (c) the weight consigned and, unless consigned loose, the number and weight of the packages, pallets or other containers in which it is consigned;
 - (d) the registration number, and the name and address of the driver, of the vehicle in which it was transported and, if the vehicle includes a trailer, the number of the trailer;
 - (e) the person and place to which it was to be or was delivered; and
 - (f) the date or intended date of delivery to that person.
- (5) The driver of a vehicle in which a consignment of processed animal protein is transported shall have a document recording the information required by paragraph (4) in his possession at all times when he is in charge of that vehicle.
- (6) In relation to a vehicle not having a registration number, the requirement to keep a record of the registration number pursuant to paragraphs (1)(e), (2)(e) and (4)(d) shall be a requirement to keep such details as permit the identification of the vehicle in which the consignment was transported.

Powers of entry

- **18.**—(1) An inspector may, on producing, if required to do so, some duly authenticated document showing his authority, at all reasonable hours enter any premises (excluding premises used only as a dwelling) for the purpose of ascertaining whether—
 - (a) there is or has been on the premises any contravention of any provisions of these Regulations; or
 - (b) there is on the premises any evidence of any contravention of any provisions of these Regulations.
- (2) If a justice of the peace, on sworn complaint in writing, is satisfied that there is reasonable ground for entry into any premises (excluding premises used only as a dwelling) for any such purpose as is mentioned in paragraph (1) and that either—
 - (a) admission to the premises has been refused, or a refusal is apprehended, and that notice of the intention to apply for a warrant has been given to the occupier; or
 - (b) an application for admission, or the giving of such a notice, would defeat the object of the entry, or that the case is one of urgency, or that the premises are unoccupied or the occupier temporarily absent,

the justice may by warrant signed by him authorise an inspector to enter the premises, if need be by reasonable force.

(3) An inspector entering any premises by virtue of this regulation, or of a warrant issued under it, may take with him such other persons as he considers necessary, and on leaving any unoccupied

premises which he has entered by virtue of such a warrant shall leave them as effectively secured against unauthorised entry as he found them.

Sampling and other checks and examinations

- **19.**—(1) An inspector may carry out all checks and examinations necessary for the enforcement of these Regulations.
 - (2) Without prejudice to the generality of the powers in paragraph (1), an inspector may—
 - (a) take samples (and, if necessary, send the samples for laboratory testing) from any protein, feed or feedingstuff;
 - (b) examine any record (including any record held in electronic form) which he believes to be relevant to any checks and examinations under these Regulations;
 - (c) seize, detain and require the production of any such record which he has reason to believe may be required as evidence in proceedings under any of the provisions of these Regulations;
 - (d) take with him such other person as he considers necessary to carry out any checks and examinations under these Regulations;
 - (e) inspect any production, storage, transport or other operation carried out under these Regulations and anything used for the marking and identification of protein, feed or feedingstuff; and
 - (f) take with him a representative of the Commission acting for any purposes of the Commission related to these Regulations.

Obstruction

- **20.**—(1) A person shall not—
 - (a) intentionally obstruct any person acting in the execution of these Regulations;
 - (b) without reasonable cause, fail to give to any person acting in the execution of these Regulations any assistance or information which that person may reasonably require of him for the purpose of carrying out his functions under these Regulations; or
 - (c) furnish to any person acting in the execution of these Regulations any information which he knows to be false or misleading.
- (2) Nothing in paragraph (1)(b) shall be construed as requiring any person to answer any question or give any information if to do so might incriminate him.

Offences and defence of due diligence

- **21.**—(1) A person contravening or failing to comply with any provision of these Regulations, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable—
 - (a) on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to both;
 - (b) on conviction on indictment, to a fine or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to both.
- (2) Where the commission by any person of an offence under any of the provisions of these Regulations is due to the act or default of some other person, that other person shall be guilty of the offence; and a person may be charged with and convicted of the offence by virtue of this paragraph whether or not proceedings are taken against the first-mentioned person.

- (3) In any proceedings for an offence under any of the provisions of these Regulations, it shall, subject to paragraph (4), be a defence for the person charged to prove that he took all reasonable precautions and exercised all due diligence to avoid the commission of the offence by himself or by a person under his control.
- (4) If in any case the defence provided by paragraph (3) involves the allegation that the commission of the offence was due to an act or default of another person, or to reliance on information supplied by another person, the person charged shall not, without leave of the court, be entitled to rely on that defence unless—
 - (a) at least seven clear days before the hearing; and
 - (b) where he has previously appeared before a court in connection with the alleged offence, within one month of his first such appearance,

he has served on the prosecutor a notice in writing giving such information identifying or assisting in the identification of that other person as was then in his possession.

(5) In paragraph (4) any reference to appearing before a court shall be construed as including a reference to being brought before a court.

Amendment of the Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy (Feedingstuffs and Surveillance) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1999

- **22.**—(1) The Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy (Feedingstuffs and Surveillance) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1999(**12**) shall be amended in accordance with the following provisions of this regulation.
- (2) In regulation 2(1), after the definition of "premises" there shall be inserted the following definition—
 - "processed animal protein" has the same meaning as in the Processed Animal Protein (Northern Ireland) Regulations 2001(13);".
 - (3) In regulation 3, for paragraph (1) there shall be substituted the following paragraph—
 - "(1) An authorised officer may, on producing if so required, a duly authenticated document showing his authority, at all reasonable hours enter any premises and there take such samples—
 - (a) as are necessary to enable the Official ELISA tests for the identification of ruminant protein in feeding stuff intended for ruminants to be carried out; or
 - (b) of any protein, feed or feeding stuff, whether or not intended for ruminants, as are necessary to enable—
 - (i) the Official ELISA tests to be carried out for the identification of ruminant protein; or
 - (ii) tests to be carried out for the identification of processed animal protein, or the identification of any type or description of processed animal protein,

in the protein, feed or feeding stuff.".

(4) In regulation 4(4) for "information" there shall be substituted "complaint".

⁽¹²⁾ S.R. 1999 No. 323

⁽¹³⁾ S.R. 2001 No. 405

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made). This item of legislation is currently only available in its original format.

Sealed with the Official Seal of the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development on 19th November 2001.

L.S.

Liam McKibben
A senior officer of the
Department of Agriculture and Rural
Development