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STATUTORY RULES OF NORTHERN IRELAND

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**2006 No. 3**

**FOOD**

**The Food Hygiene Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2006**

*Made* - - - - *10th January 2006*

*Coming into operation* *11th January 2006*

The Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety<sup>(1)</sup>, makes the following Regulations in exercise of the powers conferred on it by section 2(2) of the European Communities Act 1972<sup>(2)</sup>.

The Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety has been designated<sup>(3)</sup> for the purposes of that section in relation to measures relating to food (including drink) including the primary production of food.

As required by Article 9 of Regulation (EC) No. 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety<sup>(4)</sup> as last amended by Regulation (EC) No. 1642/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Regulation (EC) No. 178/2002 laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety<sup>(5)</sup> there has been open and transparent public consultation during the preparation of the following Regulations.

**PART 1**

**PRELIMINARY**

**Citation and commencement**

**1.** These Regulations may be cited as the Food Hygiene Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2006 and shall come into operation on 11th January 2006.

**Commencement Information**

**II** Reg. 1 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

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(1) Formerly the Department of Health and Social Services; see [S.I.1999/283 \(N.I. 1\)](#), Article 3  
(2) [1972 c. 68](#)  
(3) [S.I.2003/2901](#)  
(4) O.J. No. L31, 1.2.2002, p. 1  
(5) O.J. No. L245, 29.9.2003, p. 4

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## Interpretation

### 2.—(1) In these Regulations—

“the Agency” means the Food Standards Agency;

“authorised officer”, in relation to an enforcement authority, means any person (whether or not an officer of the authority) who is authorised by them in writing, either generally or specially, to act in matters arising under the Hygiene Regulations;

“the Community Regulations” means Regulation 852/2004, Regulation 853/2004, Regulation 854/2004, Regulation 2073/2005 and Regulation 2075/2005;

“Directive 2004/41”, “Regulation 178/2002”, “Regulation 1642/2003”, “Regulation 852/2004”, “Regulation 853/2004”, “Regulation 854/2004”, “Regulation 882/2004”, “Regulation 1688/2005”, “Regulation 2073/2005”, “Regulation 2074/2005”, “Regulation 2075/2005” and “Regulation 2076/2005” have the meanings respectively given to them in Schedule 1;

“the Department” means the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety;

“enforcement authority” means the authority which, by virtue of regulation 5, is responsible for executing and enforcing the Hygiene Regulations;

“the Hygiene Regulations” means these Regulations and the Community Regulations;

“the Order” means the Food Safety (Northern Ireland) Order 1991(6);

“premises” includes any establishment, any place, vehicle, stall or moveable structure and any ship or aircraft; and

“specified Community provision” means any provision of the Community Regulations that is specified in Column 1 of Schedule 2 and whose subject-matter is described in Column 2 of that Schedule.

(2) Subject to paragraph (3), any expression other than one defined in paragraph (1) that is used both in these Regulations and in the Order has the meaning it bears in the Order.

(3) Unless the context otherwise requires, any expression used both in these Regulations and in Regulation 178/2002 or the Community Regulations has the meaning it bears in Regulation 178/2002 or the Community Regulations, as the case may be.

(4) Where, apart from this paragraph, any period of less than seven days which is specified in these Regulations would include any day which is—

(a) a Saturday, a Sunday, Christmas Day or Good Friday; or

(b) a day which is a bank holiday under the Banking and Financial Dealings Act 1971(7),

that shall be excluded from the period.

(5) The Interpretation Act (Northern Ireland) 1954(8) shall apply to these Regulations as it applies to an Act of the Northern Ireland Assembly.

### Commencement Information

**I2** Reg. 2 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

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(6) S.I. 1991/762 (N.I.7) as amended by S.I.1996/1633 (N.I. 12) and paragraphs 26 to 42 of Schedule 5 and Schedule 6 to the Food Standards Act 1999 c. 28, paragraph 2 of Article 2 (regarding the definition of “food”) was substituted by S.R. 2004 No. 482

(7) 1971 c. 80

(8) 1954 c. 33 (N.I.)

### Presumptions that food is intended for human consumption

3.—(1) The following paragraphs shall apply for the purposes of these Regulations.

(2) Any food commonly used for human consumption shall, if placed on the market or offered, exposed or kept for placing on the market, be presumed, until the contrary is proved, to have been placed on the market or, as the case may be, to have been or to be intended for placing on the market for human consumption.

(3) The following, namely—

- (a) any food commonly used for human consumption which is found on premises used for the preparation, storage, or placing on the market of that food; and
- (b) any article or substance commonly used in the manufacture of food for human consumption which is found on premises used for the preparation, storage or placing on the market of that food,

shall be presumed, until the contrary is proved, to be intended for placing on the market, or for manufacturing food for placing on the market, for human consumption.

(4) Any article or substance capable of being used in the composition or preparation of any food commonly used for human consumption which is found on premises on which that food is prepared shall, until the contrary is proved, be presumed to be intended for such use.

#### Commencement Information

**I3** Reg. 3 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

### Competent authority

4. The competent authority for the purposes of the Community Regulations shall be the Agency except where it has delegated competences as provided for in those Regulations.

#### Commencement Information

**I4** Reg. 4 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

### Enforcement

5.—(1) In respect of any food business operator to whose operations Regulation 852/2004 applies but Regulation 853/2004 does not apply—

- (a) the Agency or the district council in whose district the food business operator carries out his operation shall execute and enforce the Hygiene Regulations in so far as the operator concerned is carrying out primary production and those associated operations listed in paragraph 1 of Part AI of Annex I to Regulation 852/2004 other than the associated operations described in sub-paragraphs (a) and (c) of that paragraph to the extent that they concern wild game; and
- (b) the district council in whose district the food business operator carries out his operations shall execute and enforce the Hygiene Regulations in so far as the operator concerned is carrying out operations which are not executed and enforced by the Agency or the district council as provided for in sub-paragraph (a).

(2) In respect of any food business operator to whose operations both Regulation 852/2004 and Regulation 853/2004 apply—

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- (a) the Agency shall execute and enforce the Hygiene Regulations in so far as the operator concerned is carrying out operations in relation to—
  - (i) a slaughterhouse,
  - (ii) a game-handling establishment,
  - (iii) a cutting plant, and
  - (iv) the activities in respect of eggs as set out in Chapter I of Section X of Annex III to Regulation 853/2004;
- (b) the Agency or the district council in whose district the food business operator carries out his operations shall execute and enforce the Hygiene Regulations in so far as the operator concerned is carrying out operations in relation to any establishment that is not specified in sub-paragraph (a).
- (3) In respect of—
  - (a) collection centres and tanneries supplying raw material for the production of gelatine intended for human consumption pursuant to paragraph 5 of Chapter I of Section XIV of Annex III to Regulation 853/2004; and
  - (b) collection centres and tanneries supplying raw material for the production of collagen intended for human consumption pursuant to paragraph 5 of Chapter I of Section XV of Annex III to Regulation 853/2004,

the Agency shall execute and enforce the Hygiene Regulations.

(4) Each district council shall execute and enforce these Regulations in its district in relation to the matters regulated by Schedules 3 to 5.

(5) The Agency shall execute and enforce these Regulations in relation to the matters regulated by Schedule 6.

(6) In this regulation—

“cutting plant” means an establishment which is used for boning and/or cutting up fresh meat for placing on the market and which—

- (a) is approved or conditionally approved under Article 31(2) of Regulation 882/2004; or
- (b) (although lacking the approval or conditional approval that it requires under Article 4(3) of Regulation 853/2004) was, on 31st December 2005, operating as licensed cutting premises under the Fresh Meat (Hygiene and Inspection) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1997<sup>(9)</sup> or the Poultry Meat, Farmed Game Bird Meat and Rabbit Meat (Hygiene and Inspection) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1995<sup>(10)</sup>;

“game-handling establishment” means any establishment in which game and game meat obtained after hunting are prepared for placing on the market and which—

- (a) is approved or conditionally approved under Article 31(2) of Regulation 882/2004; or
- (b) (although lacking the approval or conditional approval that it requires under Article 4(3) of Regulation 853/2004) was, on 31st December 2005, operating as a licensed wild game processing facility under the Wild Game (Hygiene and Inspection) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1997<sup>(11)</sup>; and

“slaughterhouse” means an establishment used for slaughtering and dressing animals, the meat of which is intended for human consumption and which—

- (a) is approved or conditionally approved under Article 31(2) of Regulation 882/2004; or

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<sup>(9)</sup> S.R. 1997 No. 493, revoked by S.R. 2005 No. 356

<sup>(10)</sup> S.R. 1995 No. 396, revoked by these Regulations

<sup>(11)</sup> S.R. 1997 No. 496, revoked by S.R. 2005 No. 356

- (b) (although lacking the approval or conditional approval that it requires under Article 4(3) of Regulation 853/2004) was, on 31st December 2005, operating as a licensed slaughterhouse under the Fresh Meat (Hygiene and Inspection) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1997 or the Poultry Meat, Farmed Game Bird Meat and Rabbit Meat (Hygiene and Inspection) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1995.

**Commencement Information**

**I5** Reg. 5 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

## PART 2

### MAIN PROVISIONS

#### Hygiene improvement notices

**6.**—(1) If an authorised officer has reasonable grounds for believing that a food business operator is failing to comply with the Hygiene Regulations, he may by a notice served on that person (a “hygiene improvement notice”)—

- (a) state the officer’s grounds for believing that the food business operator is failing to comply with the Hygiene Regulations;
- (b) specify the matters which constitute the food business operator’s failure to comply;
- (c) specify the measures which, in the officer’s opinion, the food business operator must take in order to secure compliance; and
- (d) require the food business operator to take those measures, or measures which are at least equivalent to them, within such period (not being less than 14 days) as may be specified in the notice.

(2) Any person who fails to comply with a hygiene improvement notice shall be guilty of an offence.

**Commencement Information**

**I6** Reg. 6 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

#### Hygiene prohibition orders

**7.**—(1) If—

- (a) a food business operator is convicted of an offence under these Regulations; and
- (b) the court by or before which he is so convicted is satisfied that the health risk condition is fulfilled with respect to the food business concerned,

the court shall by an order impose the appropriate prohibition.

(2) The health risk condition is fulfilled with respect to any food business if any of the following involves risk of injury to health (including any impairment, whether permanent or temporary), namely—

- (a) the use for the purposes of the business of any process or treatment;

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- (b) the construction of any premises used for the purposes of the business, or the use for those purposes of any equipment; and
  - (c) the state or condition of any premises or equipment used for the purposes of the business.
- (3) The appropriate prohibition is—
- (a) in a case falling within paragraph (2)(a), a prohibition on the use of the process or treatment for the purposes of the business;
  - (b) in a case falling within paragraph (2)(b), a prohibition on the use of the premises or equipment for the purposes of the business or any other food business of the same class or description; and
  - (c) in a case falling within paragraph (2)(c), a prohibition on the use of the premises or equipment for the purposes of any food business.
- (4) If—
- (a) a food business operator is convicted of an offence under these Regulations; and
  - (b) the court by or before which he is so convicted thinks it proper to do so in all the circumstances of the case,
- the court may, by an order, impose a prohibition on the food business operator participating in the management of any food business, or any food business of a class or description specified in the order.
- (5) As soon as practicable after the making of an order under paragraph (1) or (4) (a “hygiene prohibition order”), the enforcement authority shall—
- (a) serve a copy of the order on the relevant food business operator; and
  - (b) in the case of an order made under paragraph (1), affix a copy of the order in a conspicuous position on such premises used for the purposes of the food business as they consider appropriate,
- and any person who knowingly contravenes such an order shall be guilty of an offence.
- (6) A hygiene prohibition order shall cease to have effect—
- (a) in the case of an order made under paragraph (1), on the issue by the enforcement authority of a certificate to the effect that they are satisfied that the food business operator has taken sufficient measures to secure that the health risk condition is no longer fulfilled with respect to the food business; and
  - (b) in the case of an order made under paragraph (4), on the giving by the court of a direction to that effect.
- (7) The enforcement authority shall issue a certificate under paragraph (6)(a) within three days of their being satisfied as mentioned in that sub-paragraph; and on an application by the food business operator for such a certificate, the authority shall—
- (a) determine, as soon as is reasonably practicable and in any event before the expiration of 14 days from the making of the application, whether or not they are so satisfied; and
  - (b) if they determine that they are not so satisfied, give notice to the food business operator of the reasons for that determination.
- (8) The court shall give a direction under paragraph (6)(b) if, on an application by the food business operator, the court thinks it proper to do so having regard to all the circumstances of the case, including in particular the conduct of the food business operator since the making of the order; but no such application shall be entertained if it is made—
- (a) before the expiration of 6 months from the making of the hygiene prohibition order; or

(b) before the expiration of 3 months from the making by the food business operator of a previous application for such a direction.

(9) Where a magistrates' court makes an order under regulation 8(2) with respect to any food business, paragraph (1) shall apply as if the food business operator had been convicted by the court of an offence under these Regulations.

(10) Where the commission of an offence by a food business operator leads to the conviction of another person pursuant to regulation 10, paragraph (4) shall apply in relation to that other person as it applies in relation to the food business operator and any reference in paragraph (5) or (8) to the food business operator shall be construed accordingly.

#### Commencement Information

**I7** Reg. 7 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

### Hygiene emergency prohibition notices and orders

**8.—(1)** If an authorised officer is satisfied that the health risk condition is fulfilled with respect to any food business, he may, by a notice served on the relevant food business operator (a “hygiene emergency prohibition notice”) impose the appropriate prohibition.

(2) If a magistrates' court is satisfied, on the application of such an officer, that the health risk condition is fulfilled with respect to any food business, the court shall, by an order (a “hygiene emergency prohibition order”), impose the appropriate prohibition.

(3) Such an officer shall not apply for a hygiene emergency prohibition order unless, at least one day before the date of the application, he has served notice on the relevant food business operator of his intention to apply for the order.

(4) Paragraphs (2) and (3) of regulation 7 shall apply for the purposes of this regulation as they apply for the purposes of that regulation, but as if the reference in paragraph (2) to risk of injury to health were a reference to imminent risk of injury.

(5) As soon as practicable after the service of a hygiene emergency prohibition notice, the authorised officer shall affix a copy of the notice in a conspicuous position on such premises used for the purposes of the food business as he considers appropriate; and any person who knowingly contravenes such a notice shall be guilty of an offence.

(6) As soon as practicable after the making of a hygiene emergency prohibition order, an authorised officer shall—

- (a) serve a copy of the order on the relevant food business operator; and
- (b) affix a copy of the order in a conspicuous position on such premises used for the purposes of the food business as it considers appropriate,

and any person who knowingly contravenes such an order shall be guilty of an offence.

(7) A hygiene emergency prohibition notice shall cease to have effect—

- (a) if no application for a hygiene emergency prohibition order is made before the expiration of the period of 3 days from the service of the notice, at the end of that period; or
- (b) if such an application is so made, on the determination or abandonment of the application.

(8) A hygiene emergency prohibition notice or a hygiene emergency prohibition order shall cease to have effect on the issue by the enforcement authority of a certificate to the effect that they are satisfied that the food business operator has taken sufficient measures to secure that the health risk condition is no longer fulfilled with respect to the food business.

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(9) The enforcement authority shall issue a certificate under paragraph (8) before the expiration of 3 days from being satisfied as mentioned in that paragraph; and on an application by the food business operator for such a certificate, the authority shall—

- (a) determine as soon as is reasonably practicable and in any event before the expiration of 14 days from making the application whether or not they are so satisfied; and
- (b) if they determine that they are not so satisfied, give notice to the food business operator of the reasons for that determination.

(10) Where a hygiene emergency prohibition notice is served on a food business operator, the enforcement authority shall compensate him in respect of any loss suffered by reason of his complying with the notice unless—

- (a) an application for a hygiene emergency prohibition order is made before the expiration of 3 days beginning from the service of the notice; and
- (b) the court declares itself satisfied, on the hearing of the application, that the health risk condition was fulfilled with respect to the food business at the time when the notice was served,

and any disputed question as to the right to or the amount of any compensation payable under this paragraph shall be determined by a single arbitrator appointed, failing agreement between the parties by the Head of the Department.

#### Commencement Information

**I8** Reg. 8 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

#### Remedial action notices and detention notices

**9.—(1)** Where it appears to an authorised officer that in respect of an establishment subject to approval under Article 4(2) of Regulation 853/2004—

- (a) any of the requirements of the Hygiene Regulations is being breached; or
- (b) inspection under the Hygiene Regulations is being hampered,

he may, by a notice in writing (a “remedial action notice”) served on the relevant food business operator or his duly authorised representative—

- (c) prohibit the use of any equipment or any part of the establishment specified in the notice;
- (d) impose conditions upon or prohibit the carrying out of any process; or
- (e) require the rate of operation to be reduced to such extent as is specified in the notice, or to be stopped completely.

(2) A remedial action notice shall be served as soon as practicable and shall state why it is being served.

(3) If it is served under paragraph (1)(a), it shall specify the breach and the action needed to remedy it.

(4) An authorised officer of the enforcement authority whose authorised officer served the original remedial action notice shall, as soon as he is satisfied that such action has been taken, withdraw the notice by a further notice in writing served on the food business operator or his duly authorised representative.

(5) An authorised officer of an enforcement authority may, at an establishment subject to approval under Article 4(2) of Regulation 853/2004, by a notice in writing (in this regulation referred to as a “detention notice”) served on the relevant food business operator or his duly authorised



representative, require the detention of any animal or food present for the purpose of examination (including the taking of samples).

(6) An authorised officer of the enforcement authority whose officer served the original detention notice shall, as soon as he is satisfied that the animal or food need no longer be detained, withdraw the notice by a further notice in writing served on the food business operator or his duly authorised representative.

(7) Any person who fails to comply with a remedial action notice or a detention notice shall be guilty of an offence.

**Commencement Information**

**I9** Reg. 9 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**Offences due to fault of another person**

**10.** Where the commission by any person of an offence under these Regulations is due to the act or default of some other person, that other person shall be guilty of the offence; and a person may be convicted of the offence by virtue of this regulation whether or not proceedings are taken against the first-mentioned person.

**Commencement Information**

**I10** Reg. 10 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**Defence of due diligence**

**11.—(1)** In any proceedings for an offence under these Regulations, it shall, subject to paragraph (2), be a defence for the accused to prove that he took all reasonable precautions and exercised all due diligence to avoid the commission of the offence by himself or by a person under his control.

(2) If in any case the defence provided by paragraph (1) involves the allegation that the commission of the offence was due to an act or default of another person, or to reliance on information supplied by another person, the accused shall not, without leave of the court, be entitled to rely on that defence unless—

- (a) at least seven clear days before the hearing; and
- (b) where he has previously appeared before a court in connection with the alleged offence, before the expiration of one month from his first such appearance,

he has served on the prosecutor a notice in writing giving such information identifying or assisting in the identification of that other person as was then in his possession.

**Commencement Information**

**I11** Reg. 11 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

## PART 3

### ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

#### Procurement of samples

- 12.** An authorised officer may—
- (a) purchase a sample of any food, or any substance capable of being used in the preparation of food;
  - (b) take a sample of any food, or any such substance, which—
    - (i) appears to him to be intended for placing on the market or to have been placed on the market, for human consumption, or
    - (ii) is found by him on or in any premises which he is authorised to enter by or under regulation 14;
  - (c) take a sample from any food source, or a sample of any contact material, which is found by him on or in any such premises; and
  - (d) take a sample of any article or substance which is found by him on or in any such premises and which he has reason to believe may be required as evidence in proceedings under any of the provisions of these Regulations.

#### Commencement Information

**I12** Reg. 12 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

#### Analysis etc. of samples

- 13.—**(1) An authorised officer who has procured a sample under regulation 12 shall—
- (a) if he considers that the sample should be analysed, submit it to be analysed—
    - (i) by the public analyst for the district in which the sample was procured, or
    - (ii) by the public analyst for the district which consists of or includes the district of the council; and
  - (b) if he considers that the sample should be examined, submit it to be examined by a food examiner.
- (2) A person, other than such an officer, who has purchased any food, or any substance capable of being used in the preparation of food, may submit a sample of it—
- (a) to be analysed by the public analyst for the district in which the purchase was made; or
  - (b) to be examined by a food examiner.
- (3) If, in any case where a sample is proposed to be submitted for analysis under this regulation, the office of public analyst for the district in question is vacant, the sample shall be submitted to the public analyst for some other district.
- (4) If, in any case where a sample is proposed to be or is submitted for analysis or examination under this regulation, the food analyst or examiner determines that he is for any reason unable to perform the analysis or examination, the sample shall be submitted or, as the case may be, sent by him to such other food analyst or examiner as he may determine.
- (5) A food analyst or examiner shall analyse or examine as soon as practicable any sample submitted or sent to him under this regulation, but may, except where—
- (a) he is the public analyst for the district in question; and

(b) the sample is submitted to him for analysis by an authorised officer, demand in advance the payment of such reasonable fee as he may require.

(6) Any food analyst or examiner who has analysed or examined a sample shall give to the person by whom it was submitted a certificate specifying the result of the analysis or examination.

(7) Any certificate given by a food analyst or examiner under paragraph (6) shall be signed by him, but the analysis or examination may be made by any person acting under his direction.

(8) In any proceedings under these Regulations, the production by one of the parties—

(a) of a document purporting to be a certificate given by a food analyst or examiner under paragraph (6); or

(b) of a document supplied to him by the other party as being a copy of such a certificate, shall be sufficient evidence of the facts stated in it unless, in a case falling within sub-paragraph (a), the other party requires that the food analyst or examiner shall be called as a witness.

(9) Where two or more public analysts are appointed for any district, any reference in this regulation to the public analyst for that district shall be construed as a reference to either or any of them.

(10) The Food Safety (Sampling and Qualifications) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1991<sup>(12)</sup> shall apply in relation to a sample procured by an authorised officer of a district council under regulation 12 as if it were a sample procured by an authorised officer under Article 29 of the Order.

(11) The certificate given by a food analyst or examiner under paragraph (6) shall be in the form set out in Schedule 3 to the Food Safety (Sampling and Qualifications) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1991.

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**Commencement Information**

**113** Reg. 13 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**Powers of entry**

**14.**—(1) An authorised officer of the district council, shall, on producing, if so required, some duly authenticated document showing his authority, have a right at all reasonable hours—

- (a) to enter any premises within his district for the purpose of ascertaining whether there is or has been on the premises any contravention of the provisions of the Hygiene Regulations;
- (b) to enter any premises for the purpose of ascertaining whether there is on the premises any evidence of any such contravention within his district; and
- (c) to enter any premises for the purpose of the performance of their functions under the Hygiene Regulations,

but admission to any premises used only as a private dwelling-house shall not be demanded as of right unless 24 hours' notice of the intended entry has been given to the occupier.

(2) An authorised officer of the Agency shall, on producing if so required some duly authenticated document showing his authority, have a right at all reasonable hours to enter any premises for the purpose of—

- (a) ascertaining whether there is or has been on the premises any contravention of the provisions of the Hygiene Regulations;
- (b) ascertaining whether there is on the premises any evidence of any such contravention; and

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<sup>(12)</sup> S.R. 1991 No. 198, to which there are amendments not relevant to these Regulations

(c) the performance by the Agency of its functions under the Hygiene Regulations, but admission to any premises used only as a private dwelling-house shall not be demanded as of right unless 24 hours' notice of the intended entry has been given to the occupier.

(3) If a lay magistrate, on sworn information in writing, is satisfied that there is reasonable ground for entry onto any premises for any purpose as is mentioned in paragraph (1) or (2) and either—

- (a) that admission to the premises has been refused, or a refusal is apprehended, and that notice of the intention to apply for a warrant has been given to the occupier; or
- (b) that an application for admission, or the giving of such a notice, would defeat the object of the entry, or that the case is one of urgency, or that the premises are unoccupied or the occupier is temporarily absent,

the lay magistrate may by warrant signed by him authorise the authorised officer to enter the premises, if need be by reasonable force.

(4) Every warrant granted under this regulation shall continue in force for a period of one month.

(5) An authorised officer entering any premises by virtue of this regulation, or of a warrant issued under it, may take with him such other persons as he considers necessary, and on leaving any unoccupied premises which he has entered by virtue of such a warrant shall leave them as effectively secured against unauthorised entry as he found them.

(6) An authorised officer entering premises by virtue of this regulation, or of a warrant issued under it, may inspect any records (in whatever form they are held) relating to a food business and, where any such records are stored in any electronic form—

- (a) may have access to, and inspect and check the operation of, any computer and any associated apparatus or material which is or has been in use in connection with the records; and
- (b) may require any person having charge of, or otherwise concerned with the operation of, the computer, apparatus or material to afford him such assistance as he may reasonably require.

(7) Any officer exercising any power conferred by paragraph (6) may—

- (a) seize and detain any records which he has reason to believe may be required as evidence in proceedings under any of the provisions of these Regulations; and
- (b) where the records are stored in any electronic form, require the records to be produced in a form in which they may be taken away.

(8) If any person who enters any premises by virtue of this regulation, or of a warrant issued under it, discloses to any person any information obtained by him on the premises with regard to any trade secret, he shall, unless the disclosure was made in the performance of his duty, be guilty of an offence.

(9) Nothing in this regulation authorises any person, except with the permission of the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development under the Diseases of Animals (Northern Ireland) Order 1981(13), to enter any premises—

- (a) in which there is kept an animal or bird affected or, with good reason, suspected of being affected with any disease to which that Order of 1981 applies; and
- (b) which is situated in a place declared under the Order of 1981 to be infected with such a disease.

**Commencement Information**

**I14** Reg. 14 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**Obstruction etc. of officers**

**15.**—(1) Any person who—

- (a) intentionally obstructs any person acting in the execution of the Hygiene Regulations; or
- (b) without reasonable cause, fails to give to any person acting in the execution of the Hygiene Regulations any assistance or information which that person may reasonably require of him for the performance of his functions under the Hygiene Regulations,

shall be guilty of an offence.

(2) Any person who, in purported compliance with any such requirement as is mentioned in paragraph (1)(b)—

- (a) furnishes information which he knows to be false or misleading in a material particular; or
- (b) recklessly furnishes information which is false or misleading in a material particular,

shall be guilty of an offence.

(3) Nothing in paragraph (1)(b) shall be construed as requiring any person to answer any question or give any information if to do so might incriminate him.

**Commencement Information**

**I15** Reg. 15 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**Time limit for prosecutions**

**16.** No prosecution for an offence under these Regulations which is punishable under regulation 17(2) shall be begun after the expiry of—

- (a) three years from the commission of the offence; or
- (b) one year from its discovery by the prosecution,

whichever is the earlier.

**Commencement Information**

**I16** Reg. 16 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**Offences and penalties**

**17.**—(1) Subject to paragraph (4), any person who contravenes any of the specified Community provisions shall be guilty of an offence.

(2) Subject to paragraph (3), a person guilty of an offence under these Regulations shall be liable—

- (a) on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum; or
- (b) on conviction on indictment to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, to a fine or to both.

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(3) A person guilty of an offence under regulation 15 shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to both.

(4) A person shall be considered not to have contravened Article 4(2) of Regulation 852/2004 as read with paragraph 4 of Chapter IV of Annex II to that Regulation (bulk foodstuffs in liquid, granulate or powder form to be transported in receptacles and/or containers/tankers reserved for the transport of foodstuffs) provided the requirements of Schedule 3 are complied with.

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**Commencement Information**

**I17** Reg. 17 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**Offences by bodies corporate**

**18.—**(1) Where an offence under these Regulations which has been committed by a body corporate is proved to have been committed with the consent or connivance of, or to be attributable to any neglect on the part of—

- (a) any director, manager, secretary or other similar officer of the body corporate; or
- (b) any person who was purporting to act in any such capacity,

he as well as the body corporate shall be deemed to be guilty of that offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.

(2) In paragraph (1)(a) “director”, in relation to any body corporate established by or under any enactment for the purpose of carrying on under national ownership any industry or part of an industry or undertaking, being a body corporate whose affairs are managed by its members, means a member of that body corporate.

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**Commencement Information**

**I18** Reg. 18 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**Right of appeal**

**19.—**(1) Any person who is aggrieved by—

- (a) a decision of an authorised officer to serve a hygiene improvement notice;
- (b) a decision of an enforcement authority to refuse to issue a certificate under regulation 7(6) or regulation 8(8); or
- (c) a decision of an authorised officer to serve a remedial action notice,

may appeal to a court of summary jurisdiction.

(2) The procedure on an appeal to a court of summary jurisdiction under paragraph (1) shall be by way of notice under Part VII of the Magistrates Courts (Northern Ireland) Order 1981(**14**).

(3) The period within which an appeal under paragraph (1) may be brought shall be—

- (a) one month from and including the date on which notice of the decision was served on the person desiring to appeal; or

- (b) in the case of an appeal against a decision to issue a hygiene improvement notice, the period specified in sub-paragraph (a) or, if it is shorter, the period specified in the notice pursuant to regulation 6(1)(d),

and the making of a complaint for an order shall be deemed for the purposes of this paragraph to be the bringing of the appeal.

**Commencement Information**

**I19** Reg. 19 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**Appeals to County Court**

**20.** A person who is aggrieved by—

- (a) the dismissal by a court of summary jurisdiction of an appeal to it under regulation 19(1); or  
(b) any decision of such a court to make a hygiene prohibition order or a hygiene emergency prohibition order,

may appeal to the County Court.

**Commencement Information**

**I20** Reg. 20 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**Appeals against hygiene improvement notices and remedial action notices**

**21.—(1)** On an appeal against a hygiene improvement notice or a remedial action notice, the court may cancel or affirm the notice and, if it affirms it, may do so either in its original form or with such modifications as the court may in the circumstances think fit.

(2) Where any period specified in a hygiene improvement notice pursuant to regulation 6(1)(d) would otherwise include any day on which an appeal against that notice is pending, that day shall be excluded from that period.

(3) Any appeal shall be regarded as pending for the purposes of paragraph (2) until it is finally disposed of, is withdrawn or is struck out for want of prosecution.

**Commencement Information**

**I21** Reg. 21 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**PART 4**

**MISCELLANEOUS AND SUPPLEMENTARY PROVISIONS**

**Power to issue codes of recommended practice**

**22.—(1)** For the guidance of district councils, the Department may issue codes of recommended practice as regards the execution and enforcement of the Hygiene Regulations and any such code shall be laid before the Assembly after being issued.

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(2) The Agency may, after consulting the Department, give a district council a direction requiring the council to take any specified steps in order to comply with a code issued under this regulation.

(3) In exercise of the functions conferred on district councils by or under the Hygiene Regulations, every district council—

(a) shall have regard to any relevant provision of any such code; and

(b) shall comply with any direction which is given under this regulation and requires the council to take any specified steps in order to comply with such a code.

(4) Any direction under paragraph (2) shall, on the application of the Agency, be enforceable by mandatory order.

(5) The Agency shall consult the Department before making an application under paragraph (4).

(6) Before issuing any code under this regulation, the Department shall have regard to any relevant advice given by the Agency.

#### Commencement Information

**I22** Reg. 22 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

#### Protection of officers acting in good faith

**23.**—(1) An officer of an enforcement authority is not personally liable in respect of any act done by him—

(a) in the execution or purported execution of the Hygiene Regulations; and

(b) within the scope of his employment,

if he did that act in the honest belief that his duty under the Hygiene Regulations required or entitled him to do it.

(2) Nothing in paragraph (1) shall be construed as relieving any enforcement authority of any liability in respect of the acts of their officers.

(3) Where an action has been brought against an officer of an enforcement authority in respect of an act done by him—

(a) in the execution or purported execution of the Hygiene Regulations; but

(b) outside the scope of his employment,

the authority may indemnify him against the whole or a part of any damages which he has been ordered to pay or any costs which he may have incurred if they are satisfied that he honestly believed that the act complained of was within the scope of his employment.

(4) A public analyst appointed by an enforcement authority shall be treated for the purposes of this regulation as being an officer of the council, whether or not his appointment is a whole-time one.

#### Commencement Information

**I23** Reg. 23 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

#### Revocation and suspension of designations and appointments

**24.**—(1) Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3), the Agency may at any time revoke or suspend—

(a) the appointment of an official veterinarian;

(b) the designation of an approved veterinarian; or



(c) the appointment of an official auxiliary,

if it appears to the Agency that the person in question is unfit to perform any of the functions of that post under the Hygiene Regulations.

(2) Where the Agency revokes or suspends a designation or appointment under paragraph (1), the Agency shall, as soon as practicable, give to the person whose designation or appointment has been revoked or suspended a notice in writing of the reasons for the revocation or suspension and shall afford him an opportunity of—

- (a) making representations in writing to the Agency with regard to the revocation or suspension; or
- (b) being heard by a person nominated by the Agency for the purpose pursuant to paragraph (5) (a).

(3) A notice given under paragraph (2) shall inform the person to whom it is given—

- (a) of his right to make representations in writing;
- (b) of the manner in which and the time (not being less than 21 days from and including the date of the giving of the notice) within which such representations may be made;
- (c) of his right to be heard; and
- (d) of the manner in which and the time (not being less than 21 days from and including the date of the giving of the notice) within which he may apply for an opportunity to be heard.

(4) In the event of the person whose designation or appointment has been revoked or suspended making any representations (whether orally or in writing) under paragraph (3) the Agency shall reconsider whether that person is unfit to perform any of the functions of the post held by him under the Hygiene Regulations and shall, as soon as practicable, reconsider its decision to revoke or suspend the designation or appointment under paragraph (1) in the light of those representations.

(5) Where a person requests the opportunity to be heard pursuant to paragraph (2)(b)—

- (a) the Agency shall nominate a person to determine the matter from the list established under paragraph (6);
- (b) the person so nominated shall serve a notice on the person requesting the opportunity to be heard and the Agency informing them of the time (not being less than 21 days from and including the date of the giving of the notice) of the hearing; and
- (c) the person so nominated shall, within 21 days of and including the date of the hearing, notify the person requesting the opportunity to be heard and the Agency of his decision.

(6) The Agency shall establish and maintain a list of people who may be nominated for the purposes of this regulation and shall consult those organisations appearing to it to represent official veterinarians, approved veterinarians and official auxiliaries before including any person on the list.

#### **Commencement Information**

**I24** Reg. 24 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

### **Food which has not been produced, processed or distributed in accordance with the Hygiene Regulations**

**25.—**(1) On an inspection of any food, an authorised officer may certify that it has not been produced, processed or distributed in compliance with the Hygiene Regulations.

(2) Where any food is certified as mentioned in paragraph (1) it shall be treated for the purposes of Article 8 of the Order as failing to comply with food safety requirements.

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(3) Where any food certified as mentioned in paragraph (1) is part of a batch, lot or consignment of food of the same class or description, all the food in the batch, lot or consignment shall, until it is proved that it has been produced, processed or distributed in compliance with the Hygiene Regulations, be treated for the purposes of paragraph (2) as having been so certified.

**Commencement Information**

**I25** Reg. 25 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**Bulk transport in sea-going vessels of liquid oils or fats and the bulk transport by sea of raw sugar**

**26.** Schedule 3 (bulk transport in sea-going vessels of liquid oils or fats and the bulk transport by sea of raw sugar) shall have effect.

**Commencement Information**

**I26** Reg. 26 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**Temperature control requirements**

**27.** Schedule 4 (temperature control requirements) shall have effect.

**Commencement Information**

**I27** Reg. 27 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**Direct supply by the producer of small quantities of meat from poultry or lagomorphs slaughtered on the farm**

**28.** Schedule 5 (direct supply by the producer of small quantities of meat from poultry or lagomorphs slaughtered on the farm) shall have effect.

**Commencement Information**

**I28** Reg. 28 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**Restrictions on the sale of raw milk intended for direct human consumption**

**29.** Schedule 6 (restrictions on the sale of raw milk intended for direct human consumption) shall have effect.

**Commencement Information**

**I29** Reg. 29 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**Consequential amendments**

**30.** The statutory rules specified in Schedule 7 are amended to the extent specified there.

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**Commencement Information**

**I30** Reg. 30 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**Revocations**

**31.** The Poultry Meat, Farmed Game Bird Meat and Rabbit Meat (Hygiene and Inspection) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1995(**15**); and the Food Hygiene Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005(**16**) are hereby revoked.

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**Commencement Information**

**I31** Reg. 31 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

Sealed with the Official Seal of the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety on 10th January 2006.

L.S.

*Don Hill*  
A senior officer of the  
Department of Health, Social Services and  
Public Safety

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(15) S.R. 1995 No. 396, as amended by S.R. 1997 No. 496, S.R. 1998 No. 237, S.R. 2000 Nos. 78, 191 and 287, S.R. 2001 No. 429, S.R. 2002 No. 217 and S.R. 2005 No. 35

(16) S.R. 2005 No. 356

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## SCHEDULE 1

Regulation 2(1)

## DEFINITIONS OF COMMUNITY LEGISLATION

**Commencement Information**

**I32** Sch. 1 in operation at 11.1.2006, see **reg. 1**

“Directive 2004/41” means Directive [2004/41/EC](#) of the European Parliament and of the Council repealing certain directives concerning food hygiene and health conditions for the production and placing on the market of certain products of animal origin intended for human consumption and amending Council Directives [89/662/EEC](#) and [92/118/EEC](#) and Council Decision [95/408/EC](#)(**17**);

“Regulation 178/2002” means Regulation [\(EC\) No. 178/2002](#) of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety(**18**) as last amended by Regulation 1642/2003;

“Regulation 1642/2003” means Regulation [\(EC\) No. 1642/2003](#) of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Regulation [\(EC\) No. 178/2002](#) laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety(**19**);

“Regulation 852/2004” means Regulation [\(EC\) No. 852/2004](#) of the European Parliament and of the Council on the hygiene of foodstuffs(**20**) as read with Regulation 2073/2005;

“Regulation 853/2004” means Regulation [\(EC\) No. 853/2004](#) of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down specific hygiene rules for food of animal origin(**21**) as amended by Regulation 2074/2005 and Regulation 2076/2005 and as read with Directive 2004/41, Regulation 1688/2005, Regulation 2074/2005 and Regulation 2076/2005;

“Regulation 854/2004” means Regulation [\(EC\) No. 854/2004](#) of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down specific rules for the organisation of official controls on products of animal origin intended for human consumption(**22**) as amended by Regulation 882/2004, Regulation 2074/2005 and Regulation 2076/2005 and as read with Directive 2004/41, Regulation 2074/2005, Regulation 2075/2005 and Regulation 2076/2005;

“Regulation 882/2004” means Regulation [\(EC\) No. 882/2004](#) of the European Parliament and of the Council on official controls performed to ensure the verification of compliance with feed and food law, animal health and animal welfare rules(**23**) as read with Regulation 2074/2005 and Regulation 2076/2005;

“Regulation 1688/2005” means Commission Regulation [\(EC\) No. 1688/2005](#) implementing Regulation [\(EC\) No. 853/2004](#) of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards

(17) O.J. No. L157, 30.4.2004, p. 33. The revised text of Directive 2004/41/EC is now set out in a Corrigendum (O.J. No. L195, 2.6.2004, p. 12).

(18) O.J. No. L31, 1.2.2002, p. 1

(19) O.J. No. L245, 29.9.2003, p. 4

(20) O.J. No. L139, 30.4.2004, p. 1. The revised text of Regulation [\(EC\) No. 852/2004](#) is now set out in a Corrigendum (O.J. No. L226, 25.6.2004, p. 3)

(21) O.J. No. L139, 30.4.2004, p. 55. The revised text of Regulation [\(EC\) No. 853/2004](#) is now set out in a Corrigendum (O.J. No. L226, 25.6.2004, p. 22)

(22) O.J. No. L139, 30.4.2004, p. 206. The revised text of Regulation [\(EC\) No. 854/2004](#) is now set out in a Corrigendum (O.J. No. L226, 25.6.2004, p. 83)

(23) O.J. No. L165, 30.4.2004, p. 1. The revised text of Regulation [\(EC\) No. 882/2004](#) is now set out in a Corrigendum (O.J. No. L191, 28.5.2004, p. 1)

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special guarantees concerning salmonella for consignments to Finland and Sweden of certain meat and eggs<sup>(24)</sup>;

“Regulation 2073/2005” means Commission Regulation (EC) No. 2073/2005 on microbiological criteria for foodstuffs<sup>(25)</sup>;

“Regulation 2074/2005” means Commission Regulation (EC) No. 2074/2005 laying down implementing measures for certain products under Regulation (EC) No. 853/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council and for the organisation of official controls under Regulation (EC) No. 854/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Regulation (EC) No. 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council, derogating from Regulation (EC) No. 852/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council and amending Regulations (EC) No. 853/2004 and (EC) No. 854/2004<sup>(26)</sup>;

“Regulation 2075/2005” means Commission Regulation (EC) No. 2075/2005 laying down specific rules on official controls for *Trichinella* in meat<sup>(27)</sup>; and

“Regulation 2076/2005” means Commission Regulation (EC) No. 2076/2005 laying down transitional arrangements for the implementation of Regulations (EC) No. 853/2004, (EC) No. 854/2004 and (EC) No. 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council and amending Regulations (EC) No. 853/2004 and (EC) No. 854/2004<sup>(28)</sup>.

## SCHEDULE 2

Regulations 2(1) and 17

### SPECIFIED COMMUNITY PROVISIONS

#### Commencement Information

**I33** Sch. 2 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

1. Provision of Community Regulations	2. Subject matter
Article 3 of Regulation 852/2004	Requirement that food business operators ensure that all stages of production, processing and distribution of food under their control satisfy the relevant hygiene requirements laid down in Regulation 852/2004.
Article 4(1) of Regulation 852/2004	Requirement that food business operators carrying out primary production and specified associated operations comply with the general hygiene provisions laid down in Part A of Annex I to Regulation 852/2004 and any specific requirements provided for in Regulation 853/2004.
Article 4(2) of Regulation 852/2004	Requirement that food business operators carrying out any stage of production, processing and distribution of food after those

<sup>(24)</sup> O.J. No. L271, 15.10.2005, p. 17

<sup>(25)</sup> O.J. No. L338, 22.12.2005, p. 1

<sup>(26)</sup> O.J. No. L338, 22.12.2005, p. 27

<sup>(27)</sup> O.J. No. L338, 22.12.2005, p. 60

<sup>(28)</sup> O.J. No. L338, 22.12.2005, p. 83

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1. Provision of Community Regulations	2. Subject matter
	stages to which Article 4(1) applies comply with the general hygiene requirements laid down in Annex II to Regulation 852/2004 and any specific requirements provided for in Regulation 853/2004.
Article 4(3) of Regulation 852/2004	Requirement that food business operators, as appropriate, adopt certain specific hygiene measures.
Article 5(1) of Regulation 852/2004	Requirement that food business operators put in place, implement and maintain a permanent procedure or procedures based on the HACCP principles.
Article 5(2) of Regulation 852/2004	Requirement that when any modification is made in the product, process, or any step, food business operators review the procedure referred to in Article 5(1) and make the necessary changes to it.
Article 5(4)(a) of Regulation 852/2004	Requirement that food business operators provide the competent authority with evidence of their compliance with Article 5(1).
Article 5(4)(b) of Regulation 852/2004	Requirement that food business operators ensure that any documents describing the procedures developed in accordance with Article 5 are up to date.
Article 5(4)(c) of Regulation 852/2004	Requirement that food business operators retain documents and records for an appropriate period.
Article 6(1) of Regulation 852/2004	Requirement that food business operators co-operate with the competent authorities in accordance with other applicable Community legislation or national law.
Article 6(2), first paragraph of Regulation 852/2004	Requirement that a food business operator notify the competent authority of each establishment under its control that carries out any of the stages of production, processing and distribution of food.
Article 6(2), second paragraph of Regulation 852/2004	Requirement that food business operators ensure that the competent authority has up to date information on establishments.
Article 6(3) of Regulation 852/2004	Requirement that food business operators ensure that establishments are approved by the competent authority when approval is required.
Article 3(1) of Regulation 853/2004	Requirement that food business operators comply with the relevant provisions of Annexes II and III to Regulation 853/2004.

1. Provision of Community Regulations	2. Subject matter
Article 3(2) of Regulation 853/2004	Requirement that food business operators do not use any substance other than potable water or, when Regulation 852/2004 or Regulation 853/2004 permits its use, clean water, to remove surface contamination from products of animal origin.
Article 4(1) of Regulation 853/2004	Requirement that food business operators place products of animal origin manufactured in the Community on the market only if they have been prepared and handled exclusively in establishments— (a) that meet the relevant requirements of Regulation 852/2004, those of Annexes II and III of Regulation 853/2004 and other relevant requirements of food law; and (b) that the competent authority has registered or, where required in accordance with Article 4(2), approved.
Article 4(2) of Regulation 853/2004	Requirement that establishments handling those products of animal origin for which Annex III to Regulation 853/2004 lays down requirements do not operate unless the competent authority has approved them in accordance with Article 4(3).
Article 4(3) of Regulation 853/2004	Requirement that establishments subject to approval in accordance with Article 4(2) do not operate unless the competent authority has, in accordance with Regulation 854/2004— (a) granted the establishment approval to operate following an on-site visit; or (b) provided the establishment with conditional approval.
Article 4(4) of Regulation 853/2004	Requirement that food business operators co-operate with the competent authorities in accordance with Regulation 854/2004 including ensuring that an establishment ceases to operate if it is no longer approved.
Article 5(1) of Regulation 853/2004	Requirement that food business operators do not place on the market a product of animal origin handled in an establishment subject to approval in accordance with Article 4(2) unless it has— (a) a health mark applied in accordance with Regulation 854/2004; or (b) when Regulation 854/2004 does not provide for the application of a health mark, an identification mark applied in accordance with Section 1 of Annex II to Regulation 853/2004.

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1. Provision of Community Regulations	2. Subject matter
Article 5(2) of Regulation 853/2004	Requirement that food business operators apply an identification mark to a product of animal origin only if the product has been manufactured in accordance with Regulation 853/2004 in establishments meeting the requirements of Article 4.
Article 5(3) of Regulation 853/2004	Requirement that food business operators do not remove a health mark applied in accordance with Regulation 854/2004 from meat unless they cut or process it or work upon it in another manner.
Article 6(1) and (2) of Regulation 853/2004	Requirement that food business operators ensure that importation of products of animal origin only takes place where certain conditions are met.
Article 6(3) of Regulation 853/2004	Requirement that food business operators importing products of animal origin shall ensure that— <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="801 1010 1345 1111">(a) products are made available for control upon importation in accordance with Council Directive <a href="#">97/78/EC(29)</a>;</li> <li data-bbox="801 1113 1345 1200">(b) importation complies with the requirements of Council Directive <a href="#">2002/99/EC(30)</a>; and</li> <li data-bbox="801 1202 1345 1335">(c) operations under their control that take place after importation are carried out in accordance with the requirements of Annex III to Regulation 853/2004.</li> </ol>
Article 6(4) of Regulation 853/2004	Requirement that food business operators importing food containing both products of plant origin and processed products of animal origin ensure that the processed products of animal origin satisfy the requirements of Article 6(1) to (3).
Article 7 of Regulation 853/2004	Requirement that food business operators ensure that certificates or other documents accompany consignments of products of animal origin when required in accordance with Annex II or III to Regulation 853/2004.
Article 8 of Regulation 853/2004	Requirement that food business operators intending to place specified foods of animal origin on the market in Sweden or Finland comply with the rules set out in Article 8(2).
Article 7(1) of Regulation 2073/2005	Requirement that food business operators shall take the measures laid down in paragraphs

(29) O.J. No. L24, 30.1.1998, p. 9

(30) O.J. No. L18, 23.1.2003, p. 11



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1. Provision of Community Regulations	2. Subject matter
Article 9 of Regulation 2075/2005	(2) to (4) of Article 7 when the results of testing against the criteria set out in Annex 1 to Regulation 2073/2005 (microbiological criteria for foodstuffs) are unsatisfactory.  Requirement that food business operators of holdings recognised as free from <i>Trichinella</i> shall inform the competent authority of any requirement as laid down in Chapter I and II(B) of Annex IV to Regulation 2075/2005 (detailed conditions for <i>Trichinella</i> -free holdings and regions with a negligible <i>Trichinella</i> risk) that is no longer fulfilled or of any other change that might affect holdings' <i>Trichinella</i> -free status.

### SCHEDULE 3

Regulation 26

#### BULK TRANSPORT IN SEA-GOING VESSELS OF LIQUID OILS OR FATS AND THE BULK TRANSPORT BY SEA OF RAW SUGAR

##### Offence

1. A person who contravenes any of the requirements of this Schedule shall be guilty of an offence.

##### Commencement Information

**I34** Sch. 3 para. 1 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

##### Liquid oils or fats

2.—(1) The bulk transport in sea-going vessels of liquid oils or fats which are to be processed, and which are intended for or likely to be used for human consumption, is permitted in tanks that are not exclusively reserved for the transport of foodstuffs, subject to the following conditions—

- (a) where the oil or fat is transported in a stainless steel tank, or tank lined with epoxy resin or technical equivalent, the immediately previous cargo transported in the tank shall have been a foodstuff or a cargo from the list of acceptable previous cargoes for liquid oils or fats; and
- (b) where the oil or fat is transported in a tank of materials other than those specified in subparagraph (a), the three previous cargoes transported in the tanks shall have been foodstuffs or from the list of acceptable previous cargoes for liquid oils or fats.

(2) For the purposes of this paragraph, “list of acceptable previous cargoes for liquid oils or fats” means the list set out in the Annex to Commission Directive 96/3/EC.

##### Commencement Information

**I35** Sch. 3 para. 2 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

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3. The bulk transport in sea-going vessels of liquid oils or fats which are not to be further processed, and which are intended for or are likely to be used for human consumption, is permitted in tanks that are not exclusively reserved for the transport of foodstuffs, subject to the following conditions—

- (a) the tank shall be of stainless steel or lined with epoxy resin or technical equivalent; and
- (b) the three previous cargoes transported in the tank shall have been foodstuffs.

**Commencement Information**

**I36** Sch. 3 para. 3 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

4. The captain of a sea-going vessel transporting, in tanks, bulk liquid oils or fats intended for or likely to be used for human consumption shall keep accurate documentary evidence relating to the three previous cargoes carried in the tanks concerned, and the effectiveness of the cleaning process applied between those cargoes.

**Commencement Information**

**I37** Sch. 3 para. 4 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

5. Where the cargo has been trans-shipped, in addition to the documentary evidence required by virtue of paragraph 4, the captain of the receiving vessel shall keep accurate documentary evidence that the transport of the bulk liquid oil or fat complied with the provisions of paragraph 2 or 3 during previous shipment and of the effectiveness of the cleaning process used between those cargoes on the vessel from which they were trans-shipped.

**Commencement Information**

**I38** Sch. 3 para. 5 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

6. Upon request, the captain of the vessel shall provide the district council with the documentary evidence described in paragraphs 4 and 5.

**Commencement Information**

**I39** Sch. 3 para. 6 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**Commencement Information**

**I35** Sch. 3 para. 2 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**I36** Sch. 3 para. 3 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**I37** Sch. 3 para. 4 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**I38** Sch. 3 para. 5 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**I39** Sch. 3 para. 6 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**Raw sugar**

7. The bulk transport by sea of raw sugar which is not intended for use as food or as a food ingredient without a full and effective refining process is permitted in receptacles, containers or tankers that are not exclusively used for the transport of foodstuffs.

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**Commencement Information**

**I40** Sch. 3 para. 7 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

8. The receptacles, containers or tankers referred to in paragraph 7 shall be subject to the following conditions—

- (a) prior to loading the raw sugar, the receptacle, container or tanker shall be effectively cleaned to remove residues of the previous cargo and other soiling and inspected to establish that such residues have been removed effectively; and
- (b) the immediate previous cargo prior to the raw sugar shall not have been a bulk liquid.

**Commencement Information**

**I41** Sch. 3 para. 8 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

9. A food business operator who is responsible for the transport of raw sugar by sea under paragraph 7 shall keep documentary evidence, accurately describing in detail the immediate previous cargo carried in the receptacle, container or tanker concerned, and the type and effectiveness of the cleaning process applied prior to the transport of the raw sugar.

**Commencement Information**

**I42** Sch. 3 para. 9 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

10. The documentary evidence shall accompany the consignment of raw sugar during all stages of transport to the refinery and a copy shall be retained by the refinery. The documentary evidence shall be marked as follows in a clearly visible and indelible fashion, in one or more Community languages: “This product must be refined before being used for human consumption”.

**Commencement Information**

**I43** Sch. 3 para. 10 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

11. On request, a food business operator responsible for the transport of the raw sugar or the refining process shall provide the district council with the documentary evidence referred to in paragraphs 9 and 10.

**Commencement Information**

**I44** Sch. 3 para. 11 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

12. Raw sugar which has been transported by sea in receptacles, containers or tankers which are not exclusively reserved for the transport of foodstuffs shall be subjected to a full and effective refining process before being considered suitable for use as food or as a food ingredient.

**Commencement Information**

**I45** Sch. 3 para. 12 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

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13. In fulfilling his obligations under Article 5(1) of Regulation 852/2004 (hazard analysis and critical control points) in relation to the bulk transport of raw sugar by sea under paragraph 7, a food business operator who is responsible for the transport or refining of raw sugar shall—

- (a) consider the cleaning process undertaken prior to the loading of the sugar for transport by sea to be a critical control point as referred to in Article 5(2)(b) of Regulation 852/2004; and
- (b) take into account the nature of the previous cargo which has been transported in any receptacle, container or tanker used for the transport of the sugar.

#### Commencement Information

**I46** Sch. 3 para. 13 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

#### Commencement Information

**I40** Sch. 3 para. 7 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**I41** Sch. 3 para. 8 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**I42** Sch. 3 para. 9 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**I43** Sch. 3 para. 10 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**I44** Sch. 3 para. 11 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**I45** Sch. 3 para. 12 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**I46** Sch. 3 para. 13 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

#### Interpretation

14.—(1) For the purposes of this Schedule any words or expressions used both in this Schedule and in Commission Directive 96/3/EC or Commission Directive 98/28/EC granting a derogation from certain provisions of Directive 93/43/EEC on the hygiene of foodstuffs as regards the transport by sea of bulk raw sugar<sup>(31)</sup> shall bear the same meanings as they respectively have in those Directives.

(2) In this Schedule, “Commission Directive 96/3/EC” means Commission Directive 96/3/EC granting a derogation from certain provisions of Council Directive 93/43/EEC on the hygiene of foodstuffs as regards the transport of bulk liquid oils and fats by sea<sup>(32)</sup> as amended by Commission Directive 2004/4/EC amending Directive 96/3/EC granting a derogation from certain provisions of Council Directive 93/43/EEC on the hygiene of foodstuffs as regards the transport of bulk liquid oils and fats by sea<sup>(33)</sup>.

#### Commencement Information

**I47** Sch. 3 para. 14 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

<sup>(31)</sup> O.J. No. L140, 12.5.98, p. 10

<sup>(32)</sup> O.J. No. L21, 27.1.96, p. 42

<sup>(33)</sup> O.J. No. L15, 22.1.2004, p. 25

## SCHEDULE 4

Regulation 27

### TEMPERATURE CONTROL REQUIREMENTS

#### Scope

1. This Schedule does not apply in relation to—
  - (a) any food business operation to which Regulation 853/2004 applies; or
  - (b) any food business operation carried out on a ship or aircraft.

#### Commencement Information

**I48** Sch. 4 para. 1 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

#### Chill holding requirements

- 2.—(1) Subject to paragraph 2(2) and paragraph 3, any person who keeps any food—
  - (a) which is likely to support the growth of pathogenic micro-organisms or the formation of toxins; and
  - (b) with respect to which any commercial operation is being carried out,at or in food premises at a temperature above 8°C shall be guilty of an offence.
- (2) Sub-paragraph (1) shall not apply in relation to any food which, as part of a mail order transaction, is being conveyed to an ultimate consumer.
- (3) Subject to paragraph 3, no person shall supply by mail order any food which—
  - (a) is likely to support the growth of pathogenic micro-organisms or the formation of toxins; and
  - (b) is being or has been conveyed by post or by a private or common carrier to an ultimate consumer,at a temperature which has given rise to or is likely to give rise to a risk to health.

#### Commencement Information

**I49** Sch. 4 para. 2 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

#### General exemptions from the chill holding requirements

3. Paragraph 2(1) and (3) shall not apply in relation to—
  - (a) food which—
    - (i) has been cooked or reheated,
    - (ii) is for service or on display for sale, and
    - (iii) needs to be kept at or above 63°C in order to control the growth of pathogenic micro-organisms or the formation of toxins;
  - (b) food which, for the duration of its shelf life may be kept at ambient temperatures with no risk to health;

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- (c) food which is being or has been subjected to a process such as dehydration or canning intended to prevent the growth of pathogenic micro-organisms at ambient temperatures, but not where—
  - (i) after or by virtue of that process the food was contained in a hermetically sealed container, and
  - (ii) that container has been opened;
- (d) food which must be ripened or matured at ambient temperatures, but not when the process of ripening or maturation is completed;
- (e) raw food intended for further processing (including cooking) before human consumption, but only if that processing, if undertaken correctly, will render that food fit for human consumption;
- (f) food to which Council Regulation 1906/90 applies; and
- (g) food to which Council Regulation 1907/90 applies.

**Commencement Information**

**I50** Sch. 4 para. 3 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**Upward variation of the 8°C temperature by manufacturers etc.**

4.—(1) In any proceedings for an offence consisting of a contravention of paragraph 2(1), it shall be a defence for the accused to prove that—

- (a) a food business responsible for manufacturing, preparing or processing the food, including, where relevant, the accused, has recommended that it is kept—
  - (i) at or below a specified temperature between 8°C and ambient temperatures, and
  - (ii) for a period not exceeding a specified shelf life;
- (b) that recommendation has, unless the accused is that food business, been communicated to the accused either by means of a label on the packaging of the food or by means of some other appropriate form of written instruction;
- (c) the food was not kept by the accused at a temperature above the specified temperature; and
- (d) at the time of the commission of the alleged offence, the specified shelf life had not been exceeded.

(2) A food business responsible for manufacturing, preparing or processing food shall not recommend that any food is kept—

- (a) at or below a specified temperature between 8°C and ambient temperatures; and
- (b) for a period not exceeding a specified shelf life,

unless that recommendation is supported by a well-founded scientific assessment of the safety of the food at the specified temperature.

**Commencement Information**

**I51** Sch. 4 para. 4 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

### Chill holding tolerance periods

5.—(1) In any proceedings for an offence consisting of a contravention of paragraph 2(1), it shall be a defence for the accused to prove that the food—

- (a) was for service or on display for sale;
- (b) had not previously been kept for service or on display for sale at a temperature above 8°C or, where a recommendation has been made pursuant to paragraph 4(1), the recommended temperature; and
- (c) had been kept for service or on display for sale for a period of less than four hours.

(2) In any proceedings for an offence consisting of a contravention of paragraph 2(1), it shall be a defence for the accused to prove that the food—

- (a) was being transferred—
  - (i) from premises at which the food was going to be kept at or below 8°C or in appropriate circumstances the recommended temperature to a vehicle used for the purposes of a food business, or
  - (ii) to such premises from such a vehicle; or
- (b) was kept at a temperature above 8°C or, in appropriate circumstances, the recommended temperature for an unavoidable reason, such as—
  - (i) to accommodate the practicalities of handling during and after processing or preparation,
  - (ii) the defrosting of equipment, or
  - (iii) temporary breakdown of equipment,and was kept at a temperature above 8°C or, in appropriate circumstances, the recommended temperature for a limited period only and that period was consistent with food safety.

#### Commencement Information

**I52** Sch. 4 para. 5 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

### Hot holding requirements

6. Any person who in the course of the activities of a food business keeps at or in food premises at a temperature below 63°C any food which—

- (a) has been cooked or reheated;
- (b) is for service or on display for sale; and
- (c) needs to be kept at or above 63°C in order to control the growth of pathogenic micro-organisms or the formation of toxins,

shall be guilty of an offence.

#### Commencement Information

**I53** Sch. 4 para. 6 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

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## Hot holding defences

7. In any proceedings for an offence consisting of a contravention of paragraph 6, it shall be a defence for the accused to prove that—

- (a) a well-founded scientific assessment of the safety of the food at temperatures below 63°C has concluded that there is no risk to health if, after cooking or re-heating, the food is held for service or on display for sale—
  - (i) at a holding temperature which is below 63°C, and
  - (ii) for a period not exceeding any period of time specified in that scientific assessment; and
- (b) at the time of the commission of the alleged offence, the food was held in a manner which was justified in the light of that scientific assessment.

(2) In any proceedings for an offence consisting of a contravention of paragraph 6, it shall be a defence for the accused to prove that the food—

- (a) had been kept for service or on display for sale for a period of less than two hours; and
- (b) had not previously been kept for service or on display for sale by that person.

### Commencement Information

**I54** Sch. 4 para. 7 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

## Interpretation

8. In this Schedule—

“Council Regulation 1906/90” means Council Regulation ([EEC](#)) No. 1906/90 on certain marketing standards for poultry([34](#)) as last amended by Council Regulation ([EC](#)) No. 1101/98 amending Regulation ([EEC](#)) No. 1906/90 on certain marketing standards for poultrymeat([35](#));

“Council Regulation 1907/90” means Council Regulation ([EEC](#)) No. 1907/90 on certain marketing standards for eggs([36](#)) as last amended by Council Regulation ([EC](#)) No. 2052/2003 amending Regulation ([EEC](#)) No. 1907/90 on certain marketing standards for eggs([37](#));

“recommended temperature” means a specified temperature which has been recommended in accordance with paragraph 4(1)(a)(i); and

“shelf life” means—

- (a) in relation to food with respect to which an indication of minimum durability is required in accordance with regulation 20 of the Food Labelling Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1996([38](#)) (form of indication of minimum durability), the period up to and including the date required to be included in that indication;
- (b) in relation to food with respect to which a “use by” date is assigned in the form required in accordance with regulation 21 of the Food Labelling Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1996 (form of indication of “use by” date), the period up to and including that date; and
- (c) in relation to food which is not required to bear an indication of minimum durability or a “use by” date, the period for which the food can be expected to remain fit for sale if it is kept in a manner which is consistent with food safety.

[\(34\)](#) O.J. No. L173, 6.7.90, p. 1

[\(35\)](#) O.J. No. L157, 30.5.98, p. 12

[\(36\)](#) O.J. No. L173, 6.7.90, p. 5

[\(37\)](#) O.J. No. L305, 22.11.2003, p. 1

[\(38\)](#) [S.R. 1996 No. 383](#), to which there are amendments not relevant to these Regulations



**Commencement Information**

**I55** Sch. 4 para. 8 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

SCHEDULE 5

Regulation 28

DIRECT SUPPLY BY THE PRODUCER OF SMALL QUANTITIES OF MEAT  
FROM POULTRY OR LAGOMORPHS SLAUGHTERED ON THE FARM

**Scope**

1. The requirements of this Schedule apply in relation to the direct supply by the producer of small quantities of meat from poultry or lagomorphs slaughtered on the farm to the final consumer or to local retail establishments directly supplying such meat to the final consumer.

**Commencement Information**

**I56** Sch. 5 para. 1 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**Requirements**

2.—(1) Where a producer supplies meat in the manner described in paragraph 1, he shall ensure that it bears a label or other marking clearly indicating the name and address of the farm where the animal from which it is derived was slaughtered.

(2) The producer shall—

- (a) keep a record in adequate form to show the number of birds and the number of lagomorphs received into, and the amounts of fresh meat despatched from, his premises during each week;
- (b) retain the record for a period of one year; and
- (c) make the record available to an authorised officer on request.

**Commencement Information**

**I57** Sch. 5 para. 2 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**Offence**

3. A producer who fails to comply with any of the requirements of paragraph 2 shall be guilty of an offence.

**Commencement Information**

**I58** Sch. 5 para. 3 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

## SCHEDULE 6

Regulation 29

**RESTRICTIONS ON THE SALE OF RAW MILK  
INTENDED FOR DIRECT HUMAN CONSUMPTION**

1. Any person who sells raw milk intended for direct human consumption in contravention of paragraph 5 shall be guilty of an offence.

**Commencement Information**

**I59** Sch. 6 para. 1 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

2.—(1) If any person other than the occupier of a production holding or a distributor sells raw cows' milk intended for direct human consumption he shall be guilty of an offence.

(2) If the occupier of a production holding sells raw cows' milk intended for direct human consumption in contravention of paragraph 3 he shall be guilty of an offence.

(3) If a distributor sells raw cows' milk intended for direct human consumption in contravention of paragraph 4 he shall be guilty of an offence.

**Commencement Information**

**I60** Sch. 6 para. 2 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

3. The occupier of a production holding may only sell raw cows' milk intended for direct human consumption—

- (a) at or from the farm premises where the animals from which the milk has been obtained are maintained; and
- (b) to—
  - (i) the final consumer for consumption other than at those farm premises,
  - (ii) a temporary guest or visitor to those farm premises as or as part of a meal or refreshment, or
  - (iii) a distributor.

**Commencement Information**

**I61** Sch. 6 para. 3 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

4. A distributor may only sell raw cows' milk intended for direct human consumption—

- (a) which he has bought pursuant to paragraph 3(b)(iii);
- (b) in the containers in which he receives the milk, with the fastenings of the containers unbroken;
- (c) from a vehicle which is lawfully used as a shop premises; and
- (d) direct to the ultimate consumer.

**Commencement Information**

**I62** Sch. 6 para. 4 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

5. The raw milk shall meet the following standards:

Plate count at 30°C (cfu per ml)	≤ 20,000
Coliforms (cfu per ml)	< 100

**Commencement Information**

**I63** Sch. 6 para. 5 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

6. In the case where farm premises are being used for the sale of raw cows' milk intended for direct human consumption pursuant to paragraph 3(a), the Agency shall carry out such sampling, analysis and examination of the milk as it considers necessary to ensure that it meets the standards specified in paragraph 5.

**Commencement Information**

**I64** Sch. 6 para. 6 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

7. In any case where the Agency carries out sampling, analysis and examination of raw cows' milk in accordance with paragraph 6, there shall be due to the Agency from the occupier of the production holding who is selling the milk a fee of £63, which is payable by the occupier to the Agency on demand.

**Commencement Information**

**I65** Sch. 6 para. 7 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

8. In this Schedule—

“distributor” means a person who sells raw cows' milk that has been produced on a production holding of which he is not the occupier;

“farm premises” means a farm occupied by the occupier of a production holding as a single farm and includes the production holding and any other building situated on that farm and occupied by the same occupier;

“occupier” means any person carrying on the business of producing or handling raw cows' milk or his duly authorised representative;

“production holding” means premises at which milk-producing cows are kept; and

“shop premises” means premises from which any food is sold to the final consumer.

**Commencement Information**

**I66** Sch. 6 para. 8 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

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## SCHEDULE 7

Regulation 30

## CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS

**The Colours in Food Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1996**

1. The Colours in Food Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1996<sup>(39)</sup> are amended as provided in paragraph 2.

**Commencement Information**

**I67** Sch. 7 para. 1 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

2. In regulation 4 (Health marking etc. of certain meat and meat products) immediately after the words “for the purpose of any health marking”, there shall be inserted; “as required by the Food Hygiene Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2006”.

**Commencement Information**

**I68** Sch. 7 para. 2 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**Commencement Information**

**I67** Sch. 7 para. 1 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**I68** Sch. 7 para. 2 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**The Animal By-Products (Identification) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1999**

3. The Animal By-Products (Identification) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1999<sup>(40)</sup> are amended as provided in paragraphs 4 to 11.

**Commencement Information**

**I69** Sch. 7 para. 3 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

4. In paragraph (1) of regulation 2 (interpretation)—

(a) for the definition of “animal by-products premises” there is substituted the following definition—

““animal by-products premises” means premises, other than a cold store, cutting plant, game-handling establishment or slaughterhouse, from which animal by-products are despatched to other premises;”;

(b) for the definition of “cold store” there is substituted the following definition—

““cold store” means any premises, not forming part of a cutting plant, game-handling establishment or slaughterhouse, used for the storage, under temperature controlled conditions, of fresh meat intended for sale for human consumption;”;

(c) for the definition of “cutting premises” there is substituted the following definition—

<sup>(39)</sup> S.R. 1996 No. 49, to which there are amendments not relevant to these Regulations

<sup>(40)</sup> S.R. 1999 No. 418, amended by S.R. 2000 No. 78, S.R. 2002 No. 238 and S.R. 2003 Nos. 9 and 504

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““cutting plant” has the meaning that it bears in regulation 5(6) of the Hygiene Regulations;”;

- (d) immediately after the definition of “farmed game” there is inserted the following definition—

““fresh meat” means meat that has not undergone any preserving process other than chilling, freezing or quick freezing, including meat that is vacuum-wrapped or wrapped in a controlled atmosphere;”;

- (e) for the definition of “game processing facility” there is substituted the following definition—

““game-handling establishment” has the meaning that it bears in regulation 5(6) of the Hygiene Regulations;”;

- (f) for the definition of “the Hygiene Regulations” there is substituted the following definition—

“the Hygiene Regulations” means the Food Hygiene Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2006;”;

- (g) for the definition of “occupier” there is substituted the following definition—

““occupier” means a person carrying on the business of any cold store, cutting plant, game-handling establishment, slaughterhouse or animal by-products premises, or the duly authorised representative of such a person;”;

- (h) for the definition of “slaughterhouse” there is substituted the following definition—

““slaughterhouse” has the meaning that it bears in regulation 5(6) of the Hygiene Regulations;”.

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**Commencement Information**

**I70** Sch. 7 para. 4 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

5. In paragraph (a) of regulation 4 (scope) for “in accordance with the Poultry Meat, Farmed Game Bird Meat and Rabbit Meat (Hygiene and Inspection) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1995” there is substituted “in accordance with the Hygiene Regulations”.

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**Commencement Information**

**I71** Sch. 7 para. 5 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

6. In paragraph (2)(d) of regulation 5 (exemptions) for “cutting premises, slaughterhouse, game processing facility” there is substituted “cutting plant, game-handling establishment, slaughterhouse”.

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**Commencement Information**

**I72** Sch. 7 para. 6 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

7. For regulation 6 (staining of animal by-products in cold stores, cutting premises, game processing facilities or slaughterhouses) there is substituted the following regulation—

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**“Staining of animal by-products in cold stores, cutting plants, game-handling establishments and slaughterhouses**

6.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), it shall be the duty of the occupier of any cold store, cutting plant, game-handling establishment or slaughterhouse to ensure that any animal by-product is stained without undue delay.

(2) The duty imposed by paragraph (1) shall not apply in relation to any animal by-product which—

(a) is—

- (i) immediately moved to accommodation in the relevant cold store, cutting plant, game-handling establishment or slaughterhouse,
- (ii) placed in a suitable, sufficient and lockable receptacle with closely fitting covers that is only used for holding meat rejected as unfit for human consumption and is clearly marked to that effect, and
- (iii) stained by the operator concerned as soon as practicable after it has been placed in the receptacle; or

(b) is immediately moved, in the manner specified in paragraph (4), to an approved rendering plant for rendering there, or to an approved incineration plant which is adequately separated from the cold store, cutting plant, game-handling establishment or slaughterhouse concerned for incineration there.

(3) The occupier of any cold store, cutting plant, game-handling establishment or slaughterhouse shall ensure that any animal by-product which is placed in a receptacle in accordance with paragraph (2) is stained and removed from the relevant cold store, cutting plant, game-handling establishment or slaughterhouse as soon as is reasonably practicable.

(4) The manner is that the animal by-product is moved through a sealed and leak-proof pipe which connects the cold store, cutting plant, game-handling establishment or slaughterhouse concerned directly with the relevant approved rendering plant or, as the case may be, approved incineration plant.”.

**Commencement Information**

**I73** Sch. 7 para. 7 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

8. For regulation 8 (freezing of animal by-products in any animal by-products premises, cold store, cutting premises, game processing facility or slaughterhouse) there is substituted the following regulation—

**“Freezing of animal by-products in any animal by-products premises, cold store, cutting plant, game-handling establishment or slaughterhouse**

8.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), no person shall freeze any animal by-product in any animal by-products premises, cold store, cutting plant, game-handling establishment or slaughterhouse unless it has been stained in accordance with these Regulations.

(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply in the case of any animal by-product which is intended to be removed from the relevant animal by-products premises, cold store, cutting plant, game-handling establishment or slaughterhouse in accordance with regulation 10(2).”.

**Commencement Information**

**I74** Sch. 7 para. 8 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

9. In regulation 9 (storage and packaging of animal by-products)—

(a) for paragraph (2) there is substituted the following paragraph—

“(2) The prohibition contained in paragraph (1) shall not apply in relation to an animal by-product which is stored in a suitable, sufficient and lockable receptacle with closely fitting covers that is only used for holding meat rejected as unfit for human consumption and is clearly marked to that effect.”; and

(b) in paragraph (3) for “cutting premises, game processing facility” there is substituted “cutting plant, game-handling establishment”.

**Commencement Information**

**I75** Sch. 7 para. 9 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

10. In regulation 10 (restriction on movement of animal by-products) in paragraphs (1) and (2) for “cutting premises, game processing facility” there is substituted “cutting plant, game-handling establishment”.

**Commencement Information**

**I76** Sch. 7 para. 10 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

11. In regulation 12 (enforcement) immediately after the words “enforced and executed” there shall be inserted; “in relation to any cutting plant, game-handling establishment or slaughterhouse”.

**Commencement Information**

**I77** Sch. 7 para. 11 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**Commencement Information**

**I69** Sch. 7 para. 3 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**I70** Sch. 7 para. 4 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**I71** Sch. 7 para. 5 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**I72** Sch. 7 para. 6 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**I73** Sch. 7 para. 7 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**I74** Sch. 7 para. 8 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**I75** Sch. 7 para. 9 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**I76** Sch. 7 para. 10 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**I77** Sch. 7 para. 11 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

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## The Food Labelling Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1996

12. The Food Labelling Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1996(41) are amended as provided in paragraphs 13 and 14.

### Commencement Information

**I78** Sch. 7 para. 12 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

13. In Schedule 3 (generic names in list of ingredients) in the entry in column 2 of Part I (general) opposite to the entry in column 1 for ““Meat” and the name of the animal species from which it comes, *or* a word which describes the meat by reference to the animal species from which it comes” for the words “(g) any products covered by the definition of “mechanically recovered meat” in Article 2(c) of Council Directive [64/433/EEC](#) on health conditions for the production and marketing of fresh meat, as last amended by Council Directive [95/23/EC](#).” there are substituted the words specified in paragraph 14.

### Commencement Information

**I79** Sch. 7 para. 13 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

14. The words are “(g) the product obtained by removing the meat from flesh-bearing bones after boning or from carcasses of farmed birds (including birds that are not considered as domestic but which are farmed as domestic animals, but not including ratites) using mechanical means resulting in the loss or modification of the muscle fibre structure.”.

### Commencement Information

**I80** Sch. 7 para. 14 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

### Commencement Information

**I78** Sch. 7 para. 12 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**I79** Sch. 7 para. 13 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**I80** Sch. 7 para. 14 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

## The Beef Bones Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1997

15. The Beef Bones Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1997(42) are amended as provided in paragraphs 16 and 17.

### Commencement Information

**I81** Sch. 7 para. 15 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

16. In paragraph (1) of regulation 2 (interpretation)—

(41) S.R. 1996 No. 383, amended by S.R. 1998 Nos. 24, 253 and 359, S.R. 1999 Nos. 143, 244, 286 and 301, S.R. 2000 Nos. 189 and 303, S.R. 2001 No. 45, S.R. 2003 Nos. 159, 160, 300, 301, 313, 383, 448 and 519, S.R. 2004 Nos. 13, 266 and 469 and S.R. 2005 Nos. 198 and 396

(42) S.R. 1997 No. 540, amended by S.R. 1999 No. 495 and S.R. 2000 No. 78



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- (a) immediately after the definition of “carcase” the following definition is inserted—  
““cutting plant” has the meaning that it bears in regulation 5(6) of the Hygiene Regulations;”;
- (b) immediately after the definition of “fresh meat” the following definitions are inserted—  
““game-handling establishment” has the meaning that it bears in regulation 5(6) of the Hygiene Regulations;  
“the Hygiene Regulations” means the Food Hygiene Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2006;” and
- (c) immediately after the definition of “occupier” the following definitions are inserted—  
““official veterinarian” means a veterinarian who is qualified in accordance with Regulation 854/2004 to act in such a capacity and is appointed by the Agency;  
“Regulation 854/2004” has the meaning that it bears in Schedule 1 to the Hygiene Regulations; and  
“slaughterhouse” has the meaning that it bears in regulation 5(6) of the Hygiene Regulations;”.

**Commencement Information**

**I82** Sch. 7 para. 16 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

17. In regulation 12 (enforcement)—

- (a) for paragraph (1) there shall be substituted the following paragraph—  
“(1) These Regulations shall be enforced—
  - (a) by the Agency in relation to any cutting-plant, game-handling establishment or slaughterhouse; and
  - (b) in relation to any other premises, by the Agency or by each district council within whose district the premises are situated;and each such authority shall for the purposes of these Regulations be an enforcement authority.”; and
- (b) in paragraph (2) immediately after the words “of an enforcement authority” there shall be inserted “or an official veterinarian”.

**Commencement Information**

**I83** Sch. 7 para. 17 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**Commencement Information**

**I81** Sch. 7 para. 15 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**I82** Sch. 7 para. 16 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**I83** Sch. 7 para. 17 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

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## The Condensed Milk and Dried Milk Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2003

18.—(1) The Condensed Milk and Dried Milk Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2003(43) are amended as provided in paragraph 19.

### Commencement Information

**I84** Sch. 7 para. 18 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

19. For Note 3 to Schedule 1 (partly or wholly dehydrated preserved milk products and their reserved descriptions) there is substituted the following Note—

“3. The preservation of the designated products shall be achieved—

- (a) by heat treatment for the products referred to in paragraph 1(a) to (d) of column 1;
- (b) by the addition of sucrose for the products referred to in paragraph 1(e) to (g) of column 1; and
- (c) by dehydration for the products referred to in paragraph 2 of column 1.”.

### Commencement Information

**I85** Sch. 7 para. 19 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

### Commencement Information

**I84** Sch. 7 para. 18 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

**I85** Sch. 7 para. 19 in operation at 11.1.2006, see [reg. 1](#)

## EXPLANATORY NOTE

*(This note is not part of the Regulations)*

1. These Regulations revoke and re-enact with changes the Food Hygiene Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005 (S.R. 2005 No. 356).

2. The Food Hygiene Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005 provided for the execution and enforcement in relation to Northern Ireland of certain Community instruments, referred to in those Regulations as “the Community Regulations”. The Community instruments in question are those specified in sub-paragraphs (a) to (c) of paragraph 4. By extending the definition of the phrase “the Community Regulations” in these Regulations to include the Community instruments specified in sub-paragraphs (d) and (e) of paragraph 4, these Regulations provide for the execution and enforcement in relation to Northern Ireland of all the Community instruments specified in that paragraph.

(43) S.R. 2003 No. 300, amended by S.R. 2004 No. 346

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3. The Community instruments specified in paragraph 4 are defined in Schedule 1. These Regulations update the definitions of the Community instruments specified in sub-paragraphs (a) to (c) of paragraph 4 to take account of certain Commission Regulations that enter into force on and apply from 11th January 2006. The Commission Regulations amend those Community instruments or as the case may be affect the way that they are to be read.

4. The Community instruments are—

- (a) Regulation (EC) No. 852/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the hygiene of foodstuffs (O.J. No. L139, 30.4.2004, p. 1; the revised text of this Regulation is now set out in a Corrigendum, O.J. No. L226, 25.6.2004, p. 3);
- (b) Regulation (EC) No. 853/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down specific hygiene rules for food of animal origin (O.J. No. L139, 30.4.2004, p. 55; the revised text of this Regulation is now set out in a Corrigendum, O.J. No. L226, 25.6.2004, p. 22);
- (c) Regulation (EC) No. 854/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down specific rules for the organisation of official controls on products of animal origin intended for human consumption (O.J. No. L155, 30.4.2004, p. 206; the revised text of this Regulation is now set out in a Corrigendum, O.J. No. L226, 25.6.2004, p. 83);
- (d) Commission Regulation (EC) No. 2073/2005 on microbiological criteria for foodstuffs (O.J. No. L338, 22.12.2005, p. 1); and
- (e) Commission Regulation (EC) No. 2075/2005 laying down specific rules on official controls for *Trichinella* in meat (O.J. No. L338, 22.12.2005, p. 60).

5. The other major changes made by these Regulations are that—

- (a) the previous enforcement arrangements are altered; and
- (b) the scope of Schedule 5 (direct supply by the producer of small quantities of meat from poultry or lagomorphs slaughtered on the farm) is extended in the light of Article 3 of Commission Regulation (EC) No. 2076/2005 laying down transitional arrangements for the implementation of Regulations (EC) No. 853/2004, (EC) No. 854/2004 and (EC) No. 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council and amending Regulations (EC) No. 853/2004 and (EC) No. 854/2004 (O.J. No. L338, 22.12.2005, p. 83).

6. These Regulations—

- (a) create certain presumptions that, for the purposes of these Regulations, specified food is intended for human consumption (*regulation 3*);
- (b) provide that the Food Standards Agency is the competent authority for the purposes of the Community Regulations except where it has delegated competences as provided for in the Community Regulations (*regulation 4*);
- (c) make provision for the execution and enforcement of these Regulations and of the Community Regulations (*regulation 5*);
- (d) provide for the following enforcement measures to be available in respect of a food business operator—
  - (i) hygiene improvement notices (*regulation 6*),
  - (ii) hygiene prohibition orders (*regulation 7*),
  - (iii) hygiene emergency prohibition notices and orders (*regulation 8*), and
  - (iv) remedial action notices and detention notices (*regulation 9*);
- (e) provide that where the commission of an offence under these Regulations is due to the act or default of some other person that other person is guilty of the offence (*regulation 10*);

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- (f) provide that in proceedings for an offence under these Regulations it is a defence for the accused to prove that he took all reasonable precautions and exercised all due diligence to avoid the commission of the offence (*regulation 11*);
- (g) provide for the procurement and analysis of samples (*regulations 12 and 13*);
- (h) provide powers of entry for authorised officers of the district council (*regulation 14*);
- (i) create the offence of obstructing an officer (*regulation 15*);
- (j) provide a time limit for bringing prosecutions (*regulation 16*);
- (k) provide that a person who contravenes specified provisions of the Community Regulations is guilty of an offence (*regulation 17(1)*);
- (l) provide penalties for offences (*regulation 17(2) and (3)*);
- (m) provide that a person is considered not to have contravened a specified provision of Regulation (EC) No. 852/2004 (requirement for bulk foodstuffs in liquid, granulate or powder form to be transported in receptacles and/or containers/tankers reserved for the transport of foodstuffs) provided the requirements of Schedule 3 are complied with (*regulation 17(4)*);
- (n) provide that where an offence under these Regulations which has been committed by a body corporate is proved to have been committed with the consent or connivance of, or to be attributable to any neglect on the part of, an officer of the body corporate or a person purporting to act as such he as well as the body corporate is deemed to be guilty of that offence and may be proceeded against and punished accordingly (*regulation 18*);
- (o) provide a right of appeal in respect of—
  - (i) the service of a hygiene improvement notice or a remedial action notice,
  - (ii) the refusal of an enforcement authority to issue a certificate under specified provisions to the effect that they are satisfied that a food business operator has taken measures to secure that the health risk condition is no longer fulfilled with respect to the food business concerned, and
  - (iii) the making of a hygiene prohibition order or a hygiene emergency prohibition order (*regulations 19 to 21*);
- (p) provide for the issue to district councils by the Department of codes of recommended practice (*regulation 22*);
- (q) provide for the protection of officers acting in good faith (*regulation 23*);
- (r) provide for the revocation or suspension of the designation or as the case may be appointment of specified officials (*regulation 24*);
- (s) provide that when an authorised officer has certified that any food has not been produced, processed or distributed in compliance with these Regulations and the Community Regulations, it shall be treated for the purposes of Article 8 of the Food Safety (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 as failing to comply with food safety requirements (*regulation 25*);
- (t) provide that the requirements set out in the following Schedules have effect—
  - (i) Schedule 3 (bulk transport in sea-going vessels of liquid oils or fats and the bulk transport by sea of raw sugar) (*regulation 26*),
  - (ii) Schedule 4 (temperature control requirements) (*regulation 27*),
  - (iii) Schedule 5 (direct supply by the producer of small quantities of meat from poultry or lagomorphs slaughtered on the farm) (*regulation 28*), and
  - (iv) Schedule 6 (restrictions on the sale of raw milk intended for direct human consumption) (*regulation 29*);

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- (u) make consequential amendments to specified statutory rules (*regulation 30*); and
- (v) revoke the Poultry Meat, Farmed Game Bird Meat and Rabbit Meat (Hygiene and Inspection) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1995 ([S.R. 1995 No. 396](#)) and the Food Hygiene Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005 ([S.R. 2005 No. 356](#)) (*regulation 31*).

### Changes to legislation:

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### Changes and effects yet to be applied to :

- Sch. 1 substituted by [S.R. 2007/16 reg. 2\(7\)](#)Sch.
- Sch. 1 substituted by [S.R. 2010/83 reg. 2\(3\)](#)Sch.
- Sch. 1 substituted by [S.R. 2012/280 reg. 2\(5\)](#)Sch. 1
- Sch. 1 substituted by [S.R. 2019/218 reg. 7](#)Sch. 1
- Sch. 1 substituted by [S.R. 2019/5 Sch. 1](#)
- Sch. 1 words added by [S.R. 2016/345 reg. 2\(3\)\(c\)](#)
- Sch. 1 words inserted by [S.R. 2013/291 reg. 3\(3\)\(f\)](#)
- Sch. 1 words inserted by [S.R. 2014/286 reg. 2\(4\)](#)
- Sch. 1 words omitted by [S.R. 2013/291 reg. 3\(3\)\(a\)](#)
- Sch. 1 words omitted by [S.R. 2016/345 reg. 2\(3\)\(b\)](#)
- Sch. 1 words substituted by [S.R. 2013/291 reg. 3\(3\)\(b\)](#)
- Sch. 1 words substituted by [S.R. 2013/291 reg. 3\(3\)\(c\)](#)
- Sch. 1 words substituted by [S.R. 2013/291 reg. 3\(3\)\(d\)](#)
- Sch. 1 words substituted by [S.R. 2013/291 reg. 3\(3\)\(e\)](#)
- Sch. 1 words substituted by [S.R. 2014/277 reg. 2\(3\)](#)
- Sch. 1 words substituted by [S.R. 2016/345 reg. 2\(3\)\(a\)](#)
- Sch. 2 full stop omitted by [S.R. 2014/286 reg. 2\(5\)](#)
- Sch. 2 substituted by [S.I. 2019/1085 Sch. 1](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. [S.I. 2019/1085](#) revoked immediately before IP completion day by [S.I. 2020/1504](#), regs. 1(2), 21(f))
- Sch. 2 substituted by [S.I. 2019/652 Sch. 1](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. [S.I. 2019/652](#) revoked immediately before IP completion day by [S.I. 2020/1504](#), regs. 1(2), 21(a))
- Sch. 2 words inserted by [S.R. 2014/286 reg. 2](#)
- Sch. 2 words substituted by [S.R. 2016/345 reg. 2\(4\)\(a\)](#)
- Sch. 2 words substituted by [S.R. 2016/345 reg. 2\(4\)\(b\)](#)
- Sch. 2 words substituted by [S.R. 2020/286 reg. 4\(4\)](#)
- Sch. 3 para. 2-6 omitted by [S.R. 2014/286 reg. 2\(6\)\(a\)](#)
- Sch. 3 para. 14(2) omitted by [S.R. 2014/286 reg. 2\(6\)\(c\)](#)
- Sch. 3 para. 14(1) words omitted by [S.R. 2014/286 reg. 2\(6\)\(b\)](#)
- Sch. 3 para. 10 words substituted by [S.I. 2019/1085 reg. 3\(3\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. [S.I. 2019/1085](#) revoked immediately before IP completion day by [S.I. 2020/1504](#), regs. 1(2), 21(f))
- Sch. 3 para. 10 words substituted by [S.I. 2019/652 reg. 3\(3\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. [S.I. 2019/652](#) revoked immediately before IP completion day by [S.I. 2020/1504](#), regs. 1(2), 21(a))
- Sch. 4 para. 8 words substituted by [S.R. 2014/223 Sch. 7 Pt. 2 para. 12](#)
- Sch. 4 para. 3(f) words substituted by [S.R. 2019/5 reg. 13\(5\)\(a\)\(i\)](#)
- Sch. 4 para. 3(g) words substituted by [S.R. 2019/5 reg. 13\(5\)\(a\)\(ii\)](#)
- Sch. 4 para. 8 words substituted by [S.R. 2019/5 reg. 13\(5\)\(b\)](#)
- Sch. 6 para. 1 substituted by [S.R. 2014/277 reg. 2\(4\)\(a\)](#)
- Sch. 6 para. 8 words inserted by [S.R. 2014/277 reg. 2\(4\)\(c\)\(i\)](#)
- Sch. 6 para. 8 words inserted by [S.R. 2014/277 reg. 2\(4\)\(c\)\(ii\)](#)
- Sch. 6 para. 8 words inserted by [S.R. 2014/277 reg. 2\(4\)\(c\)\(iii\)](#)
- Sch. 7 omitted by [S.R. 2019/5 reg. 13\(6\)](#)
- Sch. 7 para. 12-14 revoked by [S.R. 2014/223 Sch. 6 Pt. 1](#)
- Sch. 7 para. 1819 revoked by [S.R. 2018/77 reg. 8\(b\)](#)
- Regulations applied (with modifications) by [S.I. 2023/1056 reg. 9](#)Sch. reg. 2(1) words inserted by [S.R. 2019/218 reg. 5\(a\)\(iii\)](#)
- reg. 2(1) words omitted by [S.R. 2019/5 reg. 13\(2\)](#)

- reg. 2(1) words substituted by [S.R. 2007/16 reg. 2\(2\)](#)
- reg. 2(1) words substituted by [S.R. 2010/83 reg. 2\(2\)](#)
- reg. 2(1) words substituted by [S.R. 2012/280 reg. 2\(2\)](#)
- reg. 2(1) words substituted by [S.R. 2014/286 reg. 2\(2\)](#)
- reg. 2(1) words substituted by [S.R. 2016/345 reg. 2\(2\)](#)
- reg. 2(1) words substituted by [S.R. 2019/218 reg. 5\(a\)\(i\)](#)
- reg. 2(1) words substituted by [S.R. 2019/218 reg. 5\(a\)\(ii\)](#)
- reg. 5(6) substituted by [S.R. 2019/218 reg. 6](#)
- reg. 7(9) word substituted by [S.R. 2007/16 reg. 2\(3\)](#)
- reg. 8(2) word substituted by [S.R. 2007/16 reg. 2\(3\)](#)
- reg. 8(10) word substituted by [S.R. 2007/16 reg. 2\(4\)](#)
- reg. 9(1) words omitted by [S.R. 2012/130 reg. 2\(2\)](#)
- reg. 13(10) words substituted by [S.R. 2013/66 reg. 11\(a\)](#)
- reg. 13(11) words substituted by [S.R. 2013/66 reg. 11\(a\)](#)
- reg. 14(3) words substituted by [S.R. 2007/16 reg. 2\(5\)](#)
- reg. 17(1) word substituted by [S.I. 2019/1013 reg. 4\(a\)\(i\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. S.I. 2019/1013 revoked immediately before IP completion day by S.I. 2020/1504, regs. 1(2), 21(e))
- reg. 17(1) words inserted by [S.I. 2019/1013 reg. 4\(a\)\(ii\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. S.I. 2019/1013 revoked immediately before IP completion day by S.I. 2020/1504, regs. 1(2), 21(e))
- reg. 17(1) words substituted by [S.R. 2020/286 reg. 4\(2\)\(a\)](#)
- reg. 17(3) substituted by [S.R. 2014/277 reg. 2\(2\)\(a\)](#)
- reg. 20 deleted by [S.R. 2007/16 reg. 2\(6\)](#)
- reg. 30 omitted by [S.R. 2019/5 reg. 13\(3\)](#)

**Changes and effects yet to be applied to the whole Rule associated Parts and Chapters:**

- Blanket amendment words substituted by [S.I. 2011/1043 art. 3-68-10](#)

**Whole provisions yet to be inserted into this Rule (including any effects on those provisions):**

- Sch. 2A inserted by [S.R. 2020/286 reg. 4\(5\)Sch.](#)
- Sch. 6 para. 7A inserted by [S.R. 2014/277 reg. 2\(4\)\(b\)](#)
- Sch. 6 para. 7A substituted by [S.R. 2019/110 reg. 2\(2\)](#)
- Sch. 6A inserted by [S.R. 2012/280 reg. 2\(6\)Sch. 2](#)
- Sch. 6A revoked by [S.R. 2014/286 reg. 2\(7\)](#)
- art. 2(1) words omitted by [S.R. 2013/291 reg. 3\(2\)](#)
- art. 2(1) words substituted by [S.R. 2013/291 reg. 3\(2\)](#)
- reg. 2(6) inserted by [S.R. 2012/280 reg. 2\(3\)](#)
- reg. 2(6) words omitted by [S.R. 2019/218 reg. 5\(b\)](#)
- reg. 17(5) inserted by [S.R. 2020/286 reg. 4\(2\)\(b\)](#)
- reg. 17(5) inserted by [S.I. 2019/1013 reg. 4\(b\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. S.I. 2019/1013 revoked immediately before IP completion day by S.I. 2020/1504, regs. 1(2), 21(e))
- reg. 21(4) inserted by [S.R. 2012/130 reg. 2\(3\)](#)
- reg. 29A inserted by [S.R. 2012/280 reg. 2\(4\)](#)
- reg. 29A revoked by [S.R. 2014/286 reg. 2\(3\)](#)
- reg. 32 inserted by [S.R. 2020/286 reg. 4\(3\)](#)