

SCHEDULE 3

Regulation 5

Quality wine psr

Placing on the market

20. It is an offence to use the term “quality wine psr” in relation to a wine produced in Northern Ireland unless it complies with this Schedule.

Commencement Information

I1 Sch. 3 para. 20 in operation at 1.12.2009, see [reg. 1](#)

Specified regions

21. For the purposes of point A of Annex VI to Regulation 1493/99, “specified region” means Northern Irish vineyards less than 220 metres above sea level.

Commencement Information

I2 Sch. 3 para. 21 in operation at 1.12.2009, see [reg. 1](#)

Irrigation

22. Irrigation may only be carried out in accordance with an authorisation granted by the Agency.

Commencement Information

I3 Sch. 3 para. 22 in operation at 1.12.2009, see [reg. 1](#)

Production

23.—(1) The wine must be —

- (a) produced in accordance with point D(1) of Annex VI to Regulation 1493/99.
- (b) treated in accordance with Point G of that Annex;
- (c) enriched, etc., in accordance with point H of that Annex;

(2) In accordance with point D(3) of that Annex, a quality wine psr may be produced in an area in immediate proximity to the specified region.

Commencement Information

I4 Sch. 3 para. 23 in operation at 1.12.2009, see [reg. 1](#)

Minimum natural alcoholic strength

24. The minimum natural alcoholic strength is 6%.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/12/2009.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Wine Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2009, SCHEDULE 3. (See end of Document for details)

Commencement Information

I5 Sch. 3 para. 24 in operation at 1.12.2009, see **reg. 1**

Maximum yield

25. For the purposes of point I, paragraph 1, of Annex VI to Regulation 1493/99, the maximum yield is 80 hectolitres per hectare.

Commencement Information

I6 Sch. 3 para. 25 in operation at 1.12.2009, see **reg. 1**

Designation of competent body

26. Notwithstanding regulation 3 of these Regulations, the Agency is the competent body for the purposes of Article 56 of Regulation 1493/99.

Commencement Information

I7 Sch. 3 para. 26 in operation at 1.12.2009, see **reg. 1**

Analytical test

27. For the purposes of point J, paragraph 1(a) of Annex VI to Regulation 1493/99 wine must be analysed in accordance with Regulation 2676/90 and must comply with the parameters in the following table.

Analytical tests

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Value</i>
Alcoholic strength	A minimum of 5.5% alcoholic strength for wines having a natural alcoholic strength of not less than 10%
Reducing sugars	No standard required to be met
Total acidity	A minimum of 4 grams per litre expressed as tartaric acid
Volatile acidity	A maximum volatile acid content as described in point B, paragraph 1(a), (b) or (c), of Annex V to Regulation 1493/99 as read with Annex XVI to Regulation 423/2008.
pH	No standard required to be met
Free sulphur dioxide	A maximum as defined in point A, paragraphs 1 and 2(a) and (b), of Annex V to Regulation 1493/99
Copper	A maximum of 0.5 mg/l

Status: Point in time view as at 01/12/2009.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Wine Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2009, SCHEDULE 3. (See end of Document for details)

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Value</i>
Iron	A maximum of 8 mg/l
Sterility	There must be no indication of yeasts or bacteria liable to spoil the wine
Protein stability	The wine must remain unchanged in appearance after being held at 70°C for 15 minutes and subsequently cooled to 20°C

Commencement Information

18 Sch. 3 para. 27 in operation at 1.12.2009, see **reg. 1**

Status:

Point in time view as at 01/12/2009.

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Wine Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2009, SCHEDULE 3.