#### EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM TO

The Shared Parental Leave and Statutory Shared Parental Pay (Consequential Amendments to Subordinate Legislation) Order (Northern Ireland) 2015

#### S.R. 2015 No. 146

#### 1. Introduction

- 1.1. This Explanatory Memorandum has been prepared by the Department for Employment and Learning to accompany the Statutory Rule (details above) which is laid before the Northern Ireland Assembly.
- 1.2. The Statutory Rule is made under section 21(1) and (2) of the Work and Familes Act (Northern Ireland) 2015 and is subject to the negative resolution procedure.

### 2. Purpose

- 2.1. This Order makes consequential amendments arising from Part 2 of the Work and Families Act (Northern Ireland) 2015. Part 2 makes provision for new entitlements to shared parental leave and statutory shared parental pay and abolishes additional paternity leave and additional statutory paternity pay.
- 2.2. Specifically the Order amends existing subordinate legislation to omit references to "ordinary" where that word occurs before "paternity leave" or "statutory paternity pay"; omit references to "additional paternity leave" and "additional statutory paternity pay"; and insert references to "shared parental leave" and "statutory shared parental pay".

### 3. Background

- 3.1. The Work and Families Act (Northern Ireland) 2015 provides a legislative framework for the making of regulations that allow for the voluntary sharing of leave and pay entitlement between parents following the birth or adoption of a child, and for conferring other rights relating to the first year after birth, or placement, of the child. The Act further facilitates extension to the right to request flexible working for all qualifying employees.
- 3.2. This Order is part of a group of Statutory Rules which, taken collectively, have the purpose of enabling eligible working parents to share leave and pay entitlement in respect of children due to be born, or placed for adoption, on or after 5th April 2015.

#### 4. Consultation

- 4.1. Public consultation explaining Great Britain proposals and asking whether it would be appropriate to take forward comparable measures in Northern Ireland took place between 6th June and 23rd August 2013.
- 4.2. The consultation asked for views on the merits of the Great Britain programme; the extent (if any) to which it should be implemented in Northern Ireland; and whether alternative options would be appropriate.

- 4.3. There were 28 substantive responses to the consultation, demonstrating substantial support for the introduction of rights to leave and pay for Northern Ireland's working parents corresponding to the entitlements being brought forward in Great Britain.
- 4.4. The Department considered a number of policy options. The first was to retain unchanged the present leave, pay and/or flexible working arrangements, making such minor legislative amendments as necessary to support that objective. This received no substantive support.
- 4.5. The second option was to develop pay, leave and/or flexible working arrangements be spoke to Northern Ireland. Although the consultation did not make any specific alternative proposals concerning leave and pay, it did ask for stakeholder input on available options. None were identified
- 4.6. The third option available to the Department was to provide leave, pay and/or flexible working entitlements corresponding to those envisaged in Great Britain. As this option received substantial support, the Department proceeded on this basis.

# 5. Equality Impact

- 5.1. An assessment of the equality impact of the complete package of proposals concluded that, of the nine equality categories set out under section 75 of the Northern Ireland Act 1998, the primary beneficiaries of the proposals are anticipated to be older workers, male and female employees, dependants and persons with disabilities.
- 5.2. This Order, constituting part of that package, will contribute to a positive impact from an equality perspective in that they will support working fathers in their family life and provide parents with additional choice and flexibility in balancing their responsibilities at work and in the home.

### 6. Regulatory Impact

- 6.1. A Regulatory Impact Assessment, carried out on the basis of the corresponding exercise in Great Britain, has identified only modest costs in respect of the package of new rights for working parents.
- 6.2. The assessment anticipates one-off transitional costs across all employers totalling £1,467,000, relating to the cost of management time in changes to payroll/HR systems in implementing the new rights.
- 6.3. Annually recurring costs of £747,000 are expected to be associated with parents exercising the new rights in respect of adoption leave and pay, antenatal appointments, unpaid parental leave and shared parental leave and pay.

### 7. Financial Implications

7.1. Estimated additional costs to the Exchequer in respect of introducing the new rights to Northern Ireland are: one-off transitional costs of £207,000 associated with preparing for the implementation of the new rights; and annually recurring costs totalling £288,000 comprised of administrative costs and costs associated with parents exercising the new rights in respect of adoption leave and pay and shared parental leave and pay.

#### 8. Section 24 of the Northern Ireland Act 1998

- 8.1. The Department is satisfied that the Order is compliant with section 24 of the Northern Ireland Act 1998.
- 8.2. The package of which the Order is part impacts on family life to the extent that it increases choice and flexibility, improving options with regard to childcare. Negative impacts on the right to family life are not considered to arise.

# 9. EU Implications

9.1. Not applicable.

## 10. Parity or Replicatory Measure

10.1. The Order corresponds to the Shared Parental Leave and Statutory Shared Parental Pay (Consequential Amendments to Subordinate Legislation) Order 2014 in Great Britain (S.I. 2014/3255), and contributes to the continuation and enhancement of a UK wide system of rights for working parents. This reflects the wishes of contributors to successive public consultations in this area of law.

#### 11. Additional Information

11.1. Not applicable.

## 12. 21-Day Rule

This Order forms part of a very substantial series of Statutory Rules intended to extend new rights to parents of children expecting a child to be born or placed for adoption from 5th April 2015. As there is a need to cater (insofar as is possible) for premature births of babies due on or after 5th April, the Department considers that it is in the interests of this group of new parents to bring this Order into operation at the earliest possible date. Doing so enables parents to notify their employers from an early date of plans to avail of the new leave/pay entitlement; 8 weeks' notice is required to be given in order to do so. Given that the proposed system will operate on a UK wide basis, and that the corresponding Statutory Instruments in Great Britain are already operative, it is also a priority for the Department to introduce relevant Northern Ireland provisions as soon as possible so as to minimise inconsistency and potential for confusion. The Department is conscious that this decision occasions a breach of the 21-day rule but, on balance, considers this action merited for the reasons given.