

## SCHEDULE 1

## Compositional criteria

12. The additional compositional criteria set out in the following table apply—

<i>Criteria</i>	<i>Amount</i>
Sugar content	
1.—(1) Fructose and glucose content (sum of both)—	
(a) (a) blossom honey	not less than 60g/100g
(b) (b) honeydew honey and a blend of honeydew honey with blossom honey	not less than 45g/100g
(2) Sucrose content—	
(a) (a) all honey except for honey specified in paragraph (b) or (c)	not more than 5g/100g
(b) (b) false acacia ( <i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i> ) honey, alfalfa ( <i>Medicago sativa</i> ) honey, Menzies Banksia ( <i>Banksia menziesii</i> ) honey, French honeysuckle ( <i>Hedysarum</i> ) honey, red gum ( <i>Eucalyptus camadulensis</i> ) honey, leatherwood ( <i>Eucryphia lucida</i> , <i>Eucryphia milliganii</i> ) honey, <i>Citrus</i> spp. honey	not more than 10g/100g
(c) (c) lavender ( <i>Lavandula</i> spp.) honey, borage ( <i>Borago officinalis</i> ) honey	not more than 15g/100g
Moisture content	
2. Moisture content—	
(a) (a) all honey except for honey specified in paragraph (b), (c) or (d)	not more than 20%
(b) (b) honey from heather ( <i>Calluna</i> )	not more than 23%
(c) (c) baker's honey except for baker's honey from heather ( <i>Calluna</i> )	not more than 23%
(d) (d) baker's honey from heather ( <i>Calluna</i> )	not more than 25%
Water-insoluble content	
3. Water-insoluble content—	
(a) (a) all honey except pressed honey	not more than 0.1g/100g
(b) (b) pressed honey	not more than 0.5g/100g
Electrical conductivity	
4. Electrical conductivity—	
(a) (a) all honey except for bell heather ( <i>Erica</i> ) honey, chestnut honey, eucalyptus honey, honeydew honey, lime ( <i>Tilia</i> spp.) honey, ling heather ( <i>Calluna vulgaris</i> ) honey,	not more than 0.8mS/cm

**Changes to legislation:** There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Honey Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2015, Paragraph 12. (See end of Document for details)

manuka or jelly bush (*Leptospermum*) honey, strawberry tree (*Arbutus unedo*) honey and tea tree (*Melaleuca* spp.) honey

- (b) (b) blends of honeys to which paragraph (a) applies not more than 0.8mS/cm
- (c) (c) honeydew honey not less than 0.8mS/cm
- (d) (d) blends of honeydew honey except blends of that honey with bell heather (*Erica*) honey, eucalyptus honey, lime (*Tilia* spp.) honey, ling heather (*Calluna vulgaris*) honey, manuka or jelly bush (*Leptospermum*) honey, strawberry tree (*Arbutus unedo*) honey and tea tree (*Melaleuca* spp.) honey not less than 0.8mS/cm
- (e) (e) chestnut honey not less than 0.8mS/cm
- (f) (f) blends of chestnut honey except blends of that honey with bell heather (*Erica*) honey, eucalyptus honey, lime (*Tilia* spp.) honey, ling heather (*Calluna vulgaris*) honey, manuka or jelly bush (*Leptospermum*) honey, strawberry tree (*Arbutus unedo*) honey and tea tree (*Melaleuca* spp.) honey not less than 0.8mS/cm

Free acid

5. Free acid—

- (a) (a) all honey except for baker's honey not more than 50 milliequivalents acid per 1,000 grams
- (b) (b) baker's honey not more than 80 milliequivalents acid per 1,000 grams

Diastase activity and hydroxymethylfurfural content

6. Diastase activity and hydroxymethylfurfural content (HMF) determined after processing and blending—

- (a) (a) diastase activity (Schade scale) —
  - (i) (i) all honey except baker's honey and honey specified in sub-paragraph (ii) not less than 8
  - (ii) (ii) honey with a low natural enzyme content (e.g. citrus honey) and an HMF content of not more than 15mg/kg not less than 3
- (b) (b) HMF—
  - (i) (i) all honey except baker's honey and honey specified in sub-paragraph (ii) not more than 40mg/kg
  - (ii) (ii) honey of a declared origin from a region with a tropical climate and blends of these honeys not more than 80mg/kg

**Changes to legislation:**

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Honey Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2015, Paragraph 12.