#### EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM TO

# THE UNIVERSAL CREDIT HOUSING COSTS (EXECUTIVE DETERMINATIONS) (AMENDMENT) REGULATIONS (NORTHERN IRELAND) 2017

## 2017 No. 144

## 1. Introduction

1.1 This explanatory memorandum has been prepared by the Department for Communities (Northern Ireland) on behalf of the Department for Work and Pensions and is laid before Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

# 2. Purpose of the instrument

- 2.1 This instrument amends the Universal Credit Housing Costs (Executive Determinations) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2016 (S.R. 2016 No. 222), to provide how the Local Housing Allowance ("LHA") rate will be calculated.
- 2.2 The amendments provide that the LHA rate as determined for certain categories of dwelling in specified broad market rental areas are uplifted by 3%.

# 3. Matters of special interest to Parliament

Matters of special interest to the Joint Committee on Statutory Instruments

3.1 None.

# Other matters of interest to the House of Commons

3.2 As these Regulations are subject to the negative resolution procedure and have not been prayed against, consideration as to whether there are other matters of interest to the House of Commons does not arise at this stage.

# 4. Legislative Context

- 4.1 Section 87 of the Northern Ireland Act 1998 ("the 1998 Act") places a statutory duty on the Minister for Communities and the Secretary of State for Work and Pensions to consult with one another with a view to securing a single social security system for the United Kingdom. Section 88 of the 1998 Act makes provision for financial adjustments to support the maintenance of these parity arrangements.
- 4.2 Underpinning the parity principle is the argument that, as people in Northern Ireland pay the same rates of income tax and National Insurance contributions as people in Great Britain, they are entitled to the same rights and benefits paid at the same rate.
- 4.3 The Welfare Reform Act 2012 ("the 2012 Act") introduced a number of reforms which included the introduction of Universal Credit, Personal Independence Payment and a cap on the amount of benefits working age people can receive. This was to restrict the total amount of money a non-working household can receive to broadly the level of the average earned income of working households after tax and national insurance contributions are deducted.
- 4.4 The Welfare Reform and Work Act 2016 ("the 2016 Act") provided for the introduction of further reforms in Great Britain, including tiered reductions to the level

- of the benefit cap depending on where in Great Britain claimants lived, changes to the child element of Universal Credit and Child Tax Credits and the removal of the work-related activity component in Employment and Support Allowance and the Limited Capability for Work element in Universal Credit.
- 4.5 On 17 November 2015 "A Fresh Start: The Stormont Agreement and Implementation Plan" was agreed by the main political parties in Northern Ireland. Included in this agreement was the approach agreed by the Executive and HM Government to implementing welfare reform in Northern Ireland. The Northern Ireland (Welfare Reform) Act 2015 provides a power for Her Majesty to legislate on social security, child support and certain matters related to employment and training in Northern Ireland by Order in Council. Any such Order in Council may then confer power on the Secretary of State or a Northern Ireland department to make further provision regarding these matters by regulations or order. The Welfare Reform (Northern Ireland) Order 2015 ("the 2015 Order") was made on 9 December 2015 making provision corresponding to the 2012 Act. The Welfare Reform and Work (Northern Ireland) Order 2016 ("the 2016 Order") was made on 12th October 2016 making provision corresponding to the social security provisions of the 2016 Act, and regulations stemming from the 2016 Order are now being brought forward.
- 4.6 In order to maintain parity, these regulations implement for Northern Ireland the changes brought about for Universal Credit only in the equivalent GB regulations, The Rent Officers (Housing Benefit and Universal Credit Functions) (Local Housing Allowance Amendments) Order 2016 (S.I/2016/1179) which came into force on 23 January 2017. Similar provision has already been made in Northern Ireland for Housing Benefit in The Housing Benefit (Executive Determinations) (Amendment) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2017 (S.R. 2017 No. 9) which came into operation on 23 January 2017.

# 5. Extent and Territorial Application

- 5.1 The extent of these Regulations is Northern Ireland.
- 5.2 The territorial application of these Regulations is Northern Ireland.

# 6. European Convention on Human Rights

6.1 As these Regulations are subject to the negative resolution procedure and do not amend primary legislation, no statement is required.

# 7. Policy background

#### What is being done and why

- 7.1 The Universal Credit Housing Costs (Executive Determinations) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2016 cover the private rented sector only and require the Northern Ireland Housing Executive (NIHE) to determine broad rental market areas and to make LHA determinations on the last working day of January each year for each broad rental market area.
- 7.2 Schedule 1 of the Universal Credit Housing Costs (Executive Determinations)
  Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2016 sets out the method of calculating the LHA. This is the LHA determined for that category of dwelling or accommodation on 30<sup>th</sup> January 2015, or the rent at the 30th percentile of rents where that rent is lower than that

- allowance. The NIHE use the rates set by reference to the Housing Benefit (Executive Determinations) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2008 (<u>S.R. 2008 No. 100</u>).
- 7.3 The Chancellor, in his Summer Budget statement in 2015, announced that LHA rates would be frozen for four years from April 2016 to March 2020, as part of a package of reforms to the welfare system to make it fairer for the taxpayers who fund it, while continuing to support the most vulnerable. This means that the LHA rate will either be frozen at the April 2015 rate or be set at the 30<sup>th</sup> percentile of local rents, if this is lower.
- 7.4 In recognition that freezing LHA rates may have very different effects in different areas, the Government committed to use 30 per cent of the savings to create a new round of Targeted Affordability Funding. This Funding will be used to increase some LHA rates by 3 per cent in those areas where there have been higher rental increases.
- 7.5 The areas and rates which will receive the increase in 2017/2018 are set out in these Regulations, and are those which have diverged the furthest away from the 30th percentile of local rents.

#### Consolidation

7.6 This instrument will be informally consolidated in the Law Relating to Social Security Northern Ireland (or "Blue Volumes"). It will be available to the public at no cost via the internet at: <a href="https://www.communities-ni.gov.uk/services/law-relating-social-security">https://www.communities-ni.gov.uk/services/law-relating-social-security</a>.

#### 8. Consultation outcome

8.1 This measure has not been subject to public consultation.

## 9. Guidance

9.1 The appropriate guidance will be amended for staff and Decision Makers in advance of this instrument becoming operational.

## 10. Impact

- 10.1 There is no impact on business, charities or voluntary bodies.
- 10.2 There is no impact on the public sector more broadly than fiscal changes associated with any change to payment of housing costs as a result of this instrument.
- 10.3 An impact assessment has not been prepared for this instrument.

## 11. Regulating small business

11.1 The legislation does not apply to activities that are undertaken by small businesses.

## 12. Contact

12.1 Anne McCleary at the Department for Communities can answer any queries regarding the rule Telephone: 028 90823332 or email: <a href="mailto:anne.mccleary@communities-ni.gov.uk">anne.mccleary@communities-ni.gov.uk</a>.