Interpretation.

5. In this Order:

"Sheep" includes lambs.

Commencement.

6. This Order shall come into operation on the eighteenth day of September, 1933.

Short Title.

7. This Order may be cited as the Sheep Dipping (Special Regulation) Order of 1933.

In Witness whereof the Official Seal of the Ministry of Agriculture for Northern Ireland is hereunto affixed this eleventh day of September, nineteen hundred and thirty-three.

(L.S.) (Signed),

James S. Gordon.

Secretary.

CIVIL AUTHORITIES (SPECIAL POWERS)

Examination of Witnesses by Magistrates, p. 35. Prohibition of Assemblies, p. 37. Refusal to recognise Court, p. 38. Republican Flag, p. 39. Unlawful Associations: "The National Guard," p. 40.

Examination of Witnesses by Magistrates.

1933. No. 110.

Whereas certain Regulations for Peace and Order in Northern Ireland are contained in the Schedule to the Civil Authorities (Special Powers) Act (Northern Ireland), 1922, and it is provided by sub-section (3) of section 1 of the said Act that the Minister of Home Affairs shall have power to make Regulations (a) for making further provision for the preservation of the Peace and Maintenance of Order, and (b) for varying or revoking any provision of the Regulations, whether contained in the said Schedule, or made as aforesaid, and that any Regulations made as aforesaid shall, subject to the provisions of the said Act have effect and be enforced in like manner as Regulations contained in the said Schedule:

Now, therefore, I, The Right Honourable Sir Richard Dawson Bates, Minister of Home Affairs for Northern Ireland, do make the following Regulation for making further provision for the preservation of the Peace and Maintenance of Order, and the

said Regulation shall be enforced and have effect in like manner as Regulations contained in the said Schedule, and the said Regulation now made, and the Regulations contained in the said Schedule shall have effect and be construed as if the said Regulation now made formed part of said Regulations in said Schedule, that is to say:—

22B.—(1) Where it is suspected that an offence has been, is being, or is about to be committed, any person whom there is reason to believe to be capable of giving material evidence or information concerning such offence may be brought without warrant by a Police Officer before a Resident Magistrate and such Resident Magistrate may examine on oath and take the deposition of such person concerning any such offence, and if he sees cause, may bind such person by Recognizance to appear and give evidence at the next Petty Sessions, or when called upon, within three months from the date of such Recognizance; and the law relating to a witness when summoned before a Justice having jurisdiction and required to give evidence concerning the matter of an Information or Complaint, shall apply to a witness brought before a Resident Magistrate under this Regulation:

Provided that a shorthand-writer shall be in attendance at such Inquiries and shall take down the questions of the Magistrate and the answers of each witness:

Provided Also that upon any person being accused of an offence respecting which an Inquiry under this Regulation has been held, such accused person on his being returned for trial for such crime, or being charged before a Court of Summary Jurisdiction for such offence, or his Solicitor, shall upon request be supplied with copies of all depositions relating to such crime or offence taken at any Inquiry under this Regulation of any witness to be called against him.

- (2) An offence for the purpose of this Regulation means any felony or misdemeanour and also any offence against the Civil Authorities (Special Powers) Acts (Northern Ireland), 1922-1933, or against these Regulations.
- (3) A person examined under this Regulation shall not be excused from answering any question on the ground that the answer thereto may criminate or tend to criminate himself, but any statement made by any person in answer to any question put to him on any examination under this Regulation shall not, except in case of an Indictment or other criminal proceeding for perjury or of a prosecution under Regulation 24B be admissible in evidence against him in any proceeding, civil or criminal.
- (4) The Magistrate who conducts the examination under this Regulation of a person concerning any offence shall not, if such offence is punishable on summary conviction, take part in the hearing and determination of a charge for that offence, and shall

not, if such offence is an indictable offence, take part in the taking of depositions against or committing for trial of such person for such offence.

(5) The Magistrate holding an Inquiry under this Regulation shall himself conduct such Inquiry and shall not permit any

other person to question or examine any witness:

Provided that if any person has been charged with the commission of the offence which is the subject of the Inquiry, no witness while the said charge is pending shall be compelled to answer who has been called to give evidence for the defence of such accused person.

- (6) No person other than the Magistrate, or such official person as the Magistrate shall direct, shall be present at such Inquiry.
- (7) If any person brought before a Resident Magistrate under this Regulation refuses to answer a question put to him on an examination held under this Regulation he shall be guilty of an offence against these Regulations.
- (8) If on the examination of any person under this Regulation such person—
 - (a) Refuses to answer a question put to him on examination, or

(b) Refuses to recognise the Court; or

(c) States that he is a Member of an Association declared by these Regulations to be an unlawful Association,

the Resident Magistrate who conducts the examination shall so certify under his hand and such certificate shall be evidence of the facts therein stated in any prosecution under these Regulations.

Given under My Hand at Belfast this 25th day of October, 1933.

R. Dawson Bates,
Minister of Home Affairs for
Northern Ireland.
Civil Authority.

Prohibition of Assemblies.

1933. No. 80.

Whereas certain Regulations for Peace and Order in Northern Ireland are contained in the Schedule to the Civil Authorities (Special Powers) Act (Northern Ireland), 1922, and it is provided by sub-section (3) of Section 1 of the said Act that the Minister of Home Affairs shall have power to make Regulations: (a) for making further provision for the preservation of the Peace and Maintenance of Order, and (b) for varying or revoking any provision of the Regulations, whether contained in the said Schedule, or made as aforesaid, and that any Regulations made as aforesaid