(\boldsymbol{e}) the dispensing of prescriptions illustrating the commoner methods of administering medicaments ;

(f) the storage of drugs and medicinal preparations.

(2) a knowledge of the keeping of the records required by the various Acts of Parliament affecting pharmaceutical practice.

4. The Pupil shall keep a record of his work.

5. The Employer shall provide such opportunity, accommodation, apparatus, materials and books of reference as shall be required to enable the Pupil to undergo the practical course of study prescribed in Regulation 3.

6. The number of pupils that may be employed in any shop shall not exceed two where there is one registered pharmacist engaged in the work in which the Pupil is undergoing the aforesaid course, and where there is more than one registered pharmacist similarly engaged, the number shall not exceed one for each additional such registered pharmacist, provid d that where an employer has in his employment on 1st June, 1946, a number of apprentices in excess of that specified such excess number of apprentices may be allowed to complete their apprenticeship with such employer.

7. For the purpose of Regulation 6, the description "pupil" shall mean and intend any person, other than a bona fide medical student, undergoing a practical course of study, including the compounding and dispensing of medicines whether or not for one of the qualifications of the Society and whether or not under an apprenticeship agreement.

8. In the event of any question arising as to the interpretation or observance of these regulations the decision of the Council shall be final.

Poisons

Regulations, dated 8th May, 1946, made by the Minister of Home Affairs under Sections 30 and 32 of the Medicines, Pharmacy and Poisons Act (Northern Ireland), 1945.

1946. No. 59

ARRANGEMENT OF REGULATIONS

Application and Relaxation of Part III of the Act

- 1. Restriction of sales by shopkeepers.
- 2. Exemption of animal medicines.
- 3. Extension of labelling provisions and relaxation with respect to poisons in the Second Schedule and consignments to Great Britain.
- 4. Limitation of section 27 (2) to certain substances.
- 5. Extension of section 27 (2) to sales wholesale, etc., and relaxation of the said subsection.
- 6. Relaxation of section 28 (3) in the case of certain medicines.
- 7. General exemption of section 28 transactions.
- 8. Exemption from the provisions relating solely to the First Schedule.
- 9. Complete exemption for articles and substances in the Third Schedule.

. Poisons.

Additional Restrictions on the Sale of Poisons

Supplementary Provisions with respect to Labelling and Containers

- 12. Manner of labelling containers.
- 13. Labelling of name of poison.
- 14. Labelling of particulars as to proportion of the poison.
- 15. Indication of character of the poison.
- 16. Special cautions in the case of certain articles.
- 17. Name of seller and address of premises.
- 18. Form of containers.

Storage and Transport

- 19. Storage of poisons.
- 20. Transport of poisons.
- 21. Special provisions with respect to the transport of poisons in the Eighth Schedule.

Special Provisions with respect to Hospitals

- 22. Supply of medicines to out-patients from certain hospitals, etc.
- 23. Supply of medicines for use in hospitals, etc.
- 24. Storage of poisons in institutions.

Sale of certain Poisons for Agricultural and Horticultural purposes.

- 25. Issue of licences by Local Authority (Ninth Schedule).
- 26. Register of licences (Tenth Schedule).
- 27. Revocation or suspension of licences.
- 28. Restriction of sales by licences.

Miscellaneous

- 29. Manufacture of pharmaceutical preparations.
- 30. Restriction of sale of strychnine.
- 31. Addition of dye to certain poisons used in agriculture and horticulture (Fifth Schedule).
- 32. Certificates of persons to whom poisons may be sold (Eleventh Schedule).
- 33. Form of record of sales. (Twelfth Schedule).
- 34. Preservation of records.
- 35. Interpretation.
- 36. Citation and commencement.

Schedules

First Schedule.

Substances falling within the Poisons Schedule to which special restrictions apply.

Second Schedule.

Poisons exempted by Regulation 3 (2) from labelling provisions when sold or supplied in certain circumstances.

Third Schedule.

Articles exempted by Regulation 9 from the provisions of the Act and of these Regulations.

Fourth Schedule.

Substances required by Regulation 10 to be sold by retail only upon a prescription given by a duly qualified medical practitioner, registered dentist or registered veterinary surgeon, or on the order of a certified midwife or on an order issued by the Ministry of Agriculture in accordance with the directions laid down in this Schedule.

Fifth Schedule.

Colouring of Arsenic-Substances to which Regulation 31 applies.

Sixth Schedule.

Statement of particulars as to proportions of the poison in certain cases permitted by Regulation 14 (2).

Seventh Schedule.

Indication of character prescribed by Regulation 15 for the purpose of section 27 (1) (d) (iii) of the Act.

Eighth Schedule.

Poisons to which Regulation 21 (Transport) applies.

Ninth Schedule.

Forms of Application, Notices and Licence in pursuance of section 30 of the Act.

Tenth Schedule.

Form of Register to be kept by Local Authorities in pursuance of section 30 of the Act.

Eleventh Schedule.

Certificate required by Regulation 32 for the purchase of a Poison.

Twelfth Schedule.

Form of entry required by Regulation 33 to be made in the book to be kept by sellers of Poisons in accordance with section 27 (2) (b) of the Act.

Thirteenth Schedule.

Order issued under Regulation 10 by the Ministry of Agriculture for the purchase of poisons in Group D of the Fourth Schedule. Fourteenth Schedule.

Authority issued by a County Agricultural Executive Officer for the purchase of strychnine in pursuance of paragraph 1 (e) of Regulation 30.

Application and Relaxation of Part III of the Act

1. It shall not be lawful for any shopkeeper to sell poisons on any Restriction premises used for or in connection with his retail business, notwith- of sales by standing that the sale is exempted by section 29 of the Act, unless he complies with the provisions of paragraph (a) or paragraph (b), as the case may be, of subsection (1) of section 27 of the Act.

2. The provisions of the said paragraphs (a) and (b) shall not apply Exemption with respect to any medicine for the treatment of animals sold by a medicines. person carrying on a business which comprises the manufacture of medicines for the treatment of animals, if the following requirements are complied with :--

(a) a statement in writing signed by the owner of the business, or, in the case of a corporate body, on behalf of that body, stating the name of the business, the principal place where it is carried on, the name of the person in charge of the sale of the medicines, and the premises on which the medicines are to be sold must be furnished prior to the sale to the Registrar; and

(b) the sale must be effected on the premises specified in the statement; and

(c) the Inspector must be permitted at all reasonable times to enter the premises and be given all reasonable facilities to make such examination and enquiry and to do such other things (including the taking, on payment therefore, of samples) as may be necessary for ascertaining whether the provisions of the Act and of these Regulations are being complied with.

3.—(1) Subject as hereinafter provided, the provisions of paragraphs Extension of (c) and (d) of subsection (1) of section 27 of the Act and of Regulations labelling provisions 12 to 17 hereof (which provisions relate to the labelling of poisons) shall and relaxaapply to sales exempted by section 29 of the Act other than sales of tion with poisons to be exported to purchasers outside the United Kingdom; and respect to poisons in shall also apply to the supply of poisons (otherwise than on sale) in like the Second manner as if references in the said provisions to the sale and the seller Schedule and consignof poisons included references to the supply and the supplier of poisons ments to respectively.

(2) The said provisions, except the provisions of Regulation 16 and of paragraph (d) (iv) of subsection (1) of section 27 of the Act as modified by Regulation 17 shall not apply to the sale or supply of any of the poisons included in the Second Schedule to these Regulations to a person who—

. (a) carries on a business in the course of which poisons are regularly sold by way of wholesale dealing or are regularly used in the manufacture of other articles; and

(b) requires the poison for the purpose of that business; if the outside of the package in which the poison is sold or supplied is labelled conspicuously with words indicating the dangerous properties of the poison.

(3) The said provisions shall not apply to the sale or supply of poisons to be consigned to purchasers in Great Britain if the poisons are labelled in accordance with the corresponding provisions of the law in force in Great Britain relating to the labelling of poisons.

The provisions of subsection (2) of section 27 of the Act (which 4. of section 27 makes provisions as to persons to whom poisons may be sold and to the keeping of records of sales) shall apply with respect to all substances included in the First Schedule to these Regulations whether or not the poison sold is a poison included in Part I of the Poisons Schedule, and shall not apply with respect to any other substance :

> Provided that paragraph (a) of the said subsection (2) of section 27 of the Act shall, in its application to sales by licensees, be deemed to be satisfied if the person to whom the poison is sold is known by the person in charge of the premises on which the poison is sold or of the department of the business in which the sale is effected to be a person to whom the poison may properly be sold.

Extension of Section (27) (2) to sales wholesale, etc., and relaxation of the said subsection.

Limitation

substances.

(2) to

certain

5.—(1) The provisions of the said subsection (2) of section 27 as modified by the last foregoing Regulation shall apply to sales exempted by section 29 of the Act, except sales of poisons to be exported to purchasers outside the United Kingdom; and shall also apply to the supply in the form of a commercial sample, otherwise than on sale, of any substance included in the First Schedule to these Regulations in like manner as if references in the said provisions to the sale and seller of poisons respectively included references to the supply and the supplier of poisons in the form of commercial samples.

Provided that the said provisions shall not apply to the sale or supply of any article by the manufacturer thereof or by a person carrying on a business in the course of which poisons are regularly sold by way of wholesale dealing, if-

- (a) the article is sold or supplied to a person carrying on a business in the course of which poisons are regularly sold or are regularly used in the manufacture of other articles; and
- (b) the seller or supplier is reasonably satisfied that the purchaser requires the article for the purpose of that business.

(2) Paragraph (a) of the said subsection (2) of section 27 shall, in its application to sales exempted by section 29 of the Act and to the supply in the form of commercial samples of substances included in the First Schedule to these Regulations, be deemed to be satisfied if the person to whom the poison or sample is sold or supplied is known by the person in charge of the department of the business through which the sale or supply is effected to be a person to whom the poison or sample may properly be sold or supplied,

(3) So much of paragraph (b) of the said subsection (2) of section 27 as requires an entry in a book to be signed by the purchaser of a poison shall not, as respects the sale of a poison to a person for the purpose of his trade, business or profession, apply if the following requirements are satisfied :---

- (a) the seller must obtain before the completion of the sale an order in writing signed by the purchaser stating his name and address, trade, business or profession, the name and quantity of the article to be purchased, and the purpose for which it is required;
- (b) the seller must be reasonably satisfied that the signature is that of the person purporting to have signed the order, and that that person carries on the trade, business or profession stated in the order, being one in which the poison to be purchased is used;
- (c) if the article sold is sent by post, it must be sent by registered post;
- (d) the seller must insert in the entry prescribed by Regulation 33 of these Regulations the words "signed order" and a reference number by which the order can be identified :

Provided that where a person represents that he urgently requires a poison for the purpose of his trade, business or profession, the seller may, if he is reasonably satisfied that the person so requires the poison and is, by reason of some emergency, unable before delivery either to furnish to the seller an order in writing duly signed or to attend and sign the entry in the book, deliver the poison to the purchaser on an undertaking by the purchaser to furnish such an order within the twenty-four hours next following.

If any purchaser by whom any such undertaking has been given fails to deliver to the seller a signed order in accordance with the undertaking, or if any person for the purpose of obtaining delivery of any poison under the foregoing proviso makes a statement which is to his knowledge false, he shall be deemed to have contravened the provisions of this Regulation.

(4) Where the seller of a poison is reasonably satisfied that the poison is required for the purpose of medical, dental, or veterinary treatment, there shall not apply—

- (a) in the case of a sale to a hospital, infirmary, dispensary or clinic, such of the provisions of this Regulation as require the purchaser to state his trade, business, or profession and the seller to be satisfied with respect thereto;
- (b) in the case of a sale of the poison not being a poison to which the Dangerous Drugs Acts apply to a duly qualified medical practitioner, registered dentist or registered veterinary surgeon or to a hospital, infirmary, dispensary or clinic, such of the provisions of this Regulation as require the purchaser to state the purpose for which the poison is required.

Relaxation of 6. The requirements mentioned in subsection (3) of section 28 of section 28 (3) the Act (which requires particulars of medicines supplied or dispensed under that section to be entered in a book) need not be satisfied in the case of :

- (a) any medicine, not being a substance included in the First Schedule to these Regulations, which is supplied by :---
 - (i) a duly qualified medical practitioner for the purposes of medical treatment; or
 - (ii) an authorised seller of poisons on and in accordance with a prescription given by a duly qualified medical practitioner; or

any medicine, notwithstanding that it is a substance included in the First Schedule to these Regulations, which is supplied on and in accordance with a prescription given by a duly qualified medical practitioner upon a form issued by a local authority (whether a local authority as defined in the Act or not) for use in connection with a health service of that authority, provided that the following requirements are complied with :---

- (i) the prescription or a true copy thereof must be kept upon the premises upon which the medicine was dispensed for a period of at least two years in such a manner as to be readily available for inspection ; and
- (ii) the prescription or copy must bear on it particulars of the date of dispensing, the ingredients and quantity of the medicine supplied and the name of the person by whom, the name and address of the person to whom, and the date on which the prescription was given.

General exemption of 7. Nothing in these Regulations shall apply, except as is expressly section 28 provided therein, to transactions exempted by section 28 of the Act. transactions.

- (a) machine-spread plasters; or
- (b) surgical dressings; or
- (c) articles containing barium carbonate and prepared for the destruction of rats and mice; or
- (d) corn paints in which the only poison is a poison included in the Poisons Schedule under the heading of "Cannabis".

Complete exemption for articles and substances in the Third Schedule, Nothing in Part III of the Act or these Regulations shall apply— (a) with respect to any article included in Group I of the Third Schedule to these Regulations; or

426

(b)

(b) so far as any poison specified in the first column of Group II of that Schedule is concerned, with respect to any of the articles or substances specified in the second column opposite the description of the poison.

Additional Restrictions on the Sale of Poisons

10.—(1) It shall not be lawful to sell any poison included in the Additional Fourth Schedule to these Regulations, except on and in accordance with sale of a prescription given by a duly qualified medical practitioner, registered poisons in dentist or registered veterinary surgeon or on the order of a certified the Fourth midwife or of the Ministry of Agriculture in the form provided by this Regulation.

(2) This Regulation shall apply to the sale of any such poison, notwithstanding that it is a transaction exempted by Section 28 of the Act, but shall not apply to any sale exempted by Section 29 of the Act.

- (3) For the purposes of this Regulation a prescription shall—
- (a) be in writing and be signed by the person giving it with his usual signature and be dated by him;
- (b) except in the case of a health prescription, specify the address of the person giving it;
- (c) specify the name and address of the person for whose treatment it is given or, if the prescription is given by a veterinary surgeon, of the person to whom the medicine is to be delivered;
- (d) have written thereon, if given by a dentist, the words "For dental treatment only " or, if given by a veterinary surgeon, the words "For animal treatment only ";
- (e) indicate the total amount of the medicine to be supplied and the dose to be taken.

(4) The person dispensing the prescription shall comply with the following requirements :---

- (a) the prescription must not be dispensed more than once, unless the prescriber has stated thereon that it may be dispensed more than once;
- (b) if the prescription contains a direction that it may be dispensed a stated number of times or at stated intervals, it must not be dispensed otherwise than in accordance with the direction;
- (c) at the time of dispensing there must be noted on the prescription above the signature of the prescriber the name and address of the seller and the date on which the prescription is dispensed;
- (d) except in the case of a health prescription or a prescription which may be dispensed again, the prescription must, for a

period of two years, be retained and kept on the premises on which it was dispensed in such manner as to be readily available for inspection.

(5) (i) For the purpose of this Regulation—an order of a certified midwife shall-

(a) be in writing and be signed by the person giving it with her usual signature and be dated by her;

(b) specify the address of the person giving it;

(c) indicate the total amount of the poison to be supplied;

and an order issued by the Ministry of Agriculture shall-

be in the form set forth in the Thirteenth Schedule to these Regulations.

(ii) The person supplying the order of a certified midwife or an order issued by the Ministry of Agriculture shall comply with the following requirements-

- (a) the order must not be supplied more than once;
- (b) at the time of supply there must be noted on the order the name and address of the seller and the date on which it was supplied ;
- (c) the order must for a period of 2 years be retained and kept on the premises on which it was supplied and in such a manner as to be readily available for inspection.

(6) In this Regulation "health prescription" means a prescription given by a duly qualified medical practitioner on a Health Insurance form under and in accordance with the Acts relating to national health insurance, or given by a duly qualified medical practitioner upon a form issued by a local authority (whether a local authority as defined in the Act or not) for use in connection with a health service of that authority.

Additional sales by authorised sellers of poisons.

It shall not be lawful for any authorised seller of poisons to sell 11. restriction of any substance included in the First Schedule to these Regulations, notwithstanding that the substance is a poison included in Part II of the Poisons Schedule, unless the sale is effected by, or under the supervision of a registered person.

Supplementary Provisions with respect to Labelling and Containers

Manner of . labelling containers

12.-(1) Subject to the provisions of these Regulations particulars with which the container of a poison is required to be labelled under paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 27 of the Act and under these Regulations must appear in a conspicuous position on the container in which the poison is sold and on every box or other covering of whatever nature enclosing the container, and the particulars must be clearly and distinctly set out and not in any way obscured or obliterated.

(2) Where the poison is contained in an ampoule, cachet, or similar article, it shall not be necessary to label the article itself if every box, or other covering in which the article is enclosed is duly labelled.

(3) Nothing in the said paragraph (d) or in Regulations 12 to 17 shall require the labelling of any transparent cover or any wrapper, hamper, packing case, crate or other covering used solely for the purposes of transport or delivery.

13.—(1) Subject as hereinafter provided, for the purposes of para-Labelling graph (d) (i) of subsection (1) of section 27 of the Act and of paragraph of name of (3) (a) of Regulation 22 the name of a poison shall be—

- (a) where the term under which a poison is included in the Poisons Schedule describes the poison specifically,
 - (i) the said term; or
 - (ii) if the poison is the subject of a monograph in the British Pharmacopœia or the British Pharmaceutical Codex, one of the names or synonyms or abbreviated names set out at the head of the monograph;
- (b) where the said term describes a group of poisons and not the poison specifically.
 - (i) if the poison is the subject of a monograph in the British Pharmacopœia or the British Pharmaceutical Codex, one of the names or synonyms or abbreviated names set out at the head of the monograph ; and
 - (ii) in any other case, the accepted scientific name or the name descriptive of the true nature and origin of the poison.
- (2) For the purposes aforesaid it shall, in the case of—
- (a) a substance which is the subject of a monograph in the British Pharmacopœia or the British Pharmaceutical Codex, or any dilution, concentration or admixture of such a substance.
- (b) a preparation contained in the British Pharmacopœia or the General Monographs or Formulary of the British Pharmaceutical Codex or any dilution, concentration or admixture of such a preparation; or
- (c) a surgical dressing for which a standard is described in the British Pharmaceutical Codex,

e sufficient, notwithstanding anything in the foregoing paragraph of this Regulation, to state the name, synonym or abbreviated name used to describe the substance, preparation or surgical dressing in the British Pharmacopœia or the British Pharmaceutical Codex with the addition of the letters B.P. or B.P.C., as the case may be.

(3) For the purposes aforesaid it shall, in the case of a preparation containing a poison specified in the first column of the Sixth Schedule

to these Regulations, be sufficient, notwithstanding anything in the first paragraph, of this Regulation, to state the name of the poison or substance mentioned in the second column of the said Schedule in respect of which the proportion of the poison to the total ingredients of the preparation is in accordance with the provisions paragraph (2) of Regulation 14 expressed.

(4) For the purposes aforesaid it shall, in the case of a preparation derived from nux vomica or from opium and containing one or more alkaloids of nux vomica or of opium named in the Poisons Schedule, be sufficient notwithstanding anything in the first paragraph of this Regulation to state the name of strychnine or morphine, as the case may be, or one of the names or abbreviated names of strychnine or morphine, as the case may be, set out at the head of the monographs in the British Pharmacopeia or the British Pharmaceutical Codex.

Labelling of 14.—(1) For the purposes of paragraph (d) (ii) of subsection (1) of particulars as section 27 of the Act (which requires preparations containing poisons of the poison, to be labelled with the prescribed particulars as to the proportion of poison therein) the label of the container of any preparation containing

a poison as one of its ingredients shall, subject as hereinafter provided, include a statement of the proportion which the poison bears to the total ingredients of the preparation.

(2) In the case of a preparation containing a poison specified in the first column of the Sixth Schedule to these Regulations, it shall be sufficient to state on the label the particulars specified in the second column of that Schedule against the description of the poison.

(3) In the case of a preparation derived from nux vomica or from opium and containing one or more alkaloids of nux vomica or of opium named in the Poison Schedule, it shall be sufficient, so far as those alkaloids are concerned, to state on the label the proportion of strychnine or of morphine, as the case may be, contained in the preparation.

(4) In the case of a substance, preparation or surgical dressing which is named in accordance with paragraph (2) of the last foregoing Regulation, it shall not be necessary to state on the label the proportion of the poison contained in the substance, preparation or surgical dressing and, in the case of any dilution, concentration or admixture of such a substance or preparation, it shall be sufficient to state the proportion which the substance or preparation bears to the total ingredients of the dilution, concentration or admixture.

(5) Where the poison is in tablets, pills, cachets, capsules, lozenges or similar articles, or in ampoules, it shall be sufficient to state on the label of the box or other covering in which the articles are enclosed the number of the articles and the amount of the poison, or in the case of such a preparation as is mentioned in the last foregoing paragraph, the amount of the preparation, contained in each article.

(6) Where any proportion is stated as a percentage, the statement shall indicate whether the percentage is calculated on the basis of weight in weight, weight in volume, or volume in volume.

15.—(1) In pursuance of paragraph (d) (iii) of subsection 1 of Section Indication of 27 of the Act (which requires the containers of poisons to be labelled character of with the word "Poison" or other prescribed indication of character) the container of any article specified in the Seventh Schedule to these Regulations, shall, instead of being labelled with the word "Poison" be labelled with the words specified in the said Schedule as applicable to that article.

(2) The said words or the word "Poison" as the case may be, must not be modified in meaning by the addition of any other words or marks, and—

- (a) in the case of a substance included in the First Schedule to these Regulations, must either be in red lettering or be set against a red background; and
- (b) in all cases must either be on a separate label or be surrounded by a line within which there must be no other words except words with which the container of the poison is required to be labelled under the Act or these Regulations.
- 16.—(1) It shall not be lawful to sell or supply any poison—
 (a) in the case of a liquid other than a medicine, contained in a the case of bottle of a capacity of not more than 120 fluid ounces, unless certain the bottle is labelled with the words " not to be taken ".
 - (b) in the case of an embrocation, liniment, lotion, liquid antiseptic, or other liquid medicine for external application, unless the container is labelled with the name of the article and the words "For external use only."

(2) It shall not be lawful to sell or supply any compressed hydrocyanic acid, unless the container is labelled with the words "Warning. This container holds poisonous gas and should only be opened and used by persons having expert knowledge of the precautions to be taken in its use".

(3) This Regulation shall be in addition to the other requirements of the Act and of these Regulations with respect to labelling and shall apply to transactions exempted by section 28 of the Act, but shall not apply to the sale or supply of poisons to be exported to purchasers outside the United Kingdom.

17.—(1) The provisions of paragraph (d) (iv) of subsection (1) of section 27 of the Act (which requires the container of a poison to be seller and labelled with the name of the seller and the address of the premises on address of which it was sold) shall not apply in the case of an article sold for the ^{premises}. purpose of being sold again in the same container.

(2) The requirements of the said paragraph shall be deemed to be satisfied, in the case of a poison supplied from a warehouse or depot, if the container of the poison is labelled with the address of the supplier's principal place of business or, in the case of a limited company, of the registered office of the company.

(3) Where any poison (other than a substance included in the First Schedule to these Regulations) is sold in a container and outer covering, being the container and covering in which it was obtained by the seller, it shall be sufficient if the name of the seller and the address of the premises on which it was sold appear only on the outer covering, being the container and covering in which it was obtained by the seller, it shall be sufficient if the name of the seller and the address of the premises on which it was sold appear only on the outer covering.

(4) Where the names of more than one person or more than one address appear on any label, there must also be words on the label indicating clearly which person is the seller and at which of the addresses the poison was sold.

18.—(1) It shall not be lawful to sell, whether wholesale or retail or supply any poison unless—

- (a) it is contained in a container impervious to the poison and sufficiently stout to prevent leakage arising from the ordinary risks of handling and transport; and
- (b) in the case of a liquid contained in a glass bottle of a capacity of not more than 120 fluid ounces, not being a medicine made up ready to be taken for the internal treatment of human ailments or a local anaesthetic for injection in the treatment of human or animal ailments, the outer surface of the bottle is fluted vertically with ribs or grooves recognisable by touch.

(2) Sub-paragraph (a) of the foregoing paragraph shall apply to transactions exempted by section 28 of the Act, and sub-paragraph (b) shall not apply to the sale or supply of poisons to be exported to purchasers outside the United Kingdom or the sale or supply of poisons to a person or institution concerned with scientific education or research or chemical analysis, for the purposes of that education, research or analysis.

Storage and Transport

19.—(1) It shall not be lawful to store any poison except in a container impervious to the poison and sufficiently stout to prevent leakage from the container arising from the ordinary risks of handling.

(2) It shall not be lawful to store any substance included in the First Schedule to these Regulations in any retail shop or premises used in connection therewith unless the substance is stored—

(a) in a cupboard or drawer reserved solely for the storage of poisons; or

Form of containers.

Storage of poisons.

- (b) in a part of the premises which is partitioned off or otherwise separated from the remainder of the premises and to which customers are not permitted to have access; or
- (c) on a shelf reserved solely for the storage of poisons and—
 - (i) no food is kept directly under the shelf, and
 - (ii) the container of the substance is rendered distinguishable by touch from the containers of articles and substances other than poisons stored upon the same premises :

Provided that, in the case of any such substance to be used in agriculture or horticulture, it shall not be lawful to store the substance on any shelf, or in any such part of the premises as aforesaid if food is kept in that part, or in any cupboard or drawer unless the cupboard or drawer is reserved solely for the storage of poisons to be used as aforesaid.

20. It shall not be lawful to consign any poison for transport unless it Transport of is sufficiently stoutly packed to avoid leakage arising from the ordinary poisons. risks of handling and transport.

21.—(1) It shall not be lawful to consign for transport by carrier any Special propoison included in the Eighth Schedule to these Regulations unless the respect to outside of the package containing the article is labelled conspicuously the transport with the name or description of the poison as set forth in the said of poisons in Schedule and a notice indicating that it is to be kept separate from food, Schedule. and from empty containers in which food has been contained.

(2) It shall not be lawful for any person knowingly to transport any such poison as aforesaid, either on his own behalf or for another person, in any vehicle in which food is being transported, unless the food is carried in a part of the vehicle effectively separated from that containing the poison, or is otherwise adequately protected from the risk of contamination.

(3) This Regulation shall not apply with respect to medicines.

Special Provisions with respect to Hospitals

22.—(1) The provisions of Part III of the Act and of these Regu-Supply of lations, except the provisions of Regulation 16 shall not apply with medicines to out-patients from certain

- (a) any medicine for the treatment of human ailments dispensed hospitals, from a hospital, infirmary or dispensary maintained by any public authority, or out of public funds, or by a charity;
- (b) any medicine for the treatment of animals supplied from a veterinary hospital which is under the superintendence of a registered veterinary surgeon;

if the requirements contained in the following provisions of this Regulation are satisfied in relation thereto.

(2) The medicine must not be supplied except by, or on and in accordance with a prescription of, a duly qualified medical practitioner for the purposes of medical treatment, or a registered dentist for the purposes of dental treatment, or a registered veterinary surgeon for the purposes of animal treatment.

(3) In a case where a substance included in the First Schedule to these Regulations is supplied, a record must be kept on the premises in such a way that there can readily be traced at any time during a period of two years after the date on which the substance was supplied the following particulars :---

- (a) the name and quantity of the poison supplied; and
- (b) the date on which the poison was supplied; and
- (c) the name and address of the person to whom the poison was supplied; and
- (d) the name of the person who supplied the poison or who gave the prescription upon which it was supplied :

Provided that this paragraph shall not apply to a medicine supplied on and in accordance with a prescription given by a duly qualified medical practitioner under and in accordance with the Acts relating to national health insurance.

(4) The container of the medicine must be labelled—

- (a) with a designation and address sufficient to identify the hospital, infirmary, dispensary or institution from which it was supplied;
- (b) except in the case of a medicine made up ready for treatment, with the word "Poison";
- (c) in the case of a poison supplied from a veterinary hospital, with the words "For animal treatment only ",

and in the case of a medicine to which Regulation 16 applies the requirements of that Regulation shall be satisfied in addition to the requirements aforesaid.

23.—(1) This and the next following Regulation apply to any hospital, infirmary, dispensary, clinic, nursing home, or other institution at which human ailments are treated (hereinafter referred to as "an institution").

(2) In any institution in which medicines are dispensed in a dispensing or pharmaceutical department in charge of a person appointed for that purpose, no medicine containing a poison shall be supplied from that department, except in cases of emergency, for use in the wards, operating theatres or other sections of the institution, except in accordance with the requirements contained in the following provisions of this Regulation.

(3) Thé medicines must not be supplied except upon a written order signed by a duly qualified medical practitioner, registered dentist,

Supply of medicines for use in hospitals, etc.

or by a sister or nurse in charge of a ward, theatre or other section of the institution.

- (4) The container of the medicine must be labelled—
- (a) with words describing its contents;
- (b) in the case of substances included in the First Schedule to these Regulations, with a distinguishing mark or other indication indicating that the poison is to be stored in a cupboard reserved solely for the storage of poisons.

24.—(1) In any institution in which medicines are dispensed in a Storage of dispensing or pharmaceutical department in charge of a person ap-poisons in pointed for the purpose, all poisons other than those issued for use within the institution must be stored in that department.

(2) In any institution to which the foregoing paragraph does not apply all poisons other than those issued for use within the institution must be stored—

- (a) in charge of a person appointed for the purpose by the governing body or person in control of the institution; and
- (b) in the case of substances which are included in the First Schedule to these Regulations either in a cupboard or drawer, or on a shelf, reserved solely for the storage of poisons.

In a case where a poison is stored on a shelf, the container of the poison must be rendered distinguishable by touch from the containers of articles other than poisons stored on the same premises.

(3) In every institution, every substance included in the First Schedule to these Regulations which is stored in the wards must be stored in a cupboard reserved solely for the storage of poisons.

(4) All places in which poisons are required by this Regulation to be stored must be inspected at regular intervals of time not exceeding three months by a pharmaceutical chemist or by some other person appointed for the purpose by the governing body or person in control of the institution.

Sale of Poisons for Agricultural and Horticultural purposes

25.—(1) Every application made to a local authority for a licence in Issue of pursuance of section 30 of the Act shall be made in the form set out in Licences by local authority.

(2) A licence shall not be granted to any person unless the local Schedule). authority are satisfied that he is fit, by education, and intelligence to be entrusted with the sale of the poisons.

(3) In granting licences for the sale of poisons for use exclusively in horticulture, preference shall be given to nurserymen, florists, seedsmen, and other persons whose business is specially connected with horticulture.

(4) A licence shall not authorise the licensee to sell or keep open shop for the sale of poisons, except from or on premises to be specified in the licence within the area of the local authority which granted it.

(5) Before sending an application for a licence to the local authority, the applicant shall send notice to the Police Authority of the District in which the shop or building is situate in which the applicant intends to carry on the sale of poisons of his intention to make the application. Such notice shall be in the form set forth at B in the Ninth Schedule to these Regulations.

(6) The local authority on receipt of an application for a licence shall—

(i) notify the Secretary of the Pharmaceutical Society, and

(ii) on granting a licence shall notify the Minister of Home Affairs and the Secretary of the Pharmaceutical Society. Such notices shall be in the form set for that C and D respectively in the Ninth Schedule to these Regulations.

(7) A licence shall not be granted until after the expiration of at least 21 days from the receipt of the application by the local authority, and the local authority, before granting a licence shall take into consideration any objections they may have received from or on behalf of the Pharmaceutical Society, or the Police Authority, to whom notice shall have been given.

(8) A licence shall be in the form set forth at E in the Ninth Schedule to these Regulations and unless revoked or suspended under paragraph (1) of Regulation 27 or revoked by the Minister of Home Affairs shall continue in force for one year and may be renewed from year to year. The fee payable in respect of the grant of a licence or the renewal thereof shall be 10s.

(9) The licensee shall, on being required to do so by the Inspector or by any officer of the local authority, or any police constable or police officer of the Royal Ulster Constabulary, produce his licence.

Register of Licences. (Tenth Schedule). 26.—(1) Every local authority shall keep a register as set forth in the Tenth Schedule to these Regulations, of the Licences granted by them for the time being in force, and any person shall, at all reasonable times, upon payment of the fee of 1s., be entitled to inspect, and to make copies of, or to take extracts from, the Register.

(2) Every local authority shall, at the request of the Registrar, supply him, free of charge, with such copies of, or extracts from, the Register as he may from time to time require.

Revocation 27.—(1) A licence may be revoked or suspended for such term as the or suspension local authority think fit, if the local authority are satisfied that the of licences. licensee has failed to comply with the requirements of these Regulations,

or that the licensee is not a fit person to be entrusted with the sale of poisons.

(2) When an order has been made by the Minister of Home Affairs revoking a licence, the local authority shall not grant a licence for the same premises without first obtaining written permission from the said Minister.

28. No licensee shall be entitled by virtue of holding a licence from Restriction of sales by licensees.

- (a) any poison, except in a closed container as closed by the manufacturer or other person from whom the poison was obtained
- (b) any substance included in the First Schedule to these Regulations unless the sale is effected by himself or by a responsible deputy.

In this paragraph the expression "responsible deputy" means a person nominated as a deputy on the licensee's form of application as set forth at A in the Ninth Schedule to these Regulations or any person substituted by notice in writing to the local authority for a person so nominated and not more than two deputies shall be nominated at the same time in respect of one set of premises.

Miscellaneous

29. In all establishments in which pharmaceutical preparations con-Manufacture taining any poison are manufactured for the purpose of the internal of pharmace-treatment of human ailments, the preparation must be manufactured utical preby, or under the supervision of—

- (1) a registered pharmaceutical chemist, chemist and druggist or druggist, or
- (2) A person holding the degree of Bachelor of Science (Pharmaceutics).
- (3) a person having one of the following qualifications in chemistry,
 - (a) the Fellowship of the Royal Institute of Chemistry.

(b) the Associateship of the Royal Institute of Chemistry :

Provided that this Regulation shall not apply to the manufacture by or under the supervision of a duly qualified medical practitioner of preparations containing pituitary, suprarenal or thyroid glands, the active principles of any of those glands or the salts of the active principles of thyroid gland.

30.—(1) It shall not be lawful to sell or supply strychnine except as Restriction of sale of strychnine.

Provided that this Regulation shall not apply to the sale of strychnine—

- (a) by way of wholesale dealing; or
- (b) to be exported to purchasers outside the United Kingdom; or
- (c) for the purpose of being compounded in medicines prescribed or administered by a duly qualified medical practitioner or registered veterinary surgeon; or

- (d) to a person or institution concerned with scientific education or research or chemical analysis, for the purposes of that education, research or analysis;
- (e) to a person producing a written authority in the form set out in the Fourteenth Schedule to these Regulations issued within the preceding three months by the County Agricultural Executive Officer authorising the purchase of strychnine for the purpose of killing foxes so, however, that the quantity sold shall not exceed the quantity, being not more than one ounce, specified in the authority and the authority shall be retained by the seller.

(2) The person supplying strychnine in accordance with paragraph (e) of the proviso of the foregoing paragraph (1) of this Regulation shall comply with the requirements of paragraph 5 (ii) of Regulation 10 and the person to whom the strychnine is sold shall not use the strychnine for any other purpose than that of killing foxes.

Addition of 31. It shall not be lawful to sell any poison included in the Fifth dye to certain Schedule to these Regulations and to be used exclusively in agriculture poisons used or horticulture for the destruction of insects, fungi, or bacteria, or as ture and sheep dips or weed killers, unless there has been added to the poison a horticulture. dye of a distinctive colour and soluble in water.

Provided that this Regulation shall not apply to :---

- (a) Lead arsenate paste or lead arsenate powder; or
- (b) Poisons which are of themselves of a distinctive colour; or
- (c) Sheep-dips which are already of a distinctive colour; or
- (d) Articles to be exported to purchasers outside the United Kingdom.

 \cdot 32.—(1) A certificate given for the purposes of paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of Section 27 of the Act, being a certificate certifying a person to be a person to whom a poison may properly be sold, shall be in the form, and shall contain the particulars set out in the Eleventh Schedule to these Regulations.

(2) All householders are hereby authorised to give such certificates as aforesaid :

Provided that a certificate given by a householder who is not known to the seller of the poison to be a responsible person of good character shall not be a sufficient certificate for the purposes of the said paragraph unless it is endorsed in the manner specified in the said Eleventh Schedule by a police officer in charge of a police station.

(3) On any sale of a poison upon such a certificate as aforesaid, the certificate shall be retained by the seller.

33. The particulars of sales of poisons which are required by paragraph (b) of sub-section (2) of Section 27 of the Act to be entered in a book shall be entered in the form set out in the Twelfth Schedule to these Regulations.

Certificates of persons to whom poisons may be sold. (Eleventh Schedule).

Schedule).

Form of record of sales (Twelfth Schedule).

34. All books kept for the purposes of Part III of the Act shall be preservation preserved on the premises on which the sales recorded therein were of records. made for a period of two years from the date on which the last entry was made therein.

35.—(1) In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires, Interpretathe following expressions have the meaning hereby respectively assigned tion. to them, that is to say—

- "the Act" means the Medicines, Pharmacy and Poisons Act (Northern Ireland), 1945;
- "Animal" includes poultry;
- "Antimonial poisons" means chlorides of antimony, oxides of antimony, sulphides of antimony, antimonates, antimonites, and organic compounds of antimony;
- "Arsenical poisons" means halides of arsenic, oxides of arsenic, sulphides of arsenic, arsenates, arsenites, copper acetoarsenites, sodium thioarsenates, and organic compounds of arsenic;
- "British Pharmacopœia " and "British Pharmaceutical Codex " include addenda and supplements thereto respectively;
- "Food " includes a beverage;
- "Licensee" means a person entitled, subject to the provisions of the Act and of these Regulations, to sell poisons included in Part II of the Poisons Schedule by virtue of the grant to him of a licence by a local authority in pursuance of section 30 of the Act :
- "Medicine for the internal treatment of human ailments" includes any medicine to be administered by hypodermic injection but does not include any mouth-wash, eye-drops, eyelotion, ear-drops, douche or similar article;
- "Police Authority" means the District Inspector of the Royal Ulster Constabulary;
- "Sale exempted by section 29 of the Act " means a sale made in such circumstances as to be entitled, except as provided by these Regulations, to exemption under section 29 of the Act from the foregoing provisions of Part III of the Act;
- "Transaction exempted by section 28 of the Act" means the supply of a medicine in such circumstances as to be entitled to exemptions under section 28 of the Act from the provisions of section 27 of the Act.

(2) In these Regulations any reference to an alkaloid shall include a reference to any salt of that alkaloid, and, in a case where the esters of an alkaloid are included in the Poisons Schedule by virtue of the words "its esters", to any esters of that alkaloid;

(3) Any reference in the Schedules to these Regulations to the percentage of a poison contained in any substance or preparation shall

unless otherwise expressly provided, be construed in the following manner, that is to say, a reference to a substance or preparation containing one per cent. of any poison means :—

- (a) in the case of a solid, that one gramme of the poison is contained in every hundred grammes of the substance or preparation;
- (b) in the case of a liquid, that one millilitre of the poison, or, if the poison itself is a solid, one gramme of the poison, is contained in every hundred millilitres of the substance or preparation and so in proportion for any greater or less percentage.

(4) The Interpretation Act, 1889, as applied to Northern Ireland by the Interpretation Act, 1921, applies for the purpose of the interpretation of these Regulations as it applies for the purpose of the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

36.—(1) These Regulations may be cited as the Poisons Regulations (Northern Ireland), 1946, and shall come into operation on the 1st day of June, 1946.

(2) Until 1st day of December, 1946, the requirements of these Regulations as respects the labelling of poisons and the containers in which poisons may be sold, supplied, stored or transported, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be complied with if the corresponding provisions (if any) of the enactments mentioned in the Fourth Schedule to the Act are complied with.

Dated this 8th day of May, 1946.

Edmond Warnock,

Minister of Home Affairs for Northern Ireland.

SCHEDULES

FIRST SCHEDULE

Substances falling within the Poisons Schedule to which special restrictions apply.

Alkaloids, the following ; their salts, simple or complex :---

Acetyldihydrocodeinone

Aconite, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0.02 per cent. of the alkaloids of aconite

Apomorphine except substances containing less than 0.2 per cent. of apomorphine Atropine except substances containing less than 0.15 per cent. of atropine

Belladonna, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0.15 per cent. of the alkaloids of belladonna calculated as hyoscyamine

Benzoylmorphine Benzylmorphine

Brucine except substances containing less than 0.2 per cent, of brucine Calabar bean, alkaloids of

52 & 53 Vict. c. 63.

Citation and commencement.

FIRST SCHEDULE-continued

Coca, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0.1 per cent. of the alkaloids of coca

Cocaine except substances containing less than 0.1 per cent. of cocaine Codeine except substances containing less than one per cent. of codeine Colchicine except substances containing less than 0.5 per cent. of colchicine Coniine except substances containing less than 0.1 per cent. of coniine Cotarnine except substances containing less than 0.2 per cent. of cotarnine

Curare, alkaloids of

Diacetylmorphine

Dihydrocodeinone

Dihydrohydroxycodeinone

Dihydromorphine

Dihydromorphinone

Ecgonine except substances containing less than 0.1 per cent. of ecgonine Emetine except substances containing less than one per cent. of emetine Ergot, alkaloids of

Ethylmorphine except substances containing less than 0.2 per cent. of ethylmorphine Gelsemium, alkeloids of, except substances containing less than 0.1 per cent. of the alkaloids of gelsemium

Homatropine except substances containing less than 0.15 per cent. of homatropine Hyoscine except substances containing less than 0.15 per cent. of hyoscine

Hyoscyamine except substances containing less than 0.15 per cent. of hyoscyamine Jaborandi, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0.5 per cent. of the alkaloids of jaborandi

Lobelia, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0.5 per cent. of the alkaloids of lobelia

Morphine except substances containing less than 0.2 per cent. of morphine calculated as anhydrous morphine

Nicotine

Papaverine except substances containing less than one per cent. of papaverine

Pomegranate, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0.5 per cent. of the alkaloids of pomegranate Quebracho, alkaloids of

Sabadilla, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than one per cent. of the alkaloids of sabadilla.

- Solanaceous alkaloids, not otherwise included in this Schedule, except substances containing less than 0.15 per cent. of solanaceous alkaloids calculated as hyoscyamine
- Stavesacre, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0.2 per cent. of the alkaloids of stavesacre

Strychnine except substances containing less than 0.2 per cent. of strychnine Thebaine except substances containing less than one per cent. of thebaine

Veratrum, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than one per cent. of the alkaloids of veratrum

Yohimba, alkaloids of

Allylisopropylacetylurea

Amidopyrine ; its salts

Amino-alcohols, esterified with benzoic acid, phenylacetic acid, phenylpropionic acid, cinnamic acid or the derivatives of these acids, except in substances contining less than ten per cent. of esterified amino-alcohol.

Antimonial poisons except substances containing less than the equivalent of one per cent. of antimony trioxide

Apiol and Oil of Parsley

Arsenical poisons except substances containing less than the equivalent of 0.01 per cent. of arsenic trioxide and except dentrifices containing less than 0.5 per cent. of acetarsol

Barbituric acid; its salts; derivatives of barbituric acid; their salts; compounds of barbituric acid, its salts, its derivatives, their salts, with any other substance Barium, salts of

Beta-aminopropylbenzene; its salts; its N-alkyl derivatives; their salts; beta-aminossopropylbenzene; its salts; its N-alkyl derivatives; their salts

Cannabis; the resin of cannabis; extracts of cannabis; tinctures of cannabis cannabin tannate

Cantharidin except substances containing less than 0.01 per cent. of cantharidin

FIRST SCHEDULE-continued

Cantharidates except substances containing less than the equivalent of 0.01 per cent. of cantharidin

Digitalis, glycosides and other active principles of, except substances containing less than one unit of activity (as defined in the British Pharmacopœia) in two grammes of the substance

Dinitrocresols ; dinitronaphthols ; dinitrophenols ; dinitrothymols

Ergot ; extracts of ergot ; tinctures of ergot

Guanidines, the following :- polymethylene, diguanidines, dipara-anisylphenetyl guanidine

Hydrocyanic acid except substances containing less than 0.15 per cent. weight in weight, of hydrocyanic acid (HCN); cyanides except substances containing less than the equivalent of 0.1 per cent., weight in weight, of hydrocyanic acid (HCN); double cyanides of mercury and zinc.

Lead, compounds of, with acids from fixed oils.

Mercuric chloride except substances containing less than one per cent. of mercuric chloride; mercuric iodide except substances containing less than two per cent. of mercuric iodide; nitrates of mercury except substances containing less than the equivalent of three per cent., weight in weight, of Mercury (Hg); potassiomercuric iodides except substances containing less than the equivalent of one per cent. of mercuric iodide ; organic compounds of mercury except substances con-taining less than the equivalent of 0.2 per cent., weight in weight, of mercury (Hg).

Metanitrophenol; orthonitrophenol; paranitrophenol

Nux Vomica except substances containing less than 0.2 per cent. of strychnine

Opium except substances containing less than 0.2 per cent. of morphine calculated as anhydrous morphine

Ouabain

Oxycinchoninic acid, derivatives of ; their salts ; their esters

Para-aminobenzenesulphonamide; its salts; derivatives of para-aminobenzenesulphonamide having any of the hydrogen atoms of the para-amino group or of the sulphonamide group substituted by another radical; their salts

Pennyroyal and its oil

Pethidine

Phenetidylphenacetin

Phenylcinchoninic acid ; salicyl-cinchoninic acid ; their salts ; their esters

Phenylethylhydantoin; its salts; its acyl derivatives; their salts; diphenylhydantoin; its salts; its acyl derivatives; their salts.

Picrotoxin

Savin, oil of

Strophanthus, glycosides of Sulphonal ; alkyl sulphonal

Thallium, salts of

2-Thiouracil

Thiourea ; its salts

Tribromethyl alcohol

SECOND SCHEDULE

Poisons exempted by Regulation 3 (2) from labelling provisions when sold or supplied in certain circumstances.

Alkali fluorides

Ammonia

Antimony, chlorides of ; oxides of antimony ; sulphides of antimony ; antimonates ; antimonites

Chloroform

Dinitrocresols; dinitronaphthols; dinitrophenols

Formaldehyde

Glyceryl trinitrate

Hydrochloric acid

Hydrofluoric acid; sodium silicofluoride

Lead acetates; compounds of lead with acids from fixed oils

Mercuric chloride; mercuric iodide; organic compounds of mercury

Mercury, oxides of ; nitrates of mercury

Metanitrophenol; orthonitrophenol; paranitrophenol

Nitric acid Nitrobenzene Oxalic acid ; metallic oxalates Phenols; compounds of phenol with a metal Phosphorus, yellow Picric acid Potassium hydroxide Sodium hydroxide Sulphuric acid.

THIRD SCHEDULE

Articles exempted by Regulation 9 from the provisions of the Act and of these Regulations.

GROUP I.

GENERAL EXEMPTIONS

Adhesives ; anti-fouling compositions ; builders' materials ; ceramics ; distempers ; electrical valves ; enamels ; explosives ; fillers ; fire-works ; glazes ; glue ; inks ; lacquer solvents ; loading materials ; matches ; motor fuels and lubricants ; paints other than Pharmaceutical paints; photographic paper; pigments; plastics; propellants; rubber; varnishes.

GROUP II.

SPECIAL EXEMPTIONS

Poison.

Acentanilide ; alkyl acetanilides

Alkaloids Emetine

Nicotine

Pomegranate, alkaloids of Stavesacre, alkaloids of Ammonia

Antimony, chlorides of Arsenical poisons

Barium, salts of

Beta-aminopropylbenzene ; its salts ; its N-alkyl derivatives ; their salts ; beta-aminoisopropylbenzene ; its salts ; its N-alkyl erivatives; their salts

Chloroform

Creosote obtained from wood

Dinitrocresols

Dinitrophenols

Formaldehyde

Hydrochloric acid .

Lead acetate

Substance or article in which exempted. Substances not being preparations for the treatment of human ailments

Ipecacuanha ; extracts and tinctures of ipecacuanha ; substances containing less than 0.05 per cent. of emetine

Pomegranate bark

Soaps ; ointments ; lotions for external use

Substances not being solutions of ammonia ; substances containing less than five per cent., weight in weight of ammonia (NH3); refrigerators; smelling bottles

Polishes

Pyrites ores or sulphuric acid containing arsenical poisons as natural impurities

Witherite other than finely ground witherite

Appliances for inhalation in which the poison is absorbed in inert solid material

- Substances containing less than ten per cent. of chloroform
- Substances containing less than fifty per cent. of creosote obtained from wood

Substances not being preparations for the treatment of human ailments

Substances not being preparations for the treatment of human ailments

Substances containing less than five per cent., weight in weight, of formaldehyde (H.CHO);

photographic glazing or hardening solutions

Substances containing less than nine per cent., weight in weight, of hydrochloric acid (HCL)

Substances containing less than four per cent. of lead acetate

Tobacco

THIRD SCHEDULE—continued

Substance or article in which exempted.

Machine-spread plasters.

Batteries.

Substances containing less than nine per cent., weight in weight, of nitric acid (HNO₃)

Substances containing less than 0.1 per cent. of nitrobenzene; soaps less than one per cent. of nitrobenzene ; polishes

Dressings on seeds or bulbs

Laundry blue ; polishes

Carvacrol

Creosote obtained from coal tar :

Disinfectants containing 3.0 per cent. or less of phenols.

Essential oils in which phenols occur naturally

Medicines containing less than one per cent. of phenols

Nasal sprays, mouthwashes, pastilles, lozenges, capsules, pessaries, ointments, or suppositories containing less than 2.5 per cent. of phenols

Smelling bottles

Soaps for washing ;

Solid substances, other than pastilles, lozenges, capsules,

Pessaries, ointments and suppositories, containing less than sixty per cent. of phenols ;

Tar (coal or wood), crude or refined ;

Tertiary butyl-cresol;

Thymol

Substances other than preparations for the dyeing of hair

Substances containing less than five per cent. of picric acid

Substances containing less than twelve per cent. of

potassium hydroxide; accumulators; batteries Therapeutic substances containing less that containing less than 0.1 per cent. of sodium mercurithiosalicy-late as a preservative

Substances containing less than three per cent. of sodium fluoride as a preservative

Substances containing less than twelve per cent. of sodium hydroxide

Substances containing less than three per cent. of

sodium silicofluoride as a preservative Substances containing less than nine per cent., weight in weight, of sulphuric acid (H₂SO₄); accumulators; batteries; fire-extinguishers.

FOURTH SCHEDULE

Substances required by Regulation 10 to be sold by retail only upon a prescription given by a duly qualified medical practitioner, registered dentist, or registered veterinary surgeon, or on the order of a certified midwife or on an order issued by the Ministry of Agriculture, in accordance with the directions laid down in this Schedule.

GROUP A

The following substances and their preparations to be sold only on the prescription of a duly qualified medical practitioner and registered veterinary surgeon.

Amidopyrine ; its salts

Apiol and Oil of Parsley

Barbituric acid; its salts; derivatives of barbituric acid; their salts; compounds of barbituric acid, its salts, its derivatives, their salts ; with any other substance

Poison.

Organic compounds of mercury

Oxalic acid ; metallic oxalates

Lead, compounds of

Mercuric chloride

Nitric acid

Phenols

Nitrobenzene

Phenylene diamines ; toluene diamines : other alkylatedbenzene diamenes ; their salts Picric acid

Potassium hydroxide

Sodium ethyl mercurithiosalicylate

Sodium fluoride

Sodium hydroxide

Sodium silicofluoride

Sulphuric acid

FOURTH SCHEDULE-continued

Beta-aminopropylbenzene; its salts; its N-alkyl derivatives; their salts; betaaminoisopropylbenzene ; its salts ; its N-alkyl derivatives ; their salts Dinitrocresols; dinitronaphthols; dinitrophenols; dinitrothymols

Ergot, alkaloids of

Ergot ; extracts of ergot ; tinctures of ergot ; and all substances containing the active principles of ergot

Lead, compounds of, with acids from fixed oils

Oestrogenic substances natural and artificial.

Para-aminobenzenesulphonamide; its salts; derivatives of para-aminobenzene-sulphonamide having any of the hydrogen atoms of the para-amino group or of the sulphonamide group substituted by another radical ; their salts

Pennyroyal and its oil

Pethidine

Phenylcinchoninic acid ; salicyl-cinchoninic acid ; their salts ; their esters Savin and its oil

Sulphonal ; alkyl sulphonals

2-Thiouracil.

Thiourea.

Thyroid gland, the active principles of ; their salts.

GROUP B.

The following substances and their preparations to be sold only on the prescription of a duly qualified medical practitioner, a registered dentist and a registered veterinary surgeon.

Barbituric acid; its salts; derivatives of barbituric acid; their salts; compounds of barbituric acid, its salts, its derivatives, their salts, with any other substance

Para-aminobenzenesulphonamide; its salts; derivatives of para-aminobenzenesulphonamide having any of the hydrogen atoms of the para-amino group or of the sulphonamide group substituted by another radical; their salts

GROUP C

The following substances and their preparations to be sold only on the prescription of a duly qualified medical practitioner and registered veterinary surgeon and on the order of a certified midwife.

Ergot, alkaloids of

Ergot ; extracts of ergot ; tinctures of ergot and all substances containing the active principles of ergot

GROUP D

The following substances and their preparations to be sold only on the prescription of a duly qualified medical practitioner, a registered dentist, or a registered veterinary surgeon; or on an order issued by the Ministry of Agriculture as prescribed in the Thirteenth Schedule to these Regulations.

Para-aminobenzenesulphonamide; its salts, derivatives of para-aminobenzenesul phonamide having any of the hydrogen atoms of the para-amino group or of the sulphonamide group substituted by another radical; their salts.

FIFTH SCHEDULE

COLOURING OF ARSENIC

Substances to which Regulation 31 applies :-

Arsenates Arsenites **Copper** Acetoarsenites Halides of Arsenic Organic Compounds of Arsenic Oxides of Arsenic Sodium Thioarsenates Sulphides of Arsenic

PHÁRMÁCY AND POISÓNS.

SIXTH SCHEDULE

Statement of particulars as to proportion of the poison in certain cases permitted by Regulation 14 (2).

Name of poison.

Alkaloids

Aconite, alkaloids of

Belladonna, alkaloids of

Coca, alkaloids of

Calabar bean, alkaloids of

Particulars.

The proportion of any one alkaloid of aconite that the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that all the alkaloids of aconite in the preparation were that alkaloid.

The same as above, with the substitution for the reference to aconite of a reference to belladonna, calabar bean or such other of the said poisons as the case may require.

Ephedra, alkaloids of the ca Ergot, alkaloids of the ca Ergot, alkaloids of Jaborandi, alkaloids of Jaborandi, alkaloids of Lobelia, alkeloids of Pomegranate, alkaloids of Quebracho, alkaloids of, other than the alkaloids of red quebracho Sabadilla, alkaloids of Solanaceous alkaloids not otherwise included in the Poisons Schedule. Stavesacre, alkaloids of Yenatrum, alkaloids of Yohimba, alkaloids of

Antimonial poisons

Arsenical poisons

Barium, salts of

Digitalis, glycosides of ; other active principles of digitalis

Hydrocyanic acid; cyanides; double cyanides of mercury and zinc

Insulin

Lead, compounds of with acids from fixed oils

Mercury, organic compounds of

Nux Vomica

Opium

Phenols

The proportion of antimony trioxide (Sb_2O_3) or antimony pentoxide (Sb_2O_5) that the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the antimony (Sb) in the poison had been wholly converted into antimony trioxide or antimony pentoxide as the case may be

The proportion of assenic trioxide (As_2O_3) or arsenic pentoxide (As_2O_5) that the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the arsenic (As) in the poison had been wholly converted into assenic trioxide or assenic pentoxide as the case may be.

The proportion of one particular barium salt which the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the barium (Ba) in the poison had been wholly converted into that salt.

The number of units of activity as defined in the British Pharmacopœia contained in a specified quantity of the preparation.

The proportion of hydrocyanic acid (HCN) that the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the cyanides in the poison had been wholly converted into hydrocyanic acid.

- The number of units of activity as defined in the British Pharmacopæia contained in a specified quantity of the preparation.
- The proportion of lead oxide (PbO) that the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the lead in the poison had been wholly converted into lead oxide.

The proportion of organically-combined mercury (Hg) contained in the preparation.

The proportion of strychnine contained in the pre-_paration.

- The proportion of morphine contained in the preparation.
- The proportion of phenols (added together) contained in the preparation.

SIXTH SCHEDULE-continued

Particulars.

Name of poison: Compounds of phenol with a metal

. .

Pituitary gland, the active principles of

Potassium hydroxide

Sodium hydroxide

Strophanthus, glycosides of

Suprarenal gland, the active principles of ; their salts

Thyroid gland, the active principles of ; their salts The proportion of phenols (added together) that the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the compounds of phenols with a metal had been wholly converted into the corresponding phenols.

Either----

- (a) the number of units of activity as defined in the British Pharmacopœia contained in a specified quantity of the preparation; or
- (b) the proportion of pituitary gland, or of anterior or of posterior lobe of the gland, as the case may be, contained in the preparation; or
- be, contained in the preparation; or
 (c) the amount of pituitary gland, or of anterior or of posterior lobe of the gland, as the case may be, from which a specified quantity of the preparation was obtained, together with an indication whether the amount relates to fresh or to dried gland substance.
- The proportion of potassium monoxide (K_2O) which the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the potassium hydroxide in the preparation had been wholly converted into potassium monoxide.
- The proportion of sodium monoxide (Na₂O) which the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the sodium hydroxide in the preparation had been wholly converted into sodium monoxide.
- The amount of Standard Tincture of Strophanthus as defined in the British Pharmacopæia which possesses the same activity as a specified quantity of the preparation when assayed by the method described in the said Pharmacopæia.

Either----

- (a) the proportion of suprarenal gland or of the cortex or of the medulla of the gland, as the case may be, contained in the preparation; or(b) the amount of suprarenal gland, or of the cortex
- (b) the amount of suprarenal gland, or of the cortex or of the medulla of the gland, as the case may be, from which a specified quantity of the preparation was obtained, together with an indication whether the amount relates to fresh or to dried gland substance.

Either-

- (a) The proportion of thyroid gland contained in the preparation; or
- (b) the amount of thyroid gland from which a specified quantity of the preparation was obtained together with an indication whether the amount relates to fresh or to dried gland.

SEVENTH SCHEDULE

Indication of character prescribed by Regulation 15 for the purposes of section 27 (1) (d) (iii) of the Act.

1. To be labelled with the words "Caution. It is dangerous to take this preparation except under medical supervision":—

Medicines made up ready for the internal treatment of human ailments if the poison is one of the following :---

SEVENTH SCHEDULE—continued

Allylisopropylacetylurea

Insulin

Phenylethylhydantoin; its salts; its acyl derivatives; their salts; diphenylhydantoin; its salts; its acyl derivatives; their salts Pituitary gland, the active principles of

2. To be labelled with the words "Caution. It is dangerous to exceed the stated dose." :---

Medicines (other than medicines mentioned in paragraph 1 of this Schedule) made up ready for the internal treatment of human ailments except in the case of a substance included in the First Schedule.

3. To be labelled with the words "*Poison. For animal treatment only*" :- Medicines made up ready for the treatment of animals.

4. To be labelled with the words "Caution. This preparation may cause serious inflammation of the skin in certain persons and should be used only in accordance with expert advice":—

Preparations for the dyeing of hair containing phenylene diamines or toluene diamines or other alkylated-benzene diamines or their salts.

5. To be labelled with the words "*Caution. This substance is caustic*" :--Potassium hydroxide, sodium hydroxide, and articles containing either of

rotassium hydroxide, sodium hydroxide, and articles containing either of these substances.

EIGHT SCHEDULE

Poisons to which Regulation 21 (Transport) applies.

Arsenical poisons Barium, salts of Hydrocyanic acid; cyanides Nicotine Strychnine Thallium, salts of

NINTH SCHEDULE.

Form of Application to be made to the Local Authority by a Person desiring to have his Name Registered under Section 30 of the Act.

(A)

FORM OF APPLICATION TO LOCAL AUTHORITY FOR LICENCE.

The Medicines, Pharmacy and Poisons Act (Northern Ireland), 1945.

of

carrying on the trade of

at hereby apply for a licence thereat, to sell and keep open shop for the sale of (* being) poisons included in Part II of the Poisons Schedule of the Medicines, Pharmacy and Poisons Act (Northern Ireland), 1945, for use exclusively in connection with †

I hereby nominate .

to act as my deputy (deputies) for the sale of poisons in accordance with Regulation 28 of the Poisons Regulations.

NINTH SCHEDULE—continued

I undertake to comply with the provisions of the Medicines, Pharmacy and Poisons Act (Northern Ireland), 1945, and the Regulations made thereunder.

Date

(Signed)

* Here insert the poisons in respect of which the licence is applied for. If the application is for a licence to sell all the poisons to which sub-section 1 (b) (ii) of Section 27 of the Act applies, the word in brackets will be omitted.

† Here insert either "agriculture" or "horticulture" or "agriculture and horticulture".

(The following note to be set out at foot of and on reverse of the form).

Νοτε

The granting of a licence by the local authority does not entitle the licensee to retail poisons in Part I of the Poisons Schedule which, by the provisions of the Act, may only be retailed by authorised sellers of poisons.

A licensee is permitted, subject to the conditions stated below, to sell the poisons in Part II of the Poisons Schedule, namely :--

Arsenic sulphides; arsenious oxide; calcium arsenates; calcium arsenites; copper acetoarsenites; copper arsenates; copper arsenites; lead arsenates; potassium arsenites; sodium arsenates; sodium arsenites; sodium thioarsenates; formaldehyde; mercury organic compounds of; nicotine and its salts; nitrobenzene, potassium fluoride; sodium fluoride; sodium silicofluoride; phenols. (carbolic acid and its homologues) in substances containing less than sixty per cent., weight in weight, of phenols; compounds of phenol with a metal in substances containing less than the equivalent of sixty per cent., weight in weight, of phenols).

The requirements of which the following is a summary that apply to the sale of poisons by a licensee are laid down in section 27 of the Act and in the Poisons Regulations :—

1. The sale must be effected on the premises specified in the licence granted by the local authority (Regulation 25 (4)).

2. The container of the poison must be labelled with the various particulars and in the prescribed manner. (Regulations 12 to 17).

3. No poison may be sold except in containers which comply with the prescribed requirements. (Regulation 18).

4. In the case of any arsenical or mercurial substance (unless it contains no more than the small proportions of arsenic or mercury specified in the First Schedule to the Poisons Regulations), and in the case of barium silicofluoride and nicotine, the purchaser must either (a) be known to the seller, or to the person in charge of the premises on which the substance is sold or of the department of the business in which the sale is effected, to be a person to whom the poison may properly be sold or (b) produce a valid certificate in the form prescribed in the Eleventh Schedule to the Regulations. In addition, in the case of such poisons, the required particulars of the sale must be entered, before delivery, in the Poisons Book to be kept in the form prescribed in the Twelfth Schedule to the Regulations and (subject to the exception next mentioned) the entry must be signed by the purchaser. (Regulation 4).

5. In the case of a sale to a person for the purpose of his trade or business (farmer, horticulturist, etc.), the entry of his signature in the Poisons Book may be dispensed with upon certain conditions, one of which is that an order signed by the purchaser has previously been obtained. (Regulation 5 (3)).

6. It is unlawful to store any poison except in a container impervious to the poison and sufficiently stout to prevent leakage from the container arising from the ordinary risks of handling. (Regulation 19 (1)).

7. Any poison consigned for transport must be sufficiently stoutly packed to avoid leakage arising from the ordinary risks of handling and transport. (Regulation 20).

NINTH SCHEDULE---continued

8. The outside of the package of any arsenical poison, salts of barium or nicotine consigned for transport by a carrier must be labelled conspicuously with the name of the poison and a notice indicating that it is to be kept separate from food and from empty containers in which food has been contained; and no such poison may be knowingly transported in any vehicle in which food is being transported unless the food is carried in a part of the vehicle effectively separated from that containing the poison, or is otherwise adequately protected from the risk of contamination. (Regulation 21).

9. Arsenical or mercurial substances (unless they contain no more than the small proportions of arsenic or mercury specified in the First Schedule to the Regulations), and nicotine may not be sold except by the licensee himself or by a responsible deputy nominated by him to the local authority. (Regulation 28).

10. Arsenical and mercurial substances (unless they contain no more than the small proportions of arsenic or mercury specified in the First Schedule to the Regulations) and nicotine may not be stored on a shelf, but must be stored in a cupboard or drawer reserved solely for the storage of poisons to be used in agriculture or horticulture, or in a part of the premises which is partitioned off or otherwise separated from the remainder of the premises, to which customers are not permitted to have access and in which no food is kept. (Regulation 19).

(B)

FORM OF NOTICE TO THE POLICE AUTHORITY OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR LICENCE.

The Medicines, Pharmacy and Poisons Act (Northern Ireland), 1945.

To :

District Inspector, Royal Ulster Constabulary.

Take notice that I, carrying on the trade of

of

intend to apply to the County Council for a licence to sell and keep open shop at for the sale of (* being)

poisons included in Part II of the Poisons Schedule of the Medicines, Pharmacy and Poisons Act (Northern Ireland), 1945, for use exclusively in connection with †

Date

(Signed)

* Here insert the poisons in respect of which the licence is applied for. If the application is for a licence to sell all the poisons to which sub-section 1 (b) (ii) of Section 27 of the Act applies, the word in brackets will be omitted.

of the Act applies, the word in brackets will be omitted. † Here insert either "agriculture" or "horticulture" or "agriculture and horticulture".

(C)

Form of Notice to the Secretary of the Pharmaceutical Society of Northern Ireland of Receipt of Application for Licence.

The Medicines, Pharmacy and Poisons Act (Northern Ireland), 1945.

To the Secretary of the Pharmaceutical Society of Northern Ireland.

Take notice that

of , carrying on the Trade of has applied for a licence thereat, to sell and keep open shop at for the sale of (* being) poisons included in Part II of the Poisons Schedule of the Medicines, Pharmacy and Poisons Act (Northern Ireland), 1945, for use exclusively in connection with †

NINTH SCHEDULE-continued

Date

(Signed) Clerk of the Council of

* Here insert the poisons in respect of which the licence is applied for. If the application is for a licence to sell all the poisons to which sub-section 1 (b) (ii) of Section 27 of the Act applies, the word in brackets will be omitted.

† Here insert either "agriculture" or "horticulture", or "agriculture and horticulture".

(D)

Form of Notice to the Minister of Home Affairs and the Secretary of the Pharmaceutical Society of Northern Ireland of the Grant of a Licence.

The Medicines, Pharmacy and Poisons Act (Northern Ireland), 1945.

To *

Take notice that

of on the trade of

been granted a licence to sell and keep open shop at

for the sale being) poisons included in Part II of the Poisons Schedule of the Medicines, Pharmacy and Poisons Act (Northern Ireland), 1945, for use exclusively in connection with ‡

This licence was granted by the Council on

Date

(Signed)

Clerk of the Council of

* Here insert Minister of Home Affairs or Secretary of the Pharmaceutical Society of Northern Ireland, as the case may be.

[†] Here insert the poisons in respect of which the licence is applied for. If the application is for a licence to sell all the poisons to which sub-section 1 (b) (ii) of Section 27 of the Act applies, the word in brackets will be omitted.

‡ Here insert either "agriculture" or "horticulture", or "agriculture and horticulture".

(E)

FORM OF LICENCE.

The Medicines, Pharmacy and Poisons Act (Northern Ireland), 1945.

of

carrying on the trade of

at

is hereby licensed thereat to sell and keep open shop for the sale of (*

being) the poisons included in Part II of the Poisons Schedule of the Medicines, Pharmacy and Poisons Act (Northern Ireland), 1945, for use exclusively in connection with †

1945, for use exclusively in connection with \dagger subject to the provisions of the Medicines, Pharmacy and Poisons Act (Northern Ireland), 1945, and to the Regulations made thereunder,

carrying has

NINTH SCHEDULE—continued

This licence is in force until the

day of

Date

(Signed) Clerk of the Council of

* Here insert the poisons for the sale of which the licence is granted, if the licence is to authorise the sale of all the poisons to which sub-section 1 (b) (ii) of Section 27 of the Act applies, the word in brackets will be omitted.

† Here insert either "agriculture" or "horticulture", or "agriculture and horticulture".

NOTE.—The conditions set forth on the form of application to local authority for licence should also be set out on the back of this licence.

TENTH SCHEDULE.

Form of the Register to be kept by local authorities in pursuance of Section 30 of the Act.

MEDICINES, PHARMACY AND POISONS ACT (NORTHERN IRELAND), 1945.

List of persons entitled to sell poisons in Part II. of the Poisons Schedule.

Full Name.			Name of Deputy (or deputies) permitted to sell.		
· · ·					
		5			
• •	• • 	*			
	· · ·	•			

ELEVENTH SCHEDULE.

Certificate required by Regulation 32 for the purchase of a poison.

	i) of Section 27 of the Medicines, Pharmacy I, the undersigned, a householder occupying
and Poisons Act (Normern Ireland), 1945,	i, the undersigned, a nouseholder occupying
(a)	hereby certify from my knowledge
of (b)	of (<i>a</i>)
that he is a person to whom (c)	may properly be supplied.

ELEVENTH SCHEDULE-continued

I further certify that (d)... is the signature of the said

Signature of householder giving certificate:

Date.....

(a) Insert full postal address.

(b) Insert full name of intending purchaser.(c) Insert name of poison.

(d) Intending purchaser to sign his name here.

Endorsement required by para. (2) of Regulation 32 of the Poisons Regulations to be made by a police officer in charge of a police station, when, but only when, the householder giving the certificate is not known to the seller of the poison to be a responsible person of good character.

I hereby certify that in so far as is known to the police of the district in which resides he is a responsible person of good character.

Signature of Police Officer

Rank _____

In charge of Police Station at

Date.

Office Stamp of Police Station.

* Insert full name of householder giving the certificate.

TWELFTH SCHEDULE.

Form of entry required by Regulation 33 to be made in the book to be kept by sellers of poisons in accordance with Section 27 (2) (b) of the Medicines, Pharmacy and Poisons Act, (Northern Ireland), 1945.

Name and Date of quantity Sale. of poison supplied.	Purchaser's		Purpose for	Deto of	Name and Address of	Signature of pur- chaser, or, where a signed order is		
	Name.	Address.	Business, trade or occupation.	which stated to be required.	Date of certificate (if any)	person giving certificate (if any)	chaser, or, where a signed order is permitted by the Poisons Rules, the date of the signed order.	
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PHARMACY AND POISONS.

THIRTEENTH SCHEDULE

MEDICINES, PHARMACY AND POISONS ACT (NORTHERN IRELAND), 1945.

Order issued under Regulation 10 by the Ministry of Agriculture for the purchase of poisons included in Group D of the Fourth Schedule to the Regulations.

Authorised Officer of the Ministry of Agriculture.

Date

Insert (a) full name of intending purchaser; (b) full postal address and (c) quantity and name of poison.

Note.—This Order is valid for one purchase only and must be retained by the authorised seller of poisons.

FOURTEENTH SCHEDULE

MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE.

Medicines, Pharmacy and Poisons Act (Northern Ireland), 1945.

Authority issued by a County Agricultural Executive Officer for the purchase of strychnine in pursuance of paragraph 1 (e) of Regulation 30.

I hereby authorise (a)...... of (b)......

to purchase, within three months of the date hereof, (c).....ounce of strychnine for the purpose of killing foxes.

County Agricultural Executive Officer for the County of

Date.....

Insert (a) full name of intended purchaser; (b) full postal address, and (c) quantity which shall not exceed one ounce.

NOTE.—This Authority is valid for one purchase only and must be retained by the authorised seller of poisons.

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