The Ministry of Finance hereby approves the foregoing Regulations.

Sealed with the Official Seal of the Ministry of Finance for Northern Ireland this 17th day of August, nineteen hundred and sixty-one.

(L.S.)

K. R. Shimeld,
Assistant Secretary.

### EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Regulations but is intended to indicate their general purport.)

These Regulations allow the local education authority, with the approval of the Ministry, to modify the requirement that a full-time teacher must teach for at least 20 hours weekly. Such a modification would normally be made where a teacher has special duties or responsibilities.

### 1961. No. 179

# [C]

### NATIONAL INSURANCE

# **Hospital In-Patients**

REGULATIONS, DATED 17TH AUGUST, 1961, MADE BY THE NATIONAL INSURANCE JOINT AUTHORITY, IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE, UNDER THE NATIONAL INSURANCE ACT (NORTHERN IRELAND), 1946.

The National Insurance Joint Authority, in conjunction with the Ministry of Finance, in exercise of powers conferred by section 29 of the National Insurance Act (Northern Ireland), 1946(a), and of all other powers enabling them in that behalf, hereby make the following regulations:

### PART I

#### GENERAL

Citation, commencement and interpretation

1.—(1) These regulations may be cited as the National Insurance (Hospital In-Patients) Regulations (Northern Ireland), 1961, and shall come into operation on the 4th September, 1961.

(2) In these regulations—

"the Act" means the National Insurance Act (Northern Ireland), 1946;

"the Ministry" means the Ministry of Labour and National Insurance;

"the Overlapping Benefits Regulations" means the National Insurance (Overlapping Benefits) Regulations (Northern Ireland), 1961(b);

"beneficiary" means, in relation to any benefit, the person to whom that benefit is or, but for the provisions of these regulations, would be payable;

- "personal benefit" means that benefit which, apart from these regulations, is payable to a person otherwise than in respect of another person who is a child or an adult dependant;
- "dependency benefit" means that benefit which, apart from these regulations, is payable to a person in respect of another person who is a child or an adult dependant;
- "tuberculosis patient" means a person (not being a person under treatment in a mental hospital within the meaning of the Mental Health Act (Northern Ireland), 1948(a), or in an institution for persons requiring special care within the meaning of that Act) who is under treatment for tuberculosis of the respiratory system;
- "prescribed accommodation" means, in relation to any person, any residential accommodation provided for that person under the Welfare Services Acts (Northern Ireland), 1949 and 1954(b).
- (3) For the purposes of these regulations, a person shall be regarded as receiving or having received free in-patient treatment for any period for which he is or has been maintained free of charge while undergoing medical or other treatment as an in-patient-
  - (a) in a hospital or similar institution maintained or administered by the Northern Ireland Hospitals Authority constituted under the Health Services Act (Northern Ireland), 1948(c), or by or on behalf of the Minister of Pensions and National Insurance, the Minister of Health, the Admiralty, the Army Council or the Air Council; or
  - (b) pursuant to arrangements made by the said Northern Ireland Hospitals Authority, the Minister of Pensions and National Insurance or the Minister of Health, in a hospital or similar institution not so maintained or administered:

and, for this purpose, a person shall only be regarded as not being maintained free of charge in a hospital or similar institution for any period if he is paying or has paid, in respect of his maintenance, charges which are designed to cover the whole cost of the accommodation or services (other than services by way of treatment) provided for him in the hospital or similar institution for that period.

### PART II

# ADJUSTMENT OF BENEFIT

2. The provisions of this Part shall have effect subject to the provisions of Part III and Part IV.

### Personal benefit

- 3.—(1) Where the conditions for the receipt of personal benefit by way of sickness benefit, widow's allowance, widowed mother's allowance, widow's pension or retirement pension are satisfied in relation to any person who receives, or has received, continuously, for a period exceeding eight weeks, free in-patient treatment, the weekly rate of that personal benefit which, but for the provisions of these regulations, would be payable for any period after the first eight weeks of that treatment shall be reduced subject to and in accordance with the following provisions of these regulations.
- (2) In any case in which the provisions of paragraph (1) apply in relation to any of the said personal benefits, the weekly rate of any reduction of that

<sup>(</sup>a) 1948. c. 17. (c) 1948. c. 3. (d) 1949. c. 1 & 1954. c. 6,

personal benefit shall, subject to the provisions of paragraph (3), be determined, for any part of the period of free in-patient treatment which occurs during the forty-four weeks next following the first eight weeks thereof, in accordance with the provisions of regulation 4, and, for any part of the period of that treatment which occurs after the first fifty-two weeks thereof, in accordance with the provisions of regulation 5.

- (3) In any case where a reduction of personal benefit at a rate determined in accordance with the provisions of regulation 4 or paragraph (2) or paragraph (3) or sub-paragraph (d) of paragraph (4) of regulation 5 would reduce the rate of that personal benefit, where the beneficiary is a tuberculosis patient, to less than sixteen shillings and sixpence a week, or, in any other case, to less than eleven shillings and sixpence a week, the reduction of that personal benefit shall not be as so determined but shall be such (if any) as will reduce the rate of that personal benefit, where the beneficiary is a tuberculosis patient, to sixteen shillings and sixpence a week, or, in any other case, to eleven shillings and sixpence a week.
- 4. Where, by virtue of the provisions of paragraph (2) of regulation 3, the weekly rate of any reduction of personal benefit is to be determined for any period in accordance with the provisions of this regulation, that reduction shall be.—
  - (a) for any part of that period during which the beneficiary has a dependant, at the rate of eleven shillings and sixpence a week; and
    - (b) for any other part of that period, at the rate of twenty-three shillings a week.
- 5.—(1) Where, by virtue of the provisions of paragraph (2) of regulation 3, the weekly rate of any reduction of personal benefit is to be determined for any period in accordance with the provisions of this regulation, that reduction shall, subject to the following provisions of this regulation, be such (if any) as will reduce the rate of that personal benefit, where the beneficiary is a tuberculosis patient, to sixteen shillings and sixpence a week, or, in any other case, to eleven shillings and sixpence a week.
- (2) For any part of the period referred to in paragraph (1) during which the beneficiary has a dependant and in respect of which an application has been made by the beneficiary to the Ministry to pay on behalf of the beneficiary to that dependant, or to some other person who is approved by the Ministry and satisfies the Ministry that he will apply it for the benefit of that dependant, so much (if any) of the personal benefit as would, but for the provisions of these regulations, be payable to the beneficiary in excess, where the beneficiary is a tuberculosis patient, of twenty-eight shillings a week, or, in any other case, of twenty-three shillings a week, the reduction of personal benefit shall be at the rate of eleven shillings and sixpence a week.
  - (3) (a) For any part of the period of free in-patient treatment which falls within the period of fifty-two weeks next following the first fifty-two weeks thereof, and during which the beneficiary has not a dependant or, if the beneficiary has a dependant, in respect of which any such application as is mentioned in paragraph (2) has not been made, the reduction of personal benefit shall, subject to the provisions of subparagraph (b), be at the rate of twenty-three shillings a week.
  - (b) In addition to the reduction of benefit specified in sub-paragraph (a), so much (if any) of the personal benefit as would, but for the provisions

- of these regulations, be payable for the said part of the said period in excess, where the beneficiary is a tuberculosis patient, of thirty-nine shillings and sixpence a week, or, in any other case, of thirty-four shillings and sixpence a week, shall not be payable unless and until the beneficiary is discharged from the hospital or similar institution.
- (4) In relation to any beneficiary who is married, the foregoing provisions of this regulation shall have effect subject to the following provisions:
  - (a) If the husband or wife of the beneficiary is receiving free in-patient treatment after having received that treatment continuously for a period of not less than fifty-two weeks, then, notwithstanding the provisions of regulation 10, he or she shall not be regarded as a dependant of the beneficiary.

# (b) If,—

- (i) on a day on which the beneficiary is receiving free in-patient treatment after having received that treatment continuously for a period exceeding fifty-two weeks, his wife or her husband is receiving free in-patient treatment after having received that treatment continuously for a period which began fifty-two weeks before that day, and
- (ii) as respects the period of free in-patient treatment received by the beneficiary, the provisions of paragraph (3) have not applied in relation to any part of that period before that day,

those provisions shall apply as if the part of the period of free in-patient treatment received by the beneficiary next following the first fifty-two weeks thereof had begun on that day.

- (c) Where the benefit in question is personal benefit by way of sickness benefit and the beneficiary is a woman who is receiving free in-patient treatment after having received that treatment continuously for a period of not less than fifty-two weeks, for any part of the period of that treatment which occurs after the first fifty-two weeks thereof and for which there is payable to her husband in respect of her any dependency benefit under the Act, the reduction of that personal benefit shall be such (if any) as will reduce the weekly rate thereof, where the beneficiary is a tuberculosis patient, to sixteen shillings and sixpence a week, or, in any other case, to eleven shillings and sixpence a week.
- (d) If the beneficiary is a man and the benefit in question is personal benefit by way of sickness benefit or a retirement pension, or if the beneficiary is a woman and the benefit in question is personal benefit by way of a retirement pension, then, for any part of the period of free in-patient treatment received by the beneficiary which occurs after the first one hundred and four weeks thereof and (where the beneficiary is a man) for which the wife of the beneficiary is entitled to a retirement pension by virtue of her own insurance—
  - (i) notwithstanding the provisions of regulation 10, the wife or husband of the beneficiary shall not be regarded as a dependant of the beneficiary, and
  - (ii) (where the beneficiary is a man and his wife would, but for the provisions of this sub-paragraph, be regarded as a dependant of the beneficiary) the reduction of the personal benefit in question shall be at the weekly rate of thirty-four shillings:

Provided that the provisions of head (ii) shall not apply for any period in respect of which any such application as is mentioned in paragraph (2) has been made by the beneficiary in relation to any person except his wife who, for that period, is a dependant of the beneficiary.

# Dependency benefit

- **6.**—(1) The provisions of paragraphs (2) to (6) shall have effect subject to the provisions of paragraph (7).
- (2) Where, apart from this regulation, the conditions for the receipt by any person (hereafter in this regulation referred to as "the beneficiary") of any dependency benefit under the Act are satisfied as respects a period for which either the beneficiary or the person in respect of whom that dependency benefit is or, apart from this regulation, would be payable (hereafter in this regulation referred to as "the dependant") is receiving free in-patient treatment, that dependency benefit shall be payable subject to and in accordance with the following provisions of this regulation.
- (3) In any case (not being a case in which the provisions of paragraph (4) apply) where the beneficiary is married and the dependant is his wife or her husband and is receiving free in-patient treatment after having received that treatment continuously for a period of not less than eight weeks, the following provisions shall apply:
  - (a) The weekly rate of the dependency benefit which, but for this regulation, would be payable to the beneficiary in respect of the dependant—
    - (i) for any part of the period of free in-patient treatment received by the dependant which occurs during the ninety-six weeks next following the first eight weeks thereof shall be reduced by eleven shillings and sixpence or by such lesser amount (if any) as will reduce that weekly rate, where the dependant is a tuberculosis patient, to sixteen shillings and sixpence a week, or, in any other case, to eleven shillings and sixpence a week; and
    - (ii) for any part of the period of free in-patient treatment received by the dependant which occurs after the end of one hundred and four weeks beginning with its commencement shall (subject to the provisions of sub-paragraph (b)) be reduced by such an amount (if any) as will reduce that weekly rate, where the dependant is a tuberculosis patient, to sixteen shillings and sixpence a week, or, in any other case, to eleven shillings and sixpence a week.
  - (b) Where the beneficiary is a man and the dependant is his wife who is residing with him, the dependency benefit which, but for this subparagraph, would be payable to the beneficiary in respect of the dependant for any part of the period of free in-patient treatment received by the dependant which occurs after the end of one hundred and four weeks beginning with its commencement shall not be payable unless the beneficiary is regularly incurring expenditure in respect of the dependant or is regularly making, or causing to be made, some payment to the dependant or to some other person for the benefit of the dependant.
- (4) In any case where the beneficiary is married and the dependant is his wife or her husband and each of them is receiving free in-patient treatment after having received that treatment continuously for a period of not less than fifty-two weeks, the following provisions shall apply:
  - (a) For any part of the period of free in-patient treatment received by the beneficiary—

- (i) which occurs both after the first fifty-two weeks thereof and during that part of the period of free in-patient treatment received by the dependant which occurs during the fifty-two weeks next following the first fifty-two weeks thereof, and
- (ii) in respect of which an application has been made by the beneficiary to the Ministry to pay on behalf of the beneficiary to the dependant (subject to the dependant's being discharged from the hospital or similar institution and subject also to the provisions of regulation 8) or to some other person who is approved by the Ministry and satisfies the Ministry that he will apply it for the benefit of a child of the beneficiary's family so much (if any) of the dependency benefit as would, but for this regulation, be payable to the beneficiary in respect of the dependant at a rate in excess, where the dependant is a tuberculosis patient, of twenty-eight shillings a week, or, in any other case, of twenty-three shillings a week,

the weekly rate of the dependency benefit which, but for this regulation, would be payable to the beneficiary in respect of the dependant shall be reduced by eleven shillings and sixpence a week or by such lesser amount (if any) as will reduce that weekly rate, where the dependant is a tuberculosis patient, to sixteen shillings and sixpence a week, or, in any other case, to eleven shillings and sixpence a week.

- (b) For any other part of the period of free in-patient treatment received by the beneficiary which occurs both after the first fifty-two weeks thereof and during that part of the period of free in-patient treatment received by the dependant which occurs after the first fifty-two weeks thereof, the weekly rate of the dependency benefit which, but for this regulation, would be 'payable to the beneficiary in respect of the dependant shall be reduced by such an amount (if any) as will reduce that weekly rate, where the dependant is a tuberculosis patient, to sixteen shillings and sixpence a week, or, in any other case, to eleven shillings and sixpence a week.
- (c) Any benefit in relation to which, in accordance with sub-paragraph (a), an application has been made by the beneficiary to the Ministry for its payment to the dependant shall not be payable unless and until the dependant is discharged from the hospital or similar institution.
- (5) In any case where the dependant is a child and is receiving free inpatient treatment after having received that treatment continuously for a period of not less than twelve weeks, any dependency benefit which, but for this regulation, would be payable to the beneficiary in respect of the dependant shall not be payable unless the beneficiary is regularly incurring expenditure in respect of the dependant or is regularly making, or causing to be made, some payment to the dependant or to some other person for the benefit of the dependant.
- (6) In any case (not being a case in which the provisions of sub-paragraph (b) of paragraph (3) or the provisions of paragraph (5) apply) where, apart from this regulation, the conditions for the receipt by the beneficiary of any dependency benefit under the Act (not being any dependency benefit in relation to which an application has been made in accordance with the provisions of head (ii) of sub-paragraph (a) of paragraph (4)) are satisfied and the beneficiary has received free in-patient treatment continuously for a period exceeding fifty-two weeks, that dependency benefit, or such part thereof as would be payable but for the provisions of this paragraph, shall not be payable for any part of the period of free in-patient treatment which occurs after the

first fifty-two weeks thereof and in respect of which an application has not been made by the beneficiary to the Ministry to pay on behalf of the beneficiary that dependency benefit, or the said part thereof, to the dependant or to some other person who is approved by the Ministry and satisfies the Ministry that he will apply it for the benefit of the dependant.

- (7) In relation to any case where the beneficiary is a married man and the dependant is his wife, the foregoing references to the dependency benefit which, but for this regulation, would be payable for any period shall, as respects any period throughout which the dependant is receiving free in-patient treatment and—
  - (a) for which personal benefit under the Act by way of sickness benefit is payable to her, or
  - (b) (where the dependency benefit in question is dependency benefit by way of an increase of a retirement pension) throughout which she is over pensionable age and for which any personal benefit specified in paragraph (2) of regulation 6 of the Overlapping Benefits Regulations is payable to her,

be construed as references to the dependency benefit which, but for the operation of the Overlapping Benefits Regulations and the provisions of this regulation, would be payable for that period.

Adjustment, or further adjustment, of benefit in certain cases

- 7.—(1) This regulation applies in relation to—
- (a) any personal benefit by way of sickness benefit, widow's benefit or retirement pension (not being personal benefit which, by virtue of an application such as is mentioned in paragraph (2) of regulation 5, is payable on behalf of the beneficiary to or for the benefit of the dependant or any personal benefit which, by virtue of the provisions of subparagraph (b) of paragraph (3) of that regulation, is not payable unless and until the beneficiary is discharged from a hospital or similar institution) which, but for the provisions of this regulation, would be payable to the beneficiary, and
- (b) any dependency benefit (not being dependency benefit which, by virtue of an application such as is mentioned in sub-paragraph (a) of paragraph (4) of regulation 6 is payable for the benefit of a child or which, by virtue of such an application and the provisions of sub-paragraph (c) of the said paragraph (4), is payable to the beneficiary's wife or husband subject to her or his being discharged from a hospital or similar institution) which, but for the provisions of this regulation, would be payable in respect of the beneficiary's wife or husband,

for a period for which, in the case of personal benefit, the beneficiary, or, in the case of dependency benefit, each of the beneficiary and the beneficiary's wife or husband, is receiving free in-patient treatment after having received that treatment continuously for a period of not less than fifty-two weeks; and, in relation to such benefit, the beneficiary, or, in the case of dependency benefit, the beneficiary's wife or husband, is hereafter in this regulation referred to as "the patient".

(2) The weekly rate of any benefit in relation to which this regulation applies shall be reduced for any period for which there is in operation a certificate in writing, given by a medical officer who, at the time when it was given, was treating the patient, showing that, in the opinion of that officer, either no sum or no more than a specified weekly sum (being a weekly sum which

is less than the weekly rate of that benefit) can be applied by or on behalf of the patient for his personal comfort or enjoyment; and the reduction of the weekly rate of that benefit to be made in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this paragraph shall be such that that benefit is not payable or, as the case may be, it is payable at a weekly rate equal to the weekly sum specified in the certificate.

- (3) A certificate such as is referred to in paragraph (2) shall operate from the date on which it is furnished to the Ministry and shall continue in operation unless and until either the Ministry receives a notice in writing, given by a medical officer who, at the time when it was given, was treating the patient, stating that the certificate is revoked or another such certificate, relating to the same patient, comes into operation.
- (4) In relation to any personal benefit, the foregoing provisions of this regulation shall apply only as respects any period during which the beneficiary is unable to act and benefit to which he is entitled is payable, on his behalf, to the management committee or other body or authority responsible for the management and control of the hospital or similar institution in which he is receiving treatment and is so payable to that management committee, body or authority either as a person or persons empowered to act on behalf of the beneficiary by virtue of an appointment made by the Ministry or pursuant to a request made to the Ministry by a person so empowered.
- (5) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this regulation, any benefit which, by reason only of the application of those provisions, would not be payable to or in respect of the patient shall be payable subject to and in accordance with the following provisions:
  - (a) Such benefit shall not be payable unless and until the patient is discharged from the hospital or similar institution.
  - (b) If, as respects any benefit in relation to which this regulation applies, reductions have been made in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (2) for more than fifty-two weeks, the amount payable in respect of that benefit by virtue of this paragraph shall not exceed the aggregate amount of the reductions so made for the first fifty-two of those weeks.
- (6) If and in so far as an application made in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (6) of regulation 6 relates to dependency benefit which would be payable but for any reduction falling to be made in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (2), it shall have effect as if it were an application made by the beneficiary to the Ministry for the payment of that dependency benefit to the dependant subject to the dependant's being discharged from the hospital or similar institution and subject also to the provisions of regulation 8.
- (7) The references in paragraph (4) of regulation 6 to benefit which would be payable but for that regulation, and the reference in paragraph (6) of that regulation to benefit which would be payable but for the provisions of that paragraph, shall be construed as if this regulation had not been made.

### PART III

### SUPPLEMENTARY PROVISIONS

Benefit payable on discharge from a hospital or similar institution

8.—(1) Where, by virtue of any provision of these regulations, the payment to a person (hereafter in this regulation referred to as "the payee") of any

sum by way of benefit is conditional upon the payee's discharge from a hospital or similar institution, that sum (which sum or any part thereof is hereafter in this regulation referred to as "resettlement benefit") shall not be payable unless and until, after the payee's discharge from the hospital or similar institution, the payee proves, in such manner as the Ministry shall require, that his discharge therefrom was effected by and with the approval of a person authorised or empowered to discharge him and that he is neither receiving free in-patient treatment nor residing in any prescribed accommodation, and in that event there shall be payable only so much resettlement benefit as is payable in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (2).

(2) Resettlement benefit shall, during the lifetime of the payee, be payable to him by instalments not exceeding eighty shillings a week unless, having regard to the circumstances of any particular case, the Ministry decides that payment by other instalments or in one sum is desirable, and any resettlement benefit which, at the payee's death, has not been paid in accordance with this provision shall not be payable:

### Provided that-

- (a) the payment of any resettlement benefit shall be suspended while the payee is again receiving free in-patient treatment or is residing in any prescribed accommodation; and
- (b) where after an interval of more than twenty-eight days the payee again receives free in-patient treatment for any period, the amount of any resettlement benefit which, but for the provisions of this paragraph of this proviso, would be payable to him in respect of that period shall be reduced or extinguished by the deduction therefrom of the amount of any resettlement benefit which, at the commencement of that period, either was payable to him and was unpaid, or would have been so payable to him if he had then satisfied the conditions for the receipt thereof.

# Division of widowed mother's allowance into dependency benefit and personal benefit

- 9. For the purposes of these regulations, where any benefit by way of widowed mother's allowance is or may be payable to a widow by reason of her having a family which includes a child or children, that benefit (apart from any increase in respect of any child other than the elder or eldest) shall be deemed to consist of—
  - (a) dependency benefit by way of widowed mother's allowance payable to the widow in respect of that child or the elder or eldest of those children at the weekly rate of twenty-five shillings; and
  - (b) personal benefit by way of widowed mother's allowance payable to the widow otherwise than in respect of any child at the weekly rate at which the benefit by way of widowed mother's allowance is or may be payable reduced by twenty-five shillings a week.

# Persons constituting "dependants"

- 10. For the purposes of regulations 4 and 5, a beneficiary shall be regarded as having a dependant for any period if, but only if, for that period—
  - (a) any dependency benefit is payable to the beneficiary (or to some other person on his behalf) or, but for the operation of the Overlapping Benefits Regulations and the provisions of regulation 6, would, subject to his satisfying the condition of making a claim therefor, be payable to the beneficiary; or

- (b) an increase of benefit would, but for the provisions of regulation 6 and subject as aforesaid, be payable to the beneficiary in respect of an adult dependant, if any earnings of that dependant were disregarded otherwise than for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not the beneficiary is or has been wholly or mainly maintaining that dependant; or
- (c) an increase of benefit would, but for the operation of the Overlapping Benefits Regulations and the provisions of regulation 6 and subject as aforesaid, be payable to the beneficiary in respect of his wife for any period in respect of which a retirement pension is payable to her, if any earnings of the wife were disregarded; or
- (d) a retirement pension is payable to the beneficiary (being the wife of a man to whom a retirement pension is payable in respect of that period) and the beneficiary is residing with her husband;

and, in relation to a beneficiary who is regarded as having a dependant by virtue of the provisions of paragraph (a), (b) or (c), a person in respect of whom any dependency benefit is or, but for any provision or condition mentioned in that paragraph, would be payable to the beneficiary (or to some other person on his behalf) shall, for the first-mentioned purposes, be regarded as a dependant, and, in relation to a married woman who is regarded as having a dependant by virtue of the provisions of paragraph (d), her husband shall, for those purposes, be regarded as a dependant:

Provided that, if the husband or wife of the beneficiary is temporarily absent from Northern Ireland for the specific purpose of being treated for incapacity which commenced before he or she left Northern Ireland, then, in determining for the purposes of the foregoing provisions of this regulation whether any benefit is, or would be, payable, that absence from Northern Ireland (and any absence of claim for benefit) shall be disregarded.

# Two increases of the same benefit to be treated as separate benefits

11. For the purposes of these regulations, in any case where dependency benefit by way of increases of benefit in respect of more than one person (being a child or an adult dependant) is or, but for the provisions of these regulations, would be payable, each of such increases of benefit shall be treated as a separate benefit.

# Calculation of periods

- 12.—(1) For the purpose of calculating any period mentioned in Part II or Part IV, but for no other purpose, the following provisions of this regulation shall apply.
- (2) Where a person has entered a hospital or similar institution for the purpose of receiving there medical or other treatment as an in-patient after having ceased to reside in any prescribed accommodation, he shall be regarded as having received free in-patient treatment throughout the period during which he so resided:

### Provided that,—

- (a) where any such person has ceased to reside in any prescribed accommodation after it has been decided by the appropriate authority that he should be permitted to reside there otherwise than temporarily, the period of that residence (whatever its duration) shall be deemed to have been a period of fifty-two weeks; and
- (b) where the prescribed accommodation in which any such person has ceased to reside is residential accommodation in premises managed by

- a voluntary organisation provided for that person under the Welfare Services Acts (Northern Ireland), 1949 and 1954(a), the foregoing provisions of this paragraph and the provisions of paragraph (3) shall not apply in relation to that person unless and until, after having ceased to reside in such accommodation, he shall have received free in-patient treatment for a continuous period exceeding eight weeks.
- (3) Where a person has received (or is regarded under this regulation as having received) free in-patient treatment for two or more distinct periods separated by a temporary interval or temporary intervals, he shall be regarded as having received such treatment continuously for a period, equal in duration to the total of such distinct periods, ending on the last day of the latter or last of such periods; and, for this purpose, the expression "temporary interval" means a period not exceeding twenty-eight days.
- (4) Any period during which a person has received free in-patient treatment whilst that person was a serving member of the forces (as defined in paragraph (2) of regulation 1 of the National Insurance (Members of the Forces) Regulations, 1949(b)) shall be disregarded.

# Priority of adjustments

13. Except in any case in which the provisions of paragraph (7) of regulation 6 apply, where any benefit in relation to which these regulations apply falls to be adjusted in accordance with the provisions of the Overlapping Benefits Regulations, the benefit as so adjusted in accordance with those provisions shall be the relevant benefit for the purposes of the provisions of these regulations.

### Provisions as to residence

14. For the purposes of Part II and paragraph (d) of regulation 10, two spouses shall not be deemed to have ceased to reside together by reason of any absence of either or both of them while receiving medical or other treatment as an in-patient in a hospital or similar institution, notwithstanding that such absence is not temporary.

### PART IV

### TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

15. In the application of the provisions of these regulations in relation to a person who, immediately before the appointed day(c), was entitled to any sum by virtue of the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 55 of the National Health Insurance Act, 1936(d) (which relates to the payment of benefit under that Act to a person after he has left an institution) and subsequently satisfies the conditions specified in sub-paragraph (b) of paragraph (3) of regulation 5 for the receipt of any personal benefit to which that sub-paragraph applies, and has been receiving free in-patient treatment throughout the period from that day to the date of his discharge from the hospital or similar institution, it shall be a further condition that there shall be payable only so much (if any) of the amount of that personal benefit as does not exceed the amount (if any) by which fifty pounds exceeds the said sum, and that no part of that amount shall become payable until after payment to the beneficiary of the said sum.

<sup>(</sup>a) 1949. c. 1 & 1954. c. 6.

<sup>(</sup>b) S.I, 1949/875,

<sup>(</sup>c) See S.R & O. (N.I.) 1948, No. 32. (d) 26 Geo, 5 & 1 Edw. 8. c. 32.

# PART V

# Revocations

16. The regulations specified in the Schedule are hereby revoked to the extent mentioned in the third column of that Schedule.

Given under the Official Seal of the National Insurance Joint Authority this 17th day of August, nineteen hundred and sixty-one.

(L.S.) D. J. Carter,

Secretary.

Given under the Official Seal of the Ministry of Finance for Northern Ireland this 17th day of August, nineteen hundred and sixty-one.

(L.S.) K. R. Shimeld,

Assistant Secretary.

# Regulation 16

# SCHEDULE Regulations Revoked

					Regulations Revoreu	
Statutory Rules and Orders of Northern Ireland					Citation	Extent of Revocation
S.R.	&	O. No.	(N.I.) 161	1949;	The National Insurance (Hospital In-Patients) Regulations (Northern Ireland), 1949.	The whole of the regulations.
S.R.	&		(N.I.) 162	1949,	The National Insurance (Hospital In - Patients) Amendment Regulations (Northern Ireland), 1949.	The whole of the regulations.
S.R.	*&		(N.I.) 147	1952,	The National Insurance (Hospital In - Patients) Amendment Regulations (Northern Ireland), 1952.	The whole of the regulations.
S.R.	&		(N.I.) . 22	1953,	The National Insurance (Hospital In - Patients) Amendment Regulations (Northern Ireland), 1953.	The whole of the regulations.
S.R.			(N.I.) 138	1956,	The National Insurance (Widow's Benefit and Miscellancous Provisions) Regulations (Northern Treland), 1956.	In paragraph (2) of regulation 1, the definition of "the Hospital In-Patients Regulations"; in paragraph (1) of regulation 11, the words "and regulation 7 of the Hospital In-Patients Regulations", and the words "and V respectively"; and in paragraph (2) of that regulation, the words "and in the said regulation 7"; in Schedule A, Part V.
S.R.	&		(N.I.) 225	1957,	The National Insurance (Child's Special Allow- ance) Regulations (Nor- thern Ireland), 1957.	In the Schedule, the entries under the heading "The National Insurance (Hospital In-Patients) Regulations (Northern Ireland), 1949".
S.R.	&	O. No.	(N.I.) 254	1957,	The National Insurance (Hospital In-Patients) Amendment Regulations (Northern Ireland), 1957.	The whole of the regulations.
S.R.	&	O. No.	(N.I.) 142	1960,	The National Insurance (Hospital In-Patients) Amendment Regulations (Northern Ireland), 1960.	The whole of the regulations.