

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Order, but is intended to indicate its general purport.)

This Order exempts certain small buildings and structures used for retail sales and situated in certain public open spaces or on or near beaches from the requirements of section 9 of the Office and Shop Premises Act (Northern Ireland) 1966 as to sanitary conveniences for employed persons. The exemption is granted subject to conditions requiring that suitable public or other sanitary conveniences shall be available for use by persons employed to work in the exempted premises.

1967. No. 187

[NC]

OFFICE AND SHOP PREMISES

Prescribed Dangerous Machines

ORDER, DATED 19TH JULY 1967, MADE BY THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES UNDER SECTION 19(2) OF THE OFFICE AND SHOP PREMISES ACT (NORTHERN IRELAND) 1966.

The Ministry of Health and Social Services in exercise of the powers conferred on it by section 19(2) of the Office and Shop Premises Act (Northern Ireland) 1966(a) (hereinafter referred to as "the Act") and of all other powers enabling it in that behalf, hereby makes the following Order:—

1. This Order may be cited as the Office and Shop Premises (Prescribed Dangerous Machines) Order (Northern Ireland) 1967 and shall come into operation on 1st August 1967.

2. The machines specified in the Schedule are hereby prescribed as being machines which appear to the Ministry of Health and Social Services to be of such a dangerous character that persons ought not to work at them unless the requirements of section 19(1) of the Act are complied with.

Sealed with the Official Seal of the Ministry of Health and Social Services for Northern Ireland this 19th day of July 1967.

(L.S.)

S. H. O'Fee,
Assistant Secretary.

(a) 1966. c. 26 (N.I.).

SCHEDULE

PART I

The following machines when worked with the aid of mechanical power—

1. Worm-type mincing machines.
2. Rotary knife bowl-type chopping machines.
3. Dough brakes.
4. Dough mixers.
5. Food mixing machines when used with attachments for mincing, slicing, chipping or any other cutting operation, or for crumbing.
6. Pie and tart making machines.
7. Vegetable slicing machines.
8. Wrapping and packing machines.
9. Garment presses.
10. Opening or teasing machines used for upholstery or bedding work
11. Corner staying machines.
12. Loose knife punching machines.
13. Wire stitching machines.
14. Machines of any type equipped with a circular saw blade.
15. Machines of any type equipped with a saw in the form of a continuous band or strip.
16. Planing machines, vertical spindle moulding machines and routing machines, being in any case machines used for cutting wood, wood products, fibre-board, plastic or similar material.

PART II

The following machines whether worked with the aid of mechanical power or not—

17. Circular knife slicing machines used for cutting bacon and other foods (whether similar to bacon or not).
18. Potato chipping machines.
19. Platen printing machines, including such machines when used for cutting and creasing.
20. Guillotine machines.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Order, but is intended to indicate its general purport.)

This Order prescribes for the purposes of section 19 of the Office and Shop Premises Act (Northern Ireland) 1966 a number of dangerous machines at which a person must not work unless he has been fully instructed as to the dangers arising and the precautions to be observed, and either has received a sufficient training in work at the machine or is under adequate supervision by a person who has a thorough knowledge and experience of the machine.