SCOTTISH STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2005 No. 581

The Criminal Justice (International Co operation) Act 1990 (Enforcement of Overseas Forfeiture Orders) (Scotland) Order 2005

PART 5

INTERPRETATION

Tainted gifts and their recipients

- **32.**—(1) In this Order, a gift is tainted if it was made by the accused or offender, as the case may be, at any time after—
 - (a) the date on which the offence to which the external forfeiture order or request relates was committed, or
 - (b) if the accused or offender's criminal conduct consists of two or more such offences and they were committed on different dates, the date of the earliest.
- (2) For the purposes of paragraph (1), an offence which is a continuing offence is committed on the first occasion when it is committed.
- (3) A gift may be a tainted gift whether it was made before or after the coming into force of this Order.
- (4) In this Order, an accused or offender, as the case may be, is to be treated as making a gift if that accused or offender transfers property to another person for a consideration whose value is significantly less than the value of the property at the time of the transfer.
- (5) If paragraph (4) applies, the property given is to be treated as such share in the property transferred as is represented by the fraction—
 - (a) whose numerator is the difference between the two values mentioned in paragraph (4), and
 - (b) whose denominator is the value of the property at the time of the transfer.
- (6) In this Order, references to a recipient of a tainted gift are to a person to whom the accused or offender, as the case may be, has (whether directly or indirectly) made the gift.