SCOTTISH STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2009 No. 446

The Official Feed and Food Controls (Scotland) Regulations 2009

PART 3

OFFICIAL CONTROLS ON FEED AND FOOD OF NON–ANIMAL ORIGIN FROM THIRD COUNTRIES

Interpretation of this Part of these Regulations

22. In this Part of these Regulations—

"authorised officer", in relation to an enforcement authority, means any person (whether or not an officer of the authority) who is authorised by them in writing, either generally or specially, to act in matters arising under the Import Provisions;

"the Commissioners" means the Commissioners for Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs;

"enforcement authority" means the feed authority or the food authority;

"feed" does not include additives of a type mentioned in Article 6(1)(e) of or paragraph 4(d) of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No. 1831/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council on additives for use in animal nutrition MI or any premixture consisting solely of a combination of such additives;

"outside Scotland enforcement authority" means the body responsible for enforcing the legislation in force with respect to imported products in any part of the United Kingdom except Scotland;

I^{F1}"product" means food and feed—

- (a) of non-animal origin whose import is regulated by Articles 44, 47(1)(d), 47(1)(e) and 47(1)(f) of Regulation 2017/625, and the Regulation 2017/625 package, and
- (b) those composite products and foodstuffs which are not required to be subject to veterinary checks as provided in Commission Decision 2007/275/EC concerning lists of animals and products to be subject to controls at border inspection posts under Council Directives 91/496/EEC and 97/78/EC;]

"the relevant territories" means the territories referred to in Annex I to $[^{F2}$ Regulation 2017/625]; and

[F3" specified import provision" means any provision of Regulation 2017/625 or the Regulation 2017/625 package that is specified in column 1 of schedule 6 and whose subject-matter is described in column 2 of that schedule.]

Textual Amendments

Words in reg. 22 substituted (14.12.2019) by The Official Feed and Food Controls (Miscellaneous Amendments) (Scotland) Regulations 2019 (S.S.I. 2019/407), regs. 1, **7(11)(a)**

- Words in reg. 22 substituted (14.12.2019) by The Official Feed and Food Controls (Miscellaneous Amendments) (Scotland) Regulations 2019 (S.S.I. 2019/407), regs. 1, **7(11)(b)**
- Words in reg. 22 substituted (14.12.2019) by The Official Feed and Food Controls (Miscellaneous Amendments) (Scotland) Regulations 2019 (S.S.I. 2019/407), regs. 1, 7(11)(c)

Marginal Citations

M1 O.J. No. L 268, 18.10.2003, p.29, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No. 596/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council adapting a number of instruments subject to the procedure referred to in Article 251 of the Treaty to Council Decision 1999/468/EC with regard to the regulatory procedure with scrutiny: Adaptation to the regulatory procedure with scrutiny – Part Four (O.J. No. L 188, 18.7.2009, p.14).

Feed enforcement responsibilities and competent authority status

- **23.**—(1) Each feed authority shall execute and enforce the Import Provisions in its area in relation to feed.
- (2) The feed authority is designated as the competent authority for the purposes of the provisions of [F4Regulation 2019/1793]F5... in so far as those provisions apply in relation to relevant feed law.
- (3) A feed authority's designation as a competent authority pursuant to paragraph (2) shall extend to its area only.

Textual Amendments

- F4 Words in reg. 23(2) substituted (14.12.2019) by The Official Feed and Food Controls (Miscellaneous Amendments) (Scotland) Regulations 2019 (S.S.I. 2019/407), regs. 1, **7(12)(a)(i)**
- F5 Words in reg. 23(2) omitted (14.12.2019) by virtue of The Official Feed and Food Controls (Miscellaneous Amendments) (Scotland) Regulations 2019 (S.S.I. 2019/407), regs. 1, **7(12)(a)(ii)**
- **F6** Reg. 23(4) omitted (14.12.2019) by virtue of The Official Feed and Food Controls (Miscellaneous Amendments) (Scotland) Regulations 2019 (S.S.I. 2019/407), regs. 1, **7(12)(b)**

Food enforcement responsibilities and competent authority status

- **24.**—(1) Each food authority shall execute and enforce the Import Provisions in its area in relation to food.
- (2) The food authority is designated as the competent authority for the purposes of the provisions of [F7Regulation 2019/1793]F8... in so far as those provisions apply in relation to relevant food law.
- (3) A food authority's designation as a competent authority pursuant to paragraph (2) shall extend to its area only.

Textual Amendments

- F7 Words in reg. 24(2) substituted (14.12.2019) by The Official Feed and Food Controls (Miscellaneous Amendments) (Scotland) Regulations 2019 (S.S.I. 2019/407), regs. 1, **7(13)(a)(i)**
- Words in reg. 24(2) omitted (14.12.2019) by virtue of The Official Feed and Food Controls (Miscellaneous Amendments) (Scotland) Regulations 2019 (S.S.I. 2019/407), regs. 1, 7(13)(a)(ii)

F9 Reg. 24(4) omitted (14.12.2019) by virtue of The Official Feed and Food Controls (Miscellaneous Amendments) (Scotland) Regulations 2019 (S.S.I. 2019/407), regs. 1, 7(13)(b)

Functions of the Commissioners

25. The Commissioners shall carry out the functions given to [F10] customs authorities under Articles 57, 75(1) and 76 of Regulation 2017/625 and Article 4 of Regulation 2019/1793], in each case in relation to feed and food.

Textual Amendments

F10 Words in reg. 25 substituted (14.12.2019) by The Official Feed and Food Controls (Miscellaneous Amendments) (Scotland) Regulations 2019 (S.S.I. 2019/407), regs. 1, **7(14)**

Exchange of information

- **26.**—(1) The Commissioners, the Agency and any enforcement authority may exchange information for the purposes of the Import Provisions, and may divulge information to the bodies defined as enforcement authorities in the provisions corresponding to Part 3 of these Regulations in England, Wales or Northern Ireland for the purposes of the Import Provisions or the provisions corresponding to the Import Provisions in those jurisdictions.
- (2) Paragraph (1) is without prejudice to any other power of the Commissioners, the Agency or any enforcement authority to disclose information.
- (3) No person, including a servant of the Crown, may disclose any information received from the Commissioners under paragraph (1) if—
 - (a) the information relates to a person whose identity—
 - (i) is specified in the disclosure; or
 - (ii) can be deduced from the disclosure;
 - (b) the disclosure is for a purpose other than the purposes specified in paragraph (1); and
 - (c) the Commissioners have not given their prior consent to the disclosure.

Deferred execution and enforcement

- **27.**—(1) Subject to paragraph (6), where—
 - (a) a product from a third country has entered Scotland;
 - (b) customs examination of that product has been completed or has been deferred until it reaches its place of destination elsewhere in the United Kingdom;
 - (c) an authorised officer of the enforcement authority for the place of entry has on reasonable grounds issued an authorisation confirming that—
 - (i) examination of the product for the purposes of the Import Provisions should be deferred until the product arrives at its destination elsewhere in Scotland, or
 - (ii) such examination should take place when the product arrives at its destination elsewhere in the United Kingdom under legislation with respect to imported products in force there; and
 - (d) a person importing the product gives that authorised officer an undertaking in writing as to the matters specified in paragraph (2),

the enforcement authority for the place in which the destination is located, if in Scotland, shall become responsible for enforcing and executing the Import Provisions with respect to that product once it arrives there.

- (2) The undertaking shall—
 - (a) state the destination of the product; and
 - (b) confirm that—
 - (i) the container containing the product has been sealed and will not be opened until it has reached that destination;
 - (ii) the opening of the container has been authorised by the enforcement authority for the place in which the destination is located, if it is in Scotland or the outside Scotland enforcement authority if the destination is not in Scotland; and
 - (iii) the container will be available at that destination for examination under the Import Provisions or, as the case may be, legislation with respect to imported products in force elsewhere in the United Kingdom.
- (3) Where an authorised officer of an enforcement authority issues an authorisation pursuant to paragraph (1)(c), that officer shall—
 - (a) (if the product's place of destination is within Scotland) notify the enforcement authority for that place or (if the product's place of destination is in any other part of the United Kingdom) notify the outside Scotland enforcement authority—
 - (i) that the product (so described as to enable it to be identified) has not been examined under the Import Provisions; and
 - (ii) if customs examination of the product has been deferred, of that fact; and
 - (b) send the relevant authority a copy of any undertaking given pursuant to paragraph (1)(d).
- (4) Where a product has been sent to a destination in Scotland from another part of the British Islands and examination of that product has been deferred under legislation with respect to imported products in force there, the enforcement authority for the place of destination shall become responsible for enforcing and executing the Import Provisions with respect to that product once it arrives in Scotland.
 - (5) No person shall breach an undertaking given under paragraph (1)(d).
- (6) The deferred execution and enforcement provisions set out in this regulation are subject to any official controls that take place pursuant to [F11Articles 47(1)(d), 47(2)(b) and 54(4) of Regulation 2017/625].

Textual Amendments

F11 Words in reg. 27(6) substituted (14.12.2019) by The Official Feed and Food Controls (Miscellaneous Amendments) (Scotland) Regulations 2019 (S.S.I. 2019/407), regs. 1, **7(15)**

Prohibition on introduction of certain feed and food

- **28.**—(1) The following are prohibited—
 - (a) the introduction into Scotland from a third country of specified feed that fails to comply with feed safety requirements;
 - (b) the introduction into Scotland from elsewhere in the relevant territories of specified feed that originates in a third country and fails to comply with feed safety requirements;

Status: Point in time view as at 14/12/2019.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Official Feed and Food Controls (Scotland) Regulations 2009, PART 3. (See end of Document for details)

- (c) the introduction into Scotland from a third country of specified food that fails to comply with—
 - (i) food safety requirements; or
 - (ii) the requirements of Articles 3 to 6 of Regulation 852/2004; and
- (d) the introduction into Scotland from elsewhere in the relevant territories of specified food that originates in a third country and fails to comply with—
 - (i) food safety requirements; or
 - (ii) the requirements of Articles 3 to 6 of Regulation 852/2004.
- (2) In this regulation—
 - (a) "specified feed" means feed that is a product; and
 - (b) "specified food" means food that is a product.

Checks on products

- **29.**—(1) The person responsible for introducing any product into Scotland shall permit an authorised officer of an enforcement authority to carry out checks in relation to the product pursuant to [F12 Articles 34(5), 44(2), 45(1) and 45(2) of Regulation 2017/625].
- (2) When an authorised officer is carrying out checks in relation to a product pursuant to [F12Articles 34(5), 44(2), 45(1) and 45(2) of Regulation 2017/625], the person introducing the product shall provide the facilities and assistance which the authorised officer reasonably requires to carry them out.
- (3) An authorised officer of an enforcement authority carrying out an identity check or a physical check on a product in accordance with [F12Articles 34(5), 44(2), 45(1) and 45(2) of Regulation 2017/625] shall be entitled to require that the check takes place at a specified place.

Textual Amendments

F12 Words in reg. 29 substituted (14.12.2019) by The Official Feed and Food Controls (Miscellaneous Amendments) (Scotland) Regulations 2019 (S.S.I. 2019/407), regs. 1, 7(16)

[F13Withdrawal and suspension of border control posts

- **30.**—(1) Where the Agency is satisfied that a border control post has ceased to comply with the requirements referred to in Article 64 of Regulation 2017/625 and Regulation 2019/1014 it may withdraw the designation of the border control post for all or for certain categories of animals and goods for which the designation was made by service on the operator of the border control post of a written notice to that effect.
- (2) Where the Agency is satisfied that the conditions referred to in Article 63(1) of Regulation 2017/625 apply it may suspend the designation of the border control post for all or for certain categories of animals and goods for which the designation was made by service on the operator of the border control post of a written notice to that effect and if there is a serious risk to human or animal health the suspension may be with immediate effect.
- (3) Upon service of a notice under paragraph (1), the border control post ceases to be a designated border control post to the extent specified in that notice until the suspension is removed in accordance with Article 63(4).
- (4) Where the Agency is satisfied that it is reasonable to withdraw or suspend the designation for reasons other than those referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) it may do so for all or for certain

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categories of animals and goods for which the designation was made by service on the operator of the border control post of a written notice to that effect.]

Textual Amendments

F13 Reg. 30 substituted (14.12.2019) by The Official Feed and Food Controls (Miscellaneous Amendments) (Scotland) Regulations 2019 (S.S.I. 2019/407), regs. 1, 7(17)

Detention, destruction, special treatment, re-dispatch and other appropriate measures and costs

- **31.**—(1) An enforcement authority shall have the power to do anything that a competent authority may do under [F14Articles 46, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 71, 72 and 138(2) of Regulation 2017/625] if the conditions set out in those Articles are fulfilled.
- (2) The enforcement authority shall be the competent authority for the purposes of [F15Article 66(7), the last paragraph of Article 67 and Article 69(4)].

Textual Amendments

- **F14** Words in reg. 31(1) substituted (14.12.2019) by The Official Feed and Food Controls (Miscellaneous Amendments) (Scotland) Regulations 2019 (S.S.I. 2019/407), regs. 1, **7(18)(a)**
- F15 Words in reg. 31(2) substituted (14.12.2019) by The Official Feed and Food Controls (Miscellaneous Amendments) (Scotland) Regulations 2019 (S.S.I. 2019/407), regs. 1, **7(18)(b)**

$[^{\rm F16}Notices~in~relation~to~imports~of~feed~and~food~from~third~countries~pursuant~to~regulation~31$

- **32.**—(1) If an authorised officer of an enforcement authority proposes to place a consignment of feed or food under official detention under Article 65, 66, or 67 of Regulation 2017/625 the officer must serve a notice to that effect on the operator responsible for it.
- (2) Before ordering the operator to take action in accordance with Article 66(3)(a), (b) or (c), the enforcement officer will hear that operator as provided in Article 66(3) of Regulation 2017/625 unless immediate action is necessary to respond to a risk to human health.
- (3) If an authorised officer of an enforcement authority proposes to take any of the measures or action referred to in Articles 66 and 67 of Regulation 2017/625 in respect of a consignment of feed or food the officer must serve a notice to that effect on the feed or food business operator responsible for it.]

Textual Amendments

F16 Reg. 32 substituted (14.12.2019) by The Official Feed and Food Controls (Miscellaneous Amendments) (Scotland) Regulations 2019 (S.S.I. 2019/407), regs. 1, 7(19)

Right of appeal in respect of notices served under regulation 32

- **33.**—(1) Any person who is aggrieved by a decision of an authorised officer of an enforcement authority to serve a notice under regulation 32 may appeal to the sheriff.
 - (2) An appeal to the sheriff under paragraph (1) shall be by way of summary application.

Status: Point in time view as at 14/12/2019.

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- (3) The period within which an appeal under paragraph (1) may be brought shall be 1 month from the date on which the notice was served on the person desiring to appeal.
- (4) Where on an appeal under paragraph (1) the sheriff determines that the decision of the authorised officer of the enforcement authority is incorrect, the authority shall give effect to that determination.

Appeal to Court of Session against dismissal of appeal under regulation 33

34. A person who is aggrieved by the sheriff's dismissal of an appeal under regulation 33(1) may appeal to the Court of Session.

Serious risk to animal or public health

- **35.**—(1) Where the Scottish Ministers or the Agency learns or has reasonable grounds to suspect that any food or feed that has been or may be introduced into Scotland from a third country is likely to constitute a serious risk to animal or public health, they each have the power to issue a written declaration suspending or imposing conditions on the introduction into Scotland of any product from the whole or any part of that third country.
- (2) Such a declaration shall be published in such manner as the Scottish Ministers or the Agency, as the case may be, thinks fit and shall specify the product and the third country or part thereof concerned.
- (3) A declaration which imposes conditions on the introduction of any product from a third country or part thereof shall specify those conditions.
- (4) Where a declaration is in force suspending the introduction of any product, no person shall introduce that product into Scotland if it originates in the third country or part thereof specified in the declaration.
- (5) Where a declaration is in force imposing conditions on the introduction of any product, no person shall introduce that product into Scotland if it originates in the third country or part thereof specified in the declaration unless the product complies with conditions specified in the declaration.
- (6) A declaration may be modified, suspended or revoked by a further written declaration published, so far as is practicable, in the same manner and to the same extent as the original declaration.

[F17Costs and fees

- **36.**—(1) The costs incurred by the enforcement authority for which the operator is liable under Articles 66(7), 67 and 69(4) of Regulation 2017/625 are payable by the operator on the written demand of the enforcement authority.
- (2) The costs of official controls and other activities as referred to in Article 80 of Regulation 2017/625 are payable by the operator on the written demand of the enforcement authority.]

Textual Amendments

F17 Reg. 36 substituted (14.12.2019) by The Official Feed and Food Controls (Miscellaneous Amendments) (Scotland) Regulations 2019 (S.S.I. 2019/407), regs. 1, 7(20)

Procurement by authorised officers of samples with regard to food

37. An authorised officer of a food authority may, for the purposes of the execution and enforcement by that authority of the Import Provisions—

- (a) purchase a sample of any food, or any substance capable of being used in the preparation of food;
- (b) take a sample of any food, or any such substance, which—
 - (i) appears to the officer to be intended for placing on the market or to have been placed on the market, for human consumption; or
 - (ii) is found by the officer on or in any premises which the officer is authorised to enter by or under regulation 39;
- (c) take a sample from any food source, or a sample of any contact material, which is found by the officer on or in any such premises; and
- (d) take a sample of any article or substance which is found on or in any such premises and which the officer has reason to believe may be required as evidence in proceedings under any of the provisions of the Import Provisions.

Analysis etc. of samples

- **38.**—(1) An authorised officer of a food authority who has procured a sample under regulation 37 shall—
 - (a) if the officer considers that the sample should be analysed, submit it to be analysed by a public analyst;
 - (b) if the officer considers that the sample should be examined, submit it to be examined by a food examiner.
- (2) A person, other than such an officer, who has purchased any food, or any substance capable of being used in the preparation of food, may submit a sample of it—
 - (a) to be analysed by the public analyst for the area in which the purchase was made; or
 - (b) to be examined by a food examiner.
- (3) If, in any case where a sample is proposed to be submitted for analysis under this regulation, the office of public analyst for the area in question is vacant, the sample shall be submitted to the public analyst for some other area.
- (4) If, in any case where a sample is proposed to be or is submitted for analysis or examination under this regulation, the food analyst or examiner determines (for any reason) that that food analyst or examiner is unable to perform the analysis or examination, the sample shall be submitted or, as the case may be, sent by the food analyst or examiner to such other food analyst or examiner as that person may determine.
- (5) A food analyst or examiner shall analyse or examine as soon as practicable any sample submitted or sent to that food analyst or examiner under this regulation, but may, except where—
 - (a) that person is the public analyst for the area in question; and
- (b) the sample is submitted for analysis by an authorised officer of a food authority, demand in advance the payment of such reasonable fee as the food analyst or examiner may require.
- (6) Any food analyst or examiner who has analysed or examined a sample shall give to the person by whom it was submitted a certificate specifying the result of the analysis or examination.
- (7) Any certificate given by a food analyst or examiner under paragraph (6) shall be signed by the food analyst or examiner, but the analysis or examination may be made by any person acting under the direction of the food analyst or examiner.
 - (8) In any proceedings under the Import Provisions, the production by one of the parties—
 - (a) of a document purporting to be a certificate given by a food analyst or examiner under paragraph (6); or

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(b) of a document supplied to the food analyst or examiner by the other party as being a copy of such a certificate,

shall be sufficient evidence of the facts stated in it unless, in a case falling within sub#??paragraph (a), the other party requires that the food analyst or examiner shall be called as a witness.

- (9) Any reference in this regulation to a public analyst for a given area shall, where two or more public analysts have been appointed for that area, be construed as a reference to either or any of them.
- (10) [F18The Food Safety (Sampling and Qualifications) (Scotland) Regulations 2013] shall apply in relation to a sample procured by an authorised officer of a food authority under regulation [F1937] as if it were a sample procured by an authorised officer under section 29 of the Act.
- (11) The certificate given by a food analyst or examiner under paragraph (6) shall be in the form set out in Schedule 3 to [F20] the Food Safety (Sampling and Qualifications) (Scotland) Regulations 2013].

Textual Amendments

- **F18** Words in reg. 38(10) substituted (6.4.2013) by The Food Safety (Sampling and Qualifications) (Scotland) Regulations 2013 (S.S.I. 2013/84), **regs. 1**, 11(b) (with reg. 3)
- F19 Word in reg. 38(10) substituted (25.1.2010) by The Official Feed and Food Controls (Scotland) Amendment Regulations 2010 (S.S.I. 2010/5), regs. 1, 2(3)
- **F20** Words in reg. 38(11) substituted (6.4.2013) by The Food Safety (Sampling and Qualifications) (Scotland) Regulations 2013 (S.S.I. 2013/84), **regs. 1**, 11(b) (with reg. 3)

Powers of entry of authorised officers of a food authority

- **39.**—(1) An authorised officer of a food authority shall, on producing, if so required, some duly authenticated document showing the officer's authority, have a right at all reasonable hours—
 - (a) to enter any premises within the authority's area for the purpose of ascertaining whether there is or has been on the premises any contravention of the provisions of the Import Provisions in relation to food;
 - (b) to enter any premises, whether within or outside the authority's area, for the purpose of ascertaining whether there is on the premises any evidence of any such contravention within that area; and
 - (c) to enter any premises for the purpose of the performance by the authority of their functions under the Import Provisions,

but admission to any premises used only as a private dwelling–house shall not be demanded as of right unless 24 hours' notice of the intended entry has been given to the occupier.

- (2) If a sheriff, magistrate or justice of the peace, on sworn information in writing, is satisfied that there is reasonable ground for entry onto any premises for any such purpose as is mentioned in paragraph (1) and either—
 - (a) that admission to the premises has been refused, or a refusal is apprehended, and that notice of the intention to apply for a warrant has been given to the occupier; or
 - (b) that an application for admission, or the giving of such a notice, would defeat the object of the entry, or that the case is one of urgency, or that the premises are unoccupied or the occupier is temporarily absent,

the sheriff, magistrate or justice may by signed warrant authorise the authorised officer to enter the premises, if need be by reasonable force.

(3) Every warrant granted under this regulation shall continue in force for a period of 1 month.

- (4) An authorised officer entering any premises by virtue of this regulation, or of a warrant issued under it, may be accompanied by such other persons as the officer considers necessary, and on leaving any unoccupied premises which the officer has entered by virtue of such a warrant shall leave them as effectively secured against unauthorised entry as they were found.
- (5) An authorised officer entering premises by virtue of this regulation, or of a warrant issued under it, may inspect any records (in whatever form they are held) relating to a food business and, where any such records are stored in any electronic form—
 - (a) may have access to, and inspect and check the operation of, any computer and any associated apparatus or material which is or has been in use in connection with the records; and
 - (b) may require any person having charge of, or otherwise concerned with the operation of, the computer, apparatus or material to afford him such assistance as the officer may reasonably require.
 - (6) Any officer exercising any power conferred by paragraph (5) may—
 - (a) seize and detain any records which the officer has reason to believe may be required as evidence in proceedings under any of the provisions of the Import Provisions; and
 - (b) where the records are stored in any electronic form, require the records to be produced in a form in which they may be taken away.
- (7) If a person who enters any premises by virtue of this regulation, or of a warrant issued under it, discloses to any person any information obtained on the premises with regard to any trade secret, the person making the disclosure is, unless the disclosure was made in the performance of that person's duty, guilty of an offence.
- (8) Nothing in this regulation authorises any person, except with the permission of the local authority under the Animal Health Act 1981, to enter any premises—
 - (a) on which an animal or bird affected with any disease to which that Act applies is kept; and
 - (b) which is situated in a place declared under that Act to be infected with such a disease.

Obstruction etc. of officers (imports)

- **40.**—(1) Any person who—
 - (a) intentionally obstructs any person acting in the execution of the Import Provisions; or
 - (b) without reasonable cause, fails to give to any person acting in the execution of the Import Provisions any assistance or information which that person may reasonably require for the performance of that person's functions under the Import Provisions,

shall be guilty of an offence.

- (2) Any person who, in purported compliance with any such requirement as is mentioned in paragraph (1)(b)—
 - (a) furnishes information which that person knows to be false or misleading in a material particular; or
- (b) recklessly furnishes information which is false or misleading in a material particular, is guilty of an offence.
- (3) Nothing in paragraph (1)(b) shall be construed as requiring any person to answer any question or give any information if to do so might incriminate that person.

Offences and penalties

41.—(1) Any person who—

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- (a) contravenes or fails to comply with any of the specified import provisions;
- (b) contravenes or fails to comply with regulation 26(3), 27(5) or 35(4) or (5);
- (c) contravenes any of the prohibitions in regulation 28(1);
- (d) to the extent that contravention or failure to comply with regulation 29 does not constitute an offence under regulation 40, contravenes or fails to comply with regulation 29; or
- (e) fails to comply with a notice served upon that person under the Import Provisions, is guilty of an offence.
- [F21(1A) Any person who imports into Scotland or places on the market any sprouts or seeds intended for sprouting which do not comply with the certification requirements of Article 3 of Commission Regulation (EU) No 211/2013 on certification requirements for imports into the Union of sprouts and seeds intended for the production of sprouts commits an offence.]
- (2) Subject to paragraph (3), a person guilty of an offence under this Part of these Regulations shall be liable—
 - (a) on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum; or
 - (b) on conviction on indictment to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 2 years, to a fine or to both.
- (3) A person guilty of an offence under regulation 40 shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 3 months or to both.

Textual Amendments

F21 Reg. 41(1A) inserted (31.12.2013) by The Food Safety, Food Hygiene and Official Controls (Sprouting Seeds) (Scotland) Regulations 2013 (S.S.I. 2013/333), **regs. 1**, 4(3)

Time limit for prosecutions (imports)

- **42.**—(1) No prosecution for an offence under this Part of these Regulations which is punishable under regulation 41(2) shall be begun after the expiry of—
 - (a) 3 years from the commission of the offence; or
 - (b) 1 year from the date on which evidence sufficient in the opinion of the prosecutor to warrant the proceedings came to the knowledge of the prosecutor,

whichever is the earlier.

- (2) For the purposes of this regulation, a certificate signed by or on behalf of the prosecutor and stating the date on which evidence sufficient in the prosecutor's opinion to warrant the proceedings came to the knowledge of the prosecutor, shall be conclusive evidence of that fact.
- (3) A certificate stating that matter and purporting to be so signed shall be deemed to be so signed unless the contrary is proved.

Status:

Point in time view as at 14/12/2019.

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Official Feed and Food Controls (Scotland) Regulations 2009, PART 3.