

SCHEDULE

Regulation 2(b)

TABLE A: DEDUCTIONS FROM WEEKLY EARNINGS

<i>Net earnings</i>	<i>Deduction^(*)</i>
Not exceeding £113.68	Nil
Exceeding £113.68 but not exceeding £410.90	£4 or 19% of earnings exceeding £113.68, whichever is the greater
Exceeding £410.90 but not exceeding £617.82	£56.47 plus 23% of earnings exceeding £410.90
Exceeding £617.82	£104.06 plus 50% of earnings exceeding £617.82

(*) When applying a percentage the calculation should be done to two decimal places of a penny and the result rounded to the nearest whole penny, with an exact half penny being rounded down.

TABLE B: DEDUCTIONS FROM MONTHLY EARNINGS

<i>Net earnings</i>	<i>Deduction^(*)</i>
Not exceeding £494.01	Nil
Exceeding £494.01 but not exceeding £1,785.61	£15.00 or 19% of earnings exceeding £494.01, whichever is the greater
Exceeding £1,785.61 but not exceeding £2,684.51	£245.40 plus 23% of earnings exceeding £1,785.61
Exceeding £2,684.51	£452.15 plus 50% of earnings exceeding £2,684.51

(*) When applying a percentage the calculation should be done to two decimal places of a penny and the result rounded to the nearest whole penny, with an exact half penny being rounded down.

TABLE C: DEDUCTIONS FROM DAILY EARNINGS

<i>Net earnings</i>	<i>Deduction^(*)</i>
Not exceeding £16.24	Nil
Exceeding £16.24 but not exceeding £58.70	£0.50 or 19% of earnings exceeding £16.24, whichever is the greater
Exceeding £58.70 but not exceeding £88.26	£8.07 plus 23% of earnings exceeding £58.70
Exceeding £88.26	£14.87 plus 50% of earnings exceeding £88.26

(*) When applying a percentage the calculation should be done to two decimal places of a penny and the result rounded to the nearest whole penny, with an exact half penny being rounded down.