
SCOTTISH STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2017 No. 115

The Marine Works (Environmental Impact Assessment) (Scotland) Regulations 2017

PART 11

MISCELLANEOUS

Electronic communications – general

34.—(1) In these Regulations, and in relation to the use of electronic communications for any purpose in these Regulations which is capable of being effected electronically—

- (a) the expression “address” includes any number or address used for the purposes of such communications, except that where these Regulations impose an obligation on any person to provide a name and address to any other person, the obligation will not be fulfilled unless the person on whom it is imposed provides a postal address; and
- (b) references to applications, reports, statements, notices, opinions, directions or other documents, or to copies of such documents, include references to such documents or copies of them in electronic form.

(2) Paragraphs (3) to (8) apply where an electronic communication is used by a person for the purpose of fulfilling any requirement in these Regulations to give or send any report, statement, notice or other document to any other person (referred to in these Regulations as “the recipient”).

(3) The requirement is deemed to be fulfilled (except in a case referred to in paragraph (4)) where the notice or other document transmitted by means of the electronic communication is—

- (a) capable of being accessed by the recipient;
- (b) legible in all material respects; and
- (c) sufficiently permanent to be used for subsequent reference.

(4) The cases are—

- (a) the requirement under regulation 19(1), (2)(a) or (3) to provide copies of a report;
- (b) any requirement under regulation [F130], including submitting information to an EEA State; and
- (c) any requirement under regulation [F231], including submitting representations.

(5) In paragraph (3), “legible in all material respects” means that the information contained in the notice or other document is available to the recipient to no lesser extent than it would be if sent or given by means of a document in printed form.

(6) Where the electronic communication is received by the recipient—

- (a) at any time before the end of a day which is a working day, it is deemed to have been received on that day;
- (b) at any time during a day which is not a working day, it is deemed to have been received on the next working day,

and for these purposes, “working day” means a day which is not a Saturday, Sunday, Christmas Eve, a bank holiday in Scotland under section 1 and paragraph 2 of schedule 1 of the Banking and Financial Dealings Act 1971 ^{M1}, a day appointed for public thanksgiving or mourning or any other day which is a local or public holiday in an area in which the electronic communication is received.

(7) A requirement in these Regulations that any document should be in writing is fulfilled where that document meets the criteria in paragraph (3), and “written” and cognate expressions are to be construed accordingly.

(8) Where electronic communication is used by a person for the purpose of fulfilling any requirement in these Regulations (other than under regulation 19(1), (2)(a) or (3), 30 or 31) to give or send any report, statement or document, any such requirement may be complied with by sending one copy only of the report, statement or other document in question.

Textual Amendments

- F1** Word in reg. 34(4)(b) substituted (30.6.2017) by [The Environmental Impact Assessment \(Miscellaneous Amendments\) \(Scotland\) Regulations 2017 \(S.S.I. 2017/168\)](#), regs. 1, **6(6)(a)**
- F2** Word in reg. 34(4)(c) substituted (30.6.2017) by [The Environmental Impact Assessment \(Miscellaneous Amendments\) \(Scotland\) Regulations 2017 \(S.S.I. 2017/168\)](#), regs. 1, **6(6)(b)**

Marginal Citations

- M1** 1971 c.80.

Electronic communications – deemed agreement

35.—(1) Any person sending a document using electronic communications is to be taken to have agreed—

- (a) to the use of such communications for all purposes relating to the application which are capable of being carried out electronically; and
- (b) that the address for the purpose of such communications is the address incorporated into, or otherwise logically associated with, that communication.

(2) Deemed agreement under paragraph (1) subsists until that person gives notice under regulation 36 to revoke the agreement.

Withdrawal of consent to use of electronic communications

36. Where a person is no longer willing to accept the use of electronic communications for any purpose which, under these Regulations, is capable of being carried out using such communications, that person must give notice in writing—

- (a) withdrawing any address notified to the Scottish Ministers for that purpose; or
- (b) revoking any agreement entered into or deemed to have been entered into with the Scottish Ministers,

and such withdrawal or revocation will be final, and will take effect on a date specified by the person in the notice, being a date occurring after the period of 7 days, beginning with the date on which the notice is given.

Access to review procedure before a court

37.—^[F3(1)] Any non governmental organisation ^[F3(1)] promoting environmental protection and meeting any requirements under the law is deemed to have an interest for the purposes of Article

11(1)(a) of the Directive and rights capable of being impaired for the purposes of Article 11(1)(b) of the Directive.

[^{F4}(2) For the purpose of paragraph (1), Article 11(1) of the Directive is to be read as if the reference to—

- (a) “Member States” were a reference to “The Scottish Ministers”,
- (b) “a Member State” were a reference to “Scotland”.]

Textual Amendments

- F3** Reg. 37 renumbered as reg. 37(1) (31.12.2020) by [The Marine Environment \(EU Exit\) \(Scotland\) \(Amendment\) Regulations 2019 \(S.S.I. 2019/55\)](#), regs. 1, **5(8)(a)**; 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- F4** Reg. 37(2) inserted (31.12.2020) by [The Marine Environment \(EU Exit\) \(Scotland\) \(Amendment\) Regulations 2019 \(S.S.I. 2019/55\)](#), regs. 1, **5(8)(b)**; 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)

Co-ordination of assessments

38.—(1) Where, in relation to an EIA project there is, in addition to the requirement for an environmental impact assessment to be carried out in accordance with these Regulations, also a requirement to carry out a habitats regulation appraisal, the Scottish Ministers must, where appropriate, ensure that the habitats regulation appraisal and the environmental impact assessment are co-ordinated.

(2) In this regulation, a “habitats regulation appraisal” means an assessment under one, or more, of the following regulations—

- (a) regulation 48 of the Conservation (Natural Habitats, &c.) Regulations 1994;
- (b) [^{F5}regulation 28 of the Conservation of Offshore Marine Habitats and Species Regulations 2017];
- (c) regulation 61 of the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2010 ^{M2}.

Textual Amendments

- F5** Words in [reg. 38\(2\)](#) substituted (30.11.2017) by [The Conservation of Offshore Marine Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 \(S.I. 2017/1013\)](#), reg. 1, **Sch. 4 para. 21(2)** (with regs. 3, 4(2))

Marginal Citations

- M2** [S.I. 2010/490](#), **regulation 61** is amended by [S.I. 2012/1927](#).

Competent authority – avoidance of conflict of interest

39.—(1) The Scottish Ministers are to perform their duties arising under these Regulations in an objective manner and so as not to find themselves in a situation giving rise to a conflict of interest.

(2) Where the Scottish Ministers are to consider an application for an EIA project they have made, they are to implement within their organisation of administrative competences an appropriate separation between conflicting functions when performing their duties under these Regulations.

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Marine Works (Environmental Impact Assessment) (Scotland) Regulations 2017, PART 11.