

## POLICY NOTE

### THE HEALTH PROTECTION (CORONAVIRUS) (INTERNATIONAL TRAVEL AND PUBLIC HEALTH INFORMATION) (SCOTLAND) (NO. 2) REGULATIONS 2020

#### SSI 2020/444

The above instrument was made in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 94(1)(b)(i) and 122(2)(b) of the Public Health etc. (Scotland) Act 2008 (“the 2008 Act”). Section 122(5) of the 2008 Act states that regulations under section 94(1) are subject to the affirmative procedure. However, section 122(6) provides that the affirmative procedure will not apply if the Scottish Ministers consider that the regulations need to be made urgently. In such situations, section 122(7) applies.

#### Summary Box

This instrument makes a further amendment to the Health Protection (Coronavirus) (International Travel) (Scotland) Regulations 2020 (SSI 2020/169, “the International Travel Regulations”), which impose requirements on international travellers, to reduce the public health risks posed by the spread of coronavirus (severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2, or SARS-CoV-2) in Scotland which causes the coronavirus disease (COVID-19). This instrument removes Namibia, the United States Virgin Islands and Uruguay from the list of exempt countries or territories or parts of countries or territories in schedule A1, Part 1. Persons arriving in Scotland are not subject to the requirement in regulation 6 of the International Travel Regulations for travellers to stay in specified premises if, during the 10 days preceding their arrival they have only been in exempt countries or territories or exempt United Kingdom overseas territories. This instrument amends the period within which the Scottish Ministers must carry out a review of the International Travel Regulations and the Health Protection (Coronavirus, Public Health Information for Passengers Arriving In Scotland) Regulations 2020 (SSI 2020/170, “the Information Regulations”) from 21 days to 28 days. This instrument also amends the exemption for essential government business in schedule 2 of the International Travel Regulations and adds exemptions for TV production, journalism and the performing arts to same.

#### Background

1. The International Travel Regulations and the Information Regulations were: made on 7 June; came into force on 8 June 2020; and were laid in the Scottish Parliament on 8 June 2020.
2. Amendments were made to the International Travel Regulations: by the Health Protection (Coronavirus) (International Travel) (Scotland) Amendment Regulations 2020 (SSI 2020/171); and by the Health Protection (Coronavirus) (International Travel) (Scotland) Amendment No.’s 2 to 24 Regulations 2020. These are SSI 2020/184; SSI 2020/209; SSI 2020/221; SSI 2020/224; SSI 2020/229; SSI 2020/233; SSI 2020/235; SSI 2020/242; SSI 2020/252; SSI 2020/263; SSI 2020/271; SSI 2020/274; SSI 2020/280; SSI 2020/288; SSI 2020/301; SSI 2020/307; SSI 2020/326; SSI 2020/330; SSI 2020/343; SSI 2020/354; SSI 2020/358; SSI 2020/378) and SSI 2020/404. Amendments were also made to both the International Travel and Information Regulations by the Health Protection (Coronavirus)

(International Travel and Public Health Information) (Scotland) Regulations 2020 (SSI 2020/431).

3. This instrument makes a further amendment to the International Travel Regulations to take into account periodic review of data on point prevalence and other data on coronavirus in other countries and territories.

4. The International Travel Regulations and the Information Regulations were urgently implemented in order to reduce the likelihood that an increase in coronavirus infections in Scotland would arise as a result of imported cases.

5. The Scottish Government amended the International Travel Regulations on 10 July to allow for territorial exemptions from the requirement to remain at specified premises for 14 days after the day of their arrival (“the quarantine requirement”). The International Travel Regulations were further amended on 14 December to reduce the quarantine requirement from 14 days to 10 days. This requirement is being kept under constant review with a view to ensuring that constraints can be minimised wherever appropriate and proportionate.

### **Policy Objectives**

6. The amendments made to the International Travel Regulations by this instrument remove Namibia, the United States Virgin Islands and Uruguay from the list of exempt countries or territories or parts of countries or territories in Part 1 of schedule A1. Travellers are exempt from the quarantine requirement where, during the 10 days preceding their arrival in Scotland, they have only been in “exempt countries or territories or parts thereof”. Namibia, the United States Virgin Islands and Uruguay are being removed from the lists in schedule A1 Part 1 as the public health risk of importation of coronavirus infection to Scotland from Namibia, the United States Virgin Islands and Uruguay has been deemed to have increased to a level that presents a significant risk of importation of coronavirus into Scotland.

7. The removal of Namibia, the United States Virgin Islands and Uruguay from the list of exempt countries or territories in schedule A1 part 1 A1 of the International Travel regulations, will not affect the quarantine requirement for persons arriving in Scotland before the coming into force of this instrument.

8. The lists in schedule A1 of the International Travel regulations will be subject to ongoing review and further countries will be added or removed, informed by their risk status, when it is appropriate and proportionate to do so.

9. This instrument also amends the periods within which the Scottish Ministers must carry out a review of the International Travel Regulations and the Information Regulations, from 21 days to 28 days, bringing the review cycles into line with England.

10. In addition the regulations make a minor amendment to the exemptions for essential government business in paragraphs 14 and 14A of schedule 2 of the International Travel Regulations, so that the Scottish Ministers may certify essential government work for the purposes of the exemptions.

11. Finally, the instrument adds exemptions to schedule 2 of the International Travel Regulations for individuals involved in TV production, journalism and the performing arts, in line with parallel provisions in England.

## **Consultation**

12. This instrument is being made urgently in Scotland to make a further amendment to the public health measures in respect of international arrivals to the UK that were brought in on a UK-wide basis from 8 June 2020. The purpose of the International Travel Regulations is, as above, to help prevent further spread of the coronavirus. Each of the four nations is required under their own Regulations to conduct regular reviews, and as those reviews are conducted there is the possibility of divergence from that initial four nation aligned approach, either on the need for the Regulations themselves or for any of the measures imposed by those Regulations. Such policy divergence may include the Scottish Government, or any of the other three administrations in the UK, reaching a different view on exempt countries and territories or parts thereof under the Regulations, reflecting differences in the prevalence of COVID-19 in that particular nation at any review point.

13. This instrument makes a further amendment to the International Travel Regulations to take into account the outcome of a review of those regulations. The continued pace of the work on this and changing circumstances both in Scotland and other countries has meant limited consultation with external stakeholders in Scotland, but there has been ongoing discussion and dialogue by Scottish Government with Police Scotland, COPFS, Border Force in Scotland, Public Health Scotland and key airports in Scotland as the policy on implementation of the policy in Scotland has continued to be shaped.

## **Impact Assessments**

14. No further impact assessments have been undertaken.

Scottish Government  
COVID-19 Public Health Directorate  
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