SCHEDULE 1

Excluded accommodation and tenancies

Excluded tenancies

- 2. An excluded tenancy means a tenancy which falls within any of the following definitions—
 - (a) a protected tenancy (within the meaning of section 1 of the Rent (Scotland) Act 1984(1)),
 - (b) an assured tenancy (within the meaning of section 12 of the 1988 Act),
 - (c) a short assured tenancy (within the meaning of section 32 of the 1988 Act),
 - (d) a tenancy of a croft (within the meaning of section 3 the 1993 Act),
 - (e) a tenancy of a holding situated outwith the crofting counties (within the meaning of section 61 of the 1993 Act) to which any provisions of the Small Landholders (Scotland) Acts, 1886 to 1931(2)) applies,
 - (f) a Scottish secure tenancy (within the meaning of section 11 of the 2001 Act),
 - (g) a short Scottish secure tenancy (within the meaning of section 34 of the 2001 Act),
 - (h) a 1991 Act tenancy (within the meaning of section 1(4) of the 2003 Act),
 - (i) a limited duration tenancy (within the meaning of section 93 of the 2003 Act),
 - (j) a modern limited duration tenancy (within the meaning of section 5A of the 2003 Act),
 - (k) a short limited duration tenancy (within the meaning of section 4 of the 2003 Act),
 - (1) a tenancy under a lease under which agricultural land is let for the purpose of its being used only for grazing or mowing during some specified period of the year (as described in section 3 of the 2003 Act),
 - (m) a private residential tenancy (within the meaning of section 1 of the 2016 Act), or
 - (n) a student residential tenancy.

⁽**1**) 1984 c. 58.

^{(2) 1931} c. 44. See section 26 of the Small Landholders and Agricultural Holdings (Scotland) Act 1931. Section 26(2) was substituted by the Agricultural Holdings (Scotland) Act 1949 (c. 75), Schedule 7.