SCHEDULE

Article 4

Counter-Terrorism Act 2008

1. Schedule 7 to the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008(1) is amended as follows.

2.—(1) Paragraph 26 is amended as follows.

(2) In the heading omit "and reviews".

(3) In sub-paragraph (2)—

(a) in paragraph (c) for "this paragraph" substitute "paragraph 26A"; and

(b) in paragraph (d) for "paragraph 28" substitute "this paragraph".

(4) For sub-paragraphs (3) to (6) substitute—

"(3) The person may appeal to the tribunal against the decision in accordance with paragraph 26F.

(4) On the appeal the tribunal may—

- (a) set aside the decision appealed against, and
- (b) impose any penalty that could have been imposed by HMRC or remit the matter to HMRC.

(5) In this paragraph, and in paragraphs 26A to 26F, "tribunal" means the First-tier Tribunal or, where so provided by or determined under Tribunal Procedure Rules, the Upper Tribunal.

(6) Section 85 of the Value Added Tax Act 1994 (settling appeals by agreement)(2) shall apply to appeals under this paragraph as if the reference to section 83 of that Act included a reference to this paragraph.".

3. After paragraph 26 insert—

"Offer of review

26A (1) HMRC must offer a person (P) a review of a decision that has been notified to P if an appeal lies under paragraph 26 in respect of the decision.

(2) The offer of the review must be made by notice given to P at the same time as the decision is notified to P.

(3) This paragraph does not apply to the notification of the conclusions of a review.

Review by HMRC

26B (1) HMRC must review a decision if—

- (a) they have offered a review of the decision under paragraph 26A, and
- (b) P notifies HMRC accepting the offer within 30 days from the date of the document containing the notification of the offer.

(2) But P may not notify acceptance of the offer if P has already appealed to the tribunal under paragraph 26F.

(3) HMRC shall not review a decision if P has appealed to the tribunal under paragraph 26F in respect of the decision.

^{(1) 2008} c. 28.

^{(2) 1994} c. 23. Section 85 was amended by S.I. 2009/56.

Extensions of time

26C (1) If under paragraph 26A, HMRC have offered P a review of a decision, HMRC may within the relevant period notify P that the relevant period is extended.

(2) If notice is given the relevant period is extended to the end of 30 days from—

- (a) the date of the notice, or
- (b) any other date set out in the notice or a further notice.

(3) In this paragraph "relevant period" means—

- (a) the period of 30 days referred to in paragraph 26B(1)(b), or
- (b) if notice has been given under sub-paragraph (1) that period as extended (or as most recently extended) in accordance with sub-paragraph (2).

Review out of time

26D (1) This paragraph applies if—

- (a) HMRC have offered a review of a decision under paragraph 26A, and
- (b) P does not accept the offer within the time allowed under paragraph 26B(1)(b) or 26C(2).
- (2) HMRC must review the decision under paragraph 26B if-
 - (a) after the time allowed, P notifies HMRC in writing requesting a review out of time,
 - (b) HMRC are satisfied that P had a reasonable excuse for not accepting the offer or requiring review within the time allowed, and
 - (c) HMRC are satisfied that P made the request without unreasonable delay after the excuse had ceased to apply.

(3) HMRC shall not review a decision if P has appealed to the tribunal under paragraph 26F in respect of the decision.

Nature of review etc

26E (1) This paragraph applies if HMRC are required to undertake a review under paragraph 26B or 26D.

(2) The nature and extent of the review are to be such as appear appropriate to HMRC in the circumstances.

(3) For the purpose of sub-paragraph (2), HMRC must, in particular, have regard to steps taken before the beginning of the review—

(a) by HMRC in reaching the decision, and

(b) by any person in seeking to resolve disagreement about the decision.

(4) The review must take account of any representations made by P at a stage which gives HMRC a reasonable opportunity to consider them.

(5) The review may conclude that the decision is to be—

- (a) upheld,
- (b) varied, or
- (c) cancelled.

(6) HMRC must give P notice of the conclusions of the review and their reasoning within—

- (a) a period of 45 days beginning with the relevant date, or
- (b) such other period as HMRC and P may agree.
- (7) In sub-paragraph (6) "relevant date" means—
 - (a) the date HMRC received P's notification accepting the offer of a review (in a case falling within paragraph 26A), or
 - (b) the date on which HMRC decided to undertake the review (in a case falling within paragraph 26D).

(8) Where HMRC are required to undertake a review but do not give notice of the conclusions within the time period specified in sub-paragraph (6), the review is to be treated as having concluded that the decision is upheld.

(9) If sub-paragraph (8) applies, HMRC must notify P of the conclusion which the review is treated as having reached.

Bringing of appeals against decisions of HMRC

26F (1) An appeal under paragraph 26 is to be made to the tribunal before—

- (a) the end of the period of 30 days beginning with the date of the document notifying the decision to which the appeal relates, or
- (b) if later, the end of the relevant period (within the meaning of paragraph 26C).

(2) But that is subject to sub-paragraphs (3) to (5).

- (3) In a case where HMRC are required to undertake a review under paragraph 26B-
 - (a) an appeal may not be made until the conclusion date, and
 - (b) any appeal is to be made within the period of 30 days beginning with the conclusion date.

(4) In a case where HMRC are requested to undertake a review in accordance with paragraph 26D—

- (a) an appeal may not be made—
 - (i) unless HMRC have decided whether or not to undertake a review, and
 - (ii) if HMRC decide to undertake a review, until the conclusion date; and
- (b) any appeal is to be made within the period of 30 days beginning with—
 - (i) the conclusion date (if HMRC decide to undertake a review), or

(ii) the date on which HMRC decide not to undertake a review.

(5) In a case where paragraph 26E(8) applies, an appeal may be made at any time from the end of the period specified in paragraph 26E(6) to the date 30 days after the conclusion date.

(6) An appeal may be made after the end of the period specified in sub-paragraph (1), (3)(b), (4)(b) or (5) if the tribunal gives permission to do so.

(7) In this paragraph "conclusion date" means the date of the document notifying the conclusions of the review.".

4.—(1) Paragraph 28 is amended as follows.

- (2) In the heading after "penalty" insert "other than by HMRC".
- (3) In sub-paragraph (1) omit "—", paragraph (a) and the "(b)" after paragraph (a).
- (4) Omit sub-paragraph (4).

- (5) In sub-paragraph (6) omit paragraph (a).
- (6) In sub-paragraph (7) omit "(a),".