#### DRAFT STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

# 2014 No.

# The Enactment of Extra-Statutory Concessions Order 2014

#### **Exemption or deduction for travel expenses**

**2.**—(1) In Part 4 of ITEPA 2003(1) (employment income: exemptions), in Chapter 3 (other transport, travel and subsistence), after section 241 insert—

#### "241A Travel by unpaid directors of not-for-profit companies

- (1) No liability to income tax arises in respect of a sum if or to the extent that it is paid wholly and exclusively for the purpose of paying or reimbursing travel expenses in respect of which conditions A to C are met.
  - (2) Condition A is that—
    - (a) the employee is obliged to incur the expenses as holder of the employment, and
    - (b) the expenses are attributable to the employee's necessary attendance at any place in the performance of the duties of the employment.
- (3) Condition B is that the employment is employment as a director of a not-for-profit company.
- (4) Condition C is that the employment is one from which the employee receives no employment income other than sums to which Chapter 3 of Part 3 applies (expenses payments).
  - (5) In this section—
    - (a) "director" has the same meaning as in the benefits code (see section 67), and
    - (b) "not-for-profit company" means a company that does not carry on activities for the purpose of making profits for distribution to its members or others.

## 241B Travel where directorship held as part of trade or profession

- (1) No liability to income tax arises in respect of a sum if or to the extent that it is paid wholly and exclusively for the purpose of paying or reimbursing travel expenses in respect of which conditions A to D are met.
- (2) Condition A is that the employee is obliged to incur the expenses as holder of the employment.
  - (3) Condition B is that the employment is employment as a director of a company.
- (4) Condition C is that the employee carries on a trade, profession or vocation (alone or in partnership).
- (5) Condition D is that, in calculating the profits of that trade, profession or vocation for income tax purposes, a deduction is allowed under ITTOIA 2005(2) for the expenses, but no such deduction is to be made.

<sup>(1) 2003</sup> c. 1. "ITEPA 2003" is defined in section 165(1) of the Finance Act 2008.

<sup>(2)</sup> Part 1 of Schedule 1 to ITEPA 2003 provides that "ITTOIA 2005" means the Income Tax (Trading and Other Income) Act 2005 (c. 5).

- (6) In this section "director" has the same meaning as in the benefits code (see section 67).".
- (2) In Part 5 of ITEPA 2003 (employment income: deductions allowed from earnings), in Chapter 2 (deductions for employee's expenses), after section 340 insert—

### "340A Travel between linked employments

- (1) A deduction from earnings from an employment is allowed for travel expenses if conditions A to E are met.
  - (2) Condition A is that the employee is obliged to incur and pay the expenses.
  - (3) Condition B is that the travel—
    - (a) takes place within the United Kingdom, and
    - (b) is for the purpose of performing duties of the employment at the destination.
- (4) Condition C is that the employee has performed duties of another employment at the place of departure.
  - (5) Condition D is that—
    - (a) at least one of the employments is as a director of a company ("company X"), and
    - (b) the other employment is also with a company ("company Y") but not necessarily as a director of it.
- (6) Condition E is that the employee was appointed as a director of company X because company Y, or a company in the same group as company Y, has a shareholding or other financial interest in company X.
- (7) This section needs to be read with section 359 (disallowance of travel expenses: mileage allowances and reliefs).
  - (8) In this section—

"director" has the same meaning as in the benefits code (see section 67), and "group" means a company and its 51% subsidiaries.".