

ELIZABETH II



1963 CHAPTER xiv

An Act to free the churchyard appurtenant to the former church of Saint Dionis Backchurch in the city of London from the restrictions attaching to it as a disused burial ground in the city of London, and to authorise the subsequent use or disposition thereof; and for other purposes. [10th July 1963]

WHEREAS the ancient church of Saint Dionis Backchurch in the city of London (hereinafter called "the church") was destroyed in the Great Fire of London in the year sixteen hundred and sixty-six, was rebuilt in the year sixteen hundred and seventy-four and was demolished in the year eighteen hundred and seventy-eight:

And whereas by virtue of a reorganisation scheme for the city of London made under the Reorganisation Areas Measure, 1944, and coming into force on the second day of February, nineteen hundred and fifty-four, the former parish of Saint Dionis Backchurch now forms part of the parish of Saint Edmund the King with Saint Nicholas Acons, All Hallows Lombard Street, Saint Benet Gracechurch, Saint Leonard Eastcheap and Saint Dionis Backchurch and the freehold of the churchyard appurtenant to the church is now vested in the incumbent of the benefice of Saint Edmund the King with Saint Nicholas Acons, All Hallows Lombard Street, Saint Benet Gracechurch, Saint Leonard Eastcheap and Saint Dionis Backchurch and the present incumbent thereof is the Reverend Leslie William Hamilton Whiteside:

And whereas burials in the said churchyard were discontinued by Order in Council of Her late Majesty Queen Victoria dated the eighth day of August, eighteen hundred and fifty-three:

And whereas it is expedient that such provisions as are contained in this Act with respect to the subsequent use, dealing with or disposition of the said churchyard and the removal therefrom of any human remains interred therein should be enacted:

And whereas it is expedient that the other provisions contained in this Act should be enacted:

And whereas the objects of this Act cannot be effected without the authority of Parliament:

May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted, by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :—

Short title.

1. This Act may be cited as the Saint Dionis Backchurch Churchyard Act 1963.

Interpretation.

2. In this Act unless the subject or context otherwise requires—

“ the benefice ” means the benefice of Saint Edmund the King with Saint Nicholas Acons, All Hallows Lombard Street, Saint Benet Gracechurch, Saint Leonard Eastcheap and Saint Dionis Backchurch or any benefice in which the churchyard may from time to time be situate;

“ the bishop ” means the Bishop of London for the time being and during a vacancy in the see of London includes the guardian of the spiritualities thereof;

“ the churchyard ” means the lands comprised in the churchyard appurtenant to the former church of Saint Dionis Backchurch in the city of London, which said lands are described in the schedule hereto and are shown and coloured pink on a plan marked “ Plan of the Churchyard ” signed in triplicate by the Right Honourable the Lord Merthyr, the Chairman of the Committee of the House of Lords to whom the Bill for this Act was referred, one copy of which has been deposited at the office of the Clerk of the Parliaments, House of Lords, one at the Private Bill Office, House of Commons, and one at No. 1 The Sanctuary in the city of Westminster, being the office of Messrs. Lee, Bolton and Lee, the solicitors to the incumbent;

“ the city ” means the city of London;

“ the corporation ” means the mayor and commonalty and citizens of the city of London;

“ the council ” means the mayor, aldermen and commons of the city of London in common council assembled;

“ enactment ” has the same meaning as in the Town and Country Planning Act, 1962; 10 & 11 Eliz. 2
c. 38.

“ the fund ” means the London Diocesan Fund;

“ the incumbent ” means the incumbent for the time being of the benefice or, during any period when the benefice is vacant, the bishop;

“ the owner ” means the person in whom the churchyard is for the time being vested;

“ the parochial church council ” means the parochial church council of the benefice.

3. As from the passing of this Act the churchyard shall be freed and discharged from all trusts, uses, obligations, disabilities and restrictions whatsoever which immediately before the passing of this Act attached thereto under ecclesiastical law, and from all rights and interests of any person who is an executor, administrator or relative of any deceased person whose remains are interred in the churchyard and from all other trusts, uses, obligations, disabilities and restrictions whatsoever which attached thereto immediately before the passing of this Act, by reason of the churchyard or any part thereof being a disused burial ground or forming the churchyard or enclosure of a church or otherwise: Discharge of trusts and restrictions affecting churchyard and saving for private rights.

Provided that nothing in this Act shall operate to affect prejudicially any private right or easement (not being a right in respect of a grave) over the churchyard or any part thereof, which attached thereto immediately before the passing of this Act.

4. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Disused Burial Grounds Act, 1884, or any other enactment, but subject to the provisions of this Act, it shall be lawful at any time after the passing of this Act to use, deal with or dispose of the churchyard or any part thereof for any purpose in like manner as if no part thereof had ever been used or set apart for the purpose of burial of human remains or had ever been or formed the churchyard or enclosure of a church. Power to use churchyard for other purposes.
47 & 48 Vict.
c. 72.

5.—(1) If the incumbent under the powers contained in section 4 (Power to use churchyard for other purposes) of this Act deals with or disposes of (by sale or otherwise) the churchyard or any part thereof he may do so for such price or consideration and in such manner and upon and subject to such terms as the incumbent may think fit. Power to sell churchyard and application of proceeds.

(2) Upon any such dealing with or disposition of the churchyard or any part thereof under subsection (1) of this section the incumbent shall, after deducting the amount of any costs, charges and expenses incurred by the incumbent under section 9 (Costs of Act) of this Act or in connection with such dealing with or disposal, pay the net proceeds to the trustees of the Saint Edmund King and Martyr Trust, a trust to be formed by a trust deed, such trustees to consist of—

the incumbent;

two churchwardens of the benefice to be nominated by the parochial church council;

the Archdeacon of London or his nominee;

the bishop or his nominee,

which trustees are hereinafter called "the trustees".

The bishop or his nominee shall be chairman of the trustees.

(3) The terms of the said trust shall be set out in a trust deed and inter alia shall provide for the trustees holding the trust funds for such charitable purposes connected with the Church of England, with special relationship to the church of Saint Edmund King and Martyr, Lombard Street, in the city, as the trustees may from time to time decide and so that capital grants may be made as well as application of income, except as hereinafter mentioned, and so that the following provisions shall apply:—

(a) the sum of fifty thousand pounds shall be paid by the trustees to the fund for the general purposes of the fund;

(b) the residue of the net proceeds may be applied as to capital and income for the general purposes of the trust.

Removal of
human
remains
from
churchyard.

6.—(1) Before the owner uses the churchyard or causes the same to be used for any purpose other than as a burial ground, the owner shall remove or cause to be removed therefrom the remains of all deceased persons interred therein.

(2) Before proceeding to remove any such remains the owner shall give notice of his intention so to do, by publishing a notice once in each of two successive weeks in a newspaper circulating in the city of London, with an interval between publications of not less than six days and shall display a like notice in a conspicuous place in the churchyard and such notice shall have embodied in it the substance of subsections (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8) and (9) of this section.

(3) At any time within two months after the first publication of such notice, any person who is an executor, administrator or relative of any deceased person whose remains are interred in

the churchyard or any part thereof may give notice in writing to the owner of his intention to undertake the removal of such remains and thereupon he shall be at liberty, without any faculty for the purpose but subject as hereinafter mentioned to any regulations made by the bishop, to cause such remains to be removed to and reinterred in any consecrated burial ground or cemetery in which burials may legally take place but in the case of a churchyard, only with the consent of the incumbent of the benefice concerned.

(4) If any person giving such notice as aforesaid fails to satisfy the owner that he is such executor, administrator or relative as he claims to be the question shall be determined on the application of either party in a summary manner by the registrar of the consistory court of the diocese of London, who shall have power to make an order specifying who shall remove the remains and as to the payment of the costs of the application.

(5) The expenses of a removal and reinterment (not exceeding in respect of remains removed from any one grave the sum of twenty-five pounds) shall be defrayed by the owner, such sum to be apportioned, if necessary, equally according to the number of remains in the grave.

(6) If within the aforesaid period of two months no such notice as aforesaid shall have been given to the owner in respect of the remains in any grave or, if after such a notice has been given, the person giving it fails to comply with either a provision of this section or a regulation of the bishop, the owner may, without any faculty for that purpose, remove the remains of the deceased person and cause them to be reinterred in such other consecrated burial ground or cemetery in which burials may legally take place as subject to the consent of the bishop, the owner thinks suitable for the purpose, but in the case of interment in a churchyard the previous consent of the incumbent of the benefice concerned shall also be required.

(7) Upon any removal of remains from any part of the churchyard, a certificate of removal and reinterment shall be sent to the Registrar-General by the owner, giving the dates of removal and reinterment respectively and identifying the place from which the remains were removed and the place in which they were reinterred, showing the particulars of each removal separately and every such certificate shall be deposited at the General Register Office, Somerset House, London, with the miscellaneous records in the custody of the Registrar-General.

(8) Any monument or tombstone relating to the remains of any deceased person removed under this section shall at the expense of the owner be removed and re-erected at the place of reinterment of the remains or at such place as the bishop may

direct on the application (if any) of such executor, administrator or relative as aforesaid or, failing such application, on the application of the owner and the owner shall cause a record to be made of each monument and tombstone taken from the churchyard under this section containing—

(a) a copy of the inscription on it;

(b) if it is intended to preserve the monument or tombstone, a statement showing where it has been taken to ;

and shall deposit a copy of the record with the Registrar-General.

(9) The removal of the remains of any deceased person under this section shall be carried out under the supervision and to the satisfaction of the medical officer of health of the city of London.

Deposit of
objects of
interest.

7. All objects of geological or antiquarian interest discovered on or under the churchyard during the execution of any works therein by the owner shall be carefully preserved and, subject to the rights of the Crown and of any other person whose property they may be, be deposited in the Guildhall Museum as the property of the corporation and the corporation acting by the council shall during the execution of those works have power to enter and inspect the works for the purposes of this section.

Saving for
town and
country
planning.

8. The provisions of the Town and Country Planning Act, 1962, and any restrictions or powers thereby imposed or conferred in relation to land shall apply and may be exercised in relation to any land notwithstanding that the development thereof is or may be authorised or regulated by or under this Act.

Costs of Act.

9. All the costs, charges and expenses preliminary to and of and incidental to the preparing for, obtaining and passing of this Act or otherwise in relation thereto shall be paid by the incumbent.

SCHEDULE

DESCRIPTION OF THE LAND DEALT WITH BY THE FOREGOING ACT

(a) A piece of land in the city of London containing 532 square feet or thereabouts, situated off the west side of Lime Street and bounded by a line commencing at the south-eastern corner of the church hall of Saint Dionis Backchurch and proceeding along the east flank of the said hall in a northerly direction from the said south-east corner thereof for a distance of 4 inches or thereabouts, thence in an easterly and northerly direction for a total distance of 25 feet 4 inches or thereabouts, along the outer face of the retaining wall of the area adjoining the said hall to the rear of No. 10 Ship Tavern Passage, thence in an easterly direction for a distance of 22 feet 4 inches or thereabouts, thence in a southerly direction at the rear of No. 22 Lime Street for a distance of 12 feet or thereabouts, thence in an easterly direction for a distance of 6 feet 4 inches or thereabouts, thence in a southerly and easterly direction for a total distance of 9 feet or thereabouts, thence in a southerly direction for a distance of 2 feet 6 inches or thereabouts, and thence in a westerly direction along the north side of certain glebe land for a distance of 38 feet or thereabouts to the point of commencement.

(b) A piece of land in the city of London, containing 953 square feet or thereabouts, situated on the north side of Fenchurch Street, and bounded by a line commencing at the south-east corner of No. 162 Fenchurch Street, and proceeding in a northerly direction for a distance of 11 feet 3 inches or thereabouts, along the eastern boundary of No. 162 Fenchurch Street aforesaid, thence in a westerly direction along the rear of No. 162 Fenchurch Street aforesaid, for a distance of 10 feet 4 inches or thereabouts, thence in a northerly direction along the east flank of No. 163 Fenchurch Street for a distance of 10 feet or thereabouts, thence in an easterly direction along the south flank of No. 23 Lime Street for a distance of 61 feet 3 inches or thereabouts to the west side of Lime Street, thence in a southerly direction along the west side of Lime Street for a distance of 17 feet 4 inches or thereabouts, thence in a south-westerly direction at the junction of Lime Street and Fenchurch Street for a distance of 3 feet or thereabouts, thence in a westerly direction along the north side of Fenchurch Street for a distance of 36 feet 4 inches or thereabouts, thence in a northerly direction along the west flank of No. 161 Fenchurch Street for a distance of 5 feet 6 inches or thereabouts, thence in a westerly direction for a distance of 3 feet 7 inches or thereabouts, thence in a southerly direction to Fenchurch Street for a distance of 11 feet 7½ inches or thereabouts, and thence in a westerly direction along the north side of Fenchurch Street for a distance of 5 feet 1½ inches or thereabouts to the point of commencement.

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Saint Dionis Backchurch Churchyard Act 1963

CHAPTER xiv

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