



CHAPTER lxxxiv.

An Act to authorise the transfer of the undertaking of the Chester General Cemetery Company to the mayor aldermen and citizens of the city and county of the city of Chester to make further provision as to the reception and disposal by the said mayor aldermen and citizens of sewage from areas adjacent to the city and for other purposes.

A.D. 1932.

[12th July 1932.]

WHEREAS the city and county of the city of Chester (hereinafter called "the city") is a county borough under the government of the mayor aldermen and citizens of the city (hereinafter called "the Corporation"):

And whereas the Chester General Cemetery Company was incorporated by the Chester Cemetery Act 1848 by which Act the said company was authorised to establish a general cemetery for the interment of the dead in the city:

And whereas it is expedient to empower the Corporation to purchase from the said company by agreement the undertaking of the said company together with its rights powers and privileges and also to empower the company to transfer such undertaking rights powers and privileges to the Corporation:

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— And whereas on the twentieth day of July nineteen hundred certain terms were agreed between the Corporation and the Chester Rural District Council with regard to the reception and disposal by the Corporation of sewage arising in certain areas which were and are comprised within the Chester Rural District and it is expedient to alter the terms upon which sewage so arising shall be received and disposed of by the Corporation and for that purpose to enact the provisions with reference thereto which are contained in this Act :

And whereas it is expedient that the other provisions contained in this Act be enacted :

And whereas the purposes of this Act cannot be effected without the authority of Parliament :

And whereas in relation to the promotion of the Bill for this Act the requirements of the Borough Funds Acts 1872 and 1903 have been observed :

May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in this present Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same as follows (that is to say) :—

PART I.

PRELIMINARY.

Short title.

1. This Act may be cited as the Chester Corporation Act 1932.

Division of
Act into
Parts.

2. This Act is divided into Parts as follows :—

Part I.—Preliminary.

Part II.—Purchase of cemetery undertaking.

Part III.—Finance.

Part IV.—Miscellaneous.

Interpre-
tation.

3.—(1) In this Act the several words and expressions to which meanings are assigned by the Public Health Acts 1875 to 1925 shall have the same respective meanings unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction.

(2) In this Act unless the subject or context otherwise requires— A.D. 1932.

“ The city ” means the city and county of the city of Chester;

“ The Corporation ” means the mayor aldermen and citizens of the city;

“ The general rate fund ” and “ the general rate ” mean respectively the general rate fund and the general rate of the city;

“ The Minister ” means the Minister of Health;

“ The company ” means the Chester General Cemetery Company;

“ The electricity undertaking ” means the electricity undertaking of the Corporation;

“ Statutory security ” “ statutory borrowing power ” and “ revenues of the Corporation ” have the meanings assigned to them respectively by section 4 (Interpretation) of the Act of 1929;

“ The Act of 1901 ” and “ the Act of 1929 ” mean respectively the Chester Corporation Act 1901 and the Chester Corporation Act 1929.

PART II.

PURCHASE OF CEMETERY UNDERTAKING.

4.—(1) The Corporation and the company may enter into and carry into effect agreements for and in relation to the sale by the company to the Corporation of the undertaking of the company as from such date (hereinafter referred to as “ the date of transfer ”) for such consideration and on such terms and conditions as may be contained in any such agreement. As to purchase of undertaking of company.

(2) The undertaking of the company includes—

(a) all lands buildings plant and apparatus plans books of accounts papers and other documents stores and other real and personal property of the company at the date of transfer;

(b) all rights powers and privileges vested in or had and enjoyed by the company at the date of transfer.

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(3) The receipt in writing of two directors of the company for any money payable by the Corporation to the company or to the directors of the company in pursuance of any such agreement shall effectually discharge the Corporation from the sum which in such receipt shall be acknowledged to have been received and from being bound to see to the application thereof and from being answerable or accountable for the loss mis-application or non-application thereof and if from any cause the Corporation are unable to obtain any such receipt from two of the directors of the company they may pay the money into the Bank of England in the name of the Accountant-General for and on behalf of the Supreme Court to an account to be opened in the matter of this Act and a receipt shall be given to the Corporation by the cashier of the said bank for the money which shall have the same effect as the receipt of two directors of the company.

(4) In the event of the Corporation acquiring the undertaking of the company in pursuance of the provisions of this section the following provisions shall have effect as from the date of transfer (namely) :—

- (a) Sections 3 to 21 and 26 to 33 inclusive of the Chester Cemetery Act 1848 and the words from “including nevertheless” down to “duly consecrated as aforesaid” in section 25 of that Act and sections 14 to 23 of the Chester Cemetery (Extension) Act 1879 shall be repealed;
- (b) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (a) of this subsection the said Acts of 1848 and 1879 shall be read and have effect as if the Corporation were referred to therein respectively instead of the company;
- (c) Subject to the provisions of this Act the Corporation shall be deemed to have acquired the undertaking of the company in pursuance of the provisions of the Public Health (Interments) Act 1879.

PART III.

FINANCE.

Power to
borrow.

5.—(1) The Corporation may from time to time independently of any other borrowing power borrow at interest for and in connection with the purposes

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mentioned in the first column of the following table the respective sums requisite for such purposes and in order to secure the repayment of the said sums and the payment of interest thereon the Corporation may mortgage or charge the revenues of the Corporation and they shall pay off all moneys so borrowed within the respective periods (which for the purposes of this Act and of any enactment incorporated therewith or applied thereto shall respectively be "the prescribed period") mentioned in the second column of the said table (namely):—

1	2
Purpose.	Period for repayment.
(a) The purchase of the undertaking of the company including costs and expenses incidental to such purchase and to the transfer of the said undertaking.	Thirty years from the date or dates of borrowing.
(b) The payment of the costs charges and expenses of this Act.	Five years from the passing of this Act.

(2) (a) The Corporation may also borrow with the consent of the Minister such further moneys as may be necessary for any of the purposes of this Act.

(b) Any moneys borrowed under this subsection shall be repaid within such period as may be prescribed by the Minister and that period shall be the prescribed period for the purposes of this Act and the enactments incorporated therewith or applied thereto.

(c) In order to secure the repayment of any moneys borrowed under this subsection and the payment of interest thereon the Corporation may mortgage or charge the revenues of the Corporation.

6. The following provisions of the Act of 1901 and the Act of 1929 shall with any necessary alterations or modifications and subject to the provisions of this Act extend and apply for the purposes of this Act as if the same were re-enacted in this Act (namely):—

Application of provisions of Acts of 1901 and 1929.

The Act of 1901—

- Section 55 (Application of moneys borrowed);
Section 56 (Mode of raising money);

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- Section 57 (Provisions of Public Health Act as to mortgages to apply);
Section 59 (Mode of payment off of money borrowed) except the proviso;
Section 61 (Corporation not to regard trusts);
Section 62 (Appointment of receiver);
Section 67 (Protection of lenders from inquiry);
Section 75 (Audit of accounts);
Section 83 (Inquiries by Local Government Board).

The Act of 1929—

Section 231 (Expenses of execution of Act):

Provided that for the purposes of such application—

- (a) The said section 56 shall have effect as if the words “and the Act of 1929” were therein inserted after the words “the Act of 1884” and as if the proviso were omitted from that section;
- (b) The said section 62 shall have effect as if the words “one thousand pounds” were therein inserted instead of the words “five hundred pounds”;
- (c) The said section 83 shall have effect as if the words “five guineas” were therein inserted instead of the words “three guineas.”

Renewal
and repairs
funds.

7.—(1) The Corporation may if they think fit establish a fund or funds for the purpose of defraying the expenditure to be incurred from time to time in repairing maintaining and renewing any buildings works plant appliances or things the cost of repairing maintaining and renewing which is payable out of the general rate fund and may from time to time apply any fund so established or any part thereof in defraying such expenditure but this section shall not apply to any buildings works plant appliances or things for the purposes of the electricity or omnibus undertakings of the Corporation or for the purposes of any undertaking in respect of which the Corporation have for the time being provided a reserve under the provisions of the

section of this Act of which the marginal note is A.D. 1932.
 “ Application of revenue of undertakings.”

(2) The Corporation may from time to time pay out of the general rate fund such sums as they think fit into a fund or funds to be established under this section. Provided that the total of such sums which may be carried to any such fund or funds in any one financial year shall not exceed the amount (calculated in accordance with the rules made from time to time by the Minister under sections 9 and 58 of the Rating and Valuation Act 1925) which would be produced by a rate of one penny in the pound levied in that year in the city and the amount standing to the credit of such fund or funds shall not at any time exceed fifteen thousand pounds.

8.—(1) The Corporation may (if they think fit) establish a fund to be called “ the insurance fund ” with a view of providing a sum of money which shall be available for making good all losses damages costs and expenses to which the Corporation may be subjected in consequence of the whole or any part of all or any of the following risks (that is to say) :—

- (a) Risk of fire in respect of buildings works premises and the contents thereof and other property whether belonging or on loan to or under the care custody or control of the Corporation;
- (b) Risk of accident and claims by third parties in respect of any vehicles whether belonging to or hired by or under the control of the Corporation and whether drawn or propelled by man or horse or mechanical or other means or power;
- (c) Risk of explosion in respect of boilers;
- (d) Risks under the common law the Employers’ Liability Act 1880 the Workmen’s Compensation Act 1925 or any Act or Acts for the time being amending or extending those Acts or otherwise in respect of accidents to the officers servants or workmen of the Corporation or to third parties;
- (e) Risks of injuries to school children through accident caused by the negligence of a teacher

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attendant or other person or defect in any school premises of or leased to the Corporation;

- (f) Risks of mechanical or electrical breakdown at or in connection with any of the electricity works of the Corporation;
- (g) Risks of loss due to infidelity of officers or servants of the Corporation;
- (h) Any other risks against which in the absence of such an insurance fund the Corporation would ordinarily insure.

(2) The establishment of an insurance fund under this section shall not prevent the Corporation from insuring in one or more insurance offices of good repute against the whole or any part of all or any of the several risks for which the insurance fund is intended to provide.

(3) In each year after the establishment of the insurance fund the Corporation shall pay into that fund either—

- (a) such a sum as shall in their opinion be not less than the aggregate amount of the premiums which would be payable if the Corporation fully insured in some insurance office of good repute against the several risks for which the insurance fund is intended to provide; or
- (b) if the Corporation partly insure in some insurance office of good repute against the whole or any part of all or any of the several risks for which the insurance fund is intended to provide such sum as will together with the premiums paid for the last-mentioned insurance be not less than the aggregate amount aforesaid.

(4) When the insurance fund shall amount to one hundred and fifty thousand pounds the Corporation may if they think fit discontinue the yearly payments to the fund but if the fund is at any time reduced below one hundred and fifty thousand pounds the Corporation shall re-commence and continue the yearly payments to that fund in accordance with subsection (3) of this section until the fund be restored to the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand pounds.

(5) The Corporation shall provide the yearly payments aforesaid by contributions from the general rate fund and shall show the same in their accounts under the separate heading or division in respect of the particular undertaking or department of the Corporation which if the risks were insured against in an insurance office would be properly chargeable with the payment of the premium of such insurance.

(6) Except so far as the insurance fund and the proceeds of sale of securities in which that fund is invested may be necessary to meet losses damages costs and expenses in consequence of risks for which the fund is intended to provide all moneys for the time being standing to the credit of the fund shall (subject to the provisions of this Act) be invested in statutory securities and the interest and annual proceeds arising from those securities shall be invested and accumulated until the fund amounts to the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand pounds and when and so long as the fund amounts to that sum the interest and annual proceeds of the securities shall be carried to the credit of the general rate fund and apportioned in the accounts of the Corporation between the several undertakings departments or services liable to contribute to the insurance fund in such shares or proportions as may be equitable.

(7) For the purposes of this section the Corporation may if they deem it expedient include in the risks provided for under paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of this section risks of accident to any teacher employed in any public elementary school maintained by the Corporation notwithstanding that such school has not been provided by the Corporation as the local education authority.

(8) The insurance fund shall be applied to meet any losses damages costs or expenses sustained by the Corporation in consequence of risks for which it is intended to provide in the order of the dates on which such losses damages costs or expenses become ascertained and if at any time and from time to time the insurance fund shall be insufficient to make good any such losses damages costs or expenses the Corporation may with the sanction of the Minister and on such security as the Minister may prescribe borrow at interest under and subject to the provisions of this Act such sums of money as will be necessary to make up the deficiency The

A.D. 1932. amounts of the annual charges in respect of interest on and repayment of principal of any sums so borrowed and the amounts of any such deficiencies as aforesaid not made up by borrowing shall be paid out of the general rate fund and charged in the accounts of the Corporation under the separate headings or divisions in respect of such undertakings departments or services of the Corporation and in such proportions as the Minister may direct having regard to the risks through which such deficiencies arise.

As to
operation
of certain
provisions
of this
Part of
Act.

9. The sections of this Act of which the marginal notes are—

Receipts and expenses;

Accounts;

Application of revenue of undertakings; and

Provisions as to surplus electricity revenue;

shall not come into operation until the first day of April nineteen hundred and thirty-three but shall come into operation on that day.

Receipts
and
expenses.

10.—(1) Except as by this Act otherwise expressly provided all money received by the Corporation whether on capital or revenue account (including all money received by the Corporation on account of the revenue of any undertaking of the Corporation as from time to time existing from which revenue is derived and interest and other annual proceeds from time to time received by the Corporation on the investments forming part of any reserve or of any fund accumulated for the redemption of debt or as a renewals depreciation contingent superannuation accident insurance lands consolidated loans or other similar fund) shall be carried to and form part of the general rate fund and all payments and expenses made and incurred by the Corporation in respect of any such undertaking or in carrying into execution the powers and provisions of this or any other Act (including the placing to the credit of the appropriate reserve or fund in the accounts of the Corporation of an amount equivalent to such interest and other annual proceeds as aforesaid subject to any prescribed limit on the amount of such reserve or fund) and not otherwise provided for shall be paid out of the general rate fund or the general rate.

(2) Nothing in this section shall authorise the Corporation to apply capital money to any purpose other than purposes to which capital money is properly applicable. A.D. 1932.
—

11.—(1) The Corporation shall notwithstanding the provisions of any Act or Order to the contrary keep their accounts so as to distinguish capital from revenue and as to revenue so as to show under a separate heading or division in respect of each of the undertakings of the Corporation as from time to time existing from which revenue is derived (each of which is in this section separately referred to as “the undertaking”) on the one side all receipts in respect of the undertaking and on the other side all payments and expenses in respect of the undertaking such payments and expenses being divided so as also to show in each case the amounts representing— Accounts.

- (a) The working and establishment expenses and cost of maintenance of the undertaking;
- (b) The interest on moneys borrowed by the Corporation for the purposes of or connected with the undertaking;
- (c) The requisite appropriations instalments or sinking fund payments in respect of moneys borrowed for the purposes of the undertaking;
- (d) All other expenses (if any) of the undertaking properly chargeable to revenue;
- (e) Any money expended on any of the purposes mentioned in subsection (1) of the next succeeding section of this Act.

(2) The Corporation shall show in their accounts relating to any undertaking or purpose all items (including receipts and payments in respect of loans applicable thereto) which ought to be entered therein in order to show the financial position of the undertaking or purpose.

(3) In all cases in which the Corporation keep separate accounts for separate undertakings or purposes they shall so far as reasonably practicable apportion between those accounts or carry to any of them any receipts credits payments and liabilities which from time to time ought to be so apportioned or carried.

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—
Application
of revenue
of under-
takings.

12.—(1) If in any year moneys received by the Corporation on account of the revenue of any undertaking of the Corporation as from time to time existing from which revenue is derived exceed the moneys expended by the Corporation in respect of that undertaking in respect of the expenses mentioned in paragraphs (a) (b) (c) and (d) of subsection (1) of the last preceding section of this Act the Corporation may in that year (if they think fit) apply out of the general rate fund a sum equal to the amount of such excess in any of the following ways:—

- (a) In the reduction of capital moneys borrowed for the purposes of the undertaking;
- (b) In the construction renewal extension and improvement of the works and conveniences for the purposes of the undertaking (subject in the case of the electricity undertaking to the consent of the Electricity Commissioners);
- (c) In the provision of a reserve in respect of each of the undertakings (such reserve to be included within and to form part of the general rate fund) by setting aside such an amount as they may from time to time think reasonable and (unless the amounts so set aside are applied under the provisions of section 227 (Use of moneys forming part of sinking and other funds) of the Act of 1929) investing the same in statutory securities until the reserve so provided amounts in the case of the electricity undertaking to a sum equal to one-tenth of the aggregate capital expenditure of the Corporation on that undertaking and in the case of other undertakings to the maximum reserve for the time being prescribed by the Corporation.

(2) Any reserve or renewals or contingency or depreciation fund which has been formed for the purposes of any undertaking of the Corporation from which revenue is derived and which is in existence at the commencement of this Act shall be carried to and form part of the general rate fund and shall be deemed to be part of a reserve provided under paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of this section.

(3) Any reserve provided under this section shall be applicable to answer any deficiency at any time

happening in the income of the Corporation from the undertaking in respect of which it is formed or to meet any extraordinary claim or demand at any time arising against the Corporation in respect of that undertaking or (except in the case of the electricity undertaking) for payment of the cost of renewing improving or extending any part of the works forming part thereof or (except in the case of the electricity undertaking) otherwise for the benefit of that undertaking and so that if that reserve be at any time reduced it may thereafter be again restored to the prescribed maximum and so from time to time as often as such reduction happens.

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(4) Resort may be had to a reserve provided under the foregoing provisions of this section although such reserve may not at the time have reached or may have been reduced below the prescribed maximum.

13.—(1) In lieu of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 7 of the schedule to the Electric Lighting (Clauses) Act 1899 and of the amendments to that subsection set out in the Fifth Schedule to the Electricity (Supply) Act 1926 the following provisions shall apply with respect to the electricity undertaking (in addition to the provisions of the section of this Act of which the marginal note is “Application of revenue of undertakings”) (namely):—

Provisions
as to
surplus
electricity
revenue.

If in any year the accounts of the electricity undertaking kept under the section of this Act of which the marginal note is “Accounts” shall show that the revenue of the electricity undertaking in respect of that year (including if and so long as any reserve provided in connection with the electricity undertaking amounts to a sum equal to one-tenth part of the aggregate capital expended for the time being upon that undertaking the interest and other annual proceeds received by the Corporation in respect of that year on the investments forming part of that reserve) has exceeded the total amount of the payments and expenses in respect of the year for the several purposes mentioned in paragraphs (a) to (e) of subsection (1) of the last-mentioned section then—

(a) if the reserve in respect of the electricity undertaking does not amount to more than

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—

one-twentieth of the said aggregate capital an amount equal to such excess shall be deemed for the purposes of the section of this Act of which the marginal note is "Accounts" to be revenue of the electricity undertaking in respect of the next following year and a reduction shall be made in the charges for electricity supplied by the Corporation of such respective amounts as will as nearly as reasonably practicable be equivalent in the aggregate to the said excess;

- (b) if the said reserve amounts to more than one-twentieth of the said aggregate capital such amount as the Corporation may think fit (not being less in cases where the said excess is more than a sum equal to one and a half per centum of the outstanding debt of the electricity undertaking than the difference between the said excess and that sum) shall be deemed for the purposes of the section of this Act of which the marginal note is "Accounts" to be revenue of the electricity undertaking in respect of the next following year and a reduction shall be made in the charges for electricity supplied by the Corporation of such respective amounts as will as nearly as reasonably practicable be equivalent in the aggregate to the amount so deemed to be revenue.

(2) Subsection (1) of section 7 of the said schedule to the Electric Lighting (Clauses) Act 1899 shall be deemed to be excluded from incorporation with any of the Chester Electricity Acts and Orders 1890 to 1932.

PART IV.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Power to
grant allow-
ances or
gratuities
in certain
cases.

14.—(1) The Corporation may if they think fit in cases not within the Workmen's Compensation Act 1906 or the Teachers (Superannuation) Acts 1918 to 1925 or any other Act for the time being in force relating to the superannuation of teachers and not entitled to benefits under a scheme established under the Local

Government and other Officers' Superannuation Act 1922 grant a weekly or other allowance (not exceeding one-half of his salary or wages) or in lieu thereof a gratuity of any sum (not exceeding two years' pay) to any of the Corporation's officers or servants who may be disabled or injured in the Corporation's service or may become incapacitated through age sickness or other infirmity or to the widow or family of any such officer or servant who may die in the Corporation's service. A.D. 1932.

(2) Every such allowance or gratuity shall be charged on and paid out of the fund or funds on or out of which the salary wages or emoluments of such officer or servant would have been charged or been paid if he had continued in his office or service.

(3) In and for the purposes of this section the expression "officers or servants" shall include any teacher who is not entitled to a gratuity under the Teachers (Superannuation) Acts 1918 to 1925 or any Act amending the same and who at the date of the passing of this Act is or shall thereafter be permanently and exclusively employed by the Corporation as the local education authority for the city or permanently and exclusively employed in any public elementary school in the city whether provided by the Corporation as the local education authority or not so provided.

15. The Corporation may at any time by resolution determine with respect to any hereditament for the time being belonging to them the rent of which is payable or is collected at intervals of less than a quarter of a year to do any of the things which owners may do by agreement with the rating authority under subsection (2) of section 11 of the Rating and Valuation Act 1925 with the like conditions and consequences (other than the condition as to agreement in writing with the rating authority) as are applicable to owners under that section. As to operation of section 11 of Rating and Valuation Act 1925.

16. If a justice is satisfied on complaint by any rate collector that any person is quitting or about to quit any premises in the city and has failed to pay on demand any general rate or electricity charge which may be due from him and intends to evade payment of the same by departing from the city the justice may in addition to issuing a summons for non-payment of the same issue a warrant under his hand authorising the said rate Recovery of rate from persons removing.

A.D. 1932. collector to seize forthwith and detain the goods and chattels of such person until the complaint is determined upon the return of the summons.

Modifica-
tion of
agreement
with
Chester
Rural
District
Council for
sewage
disposal.

17. As from the date of this Act paragraph (*d*) of clause 2 of the terms arranged and agreed under seal between the Chester Rural District Council and the Corporation dated the twentieth day of July nineteen hundred shall be read and have effect—

(i) as if the words “ but such contribution shall not
“ in any year exceed the amount of an annual
“ rate of fourpence in the pound upon the rate-
“ able value for the time being according to the
“ poor rate assessment of the aggregate of the
“ rateable hereditaments in the said contribu-
“ tory places ” were omitted therefrom and as
if the following words were inserted in lieu
thereof (namely) :—

“ but such contribution shall not exceed
the amount of the maximum rate in the
pound upon the rateable value for the time
being according to the poor rate assess-
ment of the aggregate of the rateable here-
ditaments in the said contributory places
hereinafter prescribed (that is to say) :—

(*a*) for the year ending on the thirty-first
day of March nineteen hundred and
thirty-three the maximum rate of four-
pence halfpenny ;

(*b*) for the year ending on the thirty-first
day of March nineteen hundred and
thirty-four the maximum rate of five-
pence ;

(*c*) for each succeeding year ending on the
thirty-first day of March a maximum rate
exceeding by one halfpenny the maximum
rate prescribed for the preceding year ;

until the year in which the maximum rate so
prescribed shall be equivalent to or exceed so
much of the general rate as is levied in the city
for that year to meet sewage outfall expenses
as from which year the contribution by the

said contributory places shall be at a rate equal to so much of the general rate as is levied in the city for the said expenses ”; and

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- (ii) as if the words “ an annual rate of fourpence in the pound upon the rateable value for the time being according to the poor rate assessment of the aggregate of the rateable hereditaments in the said contributory place ” were inserted therein in lieu of the words “ the said maximum rate of fourpence in the pound ” wherever such last-mentioned words occur :

Provided that for the purposes of section 83 of the Local Government Act 1929 the said terms and the foregoing amendments thereof shall be deemed to have been enacted prior to the passing of that Act.

18.—(1) The following enactments so far as the same are in operation at the passing of this Act are hereby repealed as from the date of this Act (namely) :—

Repeal.

- (a) The Act 2 Geo. 3 chapter 45 intituled “ An Act for better regulating the Poor maintaining a nightly Watch lighting paving and cleansing the Streets Rows and Passages providing Fire-Engines and Firemen and regulating the Hackney Coachmen Chairmen Carmen and Porters within the City of Chester ”;

- (b) The Order relating to Chester dated the eleventh day of February eighteen hundred and sixty-nine and confirmed by the Poor Law Board’s Provisional Orders Confirmation Act 1869 and so much of that Act as relates to the said Order.

(2) The following sections of the Act of 1929 are hereby repealed as from the thirty-first day of March nineteen hundred and thirty-three (namely) :—

Section 233 (Application of revenue and payment of expenses of undertakings);

Section 234 (Accounts); and

Section 235 (Reserve fund for omnibus undertaking) except subsection (1) thereof.

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—
Costs of
Act.

19. The costs charges and expenses preliminary to and of and incidental to preparing applying for obtaining and passing this Act as taxed by the taxing officer of the House of Lords or of the House of Commons shall be paid by the Corporation out of the general rate fund and the general rate or out of moneys to be borrowed under this Act for that purpose.

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