

Taxes Management Act 1970

1970 CHAPTER 9

U.K.

An Act to consolidate certain of the enactments relating to income tax, capital gains tax and corporation tax, including certain enactments relating also to other taxes. [12th March 1970]

Editorial Information

X1 General amendments to Tax Acts, Income Tax Acts, and/or Corporation Tax Acts made by legislation after 1.2.1991 are noted against Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1) but not against each Act

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C1 Act applied in part (with modifications) by The Stamp Duty Reserve Tax Regulations 1986 (S.I. 1986/1711), reg. 20, Sch.
- C2 Act applied (19.4.1991) for the year of assessment 1988-1989 by S.I. 1991/851, regs. 1, 3(1)
- C3 Act extended (with modifications) (28.3.1992) for year of assessment 1989-1990 by S.I. 1992/511, regs. 1,3, Sch. 1
- C4 Power to modify Act conferred (6.3.1992) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 209(3), 289 (having effect in relation to tax for the year 1992-93 and subsequent years of assessment, and tax for other chargeable periods beginning on or after 6.4.1992 see s. 289) (with ss. 60, 101(1), 171, 201(3))
- C5 Act applied (with modifications) (23.3.1993 with effect for the year of assessment 1990-91 only) by S.I. 1993/415, regs. 1(1), 3(1).
- C6 Act applied (27.7.1993) by 1993 c. 34, s. 80(7)
- C7 Act: power to modify conferred (27.7.1993 with effect for the year 1992-93 and subsequent years of assessment) by 1993 c. 34, s. 182(2), 184(3)
- C8 Act applied (with modifications) (with effect for the year of assessment 1991-92 in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The Lloyds Underwriters (Tax) (1991-92) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/728), reg. 3(1) (with regs. 3(2), 4-7)
- C9 Act applied (9.3.1995 with effect in accordance with reg. 1 of the amending S.I.) by The Lloyds Underwriters (Tax) Regulations 1995 (S.I. 1995/351), reg. 4 (with regs. 5-8) (subject to S.I. 1995/352)

- C10 Act applied (with modifications) (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(2) of the amending S.I.) by The Lloyds Underwriters (Tax) (1992-93 to 1996-97) Regulations 1995 (S.I. 1995/352), regs. 4-12, 14, 15 (subject to S.I. 1995/351)
- C11 Act applied by Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 374A(4) (as inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) and with application in accordance with s. 112(5) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 112(1)(5))
- C12 Act applied (1.5.1995) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 22 para. 12(5) (with Sch. 22 para. 12(6))
- C13 Act applied by Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 13A para. 14(6) (as inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 25 para. 3 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 25 para. 2; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2)
- C14 Act restricted by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 12A (as inserted (1.6.1997) by Finance Act 1997 (c. 16), Sch. 6 para. 1(1); S.I. 1997/1305, art. 2)

Commencement Information

II Act wholly in force at 6.4.1970, see s. 119(1)

PART I U.K.

ADMINISTRATION

1 Taxes under care and management of the Board. U.K.

- (1) Income tax, corporation tax ^{F1}... and capital gains tax shall be under the care and management of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue (in this Act referred to as "the Board"), and the definition of "inland revenue" in section 39 of the Inland Revenue Regulation Act 1890 shall have effect accordingly.
- (2) The Board shall appoint inspectors and collectors of taxes who shall act under the direction of the Board.
- [F2(2A) The Board may appoint a person to be an inspector or collector for general purposes or for such specific purposes as the Board think fit.
 - (2B) Where in accordance with the Board's administrative practices a person is authorised to act as an inspector or collector for specific purposes, he shall be deemed to have been appointed to be an inspector or collector for those purposes.]
 - (3) Any legal proceedings or administrative act relating to any tax begun by one inspector or collector may be continued by another inspector or, as the case may be, another collector; and any inspector or collector may act for any division or other area.

Textual Amendments

- Words relating to development land tax added by Development Land Tax Act 1976 (c. 24) Sch. 8 para. 1; Development Land Tax Act 1976 repealed by Finance Act 1985 (c. 54) s. 98(6), Sch. 27 Pt. X.
- F2 S. 1(2A)(2B) inserted by Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), s. 104(1), (3) (and deemed always to have had effect)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C15 S. 1 extended (N.I.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits (Northern Ireland) Act 1992 (c. 7), ss. 15(3), 173(4), Sch. 2 para. 6(2) (with ss. 108(5), 116(3), 165)

- C16 For the application of this Act to petroleum revenue tax and supplementary petroleum duty seeOil Taxation Act 1975 (c. 22) s. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(1)—Oil Taxation Acts.
- C17 See also as to appointments etc. of officers, Inland Revenue Regulation Act 1890 (c. 21, SIF 63:1), s. 4.
- C18 For the application of s. 1(3) to the special tax on banking deposits see Finance Act 1981 s. 134, Sch. 17 para. 18.

2 General Commissioners U.K.

- (1) For the purpose of exercising such powers relating to appeals and other matters as are conferred on them by the Taxes Acts there shall be "Commissioners for the general purposes of the income tax" (in the Taxes Acts referred to as "General Commissioners") who shall act for the same separate areas in Great Britain as heretofore [F3 or for the separate areas in Northern Ireland defined by an order made by the Lord Chancellor] (in the Taxes Acts referred to as "divisions").
- (2) General Commissioners for divisions in England and Wales [F3 or Northern Ireland] shall be appointed by, and shall hold office during the pleasure of, the Lord Chancellor.
- (3) General Commissioners for divisions in Scotland shall be appointed by, and shall hold office during the pleasure of, [F4the Secretary of State], F5....
- (4) In Scotland a sheriff shall be ex officio a General Commissioner for any division wholly or partly within his sheriffdom and a salaried sheriff-substitute shall be ex officio a General Commissioner for any division wholly or partly within his district.
- [^{F6}(5) The Lord Chancellor or, in Scotland, the Secretary of State shall pay General Commissioners by way of travelling allowance or subsistence allowance sums of such amounts and in such circumstances as he may, with the approval of the Treasury, determine.]
 - (6) The Lord Chancellor or, in Scotland, the Secretary of State may by order create a new division or abolish an existing division or alter in any other respect the divisions or their boundaries; and any such order may contain such consequential and transitional provisions as the Lord Chancellor or the Secretary of State, as the case may be, thinks fit and may be revoked or varied by a subsequent order under this subsection.
 - [F7]Subject to the preceding provisions of this subsection, the areas of the divisions shall be the same as immediately before the passing of this Act.]
 - (7) A General Commissioner shall not continue in office after he attains the age of seventy-five years.
 - (8) The validity of any proceedings of General Commissioners shall not be affected by a defect in the appointment of any of them, or by a failure to observe the requirements of the last preceding subsection.

Textual Amendments

- F3 Added by Finance Act 1988 s. 134(1)(4) from 3 April 1989; Commencement order S.I. 1989 No. 473.
- **F4** Finance Act 1975 s. 57(1) from 15May 1975.
- F5 Words omitted repealed by Finance Act 1975 s. 59(5), Sch. 13 Part II.
- F6 S. 2(5) substituted (1.4.1994) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48), s. 76, Sch. 16 para. 2(1)(5)
- F7 Words in s. 2(6) repealed by Finance Act 1988 s. 148, Sch. 14 Part IX on or after 3 April 1989; S.I. 1989/473

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C19 See Finance Act 1973 s. 41 (boundaries of divisions specified by order made or having effect as if made under s. 2(6) not to be affected by changes in local government areas in England and Wales on 1 April 1974 or in Scotland on 16 May 1975)

3 Clerk to General Commissioners. U.K.

- (1) The General Commissioners for every division shall appoint a clerk and, if they think it necessary, an assistant clerk, and persons appointed under this subsection shall hold office during the pleasure of the Commissioners and act under their direction.
- [F8(2) The Lord Chancellor or, in Scotland, the Secretary of State shall pay a clerk such remuneration in respect of his services as the Lord Chancellor or Secretary of State may, with the approval of the Treasury, determine.]
 - (3) [F9The Lord Chancellor or, in Scotland, the Secretary of State may, in such cases as he may in his discretion determine], pay to or in respect of any full-time clerk such pension [F10 allowance] or gratuity, or make such provision for the payment of pension [F10 allowance] or gratuity to or in respect of any full-time clerk, as [F11 he may, with the approval of the Treasury, determine].
 - In this subsection "full-time clerk" means a clerk as regards whom [FIIthe Lord Chancellor or Secretary of State is satisfied] that he is required to devote substantially the whole of his time to the duties of his office.
 - (4) Without prejudice to the power of any General Commissioners to dismiss their clerk or assistant clerk, the Lord Chancellor or, in Scotland, the Secretary of State may, after consulting the General Commissioners for any division, dismiss their clerk or assistant clerk.
 - (5) A clerk or assistant clerk shall not continue in office after he has attained the age of seventy years unless the General Commissioners for whom he acts think it desirable in the public interest and extend his term of office; and the term shall not be extended beyond the age of seventy-five years.

Textual Amendments

- F8 S. 3(2) substituted (1.4.1994) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48), s. 76, Sch. 16 para. 2(3)(5)
- F9 Words in s. 3(3) substituted (1.4.1994) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48), s. 76, Sch. 16 para. 2(4) (a)(5)
- F10 Words in s. 3(3) inserted by Superannuation Act 1972 (c.11), s. 26, Sch. 6 para. 77
- F11 Words in s. 3(3) substituted (1.4.1994) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48), s. 76, Sch. 16 para. 2(4) (b)(c)(5)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C20 See also Finance Act 1972 s. 130—compensation for loss of office etc. by clerks on reorganisation of divisions.

[F124 Special Commissioners. U.K.

(1) The Lord Chancellor shall, after consultation with the Lord Advocate, appoint such persons as he thinks fit as "Commissioners for the special purposes of the Income Tax

Acts" (in the Taxes Acts referred to as "Special Commissioners") and shall designate one of the Special Commissioners as the Presiding Special Commissioner.

- (2) No person shall be appointed under subsection (1) above unless
 - he has a 10 year general qualification, within the meaning of section 71 of the Courts and Legal Services Act 1990;
 - (b) he is an advocate or solicitor in Scotland of at least 10 years' standing; or
 - (c) he is a member of the Bar of Northern Ireland or solicitor of the Supreme Court of Northern Ireland of at least 10 years' standing |
- (3) If the Presiding Special Commissioner is temporarily absent or unable to act or there is a vacancy in his office, the Lord Chancellor may designate another Special Commissioner to act as deputy Presiding Special Commissioner and the Commissioner so designated shall, when so acting, have all the functions of the Presiding Special Commissioner.

[A Special Commissioner—

- (3A) (a) may resign his office at any time; and
 - (b) shall vacate his office on the day on which he attains the age of seventy years; but paragraph (b) above is subject to section 26(4) to (6) of the Judicial Pensions and Retirement Act 1993 (power to authorise continuance in office up to the age of 75).]
 - (4) The Lord Chancellor may, if he thinks fit, and after consultation with the Lord Advocate, remove a Special Commissioner from office on the grounds of incapacity or misbehaviour.
 - (5) By virtue of their appointment the Special Commissioners shall have authority to execute such powers, and to perform such duties, as are assigned to them by any enactment.
 - (6) Such sums shall be allowed to Special Commissioners in respect of salary and incidental expenses and such pensions (including allowances and gratuities) shall be paid to, or in respect of, them as the Lord Chancellor may, with the approval of the Treasury, determine.
- [Subsection (6) above, so far as relating to pensions (including allowances and F15(6A) gratuities), shall not have effect in relation to a person to whom Part I of the Judicial Pensions and Retirement Act 1993 applies, except to the extent provided by or under that Act.]
 - (7) Officers and staff may be appointed under section 27 of the MI Courts Act 1971 (court staff) for carrying out the administrative work of the Special Commissioners.]

Textual Amendments

- F12 Ss. 4. 4A substituted (1.1.1985) by Finance Act 1984 (c. 43), s. 127, Sch. 22 para. 1; S.I. 1984/1836 (c. 45) (but not to affect the appointment of any person, who, immediately before the passing of Finance Act 1984, held office as a Special Commissioner)
- **F13** Courts and Legal Services Act 1990 (c. 41), s. 71(2), **Sch. 10 para. 30**
- **F14** S. 4(3A) inserted (31.3.1995) by Judicial Pensions and Retirement Act 1993 (c. 8), s. 31(2), **Sch. 6** para. 36(1) (with Sch. 7); S.I. 1995/631, art. 2
- F15 S. 4(6A) inserted (31.3.1995) by Judicial Pensions and Retirement Act 1993 (c. 8), s. 31(2), Sch. 8 para. 8; S.I. 1995/631, art. 2

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C21 See—Oil Taxation Act 1975 s. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(1)—Oil Taxation Acts—for modification regarding petroleum revenue tax and supplementary petroleum duty; Finance Act 1981 s. 134, Sch. 17 para. 18 for the application of this provision to the special tax on banking deposits

Marginal Citations

M1 1971 c.23.

[F124A Deputy Special Commissioners. U.K.

- (1) If it appears to the Lord Chancellor expedient to do so in order to facilitate the performance of any functions of the Special Commissioners, he may, after consultation with the Lord Advocate, appoint a person to be a deputy Special Commissioner during such period or on such occasions as the Lord Chancellor thinks fit.
- (2) A person shall not be qualified for appointment as a deputy Special Commissioner unless he is qualified for appointment as a Special Commissioner [F16 (and, accordingly, no appointment of a person as a deputy Special Commissioner shall be such as to extend beyond the day on which he attains the age of seventy years, but subject to section 26(4) to (6) of the Judicial Pensions and Retirement Act 1993)].
- (3) A deputy Special Commissioner while acting under this section shall have all the jurisdiction and functions of a Special Commissioner and any reference to a Special Commissioner in the following provisions of this Act or in any other enactment or any instrument made under any enactment (whenever passed or made) shall include a reference to a deputy Special Commissioner.
- (4) The duty under section 6(1) below shall only apply to a deputy Special Commissioner on his first appointment to that office.
- - (6) The Lord Chancellor may pay to any person appointed under this section such remuneration and allowances as he may, with the approval of the Treasury, determine.]

Textual Amendments

- F12 Ss. 4. 4A substituted (1.1.1985) by Finance Act 1984 (c. 43), s. 127, Sch. 22 para. 1; S.I. 1984/1836 (c. 45) (but not to affect the appointment of any person, who, immediately before the passing of Finance Act 1984, held office as a Special Commissioner)
- F16 Words in s. 4A(2) added (31.3.1995) by Judicial Pensions and Retirement Act 1993 (c. 8), s. 31(2), Sch. 6 para. 36(2) (with Sch. 7); S.I. 1995/631, art. 2
- F17 S. 4A(5) repealed (31.3.1995) by Judicial Pensions and Retirement Act 1993 (c. 8), s. 31(2), Sch. 9; S.I. 1995/631, art. 2

5 General and Special Commissioners. U.K.

(1) No General Commissioner or Special Commissioner shall act as such in relation to any matter in which he has a personal interest, or is interested on behalf of another person, except with the express consent of the parties to the proceedings.

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Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9)
PART I – ADMINISTRATION
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Changes to legislation: Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Textual Amendments

F18 S. 5(2) repealed (E.W.) (30.3.1974) by Criminal Justice Act 1972 (c. 71) s. 64(2), Sch. 6 Pt. I; S.I. 1973 No. 1472 r. 2, Sch. 2; s. 5(2) repealed (S.) (22.12.1980) by Law Reform (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Act 1980 (c. 55), s. 28(2), Sch. 3; S.I. 1980 No. 1726 (C. 74) (S. 148)

6 Declarations on taking office. U.K.

- (1) Every person who is appointed to be—
 - (a) a General Commissioner or a Special Commissioner, or
 - F19(b)
 - (c) a member of the tribunal established under section [F20706] of the principal Act (cancellation of tax advantages),

shall make a declaration in the form set out in Part I of Schedule 1 to this Act before another person holding the same office, or before a General Commissioner.

- (2) Every person who is appointed to be a clerk or assistant clerk to the General Commissioners for any division, or who assists any such clerk, shall make a declaration in the form set out in Part I of Schedule 1 to this Act.
 - A clerk or assistant clerk shall make the declaration before a General Commissioner for the division, and a person who assists any such clerk shall make the declaration before such a General Commissioner or the clerk.
- (3) Every person who is appointed to be a member of the Board shall make a declaration in the form set out in Part II of Schedule 1 to this Act before another member of the Board.
- (4) Every person who is appointed an inspector or collector, or who is appointed by the Board to serve in any other capacity, shall make a declaration in the form set out in Part III of Schedule 1 to this Act before such person as the Board may direct.
- (5) A declaration under this section shall be made as soon as may be after first appointment to the office in question.

Textual Amendments

- **F19** S. 6(1)(*b*) repealed by Finance Act 1982 s. 157, Sch. 22 Part X.
- **F20** Words in s. 6(1) substituted by Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), **Sch. 29 para 32**.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C22 As to savings, etc., in respect of disclosure in certain cases, see—Finance Act 1969 s. 58(3)

 —disclosure of information for statistical purposes. Finance Act 1972 s. 127—disclosure of information between revenue departments. Finance Act 1978 s. 77—disclosure to tax authorities in other member states of EEC. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 s. 816—relief for double taxation. Charities Act 1960 s. 9—disclosure to and by Charity Commissioners of information about charities. Social Security Pensions Act 1975 (c. 60), s. 56K—disclosure in connection with the registration of occupational and personal pension schemes. Child Benefit Act 1975 s. 10—disclosure of information to Secretary of State.
- C23 See Finance Act 1989 s. 182—disclosure of information.

PART II U.K.

RETURNS OF INCOME AND GAINS

Income tax

[F217] Notice of liability to income tax and capital gains tax. U.K.

- (1) Every person who—
 - (a) is chargeable to income tax or capital gains tax for any year of assessment, and
 - (b) has not received a notice under section 8 of this Act requiring a return for that year of his total income and chargeable gains,

shall, subject to subsection (3) below, within six months from the end of that year, give notice to an officer of the Board that he is so chargeable.

- (2) In the case of [F22 persons who are] chargeable as mentioned in subsection (1) above as [F23 the relevant trustees] of a settlement, that subsection shall have effect as if the reference to a notice under section 8 of this Act were a reference to a notice under section 8A of this Act.
- (3) A person shall not be required to give notice under subsection (1) above in respect of a year of assessment if for that year his total income consists of income from sources falling within subsections (4) to (7) below and he has no chargeable gains.
- (4) A source of income falls within this subsection in relation to a year of assessment if—
 - (a) all payments of, or on account of, income from it during that year, and
 - (b) all income from it for that year which does not consist of payments,

have or has been taken into account in the making of deductions or repayments of tax under section 203 of the principal Act.

- (5) A source of income falls within this subsection in relation to any person and any year of assessment if all income from it for that year has been or will be taken into account—
 - (a) in determining that person's liability to tax, or
 - (b) in the making of deductions or repayments of tax under section 203 of the principal Act.
- (6) A source of income falls within this subsection in relation to any person and any year of assessment if all income from it for that year is—
 - (a) income from which income tax has been deducted;
 - (b) income from or on which income tax is treated as having been deducted or paid; or
 - (c) income chargeable under Schedule F,

and that person is not for that year liable to tax at a rate other than the basic rate or the lower rate.

- (7) A source of income falls within this subsection in relation to any person and any year of assessment if all income from it for that year is [F24 income on which] he could not become liable to tax under a self-assessment made under section 9 of this Act in respect of that year.
- (8) If any person, for any year of assessment, fails to comply with subsection (1) above, he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding the amount of the tax—

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- (a) in which he is assessed under section 9 or 29 of this Act in respect of that year, and
- (b) which is not paid on or before the 31st January next following that year.

[F25(9) For the purposes of this Act the relevant trustees of a settlement are—

- (a) in relation to income, the persons who are trustees when the income arises and any persons who subsequently become trustees; and
- (b) in relation to chargeable gains, the persons who are trustees in the year of assessment in which the chargeable gains accrue and any persons who subsequently become trustees.]]

Textual Amendments

- F21 S. 7 substituted (with effect as respects the year 1995-96 and subsequent years of assessment) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 199(2)(3), Sch. 19 para. 1(1)(2); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- F22 Words in s. 7(2) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 103(1)(a)
- F23 Words in s. 7(2) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 103(1)(b)
- **F24** Words in s. 7(7) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 115(1)
- F25 S. 7(9) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 103(2)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C24 S. 7 modified (as respects the year 1995-96) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 21 para. 1

[F268 Personal return. U.K.

- [F27(1) For the purpose of establishing the amounts in which a person is chargeable to income tax and capital gains tax for a year of assessment, [F28] and the amount payable by him by way of income tax for that year,] he may be required by a notice given to him by an officer of the Board—
 - (a) to make and deliver to the officer, on or before the day mentioned in subsection (1A) below, a return containing such information as may reasonably be required in pursuance of the notice, and
 - (b) to deliver with the return such accounts, statements and documents, relating to information contained in the return, as may reasonably be so required.
 - (1A) The day referred to in subsection (1) above is—
 - (a) the 31st January next following the year of assessment, or
 - (b) where the notice under this section is given after the 31st October next following the year, the last day of the period of three months beginning with the day on which the notice is given

F29																

[F30(1AA) For the purposes of subsection (1) above—

(a) the amounts in which a person is chargeable to income tax and capital gains tax are net amounts, that is to say, amounts which take into account any relief or allowance a claim for which is included in the return; and

- (b) the amount payable by a person by way of income tax is the difference between the amount in which he is chargeable to income tax and the aggregate amount of any income tax deducted at source and any tax credits to which section 231 of the principal Act applies.]
- (1B) In the case of a person who carries on a trade, profession, or business in partnership with one or more other persons, a return under this section shall include each amount which, in any relevant statement, is stated to be equal to his share of any income, [F31]loss, tax, credit] or charge for the period in respect of which the statement is made.
- (1C) In subsection (1B) above "relevant statement" means a statement which, as respects the partnership, falls to be made under section 12AB of this Act for a period which includes, or includes any part of, the year of assessment or its basis period.]
 - (2) Every return under this section shall include a declaration by the person making the return to the effect than the return is to the best of his knowledge correct and complete.
 - (3) A notice under this section may require different information, accounts and statements for different periods or in relation to different descriptions of source of income.
 - (4) Notices under this section may require different information, accounts and statements in relation to different descriptions of person.
- [In this section and sections 8A, 9 and 12AA of this Act, any reference to income tax F32(5) deducted at source is a reference to income tax deducted or treated as deducted from any income or treated as paid on any income.]

Textual Amendments

- F26 Ss 8, 8A, 9 substituted for ss, 8, 9 (with effect where a notice to deliver a return was, or falls to be, given after 5.4.1990) by Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), s. 90(1)(5)
- F27 S. 8(1)-(1C) substituted for s. 8(1) (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 178(1); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- F28 Words in s. 8(1) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 121(1)
- F29 Words in s. 8(1A) repealed (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 121(2), Sch. 41 Pt. 5(6)
- F30 S. 8(1AA) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 121(3)
- F31 Words in s. 8(1B) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 104(2)
- F32 S. 8(5) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 104(3)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C25 S. 8 modified (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the amending Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 3(6)(b), 289 (with ss. 60, 101(1), 171, 201(3))
- C26 See—Finance Act 1974 s. 24—notice may require particulars of emoluments of certain employments etc. under non-residents duties performed for benefit of a person resident or trading etc., in the United Kingdom. Capital Gains Tax Act 1979 (c. 14, SIF 63:2) S. 5(5)and Sch. 1—return of small deposits and gains. Capital Allowances Act 1990 (c. 1, SIF 63:1) s. 140(3)—inclusion in returns of income of any claim for capital allowances.

[F268A Trustee's return. U.K.

- [F33(1) For the purpose of establishing the amounts in which [F34the relevant trustees] of a settlement, and the settlors and beneficiaries, are chargeable to income tax and capital gains tax for a year of assessment, [F35 and the amount payable by him by way of income tax for that year,] an officer of the Board may by a notice given to [F36 any relevant trustee] require the trustee—
 - (a) to make and deliver to the officer, on or before the day mentioned in subsection (1A) below, a return containing such information as may reasonably be required in pursuance of the notice, and
 - (b) to deliver with the return such accounts, statements and documents, relating to information contained in the return, as may reasonably be so required;

and a notice may be given to any one trustee or separate notices may be given to each trustee or to such trustees as the officer thinks fit.

- (1A) The day referred to in subsection (1) above is—
 - (a) the 31st January next following the year of assessment, or
 - (b) where the notice under this section is given after the 31st October next following the year, the last day of the period of three months beginning with the day on which the notice is given

F37																																-
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[For the purposes of subsection (1) above—

 $^{F38}(1AA)$

- (a) the amounts in which a person is chargeable to income tax and capital gains tax are net amounts, that is to say, amounts which take into account any relief or allowance a claim for which is included in the return; and
- (b) the amount payable by a person by way of income tax is the difference between the amount in which he is chargeable to income tax and the aggregate amount of any income tax deducted at source and any tax credits to which section 231 of the principal Act applies.]
- (2) Every return under this section shall include a declaration by the person making the return to the effect that the return is to the best of his knowledge correct and complete.
- (3) A notice under this section may require different information, accounts and statements for different periods or in relation to different descriptions of source of income.
- (4) Notices under this section may require different information, accounts and statements in relation to different descriptions of settlement.

The following references, namely—

- (a) references in section 9 or 28C of this Act to a person to whom a notice has been given under this section being chargeable to tax; and
 - (b) references in section 29 of this Act to such a person being assessed to tax, shall be construed as references to the relevant trustees of the settlement being so chargeable or, as the case may be, being so assessed.]

Textual Amendments

- F26 Ss 8, 8A, 9 substituted for ss, 8, 9 (with effect where a notice to deliver a return was, or falls to be, given after 5.4.1990) by Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), s. 90(1)(5)
- F33 S. 8A(1)(1A) substituted for s. 8A(1) (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 178(2); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

- F34 Words in s. 8A(1) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 103(3)(a)
- F35 Words in s. 8A(1) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 121(1)
- F36 Words in s. 8A(1) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 103(3)(b)
- F37 Words in s. 8A(1A) repealed (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 121(2), Sch. 41 Pt. 5(6)
- F38 S. 8A(1AA) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 121(3)
- F39 S. 8A(5) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 103(4)

[F409 Returns to include self-assessment. U.K.

- [F41(1) Subject to subsection (2) below, every return under section 8 or 8A of this Act shall include a self-assessment, that is to say—
 - (a) an assessment of the amounts in which, on the basis of the information contained in the return and taking into account any relief or allowance a claim for which is included in the return, the person making the return is chargeable to income tax and capital gains tax for the year of assessment; and
 - (b) an assessment of the amount payable by him by way of income tax, that is to say, the difference between the amount in which he is assessed to income tax under paragraph (a) above and the aggregate amount of any income tax deducted at source and any tax credits to which section 231 of the principal Act applies

[^{F42}but nothing in this subsection shall enable a self-assessment to show as repayable any income tax treated as deducted or paid by virtue of section 233(1), 246D(1), 249(4), 421(1), 547(5) or 599A(5) of the principal Act].]

- (2) A person shall not be required to comply with subsection (1) above if he makes and delivers his return for a year of assessment—
 - (a) on or before the 30th September next following the year, or
 - (b) where the notice under section 8 or 8A of this Act is given after the 31st July next following the year, within the period of two months beginning with the day on which the notice is given.
- (3) Where, in making and delivering a return, a person does not comply with subsection (1) above, an officer of the Board shall if subsection (2) above applies, and may in any other case—
 - (a) make the assessment on his behalf on the basis of the information contained in the return, and
 - (b) send him a copy of the assessment so made;

and references in $^{\rm F43}$... this Act to a person's self-assessment include references to an assessment made on a person's behalf under this subsection.

- (4) Subject to subsection (5) below—
 - (a) at any time before the end of the period of nine months beginning with the day on which a person's return is delivered, an officer of the Board may by notice to that person so amend that person's self-assessment as to correct

- any obvious errors or mistakes in the return (whether errors of principle, arithmetical mistakes or otherwise); and
- (b) at any time before the end of the period of twelve months beginning with the filing date, a person may by notice to an officer of the Board so amend his self-assessment as to give effect to any amendments to his return which he has notified to such an officer.
- (5) No amendment of a self-assessment may be made under subsection (4) above at any time during the period—
 - (a) beginning with the day on which an officer of the Board gives notice of his intention to enquire into the return, and
 - (b) ending with the day on which the officer's enquiries into the return are completed.
- (6) In this section and section 9A of this Act "the filing date" means the day mentioned in section 8(1A) or, as the case may be, section 8A(1A) of this Act.]

Textual Amendments

- **F40** S. 9 substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 179; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- F41 S. 9(1) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 121(4)
- F42 Words in s. 9(1) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 122(1)
- F43 Words in s. 9(3) repealed (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 115(2), Sch. 29 Pt. 8(14)

[F449A Power to enquire into returns. U.K.

- (1) An officer of the Board may enquire into—
 - (a) the return on the basis of which a person's self-assessment was made under section 9 of this Act, or
 - (b) any amendment of that return on the basis of which that assessment has been amended by that person, [F45] or
 - (c) any claim or election included in the return (by amendment or otherwise)]
 - if, before the end of the period mentioned in subsection (2) below, he gives notice in writing to that person of his intention to do so.
- (2) The period referred to in subsection (1) above is—
 - (a) in the case of a return delivered or amendment made on or before the filing date, the period of twelve months beginning with that date;
 - (b) in the case of a return delivered or amendment made after that date, the period ending with the quarter day next following the first anniversary of the day on which the return or amendment was delivered or made;

and the quarter days for the purposes of this subsection are 31st January, 30th April, 31st July and 31st October.

(3) A return or amendment which has been enquired into under subsection (1) above shall not be the subject of a further notice under that subsection.]

Textual Amendments

- **F44** S. 9A inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 180; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- F45 S. 9A(1)(c) and preceding word inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 2

Corporation tax

[F4610 Notice of liability to corporation tax. U.K.

- (1) Every company which is chargeable to corporation tax for any accounting period and has neither—
 - (a) made a return of its profits for that period, nor
 - (b) received a notice under section 11 of this Act requiring such a return, shall, within twelve months from the end of that period, give notice to the inspector that it is so chargeable.
- (2) If any company, for any accounting period ending on or before the appointed day, fails to comply with subsection (1) above, it shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding the amount of the corporation tax for which it is liable, in respect of its profits for that period, under assessments made more than twelve months after the end of that period.
- (3) If any company, for any accounting period ending after the appointed day, fails to comply with subsection (1) above, it shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding the amount by which so much of the corporation tax chargeable on its profits for that period as remains unpaid for twelve months after the end of that period exceeds any income tax [F47which, under section 7(2) or 11(3) of the principal Act, is to be set off against the corporation tax so chargeable].
- (4) In determining—
 - (a) for the purposes of subsection (2) above, for how much corporation tax a company is liable, in respect of its profits for an accounting period, under assessments made more than twelve months after the end of that period; or
 - (b) for the purposes of subsection (3) above, how much of the corporation tax chargeable on the profits of a company for an accounting period remained unpaid at the time of any failure to comply with subsection (1) above,

no account shall be taken of the discharge of any liablility for that tax which, pursuant to a claim under subsection (3) of section 239 of the principal Act, is attributable to an amount of surplus advance corporation tax, as defined in that subsection.

(5) In this section "the appointed day" means the day appointed for the purposes of section 8(3) of the principal Act.]

Textual Amendments

- F46 S. 10 substituted (with effect in respect of notices given for accounting periods ending after 31.3.1989) by Finance Act 1988 (c. 39), s. 121
- **F47** Words in s. 10(3) substituted (27.7.1993) by 1993 c. 34, s. 120, **Sch. 14 para.1**

11 Return of profits. U.K.

- (1) A company may be required by a notice served on the company by an ^{F48}... officer of the Board to deliver to the officer [F49 not later than the final day determined under subsection (4) below a return [F50 such information as may [F51 reasonably] be required in pursuance of the notice together with such accounts, statements and reports as may [F51 reasonably] be so required.
- (1A) The information which a company may [F52 reasonably] be required to supply under this section is information which is relevant to the application of the Corporation Tax Acts to the company; and the accounts, statements and reports which a company may [F52 reasonably] be so required to supply are accounts, statements and reports which are so relevant.]
- [F53(2)] A notice under this section may require a return [F54for] any period specified in the notice (in this subsection referred to as "the specified period") but, if the specified period does not coincide with an accounting period of the company and the company is within the charge to corporation tax in the whole or some part of the specified period, then—
 - (a) if an accounting period of the company ends in or at the end of the specified period, the notice shall be taken to require a return for that accounting period or, if there is more than one, for each of them;
 - (b) if no accounting period of the company ends in or at the end of the specified period but there is a part of the specified period which does not fall within an accounting period of the company, the notice shall be taken to require a return for that part of the specified period; and
 - (c) if the specified period begins in or at the beginning of an accounting period of the company and ends before the end of that period, the notice shall be of no effect and, accordingly, the company shall not be required to make any return pursuant to it.]
- [F55(2A) In the case of a company which carries on a trade, profession or business in partnership with one or more other persons, a return under this section shall include each amount which, in any relevant statement, is stated to be equal to its share of any income, loss or charge for the period in respect of which the statement is made.
 - (2B) In subsection (2A) above "relevant statement" means a statement which, as respects the partnership, falls to be made under section 12AB of this Act for a period which includes, or includes any part of, the period in respect of which the return is required.]
 - (3) Every return under this section shall include a declaration [F56by the person making the return] to the effect that the return is [F56to the best of his knowledge] correct and complete.
 - [F57(4) Subject to subsection (5) below, the final day for the delivery of any return required by a notice under this section shall be whichever is the later of—
 - (a) the first anniversary of the last day of the period to which the return relates;
 - (b) the first anniversary of the last day of that period of account of the company in which falls the last day of the accounting period (if any) to which the return relates; and
 - (c) the end of the period of three months beginning on the day following that on which the notice was served.

- (5) In paragraph (b) of subsection (4) above "period of account" has the same meaning as in the principal Act, but for the purposes of that paragraph the last day of a period of account which is longer than eighteen months shall be treated as the day on which expires the period of eighteen months beginning on the first day of the period of account.
- (6) In relation to a company which—
 - (a) is resident in the United Kingdom throughout the period to which the return relates (in this subsection referred to as "the return period"); and
 - (b) is required under the Companies Act 1985 to prepare accounts for a period consisting of or including the return period,

the reference to accounts in subsection (1) above is a reference only to such accounts, containing such particulars and having annexed to them such documents, as are required under that Act to be so prepared.

F58	7)															

- (8) Different information, accounts, statements and reports may be required in pursuance of a notice under this section in relation to different descriptions of company F59...
- [F60(8A) A return under this section shall be amended by the company delivering to the inspector a document in such form, containing such information and accompanied by such statements as the Board may require.]
 - (9) In the application of this section to a company registered in Northern Ireland, references to the Companies Act 1985 shall be construed as references to the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986.]
- [F61(10) In the following provisions of this Act "section 11 notice" means a notice under this section.]

Textual Amendments

- **F48** Words in s. 11(1) repealed (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 26 Pt. 5(23); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- **F49** Finance (No. 2) Act 1987 (c. 51), s. 82(2); S.I. 1992/3066, art. 3
- **F50** Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), s. 91(2); S.I. 1992/3066, art. 3
- **F51** Word in s. 11(1) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 181(1); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- **F52** Word in s. 11(1A) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 181(2); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- **F53** Finance (No. 2) Act 1987 (c. 51), **s. 82(3)**; S.I. 1992/3066, art. 3
- **F54** Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), s. 91(3); S.I. 1992/3066, art. 3
- F55 S. 11(2A)(2B) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 181(3); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- F56 Finance Act 1990 s. 91(4), (8) with respect to any notice served on or after 26July 1990.
- F57 S. 11(4)-(9) substituted for s. 11(4)-(6) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1987 (c. 51), s. 82(4); S.I. 1992/3066, art. 3
- **F58** Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), s. 91(5); S.I. 1992/3066, art. 3
- **F59** Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), **s. 91(6)**; S.I. 1992/3066, art. 3
- **F60** Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), s. 91(7); S.I. 1992/3066, art. 3
- **F61** S. 11(10) inserted (29.4.1996) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), **Sch. 24 para. 2**

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C27 S. 11 extended by Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 13A para. 5(1) (as inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 25 para. 3 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 25 para. 2; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2)
- C28 See—Finance (No. 2) Act 1987 (c. 51), ss. 82(2)(3)(4), 95(2)(3); Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 29 para. 10(1); Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), s. 91 for modifications in the event of a notice being served after a day to be appointed.

F6211A	Notice of	liability to	capital	gains t	tax.	U.K.

Textual Amendments

F62 S. 11A repealed (with effect as respects the year 1995-96 and subsequent years of assessment) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 115(3)(13), Sch. 29 Pt. 8(14) (previously repealed by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 199(2)(3), Sch. 26 Pt. 5(23); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2)

[F6311AAReturn of profits to include self-assessment. U.K.

- (1) Every return under section 11 of this Act for an accounting period shall include an assessment (a self-assessment) of the amount in which,
 - I on the basis of the information contained in the return; and $^{\text{F64}}(a)$
 - (b) taking into account any relief [F65 or allowance] a claim for which is included in the return,]

the company is chargeable to corporation tax for that period.

- (2) Subject to subsection (3) below—
 - (a) at any time before the end of the period of nine months beginning with the day on which a company's return is delivered, an officer of the Board may by notice to the company so amend the company's self-assessment as to correct any obvious errors or mistakes in the return (whether errors of principle, arithmetical mistakes or otherwise); and
 - (b) at any time before the end of the period of twelve months beginning with the filing date, a company may by notice to an officer of the Board so amend its self-assessment as to give effect to any amendments to its return which it has notified to such an officer.
- (3) No amendment of a self-assessment may be made under subsection (2) above at any time during the period—
 - (a) beginning with the day on which an officer of the Board gives notice of his intention to enquire into the return, and
 - (b) ending with the day on which the officer's enquiries into the return are completed.
- (4) In this section and section 11AB of this Act "the filing date" means the day mentioned in section 11(4) of this Act.
- [This section, except subsection (4) above, applies in relation to a return for a period— $^{\text{F66}}(5)$

- (a) which ends in or at the end of the period specified in the section 11 notice;
- (b) which in the return is treated as an accounting period; but
- (c) which is not, or may not be, an accounting period.
- (6) In relation to such a return, "the filing date" means, in this section and section 11AB of this Act, the day which would be the day mentioned in section 11(4) of this Act if the period for which the return is made were an accounting period.]

Textual Amendments

- **F63** S. 11AA inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 182; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- F64 S. 11AA(1)(a)(b) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) for words by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 104(5)
- F65 Words in s. 11AA(1)(b) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 121(5)
- F66 S. 11AA(5)(6) inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 24 para. 8(1) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 24 para. 3

[F6711ABPower to enquire into return of profits. U.K.

- (1) An officer of the Board may enquire into—
 - (a) the return on the basis of which a company's self-assessment was made under section 11AA of this Act, or
 - (b) any amendment of that return on the basis of which that assessment was amended under subsection (2)(b) of that section, [^{F68}or
 - (c) any claim or election included in the return (by amendment or otherwise)|| F⁶⁹or
 - (d) if it appears to the officer that a return delivered in response to a section 11 notice—
 - (i) is or may be a return for the wrong period, or
 - (ii) has become a return for the wrong period as a result of a direction under section 12(5A) of the principal Act,

the period for which the return should have been made;]

if, before the end of the period mentioned in subsection (2) below, he gives notice in writing to the company of his intention to do so.

- (2) The period referred to in subsection (1) above is—
 - (a) in the case of a return delivered or amendment made on or before the filing date, the period of twelve months beginning with that date;
 - (b) in the case of a return delivered or amendment made after that date, the period ending with the quarter day next following the first anniversary of the day on which the return or amendment was delivered or made;

and the quarter days for the purposes of this subsection are 31st January, 30th April, 31st July and 31st October.

- (3) A return or amendment which has been enquired into under subsection (1) above shall not be the subject of a further notice under that subsection.
- [For the purposes of subsection (1)(d) above a return is a return for the wrong period $^{F70}(4)$ in each of the cases set out below.

- (5) The first case is where—
 - (a) the return is made for a period which ends in or at the end of the period specified in the section 11 notice and which in the return is treated as an accounting period; but
 - (b) the period for which the return is made is not an accounting period of the company.
- (6) The second case is where—
 - (a) the return is made for a part of the period specified in the section 11 notice which in the return is treated as not falling within an accounting period of the company; but
 - (b) there is an accounting period ending in or at the end of the period specified in the section 11 notice.]]

Textual Amendments

- **F67** S. 11AB inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 183; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- **F68** S. 11AB(1)(c) and preceding word inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), **Sch. 19 para. 2**
- **F69** S. 11AB(1)(d) and preceding word inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 24 para. 8(1) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), **Sch. 24 para. 4(1)**
- F70 S. 11AB(4)-(6) inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 24 para. 8(1) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 24 para. 4(2)

[F7111ACModifications of sections 11AA and 11AB in relation to non-annual accounting of general insurance business. U.K.

- (1) This section applies in any case where a company carrying on insurance business in any period delivers a return for that period under section 11 of this Act which is based wholly or partly on accounts which the company is required or permitted to draw up using the method described in paragraph 52 of Schedule 9A to the Companies Act 1985 (accounting for general insurance business on a non-annual basis).
- (2) Where this section applies, section 11AA(2) of this Act shall have effect as if after paragraph (b) there were added "and
 - where a company has delivered a return which is based wholly or partly on accounts drawn up as mentioned in section 11AC(1) of this Act, then, at any time before the end of the period of twelve months beginning with the date on which any particular technical provision constituted in the case of those accounts as described in paragraph 52 of Schedule 9A to the Companies Act 1985 is replaced as described in sub-paragraph (4) of that paragraph, the company may by notice to an officer of the Board so amend its self-assessment as to give effect to any amendments to the return—
 - (i) which arise from the replacement of that technical provision, and
 - (ii) which the company has notified to such an officer."
- (3) Where this section applies, section 11AB of this Act shall have effect—

- (a) as if in subsection (1)(b) after "subsection (2)(b)" there were inserted "or (c1)"; and
- (b) as if in subsection (2) for the words from "is" to the end of paragraph (b) there were substituted—
 - "(a1) in the case of a return (whenever delivered) which is based wholly or partly on accounts drawn up as mentioned in section 11AC(1) of this Act, is whichever of the following periods ends the later, that is to say—
 - (i) the period of two years beginning with the date (or, if there is more than one such date, the latest date) on which any technical provision constituted in the case of those accounts as described in paragraph 52 of Schedule 9A to the Companies Act 1985 is replaced as mentioned in sub-paragraph (4) of that paragraph; or
 - (ii) the period ending with the quarter day next following the first anniversary of the day on which the return was delivered; and
 - (b1) in the case of an amendment of such a return—
 - (i) if the amendment is made on or before the filing date, is the period of twelve months beginning with that date; or
 - (ii) if the amendment is made after that date, is the period ending with the quarter day next following the first anniversary of the day on which the amendment was made;".

Textual Amendments

F71 Ss. 11AC-11AE inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 170(2) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 170(1)

11AD Modifications of sections 11AA and 11AB for insurance companies with nonannual actuarial investigations. U.K.

- (1) This section applies in any case where a return under section 11 of this Act is delivered by an insurance company which is permitted by an order under section 68 of the Insurance Companies Act 1982 to cause investigations to be made into its financial condition less frequently than is required by section 18 of that Act.
- (2) Where this section applies, section 11AA(2) of this Act shall have effect as if, after paragraph (b), there were added "and
 - (c2) where a company falling within section 11AD(1) of this Act has delivered a return for any period, then, at any time before the end of the period of twelve months beginning with the date as at which the relevant investigation is carried out, that is to say—
 - (i) if the return is for a period as at the end of which there is carried out an investigation under section 18 of the Insurance Companies Act 1982 into the financial condition of the company, that investigation, or

(ii) if the return is not for such a period, the first such investigation to be made into the financial condition of the company as at the end of a subsequent period,

the company may by notice to an officer of the Board so amend its self-assessment as to give effect to any amendments to its return which arise from that investigation and which the company has notified to such an officer."

- (3) Where this section applies, section 11AB of this Act shall have effect—
 - (a) as if in subsection (1)(b) after "subsection (2)(b)" there were inserted "or (c2)"; and
 - (b) as if in subsection (2) for the words from "is" to the end of paragraph (b) there were substituted—
 - (") in the case of a return delivered at any time by a company falling within section 11AD(1) of this Act, is the period of two years beginning with the date as at which the relevant investigation, as defined in section 11AA(2)(c2) of this Act, is carried out; and
 - (b2) in the case of an amendment of such a return—
 - (i) if the amendment is made on or before the filing date, is the period of twelve months beginning with that date; or
 - (ii) if the amendment is made after that date, is the period ending with the quarter day next following the first anniversary of the day on which the amendment was made;".

Textual Amendments

F71 Ss. 11AC-11AE inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 170(2) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 170(1)

Modifications of sections 11AA and 11AB for friendly societies with non-annual actuarial investigations. U.K.

- (1) This section applies in any case where a return under section 11 of this Act is delivered by a friendly society which is required by section 47 of the Friendly Societies Act 1992 to cause an investigation to be made into its financial condition at least once in every period of three years.
- (2) Where this section applies, section 11AA(2) of this Act shall have effect as if, after paragraph (b), there were added "and
 - (c3) where a friendly society falling within section 11AE(1) of this Act has delivered a return for any period, then, at any time before the end of the period of fifteen months beginning with the date as at which the relevant investigation is carried out, that is to say—
 - (i) if the return is for a period as at the end of which there is carried out an investigation under section 47 of the Friendly Societies Act 1992 into the financial condition of the society, that investigation, or
 - (ii) if the return is not for such a period, the first such investigation to be made into the financial condition of the society as at the end of a subsequent period,

the society may by notice to an officer of the Board so amend its self-assessment as to give effect to any amendments to its return which arise from that investigation and which the society has notified to such an officer."

- (3) Where this section applies, section 11AB of this Act shall have effect—
 - (a) as if in subsection (1)(b) after "subsection (2)(b)" there were inserted "or (c3)"; and
 - (b) as if in subsection (2) for the words from "is" to the end of paragraph (b) there were substituted—
 - (") in the case of a return delivered at any time by a friendly society falling within section 11AE(1) of this Act, is the period of twenty seven months beginning with the date as at which the relevant investigation, as defined in section 11AA(2)(c3) of this Act, is carried out; and
 - (b3) in the case of an amendment of such a return—
 - (i) if the amendment is made on or before the filing date, is the period of twelve months beginning with that date; or
 - (ii) if the amendment is made after that date, is the period ending with the quarter day next following the first anniversary of the day on which the amendment was made;".]

Textual	Am	end	lmer	ıtç

F71 Ss. 11AC-11AE inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 170(2) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 170(1)

12	Information	about	chargeable	gains.	U.K.

F72(1)																													
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- (2) A notice under section 8 [F73 or section 8A] or section 11 of this Act may require particulars of any assets acquired by the person on whom the notice was served (or if the notice relates to income or chargeable gains of some other person, of any assets acquired by that other person) in the period specified in the notice (being a period beginning not earlier than 6th April 1965) but excluding—
 - ^{F74}(a) any assets exempted by the following provisions of the [F751992 Act], namely—
 - (i) section [F7651(1)] (rights to winnings from pool betting, lotteries or games with prizes),
 - (ii) section [F77121] (government non-marketable securities),
 - (iii) section [F78263, 268 or 269] (passenger vehicles, decorations for valour or gallant conduct and foreign currency for personal expenditure)], or
 - (b) unless the amount or value of the consideration for its acquisition exceeded [F⁷⁹£6,000], any asset which is tangible movable property and is not within the exceptions in [F⁷⁴section [F⁸⁰262(6)]] of the said Act (terminal markets and currency), or
 - (c) any assets acquired as trading stock.
- (3) The particulars required under this section may include particulars of the person from whom the asset was acquired, and of the consideration for the acquisition.

(5) In this section "trading stock" has the meaning given by section [F82100(2)] of the principal Act.

Textual Amendments

- F72 S. 12(1) repealed (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 26 Pt. 5(23); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- F73 Finance Act 1990 s. 90(2)(b), (5) where a notice to deliver a return was, or falls to be given after 5April 1990.
- **F74** Capital Gains Tax Act 1979 (c. 14), s. 157(2), Sch. 7 paras. 1(2), 9for 1979-80et seq.
- F75 Words in s. 12(2)(a) substituted (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the substituting Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, Sch. 10 para. 3(a) (with ss. 60, 101(1), 171, 201(3))
- F76 Words in s. 12(2)(a)(i) substituted (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the substituting Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, Sch. 10 para. 3(b) (with ss. 60, 101(1), 171, 201(3))
- F77 Words in s. 12(2)(a)(ii) substituted (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the substituting Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, Sch. 10 para. 2(3)(c) (with ss. 60, 101(1), 171, 201(3))
- F78 Words in s. 12(2)(a)(iii) substituted (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the substituting Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, Sch. 10 para. 2(3) (d) (with ss. 60, 101(1), 171, 201(3))
- F79 Finance Act 1989 s. 123in relation to assets acquired on or after 6April 1989. Previously "£3000"
- F80 Words in s. 12(2)(b) substituted (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the substituting Act) by Taxation and Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12) ss. 289, 290, Sch. 10 para. 2(3)(e) (with ss. 60, 101(1), 171, 201(3))
- **F81** S. 12(4) repealed (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), **Sch. 26 Pt. 5(23)**; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- F82 Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1, SIF 63:1) Sch. 29 para. 32.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C29 See Finance Act 1990 s. 39—power to call for a return in connection with claims for roll-over relief on disposal of shares to employee share ownership trusts.

I^{F83}Partnerships

Textual Amendments

F83 S. 12AA and cross-heading inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 184; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

12AA Partnership return. U.K.

[F84(1)] Where a trade, profession or business is carried on by two or more persons in partnership, for the purpose of facilitating the establishment of the following amounts, namely—

- (a) the amount in which each partner chargeable to income tax for any year of assessment is so chargeable [F85] and the amount payable by way of income tax by each such partner], and
- (b) the amount in which each partner chargeable to corporation tax for any period is so chargeable,

an officer of the Board may act under subsection (2) or (3) below (or both).

[F86(1A) For the purposes of subsection (1) above—

- (a) the amount in which a partner is chargeable to income tax or corporation tax is a net amount, that is to say, an amount which takes into account any relief or allowance for which a claim is made; and
- (b) the amount payable by a partner by way of income tax is the difference between the amount in which he is chargeable to income tax and the aggregate amount of any income tax deducted at source and any tax credits to which section 231 of the principal Act applies.]]
- (2) An officer of the Board may by a notice given to the partners require such person as is identified in accordance with rules given with the notice [F87] or a successor of his]—
 - (a) to make and deliver to the officer in respect of such period as may be specified in the notice, on or before such day as may be so specified, a return containing such information as may reasonably be required in pursuance of the notice, and
 - (b) to deliver with the return [F88 such accounts, statements and documents, relating to information contained in the return,] as may reasonably be so required.
- (3) An officer of the Board may by notice given to any partner require the partner [F89] or a successor of his]—
 - (a) to make and deliver to the officer in respect of such period as may be specified in the notice, on or before such day as may be so specified, a return containing such information as may reasonably be required in pursuance of the notice, and
 - (b) to deliver with the return such accounts and statements as may reasonably be so required;

and a notice may be given to any one partner or separate notices may be given to each partner or to such partners as the officer thinks fit.

- (4) In the case of a partnership which includes one or more individuals, the day specified in a notice under subsection (2) or (3) above shall not be earlier than—
 - (a) the 31st January next following the year of assessment concerned, or
 - (b) where the notice under this section is given after the 31st October next following the year, the last day of the period of three months beginning with the day on which the notice is given.
- (5) In the case of a partnership which includes one or more companies, the day specified in a notice under subsection (2) or (3) above shall not be earlier than—
 - (a) the first anniversary of the end of the relevant period, or
 - (b) where the notice under this section is given more than nine months after the end of the relevant period, the last day of the period of three months beginning with the day on which the notice is given;

and the relevant period for the purposes of this subsection and subsection (6) below is the period in respect of which the return is required.

- (6) Every return under this section shall include—
 - (a) a declaration of the name, residence and tax reference of each of the persons who have been partners—
 - (i) for the whole of the relevant period, or
 - (ii) for any part of that period,

and, in the case of a person falling within sub-paragraph (ii) above, of the part concerned; and

- (b) a declaration by the person making the return to the effect that it is to the best of his knowledge correct and complete.
- (7) Every return under this section shall also include, if the notice under subsection (2) or (3) above so requires—
 - (a) with respect to any disposal of partnership property during a period to which F90... the return relates, the like particulars as if the partnership were liable to tax on any chargeable gain accruing on the disposal, and
 - (b) with respect to any acquisition of partnership property, the particulars required under section 12(2) of this Act.
- (8) A notice under this section may require different information, accounts and statements for different periods or in relation to different descriptions of source of income.
- (9) Notices under this section may require different information, accounts and statements in relation to different descriptions of partnership.
- (10) In this section "residence", in relation to a company, means its registered office.
- [In this Act "successor", in relation to a person who is required to make and deliver, f⁹¹(11) or has made and delivered, a return in pursuance of a notice under subsection (2) or (3) above, but is no longer available, means—
 - (a) where a partner is for the time being nominated for the purposes of this subsection by a majority of the relevant partners, that partner; and
 - (b) where no partner is for the time being so nominated, such partner as—
 - (i) in the case of a notice under subsection (2) above, is identified in accordance with rules given with that notice; or
 - (ii) in the case of a notice under subsection (3) above, is nominated for the purposes of this subsection by an officer of the Board;

and "predecessor" and "successor", in relation to a person so nominated or identified, shall be construed accordingly.

- (12) For the purposes of subsection (11) above a nomination under paragraph (a) of that subsection, and a revocation of such a nomination, shall not have effect in relation to any time before notice of the nomination or revocation is given to an officer of the Board.
- (13) In this section "relevant partner" means a person who was a partner at any time during the period for which the return was made or is required, or the personal representatives of such a person.]]

Textual Amendments

F84 S. 12AA(1)(1A) substituted for s. 12AA(1) (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 104(6)

- Words in s. 12AA(1)(a) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 121(6)
- F86 S. 12AA(1A) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 121(7)
- F87 Words in s. 12AA(2) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 123(1)
- F88 Words in s. 12AA(2) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 115(4)
- F89 Words in s. 12AA(3) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 123(2)
- F90 Words in s. 12AA(7)(a) repealed (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 123(3), Sch. 41 Pt. 5(6)
- F91 S. 12AA(11)-(13) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 123(4)

[F9212ABPartnership return to include partnership statement. U.K.

- [^{F93}(1) Every return under section 12AA of this Act shall include a statement (a partnership statement) of the following amounts, namely—
 - (a) in the case of [F94the period in respect of which the return is made and each period of account ending within that period]—
 - (i) the amount of income or loss from each source which, on the basis of the information contained in the return and taking into account any relief or allowance a section 42(7) claim for which is included in the return, has accrued to or has been sustained by the partnership for [F95] the period in question],
 - [F96(ia) the amount of the consideration which, on that basis, has accrued to the partnership in respect of each disposal of partnership property during that period,]
 - (ii) each amount of income tax which, on that basis, has been deducted or treated as deducted from any income of the partnership, or treated as paid on any such income, for that period,
 - (iii) the amount of each tax credit which, on that basis, has accrued to the partnership for that period, and
 - (iv) the amount of each charge which, on that basis, was a charge on the income of the partnership for that period; and
 - (b) in the case of each such period [F97 as is mentioned in paragraph (a) above] and each of the partners, the amount which, on that basis and (where applicable) taking into account any such relief or allowance, is equal to his share of that income, loss, [F98 consideration,] tax, credit or charge.]
 - (2) Subject to subsection (3) below—
 - (a) at any time before the end of the period of nine months beginning with the day on which a person's return is delivered, an officer of the Board may by notice to that person [F99] or a successor] so amend that person's partnership statement as to correct any obvious errors or mistakes in the return (whether errors of principle, arithmetical mistakes or otherwise); and
 - (b) at any time before the end of the period of twelve months beginning with the filing date, a person may by notice to an officer of the Board so amend his [F100] or a predecessor's partnership statement as to give effect to any

amendments to the return in which it is included which he or a predecessor] has notified to such an officer.

- (3) No amendment of a partnership statement may be made under subsection (2) above at any time during the period—
 - (a) beginning with the day on which an officer of the Board gives notice of his intention to enquire into the return, and
 - (b) ending with the day on which the officer's enquiries into the return are completed.
- (4) Where a partnership statement is amended under subsection (2) above, the officer shall by notice to the partners so amend their self-assessments under section 9 or 11AA of this Act as to give effect to the amendments of the partnership statement.
- (5) In this section—

"filing date" means the day specified in the notice under subsection (2) or, as the case may be, subsection (3) of section 12AA of this Act;

"period of account", in relation to a partnership, means any period for which accounts are drawn up;

[F101" section 42(7) claim" means a claim under any of the provisions mentioned in section 42(7) of this Act;]

[F101"tax credit" means a tax credit to which section 231 of the principal Act applies].]

Textual Amendments

- **F92** S. 12AB inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), **s. 185**; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- F93 S. 12AB(1) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 104(7)
- F94 Words in s. 12AB(1)(a) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 123(5)(a)
- F95 Words in s. 12AB(1)(a)(i) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 123(5)(b)
- F96 S. 12AB(1)(ia) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 123(5)(c)
- F97 Words in s. 12AB(1)(b) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 123(5)(d)
- F98 Word in s. 12AB(1)(b) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 123(5)(d)
- Words in s. 12AB(2)(a) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 123(6)(a)
- F100 Words in s. 12AB(2)(b) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 123(6)(b)
- F101 Words in s. 12AB(5) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 104(8)

[F10212ABZeAtAns relating to LLP not carrying on business etc with view to profit U.K.

- (1) This section applies where—
 - (a) a person delivers a purported partnership return ("the relevant return") in respect of a period ("the relevant period"),

- (b) the relevant return—
 - (i) is made on the basis that the activities of a limited liability partnership ("the LLP") are treated, under section 863 of ITTOIA 2005 or section 1273 of CTA 2009, as carried on in partnership by its members ("the purported partnership"), and
 - (ii) relates to the purported partnership, but
- (c) the LLP does not carry on a business with a view to profit in the relevant period (and, accordingly, its activities are not treated as mentioned in paragraph (b) (i)).
- (2) For the purposes of the relevant enactments, treat the relevant return as a partnership return (and, accordingly, anything done under a relevant enactment in connection with the relevant return has the same effect as it would have if done in connection with a partnership return in a corresponding partnership case).
- (3) "Relevant enactment" means—
 - (a) any of the following—
 - (i) sections 12AC and 28B (enquiries into partnership returns),
 - (ii) Part 4 of FA 2014 (follower notices and accelerated payment notices), and
 - (b) any enactment relating to, or applying for the purposes of, an enactment within paragraph (a).
- (4) In relation to the relevant return, the relevant enactments apply with the necessary modifications, including in particular the following—
 - (a) "partner" includes purported partner, and
 - (b) "partnership" includes the purported partnership.
- (5) In this section—

"business" includes trade or profession;

"corresponding partnership case" means a corresponding case in which the limited liability partnership in question carries on a business with a view to profit in the relevant period;

"purported partner" means any person who was a member of the LLP in the relevant period;

"purported partnership return" means anything that—

- (a) purports to be a partnership return, and
- (b) is in a form, and is delivered in a way, that a partnership return could have been made and delivered in a corresponding partnership case.]

Textual Amendments

F102 S. 12ABZAA inserted (retrospective) by Finance Act 2020 (c. 14), s. 104(1)(2) (with s. 104(3))

[F10312A@ower to enquire into partnership return. U.K.

- (1) An officer of the Board may enquire into—
 - (a) the return on the basis of which a person's partnership statement was made under section 12AB of this Act, or

Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9)
PART II – RETURNS OF INCOME AND GAINS
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- (b) any amendment of that return on the basis of which that statement has been amended by that person [F104] or a successor of that person], [F105] or
- (c) any claim or election included in the return (by amendment or otherwise)] if, before the end of the period mentioned in subsection (2) below, he gives notice in writing of his intention to do so to that person or any successor of that person.
- (2) The period referred to in subsection (1) above is—
 - (a) in the case of a return delivered or amendment made on or before the filing date, the period of twelve months beginning with that date;
 - (b) in the case of a return delivered or amendment made after that date, the period ending with the quarter day next following the first anniversary of the day on which the return or amendment was delivered or made;

and the quarter days for the purposes of this subsection are 31st January, 30th April, 31st July and 31st October.

- (3) The giving of notice under subsection (1) above at any time shall be deemed to include the giving of notice under section 9A(1) or, as the case may be, section 11AB(1) of this Act to each partner who—
 - (a) at that time, has made a return under section 9 or 11 of this Act, or
 - (b) at any subsequent time, makes such a return.
- (4) A return or amendment which has been enquired into under subsection (1) above shall not be the subject of a further notice under that subsection.
- (5) In this section "the filing date" means the day specified in the notice under subsection (2) or, as the case may be, subsection (3) of section 12AA of this Act.

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Textual Amendments

- **F103** S. 12AC inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 186; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- F104 Words in s. 12AC(1)(b) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 123(7)(a)
- F105 S. 12AC(1)(c) and preceding word inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 2
- **F106** S. 12AC(6) repealed (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 123(7)(b), **Sch. 41 Pt. 5(6)**

[F107 European Economic Interest Groupings

Textual Amendments

F107 S. 12A and cross-heading inserted (1.7.1989) by Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), s. 69, Sch. 11 paras. 2, 5

12A European Economic Interest Groupings. U.K.

(1) In this section "grouping" means a European Economic Interest Grouping formed in pursuance of Council Regulation (EEC) No. 2137/85 of 25th July 1985 ("the Council Regulation"), whether registered in Great Britain, in Northern Ireland, or elsewhere.

- (2) For the purposes of [F108 securing that members of a grouping are assessed to income tax and capital gains tax or (as the case may be) corporation tax], an inspector may act under subsection (3) or (4) below.
 - (3) In the case of a grouping which is registered in Great Britain or Northern Ireland or has an establishment registered in Great Britain or Northern Ireland, and inspector may by a notice given to the grouping require the grouping—
 - (a) to make and deliver to the inspector within the time limited by the notice a return containing such information as may be required in pursuance of the notice, and
 - (b) to deliver with the return such accounts and statements as may be required in pursuance of the notice.
- (4) In the case of any other grouping, an inspector may by a notice given to any member of the grouping resident in the United Kingdom, or if none is to any member of the grouping, require the member—
 - (a) to make and deliver to the inspector within the time limited by the notice a return containing such information as may be required in pursuance of the notice, and
 - (b) to deliver with the return such accounts and statements as may be required in pursuance of the notice,

and a notice may be given to any one of the members concerned or separate notices may be given to each of them or to such of them as the inspector thinks fit.

- (5) Every return under this section shall include a declaration by the grouping or member making the return to the effect that the return is to the best of the maker's knowledge correct and complete.
- (6) A notice under this section may require different information, accounts and statements for different periods, in relation to different descriptions of income or gains or in relation to different descriptions of member.
- (7) Notices under this section may require different information, accounts and statements in relation to different descriptions of grouping.
- (8) Subject to subsection (9) below, where a notice is given under subsection (3) above, everything required to be done shall be done by the grouping acting through its manager or, where there is more than one, any of them; but where the manager of a grouping (or each of them) is a person other than an individual, the grouping shall act through the individual, or any of the individuals, designated in accordance with the Council Regulation as the representative of the manager (or any of them).
- (9) Where the contract for the formation of a grouping provides that the grouping shall be validly bound only by two or more managers acting jointly, any declaration required by subsection (5) above to be included in a return made by a grouping shall be given by the appropriate number of managers.]

Textual Amendments

F108 Words in s. 12A(2) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 19 para. 2; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

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IF109 Records

Textual Amendments

F109 S. 12B and cross-heading inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 19 para. 3; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

12B Records to be kept for purposes of returns. U.K.

- (1) Any person who may be required by a notice under section 8, 8A, 11 or 12AA of this Act (or under any of those sections as extended by section 12 of this Act) to make and deliver a return for a year of assessment or other period shall—
 - (a) keep all such records as may be requisite for the purpose of enabling him to make and deliver a correct and complete return for the year or period; and
 - [FII0(b)] preserve those records until the end of the relevant day, that is to say, the day mentioned in subsection (2) below or, where a return is required by a notice given on or before that day, whichever of that day and the following is the latest, namely—
 - (i) where enquiries into the return or any amendment of the return are made by an officer of the Board, the day on which, by virtue of section 28A(5) or 28B(5) of this Act, those enquiries are treated as completed; and
 - (ii) where no enquiries into the return or any amendment of the return are so made, the day on which such an officer no longer has power to make such enquiries.]
- (2) The day referred to in subsection (1) above is—
 - (a) in the case of a person carrying on a trade, profession or business alone or in partnership or a company, the fifth anniversary of the 31st January next following the year of assessment or (as the case may be) the sixth anniversary of the end of the period;
 - (b) in any other case, the first anniversary of the 31st January next following the year of assessment FIII...

Any person who—

 $F^{112}(2A)$

- (a) is required, by such a notice as is mentioned in subsection (1) above given at any time after the end of the day mentioned in subsection (2) above, to make and deliver a return for a year of assessment or other period; and
- (b) has in his possession at that time any records which may be requisite for the purpose of enabling him to make and deliver a correct and complete return for the year or period,

shall preserve those records until the end of the relevant day, that is to say, the day which, if the notice had been given on or before the day mentioned in subsection (2) above, would have been the relevant day for the purposes of subsection (1) above.

- (3) In the case of a person carrying on a trade, profession or business alone or in partnership—
 - (a) the records required to be kept and preserved under subsection (1) [F113 or (2A)] above shall include records of the following, namely—

- (i) all amounts received and expended in the course of the trade, profession or business and the matters in respect of which the receipts and expenditure take place, and
- (ii) in the case of a trade involving dealing in goods, all sales and purchases of goods made in the course of the trade; and
- (b) the duty under that subsection shall include a duty to preserve until [F114the end of the relevant day] all supporting documents relating to such items as are mentioned in paragraph (a)(i) or (ii) above.
- (4) [F115 Except in the case of records falling within subsection (4A) below,] the duty under subsection (1) [F116 or (2A)] above to preserve records may be discharged by the preservation of the information contained in them; and where information is so preserved a copy of any document forming part of the records shall be admissible in evidence in any proceedings before the Commissioners to the same extent as the records themselves.

[The records which fall within this subsection are—

- F117(4A) (a) any statement in writing such as is mentioned in—
 - (i) subsection (1) of section 234 of the principal Act (amount of qualifying distribution and tax credit), or
 - (ii) subsection (1) of section 352 of that Act (gross amount, tax deducted, and actual amount paid, in certain cases where payments are made under deduction of tax).
 - which is furnished by the company or person there mentioned, whether after the making of a request or otherwise;
 - (b) any certificate or other record (however described) which is required by regulations under section 566(1) of the principal Act to be given to a subcontractor (within the meaning of Chapter IV of Part XIII of that Act) on the making of a payment to which section 559 of that Act (deductions on account of tax) applies;
 - (c) any such record as may be requisite for making a correct and complete claim in respect of, or otherwise requisite for making a correct and complete return so far as relating to, an amount of tax—
 - (i) which has been paid under the laws of a territory outside the United Kingdom, or
 - (ii) which would have been payable under the law of such a territory but for a relief to which section 788(5) of the principal Act (relief for promoting development and relief contemplated by double taxation arrangements) applies.]
 - (5) [F118 F119 Subject to subsections (5A) and (5B)] below,] any person who fails to comply with subsection (1) [F120 or (2A)] above in relation to a year of assessment or accounting period shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding £3,000.
- [Subsection (5) above does not apply where the records which the person fails to keep or F121 (5A) preserve are records which might have been requisite only for the purposes of claims, elections or notices which are not included in the return.]
 - [Subsection (5) above also does not apply where—
- the records which the person fails to keep or preserve are records falling within paragraph (a) of subsection (4A) above; and

- (b) an officer of the Board is satisfied that any facts which he reasonably requires to be proved, and which would have been proved by the records, are proved by other documentary evidence furnished to him.]
- (6) For the purposes of this section—
 - (a) a person engaged in the letting of property shall be treated as carrying on a trade; and
 - (b) "supporting documents" includes accounts, books, deeds, contracts, vouchers and receipts.]

Textual Amendments

- F110 S. 12B(1)(b) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 105(1)
- F111 Words in s. 12B(2) repealed (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 105(2), Sch. 29 Pt. 8(14)
- F112 S. 12B(2A) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 105(3)
- F113 Words in s. 12B(3)(a) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 105(4)(a)
- F114 Words in s. 12B(3)(b) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 105(4)(b)
- F115 Words in s. 12B(4) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 124(1) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 124(2) (with s. 124(9))
- F116 Words in s. 12B(4) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 105(5)
- F117 S. 12B(4A) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 124(1) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 124(3) (with s. 124(9))
- F118 Words in s. 12B(5) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 105(6)(a)
- F119 Words in s. 12B(5) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 124(1) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 124(4) (with s. 124(9))
- F120 Words in s. 12B(5) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 105(6)(b)
- F121 S. 12B(5A) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 105(7)
- F122 S. 12B(5B) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 124(1) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 124(5) (with s. 124(9))

I^{F123} Voluntary returns

Textual Amendments

F123 S. 12D and cross-heading inserted (retrospective) by Finance Act 2019 (c. 1), s. 87(1)(3) (with s. 87(4))

12D Returns made otherwise than pursuant to a notice U.K.

(1) This section applies where—

- (a) a person delivers a purported return ("the relevant return") under section 8, 8A or 12AA ("the relevant section") for a year of assessment or other period ("the relevant period"),
- (b) no notice under the relevant section has been given to the person in respect of the relevant period, and
- (c) HMRC treats the relevant return as a return made and delivered in pursuance of such a notice.
- (2) For the purposes of the Taxes Acts—
 - (a) treat a relevant notice as having been given to the person on the day the relevant return was delivered, and
 - (b) treat the relevant return as having been made and delivered in pursuance of that notice (and, accordingly, treat it as if it were a return under the relevant section).
- (3) "Relevant notice" means—
 - (a) in relation to section 8 or 8A, a notice under that section in respect of the relevant period;
 - (b) in relation to section 12AA, a notice under section 12AA(3) requiring the person to deliver a return in respect of the relevant period, on or before the day the relevant return was delivered (or, if later, the earliest day that could be specified under section 12AA).
- (4) In subsection (1)(a) "purported return" means anything that—
 - (a) is in a form, and is delivered in a way, that a corresponding return could have been made and delivered had a relevant notice been given, and
 - (b) purports to be a return under the relevant section.
- (5) Nothing in this section affects sections 34 to 36 or any other provisions of the Taxes Acts specifying a period for the making or delivering of any assessment (including self-assessment) to income tax or capital gains tax.]

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C30 S. 12D power to amend conferred (retrospective) by Finance Act 2019 (c. 1), s. 87(3)(5)(b) (with s. 87(4))

PART III U.K.

OTHER RETURNS AND INFORMATION

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C31 See also—Finance Act 1973 s.38andSch.15 para.2—particulars which may be required from holder of licence under thePetroleum (Production) Act 1934 (c.36). Finance Act 1974 s.47andSch.10 para.3—duty to make returns in relation to tax on first letting or occupation of building after material development, andpara.4—particulars which may be required for purposes of such tax or tax on development gains. Finance Act 1988 (c. 39, SIF 63:1,2) s. 127—production of computer records.

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Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/1997. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

13 Persons in receipt of taxable income belonging to others. U.K.

- (1) Every person who, in whatever capacity, is in receipt of any money or value, or of any profits or gains from any of the sources mentioned in the Income Tax Acts, of or belonging to another person who is chargeable to income tax in respect thereof, or who would be so chargeable if he were resident in the United Kingdom and not an incapacitated person, shall, whenever required to do so by a notice given to him by an inspector, prepare and deliver, within the time mentioned in the notice, a return F124..., signed by him, containing—
 - (a) a statement of all such money, value, profits or gains, and
 - (b) the name and address of every person to whom the same belong, and
 - (c) a declaration whether every such person is of full age, F125..., or is resident in the United Kingdom or is an incapacitated person.
- (2) If any person described above is acting jointly with any other person, he shall, in like manner, deliver a return of the names and addresses of all persons joined with him at the time of delivery of the return mentioned in subsection (1) above F126.
- F127(3) A notice under this section shall not require information as to any money, value, profits or gains received in a year of assessment ending more than three years before the date of the giving of the notice.]

Textual Amendments

- F124 Words omitted repealed by Finance Act 1970 (c. 24, SIF 63:1,2) s.36and Sch.8 Part VII.
- **F125** Words repealed by Finance Act 1988 (c. 39, SIF 63:1,2) s. 148and Sch. 14 Part VIII for 1990-91 and subsequent years.
- **F126** SeeTaxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9, SIF 63:1) s.76—protection for certain trustees, agents and receivers who have made returns under s.13.
- F127 Finance Act 1988 (c. 39 SIF 63:1,2) s. 123(1) with respect to notices given on or after 29July 1988.

14 Return of lodgers and inmates. U.K.

Every person, when required to do so by a notice served on him by an inspector, shall, within the time limited by the notice, prepare and deliver to the inspector a return, in writing, containing to the best of his belief—

- (a) the name of every lodger or inmate resident in his dwelling-house, and
- (b) the name and ordinary place of residence of any such lodger or inmate who has any ordinary place of residence elsewhere at which he can be assessed and who desires to be assessed at such ordinary place of residence.

[F12815] Return of employees' emoluments etc. U.K.

- (1) Every employer, when required to do so by notice from an officer of the Board, shall, within the time limited by the notice, prepare and deliver to the officer a return relating to persons who are or have been employees of his, containing the information required under the following provisions of this section.
- (2) An employer shall not be required to include in his return information relating to any year of assessment if the notice is given more than five years after the 31st January next following that year.

- (3) A notice under subsection (1) above—
 - (a) shall specify the employees for whom a return is to be made and may, in particular, specify individuals (by name or otherwise) or all employees of an employer or all his employees who are or have been in employment to which Chapter II of Part V of the principal Act applies; and
 - (b) shall specify the years of assessment or other periods with respect to which the information is to be provided.
- (4) A notice under subsection (1) above may require the return to state the name and place of residence of an employee to whom it relates.
- (5) A notice under subsection (1) above may require the return to contain, in respect of an employee to whom it relates, the following particulars—
 - (a) in the case of relevant payments made by the employer, particulars of the payments;
 - (b) in the case of relevant payments not falling within paragraph (a) above the making of which by another person has been arranged by the employer—
 - (i) particulars of the payments; and
 - (ii) the name and business address of the other person; and
 - (c) in the case of relevant payments not falling within either of the preceding paragraphs, the name and business address of any person who has, to the employer's knowledge, made the payments.
- (6) Any payments made to an employee in respect of his employment are relevant payments for the purposes of this section, including—
 - (a) payments to him in respect of expenses (including sums put at his disposal and paid away by him);
 - (b) payments made on his behalf and not repaid; and
 - (c) payments to him for services rendered in connection with a trade or business, whether the services were rendered in the course of his employment or not.
- (7) Where, for the purposes of his return, an employer apportions expenses incurred partly in or in connection with a particular matter and partly in or in connection with other matters—
 - (a) the return shall contain a statement that the sum included in the return is the result of such an apportionment; and
 - (b) if required to do so by notice from an officer of the Board, the employer shall prepare and deliver to the officer, within the time limited by the notice, a return containing full particulars as to the amount apportioned and the manner in which, and the grounds on which, the apportionment has been made.
- (8) A notice under subsection (1) above may require the return—
 - (a) to state in respect of an employee to whom it relates whether any benefits are or have been provided for him (or for any other person) by reason of his employment, such as may give rise to charges to tax under the relevant sections, that is to say, sections 141, 142, 143, 144A, 145, 146 and 154 to 165 of the principal Act (miscellaneous benefits in cash or in kind); and
 - (b) if such benefits are or have been provided, to contain such particulars of those benefits as may be specified in the notice.
- (9) Where such benefits are provided the notice may, without prejudice to subsection (8) (b) above, require the return to contain the following particulars—

- (a) in the case of benefits which are or have been provided by the employer, particulars of the amounts which may be chargeable to tax by virtue of the relevant sections;
- (b) in the case of benefits not falling within paragraph (a) above the provision of which by another person is or has been arranged by the employer—
 - (i) particulars of the amounts which may be so chargeable; and
 - (ii) the name and business address of the other person; and
- (c) in the case of benefits not falling within either of the preceding paragraphs, the name and business address of any person who has, to the employer's knowledge, provided the benefits.
- (10) Where it appears to an officer of the Board that a person has, in any year of assessment, been concerned in making relevant payments to, or providing benefits to or in respect of, employees of another, the officer may at any time up to five years after the 31st January next following that year by notice require that person—
 - (a) to deliver to the officer, within the time limited by the notice, such particulars of those payments or benefits, or of the amounts which may be chargeable to tax in respect of the benefits, as may be specified in the notice (so far as known to him); and
 - (b) to include with those particulars the names and addresses (so far as known to him) of the employees concerned.
- (11) In determining, in pursuance of a notice under subsection (1) or (10) above, amounts which may be chargeable to tax by virtue of the relevant sections, a person—
 - (a) shall not make—
 - (i) any deduction or other adjustment which he is unable to show, by reference to information in his possession or otherwise available to him, is authorised or required by the relevant sections; or
 - (ii) any deduction authorised by section 141(3), 142(2), 145(3) or 156(8) of the principal Act; but
 - (b) subject to that, shall make all such deductions and other adjustments as may be authorised or required by the relevant sections.
- (12) Where the employer is a body of persons, the secretary of the body or other officer (by whatever name called) performing the duties of secretary shall be treated as the employer for the purposes of this section.

Where the employer is a body corporate, that body corporate, as well as the secretary or other officer, shall be liable to a penalty for failure to comply with this section.

(13) In this section—

"arranged" includes guaranteed and in any way facilitated;

"employee" means an office holder or employee whose emoluments fall to be assessed under Schedule E, and related expressions are to be construed accordingly;

"relevant payments" has the meaning given by subsection (6) above; and "the relevant sections" has the meaning given by subsection (8)(a) above.]

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/1997. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time. Changes to legislation: Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Textual Amendments

F128 S. 15 substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 106(2) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 106(1)

16 Fees, commissions, etc. U.K.

- (1) Every person carrying on a trade or business shall, if required to do so by notice from an inspector, make and deliver to the inspector a return of all payments of any kind specified in the notice made during a period so specified, being
 - payments made in the course of the trade or business, or of such part of the trade or business as may be specified in the notice, for services rendered by persons not employed in the trade or business, or
 - payments for services rendered in connection with the formation, acquisition, development or disposal of the trade or business, or any part of it, by persons not employed in the trade or business, or
 - periodical or lump sum payments made in respect of any copyright [F129 public lending right, right in a registered design or design right.
- (2) Every body of persons carrying on any activity which does not constitute a trade or business shall, if required to do so by notice from an inspector, make and deliver to the inspector a return of all payments of a kind specified in the notice made during a period so specified, being
 - payments made in the course of carrying on the activity, or such part of the activity as may be specified in the notice, for services rendered by persons not employed by the said body of persons, or
 - periodical or lump sum payments made in respect of any copyright [F129] public (b) lending right, right in a registered design or design right.]
- (3) A return required under either of the preceding subsections shall, if the trade or business or other activity is carried on by an unincorporated body of persons (other than a company), be made and delivered by the person who is or performs the duties of secretary of the body, and the notice shall be framed accordingly.
- (4) A return under the preceding provisions of this section shall give the name of the person to whom each payment was made, the amount of the payment and such other particulars (including particulars as to the services or rights in respect of which the payment was made, the period over which any services were rendered and any business name and any business or home address of the person to whom payment was made) as may be specified in the notice.
- (5) No person shall be required under the preceding provisions of this section to include in a return-
 - (a) particulars of any payment from which income tax is deductible, or
 - particulars of payments made to any one person where the total of the payments to that person which would otherwise fall to be included in the return does not exceed £15, or
 - particulars of any payment made in a year of assessment ending more than three years before the service of the notice requiring him to make the return.

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(7) In this section—

(a) references to payments for services include references to payments in the nature of commission of any kind and

references to payments in respect of expenses incurred in connection with the rendering of services, and

(b) references to the making of payments include references to the giving of any valuable consideration.

and the requirement imposed by subsection (4) above to state the amount of a payment shall, in relation to any consideration given otherwise than in the form of money, be construed as a requirement to give particulars of the consideration.

F131(8) In subsection (2) above references to a body of persons include references to any department of the Crown, any public or local authority and any other public body .]

Textual Amendments

- F129 Words substituted (on and after 1.8.1989) by Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988 (c. 48), Sch. 7 para. 13; S.I. 1989/816
- **F130** S. 16(6) repealed by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), ss. 164(6), 187, Sch. 17 Pt. VIII (in relation to any failure to comply with a notice etc. on or after 27 July 1989)
- F131 S. 16(8) added by Finance Act 1988 (c. 39), s. 124(1) with respect to payments made in the year 1988-89 or subsequent years.

[F132 16A Agency workers. U.K.

(1) Where—

- (a) any services which an individual renders or is under an obigation to render under a contract are treated under section 134(1) of the principal Act as the duties of an office or employment held by him; or
- (b) any remuneration receivable under or in consequence of arrangements to which subsection (6) of that section applies is treated under that subsection as emoluments of an office or employment held by an individual,

section 15 above shall apply as if that individual were employed—

- (i) in a case within paragraph (a) above, by the persons or each of the persons from whom he receives any remuneration under or in consequence of the contract; and
- (ii) in a case within paragraph (b) above, by the other party to the arrangements, and section 16 above shall not apply to any payments made to that individual under or in consequence of that contract or those arrangements.
- (2) In subsection (1) above "remuneration", in relation to an individual, does not include anything in respect of which he would not have been chargeable to tax under Schedule E if it had been receivable in connection with an office or employment held by him but, subject to that, includes every form of payment and all perquisites, benefits and profits whatsoever.]

Textual Amendments

F132 S. 16A inserted by Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 29 para. 6.

17 Interest paid or credited by banks, etc. without deduction of income tax. U.K.

(1) Every person carrying on a trade or business who, in the ordinary course of the operations thereof, receives or retains money in such circumstances that interest becomes payable thereon which is paid or credited without deduction of income tax [F133] or after deduction of income tax], and, in particular, every [F134] such person who is a bank], shall, if required to do so by notice from an inspector, make and deliver to the inspector, within the time specified in the notice, a return of all interest paid or credited by him as aforesaid during a year [F135] of assessment] specified in the notice in the course of his trade or business or any such part of his trade or business as may be so specified, giving the names and addresses of the persons to whom the interest was paid or credited and stating, in each case, the amount of the interest [F133] actually paid or credited and (where the interest was paid or credited after deduction of income tax) the amount of the interest from which the tax was deducted and the amount of the tax deducted]:

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- (b) the year specified in a notice under this subsection shall not be a year ending more than three years before the date of the service of the notice.
- [F137(1A) In this section "bank" has the meaning given by section 840A of the principal Act.]
 - (2) Without prejudice to the generality of so much of subsection (1) above as enables different notices to be served thereunder in relation to different parts of a trade or business, separate notices may be served under that subsection as respects the transactions carried on at any branch or branches respectively specified in the notices, and any such separate notice shall, if served on the manager or other person in charge of the branch or branches in question, be deemed to have been duly served on the person carrying on the trade or business; and where such a separate notice is so served as respects the transactions carried on at any branch or branches, any notice subsequently served under the said subsection (1) on the person carrying on the trade or business shall not be deemed to extend to any transaction to which the said separate notice extends.
 - M2(3) This section shall, with any necessary adaptations, apply in relation to the National Savings Bank as if it were a trade or business carried on by the Director of Savings.
 - (4) This section shall apply only to money received or retained in the United Kingdom, $_{\rm F138}$
- [F139(4A) If a person to whom any interest is paid or credited in respect of any money received or retained in the United Kingdom by notice in writing served on the person paying or crediting the interest—
 - (a) has declared that the person beneficially entitled to the interest is a company not resident in the United Kingdom, and
 - (b) has requested that the interest shall not be included in any return under this section,

the person paying or crediting the interest shall not be required to include the interest in any such return.

- (4B) Subsection (4C) below shall apply where—
 - (a) as a result of a declaration made under section 481(5)(k) of the principal Act and the operation of section 482(5) of that Act in relation to that declaration,

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/1997. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- there is no obligation under section 480A(1) of that Act to deduct a sum representing income tax out of any interest paid or credited in respect of any money received or retained in the United Kingdom, and
- (b) the person who makes the declaration referred to in paragraph (a) above, by notice in writing served on the person paying or crediting the interest, requests that the interest shall not be included in any return under this section.
- (4C) Where this subsection applies, the person paying or crediting the interest shall not be required to include the interest in any return under this section.]
- [F140(5) The Board may by regulations provide as mentioned in all or any of the following paragraphs—
 - (a) that a return under subsection (1) above shall contain such further information as is prescribed if the notice requiring the return specifies the information and requires it to be contained in the return;
 - (b) that a person required to make and deliver a return under subsection (1) above shall furnish with the return such further information as is prescribed if the notice requiring the return specifies the information and requires it to be so furnished;
 - (c) that if a person is required to furnish information under any provision made under paragraph (b) above, and the notice requiring the return specifies the form in which the information is to be furnished, the person shall furnish the information in that form;
 - (d) that a notice under subsection (1) above shall not require prescribed information;

and in this subsection "prescribed" means prescribed by the regulations.

- (6) Regulations under subsection (5) above—
 - (a) shall be made by statutory instrument subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of the House of Commons,
 - (b) may make different provision in relation to different cases or descriptions of case, and
 - (c) may include such supplementary, incidental, consequential or transitional provisions as appear to the Board to be necessary or expedient.]

Textual Amendments

- **F133** Words in s. 17(1) inserted (with effect where interest is paid or credited in the year 1991-92 or in a subsequent year of assessment) by Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), s. 92(2)(a)(b)(7)
- F134 Words in s. 17(1) substituted (with application in accordance with Sch. 37 para. 11(5) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 37 para. 11(3)
- F135 Words inserted by Finance Act 1988 (c. 39) s. 123(2) with respect to notices given on or after 29 July
- F136 Words in s. 17(1) omitted (with effect where interest is paid or credited in the year 1991-92 or in a subsequent year of assessment) by Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), s. 92(2)(c)(7)
- F137 S. 17(1A) inserted (with application in accordance with Sch. 37 para. 11(5) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 37 para. 11(1)(2)(a)
- **F138** Words in s. 17(4) repealed (16.7.1992) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48), ss. 29(1)(2), 82, **Sch. 18 Pt. VII(3)**
- F139 S. 17(4A)-(4C) inserted (16.7.1992) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48), s. 29(1)(2)
- **F140** S. 17(5)(6) inserted (with effect where interest is paid or credited in the year 1991-92 or in a subsequent year of assessment) by Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), s. 92(3)(7)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C32 See S.I. 1990 No. 2231coming into force 30 November 1990 for 1991-91 and subsequent years.
- C33 See—Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9) s.119, Sch.4 para.2—references in s.17(1) to interest paid or credited by the Director of Savings to include references to interest paid or credited before 1 October 1969 by the Postmaster General to depositors. National Savings Bank Act 1971 (c.29) s.12(3)—s.12(1) of that Act (secrecy) to have effect subject to Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9) s. 17(3).
- C34 S.I. 1986 No. 482, reg. 10—s. 17 to apply to a building society as if references to interest include references to dividends within the meaning of S.I. 1986 No. 482 and with the insertion of the words 'or of a building society' after the words 'trade or business of banking' in subs. (1)

Marginal Citations

M2 [Post Office Act 1969 Sch. VI(III).]

18 Interest paid without deduction of income tax. U.K.

- (1) Any person by whom any interest is paid in the year 1969—70 or any subsequent year of assessment without deduction of income tax [F141] or after deduction of income tax [F142]... shall, on being so required by a notice given to him by an inspector, furnish to the inspector, within the time limited by the notice—
 - (a) the name and address of the person to whom the interest has been paid or on whose behalf the interest has been received, and
 - (b) the amount of the interest [F143] actually paid or received and (where the interest has been paid or received after deduction of income tax) the amount of the interest from which the tax has been deducted and the amount of the tax deducted],

and any person who receives any such interest on behalf of another person shall on being so required furnish to the inspector the name and address of the person on whose behalf the interest has been received, and [F144the amount actually received and (where the interest has been received after deduction of income tax) the amount of the interest from which the tax has been deducted and the amount of the tax deducted].

- (2) The persons to whom [F145 subsection (1) above] applies include any officer in any public office or in any department of the Crown.
- (3) [F145] Subsection (1) above] shall not impose any obligation on a bank [F146] in respect of any interest paid by the bank in the ordinary course of its business].
- [F147(3AA) In this section "bank" has the meaning given by section 840A of the principal Act.]
 - [F148(3A) A notice under this section shall not require information with respect to interest paid in a year of assessment ending more than three years before the date of the giving of the notice.]
 - [F149(3B) The Board may by regulations provide as mentioned in all or any of the following paragraphs—
 - (a) that a person required to furnish information under subsection (1) above shall furnish at the same time such further information as is prescribed if the notice concerned specifies the information and requires it to be so furnished;
 - (b) that if a person is required to furnish information under subsection (1) above or under any provision made under paragraph (a) above, and the notice concerned specifies the form in which the information is to be furnished, the person shall furnish the information in that form;

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(c) that a notice under subsection (1) above shall not require prescribed information;

and in this subsection "prescribed" means prescribed by the regulations.

- (3C) Regulations under subsection (3B) above—
 - (a) shall be made by statutory instrument subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of the House of Commons,
 - (b) may make different provision in relation to different cases or descriptions of case, and
 - (c) may include such supplementary, incidental, consequential or transitional provisions as appear to the Board to be necessary or expedient.]
- [F150(3D) For the purposes of this section, the payment by a building society of a dividend in respect of a share in the society shall be treated as the payment of interest.]

F151	(4)	١.																

Textual Amendments

- F141 Words in s. 18(1) inserted (with effect as regards a case where interest is paid in the year 1991-92 or a subsequent year of assessment) by Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), s. 92(5)(a) (8)
- **F142** Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 Sch. 29 para. 7. Repealed by Finance Act 1988 Sch. 14 Part IV for 1988=89 and subsequent years.
- F143 Words in s. 18(1)(b) substituted (with effect as regards a case where interest is paid in the year 1991-92 or a subsequent year of assessment) by Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), s. 92(5)(b) (8)
- F144 Words in s. 18(1) substituted (with effect as regards a case where interest is paid in the year 1991-92 or a subsequent year of assessment) by Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), s. 92(5)(c) (8)
- F145 Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 Sch. 29 para. 7(2).
- F146 Words in s. 18(3) substituted (with application in accordance with Sch. 37 para. 11(5) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 37 para. 11(4)
- F147 S. 18(3AA) inserted (with application in accordance with Sch. 37 para. 11(5) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 37 para. 11(1)(2)(b)
- F148 Finance Act 1988 (c. 39 SIF 63:1,2) s. 123(3)with respect to notices given on or after 29July 1988.
- F149 S. 18(3B)(3C) inserted (with effect as regards a case where interest is paid in the year 1991-92 or a subsequent year of assessment) by Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), s. 92(6) (8)
- F150 S. 18(3D) inserted (25.7.1991) by Finance Act 1991 (c. 31), s. 52(1), Sch. 11 para. 5(1)(2)
- **F151** Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1) Sch. 29 para. 7 Repealed by Finance Act 1988 (c. 39) Sch. 14 Part IVfor 1988-89and subsequent years.

[F152 18A Other payments and licences etc. U.K.

- (1) Any person by whom any payment out of public funds is made by way of grant or subsidy shall, on being so required by a notice given to him by an inspector, furnish to the inspector, within the time limited by the notice—
 - (a) the name and address of the person to whom the payment has been made or on whose behalf the payment has been received, and
 - (b) the amount of the payment so made or received,

and any person who receives any such payment on behalf of another person shall on being so required furnish to the inspector the name and address of the person on whose behalf the payment has been received, and its amount.

- (2) Any person to whom licences or approvals are issued or a register is maintained shall, on being so required by a notice given to him by an inspector, furnish to the inspector within the time limited by the notice—
 - (a) the name and address of any person who is or has been the holder of a licence or approval issued by the first-mentioned person, or to whom an entry in that register relates or related; and
 - (b) particulars of the licence or entry.
- (3) The persons to whom this section applies include any department of the Crown, any public or local authority and any other public body.
- (4) A notice is not to be given under this section unless (in the inspector's reasonable opinion) the information required is or may be relevant to any tax liability to which a person is or may be subject, or the amount of any such liability.
- (5) A notice under this section shall not require information with respect to a payment which was made, or to a licence, approval or entry which ceased to subsist—
 - (a) before 6th April 1988; or
 - (b) in a year of assessment ending more than three years before the date of the giving of the notice.
- (6) For the purposes of this section a payment is a payment out of public funds if it is provided directly or indirectly by the Crown, by any Government, public or local authority whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere or by any Community institution.]

Textual Amendments

F152 S. 18A inserted by Finance Act 1988 (c. 39) s. 125

19 Information for purposes of Schedule A. U.K.

- (1) For the purpose of obtaining particulars of profits or gains chargeable to tax under Schedule A (or, for chargeable periods ending before 6th April 1970, under Case VIII of Schedule D), the inspector may by notice in writing require—
 - (a) any lessee, occupier or former lessee or occupier of land (including any person having, or having had, the use of land) to give such information as may be prescribed by the Board as to the terms applying to the lease, occupation or use of the land, and where any of those terms are established by any written instrument, to produce the instrument to the inspector,
 - (b) any lessee or former lessee of land to give such information as may be so prescribed as to any consideration given for the grant or assignment to him of the tenancy,
 - (c) any person who as agent manages land or is in receipt of rent or other payments arising from land to furnish the inspector with such particulars relating to payments arising therefrom as may be specified in the notice.
- (2) Subsection (1) above shall apply in relation to sums chargeable to tax under Case VI of Schedule D by virtue of any provision of sections [F15334 to 36] of the principal Act as it applies to profits or gains chargeable to tax under Schedule A or Case VIII of Schedule D.

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- (3) In this section -
 - (a) "lease" includes an agreement for a lease, and any tenancy, but does not include a mortgage or heritable security, and "lessee" shall be construed accordingly but shall include the successor in title of a lessee,
 - (b) in relation to Scotland "assignment" means an assignation.

[F154(4) A notice under this section shall not require information with respect to—

- (a) the terms applying to the lease, occupation or use of the land, or
- (b) consideration given, or
- (c) payments arising,

in a year of assessment ending more than three years before the date of the giving of the notice.]

Textual Amendments

F153 Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 29 para. 32.

F154 S. 19(4) added (with effect with respect to notices given on or after 29 July 1988) by Finance Act 1988 (c. 39), s. 123(4)

Production of accounts, books and other information

[F15519A Power to call for documents for purposes of certain enquiries. U.K.

- (1) This section applies where an officer of the Board gives notice under section 9A(1), 11AB(1) or 12AC(1) of this Act to any person (the taxpayer) of his intention to enquire into—
 - (a) the return on the basis of which the taxpayer's self-assessment or partnership statement was made, or
 - (b) any amendment of that return on the basis of which that assessment or statement has been amended by the taxpayer I^{F156} or
 - (c) any claim or election included in the return (by amendment or otherwise) $\prod_{i=1}^{F157}$ or
 - (d) the period for which a return should have been made].
- (2) For the purpose of enquiring into the return or amendment, the officer may at the same or any subsequent time by notice in writing require the taxpayer, within such time (which shall not be less than 30 days) as may be specified in the notice—
 - (a) to produce to the officer such documents as are in the taxpayer's possession or power and as the officer may reasonably require for the purpose of determining whether and, if so, the extent to which the return is incorrect or incomplete or the amendment is incorrect, and
 - (b) to furnish the officer with such accounts or particulars as he may reasonably require for that purpose.

[The officer of the Board may also (whether or not he imposes a requirement under F158(2A) subsection (2) above), by a notice in writing, require the taxpayer, within such time (which shall not be less than 30 days) as may be specified in the notice—

(a) to produce to the officer such documents as are in the taxpayer's possession or power and as the officer may reasonably require for the purpose of making

- a determination for the purposes of section 28A(7A)(d) or 28B(6A)(d) of this Act, and
- (b) to furnish the officer with such accounts or particulars as he may reasonably require for that purpose.]
- (3) To comply with a notice under [F159] subsection (2) or (2A)] above, copies of documents may be produced instead of originals; but—
 - (a) the copies must be photographic or otherwise by way of facsimile; and
 - (b) if so required by a notice in writing given by the officer, in the case of any document specified in the notice, the original must be produced for inspection by him within such time (which shall not be less than 30 days) as may be specified in the notice.
- (4) The officer may take copies of, or make extracts from, any document produced to him under [F160] subsection (2), (2A) or [3] above.
- (5) A notice under [F161] subsection (2) or (2A)] above does not oblige the taxpayer to produce documents or furnish accounts or particulars relating to the conduct of any pending appeal by him.
- (6) An appeal may be brought against any requirement imposed by a notice under subsection (2) above to produce any document or to furnish any accounts or particulars.
- (7) An appeal under subsection (6) above must be brought within the period of 30 days beginning with the date on which the notice under [F162] subsection (2) or (2A)] above is given.
- (8) Subject to subsection (9) below, the provisions of this Act relating to appeals shall have effect in relation to an appeal under subsection (6) above as they have effect in relation to an appeal against an assessment to tax.
- (9) On an appeal under subsection (6) above section 50(6) to (8) of this Act shall not apply but the Commissioners may—
 - (a) if it appears to them that the production of the document or the furnishing of the accounts or particulars was reasonably required by the officer of the Board for the purpose mentioned in [F163] subsection (2) or (2A)] above, confirm the notice under that subsection so far as relating to the requirement; or
 - (b) if it does not so appear to them, set aside that notice so far as so relating.
- (10) Where, on an appeal under subsection (6) above, the Commissioners confirm the notice under [F164] subsection (2) or (2A)] above so far as relating to any requirement, the notice shall have effect in relation to that requirement as if it had specified 30 days beginning with the determination of the appeal.
- [F165(11) The determination of the Commissioners of an appeal under subsection (6) above shall be final and conclusive (notwithstanding any provision having effect by virtue of section 56B of this Act).]
 - (12) Where this section applies by virtue of a notice given under section 12AC(1) of this Act, any reference in this section to the taxpayer includes a reference to any predecessor or successor of his.]

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Textual Amendments

- F155 S. 19A inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 187; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- F156 S. 19A(1)(c) and preceding word inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 2
- F157 S. 19A(1)(d) and preceding word inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 24 para. 8(1) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 24 para. 5
- F158 S. 19A(2A) inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 3(1)
- F159 Words in s. 19A(3) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 3(2)
- F160 Words in s. 19A(4) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 3(3)
- F161 Words in s. 19A(5) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 3(2)
- F162 Words in s. 19A(7) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 3(2)
- F163 Words in s. 19A(9)(a) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 3(2)
- F164 Words in s. 19A(10) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 3(2)
- F165 S. 19A(11) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 22 para. 12 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 22 para. 2

[F16620 Power to call for documents of taxpayer and others. U.K.

- (1) Subject to this section, an inspector may by notice in writing require [F167] a person—
 - (a) to deliver to him such documents as are in the person's possession or power and as (in the inspector's reasonable opinion) contain, or may contain, information relevant to—
 - (i) any tax liability to which the person is or may be subject, or
 - (ii) to the amount of any such liability, or
 - (b) to furnish to him such particulars as the inspector may reasonably require as being relevant to, or to the amount of, any such liability.]
- (2) Subject to this section, the Board may by notice in writing require [F167] a person—
 - (a) to deliver, to a named officer of the Board such documents as are in the person's possession or power and as (in the Board's reasonable opinion) contain, or may contain, information relevant to—
 - (i) any tax liability to which the person is or may be subject, or
 - (ii) to the amount of such liability, or
 - (b) to furnish to a named officer of the Board such particulars as the Board may reasonably require as being relevant to, or to the amount of, any such liability].
- (3) Subject to this section, an inspector may, for the purpose of enquiring into the tax liability of any person ("the taxpayer"), by notice in writing require any [F167] other person] to deliver to the inspector or, if the person to whom the notice is given so elects, to make available for inspection by a named officer of the Board, such documents as are in his possession or power and as (in the inspector's reasonable opinion) contain, or may contain, information relevant to any tax liability to which the taxpayer is or

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may be, or may have been, subject, or to the amount of any such liability[F168; and the persons who may be required to deliver or make available a document under this subsection include the Director of Savings.]

F169(4)																	
F169(5)																	

- (6) The persons who may be treated as "the taxpayer" [F170 for the purposes of this section] include a company which has ceased to exist and an individual who has died; F169...
- (7) Notices under [F171] subsection (1) or (3) above] are not to be given by an inspector unless he is authorised by the Board for its purposes; and—
 - (a) a notice is not to be given by him except with the consent of a General or Special Commissioner; and
 - (b) the Commissioner is to give his consent only on being satisfied that in all the circumstances the inspector is justified in proceeding under this section.
- F172(7A) A notice under subsection (2) above is not to be given unless the Board have reasonable grounds for believing—
 - (a) that the person to whom it relates may have failed or may fail to comply with any provision of the Taxes Acts; and
 - (b) that any such failure is likely to have led or to lead to serious prejudice to the proper assessment or collection of tax.]
- [A Commissioner who has given his consent under subsection (7) above shall neither ^{F173}(7AB) take part in, nor be present at, any proceedings on, or related to, any appeal brought—
 - (a) in the case of a notice under subsection (1) above, by the person to whom the notice applies, or
 - (b) in the case of a notice under subsection (3) above, by the taxpayer concerned, if the Commissioner has reason to believe that any of the required information is likely to be adduced in evidence in those proceedings.
 - (7AC) In subsection (7AB) above "required information" means any document or particulars which were the subject of the proposed notice with respect to which the Commissioner gave his consent.]
 - F170(8) Subject to subsection (8A) below, a notice under subsection (3) above shall name the taxpayer with whose liability the inspector (or, where section 20B(3) applies, the Board) is concerned.]
 - F174(8A) If, on an application made by an inspector and authorised by order of the Board, a Special Commissioner gives his consent, the inspector may give such a notice as is mentioned in subsection (3) above by without naming the taxpayer to whom the notice relates; but such a consent shall not be given unless the Special Commissioner is satisfied—
 - (a) that the notice relates to a taxpayer whose identity is not known to the inspector or to a class of taxpayers whose individual identities are not so known;
 - (b) there are reasonable grounds for believing that the taxpayer or any of the class of taxpayers to whom the notice relates may have failed or may fail to comply with any provision of the Taxes Acts;
 - (c) that any such failure is likely to have led or to lead to serious prejudice to the proper assessment or collection of tax; and

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- (d) that the information which is likely to be contained in the documents to which the notice relates is not readily available from another source.
- (8B) A person to whom there is given a notice under subsection (8A) above may, by notice in writing given to the inspector within thirty days after the date of the notice under that subsection object to that notice on the ground that it would be onerous for him to comply with it; and if the matter is not resolved by agreement, it shall be referred to the Special Commissioners, who may confirm, vary or cancel that notice.]
- F175(8C) In this section references to documents do not include—

subsection (1) above), or

- (a) personal records (as defined in section 12 of the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984), or
- (b) journalistic material (as defined in section 13 of that Act), and references to particulars do not include particulars contained in such personal records or journalistic material.
- (8D) Subject to subsection (8C) above, references in this section to documents and particulars are to those specified or described in the notice in question; and—
 - (a) the notice shall require documents to be delivered (or delivered or made available), or particulars to be furnished, within such time (which, except in the case of a notice under subsection (2) above, shall not be less than thirty days after the date of the notice) as may be specified in the notice; and
 - (b) the person to whom they are delivered, made available or furnished may take copies of them or of extracts from them.]
- [An inspector who gives a notice under subsection (1) or (3) above shall also give to— F176(8E) (a) the person to whom the notice applies (in the case of a notice under
 - (b) the taxpayer concerned (in the case of a notice under subsection (3) above), a written summary of his reasons for applying for consent to the giving of the notice.
 - (8F) Subsection (8E) above does not apply, in the case of a notice under subsection (3) above, if by virtue of section 20B(1B) a copy of that notice need not be given to the taxpayer.
 - (8G) Subsection (8E) above does not require the disclosure of any information—
 - (a) which would, or might, identify any person who has provided the inspector with any information which he took into account in deciding whether to apply for consent; or
 - (b) if the Commissioner giving the required consent has given a direction that that information is not to be subject to the obligation imposed by that subsection.
 - (8H) A General or Special Commissioner shall not give a direction under subsection (8G) above unless he is satisfied that the inspector has reasonable grounds for believing that disclosure of the information in question would prejudice the assessment or collection of tax.]
 - (9) To the extent specified in section 20B below, the above provisions are subject to the restrictions of that section.]

Textual Amendments

- F167 Finance Act 1989 s. 142(2)(3)(4)(a) with respect to notices given on or after 27 July 1989
- F168 Finance Act 1989 s. 142(4)(b) with respect to notices given on or after 27 July 1989.
- **F169** Repealed by Finance Act 1989 s. 142(5)(6)(b)(10), 187, Sch. 17 Part VIII with respect to notices given or warrants issued on or after 27 July 1989.
- F170 Finance Act 1989 s. 142(6)(a), (7) with respect to notices given on or after 27July 1989.
- F171 Finance Act 1988 s. 126(1)(2)(6) with respect to notices given on or after 29July 1988.
- F172 Finance Act 1990 s. 93 with respect to notices given on or after 26 July 1990.
- F173 S. 20(7AB)(7AC) inserted (3.5.1994) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 255(2)
- F174 Finance Act 1988 (c. 39) s. 126(3)(6) with respect to notices given after 29 July 1988.
- F175 Finance Act 1989 s. 142(8), (10) with respect to notices given on or after 27 July 1989.
- F176 S. 20(8E)-(8H) inserted (3.5.1994) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 255(3)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C35 See Finance Act 1990 s. 125(1)(2)(6)—in respect of notices given on or after 26 July 1990, subss.(1) to (8) and (8C) to (9) to apply as if references to tax liability included reference to liability to a tax of a member state which is a tax on income or capital.

[F16620A Power to call for papers of tax accountant. U.K.

- (1) Where after the passing of the Finance Act 1976^{X2} a person—
 - (a) is convicted of an offence in relation to tax (whenever committed) by or before any court in the United Kingdom; or
 - (b) has [F177a penalty imposed on] him (whether before or after the passing of that Act) under section 99 of this Act.

and he has stood in relation to others as tax accountant, an inspector authorised by the Board for the purpose of this section may by notice in writing require the person to deliver to him such documents as are in his possession or power and as (in the inspector's reasonable opinion) contain information relevant to any tax liability to which any client of his is or has been, or may be or have been, subject, or to the amount of any such liability.

- F178(1A) The reference to documents in subsection (1) above does not include—
 - (a) personal records (as defined in section 12 of the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984), or
 - (b) journalistic material (as defined in section 13 of that Act).
 - (1B) Subject to subsection (1A) above, the reference to documents in subsection (1) above is to those specified or described in the notice in question; and—
 - (a) the notice shall require documents to be delivered within such time (which shall not be less than thirty days after the date of the notice) as may be specified in the notice; and
 - (b) the inspector may take copies of them or of extracts from them.]
 - (2) Subsection (1) above does not have effect in relation to a person convicted or penalised as there mentioned for so long as an appeal is pending against the conviction or [F179 penalty]; and—
 - (a) for this purpose an appeal is to be treated as pending (where one is competent but has not been brought) until the expiration of the time for bringing it or, in the case of a conviction in Scotland, until the expiration of 28 days from the date of conviction; and

- (b) references here to appeal include further appeal but, in relation to the [F179 imposition] of a penalty, do not include appeal against the amount of the penalty.
- (3) A notice is not to be given to any person under this section unless with the consent of the appropriate judicial authority; and that authority is to give his consent only on being satisfied that in all the circumstances the inspector is justified in so proceeding.
- (4) The power to give a notice under this section, by reference to a person's conviction or the [F180 imposition on] him of a penalty, ceases at the expiration of the period of 12 months beginning with the date on which it was first exercisable in his case by virtue of that conviction or [F180 penalty].
- (5) To the extent specified in section 20B below, the above provisions are subject to the restrictions of that section.]

Editorial Information

X2 The Finance Act 1976 received the Royal Assent on 29 July 1976.

Textual Amendments

F166 Ss 20, 20A, 20B, 20C, 20D substituted for s. 20 by Finance Act 1976 (c. 40), s. 57, Sch. 6.

F177 Finance Act 1989 s. 168(2)(a). Previously "awarded against him a penalty incurred by".

F178 Finance Act 1989 s. 143 with respect to notices given on or after 27 July 1989. Previously "for this purpose section 20(8) above applies, substituting "the client" for "the taxpayer"."

F179 Finance Act 1989 s. 168(2)(b). *Previously* "award".

F180 Finance Act 1989 s. 168(2)(c). Previously "award against" and "award".

[F16620B Restrictions on powers under ss.20 and 20A. U.K.

- (1) Before a notice is given to a person by an inspector under [F181] section 20(1), (3) or (8A)], or under section 20A, the person must have been given a reasonable opportunity to deliver (or, in the case of section 20(3), to deliver or make available) the documents in question[F182], or to furnish the particulars in question]; and the inspector must not apply for consent under [F181] section 20(7) or (8A)] or, as the case may be, section 20A(3), until the person has been given that opportunity.
- [Subject to subsection (1B) below, where a notice is given to any person under F183(1A) section 20(3) the inspector shall give a copy of the notice to the taxpayer to whom it relates.
 - (1B) If, on an application by the inspector, a General or Special Commissioner so directs, a copy of a notice under section 20(3) need not be given to the taxpayer to whom it relates; but such a direction shall not be given unless the Commissioner is satisfied that the inspector has reasonable grounds for suspecting the taxpayer of fraud.]
 - (2) A notice under section 20(1) does not oblige a person to deliver documents [F183] or furnish particulars] relating to the conduct of any pending appeal by him; a notice under section 20(3) [F184] or (8A)] does not oblige a person to deliver or make available documents relating to the conduct of a pending appeal by the taxpayer; and a notice under section 20A does not oblige a person to deliver documents relating to the conduct of a pending appeal by the client.

[&]quot;Appeal" means appeal relating to tax.

- (3) An inspector cannot under section 20(1) or (3), or under section 20A(1), give notice to a barrister, advocate or solicitor, but the notice must in any such case be given (if at all) by the Board; and accordingly in relation to a barrister, advocate or solicitor for references in section 20(3) and (4) and section 20A to the inspector there are substituted references to the Board.
- (4) To comply with a notice under section 20(1) or section 20A(1), and as an alternative to delivering documents to comply with a notice under section 20(3), [F184 or (8A)] copies of documents may be delivered instead of the originals; but—
 - (a) the copies must be photographic or otherwise by way of facsimile; and
 - (b) if so required by the inspector (or, as the case may be, the Board) in the case of any documents specified in the requirement, the originals must be made available for inspection by a named officer of the Board (failure to comply with this requirement counting as failure to comply with the notice).
- (5) A notice under section 20(3), [F185 does not oblige a person] to deliver or make available any document the whole of which originates more than 6 years before the date of the notice.
- (6) But subsection (5) does not apply where the notice is so expressed as to exclude the restrictions of that subsection; and it can only be so expressed where—
 - (a) the notice being given by an inspector with consent under section 20(7), the Commissioner giving consent has also given approval to the exclusion;
 - (b) the notice being given by the Board, they have applied to a General or Special Commissioner for, and obtained, that approval.

For this purpose the Commissioner gives approval only if satisfied, on the inspector's or the Board's application, that there is reasonable ground for believing that tax has, or may have been, lost to the Crown owing to the fraud of the taxpayer.

- (7) A notice under section 20(3) in relation to a taxpayer who has died cannot be given ^{F186}... if more than 6 years have elapsed since the death.
- (8) A notice under section 20(3) [F184 or (8A)] or section 20A(1) does not oblige a barrister, advocate or a solicitor to deliver or make available, without his client's consent, any document with respect to which a claim to professional privilege could be maintained.

[Subject to subsections (11) and (12) below, a notice under section 20(3) or (8A)—

- does not oblige a person who has been appointed as an auditor for the purposes of any enactment to deliver or make available documents which are his property and were created by him or on his behalf for or in connection with the performance of his functions under that enactment, and
 - (b) does not oblige a tax adviser to deliver or make available documents which are his property and consist of relevant communications.
 - (10) In subsection (9) above "relevant communications" means communications between the tax adviser and—
 - (a) a person in relation to whose tax affairs he has been appointed, or
 - (b) any other tax adviser of such a person,

the purpose of which is the giving or obtaining of advice about any of those tax affairs; and in subsection (9) above and this subsection "tax adviser" means a person appointed to give advice about the tax affairs of another person (whether appointed directly by that other person or by another tax adviser of his).

- (11) Subject to subsection (13) below, subsection (9) above shall not have effect in relation to any document which contains information explaining any information, return, accounts or other document which the person to whom the notice is given has, as tax accountant, assisted any client of his in preparing for, or delivering to, the inspector or the Board
- (12) Subject to subsection (13) below, in the case of a notice under section 20(8A) subsection (9) above shall not have effect in relation to any document which contains information giving the identity or address of any taxpayer to whom the notice relates or of any person who has acted on behalf of any such person.
- (13) Subsection (9) above is not disapplied by subsection (11) or (12) above in the case of any document if—
 - (a) the information within subsection (11) or (12) is contained in some other document, and
 - (b) either—
 - (i) that other document, or a copy of it, has been delivered to the inspector or the Board, or
 - (ii) that other document has been inspected by an officer of the Board.
- (14) Where subsection (9) above is disapplied by subsection (11) or (12) above in the case of a document, the person to whom the notice is given either shall deliver the document to the inspector or make it available for inspection by an officer of the Board or shall—
 - (a) deliver to the inspector (or, where subsection (3) above applies, the Board) a copy (which is photographic or otherwise by way of facsimile) of any parts of the document which contain the information within subsection (11) or (12), and
 - (b) if so required by the inspector (or, as the case may be, the Board), make available for inspection by a named officer of the Board such parts of the document as contain that information;

and failure to comply with any requirement under paragraph (b) above shall constitute a failure to comply with the notice.]

Textual Amendments

F166 Ss 20, 20A, 20B, 20C, 20D substituted for s. 20 by Finance Act 1976 (c. 40), s. 57, Sch. 6.

F181 Finance Act 1988 s. 126(4)(6) with respect to notices given on or after 29 July 1988.

F182 Finance Act 1989 s. 144(2)(8) with respect to notices given on or after 27 July 1989.

F183 Finance Act 1989 s. 144(3)(4)(8) with respect to notices given on or after 27 July 1989.

F184 Finance Act 1988 s. 126(4) with respect to notices given on or after 27 July 1988.

F185 Finance Act 1989 s. 144(5)(8) with respect to notices given on or after 27 July 1989.

F186 Words repealed by Finance Act 1989 ss. 144(6)(8), 187, Sch. 17 Part VIII with respect to notices given on or after 27 July 1989.

F187 Finance Act 1989 s. 144(7)(8) in respect of notices given on or after 27 July 1989

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C36 S. 20B(3) amended (E.W.) (1.1.1992) by S.I. 1991/2684, arts. 2, 4, Sch.1

[F18820BB alsification etc. of documents. U.K.

- (1) Subject to subsections (2) to (4) below, a person shall be guilty of an offence if he intentionally falsifies, conceals, destroys or otherwise disposes of, or causes or permits the falsification, concealment, destruction or disposal of, a document which—
 - (a) he has been required by a notice under section 20 or 20A above, or
 - (b) he has been given an opportunity in accordance with section 20B(1) above, to deliver, or to deliver or make available for inspection.
- (2) A person does not commit an offence under subsection (1) above if he acts—
 - (a) with the written permission of a General or Special Commissioner, the inspector or an officer of the Board,
 - (b) after the document has been delivered or, in the case within section 20(3) or (8A) above, inspected, or
 - (c) after a copy has been delivered in accordance with section 20B(4) or (14) above and the original has been inspected.
- (3) A person does not commit an offence under subsection (1)(a) above if he acts after the end of the period of two years beginning with the date on which the notice is given, unless before the end of that period the inspector or an officer of the Board has notified the person in writing that the notice has not been complied with to his satisfaction.
- (4) A person does not commit an offence under subsection (1)(b) above if he acts—
 - (a) after the date of the period of six months beginning with the date on which an opportunity to deliver the document was given, or
 - (b) after an application for consent to a notice being given in relation to the document has been refused.
- (5) A person guilty of an offence under subsection (1) above shall be liable—
 - (a) on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum;
 - (b) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to a fine or both.]

Textual Amendments

F188 S. 20BB inserted by Finance Act 1989 s. 145(1)(2) in relation to any falsification, concealment, destruction or disposal of a document occurring on or after 27 July 1989.

[F16620C Entry with warrant to obtain documents. U.K.

- (1) If the appropriate judicial authority is satisfied on information on oath given by an officer of the Board that—
 - (a) there is reasonable ground for suspecting that an offence involving [F189] serious fraud] in connection with, or in relation to, tax [F189] is being, has been or is about to be] committed and that evidence of it is to be found on premises specified in the information; and
 - (b) in applying under this section, the officer acts with the approval of the Board given in relation to the particular case,

the authority may issue a warrant in writing authorising an officer of the Board to enter the premises, if necessary by force, at any time within 14 days from the time of issue of the warrant, and search them.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/1997. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

[Without prejudice to the generality of the concept of serious fraud—

- any offence which involves fraud is for the purposes of this section an offence involving serious fraud if its commission had led, or is intended or likely to lead, either to substantial financial gain to any person or to serious prejudice to the proper assessment or collection of tax; and
 - (b) an offence which, if considered alone, would not be regarded as involving serious fraud may nevertheless be so regarded if there is reasonable ground for suspecting that it forms part of a course of conduct which is, or but for its detection would be, likely to result in serious prejudice to the proper assessment or collection of tax.
- (1B) The powers conferred by a warrant under this section shall not be exercisable—
 - (a) by more than such number of officers of the Board as may be specified in the warrant:
 - (b) outside such times of day as may be so specified;
 - (c) if the warrant so provides, otherwise than in the presence of a constable in uniform .]
 - (2) Section 4A of the Inland Revenue Regulation Act 1890 (Board's functions to be exercisable by an officer acting under their authority) does not apply to the giving of Board approval under this section.

[An officer who enters the premises under the authority of a warrant under this section $^{\text{F191}}(3)$ may—

- (a) take with him such other persons as appear to him to be necessary;
- (b) seize and remove any things whatsoever found there which he has reasonable cause to believe may be required as evidence for the purposes of proceedings in respect of such an offence as is mentioned in subsection (1) above; and
- (c) search or cause to be searched any person found on the premises whom he has reasonable cause to believe to be in possession of any such things;

but no person shall be searched except by a person of the same sex.

- (4) Nothing in subsection (3) above authorises the seizure and removal of documents in the possession of a barrister, advocate or solicitor with respect to which a claim to professional privilege could be maintained.
- (5) An officer of the Board seeking to exercise the powers conferred by a warrant under this section or, if there is more than one such officer, that one of them who is in charge of the search—
 - (a) if the occupier of the premises concerned is present at the time the search is to begin, shall supply a copy of the warrant endorsed with his name to the occupier;
 - (b) if at that time the occupier is not present but a person who appears to the officer to be in charge of the premises is present, shall supply such a copy to that person; and
 - (c) if neither paragraph (a) nor paragraph (b) above applies, shall leave such a copy in a prominent place on the premises.
- (6) Where entry to premises has been made with a warrant under this section, and the officer making the entry has seized any things under the authority of the warrant, he shall endorse on or attach to the warrant a list of the things seized.

- (7) Subsections (10) to (12) of section 16 of the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 (return, retention and inspection of warrants) apply to a warrant under this section (together with any list endorsed on or attached to it under subsection (6) above) as they apply to a warrant issued to a constable under any enactment.
- (8) Subsection (7) above extends to England and Wales only.]]

Textual Amendments

F166 Ss 20, 20A, 20B, 20C, 20D substituted for s. 20 by Finance Act 1976 (c. 40), s. 57, Sch. 6.

F189 Finance Act 1989 s. 146(2)(5) with respect to warrants issued on or after 27 July 1989.

F190 Finance Act 1989 s. 146(3)(5) with respect to warrants issued on or after 27 July 1989.

F191 Finance Act 1989 s. 146(4)(5) with respect to warrants issued on or after 27 July 1989.

[F19220C@rocedure where documents etc. are removed. U.K.

- (1) An officer of the Board who removes anything in the exercise of the power conferred by section 20C above shall, if so requested by a person showing himself—
 - (a) to be the occupier of premises from which it was removed, or
 - (b) to have had custody or control of it immediately before the removal, provide that person with a record of what he removed.
- (2) The officer of the Board shall provide the record within a reasonable time from the making of the request for it.
- (3) Where anything which has been removed by an officer of the Board as mentioned in subsection (1) above is of such a nature that a photograph or copy of it would be sufficient—
 - (a) for use as evidence at a trial for an offence, or
 - (b) for forensic examination or for investigation in connection with an offence, it shall not be retained longer than is necessary to establish that fact and to obtain the photograph or copy.
- (4) Subject to subsection (8) below, if a request for permission to be granted access to anything which—
 - (a) has been removed by an officer of the Board, and
 - (b) is retained by the Board for the purpose of investigating an offence,
 - is made to the officer in overall charge of the investigation by a person who had custody or control of the thing immediately before it was so removed or by someone acting on behalf of any such person, the officer shall allow the person who made the request access to it under the supervision of an officer of the Board.
- (5) Subject to subsection (8) below, if a request for a photograph or copy of any such thing is made to the officer in overall charge of the investigation by a person who had custody or control of the thing immediately before it was so removed, or by someone acting on behalf of any such person, the officer shall—
 - (a) allow the person who made the request access to it under the supervision of an officer of the Board for the purpose of photographing it or copying it, or
 - (b) photograph or copy it, or cause it to be photographed or copied.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/1997. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (6) Where anything is photographed or copied under subsection (5)(b) above the photograph or copy shall be supplied to the person who made the request.
- (7) The photograph or copy shall be supplied within a reasonable time from the making of the request.
- (8) There is no duty under this section to grant access to, or to supply a photograph or copy of, anything if the officer in overall charge of the investigation for the purposes of which it was removed has reasonable grounds for believing that to do so would prejudice—
 - (a) that investigation;
 - (b) the investigation of an offence other than the offence for the purposes of the investigation of which the thing was removed; or
 - (c) any criminal proceedings which may be brought as a result of—
 - (i) the investigation of which he is in charge, or
 - (ii) any such investigation as is mentioned in paragraph (b) above.
- (9) Any reference in this section to the officer in overall charge of the investigation is a reference to the person whose name and address are endorsed on the warrant concerned as being the officer so in charge.]

Textual Amendments

F192 S. 20CC inserted by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 147, with respect to warrants issued on or after 27 July 1989

[F16620D Interpretation of ss.20 to 20C. U.K.

- (1) For the purposes of section 20A and 20C above, "the appropriate judicial authority" is—
 - (a) in England and Wales, a Circuit judge;
 - (b) in Scotland, a sheriff; and
 - (c) in Northern Ireland, a county court judge.
- (2) For the purposes of sections 20 and 20A, a person stands in relation to another as tax accountant at any time when he assists the other in the preparation [F193] or delivery of any information, return, accounts or other document which he knows will be, or is or are likely to be, used] for any purpose of tax; and his clients are all those to whom he stands or has stood in that relationship.
- [F194(3) Without prejudice to section 127 of the Finance Act 1988, in sections 20 to 20CC above "document" means, subject to sections 20(8C) and 20A(1A), anything in which information of any description is recorded.]]

Textual Amendments

F166 Ss 20, 20A, 20B, 20C, 20D substituted for s. 20 by Finance Act 1976 (c. 40), s. 57, Sch. 6.

F193 Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 148(2).

F194 S. 20D(3) substituted (31.1.1997) by Civil Evidence Act 1995 (c. 38), s. 16(2), **Sch. 1 para. 6**; S.I. 1996/3217, art. 2

21 Stock jobbers' transactions. U.K.

- [F195(1) The Board may exercise the powers conferred by this section as respects, and in connection with, any business consisting in or involving dealings in securities; and for the purposes of this section it shall be immaterial whether those dealings are or, as the case may be, were—
 - (a) on behalf of persons other than the person carrying on the business;
 - (b) by that person on his own behalf; or
 - (c) a mixture of the two.]
 - (2) With a view to obtaining information about [F196] securities transactions] in the course of a business within subsection (1) above, the Board may serve on the [F197] person [F198]... by whom the business is or has been carried on a notice requiring him to make available within a time specified in the notice, for inspection by an inspector or other officer of the Board, all such books, accounts and other documents in his possession or power as may be specified or described in the notice, being books, accounts or other documents which in the opinion of the Board contain or may contain information directly or indirectly relating to any such transactions.
 - (3) The Board may serve on any broker a notice requiring him to make available within a time specified in the notice, for inspection by an inspector or other officer of the Board, all such books, accounts or other documents in his possession or power as may be specified or described in the notice, being books, accounts or other documents which in the opinion of the Board contain or may contain information relating directly or indirectly to [F199] securities transactions in the course of any business of a person other than the broker which is a business within subsection (1) above.
- [F200] (4) Where a person ("the recipient") who is not a broker has directly or indirectly received from another person any payment which—
 - (a) is made by that other person in the course of a business within subsection (1) above, and
 - (b) is a payment treated by that other person as made in respect of interest on securities.

the Board may by notice in writing require the recipient to state, within a time specified in the notice, whether the amount received is in whole or in part received on behalf of, or for payment on to, a third person and (if it is) to furnish the name and address of that third person.

- (4A) Where a person ("the payer") has directly or indirectly paid to another person any sum which—
 - (a) constitutes a receipt by that other person in the course of a business within subsection (1) above, and
 - (b) is a receipt treated by that other person as accruing in respect of interest on securities,

the Board may by notice in writing require the payer to state, within a time specified in the notice, whether the amount paid is in whole or in part received from, or paid on account of, a third person and (if it is) to furnish the name and address of that third person.]

(5) If, for the purpose of obtaining (from any persons [F²⁰¹at all]) information directly or indirectly relating to any [F²⁰²securities transactions] in the course of a business within subsection (1) above, any person in whose name any securities are registered is so required by notice in writing by the Board, he shall state whether or not he is the

beneficial owner of those securities, and, if not the beneficial owner of those securities or any of them, shall furnish the name and address of the person or persons on whose behalf the securities are registered in his name.

- [F203(5A)] Where it appears to the Board that a person may have incurred a liability to pay or account for tax under Schedule 23A to the principal Act (manufactured payments), the Board may by notice served on that person require him, within such period (not being less than 28 days) as may be specified in the notice, to provide the Board with information which—
 - (a) is available to that person; and
 - (b) is or may be relevant to whether that person has incurred such a liability, or to the extent of such a liability.]
 - (6) The Board may not exercise their powers under the preceding provisions of this section for the purpose of obtaining information relating to transactions in any year of assessment ending more than six years before the service of the notice.

[F204(7) In this section—

"broker" means any person who is a member of a recognised investment exchange, within the meaning of the Financial Services Act 1986;

"interest" includes dividends;

"securities" includes shares and stock; and

"securities transaction" means—

- (a) any transaction in securities;
- (b) any transaction under which a payment which is representative of any interest on a security has been, is to be or may be made; or
- (c) the making or receipt of such a payment.]

Textual Amendments

- **F195** S. 21(1) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 10 para. 16(1)(2) of the amending Act and S.I. 1997/991, art. 2) by Finance Act 1997 (c. 16), **Sch. 10 para. 14(2)** (with Sch. 10 para. 16(3))
- F196 Words in s. 21(2) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 10 para. 16(1)(2) of the amending Act and S.I. 1997/991, art. 2) by Finance Act 1997 (c. 16), Sch. 10 para. 14(3)(a) (with Sch. 10 para. 16(3))
- F197 Word in s. 21(2) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 10 para. 16(1)(2) of the amending Act and S.I. 1997/991, art. 2) by Finance Act 1997 (c. 16), Sch. 10 para. 14(3)(b) (with Sch. 10 para. 16(3))
- **F198** Words omitted repealed by Finance Act 1973 ss. 54, 59(7), Sch. 21 para. 5, Sch. 22 Pt. IV from 25 March 1973 except in relation to things done before that day.
- F199 Words in s. 21(3) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 10 para. 16(1)(2) of the amending Act and S.I. 1997/991, art. 2) by Finance Act 1997 (c. 16), Sch. 10 para. 14(4) (with Sch. 10 para. 16(3))
- **F200** S. 21(4)(4A) substituted for s. 21(4) (with effect in accordance with Sch. 10 para. 16(1)(2) of the amending Act and S.I. 1997/991, art. 2) by Finance Act 1997 (c. 16), **Sch. 10 para. 14(5)** (with Sch. 10 para. 16(3))
- F201 Words in s. 21(5) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 10 para. 16(1)(2) of the amending Act and S.I. 1997/991, art. 2) by Finance Act 1997 (c. 16), Sch. 10 para. 14(6)(a) (with Sch. 10 para. 16(3))
- F202 Words in s. 21(5) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 10 para. 16(1)(2) of the amending Act and S.I. 1997/991, art. 2) by Finance Act 1997 (c. 16), Sch. 10 para. 14(6)(b) (with Sch. 10 para. 16(3))

- **F203** S. 21(5A) inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 10 para. 16(1)(2) of the amending Act and S.I. 1997/991, art. 2) by Finance Act 1997 (c. 16), Sch. 10 para. 14(7) (with Sch. 10 para. 16(3))
- **F204** S. 21(7) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 10 para. 16(1)(2) of the amending Act and S.I. 1997/991, art. 2) by Finance Act 1997 (c. 16), Sch. 10 para. 14(8) (with Sch. 10 para. 16(3))

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C37 S. 21 applied (with modifications) (22.3.1992) by S.I. 1992/569, regs. 18, 22
- C38 S. 21 applied (with modifications) (24.9.1992) by S.I. 1992/2074, regs. 9, 12
- C39 S. 21 applied (with modifications) (1.10.1993) by S.I. 1993/2004, reg. 16
- C40 S. 21 applied (with modifications) (25.8.1995) by The Income Tax (Manufactured Dividends) (Tradepoint) Regulations 1995 (S.I. 1995/2052), regs. 1, 13

Surtax

22 Additional particulars for surtax. U.K.

The Board may F205..., by notice in writing require any individual to furnish to them within such time as they may prescribe, not being less than twenty-eight days, such particulars as to the several sources of his income and the amount arising from each source, and as to the nature and the amount of any deductions claimed to be allowed therefrom as they consider necessary.

Textual Amendments

F205 Words omitted repealed for 1973—74 et seq. by Finance Act 1971 ss. 37, 38, Sch. 14 Part II.

Power to obtain copies of registers of securities. U.K.

- (1) The Board may cause to be served upon any body corporate a notice requiring them to deliver to the Board within a specified time, being not less than twenty-one days, a copy, certified by a duly authorised officer of such body, of the whole of, or any specified class of entries in, any register containing the names of the holders of any securities issued by them.
- (2) On delivery of the copy in accordance with the notice payment shall be made therefor at the rate of five shillings in respect of each one hundred entries.
- (3) In this section "security" includes shares, stock, debentures and debenture stock, and "entry" means, in relation to any register, so much thereof as relates to the securities held by any one person.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C41 See the Decimal Currency Act 1969 (c.19), ss. 10, 16(1)—references to shillings and pence in enactments passed before 15 February 1971 to be read on and after that day as referring to equivalent amount in the new currency.

Power to obtain information as to income from securities. U.K.

(1) The Board may by notice in writing require—

- (a) any person, being a registered or inscribed holder of any United Kingdom securities, who, in any year of assessment, has received on behalf of any other person any income arising from any such securities, or
- (b) any person by or through whom, in any year of assessment, any income in respect of United Kingdom securities has been paid in any case where—
 - (i) the registered or inscribed holder of the securities is not the person to whom the income was paid, or
 - (ii) the securities are bearer securities,

to furnish them, within such time as may be specified in the notice (not being less than twenty-eight days) with particulars of the amounts so received or, as the case may be, paid in that year (other than amounts received or paid in that year on behalf of or to any one person which did not exceed in the aggregate the sum of £15), the securities to which those amounts respectively relate, and the names and addresses of the persons on whose behalf or to whom those amounts were respectively received or paid.

- (2) The Board may similarly require any person who acts or has acted, directly or indirectly, as an intermediary or as one of a series of intermediaries between any such person as is specified in subsection (1)(a) or (b) above and the person or persons beneficially entitled to the income in question to furnish such information as the Board may require for the purpose of enabling them to ascertain the names and addresses of the person or persons beneficially entitled to the income and the respective amounts to which those persons were beneficially entitled.
- (3) Nothing in this section shall impose on any bank the obligation to disclose any particulars relating to income from securities in cases where the person beneficially entitled to the income is not resident in the United Kingdom.

[F206(3A) In this section "bank" has the meaning given by section 840A of the principal Act.]

(4) In this section—

 $\hbox{``securities'' includes shares, stocks, bonds, debentures and debenture stock,} \\$ and

"United Kingdom securities" means any securities issued by or on behalf of Her Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom or the Government of Northern Ireland and any securities of a body corporate incorporated in any part of the United Kingdom.

Textual Amendments

F206 S. 24(3A) inserted (with application in accordance with Sch. 37 para. 11(5) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 37 para. 11(1)(2)(c)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C42 See Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 816(3) where a person resides in territory to which arrangements under s. 788 of that Act (agreements with other countries for double taxation relief) apply.

Chargeable gains

25 Issuing houses, stockbrokers, auctioneers, etc. U.K.

- (1) For the purpose of obtaining particulars of chargeable gains an inspector may by notice in writing require a return under any of the provisions of this section.
- (2) An issuing house or other person carrying on a business of effecting public issues of shares of securities in any company, or placings of shares or securities in any company, either on behalf of the company, or on behalf of holders of blocks of shares or securities which have not previously been the subject of a public issue or placing, may be required to make a return of all such public issues or placings effected by that person in the course of the business in the period specified in the notice requiring the return, giving particulars of the persons to or with whom the shares or securities are issued, allotted or placed, and the number or amount of the shares or securities so obtained by them respectively.
- (3) A person not carrying on such a business may be required to make a return as regards any such public issue or placing effected by that person and specified in the notice, giving particulars of the persons to or with whom the shares or securities are issued, allotted, or placed and the number or amount of the shares or securities so obtained by them respectively.
- (4) A member of a stock exchange in the United Kingdom, other than a [F207 market maker], may be required to make a return giving particulars of any transactions effected by him in the course of his business in the period specified in the notice requiring the return and giving particulars of—
 - (a) the parties to the transactions,
 - (b) the number or amount of the shares or securities dealt with in the respective transactions, and
 - (c) the amount or value of the consideration.
- (5) A person (other than a member of a stock exchange in the United Kingdom) who acts as an agent or broker in the United Kingdom in transactions in shares or securities may be required to make a return giving particulars of any such transactions effected by him after 5th April 1968 and in the period specified in the notice, and giving particulars of—
 - (a) the parties to the transactions,
 - (b) the number or amount of the shares or securities dealt with in the respective transactions, and
 - (c) the amount or value of the consideration.
- (6) The committee or other person or body of persons responsible for managing a clearing house for any terminal market in commodities may be required to make a return giving particulars of any transactions effected through the clearing house in the period specified in the notice requiring the return and giving particulars of—
 - (a) the parties to the transactions,
 - (b) the amounts dealt with in those transactions respectively, and
 - (c) the amount or value of the consideration.
- (7) An auctioneer, and any person carrying on a trade of dealing in any description of tangible movable property, or of acting as an agent or intermediary in dealings in any description of tangible movable property, may be required to make a return giving

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/1997. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- particulars of any transactions effected by or through him in which any asset which is tangible movable property is disposed of for a consideration the amount or value of which, in the hands of the recipient, exceeds [F208£6,000].
- (8) No person shall be required under this section to include in a return particulars of any transaction effected more than three years before the service of the notice requiring him to make the return.
- (9) In this section "company" and "shares" shall be construed in accordance with [F209] sections 99 and 288(1) of the 1992 Act].
- [F210(10) In this section "market maker", in relation to shares or securities, means a person who—
 - (a) holds himself out at all normal times in compliance with the rules of The Stock Exchange as willing to buy and sell shares or securities of the kind concerned at a price specified by him, and
 - (b) is recognised as doing so by the Council of The Stock Exchange.]

Textual Amendments

- F207 Finance Act 1986 s. 63, Sch. 18 para. 8 in relation to transactions on or after 27 October 1986.
- **F208** Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), **s. 123** in relation to disposals on or after 6 April 1989. Previously "£3,000" by Finance Act 1982 s. 81(1)(c) in relation to disposals on or after 6 April 1982.
- **F209** Words in s. 25(9) substituted (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the amending Act) by virtue of Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 10 para. 2(4)** (with ss. 60, 101(1), 171, 201(3))
- F210 Finance Act 1986 s. 63, Sch. 18 para. 8 in relation to transactions on or after 27 October 1986.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C43 See Finance Act 1973 s. 54(1)—to be construed as reference to a member of The Stock Exchange on and after 25 March 1973 except in relation to things done before that day.

Nominee shareholders. U.K.

- (1) If, for the purpose of obtaining particulars of chargeable gains, any person in whose name any shares of a company are registered is so required by notice in writing by the Board or an inspector, he shall state whether or not he is the beneficial owner of those shares and, if not the beneficial owner of those shares or any of them, shall furnish the name and address of the person or persons on whose behalf the shares are registered in his name.
- (2) In this section references to shares include references to securities and loan capital.

27 Settled property. U.K.

- (1) The Board may by notice in writing require any person, being a party to a settlement, to furnish them within such time as they may direct (not being less than twenty-eight days) with such particulars as they think necessary for the purposes of [F211] the F212 1992 Act].
- (2) In this section "settlement" has the meaning given by [F213 section 660G(1) and (2)] of the principal Act.

Textual Amendments

- F211 Capital Gains Tax Act 1979 (c. 14), s. 157(2), Sch. 7 para. 8 for 1979-80 et seq.
- **F212** Words in s. 27(1) substituted (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the amending Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 10 para. 2(2)** (with ss. 60, 101(1), 171, 201(3))
- **F213** Words in s. 27(2) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 74(2) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), **Sch. 17 para. 21**

[F21428 Non-resident companies and trusts. U.K.

- (1) A person holding shares or securities in a company which is not resident or ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom may be required by a notice by the Board to give such particulars as the Board may consider are required to determine whether the company falls within section 13 of the 1992 Act and whether any chargeable gains have accrued to that company in respect of which the person to whom the notice is given is liable to capital gains tax under that section.
- (2) For the purposes of this section "company" and "shares" shall be construed in accordance with sections 99 and 288(1) of the 1992 Act.]

Textual Amendments

F214 S. 28 substituted (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the amending Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 10 para. 2(5)** (with ss. 60, 101(1), 171, 201(3))

PART IV U.K.

ASSESSMENT AND CLAIMS

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C44 Pt. 4 (ss. 29-43B) applied (with modifications) (6.4.1993) by The Income Tax (Sub-contractors in the Construction Industry) Regulations 1993 (S.I. 1993/743), reg. 14(2) (revoked (6.4.2007) by S.I. 2005/2045, Sch. 2)
- C45 See also Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 252 (assessments to rectify excessive set-off etc. of advance corporation tax or tax credit)

[F21528A Amendment of self-assessment where enquiries made. U.K.

- (1) This section applies where an officer of the Board gives notice under section 9A(1) or 11AB(1) of this Act to any person (the taxpayer) of his intention to enquire into—
 - (a) the return on the basis of which the taxpayer's self-assessment was made, or
 - (b) any amendment of that return on the basis of which an amendment (the taxpayer's amendment) of that assessment has been made by the taxpayer I^{F216} or
 - (c) any claim or election included in the return (by amendment or otherwise)].

- (2) If, at any time before the officer's enquiries are completed, the officer is of opinion that—
 - (a) the tax contained in the taxpayer's self-assessment is insufficient and, in a case falling within [F217 subsection (1)(b) or (c) above], the deficiency is attributable (wholly or partly) to the taxpayer's amendment, and
 - (b) unless the assessment is immediately so amended as to make good the deficiency or, as the case may be, so much of the deficiency as is so attributable, there is likely to be a loss of tax to the Crown,

he may by notice to the taxpayer amend the assessment accordingly.

- (3) At any time in the period of 30 days beginning with the day on which the officer's enquiries are completed, the taxpayer may so amend his self-assessment—
 - (a) as to make good any deficiency or eliminate any excess which, on the basis of the conclusions stated in the officer's notice under subsection (5) below, is a deficiency or excess which could be made good or eliminated under subsection (4) below; or
 - (b) in a case falling within subsection (1)(a) above where the return was made before the end of the period of twelve months beginning with the filing date, as to give effect to any amendments to the return which he has notified to the officer.
- (4) If, at any time in the period of 30 days beginning immediately after the period mentioned in subsection (3) above, the officer is of opinion that—
 - (a) [F218 any amount set out in the return] is insufficient or excessive, and
 - (b) in a case falling within [F219] subsection (1)(b) or (c) above], the deficiency or excess is attributable (wholly or partly) to the taxpayer's amendment,

he may by notice to the taxpayer so amend the assessment as to make good or eliminate the deficiency or excess or, where paragraph (b) above applies, so much of the deficiency or excess as is so attributable.

F220(4A)

- (a) any claim or election is included in the return,
- (b) the officer is of opinion that the claim or election should be disallowed in whole or in part but that its disallowance to the extent he thinks appropriate would not require any amendment of the taxpayer's self-assessment, and
- (c) the claim or election, so far as the officer thinks it should be disallowed, is not, before the end of the period mentioned in subsection (3) above, amended to the officer's satisfaction or withdrawn,

the officer shall, before the end of the period mentioned in subsection (4) above, give notice to the taxpayer of the extent to which he is disallowing the claim or election.

- (4B) Subsection (4A)(c) above is without prejudice to any provision by virtue of which any claim or election is irrevocable or unamendable.]
 - (5) Subject to subsection (6) below, the officer's enquiries shall be treated as completed at such time as he by notice—
 - (a) informs the taxpayer that he has completed his enquiries, and
 - (b) states his conclusions as to the amount of tax which should be contained in the taxpayer's self-assessment [F221] and as to any claims or elections into which he has enquired].

- [F222(6) At any time before a notice is given under subsection (5) above, the taxpayer may apply for a direction that the officer shall give such a notice within such period as may be specified in the direction.
 - (6A) Subject to subsection (7) below, an application under subsection (6) above shall be heard and determined in the same way as an appeal against an amendment of a self-assessment under subsection (2) or (4) above.
 - (7) The Commissioners hearing the application shall give the direction applied for unless they are satisfied that the officer has reasonable grounds for not giving the notice.]

[Where, in the case of any return made in respect of any chargeable period—

- F223(7A) (a) alternative methods are allowed by the Tax Acts for bringing amounts into account in that return,
 - (b) the return is made or amended using one of those methods,
 - (c) a return could have been made in that case using an alternative method, and
 - (d) an officer of the Board determines which of the alternative methods is to be used by the Board in relation to the taxpayer for that period,

any enquiry into that return or into an amendment of it shall be conducted, and this section shall have effect, as if the only method allowed for the purposes of the Tax Acts were the method determined by the officer.

- (7B) For the purposes of subsection (7A) above the cases where the Tax Acts allow alternative methods for bringing amounts into account in a return are—
 - (a) the case where those amounts may be brought into account either—
 - (i) in making a computation for the purposes of Case I or II of Schedule D; or
 - (ii) in making a computation for the purposes of any of Cases III to V of that Schedule;

and

- (b) the case where the computation in which amounts are brought into account may be either—
 - (i) a computation for the purposes of Case I of Schedule D; or
 - (ii) a computation for the purpose of applying the basis (commonly called the I minus E basis) under which a company carrying on life assurance business or capital redemption business may be charged to tax on that business otherwise than under Case I of Schedule D.
- (7C) In subsection (7B) above—

"life assurance business" includes annuity business within the meaning of Chapter I of Part XII of the principal Act; and

- "capital redemption business" means any capital redemption business, within the meaning of section 458 of that Act, which is business to which that section applies.]
- (8) In this section "filing date" means the day mentioned in section 8(1A), section 8A(1A) or, as the case may be, section 11(4) of this Act.]

Textual Amendments

- **F215** S. 28A inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 188; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- F216 S. 28A(1)(c) and preceding word inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 2
- F217 Words in s. 28A(2)(a) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 4(1)(a)
- F218 Words in s. 28A(4)(a) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 4(1)(b)
- F219 Words in s. 28A(4)(b) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 4(1)(a)
- F220 S. 28A(4A)(4B) inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 4(2)
- F221 Words in s. 28A(5)(b) inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 4(1)(c)
- F222 S. 28A(6)(6A)(7) substituted for s. 28A(6)(7) (with effect in accordance with Sch. 22 para. 12 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 22 para. 3
- F223 S. 28A(7A)-(7C) inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 4(3)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C46 S. 28A(2)(4) applied by Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 13A para. 14(8) (as inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 25 para. 3 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 25 para. 2; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2)

[F22428AAA] mendment of return of profits made for wrong period. U.K.

- (1) Where an officer of the Board gives notice under section 11AB(1) of this Act to a company of his intention to enquire into the period for which a return should have been made, the officer's enquiries shall be treated as completed at such time as he by notice—
 - (a) informs the company that he has completed his enquiries; and
 - (b) states his conclusions on the subject of his enquiries.
- (2) Subsections (3) and (4) below apply where the officer in the conclusions stated under subsection (1) above designates a period, in accordance with subsections (6) to (8) below, as the accounting period for which the return should have been made.
- (3) At any time in the period of 30 days beginning with the day on which the officer's enquiries are completed, the company may amend the return for the purpose of making it a return appropriate to the designated period.
- (4) At any time in the period of 30 days beginning immediately after the period mentioned in subsection (3) above, the officer may by notice to the company amend the return for the purpose of making it a return appropriate to the designated period.
- (5) The power under subsections (3) and (4) above to amend a return includes the power to amend a self-assessment so as to make clear that it is a self-assessment for the designated period.
- (6) If there is only one accounting period ending in or at the end of the period specified in the section 11 notice, the only period which the officer may designate is that period.

- (7) If there is more than one accounting period ending in or at the end of the period specified in the section 11 notice, the only period which the officer may designate is the earliest of those accounting periods for which no return has been delivered.
- (8) In designating a period, the officer must specify the dates on which the period begins and ends.

Textual Amendments

F224 Ss. 28AA, 28AB inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 24 para. 8(1) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 24 para. 6

28AB Provisions supplementary to section 28AA. U.K.

- (1) On an application made by the company, the Commissioners shall direct the officer to give a notice under section 28AA(1) of this Act within a period specified in the direction, unless they are satisfied that the officer has reasonable grounds for not giving such a notice.
- (2) Proceedings under subsection (1) above shall be heard and determined in the same way as an appeal.
- (3) An appeal may be brought against an amendment made under section 28AA(4) of this Act within the period of 30 days beginning with the date on which the notice of the amendment was issued.
- (4) The provisions of this Act relating to appeals shall have effect in relation to an appeal under subsection (3) above as they have effect in relation to an appeal against an assessment to tax.
- (5) Subsection (6) below applies where—
 - (a) a return is delivered in response to a section 11 notice;
 - (b) following a statement of conclusions under section 28AA of this Act, a period is finally determined to be the accounting period for which the return should have been made;
 - (c) the effect of the determination is that there is a period ("a further period") which—
 - (i) before the determination was not an accounting period ending in or at the end of the period specified in the section 11 notice, and
 - (ii) as a result of the determination, becomes a period so ending;

and

- (d) there is no return which can be amended under section 28AA of this Act so as to become a return for that further period.
- (6) Where this subsection applies, the section 11 notice shall be taken to require a return for the further period before the postponed final day.
- (7) The postponed final day is whichever is the later of—
 - (a) the final day determined under section 11(4) of this Act; and

- (b) the last day of the period of 30 days beginning with the day on which the accounting period for the return mentioned in subsection (5)(a) above is finally determined.
- (8) In relation to any return for the further period the provisions of this Act shall have effect as if any reference to the filing date in relation to that return were a reference to the postponed final day.]

Textual Amendments

F224 Ss. 28AA, 28AB inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 24 para. 8(1) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 24 para. 6

[F22528B Amendment of partnership statement where enquiries made. U.K.

- (1) This section applies where an officer of the Board gives notice under section 12AC(1) of this Act to any person (the taxpayer) of his intention to enquire into—
 - (a) the return on the basis of which the taxpayer's partnership statement was made, or
 - (b) any amendment of that return on the basis of which an amendment (the taxpayer's amendment) of that statement has been made by the taxpayer [F226] or
 - (c) any claim or election included in the return (by amendment or otherwise)].
- (2) At any time in the period of 30 days beginning with the day on which the officer's enquiries are completed, the taxpayer may so amend his partnership statement—
 - (a) as to make good any deficiency or eliminate any excess which, on the basis of the conclusions stated in the officer's notice under subsection (5) below, is a deficiency or excess which could be made good or eliminated under subsection (3) below; or
 - (b) in a case falling within subsection (1)(a) above where the return made before the end of the period of twelve months beginning with the filing date, as to give effect to any amendments to the return which he has notified to the officer.
- (3) If, at any time in the period of 30 days beginning immediately after the period mentioned in subsection (2) above, the officer is of opinion that—
 - (a) any amount contained in the taxpayer's partnership statement is insufficient or excessive, and
 - (b) in a case falling within [F227 subsection (1)(b) or (c) above], the deficiency or excess is attributable (wholly or partly) to the taxpayer's amendment,

he may by notice to the taxpayer so amend the statement as to make good or eliminate the deficiency or excess or, where paragraph (b) above applies, so much of the deficiency or excess as is so attributable.

- (4) Where a partnership statement is amended under this section, the officer shall by notice to each of the partners so amend his self-assessment under section 9 or 11AA of this Act as to give effect to the amendments of the partnership statement.
- (5) Subject to subsection (6) below, the officer's enquiries shall be treated as completed at such time as he by notice—
 - (a) informs the taxpayer that he has completed his enquiries, and

- (b) states his conclusions as to the amounts which should be contained in the taxpayer's partnership statement [F228 and as to any claims or elections into which he has enquired].
- (6) Subsections (6) and (7) of section 28A of this Act apply for the purposes of subsection (5) above as they apply for the purposes of subsection (5) of that section.

Where, in the case of any return made in relation to any period of account—

 $F^{229}(6A)$

- (a) alternative methods are allowed by the Tax Acts for bringing amounts into account in that return,
- (b) the return is made or amended using one of those methods,
- (c) a return could have been made in that case using an alternative method, and
- (d) an officer of the Board determines which of the alternative methods is to be used by the Board in relation to the partnership for that period,

any enquiry into that return or into an amendment of it shall be conducted, and this section shall have effect, as if the only method allowed for the purposes of the Tax Acts were the method determined by the officer.

- (6B) In subsection (6A) above "period of account" has the same meaning as in section 12AB of this Act; and subsection (7B) of section 28A of this Act applies for the purposes of subsection (6A) above as it applies for the purposes of subsection (7A) of that section.]
 - (7) In this section "filing date" means the day specified in the notice under subsection (2) or, as the case may be, subsection (3) of section 12AA of this Act.
 - (8) Any reference in this section to the taxpayer includes a reference to any predecessor or successor of his.l

Textual Amendments

- **F225** S. 28B inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 189; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- F226 S. 28B(1)(c) and preceding word inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 2
- F227 Words in s. 28B(3)(b) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 5(1)(a)
- F228 Words in s. 28B(5)(b) inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 5(1)(b)
- F229 S. 28B(6A)(6B) inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 5(2)

[F23028C Determination of tax where no return delivered. U.K.

[F231(1) This section applies where—

- (a) a notice has been given to any person under section 8 or 8A of this Act (the relevant section), and
- (b) the required return is not delivered on or before the filing date.
- (1A) An officer of the Board may make a determination of the following amounts, to the best of his information and belief, namely—
 - (a) the amounts in which the person who should have made the return is chargeable to income tax and capital gains tax for the year of assessment; and

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PART IV – ASSESSMENT AND CLAIMS
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Changes to legislation: Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (b) the amount which is payable by him by way of income tax for that year; and subsection (1AA) of section 8 or, as the case may be, section 8A of this Act applies for the purposes of this subsection as it applies for the purposes of subsection (1) of that section.]
- (2) Notice of any determination under this section shall be served on the person in respect of whom it is made and shall state the date on which it is issued.
- (3) Until such time (if any) as it is superseded by a self-assessment made under section 9 F²³²... of this Act (whether by the taxpayer or an officer of the Board) on the basis of information contained in a return under the relevant section, a determination under this section shall have effect for the purposes of Parts VA, VI, IX and XI of this Act as if it were such a self-assessment.

(4) Where—

- (a) an officer of the Board has commenced any proceedings for the recovery of any tax charged by a determination under this section; and
- (b) before those proceedings are concluded, the determination is superseded by such a self-assessment as is mentioned in subsection (3) above,

those proceedings may be continued as if they were proceedings for the recovery of so much of the tax charged by the self-assessment as is due and payable and has not been paid.

- (5) No determination under this section, and no self-assessment superseding such a determination, shall be made otherwise than—
 - (a) before the end of the period of five years beginning with the filing date; or
 - (b) in the case of such a self-assessment, before the end of the period of twelve months beginning with the date of the determination.
- (6) In this section "the filing date" means the day mentioned in section 8(1A) [F233] or, as the case may be, section 8A(1A)] of this Act.]

Textual Amendments

- **F230** S. 28C inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 190; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- F231 S. 28C(1)(1A) substituted for s. 28C(1) (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 125(1)
- **F232** Words in s. 28C(3) repealed (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 125(2), Sch. 41 Pt. 5(6)
- F233 Words in s. 28C(6) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 125(3)

[F23428D Determination of corporation tax where no return delivered. U.K.

- (1) Where—
 - (a) a section 11 notice has been served on a company, and
 - (b) no return is delivered to an officer of the Board in response to the notice before the relevant day,

the officer may make a determination of the amounts in which, to the best of his information and belief, the company is chargeable to corporation tax for the relevant period.

- (2) In subsection (1) above "the relevant period" means—
 - (a) if there is only one accounting period ending in or at the end of the period specified in the section 11 notice, that accounting period;
 - (b) if there is more than one accounting period ending in or at the end of the period so specified, each of those accounting periods;
 - (c) if the officer has insufficient information to identify the accounting periods of the company, such period or periods ending in or at the end of the period so specified as he may determine.
- (3) Subject to subsections (4) and (5) below, a determination under subsection (1) above shall have effect for the purposes of Parts VA, VI, IX and XI of this Act as if—
 - (a) it were a self-assessment made under section 11AA of this Act; and
 - (b) (where subsection (2)(c) above applies) the period for which the determination is made were an accounting period of the company.

(4) If—

- (a) the company delivers a return for a period ending in or at the end of the period specified in the section 11 notice,
- (b) the period is, or is treated in the return as, an accounting period, and
- (c) the return includes a self-assessment under section 11AA of this Act,

the self-assessment shall supersede the determination under subsection (1) above or, if there is more than one determination under that subsection, the determination for the period which is, or most closely approximates to, the period for which the return is made.

- (5) If the company shows—
 - (a) that there is no period ending in or at the end of the period specified in the section 11 notice which is an accounting period of the company, or
 - (b) that it has delivered a return containing a self-assessment for the accounting period, or each accounting period, ending in or at the end of the period specified in the section 11 notice,

any determination under subsection (1) above shall be of no effect.

Textual Amendments

F234 Ss. 28D, 28E, 28F inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 24 para. 8(2) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 24 para. 7

Determination of corporation tax where notice complied with in part. U.K.

- (1) Where—
 - (a) a company delivers a return for an accounting period ending in or at the end of the period specified in a section 11 notice served on the company, but
 - (b) there is another period so ending (an "outstanding period") which it appears to an officer of the Board is or may be an accounting period but for which no return has been delivered before the relevant day,

the officer may make a determination of the amounts in which, to the best of his information and belief, the company is chargeable to corporation tax for the outstanding period.

Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9)
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Changes to legislation: Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (2) Subject to subsections (3) and (4) below, a determination under subsection (1) above shall have effect for the purposes of Parts VA, VI, IX and XI of this Act as if—
 - (a) it were a self-assessment made under section 11AA of this Act; and
 - (b) where the officer has insufficient information to determine whether the outstanding period is an accounting period, the period for which the determination is made were an accounting period of the company.
- (3) If, after the determination is made—
 - (a) the company delivers a further return for a period ending in or at the end of the period specified in the section 11 notice,
 - (b) the period is, or is treated in the return as, an accounting period, and
 - (c) the return includes a self-assessment under section 11AA of this Act,

the self-assessment shall supersede the determination under subsection (1) above.

(4) If the company shows that it has delivered a return containing a self-assessment for the accounting period, or each accounting period, ending in or at the end of the period specified in the section 11 notice, the determination under subsection (1) above shall be of no effect.

Textual Amendments

F234 Ss. 28D, 28E, 28F inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 24 para. 8(2) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 24 para. 7

28F Corporation tax determinations: supplementary. U.K.

- (1) Notice of any determination under section 28D or 28E of this Act shall be served on the person in respect of whom it is made and shall state the date on which it is issued.
- (2) No determination may be made under section 28D or 28E of this Act after the end of the period of five years beginning with the relevant day.
- (3) A self-assessment shall not supersede a determination under section 28D or 28E of this Act if it is made after whichever is the later of—
 - (a) the end of the period of five years beginning with the relevant day; and
 - (b) the end of the period of twelve months beginning with the date of the determination.

(4) Where—

- (a) an officer of the Board has commenced any proceedings for the recovery of any tax charged by a determination under section 28D or 28E of this Act, and
- (b) before those proceedings are concluded, the determination is superseded by a self-assessment,

those proceedings may be continued as if they were proceedings for the recovery of so much of the tax charged by the self-assessment as is due and payable and has not been paid.

- (5) In sections 28D and 28E of this Act and this section "the relevant day" means, in relation to a section 11 notice—
 - (a) if the final day for the delivery of any return required by the notice can be ascertained in accordance with section 11(4) of this Act, that day;

- (b) in any other case, the day determined in accordance with subsection (6) below.
- (6) The day is whichever is the later of—
 - (a) the last day of the period of 30 months from the end of the period specified in the section 11 notice; and
 - (b) the last day of the period of three months from the day on which the section 11 notice was served.]

Textual Amendments

F234 Ss. 28D, 28E, 28F inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 24 para. 8(2) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 24 para. 7

[F23529 Assessment where loss of tax discovered. U.K.

- (1) If an officer of the Board or the Board discover, as regards any person (the taxpayer) and a chargeable period—
 - (a) that any profits which ought to have been assessed to tax have not been assessed, or
 - (b) that an assessment to tax is or has become insufficient, or
 - (c) that any relief which has been given is or has become excessive,

the officer or, as the case may be, the Board may, subject to subsections (2) and (3) below, make an assessment in the amount, or the further amount, which ought in his or their opinion to be charged in order to make good to the Crown the loss of tax.

- (2) Where—
 - (a) the taxpayer has made and delivered a return under section 8, 8A or 11 of this Act in respect of the relevant chargeable period, and
 - (b) the situation mentioned in subsection (1) above is attributable to an error or mistake in the return as to the basis on which his liability ought to have been computed,

the taxpayer shall not be assessed under that subsection in respect of the chargeable period there mentioned if the return was in fact made on the basis or in accordance with the practice generally prevailing at the time when it was made.

- (3) Where the taxpayer has made and delivered a return under section 8, 8A or 11 of this Act in respect of the relevant chargeable period, he shall not be assessed under subsection (1) above—
 - (a) in respect of the chargeable period mentioned in that subsection; and
 - (b) in the case of a return under section 8 or 8A, in the same capacity as that in which he made and delivered the return,

unless one of the two conditions mentioned below is fulfilled.

- (4) The first condition is that the situation mentioned in subsection (1) above is attributable to fraudulent or negligent conduct on the part of the taxpayer or a person acting on his behalf.
- (5) The second condition is that at the time when an officer of the Board—
 - (a) ceased to be entitled to give notice of his intention to enquire into the taxpayer's return under section 8, 8A or 11 of this Act in respect of the relevant chargeable period; or

- (b) informed the taxpayer that he had completed his enquiries into that return, the officer could not have been reasonably expected, on the basis of the information made available to him before that time, to be aware of the situation mentioned in subsection (1) above.
- (6) For the purposes of subsection (5) above, information is made available to an officer of the Board if—
 - (a) it is contained in the taxpayer's return under section 8, 8A or 11 of this Act in respect of the relevant chargeable period (the return), or in any accounts, statements or documents accompanying the return;
 - (b) it is contained in any claim made as regards the relevant chargeable period by the taxpayer acting in the same capacity as that in which he made the return, or in any accounts, statements or documents accompanying any such claim;
 - (c) it is contained in any documents, accounts or particulars which, for the purposes of any enquiries into the return or any such claim by an officer of the Board, are produced or furnished by the taxpayer to the officer, whether in pursuance of a notice under section 19A of this Act or otherwise; or
 - (d) it is information the existence of which, and the relevance of which as regards the situation mentioned in subsection (1) above—
 - (i) could reasonably be expected to be inferred by an officer of the Board from information falling within paragraphs (a) to (c) above; or
 - (ii) are notified in writing by the taxpayer to an officer of the Board.
- (7) In subsection (6) above—
 - (a) any reference to the taxpayer's return under section 8, 8A or 11 of this Act in respect of the relevant chargeable period includes—
 - (i) a reference to any return of his under that section for either of the two immediately preceding chargeable periods; and
 - (ii) where the return is under section 8 and the taxpayer carries on a trade, profession or business in partnership, a reference to any return with respect to the partnership under section 12AA of this Act for the relevant chargeable period or either of those periods; and
 - (b) any reference in paragraphs (b) to (d) to the taxpayer includes a reference to a person acting on his behalf.
- (8) An objection to the making of an assessment under this section on the ground that neither of the two conditions mentioned above is fulfilled shall not be made otherwise than on an appeal against the assessment.
- (9) Any reference in this section to the relevant chargeable period is a reference to—
 - (a) in the case of the situation mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b) of subsection (1) above, the chargeable period mentioned in that subsection; and
 - (b) in the case of the situation mentioned in paragraph (c) of that subsection, the chargeable period in respect of which the claim was made.
- (10) In this section "profits"—
 - (a) in relation to income tax, means income,
 - (b) in relation to capital gains tax, means chargeable gains, and
 - (c) in relation to corporation tax, means profits as computed for the purposes of that tax.]

Textual Amendments

F235 S. 29 substituted (with effect in accordance with ss. 191(2), 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 191(1); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C47 S. 29 excluded (16.7.1992) by Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 3 para. 6E (which was inserted (16.7.1992 having effect in relation to transactions effected on or after 1.10.1992) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48), s. 63, Sch. 11 paras. 2(2), 6)
- C48 S. 29(1)(c): power to apply conferred by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 73(4)(a) (as amended (with effect in accordance with Sch. 18 para. 17 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 18 para. 16(a))
- C49 S. 29(2)(3) excluded (1.5.1995) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 22 para. 11(1)(3)
- C50 S. 29(3)(c) (as it stood before Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 191(1) had effect): power to apply conferred (1.5.1995) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 73(4)(a)

$I^{F236}30$ Recovery of overpayment of tax, etc. U.K.

- (1) Where an amount of tax has been repaid to any person which ought not to have been repaid to him, that amount of tax may be assessed and recovered as if it were unpaid
- Subsection (1) above shall not apply where the amount of tax which has been repaid F237(1A) is assessable under section 29 of this Act.]
- Subsections (2) to (8) of section 29 of this Act shall apply in relation to an F238(1B) assessment under subsection (1) above as they apply in relation to an assessment under subsection (1) of that section; and subsection (4) of that section as so applied shall have effect as if the reference to the loss of tax were a reference to the repayment of the amount of tax which ought not to have been repaid.]
 - (2) In any case where
 - a repayment of tax has been increased in accordance with section [F239824 or 825 of the principal Act or section][F240283 of the 1992 Act] (supplements added to repayments of tax, etc.); and
 - the whole or any part of that repayment has been paid to any person but ought not to have been paid to him; and
 - that repayment ought not to have been increased either at all or to any extent; then the amount of the repayment assessed under subsection (1) above may include an amount equal to the amount by which the repayment ought not to have been increased.

- [In any case where— F241(2A) (a)
 - interest has been paid under section 826 of the principal Act on a repayment of tax, and
 - the whole or any part of that repayment has been paid to any person but ought not to have been paid to him, and
 - interest ought not to have been paid on that repayment, either at all or to any extent,

then the amount of the repayment assessed under subsection (1) above may include an amount equal to the interest that ought not to have been paid.]

(3) In any case where—

Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9)
PART IV – ASSESSMENT AND CLAIMS
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- (a) a payment, other than a repayment of tax to which subsection (2) above applies, is increased in accordance with section [F239824 or 825 of the principal Act or section][F240283 of the 1992 Act]; and
- (b) that payment ought not to have been increased either at all or to any extent; then an amount equal to the amount by which the payment ought not to have been increased may be assessed and recovered as if it were unpaid income tax or corporation tax.

[If, in a case not falling within subsection (2A) above,—

- interest has been paid under section 826 of the principal Act on a repayment of tax, and
 - (b) that interest ought not to have been paid, either at all or to any extent, then an amount equal to the interest that ought not to have been paid may be assessed and recovered as if it were unpaid corporation tax.]
 - (4) An assessment to income tax or corporation tax under this section shall be made under Case VI of Schedule D [F243] and an assessment to recover—
 - (a) an amount of corporation tax repaid to a company in respect of an accounting period, or
 - (b) an amount of income tax repaid to a company in respect of a payment received by the company in any accounting period, or
 - (c) interest on any such repayment of tax,

shall be treated as an assessment to corporation tax for the accounting period referred to in paragraph (a) or (b) above, as the case may be, and the sum assessed shall carry interest at the prescribed rate for the purposes of section 87A of this Act from the date when the payment being recovered was made until payment.]

Where an assessment is made under this section to recover—

F244(4A)

- (a) corporation tax repaid to a company in respect of an accounting period, or
- (b) income tax repaid to a company in respect of payments received by the company in an accounting period,

and more than one repayment of that tax has been made in respect of that period, any sum recovered in respect of income tax or corporation tax repaid shall as far as possible be treated as relating to a repayment of that tax made later rather than to a repayment made earlier.]

- [F245(5) An assessment under this section shall not be out of time under section 34 of this Act if it is made before the end of whichever of the following ends the later, namely—
 - (a) the chargeable period following that in which the amount assessed was repaid or paid as the case may be, or
 - (b) where a return delivered by the person concerned, or an amendment of such a return, is enquired into by an officer of the Board, the period ending with the day on which, by virtue of section 28A(5) of this Act, the officer's enquiries are treated as completed.]
 - (6) Subsection (5) above is without prejudice to [F246] section 36] of this Act.
 - (7) In this section any reference to an amount repaid or paid includes a reference to an amount allowed by way of set-off.]

Textual Amendments

- F236 S. 30 substituted (in relation to any amount repaid or paid on or after 6 April 1982) by Finance Act 1982 (c. 39), s. 149(1)(3)
- F237 S. 30(1A) inserted (in relation to amounts of tax repaid on or after 26 July 1990) by Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), s. 105
- **F238** S. 30(1B) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 19 para. 4(1); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- F239 Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 29 para 32.
- **F240** Words in s. 30(2)(a)(3)(a) substituted (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the amending Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 10 para 2(6)** (with ss. 60, 101(1), 171, 201(3))
- **F241** S. 30(2A) inserted (30.9.1993) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1987 (c. 51), s. 88(1) (as amended by Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 844, Sch. 29 para. 10(3)); S.I. 1992/3066, art. 2(2)(a)
- **F242** S. 30(3A) inserted (30.9.1993) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1987 (c. 51), s. 88(2) (as amended by Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 844, Sch. 29 para. 10(3)); S.I. 1992/3066, art. 2(2)(a)
- **F243** Words in s. 30(4) inserted (30.9.1993) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1987 (c. 51), s. 88(3); S.I. 1992/3066, art. 2(2)(a)
- F244 S. 30(4A) inserted (30.9.1993) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1987 (c. 51), s. 88(4); S.I. 1992/3066, art. 2(2)
- **F245** S. 30(5) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 19 para. 4(2); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- **F246** Words in s. 30(6) substituted by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 149(3)(a) (but not to affect the making of assessments before 1983-84 or for accounting periods before 1 April 1983)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C51 S. 30 extended by Finance Act 1991 (c. 31, SIF 63:1), s. 33(3)(b)
- C52 S. 30 modified (6.4.1992) by S.I. 1992/734, reg. 6(1)
- C53 S. 30 modified (1.7.1994) by The Private Medical Insurance (Disentitlement to Tax Relief and Approved Benefits) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1518), regs. 1, 5
- C54 S. 30: power to apply conferred (1.5.1995) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 73(4)(b)
- C55 S. 30 modified by Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 19AB para. 3(1A) (as inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 169(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 34 para. 3(3))
- C56 See—Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), ss. 812-813 (application of s.30 to the recovery of tax credits incorrectly paid); S.I. 1987/1749, reg. 11 (s. 30 to apply to payments by the Board of amounts paid under S.I. 1987/1749 to which scheme administrators were not entitled or recoverable from scheme administrators under regs. 7(5), 8(4) or (6) or 10 as if they were income tax repaid to scheme administrators to which they were not entitled).
- C57 See—Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 14 para 7(3)(b) (application of s. 30 to sums claimed under s. 266(5)(b) to which the claimant was not entitled); Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 57(3) (application of s. 30 to medical insurance relief); Personal Pension Schemes (Relief at Source) Regulations 1988 (S.I. 1988/1013) (s. 30 to apply to payments under reg. 13); Personal Pension Schemes (Min. Contributions under the Social Security Act 1986) Regulations 1988 (S.I. 1988/1012) (s. 30 to apply to payments under reg. 6); Private Medical Insurance (Disentitlement to Tax Relief and Approved Benefits) Regulations 1989 (S.I. 1989/2389), reg. 5 (application of s. 30 to recovery of tax from person who ceases to be entitled to relief).

Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9)
PART IV – ASSESSMENT AND CLAIMS
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[F24730A Assessing procedure. U.K.

- (1) Except as otherwise provided, all assessments to tax which are not self-assessments shall be made by an officer of the Board.
- (2) All income tax which falls to be charged by an assessment which is not a self-assessment may, notwithstanding that it was chargeable under more than one Schedule, be included in one assessment.
- (3) Notice of any such assessment shall be served on the person assessed and shall state the date on which it is issued and the time within which any appeal against the assessment may be made.
- (4) After the notice of any such assessment has been served on the person assessed, the assessment shall not be altered except in accordance with the express provisions of the Taxes Acts.
- (5) Assessments to tax which under any provision in the Taxes Acts are to be made by the Board shall be made in accordance with this section.]

Textual Amendments

F247 S. 30A inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3), Sch. 19 para. 5(2) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 19 para. 5(1); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

[F24830B Amendment of partnership statement where loss of tax discovered. U.K.

- (1) Where an officer of the Board or the Board discover, as regards a partnership statement made by any person (the representative partner) in respect of any period—
 - (a) that any profits which ought to have been included in the statement have not been so included, or
 - (b) that an amount of profits so included is or has become insufficient, or
 - (c) that any relief [F249] or allowance] claimed by the representative partner is or has become excessive,

the officer or, as the case may be, the Board may, subject to subsections (3) and (4) below, by notice to that partner so amend the statement as to make good the omission or deficiency or eliminate the excess.

- (2) Where a partnership statement is amended under subsection (1) above, the officer shall by notice to each of the relevant partners so amend their self-assessments under section 9 or 11AA of this Act as to give effect to the amendments of the partnership statement.
- (3) Where the situation mentioned in subsection (1) above is attributable to an error or mistake as to the basis on which the partnership statement ouade, no amendment shall be made under that subsection if that statement was in fact made on the basis or in accordance with the practice generally prevailing at the time when it was made.
- (4) No amendment shall be made under subsection (1) above unless one of the two conditions mentioned below is fulfilled.
- (5) The first condition is that the situation mentioned in subsection (1) above is attributable to fraudulent or negligent conduct on the part of—
 - (a) the representative partner or a person acting on his behalf, or

- (b) a relevant partner or a person acting on behalf of such a partner.
- (6) The second condition is that at the time when an officer of the Board—
 - (a) ceased to be entitled to give notice of his intention to enquire into the representative partner's return under section 12AA of this Act; or
 - (b) informed that partner that he had completed his enquiries into that return, the officer could not have been reasonably expected, on the basis of the information made available to him before that time, to be aware of the situation mentioned in subsection (1) above.
- (7) Subsections (6) and (7) of section 29 of this Act apply for the purposes of subsection (6) above as they apply for the purposes of subsection (5) of that section; and those subsections as so applied shall have effect as if—
 - (a) any reference to the taxpayer were a reference to the representative partner;
 - (b) any reference to the taxpayer's return under section 8, 8A or 11 were a reference to the representative partner's return under section 12AA of this Act; and
 - (c) sub-paragraph (ii) of paragraph (a) of subsection (7) were omitted.
- (8) An objection to the making of an amendment under subsection (1) above on the ground that neither of the two conditions mentioned above is fulfilled shall not be made otherwise than on an appeal against the amendment.
- (9) In this section—

"profits" has the same meaning as in section 29 of this Act;

"relevant partner" means a person who was a partner at any time during the period in respect of which the partnership statement was made.

(10) Any reference in this section to the representative partner includes, unless the context otherwise requires, a reference to any successor of his.]

Textual Amendments

F248 S. 30B inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 19 para. 6; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

F249 Words in s. 30B(1)(c) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 115(5)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C58 S. 30B(3)(4) excluded (1.5.1995) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 22 para. 11(2)(3)

31 Right of appeal. U.K.

[F250(1) Subject to subsection (1A) below, an appeal may be brought against—

- (a) an amendment under section 28A(2) or (4) of this Act of a self-assessment, or a decision contained in a notice under section 28A(4A) of this Act disallowing a claim or election in whole or in part, or
 - (b) an amendment under section 28B(3) or 30B(1) of this Act of a partnership statement, or
 - (c) an assessment to tax which is not a self-assessment.

by a notice of appeal in writing given within 30 days after the date on which the notice of [F252] amendment, the notice under section 28A(4A) of this Act or, as the case may be, the notice of assessment was issued.

[F253(1AA) The matters that may be questioned on any appeal against—

- (a) an amendment under subsection (2) or (4) of section 28A of this Act,
- (b) a decision contained in a notice under subsection (4A) of that section disallowing a claim or election in whole or in part, or
- (c) an amendment under section 28B(3) or 30B(1) of this Act,

do not include any determination made for the purposes of section 28A(7A)(d) or 28B(6A)(d) of this Act.]

- (1A) An appeal against an amendment under subsection (2) of section 28A of this Act of a self-assessment shall not be heard and determined before the officer who made the amendment gives notice under subsection (5) of that section that he has completed his enquiries.
 - (2) The notice of appeal shall be given to the officer of the Board by whom the notice of amendment or assessment was given.

[F254(3) An appeal against an assessment made—

- (a) by the Board, or
- (b) under section 350 of the principal Act, shall be to the Special Commissioners.]]

F255(3A).																									
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- (4) Subject to subsection (3) above the appeal shall be to the General Commissioners, except that the appellant may elect (in accordance with section 46(1) of this Act) to bring the appeal before the Special Commissioners instead of the General Commissioners.
- (5) The notice of appeal F256... shall specify the grounds of appeal, but on the hearing of the appeal the Commissioners may allow the appellant to put forward any ground not specified in the notice, and take it into consideration if satisfied that the omission was not wilful or unreasonable.

F257(5A) An election under subsection (4) above shall be disregarded if—

- (a) the appellant and the inspector or other officer of the Board agree in writing, at any time before the determination of the appeal, that it is to be disregarded; or
- (b) the General Commissioners have given a direction under subsection (5C) below and have not revoked it.
- (5B) At any time before the determination of an appeal in respect of which an election has been made under subsection (4) above, the inspector or other officer of the Board after giving notice to the appellant may refer the election to the General Commissioners.
- (5C) On any such reference the Commissioners shall, unless they are satisfied that the appellant has arguments to present or evidence to adduce on the merits of the appeal, direct that the election be disregarded.
- (5D) If, at any time after the giving of a direction under subsection (5C) above (but before the determination of the appeal) the General Commissioners are satisfied that the appellant has arguments to present or evidence to adduce on the merits of the appeal, they shall revoke the direction.

- (5E) Any decision to give a direction under subsection (5C) above or revoke such a direction under subsection (5D) above shall be final.]
 - (6) This section has effect subject to any express provision in the Taxes Acts, including in particular any provision under which an appeal lies to the Special Commissioners to the exclusion of the General Commissioners, any provision transferring jurisdiction to some other tribunal, and any provision making one kind of assessment conclusive in an appeal against another kind of assessment.

Textual Amendments

- **F250** S. 31(1)(1A)(2)(3) substituted for s. 31(1)-(3) (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 19 para. 7; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- F251 S. 31(1)(aa) inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 6(1)(a)
- F252 Words in s. 31(1) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 6(1)(b)
- F253 S. 31(1AA) inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 6(2)
- F254 S. 31(3) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 22 para. 12 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 22 para. 4
- **F255** A development land tax provision added by Development Land Tax Act 1976 (c. 24) Sch. 8 para. 3; Development Land Tax Act 1976 repealed by Finance Act 1985 s. 98(6), Sch. 27 Part X.
- F256 Words in s. 31(5) repealed (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 6(3), Sch. 41 Pt. 5(9)
- F257 Finance Act 1984 s. 127, Sch. 22 para. 3(1) on and after 1 January 1985; S.I. 1984 No. 1836 (C. 45).

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C59 S. 31 modified (27.7.1993) by 1993 c. 34, s. 173, Sch. 19 Pt. I para. 7(2)(a)
- C60 S. 31 applied (1.10.1993) by S.I. 1993/2004, reg.11(10)
- C61 See—Finance Act 1988 (c. 39), Sch. 5 para. 5(2)—application of subsections (5) to (5E) to appeal by underwriter against inspector's determination; Finance Act 1988 (c. 39), s. 134—General Commissioners for Northern Ireland.
- C62 See Finance Act 1988 (c. 39), Sch. 5 para. 8(2)—individual underwriters determinations.

Relief for excessive assessments

32 Double assessment. U.K.

- (1) If on a claim made to the Board it appears to their satisfaction that a person has been assessed to tax more than once for the same cause and for the same chargeable period F258..., they shall direct the whole, or such part of any assessment as appears to be an overcharge, to be vacated, and thereupon the same shall be vacated accordingly.
- (2) An appeal on a claim under this section shall lie to any of the bodies of Commissioners having jurisdiction to hear an appeal against the assessment, or the later of the assessments, to which the claim relates.

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Textual Amendments

F258 Words relating to development land tax added by Development Land Tax Act 1976 (c. 24) Sch.8 para.4; Development Land Tax Act 1976 repealed by Finance Act 1985 s.98(6), Sch.27 Part X.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C63 S. 32 modified (with application in accordance with Sch. 21 para. 3(1) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 21 para. 3(2)
- **C64** See Finance Act 1981, s. 134, Sch. 17 para.18 for the application of this provision to the special tax on banking deposits.

33 Error or mistake. U.K.

- (1) If any person who has paid tax charged under an assessment [F259] (whether under section 9 or 11AA of this Act or otherwise)] alleges that the assessment was excessive by reason of some error or mistake in a return, he may by notice in writing at any time not later than
 - [F260(a) in the case of an assessment to income tax or capital gains tax, five years after the 31st January next following the year of assessment to which the return relates; and
 - (b) in the case of an assessment to corporation tax, six years after the end of the accounting period to which the return relates,]

make a claim to the Board for relief.

(2)	On receiving the claim the Board shall inquire into the matter and shall, subject to the provisions of this section, give by way of repayment such relief ^{F261} in respect of the error or mistake as is reasonable and just:
	F262

[F263(2A) No relief shall be given under this section in respect of—

- (a) an error or mistake as to the basis on which the liability of the claimant ought to have been computed where the return was in fact made on the basis or in accordance with the practice generally prevailing at the time when it was made; or
- (b) an error or mistake in a claim which is included in the return.]
- (3) In determining the claim the Board shall have regard to all the relevant circumstances of the case, and in particular shall consider whether the granting of relief would result in the exclusion from charge to tax of any part of the profits of the claimant, and for this purpose the Board may take into consideration the liability of the claimant and assessments made on him in respect of chargeable periods other than that to which the claim relates.
- (4) If any appeal is brought from the decision of the Board on the claim the Special Commissioners shall hear and determine the appeal in accordance with the principles to be followed by the Board in determining claims under this section; and neither the appellant nor the Board shall be entitled to [F264 appeal under section 56A of this Act against the determination of the Special Commissioners except] on a point of law arising in connection with the computation of profits.

$F^{265}(4A)$.																												
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- (5) In this section"profits"—
 - (a) in relation to income tax, means income,
 - (b) in relation to capital gains tax, means chargeable gains,
 - (c) in relation to corporation tax, means profits as computed for the purposes of that tax.

Textual Amendments

- **F259** Words in s. 33(1) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 19 para. 8(1)(a); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- **F260** Words in s. 33(1) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 19 para. 8(1)(b); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- F261 Words omitted repealed for 1973—74 et seq. by Finance Act 1971 ss. 37, 38, Sch. 14 Part II.
- **F262** Proviso to s. 33(2) repealed (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 19 para. 8(2), Sch. 26 Pt. 5(23); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- **F263** S. 33(2A) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), **Sch. 19 para. 8(2)**; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- **F264** Words in s. 33(4) substituted (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), **Sch. 1 para. 2**
- **F265** A development land tax provision added by Development Land Tax Act 1976 (c. 24) Sch. 8 para. 5; Development Land Tax Act 1976 repealed by Finance Act 1985 s. 98(6), Sch. 27 Pt. X.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C65 S. 33 restricted (3.5.1994) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 118(7)
- C66 S. 33(1) modified (19.4.1991) for the assessment year 1988-1989 by S.I. 1991/851, regs. 1, 9, Sch. 2
- C67 S. 33(1) modified (28.3.1992) for the year of assessment 1989 90 by S.I. 1992/511, reg. 9, Sch.2
- C68 S. 33(1) applied (with modifications) (23.3.1993 with effect for the year of assessment 1990-91 only) by S.I. 1993/415, regs. 1(1), 9, Sch. 2
- C69 S. 33(1) modified (with effect for the year of assessment 1991-92 in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The Lloyds Underwriters (Tax) (1991-92) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/728), reg. 9, Sch. 2
- C70 S. 33(1) modified (with effect in accordance with regs. 14(2), 15(2) of the amending S.I.) by The Lloyds Underwriters (Tax) (1992-93 to 1996-97) Regulations 1995 (S.I. 1995/352), regs. 1(1), 14(1), 15(1), Sch.
- C71 See—Finance Act 1981 s. 134, Sch. 17 para. 18 for the application of this provision to the special tax on banking deposits. S.I. 1989 No. 421, Schedulefor modification in relation to Lloyd's underwriters for 1986-87. S.I. 1990 no. 627, reg. 3(2), Schedule for modification in relation to Lloyd's underwriters for 1987-88.
- **C72** For modification in relation to petroleum revenue tax and supplementary petroleum duty see Oil Taxation Act 1975 s. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(1).
- C73 See Finance Act 1981 s. 134 and Sch. 17 para. 18 for the application of this provision to the special tax on banking deposits.

[F26633A Error or mistake in partnership statement. U.K.

(1) This section applies where, in the case of a trade, profession or business carried on by two or more persons in partnership, those persons allege that the tax charged by self-

- assessments of theirs under section 9 or 11AA of this Act was excessive by reason of some error or mistake in a partnership statement.
- (2) One of those persons (the representative partner) may, not later than five years after the filing date, by notice in writing make a claim to the Board for relief.
- (3) On receiving the claim the Board shall inquire into the matter and shall, subject to subsection (5) below, so amend the partnership statement so as to give such relief in respect of the error or mistake as is reasonable or just.
- (4) Where a partnership statement is amended under subsection (3) above, the Board shall by notice to each of the relevant partners so amend their self-assessments under section 9 or 11AA of this Act as to give effect to the amendment of the partnership statement.
- (5) No relief shall be given under this section in respect of an error or mistake as to the basis on which the liability of the partners ought to have been computed where the partnership statement was in fact made on the basis or in accordance with the practice generally prevailing at the time when it was made.
- (6) In determining the claim the Board—
 - (a) shall have regard to all the relevant circumstances of the case, and
 - (b) in particular shall consider whether the granting of relief would result in the exclusion from charge to tax of any part of the profits of any of the partners;
 - and for the purposes of this subsection the Board may take into consideration the liability of the partners and their self-assessments in respect of chargeable periods other than that to which the claim relates.
- (7) If any appeal is brought from the decision of the Board on the claim, the Special Commissioners shall hear and determine the appeal in accordance with the principles to be followed by the Board in determining claims under this section.
- [F267(8) Subject to subsection (8A) below, the determination of the Special Commissioners of an appeal under subsection (6) above shall be final and conclusive (notwithstanding any provision having effect by virtue of section 56B of this Act).
 - (8A) Subsection (8) above does not apply in relation to a point of law arising in connection with the computation of profits.]
 - (9) In this section—

"filing date" has the same meaning as in section 12AC of this Act;

"profits" has the same meaning as in section 33 of this Act;

"relevant partner" means a person who was a partner at any time during the period in respect of which the partnership statement was made.

(10) Any reference in this section to the representative partner includes, unless the context otherwise requires, a reference to any successor of his.]

Textual Amendments

F266 S. 33A inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 19 para. 9; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

F267 S. 33A(8)(8A) substituted for s. 33A(8) (with effect in accordance with Sch. 22 para. 12 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 22 para. 5

Time limits

Ordinary time limit of six years. U.K.

- (1) Subject to the following provisions of this Act, and to any other provisions of the Taxes Acts allowing a longer period in any particular class of case, an assessment to tax may be made at any time not later than
 - [F268(a)] in the case of an assessment to income tax or capital gains tax, five years after the 31st January next following the year of assessment to which it relates; and
 - (b) in the case of an assessment to corporation tax, six years after the end of the accounting period to which it relates.]
- (2) An objection to the making of any assessment on the ground that the time limit for making it has expired shall only be made on an appeal against the assessment.

Textual Amendments

F268 Words in s. 34(1) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), **Sch. 19 para. 10**; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C74 S. 34 excluded (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the amending Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 248(2), 289 (with ss. 60, 101(1), 171, 201(3))
- See—Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1970 (c. 10), ss. 278(6), 279(5)—adjustments when company ceases to be a member of a group. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1970 (c. 10), s. 280(6) adjustments consequential on depreciatory transaction within a group of companies. Finance (No. 2) Act 1987 (c. 51), s. 84(7)—nothing in ss. 34-40 applies to assessments made under Finance (No. 2) Act 1987 s. 84. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 12—assessments to corporation tax consequential on determination of accounting period. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 41(1)—rent etc., received after lost rent relief allowed. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 67(7) and (8)—adjustments in respect of sources of income chargeable to income tax under Sch. D Case III, IV or V, which are disposed of or cease to yield income. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 108—receipts accruing after discontinuance of trade, etc. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), ss. 448, 806—adjustments in respect of double taxation relief. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 455(4)—assessments in respect of sums paid into special reserve funds by underwriters who have died. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 488—adjustments on revocation of direction under that section (co-operative housing associations). Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 535—assessments consequential on claims under that section (copyright sold after ten years). Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), ss. 569, 572—repayment of amounts paid under schemes for rationalizing industry or statutory redundancy schemes. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 584(2)—adjustments in respect of overseas profits ceasing to be unremittable. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 585—adjustments in respect of delayed remittances of overseas income. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 700—adjustments on completion of administration of deceased person's estate. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 703—cancellation of tax advantages from certain transactions in securities. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 781—cancellation of certain reliefs for payments under leases of plant, etc. Capital Allowances Act 1990 (c. 1), s. 1(8) (9)—withdrawal of initial allowance where investment grant made. S.I. 1956/1230, regs. 18, 21—adjustments in respect of purchased life annuities. S.I. 1989/421, Sch—modifications for underwriters for 1986-87. S.I. 1990/627, reg. 3(2), Schedule—modification for underwriters for 1987-88. Transport Act 1962 (10 & 11 Eliz. 2 c. 46), s. 42(2)—adjustments of capital allowances in consequence of directions under s. 40(3) of that Act.

Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9)
PART IV – ASSESSMENT AND CLAIMS
Document Generated: 2024-09-13

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/1997. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- C76 S. 34(1) applied (with modification) (19.4.1991) for the assessment year 1988-1989 by S.I. 1991/851, regs. 1, 3(2), Sch. 1
 S. 34(1) extended (with modifications) (28.3.1992) for the year of assessment 1989-90 by S.I. 1992/511, regs. 1,3, Sch. 1
- C77 See S.I. 1974/896, reg. 4(2) for modification in relation to Lloyd's Underwriters.
- C78 S. 34(1) applied (with modifications) (23.3.1993 with effect for the year of assessment 1990-91 only) by S.I. 1993/415, regs. 1(1), 3(2), Sch.1
- **C79** For modification in relation to petroleum revenue tax and supplementary petroleum duty see Oil Taxation Act 1975 s.1, Sch.2 para.1(1)—Oil Taxation Acts.
- C80 S. 34 modified (16.7.1992) by Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 3 para. 6E (which was inserted (16.7.1992 having effect in relation to transactions effected on or after 1.10.1992) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48), s. 63, Sch. 11 paras. 2(2), 6)
- C81 S. 34(1) applied (with modifications) (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The Lloyds Underwriters (Tax) (1991-92) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/728), reg. 3(2), Sch.
- C82 S. 34(1) modified (with effect in accordance with reg. 7(3) of the amending S.I.) by The Lloyds Underwriters (Tax) (1992-93 to 1996-97) Regulations 1995 (S.I. 1995/352), regs. 1(1), 7(1)(2)
- C83 S. 34(1) modified (with effect in accordance with reg. 6(3) of the amending S.I.) by The Lloyds Underwriters (Tax) (1992-93 to 1996-97) Regulations 1995 (S.I. 1995/352), regs. 1(1), 6(1)(2)

Emoluments received after year for which they are assessable. U.K.

- (1) Where income to which this section applies is received in a year of assessment subsequent to that for which it is assessable, assessments to income tax as respects that income may be made at any time within six years after the year of assessment in which it was received.
- (2) The income to which this section applies is any income which is chargeable to tax under Schedule E, but which is not taken into account in an assessment to income tax for the year of assessment in which it is received; and for the purposes of this section—

 F269

 (a)
 - (b) any payment chargeable to tax by virtue of section [F270148] of the principal Act (payments on retirement or loss of office or employment) shall notwithstanding anything in subsection (4) of that section (notional date of payment) be treated as having been received at the time it was actually received.

Textual Amendments

F269 S. 35(2)(a) repealed by Finance Act 1976 Schs. 9 para. 10 and 15 Part III in relation to income assessable for 1977—78 and subsequent years.

F270 Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 29 para. 32.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C84 See Finance (No. 2) Act 1987 s. 84(7)—nothing in ss.34 to 40applies to assessments made under Finance (No. 2) Act 1987 s. 84.

[F27136 Fraudulent or negligent conduct. U.K.

(1) An assessment on any person (in this section referred to as "the person in default") for the purpose of making good to the Crown a loss of tax attributable to his fraudulent

or negligent conduct or the fraudulent or negligent conduct of a person acting on his behalf may be made at any time not later than

- [in the case of an assessment to income tax or capital gains tax, twenty years after the 31st January next following the year of assessment to which it relates; and
 - (b) in the case of an assessment to corporation tax, twenty-one years after the end of the accounting period to which it relates.]
- [F273](2) Where the person in default carried on a trade, profession or business with one or more other persons at any time in the period for which the assessment is made, an assessment in respect of the profits or gains of the trade, profession or business for the purpose mentioned in subsection (1) above may be made not only on the person in default but also on his partner or any of his partners.]
 - (3) If the person on whom the assessment is made so requires, in determining the amount of the tax to be charged for any chargeable period in any assessment made for the purpose mentioned in subsection (1) above, effect shall be given to any relief or allowance to which he would have been entitled for that chargeable period on a claim or application made within the time allowed by the Taxes Acts.
- [In subsection (3) above, "claim or application" does not include an election under F274(3A) section 257BA of the principal Act (elections as to transfer of married couple's allowance).]
- [Any act or omission such as is mentioned in section 98B below on the part of a grouping (as defined in that section) or member of a grouping shall be deemed for the purposes of subsection (1) above to be the act or omission of each member of the grouping.]]

Textual Amendments

- **F271** S. 36 substituted by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 149(1) but shall not affect making of assessments before 1983-84 or for accounting periods ending before 1 April 1983
- **F272** Words in s. 36(1) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), **Sch. 19 para. 11(1)**; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- **F273** S. 36(2) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 19 para. 11(2); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- F274 S. 36(3A) inserted (16.7.1992) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48), s. 20, Sch. 5 paras. 9(2), 10
- **F275** S. 36(4) added by Finance Act 1990 s. 69, Sch. 11 para. 4(1) on and after 1July 1989.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

1992/511, regs. 1,3, Sch. 1

- C85 S. 36 modified (27.7.1993) by 1993 c. 34, s. 173, Sch. 19 Pt. I para.8
- C86 S. 36 applied (1.10.1993) by S.I. 1993/2004, reg.11(7)
- C87 S. 36 applied (2.1.1996) by The Gilt-edged Securities (Periodic Accounting for Tax on Interest) Regulations 1995 (S.I. 1995/3224), regs. 1, **18(1)** (with reg. 21)
- C88 S. 36 applied (2.1.1996) by The Lloyds Underwriters (Gilt-edged Securities) (Periodic Accounting for Tax on Interest) Regulations 1995 (S.I. 1995/3225), regs. 1, 10(1) (with reg. 13)
- C89 S. 36(1) applied (with modifications) (19.4.1991) for the year of assessment 1988-1989 by S.I. 1991/851, regs. 1, 3(2), Sch. 1
 S. 36(1) extended (with modifications) (28.3.1992) for the year of assessment 1989-90 by S.I.

- C90 S. 36(1)(2) modified (16.7.1992) by Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 3 para. 6E (which was inserted (16.7.1992 having effect in relation to transactions effected on or after 1.10.1992) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48), s. 63, Sch. 11 paras. 2(2), 6)
- C91 S. 36(1) applied (with modifications) (23.3.1993 with effect for the year of assessment 1990-91 only) by S.I. 1993/415, regs. 1(1), 3(2), **Sch.1**
- C92 S. 36(1) applied (with modifications) (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The Lloyds Underwriters (Tax) (1991-92)Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/728), reg. 3(2), Sch. 1
- C93 S. 36(1) modified (with effect in accordance with reg. 7(3) of the amending S.I.) by The Lloyds Underwriters (Tax) (1992-93 to 1996-97) Regulations 1995 (S.I. 1995/352), regs. 1(1), 7(1)(2)
- C94 S. 36(1) modified (with effect in accordance with reg. 6(3) of the amending S.I.) by The Lloyds Underwriters (Tax) (1992-93 to 1996-97) Regulations 1995 (S.I. 1995/352), regs. 1(1), 6(1)(2)
- C95 See—Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 13—application of s. 36 to assessments to advance corporation tax. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 16—application of s. 36 to assessments to income tax on company payments which are not distributions. Finance Act 1988 (c. 39) Sch. 5 para. 9—underwriter's agent. S.I. 1987/530, reg. 11(2)—application of ss. 36, 37 to assessments in relation to non-resident entertainers and sportsmen.

F27637	Neglect: income tax and capital gains tax.	U.K.

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Textual Amendments

F276 Ss 37, 38, 39 repealed by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), ss. 149(2), 187, **Sch. 17 Pt. VIII** (but not to affect the making of assessments before 1983-84 or for accounting periods ending before 1 April 1983)

F²⁷⁷37A Effect of assessment where allowances transferred. U.K.

Where an assessment is made on any person for the purpose of making good a loss of tax wholly or partly attributable to [F278 fraudulent or negligent conduct], the fact that the person's [F279 liability to income tax or] total income for any year of assessment is assessed as greater than it was previously taken to be shall not affect the validity of [F280 any income tax reduction or deduction from total income made in the case of that person's spouse] by virtue of section [F281 257BB], 257D or 265 of the principal Act; [F282 and the entitlement in that case of the first-mentioned person for the year in question to any income tax reduction or deduction from total income shall be treated as correspondingly reduced].]

Textual Amendments

- F277 S. 37A inserted (for 1990-91 and subsequent years) by Finance Act 1988 (c. 39), s. 35, Sch. 3 para. 30
- **F278** Words in s. 37A substituted by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 149(4)(a)(i) (but not to affect the making of assessments before 1983-84 or for accounting periods ending before 1 April 1983)
- **F279** Words in s. 37A inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 77(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 8 para. 13(a)
- **F280** Words in s. 37A substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 77(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 8 para. 13(b)
- F281 Words in s. 37A substituted (16.7.1992) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48), s. 20, Sch. 5 para. 9(3), 10

F282 Words in s. 37A substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 77(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 8 para. 13(c)

F28338	Modification of s.37 in relation to partnerships. U.K.
Textua	al Amendments
F283	Ss 37, 38, 39 repealed by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), ss. 149(2), 187, Sch. 17 Pt. VIII (but not to affect the making of assessments before 1983-84 or for accounting periods ending before 1 April 1983)
F284 39	Neglect: corporation tax. U.K.
Textua	ıl Amendments
F284	Ss 37, 38, 39 repealed by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), ss. 149(2), 187, Sch. 17 Pt. VIII (but not to affect the making of assessments before 1983-84 or for accounting periods ending before 1 April 1983)
40	Assessment on personal representatives. U.K.
(1) For the purpose of the charge of tax on the executors or administrators of a decease

- (1) For the purpose of the charge of tax on the executors or administrators of a deceased person in respect of the income, or chargeable gains, which arose or accrued to him before his death, the time allowed by section 34, 35 or 36 above shall in no case extend beyond the end of [F285] the period of three years beginning with the 31st January next following the year of assessment] in which the deceased died.
- (2) F286..., for the purpose of making good to the Crown any loss of tax attributable to the [F287 fraudulent or negligent conduct] of a person who has died, an assessment on his personal representatives to tax for any year of assessment ending not earlier than six years before his death may be made at any time before the end of [F285 the period of three years beginning with the 31st January next following the year of assessment] in which he died.
- (3) In [F288this section] "tax" means income tax or capital gains tax.
- [F289(4) Any act or omission such as is mentioned in section 98B below, on the part of a grouping (as defined in that section) or member of a grouping shall be deemed for the purposes of subsection (2) above to be the act or omission of each member of the grouping.]

F290((4)																
F290																	

Textual Amendments

F285 Words in s. 40(1)(2) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), **Sch. 19 para. 12**; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

- F286 Words repealed by Finance Act 1989 s. 187and Sch. 17 Part VIII.
- **F287** Finance Act 1989 s. 149 para. (4)(a)(ii) but not to affect making of assessments before 1983-84or for accounting periods ending before 1April 1983.Previously "fraud, wilful default or neglect".
- F288 Words in s. 40(3) substituted by Finance Act 1985 (c. 54), s. 93(7), Sch. 25 para. 5
- F289 S. 40(4) inserted (with effect on and after 1 July 1989) by Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), s. 69, Sch. 11 para. 4(2).
- **F290** S. 40(4)(5) added by Development Land Tax Act 1976 Sch. 8 para. 9; *Development Land Tax Act 1976 repealed by* Finance Act 1985 s. 98(6), Sch. 27 Part X.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C96 S. 40 modified (27.7.1993) by 1993 c. 34, s. 173, Sch. 19 Pt. I para. 8
- C97 S. 40(1)(2) applied (with modifications) (19.4.1991 for the year of assessment 1988-89) by S. I. 1991/851, regs. 1, 3(2), Sch. 1
 S. 40(1)(2) extended (with modifications) (28.3.1992 for the year of assessment 1989-90) by S.I. 1992/511, regs. 1,3, Sch. 1
- C98 S. 40(1)(2) applied (with modifications) (23.3.1993 with effect for the year of assessment 1990-91 only) by S.I. 1993/415, regs. 1(1), 3(2), Sch.1
- C99 S. 40(1)(2) applied (with modifications) (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The Lloyds Underwriters (Tax) (1991-92) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/728), reg. 3(2), Sch. 1
- C100 S. 40(1)(2) modified (with effect in accordance with reg. 6(3) of the amending S.I.) by The Lloyds Underwriters (Tax) (199293 to 199697) Regulations 1995 (S.I. 1995/352), regs. 1(1), 6(1)(2)
- C101 S. 40(1)(2) modified (with effect in accordance with reg. 7(3) of the amending S.I.) by The Lloyds Underwriters (Tax) (199293 to 199697) Regulations 1995 (S.I. 1995/352), regs. 1(1), 7(1)(2)
- C102 See Finance (No. 2) Act 1987 s. 84(7)—nothing in ss. 34 to 40applies to assessments made under Finance (No. 2) Act 1987 s. 84.
- C103 See Finance Act 1988 (c. 39) Sch. 5 para. 9—underwriter's agent.

F29141	Leave of General or Special Commissioners required for certain assessments.
	U.K.

Textual Amendments

F291 S. 41 repealed by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), ss. 149(2), 187, **Sch. 17 Pt. VIII** (but not to affect the making of assessments before 1983-84 or for accounting periods ending before 1 April 1983)

I^{F292}Corporation tax determinations

Textual Amendments

F292 Ss. 41A, 41B, 41C and cross-heading inserted (with effect in relation to accounting periods ending after the day appointed for the purposes of s. 10 of the Taxes Act 1988) by Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), s. 95 (with s. 96)

41A Determination procedure U.K.

(1) If an inspector is satisfied that a return under section 11 of this Act affords correct and complete information concerning an amount which is—

- (a) required to be given in the return, and
- (b) determinable under this section, he shall determine the amount accordingly.
- (2) If an inspector is not satisfied that a return under section 11 of this Act affords correct and complete information concerning an amount which is—
 - (a) required to be given in the return, and
 - (b) determinable under this section, he may determine the amount to the best of his judgment.
- (3) If a company is required to deliver a return under section 11 of this Act and fails to deliver the return within the time limited by that section, an inspector may determine any amount which is—
 - (a) required to be given in the return, and
 - (b) determinable under this section,

to the best of his judgment.

- (4) An amount shall be treated as determined under this section when the inspector gives notice in writing of the determination to the company which makes, or is required to make, the return.
- (5) After an amount has been determined under this section, the determination shall not be altered except in accordance with the express provisions of the Taxes Acts.
- (6) Section 31 of this Act (except subsection (3)) shall apply in relation to a determination under this section as it applies in relation to an assessment to tax.
- (7) A determination under this section which has become final shall be conclusive for the purposes of the Corporation Tax Acts, except sections 36(3), 41B and 43A of this Act.
- (8) The power conferred by subsection (2) or (3) above includes power to determine that an amount is nil.
- (9) In this section references to an amount which is determinable under this section are references to—
 - (a) the amount of losses incurred in a trade in an accounting period, computed in accordance with section 393(7) of the principal Act; or
 - (b) the amount for an accounting period which is available for surrender by way of group relief under section 403(3) (capital allowances), (4) (expenses of management) or (7) (charges on income) of the principal Act.

41B Reduction of determination U.K.

- (1) Where an inspector discovers that an amount determined under section 41A of this Act is or has become excessive, he may issue a direction that the amount determined shall be reduced by an amount specified in the direction.
- (2) A direction under this section in relation to a determination shall be treated as issued when the inspector gives notice in writing of the direction to the company given notice of the determination under section 41A of this Act.
- (3) Section 31 of this Act (except subsection (3)) shall apply in relation to a direction under this section as it applies in relation to an assessment to tax.

Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9)
PART IV – ASSESSMENT AND CLAIMS
Document Generated: 2024-09-13

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/1997. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (4) Section 41A(7) of this Act shall not apply to a determination at any time when a direction under this section has been issued in relation to the determination and has not become final.
- (5) After a direction under this section has become final, the determination to which it relates shall have effect as if the amount determined were reduced by the amount specified in the direction.
- (6) The power conferred by subsection (1) above includes power to issue a direction which would have the effect of reducing the amount determined to nil.
- (7) In its application to a determination in relation to which a direction under this section has already been issued, subsection (1) above shall have effect with the insertion after the word "Act" of the words ", as reduced by the amount specified in any previous direction under this section in relation to the determination,".

41C Time limits U.K.

- (1) A determination of an amount may be made under section 41A of this Act at any time not later than 6 years from the end of the period to which the amount relates.
- (2) Subject to subsection (3) below, a direction in relation to a determination may be issued under section 41B of this Act at any time not later than 6 years from the end of the period to which the determination relates.
- (3) A direction in relation to a determination may be issued under section 41B of this Act at any time not later than 20 years from the end of the period to which the determination relates if the excess by virtue of which the power conferred by that section is exercisable is attributable to the fraudulent or negligent conduct of—
 - (a) the company given notice of the determination under section 41A of this Act, or
 - (b) a person acting on its behalf.]

Claims

[F29342 Procedure for making claims etc. U.K.

- (1) Where any provision of the Taxes Acts provides for relief to be given, or any other thing to be done, on the making of a claim, this section shall, unless otherwise provided, have effect in relation to the claim.
- [F294(1A) Subject to subsection (3) below, a claim for a relief, an allowance or a repayment of tax shall be for an amount which is quantified at the time when the claim is made.]
 - (2) Subject to [F295 subsections (3) and (3A)] below, where notice has been given under section 8, 8A, 11 or 12AA of this Act, a claim shall not at any time be made otherwise than by being included in a return under that section if it could, at that or any subsequent time, be made by being so included.
 - (3) [F296 Subsections (1A) and (2)] above shall not apply in relation to any claim which falls to be taken into account in the making of deductions or repayments of tax under section 203 of the principal Act.

$^{\text{F297}}(3A)\dots$	
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F297	(3B)	١.																															
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- (4) [F298 Subject to subsection (4A) below,] a claim made by a company for payment of a tax credit shall be made by being included in a return under section 11 of this Act.
- [F299(4A) Subsection (4) above shall not apply where—
 - (a) the company is wholly exempt from corporation tax or is only not so exempt in respect of trading income; and
 - (b) the tax credit is not one in respect of which a payment on account may be claimed by the company under Schedule 19AB to the principal Act.]
 - (5) The references in [F300 this section] to a claim being included in a return include references to a claim being so included by virtue of an amendment of the return; and the reference in subsection (4) above to a claim for payment includes a reference to a claim resulting in payment.
 - (6) In the case of a trade, profession or business carried on by persons in partnership, a claim under any of the provisions mentioned in subsection (7) below shall be made—
 - (a) where subsection (2) above applies, by being included in a return under section 12AA of this Act, and
 - (b) in any other case, by such one of those persons as may be nominated by them for the purpose.
 - (7) The provisions are—
 - (a) [F301] sections F302... 84], 91B, 101(2), F303... F302... 471, 472, 484, 504, 531, F304..., 570, 571(4), 579(4), 723(3), 732(4), 810 of, and paragraphs 2, 6 and 11 of Schedule 5 to, the principal Act;
 - (b) section 43(5) of the Finance Act 1989;
 - (c) sections 1, 11, 17, 22, 23, 24, 25, F305... 31, F305... [F30633A,] 37, F305... 53, 55, 68(5), 68(9), 77, 78, F305... 129(2), 140(3), 141 and 158 of the Capital Allowances Act 1990; and
 - (d) sections 41 and 42 of the Finance (No. 2) Act 1992.
 - (8) A claim may be made on behalf of an incapacitated person by his trustee, guardian, tutor or curator; and a person who under Part VIII of this Act has been charged with tax on the profits of another person may make any such claim for relief by discharge or repayment of that tax.
 - (9) Where a claim has been made (whether by being included in a return under section 8, 8A, 11 or 12AA of this Act or otherwise) and the claimant subsequently discovers that an error or mistake has been made in the claim, the claimant may make a supplementary claim within the time allowed for making the original claim.
 - (10) This section [F307 (except subsection (1A) above)] shall apply in relation to any elections F308 ... as it applies in relation to claims.
 - (11) Schedule 1A to this Act shall apply as respects any claim [F309 or election] which—

 is made otherwise than by being included in a return under section 8, 8A, 11 or 12AA of this Act, F310...

F310(b)																																
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[F311(11A) Schedule 1B to this Act shall have effect as respects certain claims for relief involving two or more years of assessment.]

Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9)
PART IV – ASSESSMENT AND CLAIMS
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- (13) In this section "profits"—
 - (a) in relation to income tax, means income,
 - (b) in relation to capital gains tax, means chargeable gains, and
 - (c) in relation to corporation tax, means profits as computed for the purposes of that tax.]

Textual Amendments

- **F293** S. 42 substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), **Sch. 19 para. 13**; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- **F294** S. 42(1A) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 107(1)
- F295 Words in s. 42(2) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 107(2)
- **F296** Words in s. 42(3) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 107(3)
- **F297** S. 42(3A)(3B) repealed (with effect in accordance with s. 128(11) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 128(1)(a), Sch. 41 Pt. 5(6)
- **F298** Words in s. 42(4) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 107(5)
- F299 S. 42(4A) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 107(6)
- **F300** Words in s. 42(5) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 107(7)
- **F301** Words in s. 42(7)(a) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 107(8)
- **F302** Words in s. 42(7)(a) repealed (with effect in accordance with s. 130(1) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 130(2)(a), Sch. 41 Pt. 5(7)
- F303 Word in s. 42(7)(a) repealed (with effect in relation to payments made on or after 6.4.1997) by Finance Act 1997 (c. 16), Sch. 18 Pt. 6(2)
- **F304** Words in s. 42(7)(a) repealed (with effect in accordance with s. 128(12) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 128(1)(b), Sch. 41 Pt. 5(6)
- **F305** Words in s. 42(7)(c) repealed (with effect in accordance with s. 130(1) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 130(2)(b), Sch. 41 Pt. 5(7)
- **F306** Word in s. 42(7)(c) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 98 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 97(2)
- F307 Words in s. 42(10) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 107(9)
- **F308** Words in s. 42(10) repealed (with effect in accordance with s. 130(1) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 130(3), Sch. 41 Pt. 5(7)
- F309 Words in s. 42(11) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 130(1) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 130(4)
- F310 S. 42(11)(b) and preceding word repealed (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 107(10), Sch. 29 Pt. 8(14)
- F311 S. 42(11A) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 128(11) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 128(1)(c)
- F312 S. 42(12) repealed (with effect in accordance with Sch. 22 para. 12 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 22 para. 6, Sch. 41 Pt. 5(12)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C104 S. 42 restricted (3.5.1994) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 118(7)
- C105 S. 42 excluded by Capital Allowances Act 1990 (c. 1), s. 140(3) (as substituted (with effect in accordance with ss. 211(2), 218 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 211(1) (with s. 214(7), Sch. 20))
- C106 S. 42 excluded (16.8.1995) by The Venture Capital Trust Regulations 1995 (S.I. 1995/1979), regs. 1, 19(1)
- C107 S. 42 excluded by Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 13A para. 5(2) (as inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 25 para. 3 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 25 para. 2; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2)
- C108 S. 42 excluded by Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 19AB para. 1(6) (as substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 169(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 34 para. 1(5))
- C109 S. 42 excluded (with effect in accordance with s. 129(5) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 129(1)(a)
- C110 S. 42 excluded (with effect in accordance with s. 129(6) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 129(1)(b) (repealed (27.7.1999 with effect as mentioned in Sch. 20 Pt. 3(15), Note of the amending Act) by 1999 c. 16, s. 139, Sch. 20 Pt. 3(15))
- C111 S. 42 excluded by Capital Allowances Act 1990 (c. 1), s. 59C(7) (as inserted by Finance Act 1997 (c. 16), Sch. 16 para. 6(1)(2)); 1990 c. 1 repealed (22.3.2001 with effect as mentioned in s. 579(1) of the amending Act) by 2001 c. 2, s. 580, Sch. 4

Time limit for making claims. U.K.

- (1) Subject to any provision of the Taxes Acts prescribing a longer or shorter period , no claim for relief under the Taxes Acts shall be allowed unless it is made
 - [F313(a) in the case of a claim with respect to income tax or capital gains tax, within five years from the 31st January next following the year of assessment to which it relates; and
 - (b) in the case of a claim with respect to corporation tax, within six years from the end of the accounting period to which it relates.]
- (2) A claim (including a supplementary claim) which could not have been allowed but for the making of an assessment to income tax or capital gains tax after the year of assessment to which the claim relates may be made at any time before the end of the year of assessment following that in which the assessment was made.

F314	(3)	_		_		_						_		_					_

Textual Amendments

- F313 Words in s. 43(1) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 19 para. 14; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- F314 S. 43(3) added by Development Land Tax Act 1976 (c. 24) Sch. 8 para. 12. Development Land Tax Act 1976 repealed by Finance Act 1985 (c.54), s. 98(6), Sch. 27 Part X.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C112 S. 43 modified (27.7.1993) by 1993 c. 34, s. 194(4)
- C113 S. 43(1) modified (19.4.1991) for the year of assessment 1988-1989 by S.I. 1991/851, regs. 1, 9, Sch.
 - S. 43(1) modified (28.3.1992) for the year of assessment 1989-90 by S.I. 1992/511, reg. 9, Sch.2

- C114 S. 43(1) applied (with modifications) (23.3.1993 with effect for the year of assessment 1990-91 only) by S.I. 1993/415, regs. 1(1), 9, Sch.2
- C115 S. 43(1) modified (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The Lloyds Underwriters (Tax) (1991-92)Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/728), reg. 9, Sch. 2
- C116 As to longer time limits, see—Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1970 (c. 10), s. 280(6)—adjustments consequential on depreciatory transaction within a group of companies. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 36—adjustment of charge on sale of land with right to reconveyance. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 62—commencing provisions for income tax under Sch. D Cases I and II. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 67—sources of income chargeable to income tax under Sch. D Case III, IV or V which are disposed of or cease to yield income. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 419(4)—adjustments of assessments on close companies to tax on loans to participators and to shortfall tax. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), ss. 448, 806—double taxation relief. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 534—relief for copyright royalties, etc. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 585—relief on delayed remittances of overseas income. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 619—consequential adjustments of relief for retirement annuity premiums. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 700—adjustments on completion of administration of deceased person's estate. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 781(7)—adjustments on cancellation of certain reliefs for payments under leases of plant etc. S.I. 1956/1230, reg. 21—adjustments in respect of certain purchased life annuities.
- C117 See—S.I. 1974/896, reg. 4(2); S.I. 1989/421, Schedule—modification in relation to Lloyd's Underwriters; S.I. 1990/627, reg. 3(2), Schedule—modification for underwriters for 1987-88.
- C118 See—Finance Act 1981 (c. 35), s. 134, Sch. 17 para. 18—application of s. 43(1) to the special tax on banking deposits; Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 26—application of s.43to a claim for relief under Sch. 26 where the chargeable profits of a controlled foreign company are apportioned to a company resident in the UK.
- C119 S. 43(1) modified (with effect in accordance with regs. 14(2), 15(2) of the amending S.I.) by The Lloyds Underwriters (Tax) (1992-93 to 1996-97) Regulations 1995 (S.I. 1995/352), regs. 1(1), 14(1), 15(1), Sch.

[F31543A Further assessments: claims etc. U.K.

- (1) This section applies where—
 - (a) by virtue of [F316] section 29 of this Act] [F317] or section 412(3) of the principal Act] an assessment is made on any person for a chargeable period, and
 - (b) the assessment is not made for the purpose of making good to the Crown any loss of tax attributable to his fraudulent or negligent conduct or the fraudulent or negligent conduct of a person acting on his behalf.
- (2) Without prejudice to section 43(2) above but subject to section 43B below, where this section applies—
 - (a) any relevant claim, election, application or notice which could have been made or given within the time allowed by the Taxes Acts may be made or given at any time within one year from the end of the chargeable period in which the assessment is made, and
 - (b) any relevant claim, election, application or notice previously made or given may at any such time be revoked or varied—
 - (i) in the same manner as it was made or given, and
 - (ii) by or with the consent of the same person or persons who made, gave or consented to it (or, in the case of any such person who has died, by or with the consent of his personal representatives),

except where by virtue of any enactment it is irrevocable.

[In subsection (2) above, "claim, election, application or notice" does not include an F318(2A) election under section 257BA of the principal Act (elections as to transfer of married couple's allowance).]

- (3) For the purposes of this section and section 43B below, a claim, election, application or notice is relevant in relation to an assessment for a chargeable period if—
 - (a) it relates to that chargeable period or is made or given by reference to an event occurring in that chargeable period, and
 - (b) it or, as the case may be, its revocation or variation has or could have the effect of reducing any of the liabilities mentioned in subsection (4) below.
- (4) The liabilities referred to in subsection (3) above are—
 - (a) the increased liability to tax resulting from the assessment,
 - (b) any other liability to tax of the person concerned for—
 - (i) the chargeable period to which the assessment relates, or
 - (ii) any chargeable period which follows that chargeable period and ends not later than one year after the end of the chargeable period in which the assessment was made.
- (5) Where a claim, election, application or notice is made given, revoked or varied by virtue of subsection (2) above, all such adjustments shall be made, whether by way of discharge or repayment of tax or the making of assessments or otherwise, as are required to take account of the effect of the taking of that action on any person's liability to tax for any chargeable period.
- (6) The provisions of this Act relating to appeals against decisions on claims shall apply with any necessary modifications to a decision on the revocation or variation of a claim by virtue of subsection (2) above.]

Textual Amendments

- F315 Ss. 43A, 43B inserted (with effect in relation to any assessment notice which is issued on or after 27 July 1989) by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 150
- **F316** Words in s. 43A(1) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3), Sch. 19 para. 15(2) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 19 para. 15(1); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- F317 Words in s. 43A(1)(a) inserted (27.7.1993) by 1993 c. 34, s. 120, Sch. 14 para.2
- F318 S. 43A(2A) inserted (16.7,1992) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48), s. 20, Sch. 5 paras. 9(4), 10

[F31943B Limits on application of section 43A. U.K.

- (1) If the effect of the exercise by any person of a power conferred by section 43A(2) above—
 - (a) to make or give a claim, election, application or notice, or
 - (b) to revoke or vary a claim, election, application or notice previously made or given,

would be to alter the liability to tax of another person, that power may not be exercised except with the consent in writing of that other person, or where he has died, his personal representatives.

(2) Where—

- (a) a power conferred by subsection (2) of section 43A above is exercised in consequence of an assessment made on a person, and
- (b) the exercise of the power increases the liability to tax of another person, that section shall not apply by reason of any assessment made because of that increased liability.
- (3) In any case where—
 - (a) one or more relevant claims, elections, applications or notices are made, given, revoked or varied by virtue of the application of section 43A above in the case of an assessment, and
 - (b) the total of the reductions in liability to tax which, apart from this subsection, would result from the action mentioned in paragraph (a) above would exceed the additional liability to tax resulting from the assessment,

the excess shall not be available to reduce any liability to tax.

- (4) Where subsection (3) above has the effect of limiting either the reduction in a person's liability to tax for more than one period or the reduction in the liability to tax of more than one person, the limited amount shall be apportioned between the periods or persons concerned—
 - (a) except where paragraph (b) below applies, in such manner as may be specified by the inspector by notice in writing to the person or persons concerned, or
 - (b) where the person concerned gives (or the persons concerned jointly give) notice in writing to the inspector within the relevant period, in such manner as may be specified in the notice given by the person or persons concerned.
- (5) For the purposes of paragraph (b) of subsection (4) above the relevant period is the period of 30 days beginning with the day on which a notice under paragraph (a) of that subsection is given to the person concerned or, where more than one person is concerned, the latest date on which such notice is given to any of them.]

Textual Amendments

F319 Ss. 43A, 43B inserted (with effect in relation to any assessment notice which is issued on or after 27 July 1989) by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 150

PART V U.K.

APPEALS AND OTHER PROCEEDINGS

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C120 Pt. 5 applied (30.1.1992) by Income Tax (Building Societies) (Audit Powers) Regulations 1992 (S.I. 1992/10), reg. 10(3) (revoked (31.10.2008) by S.I. 2008/2682, Sch. 3)
 Pt. 5 applied (30.1.1992) by The Income Tax (Deposit-takers) (Audit Powers) Regulations 1992 (S.I. 1992/12), reg. 10(3) (revoked (31.10.2008) by S.I. 2008/2682, Sch. 3)
- C121 Pt. 5 applied (with modifications) (N.I.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits (Northern Ireland) Act 1992 (c. 7), ss. 15(3), 173(4), Sch. 2 para.8 (with s. 108(5))
- C122 Pt. 5 applied (with modifications) (6.4.1993) by The Income Tax (Sub-contractors in the Construction Industry) Regulations 1993 (S.I. 1993/743), reg. 14(2)(4) (revoked (6.4.2007) by S.I. 2005/2045, Sch. 2)

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C123 Pt. 5 applied (1.10.1993) by The Income Tax (Manufactured Overseas Dividends) Regulations 1993 (S.I. 1993/2004), reg. 11(10)
C124 Pt. 5 applied by Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 248(3)
Pt. 5 applied (1.10.1982) by The Income Tax (Interest Relief) Regulations 1982 (S.I. 1982/1236), reg. 14(5)
Pt. 5 applied (26.10.1987) by The Occupational Pension Schemes (Additional Voluntary Contributions) Regulations 1987 (S.I. 1987/1749), reg. 9(5)
Pt. 5 applied (29.10.1987) by The Personal Pension Schemes (Provisional Approval) Regulations 1987 (S.I. 1987/1765), reg. 6(4)
Pt. 5 applied (1.7.1988) by The Personal Pension Schemes (Relief at Source) Regulations 1988 (S.I. 1988/1013), reg. 11(5)
Pt. 5 applied (9.1.1990) by The Private Medical Insurance (Tax Relief) Regulations 1989 (S.I. 1989/2387), regs. 14, 17
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Jurisdiction

44 General Commissioners. U.K.

(1) Proceedings before the General Commissioners under the Taxes Acts shall, subject to the provisions of this section, be brought before the General Commissioners for the division in which the place given by the rules in Schedule 3 to this Act is situated.

F320(1A)															
F320(1B)															
[F321(2)]															

- (a) the parties to any proceedings under the Taxes Acts which are to be heard by any General Commissioners have agreed, whether before or after the institution of the proceedings, that the proceedings shall be brought before the General Commissioners for a division specified in the agreement; and
- (b) in the case of an agreement made before the time of the institution of the proceedings, neither party has determined that agreement by a notice served on the other party before that time,

the proceedings shall be brought before the General Commissioners for the division so specified, notwithstanding the said rules $^{F322}...$.]

- (3) In any case in which proceedings under the Taxes Acts may be brought at the election of any person before the Special Commissioners instead of before the General Commissioners, the Commissioners before whom the proceedings are to be brought or have been brought may, if they think fit, on an application made by the parties, arrange with the other Commissioners concerned for the transfer of the proceedings to those other Commissioners; and the proceedings may be so transferred notwithstanding that the election has been exercised, or that the time for exercising the election has expired without its being exercised.
- [F323(3A)] Where in any case (including one in which proceedings may be brought as mentioned in subsection (3) above)—
 - (a) an appeal has been brought before the General Commissioners: and
 - (b) those Commissioners consider that, because of the complexity of the appeal or the length of time likely to be required for hearing it, the appeal should be brought before the Special Commissioners;

- the General Commissioners may, with the agreement of the Special Commissioners, and having considered any representations made to them by the parties, arrange for the transfer of the proceedings to the Special Commissioners.]
- (4) No determination of any Ge+neral Commissioners under the Taxes Acts shall be questioned, whether by a case stated under section 56 of this Act or otherwise, on the ground that this section did not authorise those General Commissioners to make the determination, except by a party by whom or on whose behalf an objection to the jurisdiction was made to those General Commissioners before or in the course of the proceedings leading to the determination.
- (5) Anything to be done by the General Commissioners may, save as otherwise expressly provided by the Taxes Acts [F324 or by regulations under section 46A of this Act], be done by any two or more General Commissioners.

Textual Amendments

- F320 S. 44(1A)(1B) repealed (with effect in accordance with Sch. 22 para. 12 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 41 Pt. 5(12)
- F321 Finance Act 1988 (c. 39), s. 133(2)(3) in relation to proceedings instituted on or after 29 July 1988
- F322 Words in s. 44(2) repealed (with effect in accordance with Sch. 22 para. 12 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 41 Pt. 5(12)
- F323 Finance Act 1984 (c. 43), s. 127, Sch. 22 para.5 on and after 1 January 1985; S.I. 1984/1836 (C. 45)
- **F324** Words in s. 44(5) inserted (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), **Sch. 1 para. 3**

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C125 S. 44(2) applied (6.4.1993) by S.I. 1993/744, reg. 11(4)

C126 See—Finance Act 1988 (c. 39), s. 134(7)—General Commissioners for Northern Ireland. Income Tax (Employment) Regs. 1973 (S.I. 1973/334), reg. 48(3)—appeal against assessment under Sch. E.

45 Quorum of Special Commissioners. U.K.

- (1) Anything to be done under any Act (including, except where otherwise expressly provided, any Act passed after this Act) by, to or before the Special Commissioners [F325] shall, except in any case where the Presiding Special Commissioner directs otherwise] be done by, to or before a single Special Commissioner, F326...; F327...
- [F328(1A) Nothing in this section applies in relation to proceedings as defined in regulation 2 of the Special Commissioners Regulations but, subject to that, this section applies not only for the purposes of the Taxes Acts but also for the purposes of any other affairs under the care and management of the Board.]

F329	(2)																

(3) Proceedings brought[F330, in accordance with a direction of the Presiding Special Commissioner] before two or more Special Commissioners may be continued and determined by any one or more of them if the parties to the proceedings have given their consent, and if the continuing Special Commissioner or Commissioners, after such consultation as is practicable with any Special Commissioner retiring from the proceedings, is or are satisfied that to do so will avoid undue delay in the hearing of those or any other proceedings.

F329(4)																
F329(5)																
F329(6)																

Textual Amendments

- **F325** Finance Act 1984 (c. 43), s. 127, Sch. 22 para. 2(2) on and after 1 January 1985; S.I. 1984/1836 (C.45).
- **F326** Repealed by Finance Act 1984 (c. 43), ss. 127, 128(6), Sch. 22 para. 2(2), Sch. 23 Part XIII on and after 1 January 1985; S.I. 1984/1836 (C.45).
- F327 Words in s. 45(1) repealed (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), Sch. 1 para. 4(a), Sch. 2 Pt. I
- **F328** S. 45(1A) inserted (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), **Sch. 1 para.** 4(b)
- **F329** Repealed by Finance Act 1984 (c. 43), ss. 127, 128(6), Sch. 22 para. 2(4), Sch. 23 Part XIII on and after 1 January 1985; S.I. 1984/1836 (C.45).
- **F330** Finance Act 1984 (c. 43), s. 127, **Sch. 22 para. 2(3)** on and after 1 January 1985; S.I. 1984/1836 (C.45).

46 General and Special Commissioners. U.K.

- (1) A right to elect to bring an appeal or other proceedings under the Taxes Acts before the Special Commissioners instead of before the General Commissioners shall be exercised by notice combined (in the case of an appeal) with the notice of appeal, or by a separate notice in writing to the inspector or other officer of the Board within the time limited for bringing the proceedings, and if no such notice of election is given the appeal or other proceedings shall be brought before the General Commissioners.
- (2) Save as otherwise provided in the Taxes Acts [F331] or in regulations under section 56B of this Act] [F332] and in particular save as provided by section 29 of this Act], the determination of the General Commissioners or the Special Commissioners in any proceedings under the Taxes Acts shall be final and conclusive.

Textual Amendments

- **F331** Words in s. 46(2) inserted (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), **Sch. 1 para. 5**
- **F332** Words in s. 46(2) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), **Sch. 19 para. 16**; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C127 SeeFinance Act 1988 (c. 39) Sch. 5 para. 5(2)—appeal by underwriter's agent against inspector's determination.

[F33346A Regulations about jurisdiction. U.K.

- (1) The Lord Chancellor may, with the consent of the Lord Advocate, make regulations—
 - (a) providing for appeals or other proceedings under the Taxes Acts to be determined in certain circumstances by the Special Commissioners instead of the General Commissioners or by the General Commissioners instead of the Special Commissioners;
 - (b) providing for appeals or other proceedings under the Taxes Acts that would otherwise be determined by the General Commissioners for one division to be determined in certain circumstances by the General Commissioners for another division;
 - (c) as to the number of General Commissioners or Special Commissioners required or permitted to hear, or perform other functions in relation to, appeals or other proceedings under the Taxes Acts.
- (2) The regulations may—
 - (a) make different provision for different cases or different circumstances, and
 - (b) contain such supplementary, incidental, consequential and transitional provision as the Lord Chancellor thinks appropriate.
- (3) Provision made by virtue of subsection (1) or (2) above may include provision amending this or any other Act or any instrument made under an Act.
- (4) Regulations under this section shall be made by statutory instrument subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.]

Textual Amendments

F333 S. 46A inserted (16.7.1992) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48), s. 76, **Sch. 16 para.3**

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C128 S. 46A applied (with modifications) (16.7.1992) by Inheritance Act 1984 (c. 51), s. 225A(1) (which was inserted (16.7.1992) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48), s. 76, Sch. 16 para.8)

[F33446B Questions to be determined by Special Commissioners. U.K.

- (1) In so far as the question in dispute on an appeal to which this section applies is a question which under this section is to be determined by the Special Commissioners, the question shall be determined by them.
- (2) This section applies to—
 - (a) an appeal against an amendment under section 28A(2) or (4) of this Act of a self-assessment;
 - (b) an appeal against a decision contained in a notice under section 28A(4A) of this Act disallowing a claim or election in whole or in part;
 - (c) an appeal against an amendment under section 28B(3) or 30B(1) of this Act of a partnership statement;
 - (d) an appeal against an assessment to tax which is not a self-assessment;
 - (e) an appeal against an amendment under paragraph 7(3) of Schedule 1A to this Act of a claim or election made otherwise than by being included in a return;

(f) an appeal against a decision contained in a notice under paragraph 7(3A) of Schedule 1A to this Act disallowing in whole or in part a claim or election made otherwise than by being included in a return.

(3) Any question—

- (a) of the value of any shares or securities in a company resident in the United Kingdom, other than shares or securities quoted in The Stock Exchange Daily Official List, and
- (b) arising in relation to the taxation of chargeable gains (whether under capital gains tax or corporation tax) or in relation to a claim under the 1992 Act,

is a question to be determined by the Special Commissioners.

- (4) Any question as to the application of any of the following provisions of the principal Act is a question to be determined by the Special Commissioners—
 - (a) Chapter IA or IB of Part XV (settlements);
 - (b) Part XVI (administration of estates);
 - (c) sections 740 and 743(1) (liability in respect of transfer of assets abroad);
 - (d) section 747(4)(a) (liability in respect of controlled foreign company).
- (5) Any question as to the application of—
 - (a) section 830 of the principal Act, or
 - (b) section 276 of the 1992 Act,

(liability in relation to territorial sea and designated areas) is a question to be determined by the Special Commissioners.

Textual Amendments

F334 Ss. 46B, 46C, 46D substituted for s. 47 (with effect in accordance with Sch. 22 para. 12 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 22 para. 7

46C Jurisdiction of Special Commissioners over certain claims included in returns. U.K.

- (1) In so far as the question in dispute on an appeal to which this section applies concerns a claim made—
 - (a) to the Board, or
 - (b) under any of the provisions of the principal Act listed in subsection (3) below, the question shall be determined by the Special Commissioners.
- (2) This section applies to—
 - (a) an appeal against an amendment under section 28A(2) or (4) of this Act of a self-assessment;
 - (b) an appeal against an amendment under section 28B(3) or 30B(1) of this Act of a partnership statement.
- (3) The provisions of the principal Act mentioned in subsection (1) above are—
 - (a) section 121(1) and (2) (management expenses of owner of mineral rights);
 - (b) sections 459 and 460 (exemption for certain friendly societies);
 - (c) section 467 (exemption for certain trade unions and employers' associations);

- (d) sections 527, 534, 536 and 538 (reliefs in respect of royalties, copyright payments etc.);
- (e) Chapter I of Part XVIII.

Textual Amendments

F334 Ss. 46B, 46C, 46D substituted for s. 47 (with effect in accordance with Sch. 22 para. 12 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 22 para. 7

46D Questions to be determined by Lands Tribunal. U.K.

- (1) In so far as the question in dispute on an appeal to which this section applies—
 - (a) is a question of the value of any land or of a lease of land, and
 - (b) arises in relation to the taxation of chargeable gains (whether under capital gains tax or corporation tax) or in relation to a claim under the 1992 Act,

the question shall be determined by the relevant Lands Tribunal.

- (2) This section applies to—
 - (a) an appeal against an amendment under section 28A(2) or (4) of this Act of a self-assessment;
 - (b) an appeal against a decision contained in a notice under section 28A(4A) of this Act disallowing a claim or election in whole or in part;
 - (c) an appeal against an amendment under section 28B(3) or 30B(1) of this Act of a partnership statement;
 - (d) an appeal against an assessment to tax which is not a self-assessment;
 - (e) an appeal against an amendment under paragraph 7(3) of Schedule 1A to this Act of a claim or election made otherwise than by being included in a return;
 - (f) an appeal against a decision contained in a notice under paragraph 7(3A) of Schedule 1A to this Act disallowing in whole or in part a claim or election made otherwise than by being included in a return.
- (3) In this section "the relevant Lands Tribunal" means—
 - (a) in relation to land in England and Wales, the Lands Tribunal;
 - (b) in relation to land in Scotland, the Lands Tribunal for Scotland;
 - (c) in relation to land in Northern Ireland, the Lands Tribunal for Northern Ireland.]

Textual Amendments

F334 Ss. 46B, 46C, 46D substituted for s. 47 (with effect in accordance with Sch. 22 para. 12 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), **Sch. 22 para.** 7

F33447	Special jurisdiction relating to tax on chargeable gains.	U.K.

Textual Amendments

F334 Ss. 46B, 46C, 46D substituted for s. 47 (with effect in accordance with Sch. 22 para. 12 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 22 para. 7

F33547A.....U.K.

Textual Amendments

F335 S. 47A added by Development Land Tax Act 1976 (c. 24), Sch. 8 para. 13. Development Land Tax Act 1976 repealed by Finance Act 1985 (c. 54), s. 98(6), Sch.27 Part X.

[F33647B Special jurisdiction relating to Business Expansion Scheme. U.K.

If and so far as the question in dispute on any appeal against the refusal of relief under [F337] Chapter III of Part VII of the principal Act] (relief for investment in corporate trades), or against an assessment withdrawing any such relief, is a question of the value of an interest in land (within the meaning of [F337] Section 294(5) of that Act], it shall be determined—

- (a) if the land is in England and Wales, on a reference to the Lands Tribunal;
- (b) if the land is in Scotland, on a reference to the Lands Tribunal for Scotland; and
- (c) if the land is in Northern Ireland, on a reference to the Lands Tribunal for Northern Ireland.

Textual Amendments

F336 S. 47B inserted by Finance Act 1986 (c. 41), s. 40(3), Sch. 9 para. 22 in relation to shares issued at any time after 18 March 1986.

F337 Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 29 para. 32.

Proceedings before Commissioners

48 Application to appeals and other proceedings. U.K.

(1) In the following provisions of this Part of this Act, unless the context otherwise requires—

"appeal" means any appeal to the General Commissioners or to the Special Commissioners under the Taxes Acts,

"the Commissioners" means the General Commissioners or the Special Commissioners as the case may be.

- (2) The following provisions of this Part of this Act shall apply in relation to—
 - (a) appeals other than appeals against assessments, and
 - (b) proceedings which under the Taxes Acts are to be heard and determined in the same way as an appeal,

subject [F338to any necessary modifications, including (except in the case of applications under section 55 below) the omission of section 56(9) below].

Textual Amendments

F338 Finance (No.2) Act 1975 (c. 45), s. 45(4) in relation to notices issued after 31 July 1975.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C129 S. 48 applied by Finance Act 1981 (c. 35), s.134, Sch.17 para.18 (special tax on banking deposits).

C130 See Oil Taxation Act 1975 (c. 22), s.1, Sch.2 para.1(1), the Oil Taxation Acts, for modification regarding petroleum revenue tax and supplementary petroleum duty.

49 Proceedings brought out of time. U.K.

- (1) An appeal may be brought out of time if on an application for the purpose an inspector or the Board is satisfied that there was a reasonable excuse for not bringing the appeal within the time limited, and that the application was made thereafter without unreasonable delay, and gives consent in writing; and the inspector or the Board, if not satisfied, shall refer the application for determination by the Commissioners.
- (2) If there is a right to elect to bring the appeal before the Special Commissioners instead of before the General Commissioners, the Commissioners to whom an application under this section is to be referred shall be the General Commissioners unless the election has been exercised before the application is so referred.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C131 S. 49(1) applied (with modifications) by the Oil Taxation Act 1975 (c. 22), s. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(1) S. 49(1) applied by Finance Act 1981 (c. 35), s. 134, Sch. 17 para. 18 (special tax on banking deposits).

50 Procedure. U.K.

F339(1)																
F339(2)																
F339(3)																
F339(4)																
F339(5)																

- [F340(6) If, on an appeal, it appears to the majority of the Commissioners present at the hearing, by examination of the appellant on oath or affirmation, or by other F341... evidence—
 - (a) that, by reason of an amendment under section 28A(2) or (4) of this Act, the appellant is overcharged by a self-assessment;
 - (b) that, by reason of an amendment under section 28B(3) or 30B(1) of this Act, any amounts contained in a partnership statement are excessive; or
 - (c) that the appellant is overcharged by an assessment other than a self-assessment,

the assessment or amounts shall be reduced accordingly, but otherwise the assessment or statement shall stand good.

- (7) If, on an appeal, it appears to the Commissioners—
 - (a) that the appellant is undercharged to tax by a self-assessment which has been amended under section 28A(2) or (4) of this Act;
 - (b) that any amounts contained in a partnership statement which has been amended under section 28B(3) or 30B(1) of this Act are insufficient; or
 - (c) that the appellant is undercharged by an assessment other than a self-assessment,

the assessment or amounts shall be increased accordingly.]

- [F342(7A) If, on appeal, it appears to the Commissioners that a claim or election specified in a notice under section 28A(4A) of this Act should have been allowed or disallowed to an extent different from that specified in the notice, the claim or election shall be allowed or disallowed accordingly to the extent that appears to them appropriate, but otherwise the decision in the notice shall stand good.]
- [F343(8) Where, on an appeal against an assessment [F344(other than a self-assessment)] which—
 - (a) assesses an amount which is chargeable to tax, and
 - (b) charges tax on the amount assessed,

it appears to the Commissioners as mentioned in subsection (6) or (7) above, they may, unless the circumstances of the case otherwise require, reduce or, as the case may be, increase only the amount assessed; and where any appeal is so determined the tax charged by the assessment shall be taken to have been reduced or increased accordingly.]

[F345(9) Where any amounts contained in a partnership statement are reduced under subsection (6) above or increased under subsection (7) above, an officer of the Board shall by notice to the partners so amend their self-assessments under section 9 or 11AA of this Act as to give effect to the reductions or increases of those amounts.]

Textual Amendments

- **F339** S. 50(1)-(5) repealed (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), Sch. 1 para. 6(a), Sch. 2 Pt. I
- **F340** S. 50(6)(7) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), **Sch. 19 para. 17(1)**; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- **F341** Word in s. 50(6) repealed (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), Sch. 1 para. 6(b), Sch. 2 Pt. I
- **F342** S. 50(7A) inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), **Sch. 19 para. 7**
- **F343** Finance (No. 2) Act 1975 (c. 45), **s.67(2)**, in relation to all years except that judgments in any court given in proceedings commenced before 29 April 1975 are not to be affected.
- **F344** Words in s. 50(8) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), **Sch. 19 para. 17(2)**; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- **F345** S. 50(9) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), **Sch. 19 para. 17(3)**; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9)
PART V – APPEALS AND OTHER PROCEEDINGS
Document Generated: 2024-09-13

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/1997. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C132 See—Finance (No. 2) Act 1987 (c. 51), s. 84(6)—s. 50(6)-(8) not apply to assessments under Finance (No. 2) Act 1987 s. 84 in relation to penalties incurred under Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9) s. 94 after a day to be appointed.
- C133 S. 50 applied (with modifications) by the Oil Taxation Act 1975 (c. 22), s. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(1)
- C134 S. 50 applied (with modifications) by Finance Act 1981 (c. 35), s.134, Sch.17 para.18 (special tax on banking deposits).
- C135 S. 50(5) amended (E.W.) (1.1.1992) by S.I. 1991/2684, arts. 2, 4, Sch.1

Power of Commissioners to obtain information from appellant. U.K.

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Textual Amendments

F346 S. 51 repealed (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), Sch. 1 para. 7, Sch. 2 Pt. I

F347 52	Evidence.	U.K.

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Textual Amendments

F347 S. 52 repealed (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), Sch. 1 para. 7, Sch. 2 Pt. I

[F34853 Appeals against summary determination of penalties. U.K.

- (1) An appeal shall lie to the High Court or, in Scotland, the Court of Session as the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, against the summary determination by the Commissioners of any penalty pursuant to regulations under section 56B of this Act.
- (2) On any such appeal the court may either confirm or reverse the determination of the Commissioners or reduce or increase the sum determined.]

Textual Amendments

F348 S. 53 substituted (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), **Sch. 1 para. 8**

54 Settling of appeals by agreement. U.K.

(1) Subject to the provisions of this section, where a person gives notice of appeal and, before the appeal is determined by the Commissioners, the inspector or other proper officer of the Crown and the appellant come to an agreement, whether in writing or

otherwise, that the assessment or decision under appeal should be treated as upheld without variation, or as varied in a particular manner or as discharged or cancelled, the like consequences shall ensue for all purposes as would have ensued if, at the time when the agreement was come to, the Commissioners had determined the appeal and had upheld the assessment or decision without variation, had varied it in that manner or had discharged or cancelled it, as the case may be.

- (2) Subsection (1) of this section shall not apply where, within thirty days from the date when the agreement was come to, the appellant gives notice in writing to the inspector or other proper officer of the Crown that he desires to repudiate or resile from the agreement.
- (3) Where an agreement is not in writing—
 - (a) the preceding provisions of this section shall not apply unless the fact that an agreement was come to, and the terms agreed, are confirmed by notice in writing given by the inspector or other proper officer of the Crown to the appellant or by the appellant to the inspector or other proper officer; and
 - (b) the references in the said preceding provisions to the time when the agreement was come to shall be construed as references to the time of the giving of the said notice of confirmation.

(4) Where—

- (a) a person who has given a notice of appeal notifies the inspector or other proper officer of the Crown, whether orally or in writing, that he desires not to proceed with the appeal; and
- (b) thirty days have elapsed since the giving of the notification without the inspector or other proper officer giving to the appellant notice in writing indicating that he is unwilling that the appeal should be treated as withdrawn,

the preceding provisions of this section shall have effect as if, at the date of the appellant's notification, the appellant and the inspector or other proper officer had come to an agreement, orally or in writing, as the case may be, that the assessment or decision under appeal should be upheld without variation.

(5) The references in this section to an agreement being come to with an appellant and the giving of notice or notification to or by an appellant include references to an agreement being come to with, and the giving of notice or notification to or by, a person acting on behalf of the appellant in relation to the appeal.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C136 See—Finance Act 1981 (c. 35), s.134, Sch.17 para.18—application of this section to the special tax on banking deposits. Finance Act 1982(c. 39), s.156, Sch.21 para.4(1)—application of s.54 to the tribunal under Finance Act 1970 s.463 in relation to functions transferred by s.156. Finance (No. 2) Act 1987 (c. 51), s. 84(7)—nothing in s. 55 applies to appeals against assessments under Finance (No. 2) Act 1987 s. 84. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 705(7)—agreement as to operation of s. 703 advance corporation tax taken into account in tax avoidance counteraction notice) requires agreement of all companies concerned.

[F34955 Recovery of tax not postponed. U.K.

[F350(1) This section applies to an appeal to the Commissioners against—

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Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/1997. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (a) an amendment made under section 28A(2) or (4) of this Act of a self-assessment,
- [F351(b)] an assessment to tax made otherwise than under section 9 of this Act,]
 - (c) an assessment to income tax made under Schedule 16 to the principal Act (income tax on company payments) other than an assessment charging tax the time for the payment of which is given by paragraph 4(1) or 9 of that Schedule, or
 - (d) a notice under subsection (1) or (3) of section 753 of that Act where, before the appeal is determined, the appellant is assessed to tax under section 747(4) (a) of that Act by reference to an amount of chargeable profits specified in that notice.]
- (2) [F352 Except as otherwise provided by the following provisions of this section], the tax charged by the [F353 amendment or assessment] shall be due and payable as if [F354 there had been no appeal.]
- (3) If the appellant has grounds for believing that he is overcharged to tax by the [F353] amendment or assessment], he may, by notice in writing given to the inspector within thirty days after the date of the issue of the notice of [F353] amendment or assessment], apply to the Commissioners for a determination of the amount of tax the payment of which should be postponed pending the determination of the appeal.
 - A notice of application under this subsection shall state the amount in which the appellant believes that he is overcharged to tax and his grounds for that belief.
- [An application under subsection (3) above may be made more than thirty days after F355(3A) the date of the issue of the notice of [F353] amendment or assessment] if there is a change in the circumstances of the case as a result of which the appellant has grounds for believing that he is over-charged to tax by the [F353] amendment or assessment].]
 - (4) If, after any determination of the amount of tax the payment of which should be so postponed, there is a change in the circumstances of the case as a result of which either party has grounds for believing that the amount so determined has become excessive or, as the case may be, insufficient, he may, by notice in writing given to the other party at any time before the determination of the appeal, apply to the Commissioners for a further determination of that amount.
 - A notice of application under this subsection shall state the amount in which the applicant believes that the amount previously determined has become excessive or, as the case may be, insufficient and his grounds for that belief.
 - (5) An application under subsection (3) or (4) above shall be heard and determined in the same way as the appeal; and where any such application is heard and determined by any Commissioners, that shall not preclude them from hearing and determining the appeal or any application or further application under subsection (4) above.
 - (6) The amount of tax the payment of which shall be postponed pending the determination of the appeal shall be the amount (if any) in which it appears to the Commissioners, having regard to the representations made and any F356... evidence adduced, that there are reasonable grounds for believing that the appellant is overcharged to tax; and—
 - [in the case of a determination made on an application under subsection (3) above, other than an application made by virtue of subsection (3A) above, the date on which any tax the payment of which is not so postponed is due and payable shall be determined as if the tax were charged by an [F353] amendment

- or assessment] notice of which was issued on the date of that determination and against which there had been no appeal; and
- (b) in the case of a determination made on an application under subsection (4) above—
 - (i) the date on which any tax the payment of which ceases to be so postponed is due and payable shall be determined as if the tax were charged by an [F353] amendment or assessment] notice of which was issued on the date of that determination and against which there had been no appeal; and
 - (ii) any tax overpaid shall be repaid.]

[Where an appeal is brought against an [F353] amendment or assessment] to tax under F358(6A) section 747(4)(a) of the principal Act as well as against a notice under section 753(1) or (3) of that Act—

- (a) an application under subsection (3) above may relate to matters arising on both appeals and, in determining the amount of tax the payment of which should be postponed, the Commissioners shall consider the matters so arising together, and
- (b) if the Commissioners have determined the amount of tax the payment of which should be postponed solely in relation to one of the appeals, the bringing of the other appeal shall be taken to be a change of circumstances falling within subsection (4) above; and
- (c) any reference in this section to the determination of the appeal shall be construed as a reference to the determination of the two appeals, but the determination of one before the other shall be taken to be a change of circumstances falling within subsection (4) above.]
- (7) If the appellant and [F359] an inspector] come to an agreement, whether in writing or otherwise, as to the amount of tax the payment of which should be postponed pending the determination of the appeal, the like consequences shall ensue as would have ensued if the Commissioners had made a determination to that effect under subsection (6) above on the date when the agreement was come to, but without prejudice to the making of a further agreement or of a further determination under that subsection.
- (8) Where an agreement is not in writing—
 - (a) subsection (7) above shall not apply unless that fact that an agreement was come to, and the terms agreed, are confirmed by notice in writing given by the inspector to the appellant or by the appellant to the inspector, and
 - (b) the reference in that subsection to the time when the agreement was come to shall be construed as a reference to the time of the giving of the notice of confirmation.

On the determination of the appeal—

- (a) the date on which any tax payable in accordance with that determination is due and payable shall, so far as it is tax the payment of which had been postponed, or which would not have been charged by the [F353] amendment or assessment] if there had been no appeal, be determined as if the tax were charged by an [F353] amendment or assessment]—
 - (i) notice of which was issued on the date on which the inspector issues to the appellant a notice of the total amount payable in accordance with the determination, and

- (ii) against which there had been no appeal; and
- (b) any tax overpaid shall be repaid.]
- (10) In [F361] subsection (3) above] "inspector" means the inspector or other officer of the Board by whom the notice of [F353] amendment or assessment] was issued; and references in this section to an agreement being come to with an appellant and the giving of notice to or by an appellant include references to an agreement being come to with, and the giving of notice to or by, a person acting on behalf of the appellant in relation to the appeal.
- (11) F362... the transfer of proceedings under this Act [F363 or under regulations made pursuant to section 46A of this Act] from one body of Commissioners to another body of Commissioners shall not affect the validity of a determination under subsection (6) above.]

Textual Amendments

- **F349** S. 55 substituted by Finance (No.2) Act 1975 (c. 45), **s. 45(1)** in relation to appeals against assessments notices of which were issued after31July1975.
- **F350** S. 55(1) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 19 para. 18(1); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- F351 S. 55(1)(b) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 18 para. 17 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 18 para. 1
- F352 Finance Act 1982 (c. 39), s.68(1) in relation to notices of assessment issued after 30 July 1982
- **F353** Words in s. 55 substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 19 para. 18(2); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- F354 Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 156(2)(a) for tax charged by any assessment notice of which is issued after 30 July 1982
- F355 Finance Act 1982 (c. 39), s.68(2)(3) in relation to notices of assessment issued after 30 July 1982
- **F356** Word in s. 55(6) repealed (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), Sch. 1 para. 9(a), Sch. 2 Pt. I
- F357 Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 156(2) in relation to tax charged by any assessment notice of which is issued after 30 July 1982
- F358 Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 29 para. 8(2).
- F359 Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), s. 104(2)(a), (4) where notice of appeal given on or after 26 July 1990
- **F360** Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 156(2)(c) in relation to tax charged by any assessment notice of which is issued after 30 July 1982
- **F361** Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), **s. 104(2)(b)** (4) where notice of appeal given on or after 26 July 1990
- **F362** Repealed by Finance Act 1984 (c. 43), s.128(6), **Sch.23 Part XIII** on and after 1 January 1985; S.I. 1984/1836 (C. 45).
- **F363** Words in s. 55(11) inserted (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), **Sch. 1 para. 9(b)**

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C137 S. 55 modified (27.7.1993) by 1993 c. 34, s. 173, Sch. 19 Pt. I para. 7(2)(a)
- C138 See Finance Act 1988 (c. 39), Sch. 5 para. 6 for modification to s. 55 in connection with underwriters; and para. 8(2) (effects of determinations).
- C139 S. 55(3)(4) modified by Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 10(5) S. 55(3)(4) restricted by Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 306(8)
- C140 S. 55 modified by Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 27 para. 19(3)

56	Statement of case for opinion of the High Court. U.K.
	$^{\mathbf{F364}}(1) \dots \dots \dots$
	F365(2)
	(3) [F366]Where a party to an appeal requires the Commissioners to state and sign a case under regulation 20(1) of the General Commissioners Regulations, he] shall pay to the clerk to the Commissioners a fee of [F367]£25] for and in respect of the same, before he is entitled to have the case stated.
	F368(4)
	F369(5)

- (6) The High Court shall hear and determine any question or questions of law [F370 arising on a case stated and transmitted to the High Court under regulation 22 of the General Commissioners Regulations], and shall reverse, affirm or amend the determination in respect of which the case has been stated, or shall remit the matter to the Commissioners with the opinion of the Court thereon, or may make such other order in relation to the matter as to the Court may seem fit.
- (7) The High Court may cause the case to be sent back for amendment, and thereupon the case shall be amended accordingly, and judgment shall be delivered after it has been amended.
- (8) An appeal shall lie from the decision of the High Court to the Court of Appeal and thence to the House of Lords:

Provided that—

- (a) no appeal shall lie to the House of Lords from the Court of Appeal unless leave has been given under and in accordance with section 1 of the Administration of Justice (Appeals) Act 1934, and
- (b) this subsection has effect subject to Part II of the Administration of Justice Act 1969 (appeal from High Court to House of Lords).
- (9) [F371]Where a party to an appeal against an assessment has required a case to be stated under regulation 20(1) of the General Commissioners Regulations, then notwithstanding that the case] has been required to be stated or is pending before the High Court, tax shall be paid in accordance with the determination of the Commissioners who have been required to state the case:

Provided that, if the [F372] amount charged by] the assessment is altered by the order or judgment of the High Court, then—

- (a) if too much tax has been paid the amount overpaid shall be refunded with such interest, if any, as the High Court may allow; or
- [F373(b)] if too little tax has been charged, the amount undercharged shall be due and payable at the expiration of a period of thirty days beginning with the date on which the inspector F374... issues to the other party a notice of the total amount payable in accordance with the order or judgment of that Court].
- (10) All matters within the jurisdiction of the High Court under this section shall be assigned in Scotland to the Court of Session sitting as the Court of Exchequer, and an appeal shall lie from the decision under this section of the Court of Session, as the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, to the House of Lords.

(11) This section has effect in Northern Ireland subject to section 58 below.

Textual Amendments

- **F364** S. 56(1) repealed (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), Sch. 1 para. 10(a), **Sch. 2 Pt. I**
- **F365** S. 56(2) repealed (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), Sch. 1 para. 10(a), **Sch. 2 Pt. I**
- **F366** Words in s. 56(3) substituted (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), Sch. 1 para. 10(b)
- F367 Finance Act 1984 s.127andSch.22 para.6on and after1January1985by virtue of S.I. 1984 No. 1836 (C.45).Previously "£1".
- **F368** S. 56(4) repealed (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), Sch. 1 para. 10(a), Sch. 2 Pt. I
- **F369** S. 56(5) repealed (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), Sch. 1 para. 10(a), Sch. 2 Pt. I
- **F370** Words in s. 56(6) substituted (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), Sch. 1 para. 10(c)
- F371 Words in s. 56(9) substituted (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), Sch. 1 para. 10(d)
- **F372** Finance Act 1989 s. 156(3)in relation to tax charged by any assessment notice of which is issued after 30 July 1982. Previously "amount of".
- **F373** Finance (No.2) Act 1975 s.45(3)in relation to appeals against assessments of which notices were issued after 31 July 1975.
- **F374** Words relating to development land tax added by Development Land Tax Act 1976 Sch.8 para.15. Development Land Tax Act 1976repealed by Finance Act 1985 s.98(6)and Sch.27 Part X.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C141 S. 56 applied (6.4.1990) by The Lloyd's Underwriters (Tax) (1987—88) Regulations 1990 (S.I. 1990/627), regs. 1, 9
 S. 56 applied (19.4.1991) by The Lloyd's Underwriters (Tax) (1988–89) Regulations 1991 (S.I. 1991/851), regs. 1, 7(4)
- **C142** S. 56 applied (28.3.1992) by The Lloyd's Underwriters (Tax) (1989—90) Regulations 1992 (S.I. 1992/511), **reg. 7(4)**
- **C143** S. 56 applied (6.4.1993) by The Income Tax (Employments) Regulations 1993 (S.I. 1993/744), **reg. 11(6)** (revoked (6.4.2004) by S.I. 2003/2682, **Sch. 2**)
- C144 See S.I. 1987 No. 1422 for modification in the case of referral direct to Court of Appeal.
- C145 SeeFinance (No.2) Act 1975 s.47(8) and s.48(7) repayment supplement not payable where Court may allow interest.
- C146 S. 56 applied (with modifications) by the Oil Taxation Act 1975 (c. 22), s. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(1) S. 56 applied by Finance Act 1981 (c. 35), s. 134, Sch. 17 para. 18 (special tax on banking deposits).

[F375 56AAppeals from the Special Commissioners. U.K.

- (1) If, in the case of any appeal to the Special Commissioners, the appellant or the inspector or other officer of the Board is dissatisfied in point of law—
 - (a) with a decision in principle given under regulation 18 of the Special Commissioners Regulations;
 - (b) with the decision finally determining the appeal; or
 - (c) with a decision under regulation 19 of those Regulations varying a decision such as is mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b) above or substituting for it a new decision,

he may appeal against that decision to the High Court.

- (2) A party to any appeal in England and Wales who under subsection (1) above has the right to appeal against any decision to the High Court may instead appeal directly to the Court of Appeal if—
 - (a) all the parties to the appeal consent;
 - (b) the Special Commissioners certify that the decision involves a point of law relating wholly or mainly to the construction of an enactment which was fully argued before them and fully considered by them; and
 - (c) the leave of the Court of Appeal has been obtained.
- (3) Where a decision in principle or a decision finally determining an appeal is set aside or varied under regulation 19 of the Special Commissioners Regulations, an appeal against that decision under subsection (1) or (2) above that has not yet been determined shall be treated as withdrawn at the time the decision is set aside or varied.
- (4) The High Court or, as the case may be, the Court of Appeal shall hear and determine any question of law arising on an appeal under subsection (1) or (2) above and may reverse, affirm or vary the decision appealed against, or remit the matter to the Special Commissioners with the Court's opinion on it, or make such other order in relation to the matter as the Court thinks fit.
- (5) Subject to subsection (7) below and to Part II of the Administration of Justice Act 1969 (appeal from High Court to House of Lords), an appeal shall lie to the Court of Appeal and thence to the House of Lords from the decision of the High Court on an appeal in England and Wales under subsection (1) above.
- (6) Subject to subsection (7) below, an appeal shall lie to the House of Lords from the decision of the Court of Appeal on an appeal under subsection (2) above.
- (7) An appeal shall not lie to the House of Lords from the Court of Appeal unless leave has been given under and in accordance with section 1 of the Administration of Justice (Appeals) Act 1934.
- (8) Where the decision appealed against under subsection (1) or (2) above is a decision on an appeal against an assessment, then notwithstanding that the appeal under that subsection is pending, tax shall be paid in accordance with the determination of the Special Commissioners who made that decision.
- (9) If in such a case the amount charged by the assessment is altered by the order or judgment of the High Court or, as the case may be, the Court of Appeal, then—
 - (a) if too much tax has been paid the amount overpaid shall be refunded with such interest, if any, as the High Court or, as the case may be, the Court of Appeal may allow; or

- (b) if too little tax has been charged, the amount undercharged shall be due and payable at the expiration of a period of thirty days beginning with the date on which the inspector issues to the other party a notice of the total amount payable in accordance with the order or judgment of the High Court or, as the case may be, the Court of Appeal.
- (10) All matters within the jurisdiction of the High Court under this section shall be assigned in Scotland to the Court of Session sitting as the Court of Exchequer (references in this section to the High Court being construed accordingly); and an appeal shall lie from the decision under this section of the Court of Session, as the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, to the House of Lords.
- (11) This section has effect in Northern Ireland subject to section 58 below.]

Textual Amendments

F375 S. 56A substituted (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), Sch. 1 para. 11

[F37656B Regulations about practice and procedure. U.K.

- (1) The Lord Chancellor may, with the consent of the Lord Advocate, make regulations about the practice and procedure to be followed in connection with appeals.
- (2) The regulations may in particular include provision—
 - (a) enabling the Commissioners to join as a party to an appeal a person who would not otherwise be a party;
 - (b) for requiring any party to an appeal to provide information and make documents available for inspection by [F377] specified persons];
 - (c) for requiring persons to attend the hearing of an appeal to give evidence and produce documents;
 - (d) as to evidence generally in relation to appeals;
 - (e) enabling the Commissioners to review their decisions;
 - (f) for the imposition of penalties not exceeding an amount specified in the regulations;
 - (g) for the determination and recovery of penalties (imposed by virtue of paragraph (f) above or any other enactment) and for appeals against penalties.

[In subsection (2)(b) above "specified persons" means such of the following as may $^{\rm F378}(2A)$ be specified in the regulations—

- (a) the Commissioners;
- (b) any party to the appeal;
- (c) officers of the Board.]
- (3) The regulations may also include provision—
 - (a) authorising or requiring the Commissioners, in circumstances prescribed in the regulations, to state a case for the opinion of a court;
 - (b) for an appeal to lie to a court on a question of law arising from a decision of the Commissioners;

- (c) as to the practice and procedure to be followed in connection with cases so stated or such appeals.
- (4) The regulations may—
 - (a) make different provision for different cases or different circumstances, and
 - (b) contain such supplementary, incidental, consequential and transitional provision as the Lord Chancellor thinks appropriate.
- (5) Provision made by virtue of any of subsections (1) to (4) above may include provision amending this or any other Act or any instrument made under an Act.
- (6) Regulations under this section shall be made by statutory instrument subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.]

Textual Amendments

F376 Ss. 56B-56D inserted (16.7.1992) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48), s. 76, **Sch. 16 para.4 F377** Words in s. 56B(2)(b) substituted (3.5.1994) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), **s. 254(2) F378** S. 56B(2A) inserted (3.5.1994) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), **s. 254(3)**

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C147 Ss. 56B-56D applied (16.7.1992) by Inheritance Tax Act 1984 (c. 51), s. 225A(2) (which was inserted (16.7.1992) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48), s. 76, Sch. 16 para.8)

[F37656C Power of Special Commissioners to order costs. U.K.

- (1) Regulations made under section 56B above may include provision for—
 - (a) the award by the Special Commissioners of the costs of, or incidental to, appeal hearings before them,
 - (b) the recovery of costs so awarded, and
 - (c) appeals against such awards.
- (2) Any provision made by virtue of subsection (1)(a) above shall provide that the Special Commissioners shall not award costs against a party to an appeal unless they consider that he has acted wholly unreasonably in connection with the hearing in question.]

Textual Amendments

F376 Ss. 56B-56D inserted (16.7.1992) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48), s. 76, Sch. 16 para.4

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C148 Ss. 56B-56D applied (16.7.1992) by Inheritance Tax Act 1984 (c. 51), s. 225A(2) (which was inserted (16.7.1992) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48), s. 76, Sch. 16 para. 8).

[F37656D Power of Special Commissioners to publish reports of decisions. U.K.

(1) Regulations made under section 56B above may include provision for the Special Commissioners to publish reports of such of their decisions as they consider appropriate.

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Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/1997. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (2) Any provision made by virtue of subsection (1) above shall provide that any report published, other than a report of an appeal that was heard in public, shall be in a form that so far as possible prevents the identification of any person whose affairs are dealt with in the report.
- (3) No obligation of secrecy to which the Special Commissioners are subject (by virtue of this Act or otherwise) shall prevent their publishing reports of their decisions in accordance with any provision made by virtue of subsection (1) above.]

Textual Amendments

F376 Ss. 56B-56D inserted (16.7.1992) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48), s. 76, Sch. 16 para.4

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C149 Ss. 56B-56D applied (16.7.1992) by Inheritance Tax Act 1984 (c. 51), s. 225A(2) (which was inserted (16.7.1992) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48), s. 76, Sch. 16 para. 8).

Chargeable gains

77 Regulations about appeals. U.K.

- (1) The Board may make regulations—
 - (a) as respects the conduct of appeals against assessments and decisions on claims under the [F379] 1992 Act],
 - (b) entitling persons, in addition to those who would be so entitled apart from the regulations, to appear on such appeals,
 - (c) regulating the time within which such appeals or claims may be brought or made,
 - (d) where the market value of an asset on a particular date, or an apportionment or any other matter, may affect the liability to capital gains tax of two or more persons, enabling any such person to have the matter determined by the tribunal having jurisdiction to determine that matter if arising on an appeal against an assessment, and prescribing a procedure by which the matter is not determined differently on different occasions,
 - (e) authorising an inspector or other officer of the Board, notwithstanding the obligation as to secrecy imposed by virtue of this or any other Act, to disclose to a person entitled to appear on such an appeal the market value of an asset as determined by an assessment or decision on a claim, or to disclose to a person whose liability to tax may be affected by the determination of the market value of an asset on a particular date, or an apportionment or any other matter, any decision on the matter made by an inspector or other officer of the Board.

$^{\text{F380}}(2) \dots \dots$		
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- (3) Regulations under this section may contain such supplemental and incidental provisions as appear to the Board to be expedient including in particular—
 - (a) provisions as to the choice of the Commissioners, whether a body of General Commissioners or the Special Commissioners, to hear the appeal where, in addition to the appellant against an assessment, or the claimant in the case of an appeal against the decision on a claim, and in addition to the inspector or

- other officer of the Board, some other person is entitled to be a party to the appeal, and
- (b) provisions corresponding to [F381] section 151 of the Capital Allowances Act] (procedure on apportionments where more than one body of General Commissioners has jurisdiction), and
- (c) provisions authorising the giving of conditional decisions where, under [F382] section 46B, 46C or 46D] of this Act, F383... questions on an appeal against an assessment or a decision on a claim may go partly to one tribunal and partly to another.
- (4) Regulations under this section—
 - (a) shall be made by statutory instrument subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of the House of Commons, and
 - (b) shall have effect notwithstanding anything in this Act.

Textual Amendments

- **F379** Words in s. 57(1)(a) substituted (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the substituting Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 10 para. 2(2)** (with ss. 60, 101(1), 171, 201(3)).
- **F380** Repealed, as regards disposals after 22 July 1970, by Finance Act 1971 ss.55 and 69(7) and Sch.14, Part III, subject to Finance Act 1971, s.55 and Sch.9.
- **F381** Capital Allowances Act 1990 (c. 1) s. 164*and* Sch. 1 para. 1(1).*Previously* "section 81 of the Capital Allowances Act 1968".
- F382 Words in s. 57(3)(c) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 22 para. 12 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 22 para. 8
- F383 Words omitted repealed (for 1979-80 et seq.) by Capital Gains Tax Act 1979 (c. 14), s. 158, Sch. 8

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C150 S. 57(1)(d) modified by Finance Act 1974 (c. 30), s. 47, Sch.10 para. 5(5)

^{F384} 57A	U.K.
3711	0.11.

Textual Amendments

F384 S. 57A added by Development Land Tax Act 1976 (c. 24), **Sch. 8 para. 16**. Development Land Tax Act 1976 repealed by Finance Act 1985 s.98(6), Sch. 27 Pt. X.

F38557B	 	 	 	 	 	 U.K.

Textual Amendments

F385 S. 57B repealed and superseded (16.7.1992) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48), ss. 76, 82, Sch. 16 paras. 4, 5, **Sch. 18 Pt.IX**

Northern Ireland

58	Proceedings in tax cases in I	Northern Ireland.	U.K.
F386(1	1)	_	

- [F387] (2) A case which is stated by the General Commissioners under regulation 22 of the General Commissioners Regulations in proceedings in Northern Ireland shall be a case for the opinion of the Court of Appeal in Northern Ireland, and the Taxes Acts shall have effect as if section 56 of this Act applied in relation to such proceedings—
 - (a) with the substitution for references to the High Court of references to the Court of Appeal in Northern Ireland, and
 - (b) with the omission of subsection (8) of that section,

and the procedure relating to the hearing and determination of the case by the Court of Appeal in Northern Ireland shall be that for the time being in force in Northern Ireland as respects cases stated by a county court in the exercise of its general jurisdiction.]

F388	(2A)	١.																															
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- [F389(2B) The Taxes Acts shall have effect as if section 56A of this Act applied in relation to any appeal to the Special Commissioners constituting proceedings in Northern Ireland—
 - (a) with the substitution for references to the High Court of references to the Court of Appeal in Northern Ireland, and
 - (b) with the omission of subsections (2) and (5) to (7).
 - (2C) An appeal shall lie to the House of Lords in accordance with section 42 of the Judicature (Northern Ireland) Act 1978 from a decision of the Court of Appeal in Northern Ireland on a case stated under regulation 22 of the General Commissioners Regulations or on an appeal under section 56A of this Act.]
 - [F390(3) For the purposes of this section—
 - (a) "proceedings in Northern Ireland" means proceedings as respects which the place given by the rules in Schedule 3 to this Act is in Northern Ireland;
 - (b) proceedings under section 102, 113(5), 260(3), 281(4) 343(10) or 783(9) of the principal Act (or the corresponding enactments repealed by that Act), section 11 of or paragraph 22 of Schedule 7 to the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1970 or [F39] section 151 of the Capital Allowances Act 1990] (proceedings to which more than one taxpayer is a party) shall be proceedings in Northern Ireland if the place given by the rules in Schedule 3 to this Act in relation to each of the parties concerned in the proceedings is in Northern Ireland.

and sections 21 and 22 of the Interpretation Act (Northern Ireland) 1954 shall apply as if references in those provisions to any enactment included a reference to this section.]

¹³⁹² (4)	
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Textual Amendments

- **F386** Repealed by Finance Act 1988 (c. 39), ss. 134(2), 148, Sch. 14 Part IX from 3 April 1989; S.I. 1989/473.
- **F387** S. 58(2) substituted (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), **Sch. 1 para.** 12(a)

- **F388** S. 58(2A) omitted (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by virtue of The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), **Sch. 1 para. 12(b)**
- **F389** S. 58(2B)(2C) inserted (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), **Sch. 1** para. 12(b)
- F390 Finance Act 1988 (c. 39), s. 135 from 3 April 1989; S.I. 1989/473 (and see Finance Act 1988 (c. 39), s. 134).
- F391 Capital Allowances Act 1990 (c. 1) s. 164, Sch. 1 para. 1(1).
- **F392** S. 85(4) repealed by Finance Act 1988 (c. 39), s. 148, **Sch. 14 Part IX** from 3 April 1989; S.I. 1989/473

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C151 SeeOil Taxation Act 1975 s.1andSch.2 para.1(1)—theOil Taxation Acts—for modification regarding petroleum revenue tax and supplementary petroleum duty.
- C152 See Income Tax (Employments) Regs. 1973 (S.I. 1973 No.334) reg. 10(3)(4)—appeal against coding and reg. 48(3)—appeal against assessment under Sch. E.

F393 5 9	Election for county court in Northern Ireland.	U.K.

Textual Amendments

F393 S. 59 repealed by Finance Act 1988 (c. 39), ss. 134(2), 148, **Sch. 14 Part IX** from 3 April 1989; S.I. 1989/473



PAYMENT OF TAX

Textual Amendments

F394 Pt. 5A inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 192 (with s. 198(1)); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

59A Payments on account of income tax. U.K.

- (1) [F395 Subject to subsection (9) below,] this section applies to any person (the taxpayer) as regards a year of assessment if as regards the immediately preceding year—
 - (a) he [F396] is assessed] to income tax under section 9 of this Act in any amount, and
 - (b) that amount (the assessed amount) exceeds the amount of any income tax which has been deducted at source, and
 - (c) the amount of the excess (the relevant amount) is not less than such amount as may be prescribed by regulations made by the Board, and
 - (d) the proportion which the relevant amount bears to the assessed amount is not less than such proportion as may be so prescribed.

Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9)
PART VA – Payment of Tax
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Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/1997. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (2) Subject to subsection (3) below, the taxpayer shall make two payments on account of his liability to income tax for the year of assessment—
 - (a) the first on or before the 31st January in that year, and
 - (b) the second on or before the next following 31st July; and, subject to [F397 subsections [F398 (4) to (4B)]] below, each of those payments on account shall be of an amount equal to 50 per cent. of the relevant amount.
- (3) If, at any time before the 31st January next following the year of assessment, the taxpayer makes a claim under this subsection stating—
 - (a) his belief that he will not be assessed to income tax for that year, or that the amount in which he will be so assessed will not exceed the amount of income tax deducted at source, and
 - (b) his grounds for that belief,

each of the payments on account shall not be, and shall be deemed never to have been, required to be made.

- (4) If, at any time before the 31st January next following the year of assessment, the taxpayer makes a claim under this subsection stating—
 - (a) his belief that the amount in which he will be assessed to income tax for that year will exceed the amount of income tax deducted at source by a stated amount which is less than the relevant amount, and
 - (b) his grounds for that belief,

the amount of each of the payments on account required to be made shall be, and shall be deemed always to have been, equal to 50 per cent. of the stated amount.

[If as regards the year immediately preceding the year of assessment—

F399(4A

- (a) the taxpayer is assessed to income tax under section 9 of this Act after the date on or before which either payment on account is required to be made, or
- (b) his assessment to income tax under that section is amended after that date,

then, subject to subsections (3) and (4) above [F400] and subsection (4B) below] and to any subsequent application of this subsection, the amount of the payment on account shall be, and shall be deemed always to have been, equal to 50 per cent. of the relevant amount as determined on the basis of the assessment or, as the case may be, the assessment as amended.]

[If as regards the year immediately preceding the year of assessment the taxpayer is F401(4B) assessed to income tax under section 29 of this Act in any amount, then, subject to subsections (3) and (4) above and to any subsequent application of this subsection, the amount of each payment on account shall be, and shall be deemed always to have been, the total of—

- (a) the amount which, immediately before the making of the assessment under section 29, is the amount of that payment, and
- (b) an amount equal to 50 per cent. of the amount in which he is assessed under that assessment;

and if that assessment is varied, the amount in which he is assessed under it shall be taken for the purposes of paragraph (b) above to be the amount of the assessment as varied.]

(5) Where the taxpayer makes a claim under subsection (3) or (4) above [F402] or subsection (4A) [F403] or (4B)] above applies], there shall be made all such adjustments, whether by the repayment of amounts paid on account[F404], by the making of payments

- or further payments on account] or otherwise, as may be required to give effect to the provisions of that subsection.
- (6) Where the taxpayer fraudulently or negligently makes any incorrect statement in connection with a claim under subsection (3) or (4) above, he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding the difference between—
 - (a) the amount which would have been payable on account if he had made a correct statement, and
 - (b) the amount of the payment on account (if any) made by him.
- (7) The provisions of the Income Tax Acts as to the recovery of income tax shall apply to an amount falling to be paid on account of tax in the same manner as they apply to an amount of tax.
- [F405(8) In this section, in relation to a year of assessment, any reference to the amount of any income tax deducted at source is a reference to the amount by which the aggregate of the following, namely—
 - (a) any income tax deducted or treated as deducted from any income, or treated as paid on any income, in respect of the year, and
 - (b) any amounts which, in respect of the year, are to be deducted at source under section 203 of the principal Act in subsequent years, or are tax credits to which section 231 of that Act applies,

exceeds the aggregate of any amounts which, in the year, are deducted at source under the said section 203 in respect of previous years.

- (9) If, at any time before the 31st January next following a year of assessment, an officer of the Board so directs—
 - (a) this section shall not apply, and shall be deemed never to have applied, as regards that year to any person specified in the direction; and
 - (b) there shall be made all such adjustments, whether by the repayment of amounts paid on account or otherwise, as may be required to give effect to the direction.]
- [Regulations under section 203 of the principal Act (PAYE) may provide that, for F406(10) the purpose of determining the amount of any such excess as is mentioned in subsection (1) above, any necessary adjustments in respect of matters prescribed by the regulations shall be made to the amount of tax deducted at source under that section.]]

Textual Amendments

- F395 Words in s. 59A(1) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 108(1)(a)
- **F396** Words in s. 59A(1)(a) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 108(1)(b)
- **F397** Words in s. 59A(2) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 108(2)
- F398 Words in s. 59A(2) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 18 para. 17 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 18 para. 2(2)
- **F399** S. 59A(4A) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 108(3)
- F400 Words in s. 59A(4A) inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 18 para. 17 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 18 para. 2(3)

Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9)
PART VA – Payment of Tax
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Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/1997. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- F401 S. 59A(4B) inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 18 para. 17 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 18 para. 2(4)
- F402 Words in s. 59A(5) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 108(4)(a)
- **F403** Words in s. 59A(5) inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 18 para. 17 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 18 para. 2(5)
- **F404** Words in s. 59A(5) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 108(4)(b)
- **F405** S. 59A(8)(9) substituted for s. 59A(8) (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 108(5)
- **F406** S. 59A(10) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 126(1)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C153 S. 59A modified (as respects the year 1996-97) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 21 para. 2
- C154 S. 59A applied (with modifications) (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(2) of the amending S.I.) by The Taxation of Income from Land (Non-residents) Regulations 1995 (S.I. 1995/2902), regs. 1(1), 20, 21

[F40759B Payment of income tax and capital gains tax. U.K.

- (1) Subject to subsection (2) below, the difference between—
 - (a) the amount of income tax and capital gains tax contained in a person's self-assessment under section 9 of this Act for any year of assessment, and
 - (b) the aggregate of any payments on account made by him in respect of that year (whether under section 59A of this Act or otherwise) and any income tax which in respect of that year has been deducted at source,

shall be payable by him or (as the case may be) repayable to him as mentioned in subsection (3) or (4) below [F408] but nothing in this subsection shall require the repayment of any income tax treated as deducted or paid by virtue of section 233(1), 246D(1), 249(4), 421(1), 547(5) or 599A(5) of the principal Act].

- (2) The following, namely—
 - (a) any amount which, in the year of assessment, is deducted at source under section 203 of the principal Act in respect of a previous year, and
 - (b) any amount which, in respect of the year of assessment, is to be deducted at source under that section in a subsequent year, or is a tax credit to which section 231 of that Act applies,

shall be respectively deducted from and added to the aggregate mentioned in subsection (1)(b) above.

- (3) In a case where the person—
 - (a) gave the notice required by section 7 of this Act within six months from the end of the year of assessment, but
 - (b) was not given notice under section 8 or 8A of this Act until after the 31st October next following that year,

the difference shall be payable or repayable at the end of the period of three months beginning with the day on which the notice under section 8 or 8A was given.

(4) In any other case, the difference shall be payable or repayable on or before the 31st January next following the year of assessment.

- [Where in the case of a repayment the return on the basis of which the person's self-F409(4A) assessment was made under section 9 of this Act is enquired into by an officer of the Board—
 - (a) nothing in subsection (3) or (4) above shall require the repayment to be made before the day on which, by virtue of section 28A(5) of this Act, the officer's enquiries are treated as completed; but
 - (b) the officer may at any time before that day make the repayment, on a provisional basis, to such extent as he thinks fit.]
 - (5) Where a person's self-assessment under section 9 of this Act is amended under section 9(4), section 28A(2), (3) or (4) or section 30B(2) of this Act, any amount of tax which is payable or repayable by virtue of the amendment shall, subject to section 55(6) and (9) of this Act, be payable or (as the case may be) repayable—
 - (a) in a case where notice of the amendment is given after, or less than 30 days before, the day given by subsection (3) or (4) above, on or before the day following the end of the period of 30 days beginning with the day on which notice is given; and
 - (b) in any other case, on or before the day given by subsection (3) or (4) above.
- [Where a determination under section 28C of this Act which has effect as a person's self-assessment is superseded by his self-assessment under section 9 of this Act, any amount of tax which is payable or repayable by virtue of the supersession shall be payable or (as the case may be) repayable on or before the day given by subsection (3) or (4) above.]
 - (6) Any amount of income tax or capital gains tax which is payable by virtue of an assessment made [F411] otherwise than under section 9 of this Act shall, unless otherwise provided,] be payable on the day following the end of the period of 30 days beginning with the day on which the notice of assessment is given.
 - (7) In this section any reference to income tax deducted at source is a reference to income tax deducted or treated as deducted from any income or treated as paid on any income.
 - [Regulations under section 203 of the principal Act (PAYE) may provide that, for F412(8) the purpose of determining the amount of the difference mentioned in subsection (1) above, any necessary adjustments in respect of matters prescribed by the regulations shall be made to the amount of tax deducted at source under that section.]]

Textual Amendments

- **F407** S. 59B inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 193 (with s. 198(3)); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- **F408** Words in s. 59B(1) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 122(2)
- **F409** S. 59B(4A) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 127
- **F410** S. 59B(5A) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 125(4)
- **F411** Words in s. 59B(6) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 115(6)
- F412 S. 59B(8) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 126(2)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C155 S. 59B modified (with application in accordance with Sch. 21 para. 3(1) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 21 para. 3(3)

[F41359C Surcharges on unpaid income tax and capital gains tax. U.K.

- (1) This section applies in relation to any income tax or capital gains tax which has become payable by a person (the taxpayer) in accordance with section 55 or 59B of this Act.
- (2) Where any of the tax remains unpaid on the day following the expiry of 28 days from the due date, the taxpayer shall be liable to a surcharge equal to 5 per cent. of the unpaid tax.
- (3) Where any of the tax remains unpaid on the day following the expiry of 6 months from the due date, the taxpayer shall be liable to a further surcharge equal to 5 per cent. of the unpaid tax.
- (4) Where the taxpayer has incurred a penalty under section 7, 93(5)[F414, 95 or 95A] of this Act, no part of the tax by reference to which that penalty was determined shall be regarded as unpaid for the purposes of subsection (2) or (3) above.
- (5) An officer of the Board may impose a surcharge under subsection (2) or (3) above; and notice of the imposition of such a surcharge—
 - (a) shall be served on the taxpayer, and
 - (b) shall state the day on which it is issued and the time within which an appeal against the imposition of the surcharge may be brought.
- (6) A surcharge imposed under subsection (2) or (3) above shall carry interest at the rate applicable under section 178 of the Finance Act 1989 from the end of the period of 30 days beginning with the day on which the surcharge is imposed until payment.
- (7) An appeal may be brought against the imposition of a surcharge under subsection (2) or (3) above within the period of 30 days beginning with the date on which the surcharge is imposed.
- (8) Subject to subsection (9) below, the provisions of this Act relating to appeals shall have effect in relation to an appeal under subsection (7) above as they have effect in relation to an appeal against an assessment to tax.
- (9) On an appeal under subsection (7) above section 50(6) to (8) of this Act shall not apply but the Commissioners may—
 - (a) if it appears to them that, throughout the period of default, the taxpayer had a reasonable excuse for not paying the tax, set aside the imposition of the surcharge; or
 - (b) if it does not so appear to them, confirm the imposition of the surcharge.
- (10) Inability to pay the tax shall not be regarded as a reasonable excuse for the purposes of subsection (9) above.
- (11) The Board may in their discretion—
 - (a) mitigate any surcharge under subsection (2) or (3) above, or
 - (b) stay or compound any proceedings for the recovery of any such surcharge, and may also, after judgment, further mitigate or entirely remit the surcharge.

(12) In this section—

"the due date", in relation to any tax, means the date on which the tax becomes due and payable;

"the period of default", in relation to any tax which remained unpaid after the due date, means the period beginning with that date and ending with the day before that on which the tax was paid.]

Textual Amendments

F413 S. 59C inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 194; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

F414 Words in s. 59C(4) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 109(1)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C156 S. 59C extended (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 109(2)

[F415 59D Payment of corporation tax. U.K.

- (1) Corporation tax for an accounting period shall be due and payable on the day following the expiry of nine months from the end of that period.
- (2) If, with respect to any accounting period—
 - (a) a company has paid an amount of corporation tax; and
 - (b) at any time before an assessment to corporation tax for the period becomes final, the company has grounds for believing that, by reason of a change in the circumstances of the case since the tax was paid, the amount paid exceeds the company's probable liability for corporation tax,

the company may, by notice given to an officer of the Board on or after the date which, under section 826 of the principal Act, is the material date in relation to that tax, make a claim for the repayment to the company of the amount of that excess.

- (3) A notice under subsection (2) above shall state the amount which the company considers should be repaid and the grounds referred to in paragraph (b) of that subsection.
- (4) If, apart from this subsection, a claim would fall to be made under subsection (2) above at a time when—
 - (a) the company has appealed against, or against an amendment of, such an assessment as is referred to in paragraph (b) of that subsection, but
 - (b) that appeal has not been finally determined.

that subsection shall have effect as if, for the words from "make a claim" to "excess", there were substituted the words "apply to the Commissioners to whom the appeal stands referred for a determination of the amount which should be repaid to the company pending a determination of the company"s liability for the accounting period in question'.

(5) An application under subsections (2) and (4) above shall be determined in the same way as an appeal.

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(6) Where on an appeal against, or against an amendment of, an assessment to corporation tax a company makes an application under section 55(3) or (4) of this Act, that application may be combined with an application under subsections (2) and (4) above (relating to tax which was paid prior to the assessment).]

Textual Amendments

F415 S. 59D inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 195; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

VALID FROM 11/07/2019

[F41659FICT payment plans for tax on certain transactions with EEA residents U.K.

Schedule 3ZC makes provision enabling a company that is liable to pay corporation tax arising in connection with certain transactions to defer payment of the tax by entering into a CT payment plan.

Textual Amendments

F416 S. 59FB inserted (retrospective and with effect in accordance with Sch. 7 para. 4(1)(a) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 2020 (c. 14), Sch. 7 para. 1

PART VI U.K.

COLLECTION AND RECOVERY

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C157 Pt. 6 applied (with modifications) by The Income Tax (Sub-contractors in the Construction Industry) Regulations 1993 (S.I. 1993/743), reg. 14(2) (revoked (6.4.2007) by S.I. 2005/2045, Sch. 2)

C158 Pt. 6 applied by The Income Tax (Entertainers and Sportsmen) Regulations 1987 (S.I. 1987/530), reg. 11(3)

Issue of demand notes and receipts. U.K. **60**

- (1) Every collector shall, when the tax becomes due and payable, make demand of the respective sums given to him in charge to collect, from the persons charged therewith, or at the places of their last abode, or on the premises in respect of which the tax is charged, as the case may require.
- (2) On payment of the tax, the collector shall if so requested give a receipt.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C159 S. 60 applied (with modifications) by the Oil Taxation Act 1975 (c. 22), s. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(1)

C160 S. 60 applied (with modifications) by Finance Act 1981 (c. 35), s. 134, Sch. 17 para. 18 (special tax on banking deposits).

Distraint and poinding

61 Distraint by collectors. U.K.

- (1) If a person neglects or refuses to pay the sum charged, upon demand made by the collector, [F417] the collector may distrain upon the goods and chattels of the person charged (in this section referred to as "the person in default".]
- (2) For the purpose of levying any such distress, [F418a justice of the peace, on being satisfied by information on oath that there is reasonable ground for believing that a person is neglecting or refusing to pay a sum charged, may issue a warrant in writing authorising a collector to] break open, in the daytime, any house or premises, calling to his assistance any constable.
 - Every such constable shall, when so required, aid and assist the collector in the execution of the warrant and in levying the distress in the house or premises.
- (3) A levy or warrant to break open shall be executed by, or under the direction of, and in the presence of, the collector.
- (4) A distress levied by the collector shall be kept for five days, at the costs and charges of a person [F419 in default].
- (5) If the person [F420 in default] does not pay the sum due, together with the costs and charges F421 . . . , the distress shall be appraised by [F422 one or more independent persons appointed by the collector], and shall be sold by public auction by the collector for payment of the sum due and all costs and charges.
 - F423... Any overplus coming by the distress, after the deduction of the costs and charges and of the sum due, shall be restored to the owner of the goods distrained.
- I^{F424}(6) The Treasury may by regulations make provision with respect to—
 - (a) the fees chargeable on or in connection with the levying of distress, and
 - (b) the costs and charges recoverable where distress has been levied; and any such regulations shall be made by statutory instrument which shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of the House of Commons.]

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Textual Amendments
F417 Words in s. 61(1) substituted (1.2.1994) by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 152(2)(7); S.I. 1994/87, art. 2
F418 Words in s. 61(2) substituted (1.2.1994) by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 152(3)(7); S.I. 1994/87, art. 2
F419 Words in s. 61(4) substituted (1.2.1994) by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 152(4)(7); S.I. 1994/87, art. 2
F420 Words in s. 61(5) substituted (1.2.1994) by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 152(5)(a)(7); S.I. 1994/87, art. 2
F421 Words in s. 61(5) omitted (1.2.1994) by virtue of Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 152(5)(b)(7); S.I. 1994/87, art. 2
F422 Words in s. 61(5) substituted (1.2.1994) by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 152(5)(c)(7); S.I. 1994/87, art. 2
F423 Words in s. 61(5) omitted (1.2.1994) by virtue of Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 152(5)(d)(7); S.I. 1994/87, art. 2
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F424 S. 61(6) added (1.2.1994) by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 152(6)(7); S.I. 1994/87, art. 2

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C161 S. 61 applied (with modifications) by the Oil Taxation Act 1975 (c. 22), s. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(1)

62 Priority of claim for tax. U.K.

(1) [F425] If at any time at which any goods or chattels belonging to any person (in this section referred to as "the person in default") are] liable to be taken by virtue of any execution or other process, warrant, or authority whatever, or by virtue of any assignment, on any account or pretence whatever, except at the suit of the landlord for rent, [F425] the person in default is in arrears in respect of any such claims as are referred to in subsection (1A) below, the goods or chattels may not be so taken unless on demand made by the collector] the person at whose suit the execution or seizure is made, or to whom the assignment was made, pays or causes to be paid to the collector, before the sale or removal of the goods or chattels, all [F425] such sums as have fallen due at or before the date of seizure].

[F426(1A) The sums referred to in subsection (1) above are—

- sums due from the person in default on account of deductions of income tax from emoluments paid during the period of twelve months next before the date of seizure, being deductions which the person in default was liable to make under section 203 of the principal Act (pay as you earn) less the amount of the repayments of income tax which he was liable to make during that period; and
- (b) sums due from the person in default in respect of deductions required to be made by him for that period under section 559 of the principal Act (subcontractors in the construction industry).]
- (2) [F427] If the sums referred to in subsection (1) above are not paid within ten days of the date of the demand referred to in that subsection, the collector may] distrain the goods and chattels notwithstanding the seizure or assignment, and [F427] may proceed] to the sale thereof, as prescribed by this Act, for the purpose of obtaining payment of the whole of [F427] those sums], and the reasonable costs and charges attending such distress and sale, and every collector so doing shall be indemnified by virtue of this Act.

F428	(3)) .																

Textual Amendments

- **F425** Words in s. 62(1) substituted by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 153(2).
- **F426** S. 62(1A) inserted by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 153(3).
- **F427** Words in s. 62(2) substituted by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 153(4).
- **F428** A development land tax provision added by Development Land Tax Act 1976 (c. 24) Sch.8 para.17. Development Land Tax Act 1976 repealed by Finance Act 1985 (c. 54), s.98(6), Sch.27 Part X.

[F42963 Recovery of tax in Scotland U.K.

- (1) Subject to subsection (3) below, in Scotland, where any tax is due and has not been paid, the sheriff, on an application by the collector accompanied by a certificate by the collector—
 - (a) stating that none of the persons specified in the application has paid the tax due by him;

- (b) stating that the collector has demanded payment under section 60 of this Act from each such person of the amount due by him;
- (c) stating that 14 days have elapsed since the date of such demand without payment of the said amount; and
- (d) specifying the amount due and unpaid by each such person,

shall grant a summary warrant in a form prescribed by Act of Sederunt authorising the recovery, by way of the diligences mentioned in subsection (2) below, of the amount remaining due and unpaid.

- (2) The diligences referred to in subsection (1) above are—
 - (a) a pointing and sale in accordance with Schedule 5 to the Debtors (Scotland) Act 1987;
 - (b) an earnings arrestment;
 - (c) an arrestment and auction of furthcoming or sale.
- (3) Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) above shall not apply to an application under that subsection [F430 insofar as it relates to sums due in respect of—
 - (a) deductions of income tax which any person specified in the application was liable to make under section 203 of the principal Act (pay as you earn); or
 - (b) deductions required to be made under section 559 of the principal Act (sub-contractors in the construction industry) by any person specified in the application.]
- F431(4) In this section references to amounts of tax due and references to sums due in respect of deductions include references to amounts which are deemed to be—
 - (a) amounts of tax which the person is liable to pay by virtue of the Income Tax (Employments) Regulations 1973; or
 - (b) amounts which the person is liable to pay by virtue of the Income Tax (Sub-Contractors in the Construction Industry) Regulations 1975.]]

Subordinate Legislation Made

P1 S. 63(1): s. 63(1) power exercised by S.I.1991/1920

Textual Amendments

F429 Ss 63, 63A substituted for s. 63 (30.11.1988) by Debtors (Scotland) Act 1987 (c. 18), s. 74(1), **Sch. 4** para. 2; S.I. 1988/1818 (C. 66).

F430 Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 154(2).

F431 Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 154(3).

[F42963A Sheriff officer's fees and outlays. U.K.

- (1) Subject to subsection (2) below and without prejudice to paragraphs 25 to 34 of Schedule 5 to the Debtors (Scotland) Act 1987 (expenses of poinding and sale), the sheriff officer's fees, together with the outlays necessarily incurred by him, in connection with the execution of a summary warrant shall be chargeable against the debtor.
- (2) No fee shall be chargeable by the sheriff officer against the debtor for collecting, and accounting to the collector for, sums paid to him by the debtor in respect of the amount owing.]

Textual Amendments

F429 Ss 63, 63A substituted for s. 63 (30.11.1988) by Debtors (Scotland) Act 1987 (c. 18), s. 74(1), **Sch. 4** para. 2; S.I. 1988/1818 (C. 66).

Priority of claim for tax in Scotland. U.K.

(1) [F432] If at any time at which any movable goods and effects belonging to any person (in this section referred to as "the person in default") are] liable to be taken by virtue of any poinding, sequestration for rent, or diligence whatever, or by any assignation, [F433] the person in default is in arrears in respect of any such sums as are referred to in subsection (1A) below, the goods and effects may not be so taken unless on demand made by the collector] the person proceeding to take the said goods and effects pays [F433] such sums as have fallen due at or before the date of poinding or, as the case may be, other diligence or assignation].

[F434(1A) The sums referred to in subsection (1) above are—

- (a) sums due from the person in default on account of deductions of income tax from emoluments paid during the period of twelve months next before the date of poinding, being deductions which the person in default was liable to make under section 203 of the principal Act (pay as you earn) less the amount of the repayments of income tax which he was liable to make during that period; and
- (b) sums due from the person in default in respect of deductions required to be made by him for that period under section 559 of the principal Act (subcontractors in the construction industry).]
- (2) [F435] If the sums referred to in subsection (1) above are not paid within ten days of the date of the demand referred to in that subsection, the sums shall], notwithstanding any [F435] proceedings] for the purpose of taking the said moveable goods and effects, be recoverable by pointing and selling the said moveable goods and effects under warrant obtained in conformity with the provisions contained in section 63 above.

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Textual Amendments

- **F432** Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 155(2)(a).
- **F433** Words in s. 64(1) substituted by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 155(2)(b)(c).
- **F434** Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 155(3)
- **F435** Words in s. 64(2) substituted by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 155(4)(a)(b).
- **F436** A development land tax provision added by Development Land Tax Act 1976 (c. 24) Sch.8 para.18. Development Land Tax Act 1976 repealed by Finance Act 1985 (c. 54), s.98(6), Sch.27 Part X.

Court proceedings

65 Magistrates' courts. U.K.

- (1) Where [F437the amount of—
 - (a) any payment on account for the time being due and payable under section 59A of this Act, or

(b) any income tax and capital gains tax for the time being due and payable under any assessment (whether under section 9 of this Act or otherwise),

does not exceed £2,000, the payment or tax] shall, without prejudice to any other remedy, be recoverable summarily as a civil debt by proceedings commenced in the name of a collector.

- (2) All or any of the sums due in respect of tax from any one person and payable to any one collector (being sums which are by law recoverable summarily) may, whether or not they are due under one assessment, be included in the same complaint, summons, order, warrant or other document required by law to be laid before justices or to be issued by justices, and every such document as aforesaid shall, as respects each such sum, be construed as a separate document and its invalidity as respects any one such sum shall not affect its validity as respects any other such sum.
- (3) Proceedings under this section for the recovery of
 - [F438(a) any such payment as is mentioned in subsection (1)(a) above, or
 - (b) any income tax for the time being due and payable under any assessment under section 9 of this Act,

may be brought in England and Wales at any time within one year from the time when the matter complained of arose.

- (4) It is hereby declared that in subsection (1) above the expression "recoverable summarily as a civil debt" in respect of proceedings in Northern Ireland means recoverable [F439 in proceedings under Article 62 of the Magistrates' Courts (Northern Ireland) Order 1981].
- [F440(5)] The Treasury may by order made by statutory instrument increase the sums specified in sub-section (1) above; and any such statutory instrument shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of the Commons House of Parliament.]

Subordinate Legislation Made

- **P2** S. 65: power exercised (11.9.1989) by S.I. 1989/1300.
- P3 S. 65(5): power exercised (16.7.1991) by S.I.1991/1625.

Textual Amendments

- **F437** Words in s. 65(1) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), **Sch. 19 para. 19(1)**; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- **F438** Words in s. 65(3) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 19 para. 19(2); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- **F439** Finance Act 1984 (c. 43), s. 57(1).
- **F440** Finance Act 1984 (c. 43), s.57(1)(c).

66 County courts. U.K.

(1) [F441 Tax due and payable under any assessment may, in England and Wales, and in Northern Ireland where the amount does not exceed the limit specified in Article 10(1) of the County Courts (Northern Ireland) Order 1980,] without prejudice to any other remedy, be sued for and recovered from the person charged therewith as a debt due to the Crown by proceedings in a county court commenced in the name of a collector.

Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9)
PART VI – COLLECTION AND RECOVERY
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- [F442(2) An officer of the Board who is authorised by the Board to do so may address the court in any proceedings under this section in a county court in England and Wales.]
- [F444(3) In this section as it applies in Northern Ireland the expression "county court" shall mean a county court held for a division under the County Courts (Northern Ireland) Order 1980.]
 - (4) Sections 21 and 42(2) of the Interpretation Act (Northern Ireland) 1954 shall apply as if any reference in those provisions to any enactment included a reference to this section, and Part III of the County Courts [F445(Northern Ireland) Order 1980] (general civil jurisdiction) shall apply for the purposes of this section in Northern Ireland.

Textual Amendments

- **F441** Words in s. 66(1) substituted by S.I. 1991/724, art. 2(8), Sch. Pt. I
- **F442** Finance Act 1984 (c. 43), s.57(2).
- **F443** S. 66(2A) repealed by S.I. 1991/724, art. 2(8), Sch. Pt. I
- **F444** S. 66(3) substituted by S.I. 1991/724, art. 2(8), **Sch. Pt. I**
- F445 S.I. 1980/397 (N.I.3), art 68(2), Sch. 1 Part II with effect from 19 April 1980.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C162 S. 66 extended by S.I. 1991/724, art. 2(1)(f)
- C163 S. 66 applied (with modifications) by the Oil Taxation Act 1975 (c. 22), s. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(1)
 - S. 66 applied by Finance Act 1981 (c. 35), s.134, Sch.17 para.18 (special tax on banking deposits)

67 Inferior courts in Scotland. U.K.

- (1) In Scotland, [F446tax due and payable under any assessment] may, without prejudice to any other remedy, be sued for and recovered from the person charged therewith as a debt due to the Crown by proceedings commenced in the name of a collector in the sheriff court F447.....
- [F448(1A) An officer of the Board who is authorised by the Board to do so may address the court in any proceedings under this section.]
 - (2) Sections 65 and 66 above shall not apply in Scotland.

Textual Amendments

- **F446** Words in s. 67(1) substituted (with application in accordance with s. 156(4) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 156(2)
- F447 Sheriff's small debt court abolished from 1 September 1976 by Sheriff Courts (Scotland) Act 1971 (c.58), s.35(2). Words omitted repealed by Finance Act 1976 (c. 40), s.58(1), Sch.15 Part III from that date
- **F448** S. 67(1A) inserted (with application in accordance with s. 156(4) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 156(3)

68 High Court, etc. U.K.

- (1) Any tax may be sued for and recovered from the person charged therewith in the High Court as a debt due to the Crown, or by any other means whereby any debt of record or otherwise due to the Crown can, or may at any time, be sued for and recovered, as well as by the other means specially provided by this Act for levying the tax.
- (2) All matters within the jurisdiction of the High Court under this section shall be assigned in Scotland to the Court of Session sitting as the Court of Exchequer.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C164 S. 68 applied (with modifications) by the Oil Taxation Act 1975 (c. 22), s. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(1) S. 68 applied by Finance Act 1981 (c. 35), s.134, Sch.17 para.18 (special tax on banking deposits).

Supplemental

69 Interest on tax. U.K.

[F449] A penalty imposed under Part II, VA or X of this Act, a surcharge imposed under Part VA of this Act and interest charged under Part IX of this Act] shall be treated for the purposes—

- (a) of sections 61, 63 and 65 to 68 above, and
- (b) of section 35(2)(g)(i) of the Crown Proceedings Act 1947 (rules of court to impose restrictions on set-off and counterclaim where the proceedings or set-off or counterclaim relate to taxes) and of any rules of court (including county court rules) for England and Wales or Northern Ireland, which impose such a restriction, and
- (c) of section 35(2)(b) of the said Act of 1947 as set out in section 50 of that Act (which imposes corresponding restrictions in Scotland),

as if it were tax charged and due and payable under the assessment to which it relates [F450] or, [F451] if it is a penalty or surcharge imposed in respect of, or if it is interest on, tax] which is not in fact assessed, as if it were tax charged and due and payable under an assessment].

Textual Amendments

- **F449** Words in s. 69 substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 19 para. 20(a); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- **F450** Words in s. 69 added (30.9.1993) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1987 (c. 51), ss. 86(1), 95(2)(3); S.I. 1992/3066, art. 2(2)(a)
- **F451** Words in s. 69 substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), **Sch. 19 para. 20(b)**; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C165 S. 69 applied (with modifications) by the Oil Taxation Act 1975 (c. 22), s. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(1)
- C166 S. 69 applied (with modifications) by Finance Act 1981 (c. 35), s.134, Sch.17 para.18 (special tax on banking deposits).
- C167 S. 69 modified by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 157(5)

70 Evidence. U.K.

- (1) Where tax is in arrear, a certificate of the inspector or any other officer of the Board that tax has been charged and is due, together with a certificate of the collector that payment of the tax has not been made to him, or, to the best of his knowledge and belief, to any other collector, or to any person acting on his behalf or on behalf of another collector, shall be sufficient evidence that the sum mentioned in the certificate is unpaid and is due to the Crown; and any document purporting to be such a certificate as is mentioned in this subsection shall be deemed to be such a certificate until the contrary is proved.
- (2) A certificate of a collector
 - [F452(a) that a penalty is payable under Part II, VA or X of this Act, that a surcharge is payable under Part VA of this Act or that interest is payable under Part IX of this Act, and
 - (b) that payment of the penalty, surcharge or interest has not been made to him or, to the best of his knowledge and belief, to any other collector or to any person acting on his behalf or on behalf of another collector,]

shall be sufficient evidence that the sum mentioned in the certificate is unpaid and is due to the Crown, and any document purporting to be such a certificate as is mentioned in this subsection shall be deemed to be such a certificate unless the contrary is proved.

- [F453(3)] [F454] A certificate of the inspector or any other officer of the Board that it has been determined that tax carries interest under section 88 of this Act, together with a certificate of the collector that payment of the interest has not been made to him, or, to the best of his knowledge and belief, to any other collector, or to any person acting on his behalf or on behalf of another collector, shall be sufficient evidence—
 - (a) that interest is chargeable on the tax from the date when for the purposes of section 88 of this Act the tax ought to have been paid, and
 - (b) that the sum mentioned in the certificate is unpaid and is due to the Crown; and any document purporting to be such a certificate as is mentioned in this subsection shall be deemed to be such a certificate unless the contrary is proved.]]
 - (4) A written statement as to the wages, salaries, fees, and other emoluments paid for any period to the person against whom proceedings are brought under section 65, 66 or 67 of this Act, purporting to be signed by his employer for that period or by any responsible person in the employment of the employer, shall in such proceedings be prima facie evidence that the wages, salaries, fees and other emoluments therein stated to have been paid to the person charged have in fact been so paid.

F455(5)

Textual Amendments

F452 Words in s. 70(2) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), **Sch. 19 para. 21(1)**; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

F453 Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 160(3).

F454 S. 70(3) ceases to have effect (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by virtue of Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 19 para. 21(2); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

F455 S. 70(5) repealed by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 187, Sch. 17 Part VIII

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C168 S. 70 applied (with modifications) by the Oil Taxation Act 1975 (c. 22), s. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(1)

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- S. 70 applied (with modifications) by Finance Act 1981 (c. 35), s. 134, Sch. 17 para. 18 (special tax on banking deposits).
- C169 S. 70(2): see—Finance (No. 2) Act 1987 (c. 51), s. 86(3)—the reference to s. 86 includes a reference to Taxes Management Act 1970 s. 87A for accounting periods ending after a day to be appointed; Finance Act 1988 (c. 39), Sch. 5 para. 11(2)—reference to s. 86 includes a reference to Finance Act 1988 Sch. 5 para. 3(4)—interest on underwriters' liabilities.

[F45670A Payments by cheque. U.K.

- (1) For the purposes of this Act and the provisions mentioned in subsection (2) below, where—
 - (a) any payment to an officer of the Board or the Board is made by cheque, and
 - the cheque is paid on its first presentation to the banker on whom it is drawn, the payment shall be treated as made on the day on which the cheque was received by the officer or the Board.
- (2) The provisions are
 - sections 824 to 826 of the principal Act (repayment supplements and interest on tax overpaid); and
 - section 283 of the 1992 Act (repayment supplements).

Textual Amendments

F456 S. 70A inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3), Sch. 19 para. 22(2) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 19 para. 22(1); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

PART VII U.K.

PERSONS CHARGEABLE IN A REPRESENTATIVE CAPACITY, ETC.

Income Tax

Bodies of persons. U.K. 71

- (1) Subject to [F457 sections 6 to 12 and Parts VIII and XI] of the principal Act (charge of corporation tax on companies), every body of persons shall be chargeable to income tax in like manner as any person is chargeable under the Income Tax Acts.
- (2) Subject to section 108 of this Act, the chamberlain or other officer acting as treasurer, auditor or receiver for the time being of any body of persons chargeable to income tax shall be answerable for doing all such acts as are required to be done under the Income Tax Acts for the purpose of the assessment of the body and for payment of the tax.
- (3) Every such officer as aforesaid may from time to time retain, out of any money coming into his hands on behalf of the body, so much thereof as is sufficient to pay the income tax charged upon the body, and shall be indemnified for all such payments made in pursuance of the Income Tax Acts.

PART VII – PERSONS CHARGEABLE IN A REPRESENTATIVE CAPACITY, ETC. Document Generated: 2024-09-13

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Textual Amendments

F457 Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 29 para. 32.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C170 See Finance Act 1981 (c. 35), s.134, Sch.17 para.18—application of this section to the special tax on banking deposits.

72 Trustees, guardians, etc., of incapacitated persons. U.K.

- (1) The trustee, guardian, tutor, curator or committee of any incapacitated person having the direction, control or management of the property or concern of any such person, whether such person resides in the United Kingdom or not, shall be assessable and chargeable to income tax in like manner and to the like amount as that person would be assessed and charged if he were not an incapacitated person.
- (2) The person who is chargeable in respect of an incapacitated person shall be answerable for all matters required to be done under the Income Tax Acts for the purpose of assessment and payment of income tax.
- (3) Any person who has been charged under the Income Tax Acts in respect of any incapacitated person as aforesaid may retain, out of money coming into his hands on behalf of any such person, so much thereof from time to time as is sufficient to pay the tax charged, and shall be indemnified for all such payments made in pursuance of the Income Tax Acts.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C171 S. 72 restricted (N.I.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits (Northern Ireland) Act 1992 (c. 7), ss. 15(3), 173(4), Sch. 2 para. 5(a)

Further provision as to infants. E+W+N.I.

If a person chargeable to income tax is an infant, then his $[^{F458}$ parent, guardian or tutor] $[^{F458}$ parent or guardian]—

- (a) shall be liable for the tax in default of payment by the infant, and
- (b) on neglect or refusal of payment, may be proceeded against in like manner as any other defaulter, and
- (c) if he makes such payment, shall be allowed all sums so paid in his accounts.

Textual Amendments

F458 Words in s. 73 substituted (S.) (25.9.1991) by Age of Legal Capacity (Scotland) Act 1991 (c. 50, SIF 49:8), ss. 10(1), 11(2), **Sch. 1 para.33** (with s. 1(3))

74 Personal representatives. U.K.

(1) If a person chargeable to income tax dies, the executor or administrator of the person deceased shall be liable for the tax chargeable on such deceased person, and may

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deduct any payments made under this section out of the assets and effects of the person deceased .

(2) On neglect or refusal of payment, any person liable under this section may be proceeded against in like manner as any other defaulter.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C172 See—Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9), s.40(1)—time limit for assessment, etc. Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9), s.100(5)—recovery of fine or penalty incurred by a person who has died. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), ss. 60, 62 and 63—liability of executors, etc., for income tax on profits of trade or profession of deceased person. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 67—right of executors, etc., to claim relief for cessation of investment income where source retained. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 113—liability of executors for income tax on partnership profits where partner deceased. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 285—collection from deceased wife's executors, etc., of tax assessed on husband attributable to her income and unpaid. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 286—right of husband to disclaim liability for tax on deceased wife's income. Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 525—effect of death, etc., on certain charges in respect of patent rights.

C173 SeeFinance Act 1981 (c. 35), s.134, Sch.17 para.18—application of this section to the special tax on banking deposits.

75 Receivers appointed by a court. U.K.

- (1) A receiver appointed by any court in the United Kingdom which has the direction and control of any property in respect of which income tax is charged in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Acts shall be assessable and chargeable with the tax in like manner and to the like amount as would be assessed and charged if the property were not under the direction and control of the court.
- (2) Every such receiver shall be answerable for doing all matters and things required to be done under the Income Tax Acts for the purpose of assessment and payment of income tax.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C174 SeeFinance Act 1981 (c. 35), s.134, Sch.17 para.18—application of this section to the special tax on banking deposits.

76 Protection for certain trustees, agents and receivers. U.K.

- (1) A trustee who has authorised the receipt of profits arising from trust property by, or by the agent of, the person entitled thereto shall not, if—
 - (a) that person or agent actually received the profits under that authority, and
 - (b) the trustee makes a return, as required by section 13 of this Act, of the name, address and profits of that person,

be required to do any other act for the purpose of the assessment of that person to income tax.

(2) An agent or receiver of any person resident in the United Kingdom, other than an incapacitated person, shall not, if he makes a return, as required by section 13 of this

Act, of the name, address and profits of that person, be required to do any other act for the purpose of the assessment of that person to income tax.

Capital gains tax

77 Application of Part VII to capital gains tax. U.K.

- (1) This Part of this Act (except section 76 above) shall apply in relation to capital gains tax as it applies in relation to income tax F459. . . , and subject to any necessary modifications.
- (2) This Part of this Act as applied by this section shall not affect the question of who is the person to whom chargeable gains accrue, or who is chargeable to capital gains tax, so far as that question is relevant for the purposes of any exemption, or of any provision determining the rate at which capital gains tax is chargeable.

Textual Amendments

F459 Words omitted repealed for 1973—74 et seq. by Finance Act 1971 (c. 68), ss. 37, 38, Sch.14 Part II.

F46077A U.K.

Textual Amendments

F460 S. 77A added by Development Land Tax Act 1976 (c. 24) Sch.8 para.19. Development Land Tax Act 1976 repealed by Finance Act 1985 (c. 54), s.98(6), Sch.27 Part X.

PART VIII U.K.

CHARGES ON NON-RESIDENTS

Income tax

F46178 Method of charging non-residents. U.K.

Textual Amendments

F461 Ss. 78-85 repealed (with effect in accordance with Sch. 29 Pt. 8(16) Note 5 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 29 Pt. 8(16)

F46179 Profits from branch or agency. U.K.

Textual Amendments

F461 Ss. 78-85 repealed (with effect in accordance with Sch. 29 Pt. 8(16) Note 5 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 29 Pt. 8(16)

Textual Amendments
F461 Ss. 78-85 repealed (with effect in accordance with Sch. 29 Pt. 8(16) Note 5 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 29 Pt. 8(16)

F461 81 Taxation on basis of merchanting profit.

U.K.

Textual Amendments
F461 Ss. 78-85 repealed (with effect in accordance with Sch. 29 Pt. 8(16) Note 5 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 29 Pt. 8(16)

F461 82 Savings.

U.K.

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Textual Amendments

F461 Ss. 78-85 repealed (with effect in accordance with Sch. 29 Pt. 8(16) Note 5 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 29 Pt. 8(16)

Responsibilities and indemnification of persons in whose name a non-resident person is chargeable. U.K.

Textual Amendments

F461 Ss. 78-85 repealed (with effect in accordance with Sch. 29 Pt. 8(16) Note 5 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 29 Pt. 8(16)

Capital gains tax

F46184 Gains from branch or agency. U.K.

Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9)
PART IX – INTEREST ON OVERDUE TAX
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Textual Amendments

F461 Ss. 78-85 repealed (with effect in accordance with Sch. 29 Pt. 8(16) Note 5 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 29 Pt. 8(16)

Corporation tax

F46185 Application of Part VIII to corporation tax. U.K.

Textual Amendments

F461 Ss. 78-85 repealed (with effect in accordance with Sch. 29 Pt. 8(16) Note 5 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 29 Pt. 8(16)

F462**85A......U.K.**

Textual Amendments

F462 S. 85A added by Development Land Tax Act 1976 (c. 24) Sch.8 para.20. Development Land Tax Act 1976 repealed by Finance Act 1985 (c. 54), s.98(6), Sch.27 Part X.

PART IX U.K.

INTEREST ON OVERDUE TAX

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C175 Pt. IX (ss. 86-92) applied (27.7.1993 with effect in relation to the year 1993-94 and subsequent years of assessment) by 1993 c. 34, s. 122(2)(3)
- C176 Pt. 9 applied by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), s. 281(5)(a) (as substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 18 para. 17 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 18 paras. 15(2), 17)
- C177 See—Finance Act 1984 (c. 43), Sch.14 para.6(4)—notwithstanding anything in Part IX payments of capital gains tax postponed under Finance Act 1984 Sch.14 not to carry interest for any period before tax becomes payable under Finance Act 1984 Sch.14 para.11; Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 124, Sch. 14 para. 5—payment by installments of capital gains tax on gifts; S.I. 1987/530, reg. 11(3)—tax under assessments in relation to non-resident entertainers and sportsmen to be treated for the purposes of Part IX as income tax under Sch. D.

[F46386 Interest on overdue income tax and capital gains tax. U.K.

- (1) The following, namely—
 - (a) any amount on account of income tax which becomes due and payable in accordance with section 59A(2) of this Act, and

- (b) any income tax or capital gains tax which becomes due and payable in accordance with section 55 or 59B of this Act,
- shall carry interest at the rate applicable under section 178 of the Finance Act 1989 from the relevant date until payment.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1)(a) above the relevant date is whichever of the dates mentioned in section 59A(2) of this Act is applicable; and for the purposes of subsection (1)(b) above the relevant date is—
 - (a) in any such case as is mentioned in subsection (3) of section 59B of this Act, the last day of the period of three months mentioned in that subsection; and
 - (b) in any other case, the date mentioned in subsection (4) of that section.
- (3) Subsection (1) above applies even if the relevant date is a non-business day within the meaning of [F464 section 92] of the Bills of Exchange Act 1882.
- (4) Subsection (5) below applies where as regards a year of assessment—
 - (a) any person makes a claim under subsection (3) or (4) of section 59A of this Act in respect of the amounts (the section 59A amounts) payable by him in accordance with subsection (2) of that section, and
 - (b) an amount (the section 59B amount) becomes payable by him [F465(i)] in accordance with section 59B(3), (4) or (5) of this Act [F466] or
 - (ii) in accordance with section 59B(6) of this Act in respect of income tax assessed under section 29 of this Act].
- (5) Interest shall be payable under this section as if each of the section 59A amounts had been equal to—
 - (a) the aggregate of that amount and 50 per cent. of the section 59B amount, or
 - (b) the amount which would have been payable in accordance with subsection (2) of section 59A of this Act if the claim under subsection (3) or (4) of that section had not been made,

whichever is the less.

- (6) In determining for the purposes of subsections (4) and (5) above what amount (if any) is payable by any person in accordance with section 59B(3), (4) or (5) of this Act [F467] or, in respect of income tax assessed under section 29 of this Act, in accordance with section 59B(6) of this Act]—
 - (a) it shall be assumed that both of the section 59A amounts have been paid, and
 - (b) no account shall be taken of any amount which has been paid on account otherwise than under section 59A(2) of this Act or is payable by way of capital gains tax.
- (7) Subsection (8) below applies where as regards any person and a year of assessment—
 - (a) amounts (the section 59A amounts) become payable by him in accordance with section 59A(2) of this Act, and
 - (b) an amount (the section 59B amount) becomes repayable to him in accordance with section 59B (3), (4) or (5) of this Act.
- (8) So much of any interest payable under this section on either of the section 59A amounts as is not attributable to the amount by which that amount exceeds 50 per cent. of the section 59B amount shall be remitted.
- (9) In determining for the purposes of subsections (7) and (8) above what amount (if any) is repayable to any person in accordance with section 59B(3), (4) or (5) of this Act,

no account shall be taken of any amount which has been paid on account otherwise than under section 59A(2) of this Act or is payable by way of capital gains tax.

Textual Amendments

- **F463** S. 86 substituted (with effect in accordance with ss. 103(7), 110(2)-(4) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 110(1)
- **F464** Words in s. 86(3) substituted (29.4.1996) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 131(2)
- F465 Words in s. 86(4)(b) renumbered as s. 86(4)(b)(i) (with effect in accordance with Sch. 18 para. 17 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 18 para. 3(2)
- F466 S. 86(4)(b)(ii) and preceding word inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 18 para. 17 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 18 para. 3(2)
- F467 Words in s. 86(6) inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 18 para. 17 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 18 para. 3(3)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- **C178** S. 86 applied (N.I.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits (Northern Ireland) Act 1992 (c. 7), ss. 15(3), 173(4), **Sch. 2 para. 6(1)**
- C179 S. 86 excluded (E.W.S.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (c. 4), ss. 16(3), 177(4), Sch. 2 para. 6(1) (as substituted temporarily until 19.4.1993 by Social Security (Consequential Provisions) Act 1992 (c. 6), ss. 6, 7(2), Sch. 4 para. 8; S.I. 1993/1025, art. 2)
- C180 S. 86 excluded (N.I.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits (Northern Ireland) Act 1992 (c. 7), ss. 15(3), 173(4), Sch. 2 para. 6(1) (as substituted temporarily until 19.4.1993 by Social Security (Consequential Provisions) (Northern Ireland) Act 1992 (c. 9), ss. 6, 7(2), Sch. 4 para. 7; S.I. 1993/1079, art. 2)
- C181 S. 86 modified by Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 767B(1)(a) (as inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 135(6) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 135(1)(6))
- C182 S. 86 power to apply (with modifications) conferred by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 73(4)(c) (as amended (with effect in accordance with Sch. 18 para. 17 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 18 para. 16(b)(c))
- C183 S. 86 (so far as it has effect without the substitutions made by Finance Act 1994, Sch. 19 para. 23 and Finance Act 1995, s. 110) amended (with effect in accordance with Sch. 6 para. 28 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 6 para. 1

F468 86A		U.K.
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Textual Amendments

F468 *S. 86A added by*Development Land Tax Act 1976 (c. 24) Sch.8 para.21. Development Land Tax Act 1976 repealed by Finance Act 1985 (c. 54), s.98(6), Sch.27 Part X.

[F46987 Interest on overdue advance corporation tax and income tax on company payments. U.K.

- (1) Any tax assessable in accordance with Schedule [F47013] or [F47016] to [F470the principal Act] shall carry interest at the [F471rate applicable under section 178 of the Finance Act 1989] from the date when the tax becomes due and payable until payment.
- (2) Where—

- (a) advance corporation tax paid in respect of distributions made in any return period is repaid under paragraph 4 of the said Schedule [F47013] in consequence of the receipt of franked investment income in a later return period; or
- (b) income tax paid in respect of payments made in any return period is repaid or discharged under paragraph 5 of the said Schedule [F47016] in consequence of the receipt in a later return period of a payment on which income tax is borne by deduction,

the repayment or discharge shall not affect interest under this section on the tax so repaid or discharged for such time as is specified in subsection (3) below but, subject to that, this section shall apply as if any such tax which is repaid or discharged had never become payable.

- (3) The time for which interest is not affected is—
 - (a) any time before the expiration of fourteen days from the end of the later return period, unless the return for that period is made earlier in those fourteen days; and
 - (b) if that return is made earlier in those fourteen days, any time ending before the date on which the return is made.

F472(4) .																															
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- (5) Subsection (4) above shall have effect as if all advance corporation tax due from a company in accordance with paragraph 3(1) of the said Schedule [F470 13] for any return period, whether or not it is actually assessed, were included in a single assessment, and similarly in the case of all income tax due from a company in accordance with paragraph 4(1) of the said Schedule [F470 16] for any return period.
- (6) In this section "return period" means a period for which a return is required to be made under the said Schedule $[^{F470}13]$ or $[^{F470}16]$.
- (7) It is hereby declared that this section applies to advance corporation tax and income tax which, in accordance with either of those Schedules, is paid without the making of any assessment (but is paid after it is due), and that where the tax is charged by an assessment (whether or not any part of it has been paid when the assessment is made) this section applies as respects interest running before as well as after the making of the assessment.
- [Tax assessable as mentioned in subsection (1) above shall carry interest from the date F473(8) when it becomes due and payable even if that date is a non-business day within the meaning of section 92 of the Bills of Exchange Act 1882.]]

Textual Amendments

F469 S. 87 substituted by Finance Act 1972 (c. 41), s.111, Sch.24 para.10 for 1973—74 et seq.

F470 Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 29 para. 32.

F471 Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 179(1)(b); S.I. 1989/1298 (from 18 August 1989)

F472 S. 87(4) repealed (with effect in respect of assessments relating to an accounting period beginning on or after 19.4.1993) by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 158; S.I. 1993/753

F473 S. 87(8) added by Finance (No.2) Act 1975 (c. 45), s.46(3)(b) in relation to tax charged by assessments notices of which were issued after 31 July 1975.

Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9)
PART IX – INTEREST ON OVERDUE TAX
Document Generated: 2024-09-13

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/1997. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C184 See—S.I. 1986/482, reg. 7(4)—application of s. 87 to tax to which Finance Act 1972 Sch. 20 applies by virtue of S.I. 1986/482, reg. 7; S. I. 1987/530, reg. 14(2)—modification of s. 87 in relation to tax assessable in respect of non-resident entertainers and sportsmen.
- C185 S. 87(1)(7)(8) applied (1.10.1993) by The Income Tax (Manufactured Overseas Dividends) Regulations 1993 (S.I. 1993/2004), reg.11(10)
- C186 S. 87(1)(7)(8) applied (with modifications) (25.8.1995) by The Income Tax (Manufactured Dividends) (Tradepoint) Regulations 1995 (S.I. 1995/2052), regs. 1, 12(9)
- C187 See—Finance Act 1981 (c. 35), s.134, Sch. 17 para. 15(4)—application of this section to the special tax on banking deposits.

[F47487A Interest on overdue corporation tax etc. U.K.

- (1) Corporation tax shall carry interest at the [F475 rate applicable under section 178 of the Finance Act 1989] from the date when the tax becomes due and payable (in accordance with [F476 section 59D of this Act]) until payment.
- (2) Subsection (1) above applies even if the date when the tax becomes due and payable (as mentioned in that subsection) is a non-business day within the meaning of section 92 of the M3Bills of Exchange Act 1882.
- (3) In relation to corporation tax assessed by virtue of section [F477346(2) or 347(1) of the principal Act, [F478137(4), 139(7) or 179(11) of the 1992 Act or section 96(8) of the Finance Act 1990]] (which enable unpaid corporation tax assessed on a company to be assessed on other persons in certain circumstances), the reference in subsection (1) above to the date when the tax becomes due and payable is a reference to the date when it became due and payable by the company.
- (4) [F479 Subject to F480 subsections (4B) and (7)] below] in any case where—
 - (a) there is in any accounting period of a company (in this subsection referred to as "the later period") an amount of surplus advance corporation tax, as defined in subsection (3) of section [F481239 of the principal Act], and
 - (b) pursuant to a claim under the said subsection (3), the whole or any part of that amount is treated for the purposes of the said section [F481239] as discharging liability for an amount of corporation tax for an earlier accounting period (in this subsection referred to as "the earlier period"), and
 - (c) disregarding the effect of the said subsection (3), an amount of corporation tax for the earlier period would carry interest in accordance with this section,

then, in determining the amount of interest payable under this section on corporation tax unpaid for the earlier period, no account shall be taken of any reduction in the amount of that tax which results from the said subsection (3) except so far as concerns interest for any time after the date on which any corporation tax for the later period became due and payable (as mentioned in subsection (1) above).

F482 In a case where—

- (4A) (a) there is for an accounting period of a company ("the later period") [F483 a non-trading deficit on the company's loan relationships,]
 - (b) as a result of a claim under [F484] section 83(2)(c) of the Finance Act 1996 or paragraph 4(3) of Schedule 11 to that Act the whole or part of the deficit for the later period is set off against profits] of an earlier accounting period ("the earlier period"), and

if the claim had not been made, there would be an amount or, as the case may be, an additional amount of corporation tax for the earlier period which would carry interest in accordance with this section,]

[F486then, for the purposes of the determination at any time of whether any interest is payable under this section or of the amount of interest so payable, the amount mentioned in paragraph (c) above shall be taken to be an amount of unpaid corporation tax for the earlier period except so far as concerns interest for any time after the date on which any corporation tax for the later period became (or, as the case may be, would have become) due and payable as mentioned in subsection (1) above.]]

Where, in a case falling within subsection (4A)(a) and (b) above—

- - there is in the earlier period, as a result of the claim under [F488] section 83(2) (c) of the Finance Act 1996 or paragraph 4(3) of Schedule 11 to that Act, an amount of surplus advance corporation tax, as defined in section 239(3) of the principal Act, and
 - pursuant to a claim under the said section 239(3), the whole or any part of that amount is to be treated for the purposes of section 239 of the principal Act as discharging liability for an amount of corporation tax for an accounting period before the earlier period,

the claim under the said section 239(3) shall be disregarded for the purposes of subsection (4A) above but subsection (4) above shall have effect in relation to that claim as if the reference in the words after paragraph (c) to the later period within the meaning of subsection (4) above were a reference to the period which, in relation to the claim under [F488 section 83(2)(c) of the Finance Act 1996 or paragraph 4(3) of Schedule 11 to that Act, would be the later period for the purposes of subsection (4A) above.]

(5) A sum assessed on a company by such an assessment as is referred to in [F489] section 252(5) of the principal Act] (recovery of payment of tax credit or interest on such a payment) shall carry interest at the [F490 rate applicable under section 178 of the Finance Act 1989] from the date when the payment of tax credit or interest was made until the sum assessed is paid.

F491 In any case where—

- (6) on a claim under section 393A(1) of the principal Act, the whole or any part of a loss incurred in an accounting period ("the later period") has been set off for the purposes of corporation tax against profits of a preceding accounting period ("the earlier period");
 - the earlier period does not fall wholly within the period of twelve months immediately preceding the later period; and
 - if the claim had not been made, there would be an amount or, as the case may be, an additional amount of corporation tax for the earlier period which would carry interest in accordance with this section,

then, for the purposes of the determination at any time of whether any interest is payable under this section or of the amount of interest so payable, the amount mentioned in paragraph (c) above shall be taken to be an amount of unpaid corporation tax for the earlier period except so far as concerns interest for any time after the date on which any corporation tax for the later period became (or, as the case may be, would have become) due and payable as mentioned in subsection (1) above.

(7) Where, in a case falling within subsection (6)(a) and (b) above—

- (a) there is in the earlier period, as a result of the claim under section 393A(1) of the principal Act, an amount of surplus advance corporation tax, as defined in subsection (3) of section 239 of that Act; and
- (b) pursuant to a claim under the said subsection (3), the whole or any part of that amount is to be treated for the purposes of the said section 239 as discharging liability for an amount of corporation tax for an accounting period before the earlier period,

the claim under the said subsection (3) shall be disregarded for the purposes of subsection (6) above but subsection (4) above shall have effect in relation to that claim as if the reference in the words after paragraph (c) to the later period within the meaning of subsection (4) above were a reference to the period which, in relation to the claim under the said section 393A(1), would be the later period for the purposes of subsection (6) above.]

Textual Amendments

- **F474** S. 87A inserted by Finance (No. 2) Act 1987 (c. 51), ss. 85, 95(2)
- F475 Finance Act 1989, s. 179(1)(b) and S.I. 1989/1298. Previously "prescribed rate". And see S.I. 1989/1297 for regulations made, and interest rate set, under Finance Act 1989, s. 178
- **F476** Words in s. 87A(1) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), **Sch. 19 para. 24**; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- F477 Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 844, Sch. 29 para. 10(4)(b). Previously "266(2), section 267(3C), section 277(1) or section 278(5) of the Taxes Act".
- **F478** Words in s. 87A(3) substituted (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the substituting Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 10 para. 2(9)** (with ss. 60, 101(1), 171, 201(3))
- F479 Words in s. 87A(4) inserted (27.7.1993) by 1993 c. 34, s. 120, Sch. 14 para. 4(1)
- **F480** Words in s. 87A(4) substituted (23.3.1995) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 24 paras. 7, **9(1)**; S.I. 1994/3224, art. 2
- F481 Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 844, Sch. 29 para. 10(4)(c)(d). Previously "85 of the Finance Act 1972" and "85" respectively.
- **F482** S. 87A(4A) inserted (27.7.1993) by 1993 c. 34, s. 170, **Sch. 18 para.1**
- F483 Words in s. 87A(4A)(a) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 105(1) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 14 para. 1(1)(a) (with Sch. 15)
- F484 Words in s. 87A(4A)(b) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 105(1) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 14 para. 1(1)(b) (with Sch. 15)
- **F485** S. 87A(4A)(c) substituted (23.3.1995) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 24 paras. 7, **8(a)**; S.I. 1994/3224, art. 2
- **F486** Words in s. 87A(4A) substituted (23.3.1995) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 24 paras. 7, **8(b)**; S.I. 1994/3224, art. 2
- **F487** S. 87A(4B) inserted (23.3.1995) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 24 paras. 7, **9(2)**; S.I. 1994/3224, art. 2
- **F488** Words in s. 87A(4B) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 105(1) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 14 para. 1(2) (with Sch. 15)
- **F489** Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 844, **Sch. 29 para. 10(4)(d)**. Previously "subsection (2) of section 102 of the Finance Act 1972"
- **F490** Finance Act 1989, s. 179(1)(b), S.I. 1989/1298. Previously "prescribed rate". And see S.I. 1989/1297 for regulations made and interest rate set under Finance Act 1989, s. 178
- **F491** S. 87A(6)(7) substituted (27.7.1993) for s. 87A(6) by 1993 c. 34, s. 120, **Sch. 14 para. 4(2)**

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- **C188** S. 87A modified by Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 438A, Sch. 19AB para. 3 (as inserted (25. 7. 1991) by Finance Act 1991 (c. 31), s. 49, **Sch. 8**)
- C189 S. 87A extended (with modifications) by Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 438A, Sch. 19AB para. 5(6) (as inserted (25.7.1991) by Finance Act 1991 (c. 31), s. 49, Sch. 8)
 S. 87A applied (with modifications) (2.10.1992) by S.I. 1992/2326, reg. 6(5)(6)
- C190 S. 87A modified by Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 767B(1)(b) (as inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 135(6) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 135(1)(6))
- C191 S. 87A modified (3.5.1994) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 250(4)(5)

Marginal Citations

M3 1882 c. 61.

F49288 Interest on tax recovered to make good loss due to taxpayer's fault. U.K.

Textual Amendments

F492 S. 88 repealed (with effect in accordance with Sch. 18 para. 17 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 18 para. 4(1), Sch. 41 Pt. 5(8)

F49388A Determinations under section 88. U.K.

Textual Amendments

F493 S. 88A repealed (with effect in accordance with Sch. 18 para. 17 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 18 para. 4(2)(a), Sch. 41 Pt. 5(8)

F49489 The prescribed rate of interest. U.K.

Textual Amendments

F494 S. 89 repealed (18.8.1989) by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), ss. 178(7), 187(1), Sch. 17 Part X

90 Disallowance of relief for interest on tax. U.K.

Interest payable under this Part of this Act shall be paid without any deduction of income tax and shall not be allowed as a deduction in computing any income, profits or losses for any tax purposes.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C192 S. 90 applied (27.7.1993) by 1993 c. 34, s. 173, Sch. 19 Pt. II para.11(5)

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have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- C193 See Oil Taxation Act 1975 (c. 22), s. 1, Sch. 2 paras. 1(1), 15 (Oil Taxation Acts) regarding modification in relation to petroleum revenue tax and supplementary petroleum duty
- C194 SeeFinance Act 1988 (c. 39), Sch. 5 para. 3(4)—payments on account of tax by underwriters.
- C195 SeeIncome and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1, SIF 63:1) Sch. 19A para. 3as substituted by S.I. 1990 No. 2524.

91 Effect on interest of reliefs. U.K.

- (1) Where any amount of interest is payable under section 86 ^{F495}... of this Act in relation to an assessment, and relief from tax charged by the assessment is given to any person by a discharge of any of that tax, such adjustment shall be made of the said amount, and such repayment shall be made of any amounts previously paid under [F496 that section] in relation to the assessment, as are necessary to secure that the total sum, if any, paid or payable under [F496 that section] in relation to the assessment is the same as it would have been if the tax discharged had never been charged.
- [F497(1A)] Where interest is payable under section 87A of this Act in respect of an amount of corporation tax for an accounting period, and relief from tax is given by a discharge of any of that corporation tax—
 - (a) such adjustment shall be made of the amount of interest payable under that section in respect of corporation tax for that accounting period, and
 - (b) such repayment shall be made of any amounts of interest previously paid under that section in respect of that corporation tax,

as are necessary to secure that the total sum (if any) paid or payable under that section in respect of corporation tax for that accounting period is the same as it would have been if the tax discharged had never been charged.

- (1B) Subsection (1A) above has effect subject to section 87A(4)[^{F498}, (4A), (4B),][^{F499}(6) and (7)] of this Act.]
 - (2) [F500] Subject to subsection (2A) below] Where relief from tax F501... paid for any chargeable period is given to any person by repayment, he shall be entitled to require that the amount repaid shall be treated for the purposes of this section, so far as it will go, as if it were a discharge of the tax charged on him (whether alone or together with other persons) by or by virtue of any assessment for or relating to the same chargeable period, so, however, that it shall not be applied to any assessment made after the relief was given and that it shall not be applied to more than one assessment so as to reduce, without extinguishing, the amount of tax charged thereby.

I^{F502}(2A) In any case where—

- (a) relief from corporation tax is given to any person by repayment, and
- (b) that tax was paid for an accounting period ending after the day which is the appointed day for the purposes of section [F50310 of the principal Act],

that person shall be entitled to require that the amount repaid shall be treated for the purposes of this section, so far as it will go, as if it were a discharge of the corporation tax charged on him for that period.]

(3) Notwithstanding	anything in the	preceding	provisions	of this	section,	no relie	f,
whether given by	way of discharg	e or repaym	ent, shall be	e treated	for the p	urposes	of
this section as—					-	-	
F504(a)							

(b)	affecting tax charged by any assessment to income tax made under Schedule
	A or Schedule D if either—

- (ii) it arises in connection with income taxable otherwise than under Schedule A or Schedule D, or
- (iii) it relates to a source income from which is taxable otherwise than under Schedule A or Schedule D [F505] or
- (c) affecting tax charged at a rate other than the basic rate [F506] or the lower rate] on income from which tax has been deducted (otherwise than under section [F507203] of the principal Act) or is treated as having been deducted, unless it is a relief from the tax so charged].
- (4) For the purposes of this section a relief from corporation tax or capital gains tax shall not be treated as affecting tax charged by any assessment unless the assessment is to the same tax.

Textual Amendments

- F495 Words in s. 91(1) repealed (with effect in accordance with Sch. 18 para. 17 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 18 para. 4(2)(b)(i), Sch. 41 Pt. 5(8)
- **F496** Words in s. 91(1) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 18 para. 17 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 18 para. 4(2)(b)(ii)
- **F497** S. 91(1A)(1B) inserted (23.7.1987 with effect with respect to accounting periods ending after 30.9.1993) by 1987 c. 51, s. 86(5)(7); S.I. 1992/3066, art.2(2)(a).
- **F498** Words in s. 91(1B) inserted (23.3.1995) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 24 paras. 7, **10**; S.I. 1994/3224, art. 2
- **F499** Words in s. 91(1B) inserted (27.7.1993) by 1993 c. 34, s. 120, Sch. 14 para.5
- **F500** Words in s. 91(2) added (23.7.1987 with effect with respect to accounting periods ending after 30.9.1993) by 1987 c. 51, s. 86(6)(7); S.I. 1992/3066, art.2(2)(a).
- F501 Amended in relation to development land tax byDevelopment Land Tax Act 1976 Sch.8 para.24and amendment repealed by1985 s.98(6)andSch.27 Part X.
- **F502** S. 91(2A) added (23.7.1987 with effect with respect to accounting periods ending after 30.9.1993) by 1987 c. 51, s. 86(6)(7); S.I. 1992/3066, art.2(2)(a).
- F503 Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1, SIF 63:1), s. 844, Sch. 29 para. 10(6). Previously "90 of the Finance (No. 2) Act 1987"
- **F504** Words omitted repealed for 1973—74 et seq. by Finance Act 1971 ss. 37, 38, Sch.6 para.88, Sch.14 Part II.
- **F505** Finance Act 1971 (c. 68), ss.37, 38, **Sch.6 para.88**, with effect for 1973—74 et seq.
- **F506** Words in s. 91(3)(c) inserted (16.7.1992 for the year 1992-93 and subsequent years of assessment) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48), s. 19(2)(7)
- F507 Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1) Sch. 29 para. 32.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C196 SeeIncome and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1, SIF 63:1) Sch. 19A para. 3as substituted by S.I. 1990 No. 2524.
- C197 See—Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9, SIF 63:1) s.109—application of s.91in relation to tax underFinance Act 1970 ss.286, 288and289.Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1, SIF 63:1) s.306—s.91not to apply to business expansion scheme relief.

^{F508} 91A	U.K.

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Changes to legislation: Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Textual Amendments

F508 S. 91A added by Development Land Tax Act 1976 (c. 24) Sch.8 para.25. Development Land Tax Act 1976 repealed by Finance Act 1985 (c. 54), s.98(6), Sch.27 Part X.

Remission in certain cases of interest on tax in arrear by reason of exchange restrictions. U.K.

- (1) The provisions of this section shall have effect where the Board are satisfied as respects any tax carrying interest under section 86 of this Act—
 - (a) that the tax is in respect of income or chargeable gains arising in a country outside the United Kingdom, and
 - (b) that, as the result of action of the government of that country, it is impossible for the income or gains to be remitted to the United Kingdom, and
 - (c) that having regard to the matters aforesaid and to all the other circumstances of the case it is reasonable that the tax should for the time being remain uncollected,

and the Board allow the tax to remain uncollected accordingly.

- (2) Interest on the said tax shall, subject to subsection (3) below, cease to run under the said section 86 as from the date on which the Board were first in possession of the information necessary to enable them to be satisfied as aforesaid and, if the said date is not later than three months from the time when the tax became due and payable, the interest thereon under the said section 86 in respect of the period before the said date shall be remitted.
- (3) Where, under subsection (2) above, interest has ceased to run on any tax and thereafter demand is made by the collector or other proper officer for payment of all or any of that tax, interest under the said section 86 shall again begin to run from the date of the demand in respect of the amount demanded:

Provided that where all or any part of the amount demanded is paid not later than three months from the date of the demand, the interest under the said section 86 on the amount so paid running from the date of the demand shall be remitted.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C198 See—Finance (No. 2) Act 1987 (c. 51), s. 86(3)—references to s. 86 include reference to s. 87A for accounting periods ending after a day to be appointed; Finance Act 1988 (c. 39), Sch. 5 para. 10(2)—reference to s. 86 to include a reference to Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 5 para. 3(4)—interest on underwriters liabilities.



PENALTIES, ETC.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C199 Part X (ss. 93-107) applied (with modifications) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (c. 4), ss. 16(1)(b), 177(4), **Sch. 2**

- C200 Part X (ss 93-107) applied (27.7.1993 with effect in relation to the year 1993-94 and subsequent years of assessment) by 1993 c. 34, s. 122(2)(3)
- C201 See Finance Act 1966 s.27, Sch.6 para.23(7)—regulations under Finance Act 1965 s.84(7)may apply any provisions of Finance Act 1960 Part III (now Taxes Management Act 1970 Part X) in relation to penalties under para.23 and recovery of relief under Finance Act 1965 s.84 (overspill relief), subject to modifications, etc.

[F50993 Failure to make return for income tax and capital gains tax. U.K.

- (1) This section applies where—
 - (a) any person (the taxpayer) has been required by a notice served under or for the purposes of section 8 or 8A of this Act (or either of those sections as extended by section 12 of this Act) to deliver any return, and
 - (b) he fails to comply with the notice.
- (2) The taxpayer shall be liable to a penalty which shall be £100.
- (3) If, on an application made to them by an officer of the Board, the General or Special Commissioners so direct, the taxpayer shall be liable to a further penalty or penalties not exceeding £60 for each day on which the failure continues after the day on which he is notified of the direction (but excluding any day for which a penalty under this subsection has already been imposed).
- (4) If—
 - (a) the failure by the taxpayer to comply with the notice continues after the end of the period of six months beginning with the filing date, and
 - (b) no application is made under subsection (3) above before the end of that period,

the taxpayer shall be liable to a further penalty which shall be £100.

- (5) Without prejudice to any penalties under subsections (2) to (4) above, if—
 - (a) the failure by the taxpayer to comply with the notice continues after the anniversary of the filing date, and
 - (b) there would have been a liability to tax shown in the return,

the taxpayer shall be liable to a penalty of an amount not exceeding the liability to tax which would have been so shown.

- (6) No penalty shall be imposed under subsection (3) above in respect of a failure at any time after the failure has been remedied.
- (7) If the taxpayer proves that the liability to tax shown in the return would not have exceeded a particular amount, the penalty under subsection (2) above, together with any penalty under subsection (4) above, shall not exceed that amount.
- (8) On an appeal against the determination under section 100 of this Act of a penalty under subsection (2) or (4) above, neither section 50(6) to (8) nor section 100B(2) of this Act shall apply but the Commissioners may—
 - (a) if it appears to them that, throughout the period of default, the taxpayer had a reasonable excuse for not delivering the return, set the determination aside; or
 - (b) if it does not so appear to them, confirm the determination.
- (9) References in this section to a liability to tax which would have been shown in the return are references to an amount which, if a proper return had been delivered on the

filing date, would have been payable by the taxpayer under section 59B of this Act for the year of assessment.

(10) In this section—

"the filing date" means the day mentioned in section 8(1A) or, as the case may be, section 8A(1A) of this Act;

"the period of default", in relation to any failure to deliver a return, means the period beginning with the filing date and ending with the day before that on which the return was delivered.]

Textual Amendments

F509 S. 93 substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), **Sch. 19 para. 25**; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

[F51093A Failure to make partnership return. U.K.

- (1) This section applies where, in the case of a trade, profession or business carried on by two or more persons in partnership—
 - (a) a partner (the representative partner) has been required by a notice served under or for the purposes of section 12AA(2) or (3) of this Act to deliver any return, and
 - (b) he [F511] or a successor of his] fails to comply with the notice.
- (2) Each relevant partner shall be liable to a penalty which shall be £100.
- (3) If, on an application made to them by an officer of the Board, the General or Special Commissioners so direct, each relevant partner shall be liable, for each day on which the failure continues after the day on which the representative partner [F512 or a successor of his] is notified of the direction (but excluding any day for which a penalty under this subsection has already been imposed), to a further penalty or penalties not exceeding £60.

(4) If—

- (a) the failure by the representative partner [F512 or a successor of his] to comply with the notice continues after the end of the period of six months beginning with the filing date, and
- (b) no application is made under subsection (3) above before the end of that period,

each relevant partner shall be liable to a further penalty which shall be £100.

- (5) No penalty shall be imposed under subsection (3) above in respect of a failure at any time after the failure has been remedied.
- (6) Where, in respect of the same failure to comply, penalties under subsection (2), (3) or (4) above are determined under section 100 of this Act as regards two or more relevant partners—
 - (a) no appeal against the determination of any of those penalties shall be brought otherwise than by the representative partner [F513] or a successor of his];
 - (b) any appeal by that partner [F514 or successor] shall be a composite appeal against the determination of each of those penalties; and

- (c) section 100B(3) of this Act shall apply as if that partner [F514] or successor] were the person liable to each of those penalties.
- (7) On an appeal against a determination under section 100 of this Act of a penalty under subsection (2) or (4) above, neither section 50(6) to (8) nor section 100B(2) of this Act shall apply but the Commissioners may—
 - (a) if it appears to them that, throughout the period of default, [F515] the person for the time being required to deliver the return (whether the representative partner or a successor of his) had a reasonable excuse for not delivering it], set the determination aside; or
 - (b) if it does not so appear to them, confirm the determination.
- (8) In this section—

"the filing date" means the day specified in the notice under section 12AA(2) or (3) of this Act;

"the period of default", in relation to any failure to deliver a return, means the period beginning with the filing date and ending with the day before that on which the return was delivered;

"relevant partner" means a person who was a partner at any time during the period in respect of which the return was required.]

Textual Amendments

- **F510** S. 93A inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 19 para. 26; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- **F511** Words in s. 93A(1)(b) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 123(8)
- F512 Words in s. 93A(3)(4) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 123(9)
- F513 Words in s. 93A(6) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 123(10)(a)
- F514 Words in s. 93A(6) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 123(10)(b)
- F515 Words in s. 93A(7) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 123(11)

[F51694 Failure to make return for corporation tax. U.K.

- (1) If a company has been required by a notice served under section 11 of this Act (or under that section as extended by section 12 of this Act) to deliver a return for any period (in this section referred to as "the return period") and the company fails to make proper delivery of the return, then, subject to subsections (3) and (5) below, the company shall be liable to a penalty which,—
 - (a) if the return is delivered before the expiry of the period of three months beginning on the day following the final day for the delivery of the return, shall be £100; and
 - (b) in any other case, shall be £200.
- (2) In relation to a return required by such a notice as is referred to in subsection (1) above,—

- (a) any reference in this section (however expressed) to the delivery of the return is a reference to its delivery together with the accompanying accounts, statements and reports referred to in section 11(1) of this Act; and
- (b) any reference in this section to making proper delivery of the return is a reference to the delivery of the return on or before the day which (in accordance with section 11(4) of this Act) is the final day for the delivery of the return.

(3) In a case where—

- (a) a company is required to deliver a return for a return period, and
- (b) the return period is a period for which, under the M4Companies Act 1985, the company is required to deliver accounts to the Registrar of Companies,

the company shall not be liable to a penalty under subsection (1) above by reason of a failure to make proper delivery of the return if the return is delivered on or before the day which is the last day for the delivery to the Registrar of the accounts referred to in paragraph (b) above.

(4) In the application of this section to a company registered in Northern Ireland, the reference in subsection (3) above to the Companies Act 1985 shall be construed as a reference to the M5Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986 and references to the Registrar of Companies shall be construed accordingly.

(5) In any case where—

- (a) a company is within the charge to corporation tax for three consecutive accounting periods, each of which is a return period, and
- (b) at no time between the beginning of the first of those periods and the end of the last is the company outside the charge to corporation tax, and
- (c) the company fails to make proper delivery of the return for the third of those periods, and
- (d) the company was liable to a penalty under this section in respect of each of the first two of those periods,

subsection (1) above shall have effect in relation to the failure referred to in paragraph (c) above as if for "£100" there were substituted "£500" and for "£200" there were substituted "£1,000".

- (6) If a company which has been required as mentioned in subsection (1) above to deliver a return fails to deliver the return before [F517] whichever is the later of the end of the final day for the delivery of the return and the expiry of the period of eighteen months beginning on the day following the last day of the return period, then (without prejudice to any penalty under the preceding provisions of this section) the company shall be liable to a penalty which,—
 - (a) if the return is delivered before the expiry of the period of two years beginning on the day following that last day, shall be 10 per cent. of the tax unpaid at the end of the eighteen months referred to above; and
 - (b) in any other case, shall be 20 per cent. of the tax unpaid at the end of those eighteen months.
- (7) In subsection (6) above "the tax unpaid" at any time means the amount by which the corporation tax chargeable on the profits of the company for the return period which then remains unpaid exceeds any income tax [F518] which, under section 7(2) or 11(3) of the principal Act, is to be set off against the corporation tax so chargeable].

(8) In determining for the purposes of subsection (7) above how much of the corporation tax chargeable on the profits of a company for the return period remains unpaid at any time, no account shall be taken of the discharge of any liability for that tax which, pursuant to a claim under subsection (3) of [FS19] section 239(3) of the principal Act], is attributable to an amount of surplus advance corporation tax, as defined in that subsection, unless it is a surplus for an accounting period ending not later than two years after the end of the return period.]

Textual Amendments

F516 S. 94 substituted (23.7.1987 with respect to failures to deliver returns required by notices served under s. 11 after the day to be appointed) by 1987 c. 51, s. 83.

F517 Words in s. 94(6) inserted (27.7.1993) by 1993 c. 34, s. 120, Sch. 14 para. 6(1)

F518 Words in s. 94(7) substituted (27.7.1993) by 1993 c. 34, s. 120, Sch. 14 para. 6(2)

F519 Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 844, Sch. 29 para 10(7)

Marginal Citations

M4 1985 c. 6.

M5 S.I. 1986/1032 (N.I. 6).

95 Incorrect return or accounts for income tax or capital gains tax. U.K.

- (1) Where a person fraudulently or negligently—
 - (a) delivers any incorrect return of a kind mentioned in [F520] section 8 or 8A of this Act (or either of those sections] as extended by section 12 of this Act F521..., or
 - (b) makes any incorrect return, statement, or declaration in connection with any claim for any allowance, deduction or relief in respect of income tax or capital gains tax, or
 - (c) submits to an inspector or the Board or any Commissioners any incorrect accounts in connection with the ascertainment of his liability to income tax or capital gains tax,

he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding [F522 the amount of the difference specified in subsection (2) below.]

- (2) The difference is that between—
 - (a) the amount of income tax and capital gains tax payable for the relevant years of assessment by the said person (including any amount of income tax deducted at source and not repayable), and
 - (b) the amount which would have been the amount so payable if the return, statement, declaration or accounts as made or submitted by him had been correct.
- (3) The relevant years of assessment for the purposes of this section are, in relation to anything delivered, made or submitted in any year of assessment, that, the next following, and any preceding year of assessment; ^{F523}...

Textual Amendments

F520 Words in s. 95(1)(a) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), **Sch. 19 para. 27(1)**; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

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Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/1997. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- F521 Repealed by Finance Act 1988 (c. 39), s. 148 and Sch. 14 Part VIII for 1990-91 and subsequent years.
- F522 Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 163(1)(a)in relation to returns, statements, declarations or accounts delivered, made or submitted on or after 27 July 1989.
- **F523** Words in s. 95(3) repealed (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 19 para. 27(2), Sch. 26 Pt. 5(23); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C202 S. 95 extended by Finance Act 1991 (c. 31),, s. 33(3)(d)
- **C203** S. 95 modified by 1988 c. 1, **Sch. 6A Pt. II para. 8(4)** (as inserted (27.7.1993 with effect for the year 1993-94 and subsequent years of assessment) by 1993 c. 34, s. 73, Sch. 4 paras.7, **8**)
- C204 See—Finance Act 1966 s.27andSch.6 para.23(4)—ss.95and97applied for purposes ofFinance Act 1966 Sch.6 para.23 (transitional relief for companies with overseas trading income). Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 14 para. 7(3)(d)—application of s. 95to sums claimed under s. 266(5)(b)to which the claimant was not entitled. Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 57(3)—application of s. 95(3)to medical insurance relief.
- C205 S. 95: power to apply conferred (1.5.1995) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 73(4)(d)
- **C206** See S.I. 1986/1948, reg. 11(3)and S.I. 1989/469 reg. 9—application of s. 95to individual applications to subscribe to personal equity plans.
- C207 SeeFinance Act 1988 (c. 39), s. 35and Sch. 3 paras. 27and28—married couples.
- C208 See S.I. 1986/1948, reg. 23(4)—amounts deducted under S.I. 1986/1948 reg. 23(3)to be treated as amounts of income tax deducted at source and not repayable within the meaning of and for the purposes of s. 95(2)(a)

[F52495A Incorrect partnership return or accounts. U.K.

- (1) This section applies where, in the case of a trade, profession or business carried on by two or more persons in partnership—
 - (a) a partner (the representative partner)—
 - (i) delivers an incorrect return of a kind mentioned in section 12AA of this Act, or
 - (ii) makes any incorrect statement or declaration in connection with [F525a return of such a kind], or
 - (iii) submits to an officer of the Board any incorrect accounts in connection with such a return, and
 - (b) either he does so fraudulently or negligently, or his doing so is attributable to fraudulent or negligent conduct on the part of a relevant partner.
- (2) Each relevant partner shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding the difference between—
 - (a) the amount of income tax or corporation tax payable by him for the relevant period (including any amount of income tax deducted at source and not repayable), and
 - (b) the amount which would have been the amount so payable if the return, statement, declaration or accounts made or submitted by the representative partner had been correct;

and in determining each such penalty, regard shall be had only to the fraud or negligence, or the fraudulent or negligent conduct, mentioned in subsection (1(b) above.

- (3) Where, in respect of the same return, statement, declaration or accounts, penalties under subsection (2) above are determined under section 100 of this Act as regards two or more relevant partners—
 - (a) no appeal against the determination of any of those penalties shall be brought otherwise than by the representative partner [F526] or a successor of his];
 - (b) any appeal by that partner [F527 or successor] shall be a composite appeal against the determination of each of those penalties; and
 - (c) section 100B(3) of this Act shall apply as if that partner [F527] or successor] were the person liable to each of those penalties.

(4) In this section—

"relevant partner" means a person who was a partner at any time during the relevant period;

"relevant period" means the period in respect of which the return was made.]

Textual Amendments

- **F524** S. 95A inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 19 para. 28; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2
- F525 Words in s. 95A(1)(a)(ii) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 123(12)
- F526 Words in s. 95A(3) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 123(13)(a)
- F527 Words in s. 95A(3) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 123(13)(b)

96 Incorrect return or accounts for corporation tax. U.K.

- (1) Where a company fraudulently or negligently—
 - (a) delivers any incorrect return under section 11 of this Act (or under that section as extended by section 12 of this Act), or
 - (b) makes any incorrect return, statement or declaration in connection with any claim for any allowance, deduction or relief in respect of corporation tax, or
 - (c) submits to an inspector or any Commissioners any incorrect accounts in connection with the ascertainment of the company's liability to corporation tax,

the company shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding [the amount of the difference specified in subsection (2) below ^{F528}.]

(2) The difference is that between—

- (a) the amount of corporation tax payable by the said company for the accounting period or accounting periods comprising the period to which the return, statement, declaration or accounts relate, and
- (b) the amount which would have been the amount so payable if the return, statement, declaration or accounts had been correct.

Textual Amendments

F528 Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), **s. 163(1)**(b)in relation to returns, statements, declarations or accounts delivered, made or submitted on or after 27 July 1989.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C209 See also Finance Act 1988 (c. 39), ss. 131-132—tax payable by migrating companies.

97 Incorrect return or accounts: supplemental. U.K.

- (1) Where any such return, statement, declaration or accounts as are mentioned in section 95 and 96 above were made or submitted by any person neither fraudulently nor negligently and it comes to his notice (or, if he has died, to the notice of his personal representatives) that they were incorrect, then, unless the error is remedied without unreasonable delay, the return, statement, declaration or accounts shall be treated for the purposes of those sections as having been negligently made or submitted by him.
- (2) For the purposes of sections 95 and 96 above, any accounts submitted on behalf of any person shall be deemed to have been submitted by him unless he proves that they were submitted without his consent or connivance.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C210 See S.I. 1986/1948, reg. 33(4)and S.I. 1989/469 reg. 28(4)—s. 97(1)to apply to S.I. 1986/1948(personal equity plan regulations) with certain modifications.

- C211 See also Finance Act 1988 (c. 39), ss. 131-132—tax payable by migrating companies.
- **C212** See Finance Act 1966 s. 27and Sch. 6 para. 23(4)—ss. 95and 97applied for purposes of Finance Act 1966 Sch. 6 para. 23 (transitional relief for companies with overseas trading income).

[F529]97A Failure to produce documents under section 19A. U.K.

- (1) Where a person fails to comply with a notice or requirement under [F530] section 19A(2), (2A) or (3)] of this Act, he shall be liable, subject to subsection (4) below—
 - (a) to a penalty which shall be £50, and
 - (b) if the failure continues after a penalty is imposed under paragraph (a) above, to a further penalty or penalties not exceeding the relevant amount for each day on which the failure continues after the day on which the penalty under that paragraph was imposed (but excluding any day for which a penalty under this paragraph has already been imposed).
- (2) In subsection (1)(b) above "the relevant amount" means—
 - (a) in the case of a determination of a penalty by an officer of the Board under section 100 of this Act, £30;
 - (b) in the case of a determination of a penalty by the Commissioners under section 100C of this Act, £150.
- (3) An officer of the Board authorised by the Board for the purposes of section 100C of this Act may commence proceedings under that section for any penalty under subsection (1)(b) above, notwithstanding that it is not a penalty to which subsection (1) of section 100 of this Act does not apply by virtue of subsection (2) of that section.

(4) No penalty shall be imposed under subsection (1) above in respect of a failure within that subsection at any time after the failure has been remedied.]

Textual Amendments

F529 S. 97AA inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 19 para. 29; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

F530 Words in s. 97AA(1) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 3(4)

[F53197A Two or more tax-geared penalties in respect of the same tax. U.K.

Where two or more penalties—

- (a) are incurred by any person and fall to be determined by reference to any income tax or capital gains tax with which he is chargeable for a year of assessment; or
- (b) are incurred by any company and fall to be determined by reference to any corporation tax with which it is chargeable for an accounting period,

each penalty after the first shall be so reduced that the aggregate amount of the penalties, so far as determined by reference to any particular part of the tax, does not exceed whichever is or, but for this section, would be the greater or greatest of them, so far as so determined.]

Textual Amendments

F531 s. 97A inserted by Finance Act 1988 (c. 39), s. 129 (s. 97A(a) has effect for the year 1988-89 and subsequent years, and s. 97A(b) has effect for accounting periods ending after 31 March 1989).

98 Special returns, etc. U.K.

- (1) [F532 Subject to F533 the provisions of this section and] section 98A below, where] any person—
 - (a) has been required, by a notice served under or for the purposes of any of the provisions specified in the first column of the Table below, to deliver any return or other document, to furnish any particulars, to produce any document, or to make anything available for inspection, and he fails to comply with the notice, or
 - (b) fails to furnish any information, give any certificate or produce any document or record in accordance with any of the provisions specified in the second column of the Table below,

he shall be liable, subject to [F532 subsections (3) and (4) below—

- (i) to a penalty not exceeding £300, and
- (ii) if the failure continues after a penalty is imposed under paragraph (i) above, to a further penalty or penalties not exceeding £60 for each day on which the failure continues after the day on which the penalty under paragraph (i) above was imposed (but excluding any day for which a penalty under this paragraph has already been imposed)].

- (2) [F534]Subject to section 98A below, where] a person fraudulently or negligently furnishes, gives, produces or makes any incorrect information, certificate, document, record or declaration of a kind mentioned in any of the provisions specified in either column of the Table below, he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding [F534£3000].
- $I^{F535}(3)$ No penalty shall be imposed under subsection (1) above in respect of a failure within paragraph (a) of that subsection at any time after the failure has been remedied.
 - (4) No penalty shall be imposed under paragraph (ii) of subsection (1) above in respect of a failure within paragraph (b) of that subsection at any time after the failure has been remedied.]
- [F536(5) In the case of a failure to comply with section 765A(2)(a) or (b) of the principal Act, subsection (1) above shall have effect as if for "£300" there were substituted "£3000" and as if for "£60" there were substituted "£600".]

F537TABLE

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1.
Part III of this Act,
                                             In the principal Act—
F539
                                             section 41(2);
                                             [F540 regulations under section 42A;]
In the principal Act—
                                             [F542 regulations under section 51B;]
[section 38(5)];
F541
                                             [F543 regulations under section 118D,
                                             118F, 118G, 118H or 118I;
[section 42];
[F540 regulations under section 42A;]
                                             [F544 regulations under section 124(3)]
[F545 regulations under section 118D,
                                             section 136(6);
118F, 118G, 118H or 118I;]
                                             F547
[F546 regulations under section 124(3);]
F548
                                             section 148(7);
                                             F548
regulations under section 202;
section 217;
                                             regulations under section 202;
section 226(3) and (4);
                                             regulations under section 203;
section 234(7)(b), (8) and (9);
                                             section 216;
[F549 section 246H;]
                                             section 226(1) and (2);
section 250(6) and (7);
                                             section 234(5), (6) and (7)(a);
section 272(7);
                                             section 250(1) to (5);
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section 310(4) and (5);
                                            section 310(1), (2) and (3);
                                            section 313(5);
[
F550
regulations under section 326C ]
regulations under section 333;
                                            Regulations under section 326C ]
[F551 regulations under section 431E(1) or
                                            Regulations under section 333;
441A(3);]
regulations under section 476(1);
                                            section 350(1);
                                            section 375(5);
[
F552
regulations under section 477A ]
                                            [F554 regulations under section 431E(1) or
                                            441A(3);]
                                            [F555 regulations under section 444BB;]
section 482(3);
                                            [F555 regulations under section 444BD;]
regulations under section 482(11);
section 483;
                                            regulations under section 476(1);
Regulations under section 555(7);
                                            regulations under section 477A;]
section 561(8);
                                            [
F556
                                            section 482(2) ]
                                            regulations under section 482(11);
section 588(7);
                                            [F557 section 552(1) to (4);]
regulations under section 602;
[F558 regulations under section 605(1A)(b)
                                            [F557 regulations under section 552(4A);]
to (d);]
[F559 section 605(3)(b) and (4);]
                                            regulations under section 555(7);
regulations under section 612(3);
                                            [F560 regulations under section 566(1), (2)
                                            or (2A);
                                            section 577(4);
regulations under section 639;
section 652;
                                            section 588(6);
[F561 section 660F]
                                            regulations under section 602;
                                            [F562 regulations under section 605(1A)
section 700(4);
                                            (a);]
                                            section 605(3)(a);
section 708:
                                            regulations under section 612(3);
section 728;
F563
                                            regulations under section 639;
section 730(8);
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	F564
	section 765A(2)(a);]
F565	section 772(6);
• • •	
section 745(1);	F566
section 755;	Schedule 13;
[F564	[F567] Schedule 13A, paragraphs 11, 12 and
section 765A(2)(b) ;]	13;]
section 768(9);	regulations under paragraph 7 of Schedule 14;
section 772(1) and (3);	Schedule 15, paragraph 14(4);
section 774(5);	[F568Schedule 15B, paragraph 5(1);]
section 778;	Schedule 16;
section 815;	Schedule 22, paragraph 2.
F569 	Regulations under section [F570 151 of the 1992 Act].
Schedule 5, paragraph 10;	[F571
	Sections 23(2), [F57233F(5),] 48[F573, 49(2) and 51(6A)] of the Capital Allowances Act 1990.]
Schedule 9, [Regulations 16 and 17 of the Income Tax (Interest Relief) Regulations 1982.
paragraph 6];	`
Schedule 15 paragraph 14(5);	Paragraph 15(3) of Schedule 14 to the Finance Act 1984.
[F575Schedule 15B, paragraph 5(2);]	F576
F577	[F578
•••	Section 85(1) and (2) of the Finance Act 1988]
Schedule 22, paragraph 4.	[F579
	Regulations under section 57 of the Finance Act 1989.]
Section 32 of the Finance Act 1973.	F580
Paragraph 2 of Schedule 15 to the Finance Act 1973.	[F581] Regulations under section 33 of the Finance Act 1991].

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Regulations under section [F582151 of the
1992 Actl.
Paragraph [F5842(9) of Schedule 1 to the
                                            [F585] Section 28(2) of the Finance (No.2)
1992 Act].
                                            Act 1992.]
                                            [F587Paragraphs 2 to 6 of Schedule 5A to
[
F586
                                            the 1992 Act.]
Sections 23(4) and 49(4) of the Capital
Allowances Act 1990 ]
Section [F58898 of the 1992 Act].
                                            [F589] regulations under section 73 of the
                                            Finance Act 1995;]
Paragraph 15(1) of Schedule 14 to the
Finance Act 1984.
Paragraph 6(1) of Schedule 22 to the
Finance Act 1985.
[F590]Section 79(6) of the 1992 Act].
[
F591
Regulations under section 57 of the
Finance Act 1989 ]
[
F592
Section 73 of the Finance Act 1989 ]
Paragraphs 2 to 4 of Schedule 12 to the
Finance Act 1989
[F593235 of the 1992 Act].
[F581]Regulations under section 33 of the
Finance Act 1991]
[F594Paragraph F59510 of Schedule 5 to
the 1992 Act]]
[F596] section 86(12) of the Finance Act
1995;]
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The references in this Table to regulations under section 602 have effect only for the purpose of giving effect to any provision mentioned in paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2) of that section

Textual Amendments

F532 Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 164(2), (7) in relation to failures beginning, or information etc. furnished, on or after 27 July 1989.

F533 Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), s. 68(3)(a) for transactions carried out on or after 1 July 1990.

F534 Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 164(3), (7) in relation to failures beginning, or information etc. furnished, on or after 27 July 1989.

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Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/1997. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- F535 Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 164(4), (7) in relation to failures beginning, or information etc. furnished, on or after 27 July 1989.
- F536 Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), s. 68(3)(b) for transactions carried out on or after 1 July 1990.
- **F537** Table substituted by Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 29 para. 9 (see also Finance Act 1988 (c. 39), Sch. 14 Part VI).
- F538 Words repealed by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), ss. 164(5)(a) and 187 and Sch. 17 Part VIII in relation to any failure to comply with a notice etc. on or after 27 July 1989.
- **F539** Words in s. 98 repealed (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), Sch. 1 para. 13, Sch. 2 Pt. I
- **F540** Words in s. 98 inserted (1.5.1995) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 40(2)
- **F541** Entries transferred to column 1 from column 2 byFinance Act 1989 (c. 26), **s. 164(5)(b)**in relation to any failure to comply with a notice etc. on or after 27 July 1989.
- **F542** Words in s. 98 Table inserted (1.5.1995) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 78(2)
- F543 Words in s. 98 inserted (29.4.1996) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 29 para. 2(1)(b)
- F544 Words in s. 98 substituted (29.4.1996) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 29 para. 2(2)(b)
- F545 Words in s. 98 inserted (29.4.1996) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 29 para. 2(1)(a)
- F546 Words in s. 98 inserted (29.4.1996) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 29 para. 2(2)(a)
- **F547** Repealed by Finance Act 1988 (c. 39), **s. 148** and Sch. 14 Part VI in relation to acquisitions on or after 26 October 1987.
- **F548** Words in s. 98 repealed (with effect in accordance with s. 61(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1997 (c. 16), **Sch. 18 Pt. 6(3)** Note 2
- F549 Words in s. 98 inserted (3.5.1994) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 16 para. 10
- F550 Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), s. 28(2).
- F551 Words in s. 98 Table inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 8 paras. 55, 57 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 8 para. 50(a)
- F552 Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), s. 30 and Sch. 5 para. 15.
- F553 Words repealed by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), ss. 164(5)(c), 187, Sch. 17 Part VIII in relation to any failure to comply with a notice etc. on or after 27 July 1989.
- F554 Words in s. 98 Table inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 8 paras. 55, 57 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 8 para. 50(b)
- F555 S. 98 entries inserted (29.4.1996) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 32 para. 2
- F556 Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 164(5)(c)in relation to any failure to comply with a notice etc. on or after 27 July 1989.
- F557 Words in s. 98 Table substituted (1.5.1995) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 57(3)
- **F558** Words in s. 98 inserted (3.5.1994) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 105(4)(a)
- F559 Words in s. 98 Table substituted (1.1.1996) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 105(4)(b)(5); S.I. 1995/3125, art 2
- **F560** Words in s. 98 substituted (29.4.1996) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 178(2)
- **F561** Words in s. 98 Table substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 74(2) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 17 para. 23
- **F562** Words in s. 98 inserted (3.5.1994) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 105(4)(c)
- F563 S. 98 entry repealed (with effect in accordance with s. 159(1) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 41 Pt. 5(21)
- **F564** Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), **s. 68(3)**(c), (d)respectively.
- F565 Words in s. 98 repealed (with effect in accordance with Sch. 10 para. 16(3) by the amending Act) by Finance Act 1997 (c. 16), Sch. 18 Pt. 6(10)
- F566 Words in s. 98 repealed (with effect in accordance with Sch. 7 para. 32 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 7 para. 29(b), Sch. 41 Pt. 5(2) (with Sch. 7 paras. 33-35)
- **F567** Words in s. 98 inserted (29.4.1996) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 25 para. 5
- F568 Words in s. 98 Table inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 71(4) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 71(3)(b)

- F569 Words in s. 98 repealed (with effect in accordance with Sch. 7 para. 32 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 7 para. 29(a), Sch. 41 Pt. 5(2) (with Sch. 7 paras. 33-35)
- F570 Words in s. 98 Table substituted (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the substituting Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, Sch. 10 para. 2(10)(b)(i) (with ss. 60, 101(1), 171, 201(3)).
- **F571** Capital Allowances Act 1990 (c. 1), s. 164, Sch. 1 para. 1(3).
- **F572** Word in s. 98 Table inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 98 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 97(3)
- F573 Words in s. 98 substituted (19.3.1997) by Finance Act 1997 (c. 16), Sch. 16 para. 9
- F574 Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), s. 89and Sch. 14 para. 15 (correction of errors)—deemed to have been made by the Taxes Act 1988.
- F575 Words in s. 98 Table inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 71(4) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 71(3)(a)
- F576 Repealed by Capital Allowances Act 1990 (c. 1), s. 164(4), Sch. 2
- F577 Repealed by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 187 and Sch. 17 Part Von and after 27 July 1989.
- F578 Finance Act 1988 (c. 39), s. 85(3).
- F579 Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 107and Sch. 12 para. 5.
- F580 Words in s. 98 Table repealed (16.7.1992 with application in relation to claims made after 16.7.1992) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48), ss. 28, 82, Sch. 18 Pt.VII.
- **F581** Words in s. 98 Table added (25.7.1991) by Finance Act 1991 (c. 31),, s. 33(2)
- F582 Words in s. 98 Table substituted (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the substituting Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, Sch. 10 para. 2(10)(a)(i) (with ss. 60, 101(1), 171, 201(3)).
- **F583** Words in s. 98 repealed (with effect in accordance with s. 97 of the repealing Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 26 Pt. 5(10)
- F584 Words in s. 98 Table substituted (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the substituting Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, Sch. 10 para. 2(10)(a)(ii) (with ss. 60, 101(1), 171, 201(3)).
- F585 Entry in s. 98 Table inserted (16.7.1992 with application in relation to claims made after 16.7.1992) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48), s. 28(4)(6).
- **F586** Capital Allowances Act 1990 (c. 1), s. 164*and* Sch. 1 para. 1(2). *Previously* "sections 67(4) of, and paragraph 4(3) of Schedule 12 to, the Finance Act 1980".
- F587 Words in s. 98 inserted (3.5.1994) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 97(6)
- F588 Words in s. 98 Table substituted (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the substituting Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, Sch. 10 para. 2(10)(a)(iii) (with ss. 60, 101(1), 171, 201(3)).
- **F589** Words in s. 98 Table inserted (1.5.1995) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 73(5)
- **F590** Words in s. 98 Table substituted (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the substituting Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 10 para. 2**(10(a)(iv) (with ss. 60, 101(1), 171, 201(3)).
- **F591** Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 57(2).
- F592 Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 73(9).
- **F593** Words in s. 98 Table substituted (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the substituting Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 10 para. 2(10)(v)** (with ss. 60, 101(1), 171, 201(3)).
- F594 Words in s. 98 Table inserted (25.7.1991) by Finance Act 1991 (c. 31), s. 89(1), Sch. 16 para. 17
- **F595** Words in s. 98 Table substituted (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the substituting Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 10 para. 2(10)(a)(vi)** (with ss. 60, 101(1), 171, 201(3)).
- **F596** Words in s. 98 Table inserted (1.5.1995) by virtue of Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 86(12)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C213 S. 98 applied (E.W.S.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (c. 4), ss. 1(4), 173(4), Sch. 1, para. 6(7)
 S. 98 applied (N.I.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits (Northern Ireland) Act 1992 (c. 7), ss. 1(4), 173(4), Sch. 1, para. 6(7)
- C214 S. 98 amended (27.7.1993) by 1993 c. 34, s. 187(8)
- C215 S. 98 applied (with modifications) (1.10.1993) by S.I. 1993/2004, reg. 11(12)(13)
- **C216** S. 98 applied (with modifications) (1.7.1997) by The Manufactured Dividends (Tax) Regulations 1997 (S.I. 1997/993), regs. 1, **8**(5)(6)
- C217 See—Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9), s. 53(1)—s. 98(3) not applicable where penalty under s. 51 or 52 awarded summarily. Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9), s. 119, Sch. 4 para. 10—application of s. 98 in relation to repealed provisions. Oil Taxation Act 1975 (c. 22), s. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(1)—Oil Taxation Acts—regarding modifications relating to petroleum revenue tax and supplementary petroleum tax. Finance Act 1981 (c. 35), s. 134, Sch. 17 para. 18—application of this section to the special tax on banking deposits. Social Security Act 1975 (c. 14), Sch. 1 para. 5(2)—s. 98 applied in relation to regulations made under Social Security Act 1975, Sch. 1 para. 5(1) as they apply in relation to regulations made under Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1970 s. 204 (now Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 203). Social Security (Northern Ireland) Act 1975 (c. 15), Sch. 1 para. 5(2)—s. 98 applied in relation to regulations made under Social Security (Northern Ireland) Act 1975 Sch. 1 para. 5(1) as they apply in relation to regulations made under Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1970 s. 204 (now Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 203).

[F59798A Special penalties in the case of certain returns. U.K.

- (1) Regulations under section 203(2) (PAYE) or 566(1) (sub-contractors) of the principal Act may provide that this section shall apply in relation to any specified provision of the regulations.
- (2) Where this section applies in relation to a provision of regulations, any person who fails to make a return in accordance with the provision shall be liable—
 - (a) to a penalty or penalties of the relevant monthly amount for each month (or part of a month) during which the failure continues, but excluding any month after the twelfth or for which a penalty under this paragraph has already been imposed, and
 - (b) if the failure continues beyond twelve months, without prejudice to any penalty under paragraph (a) above, to a penalty not exceeding so much of the amount payable by him in accordance with the regulations for the year of assessment to which the return relates as remained unpaid at the end of 19th April after the end of that year.
- (3) For the purposes of subsection (2)(a) above, the relevant monthly amount in the case of a failure to make a return—
 - (a) where the number of persons in respect of whom particulars should be included in the return is fifty or less, is £100, and
 - (b) where the number is greater than fifty, is £100 for each fifty such persons and an additional £100 where that number is not a multiple of fifty.
- (4) Where this section applies in relation to a provision of regulations, any person who fraudulently or negligently makes an incorrect return of a kind mentioned in the provision shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding the difference between—
 - (a) the amount payable by him in accordance with the regulations for the year of assessment to which the return relates, and

(b) the amount which would have been so payable if the return had been correct.]

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Textual Amendments
 F597 S. 98A inserted by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 165(1) (with s. 165(2); S.I. 1994/2508, art. 2)
Modifications etc. (not altering text)
 C218 S. 98A power to apply conferred (E.W.S.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits
        Act 1992 (c. 4), ss. 1(4), 177(4), Sch. 1, para. 7(2)(9)-(12)
        S. 98A power to apply conferred (N.I.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits
        (Northern Ireland) Act 1992 (c. 7), ss. 1(4), 173(4), Sch. 1, para. 7(2)(9)-(12)
        S. 98A(2)(a) restricted (E.W.S.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992
        (c. 4), ss. 1(4), 177(4), Sch. 1, para. 7(3)
        S. 98A(2)(b)(4) modified (E.W.S.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992
        (c. 4), ss. 1(4), 177(4), Sch. 1, para. 7(4)
 C219 S. 98A applied (6.4.1993) by S.I. 1993/743, reg. 11(11)
 C220 S. 98A applied (6.4.1993) by S.I. 1993/744, reg. 43(12)
 C221 S. 98A applied (6.4.1993) by S.I. 1993/744, reg. 104(16)
 C222 See—S.I. 1973/334, reg. 30(8)—end of year return by employer; and reg. 51(9)—alternative
        procedure for direct collection.S.I. 1975/1960, reg. 10—end of year return by contractor.
 C223 S. 98A, as modified by para. 5A of Sch. 1 of Social Security Act 1975 (c. 14) as inserted by Social
        Security Act 1990 (c. 27) Sch. 5), is applied to returns of contributions under regs. 30(7) and 51(10) of
        the Social Security (Contributions) regs. 1979 (S.I. 1975/591)(as inserted by S.I. 1990/1935).For
        Northern Ireland see para. 5A of Sch. 1 Social Security (Northern Ireland) Act 1975, art. 19(5) and
        Sch. 5 Social Security (Northern Ireland) Order 1990and S.R. 1990/350).
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[F59898B European Economic Interest Groupings. U.K.

- (1) In this section "grouping" means a European Economic Interest Grouping formed in pursuance of Council Regulation (EEC) No. 2137/85 of 25th July 1985, whether registered in Great Britain, in Northern Ireland or elsewhere.
- [F599(2) Subsections (2A) to (4) below apply where a grouping or member of a grouping required by a notice given under section 12A of this Act to deliver a return or other document fails to comply with the notice.
 - (2A) The grouping or member shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding £300 multiplied by the number of members of the grouping at the time of the failure to comply.
 - (2B) If, on an application made to them by an officer of the Board, the General or Special Commissioners so direct, the grouping or member shall be liable, for each day on which the failure continues after the day on which the grouping or member is notified of the direction (but excluding any day for which a penalty under this subsection has already been imposed), to a further penalty or penalties not exceeding £60 multiplied by the number of members of the grouping at the end of that day.]
 - (3) No penalty shall be imposed under [F600 subsection (2A) or (2B)] above in respect of a failure at any time after the failure has been remedied.
 - (4) If a grouping to which, or member to whom, a notice is given proves that there was no income or chargeable gain to be included in the return, the penalty under [F601] subsections (2A) and (2B)] above shall not exceed £100.

Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9)
PART X – PENALTIES, ETC.
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Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/1997. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(5) Where a grouping or member fraudulently or negligently delivers an incorrect return, accounts or statement, or makes an incorrect declaration in a return delivered, under section 12A above, the grouping or member shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding £3000 multiplied by the number of members of the grouping at the time of delivery.]

Textual Amendments

F598 S. 98B inserted (on and after 1 July 1989) by Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), s. 69, Sch. 11 para. 3(1)

F599 S. 98B(2)(2A)(2B) substituted for s. 98B(2) (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), **Sch. 19 para. 30(1)**; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

F600 Words in s. 98B(3) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 19 para. 30(2); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

F601 Words in s. 98B(4) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), **Sch. 19 para. 30(3)**; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

[F60299 Assisting in preparation of incorrect return, etc. U.K.

Any person who assists in or induces the preparation or delivery of any information, return, accounts or other document which—

- (a) he knows will be, or is or are likely to be, used for any purpose of tax, and
- (b) he knows to be incorrect,

shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding £3,000.]

Textual Amendments

F602 S. 99 substituted by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), **s. 166**in relation to assistance and inducements occurring on or after 27 July 1989.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C224 See Finance Act 1981 s.134, Sch.17 para.18—application to the special tax on banking deposits.

[F60399A Certificates of non-liability to income tax. U.K.

If a person who gives a certificate of non-liability to income tax in pursuance of regulations under section 477A of the principal Act (building societies) or section 480B of that Act (deposit-takers)—

- (a) gives the certificate fraudulently or negligently, or
- (b) fails to comply with any undertaking contained in the certificate in pursuance of the regulations,

he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding £3,000.]

Textual Amendments

F603 S. 99A inserted (25.7.1991) by Finance Act 1991 (c. 31),, s. 82

[F604 100 Determination of penalties by officer of the Board. U.K.

- (1) Subject to subsection (2) below and except where proceedings for a penalty have been instituted under section 100D below ^{F605}..., an officer of the Board authorised by the Board for the purposes of this section may make a determination imposing a penalty under any provision of the Taxes Acts and setting it at such amount as, in his opinion, is correct or appropriate.
- (2) Subsection (1) above does not apply where the penalty is a penalty under—
 - (a) section 93(1) above as it has effect before the amendments made by section 162 of the Finance Act 1989 or section 93(1)(a) above as it has effect after those amendments.
 - (b) section 94(1) above as it has effect before the substitution made by section 83 of the Finance (No. 2) Act 1987,
 - (c) section 98(1) above as it has effect before the amendments made by section 164 of the Finance Act 1989 or section 98(1)(i) above as it has effect after those amendments, or
 - (d) paragraph (a)(i) of section 98A(2) above as it has effect by virtue of section 165(2) of the Finance Act 1989, I^{F606} or
 - (e) section 98B(2)(a) above.]
- (3) Notice of a determination of a penalty under this section shall be served on the person liable to the penalty and shall state the date on which it is issued and the time within such an appeal against the determination may be made.
- (4) After the notice of a determination under this section has been served the determination shall not be altered except in accordance with this section or on appeal.
- (5) If it is discovered by an officer of the Board authorised by the Board for the purposes of this section that the amount of a penalty determined under this section is or has become insufficient the officer may make a determination in a further amount so that the penalty is set at the amount which, in his opinion, is correct or appropriate.
- (6) In any case where—
 - (a) a determination under this section is of a penalty under section 94(6) above, and
 - (b) after the determination has been made it is discovered by an officer of the Board authorised by the Board for the purposes of this section that the amount which was taken into account as the relevant amount of tax is or has become excessive,

the determination shall be revised so that the penalty is set at the amount which is correct; and, where more than the correct amount has already been paid, the appropriate amount shall be repaid.]

Textual Amendments

F604 Ss. 100-100D substituted for s. 100 by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 167

F605 Words in s. 100(1) repealed (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), Sch. 1 para. 14, **Sch. 2 Pt. I**

F606 Finance Act 1990 (c. 29), s. 69, Sch. 11 para. 3(1)on and after 1 July 1989.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C225 Ss. 100-100D power to apply conferred (N.I.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits (Northern Ireland) Act 1992 (c. 7), ss. 1(4), 173(4), Sch. 1, para. 7(2)(b)(9)-(12)
Ss. 100-100D power to apply conferred (E.W.S.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (c. 4), ss. 1(4), 177(4), Sch. 1, para. 7(2)(b)(9)-(12)
S. 100 restricted (N.I.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits (Northern Ireland) Act

[F604100AProvisions supplementary to section 100. U.K.

1992 (c. 7), ss. 1(4), 173(4), **Sch. 1**, para. 7(4)(b)

- (1) Where a person who has incurred a penalty has died, a determination under section 100 above which could have been made in relation to him may be made in relation to his personal representatives, and any penalty imposed on personal representatives by virtue of this subsection shall be a debt due from and payable out of his estate.
- (2) A penalty determined under section 100 above shall be due and payble at the end of the period of thirty days beginning with the date of the issue of the notice of the determination.
- (3) A penalty determined under section 100 above shall for all purposes be treated as if it were charged in an assessment and due and payable.]

Textual Amendments

F604 Ss. 100-100D substituted for s. 100 by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 167

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C226 Ss. 100-100D power to apply conferred (N.I.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits (Northern Ireland) Act 1992, ss. 1(4), 173(4), Sch. 1, para. 7(2)(b)(9)-(12)
Ss. 100-100D power to apply conferred (E.W.S.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (c. 4), ss. 1(4), 177(4), Sch. 1, para. 7(2)(b)(9)-(12)

[F604100BAppeals against penalty determinations. U.K.

- (1) An appeal may be brought against the determination of a penalty under section 100 above and, subject to [F607 sections 93, 93A and 95A of this Act][F608 and] the following provisions of this section, the provisions of this Act relating to appeals shall have effect in relation to an appeal against such a determination as they have effect in relation to an appeal against an assessment to tax.
- (2) [F609 Subject to sections 93(8) and 93A(7) of this Act] on an appeal against the determination of a penalty under section 100 above section 50(6) to (8) of this Act shall not apply but—
 - (a) in the case of a penalty which is required to be of a particular amount, the Commissioners may—
 - (i) if it appears to them that no penalty has been incurred, set the determination aside,
 - (ii) if the amount determined appears to them to be correct, confirm the determination, or
 - (iii) if the amount determined appears to them to be incorrect, increase or reduce it to the correct amount.

- (b) in the case of any other penalty, the Commissioners may—
 - (i) if it appears to them that no penalty has been incurred, set the determination aside,
 - (ii) if the amount determined appears to them to be appropriate, confirm the determination,
 - (iii) if the amount determined appears to them to be excessive, reduce it to such other amount (including nil) as they consider appropriate, or
 - (iv) if the amount determined appears to them to be insufficient, increase it to such amount not exceeding the permitted maximum as they consider appropriate.
- (3) Without prejudice to [F610] any right to have a case stated under regulation 22 of the General Commissioners Regulations or any right of appeal under section 56A] of this Act, an appeal from a decision of the Commissioners against the amount of a penalty which has been determined under section 100 above or this section shall lie, at the instance of the person liable to the penalty, to the High Court or, in Scotland to the Court of Session as the Court of Exchequer in Scotland; and on that appeal the court shall have the like jurisdiction as is conferred on the Commissioners by virtue of this section.]

Textual Amendments

F604 Ss. 100-100D substituted for s. 100 by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 167

F607 Words in s. 100B(1) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), **Sch. 19 para. 31(1)**; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

F608 Word in s. 100B(1) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 115(7)

F609 Words in s. 100B(2) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), **Sch. 19 para. 31(2)**; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

F610 Words in s. 100B(3) substituted (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), **Sch. 1 para. 15**

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C227 Ss. 100-100D power to apply conferred (N.I.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits (Northern Ireland) Act 1992 (c. 7), ss. 1(4), 173(4), Sch. 1, para. 7(2)(b)(9)-(12)
Ss. 100-100D power to apply conferred (E.W.S.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (c. 4), ss. 1(4), 177(4), Sch. 1, para. 7(2)(b)(9)-(12)

[F604100@Penalty proceedings before Commissioners. U.K.

- (1) An officer of the Board authorised by the Board for the purposes of this section may commence proceedings before the General or Special Commissioners for any penalty to which subsection (1) of section 100 above does not apply by virtue of subsection (2) of that section.
- (2) Proceedings under this section shall be by way of information in writing, made to the Commissioners, and upon summons issued by them to the defendant (or defender) to appear before them at a time and place stated in the summons; and they shall hear and decide each case in a summary way.

- (3) Any penalty determined by the Commissioners in proceedings under this section shall for all purposes be treated as if it were tax charged in an assessment and due and payable.
- (4) An appeal against the determination of a penalty in proceedings under this section shall lie to the High Court or, in Scotland, the Court of Session as the Court of Exchequer in Scotland—
 - (a) by any party on a question of law, and
 - (b) by the defendant (or, in Scotland, the defender) against the amount of the penalty.
- (5) On any such appeal the court may—
 - (a) if it appears that no penalty has been incurred, set the determination aside,
 - (b) if the amount determined appears to be appropriate, confirm the determination,
 - (c) if the amount determined appears to be excessive, reduce it to such other amount (including nil) as the court considers appropriate, or
 - (d) if the amount determined appears to be insufficient, increase it to such amount not exceeding the permitted maximum as the court considers appropriate.]

Textual Amendments

F604 Ss. 100-100D substituted for s. 100 by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 167

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C228 Ss. 100-100D power to apply conferred (N.I.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits (Northern Ireland) 1992 (c. 7), ss. 1(4), 173(4), Sch. 1, para. 7(2)(b)(9)-(12)
Ss. 100-100D power to apply conferred (E.W.S.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (c. 4), ss. 1(4), 177(4), Sch. 1, para. 7(2)(b)(9)-(12)

[F604100DPenalty proceedings before court. U.K.

- (1) Where in the opinion of the Board the liability of any person for a penalty arises by reason of the fraud of that person or any other person, proceedings for the penalty may be instituted before the High Court or, in Scotland, the Court of Session as the Court of Exchequer in Scotland.
- (2) Proceedings under this section which are not instituted (in England, Wales or Northern Ireland) under the Crown Proceedings Act 1947 by and in the name of the Board as an authorised department for the purposes of that Act shall be instituted—
 - (a) in England and Wales, in the name of the Attorney General,
 - (b) in Scotland, in the name of the Lord Advocate, and
 - (c) in Northern Ireland, in the name of the Attorney General for Northern Ireland.
- (3) Any proceedings under this section instituted in England and Wales shall be deemed to be civil proceedings by the Crown within the meaning of Part II of the Crown Proceedings Act 1947 and any such proceedings instituted in Northern Ireland shall be deemed to be civil proceedings within the meaning of that Part of that Act as for the time being in force in Northern Ireland.

(4) If in proceedings under this section the court does not find that fraud is proved but consider that the person concerned is nevertheless liable to a penalty, the court may determine a penalty notwithstanding that, but for the opinion of the Board as to fraud, the penalty would not have been a matter for the court.]

Textual Amendments

F604 Ss. 100-100D substituted for s. 100 by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 167

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C229 Ss. 100-100D power to apply conferred (N.I.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits (Northern Ireland) Act 1992 (c. 7), ss. 1(4), 173(4), Sch. 1, para. 7(2)(b)(9)-(12)
Ss. 100-100D power to apply conferred (E.W.S.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (c. 4), ss. 1(4), 177(4), Sch. 1, para. 7(2)(b)(9)-(12)

Evidence of profits for purposes of preceding provisions of Part X. U.K.

For the purposes of the preceding provisions of this Part of this Act, any assessment which can no longer be varied by any Commissioners on appeal or by order of any court shall be sufficient evidence that the income or chargeable gains ^{F611} in respect of which tax is charged in the assessment arose or were received ^{F611} as stated therein .

Textual Amendments

F611 Amended in relation to development land tax byDevelopment Land Tax Act 1976 (c. 24) Sch.8 para.27. Development Land Tax Act 1976 repealed byFinance Act 1985 s.98(6)andSch.27 Part X.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C230 See Oil Taxation Act 1975 (c. 22), s. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(1) (Oil Taxation Acts) regarding modification in relation to petroleum revenue tax and supplementary petroleum duty

C231 SeeIncome and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 5 para. 10(5)—s. 100not to apply to certain penalties on underwriters' agents.

102 Mitigation of penalties. U.K.

The Board may in their discretion mitigate any penalty, or stay or compound any proceedings for [F612a penalty], and may also, after judgment, further mitigate or entirely remit the penalty.

Textual Amendments

F612 Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 168(4).

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C232 Ss. 102-104 power to apply conferred (E.W.S.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (c. 4), ss. 1(4), 177(4), Sch. 1, para. 7(2)(b)(9)-(12)
Ss. 102-104 power to apply conferred (N.I.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits (Northern Ireland) Act 1992 (c. 7), ss. 1(4), 173(4), Sch. 1, para. 7(2)(b)(9)-(12)

Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9)
PART X – PENALTIES, ETC.
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Changes to legislation: Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

C233 See Finance Act 1966 s.27, Sch.6 para.23(7)(b) and S.I. 1966/1191, reg. 4—application of this section in relation to penalties under para.23 (transitional relief to companies with overseas trading income).

[F613 103 Time limits for penalties. U.K.

- (1) Subject to subsection (2) below, where the amount of a penalty is to be ascertained by reference to tax payable by a person for any period, the penalty may be determined by an officer of the Board, or proceedings for the penalty may be commenced before the Commissioners or a Court—
 - (a) at any time within six years after the date on which the penalty was incurred, or
 - (b) at any later time within three years after the final determination of the amount of tax by reference to which the amount of the penalty is to be ascertained.
- (2) Where the tax was payable by a person who has died, and the determination would be made in relation to his personal representatives, section (1)(b) above does not apply if the tax was charged in an assessment made later than six years after [F614the 31st January next following the chargeable period] for which it was charged.
- (3) A penalty under section 99 of this Act may be determined by an officer of the Board, or proceedings for such a penalty may be commenced before a court, at any time within twenty years after the date on which the penalty was incurred.
- (4) A penalty to which neither subsection (1) nor subsection (3) above applies may be so determined, or proceedings for such a penalty may be commenced before the Commissioners or a court, at any time within six years after the date on which the penalty was incurred or began to be incurred.]

Textual Amendments

F613 S. 103 substituted by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 169.

F614 Words in s. 103(2) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), **Sch. 19 para. 32**; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C234 Ss. 102-104 power to apply conferred (E.W.S.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (c. 4), ss. 1(4), 177(4), Sch. 1, para. 7(2)(b)(9)-(12)
Ss. 102-104 power to apply conferred (N.I.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits (Northern Ireland) Act 1992 (c. 7), ss. 1(4), 173(4), Sch. 1, para. 7(2)(b)(9)-(12)

[F615 103 AInterest on penalties. U.K.

A penalty under any of the provisions of [F616Part II, IV or VA] or this Part of this Act shall carry interest at the rate applicable under section 178 of the Finance Act 1989 from the date on which it becomes due and payable until payment.]

Textual Amendments

F615 S. 103A inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), **Sch. 19 para. 33**; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

F616 Words in s. 103A substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 115(8)

104 Saving for criminal proceedings. U.K.

The provisions of the Taxes Acts shall not, save so far as is otherwise provided, affect any criminal proceedings for any misdemeanour.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C235 Ss. 102-104 power to apply conferred (E.W.S.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (c. 4), ss. 1(4), 177(4), Sch. 1, para. 7(2)(b)99)-(12)
 Ss. 102-104 power to apply conferred (N.I.) (1.7.1992) by Social Security Contributions and Benefits (Northern Ireland) Act 1992 (c. 7), ss. 1(4), 173(4), Sch. 1, para. 7(2)(b)(9)-(12)
- C236 See Oil Taxation Act 1975 (c. 22), s. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(1) (Oil Taxation Acts) regarding modification in relation to petroleum revenue tax and supplementary petroleum duty
- C237 See Finance Act 1966 s.27, Sch.6 para.23(7)(b) and S.I. 1966/1191, reg.4—application of this section in relation to penalties under para.23 (transitional relief to companies with overseas trading income).
- C238 See—Finance Act 1981 (c. 35), s.134, Sch.17 para.18—application to special tax on banking deposits.

105 Evidence in cases of fraud or wilful default. U.K.

- (1) Statements made or documents produced by or on behalf of a person shall not be inadmissable in any such proceedings as are mentioned in subsection (2) below by reason only that it has been drawn to his attention that—
 - [F617(a) pecuniary settlements may be accepted instead of a penalty being determined, or proceedings being instituted, in relation to any tax,]
 - (b) though no undertaking can be given as to whether or not the Board will accept such a settlement in the case of any particular person, it is the practice of the Board to be influenced by the fact that a person has made a full confession of any [F618 fraudulent conduct] to which he had been a party and has given full facilities for investigation,

and that he was or may have been induced thereby to make the statements or produce the documents.

- (2) The proceedings mentioned in subsection (1) above are—
 - (a) any criminal proceedings against the person in question for any form of [F618 fraudulent conduct] in connection with or in relation to tax, and
 - (b) any proceedings against him for the recovery of any [F619 tax due from him]F620 [and
 - (c) any proceedings for a penalty or on appeal against the determination of a penalty.]

Textual Amendments

F617 Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 168(5)(a).

F618 Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), **s. 149(5)** but not to affect the making of assessments before 1983-84 or for accounting periods ending before 1 April 1983.

F619 Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 168(5)(b).

F620 Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 168(5)(c).

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C239 SeeIncome and Corporation Taxes Act 1970 s.537andSch.14 para.27(4)— "tax" in s.105 includes excess profits tax and the profits tax.

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C240 SeeFinance Act 1981 s.134andSch.17 para.18—application of this provision to the special tax on banking deposits.

106 Refusal to allow a deduction of income tax, and avoidance of agreements for payment without deduction. U.K.

- (1) A person who refuses to allow a deduction of income tax authorised by the Taxes Acts to be made out of any payment shall incur a penalty of £50.
- (2) Every agreement for payment of interest, rent or other annual payment in full without allowing any such deduction shall be void.

Scotland

107 Criminal liability for false statements made to obtain allowances. U.K.

- (1) This section applies only in Scotland.
- (2) If any person, for the purpose of obtaining any allowance, reduction, rebate or repayment in respect of tax, either for himself or for any other person, or, in any return made with reference to tax, knowingly makes any false statement or false representation, he shall be liable, on summary conviction, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.
- (3) Notwithstanding anything in the Summary Jurisdiction (Scotland) Act 1954, proceedings for an offence under this section may be commenced at any time within three years from the time when the offence was committed.
- (4) The expression "return" in this section shall be construed without regard to the definition in section 118(1) of this Act.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C241 See—Taxes Management Act 1970 s.119andSch.4 para.12—1952 s.505remains in force as regards proceedings for offences committed in England and Wales before its repeal by theTheft Act 1968and in Northern Ireland before its repeal by theTheft Act (Northern Ireland) 1969. Finance Act 1981 s.134andSch.17 para.18—application of this section to the special tax on banking deposits.

PART XI U.K.

MISCELLANEOUS AND SUPPLEMENTAL

I^{F621}Settlements

Textual Amendments

F621 S. 107A and cross-heading inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 103(5)

107A Relevant trustees. U.K.

- (1) Subject to the following provisions of this section, anything which for the purposes of this Act is done at any time by or in relation to any one or more of the relevant trustees of a settlement shall be treated for those purposes as done at that time by or in relation to the other or others of those trustees.
- (2) Subject to subsection (3) below, where the relevant trustees of a settlement are liable—
 - (a) to a penalty under section 7, 12B, 93, 95 or 97AA of this Act or paragraph 2A of Schedule 1A to this Act, or to interest under section 103A of this Act on such a penalty;
 - (b) to make a payment in accordance with an assessment under section 30 of this Act, or to make a payment under section 59A or 59B of this Act;
 - (c) to a surcharge under section 59C of this Act, or to interest under that section on such a surcharge; or
 - (d) to interest under section 86 of this Act,

the penalty, interest, payment or surcharge may be recovered (but only once) from any one or more of those trustees.

- (3) No amount may be recovered by virtue of subsection (2)(a) or (c) above from a person who did not become a relevant trustee until after the relevant time, that is to say—
 - (a) in relation to so much of a penalty under section 93(3) or 97AA(1)(b) of this Act as is payable in respect of any day, or to interest under section 103A of this Act on so much of such a penalty as is so payable, the beginning of that day;
 - (b) in relation to a penalty under any other provision of this Act mentioned in subsection (2)(a) above, or to interest under section 103A of this Act on such a penalty, the time when the relevant act or omission occurred; and
 - (c) in relation to a surcharge under subsection (2) or (3) of section 59C of this Act, or to interest under that section on such a surcharge, the beginning of the day mentioned in that subsection;

and in paragraph (b) above "the relevant act or omission" means the act or omission which caused the penalty to become payable.

- (4) In a case where—
 - (a) subsection (2)(a) above applies in relation to a penalty under section 93 of this Act, or
 - (b) subsection (2)(c) above applies in relation to a surcharge under section 59C of this Act,

subsection (8) of section 93 or, as the case may be, subsection (9) of section 59C of this Act shall have effect as if the reference to the taxpayer were a reference to each of the relevant trustees.]

Companies

108 Responsibility of company officers. U.K.

(1) Everything to be done by a company under the Taxes Acts shall be done by the company acting through the proper officer of the company [F622] or, except where a liquidator has been appointed for the company, through such other person as may for the time being have the express, implied or apparent authority of the company to act

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on its behalf for the purpose], and service on a company of any document under or in pursuance of the Taxes Acts may be effected by serving it on the proper officer.

This subsection is without prejudice to Part VIII of this Act (charges on non-residents) as it applies to corporation tax.

- (2) Corporation tax or other tax chargeable under the Corporation Tax Acts on a company which is not a body corporate, or which is a body corporate not incorporated under the [F623 Companies Act 1985] or any other enactment forming part of the law of the United Kingdom, or by Charter, may, at any time after the tax becomes due, and without prejudice to any other method of recovery, be recovered from the proper officer of the company, and that officer may retain out of any money coming into his hands on behalf of the company sufficient sums to pay that tax, and, so far as he is not so reimbursed, shall be entitled to be indemnified by the company in respect of the liability so imposed on him.
- (3) For the purposes of this section—
 - (a) the proper officer of a company which is a body corporate shall be the secretary or person acting as secretary of the company, except that if a liquidator has been appointed for the company the liquidator shall be the proper officer,
 - (b) the proper officer of a company which is not a body corporate or for which there is no proper officer within paragraph (a) above, shall be the treasurer or the person acting as treasurer, of the company.

^{F624} (4)

Textual Amendments

- **F622** Words in s. 108(1) inserted (27.7.1993) by 1993 c. 34, s. 120, **Sch. 14 para.7**
- **F623** Companies Consolidation (Consequential Provisions) Act 1985 (c. 9), s. 30, Sch. 2 with effect from 1 July 1985.
- **F624** A development land tax provision added by Development Land Tax Act 1976 Sch. 8 para. 29. Development Land Tax Act 1976 repealed by Finance Act 1985 (c. 54), s.98(6), Sch.27 Part X.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C242 S. 108 applied (with modifications) by the Oil Taxation Act 1975 (c. 22), s. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(1)
- C243 See Finance Act 1981 (c. 35), s. 134, Sch.17 para.18—application of this provision to the special tax on banking deposits.

[F625109 Corporation tax on close company in connection with loans to participators etc. U.K.

(1) The provisions of ^{F626}[sections 419 and 420] of the principal Act (charge of tax in connection with loans by close companies to participators etc.) directing that tax be assessed and recoverable as if it were an amount of corporation tax shall be taken as applying, subject to the provisions of the Taxes Acts, and to any necessary modifications, all enactments applying generally to corporation tax, including those relating to the assessing, collecting and receiving of corporation tax, those conferring or regulating a right of appeal and those concerning administration, penalties, interest on unpaid tax and priority of tax in cases of insolvency under the law of any part of the United Kingdom.

- (2) Section 86 of this Act shall apply in relation to tax under the said ^{F626}[sections 419 and 420] as if ^{F627}[the date given by the Table in subsection (4) of the said section 86 were the last day of the three months following the end of the financial year in which the loan or advance was made].
- (3) For the purposes of section [F628 87A] of this Act as applied by subsection (1) above, the date when tax [F629 under the said section [F630 419] became due and payable shall be that determined in accordance with subsection [F630 (3)] of that section].
- [If there is such a repayment of the whole or any part of a loan or advance as is F⁶³¹(3A) referred to in subsection [F⁶³²(4)] of section [F⁶³²419] of the principal Act, interest under section 87A of this Act on so much of the tax under the said section [F⁶³²419] as is referable to the amount repaid shall not be payable in respect of any period after the date on which the repayment was made.]
 - (4) Section 91 of this Act shall not apply in consequence of any discharge or repayment of tax under section ^{F626}[419(4)] of the principal Act.
 - (5) For the purposes of the said section 91, a relief from tax under the said ^{F626}[sections 419 and 420] shall not be treated as affecting tax charged by any assessment unless the assessment is to tax under that section.]

Textual Amendments

- **F625** Finance Act 1972 (c. 41), s.111, Sch.24 para.13 in relation to times after 5 April 1973 (subject to s.111(3)).
- **F626** Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 29 para. 32.
- **F627** Words substituted by Finance (No.2) Act 1975 (c. 45), s.46(5) in relation to tax charged by assessments where notices issued after 31 July 1975.
- **F628** Word in s. 109(3) substituted (with effect with respect to loans or advances made (or treated as made) in any accounting period ending after 30.9.1993) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1987 (c. 51), s. 91(2) (with s. 91(4)); S.I. 1992/3066, art. 2(2)(a)
- **F629** Words in s. 109(3) substituted (with effect with respect to loans or advances made (or treated as made) in any accounting period ending after 30.9.1993) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1987 (c. 51), s. 91(2) (with s. 91(4)); S.I. 1992/3066, art. 2(2)(a)
- F630 Words substituted by Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 29 para. 10(8)(a)
- F631 S. 109(3A) inserted (with effect with respect to loans or advances made (or treated as made) in any accounting period ending after 30.9.1993) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1987 (c. 51), s. 91(3) (with s. 91(4)); S.I. 1992/3066, art. 2(2)(a)
- F632 Words substituted by Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 29 para. 10(8)(b)

Valuation

110 Valuation of land: power of entry. U.K.

Any person authorised in that behalf by the Board may, on producing if so required evidence of his authority, at any reasonable time enter on and inspect, with a view to establishing its annual value, any land the annual value of which falls to be determined for purposes of income tax or corporation tax .

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Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C244 SeeInland Revenue Regulation Act 1890 (c. 21), s.11—fine for obstruction of officers.

111 Valuation of assets: power to inspect. U.K.

(1) If for the purposes of ^{F633}[the [F6341992 Act]] the Board authorise an inspector or other officer of the Board to inspect any property for the purpose of ascertaining its market value the person having the custody or possession of that property shall permit the inspector or other officer so authorised to inspect it at such reasonable times as the Board may consider necessary.

(2) If any person wilfully delays or obstructs an inspector or other officer of the Board acting in pursuance of this section he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £5.

Textual Amendments

- **F633** Capital Gains Tax Act 1979 (c. 14,) s.157(2), Sch.7 para.8, for 1979—80 et seq.
- **F634** Words in s. 111(1) substituted (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the amending Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 10**, para. 2(2) (with ss. 60, 101(1), 171, 201(3))
- **F635** A development land tax provision added by Development Land Tax Act 1976 Sch. 8 para. 30. Development Land Tax Act 1976 repealed by Finance Act 1985 (c. 54), s.98(6), Sch.27 Part X.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C245 S. 111(2) fine increased to £25 by virtue of the Criminal Justice Act 1982 (c.48), ss.37, 38, 54 from 11 April 1983 by S.I. 1982/1857; S.I. 1983/24; and to £50 from 1 May 1984 by S.I. 1984/447; S.I. 1984/526 (s. 61).

Documents

112 Loss, destruction or damage to assessments, returns, etc. U.K.

(1) Where any assessment to tax, or any duplicate of assessment to tax, or any return or other document relating to tax, has been lost or destroyed, or been so defaced or damaged as to be illegible or otherwise useless, the Commissioners, inspectors, collectors and other officers having powers in relation to tax may, notwithstanding anything in any enactment to the contrary, do all such acts and things as they might have done, and all acts and things done under or in pursuance of this section shall be as valid and effectual for all purposes as they would have been, if the assessment or duplicate of assessment had not been made, or the return or other document had not been made or furnished or required to be made or furnished:

Provided that, where any person who is charged with tax in consequence or by virtue of any act or thing done under or in pursuance of this section proves to the satisfaction of the Commissioners having jurisdiction in the case that he has already paid any tax for the same chargeable period in respect of the subject matter and on the account in respect of and on which he is so charged, relief shall be given to the extent to which

the liability of that person has been discharged by the payment so made either by abatement from the charge or by repayment, as the case may require.

- (2) In this section, "the Commissioners" means, as the case may require, either the Board or the General or Special Commissioners concerned.
- ^{F637}[(3) The references in subsection (1) above to assessments to tax include references to determinations of penalties; and in its application to such determinations the proviso to that subsection shall have effect with the appropriate modifications.]

Textual Amendments

F636 A development land tax provision added by Development Land Tax Act 1976 Sch. 8 para. 31. Development Land Tax Act 1976 repealed by Finance Act 1985 (c. 54), s.98(6), **Sch.27 Part X**.

F637 Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 168(6).

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C246 See Oil Taxation Act 1975 (c. 22), s. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(1) (Oil Taxation Acts) regarding modification in relation to petroleum revenue tax and supplementary petroleum duty.

C247 See Finance Act 1981 (c. 35), s. 134, Sch.17 para.18—application of this provision to the special tax on banking deposits.

Form of returns and other documents. U.K.

- (1) Any returns under the Taxes Acts shall be in such form as the Board prescribe, and in prescribing income tax forms under this subsection the Board shall have regard to the desirability of securing, so far as may be possible, that no person shall be required to make more than one return annually of the sources of his income and the amounts derived therefrom.
- [^{F638}(1A) Any notice or direction requiring any return to be made under the Taxes Acts to an inspector or other officer of the Board may be issued or given in the name of that officer, or as the case may be in the name of the Board, by any officer of the Board, and so as to require the return to be made to the first-mentioned officer.
 - (1B) Where the Board or an inspector or other officer of the Board have in accordance with section 29 of this Act, or any other provision of the Taxes Acts, decided to make an assessment to tax, and have taken all other decisions needed for arriving at the amount of the assessment, they may entrust to some other officer of the Board responsibility for completing the assessing procedure, whether by means involving the use of a computer or otherwise, including responsibility for serving notice of the assessment on the person liable for tax.]

^{F639} (1C)		
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[1D] Where an officer of the Board has decided to impose a penalty under section 100 of this Act and has taken all other decisions needed for arriving at the amount of the penalty, he may entrust to any other officer of the Board responsibility for completing the determination procedure, whether by means involving the use of a computer or otherwise, including responsibility for serving notice of the determination on the person liable to the penalty.

- (2) Any return or assessment or other document relating to chargeable gains or tax on capital gains may be combined with one relating to income or income tax.
- (3) Every assessment, ^{F641}[determination of a penalty,] duplicate, warrant, notice of assessment ^{F641}[, of determination] or of demand, or other document required to be used in assessing, charging, collecting and levying tax ^{F641}[or determining a penalty] shall be in accordance with the forms prescribed from time to time in that behalf by the Board, and a document in the form prescribed and supplied or approved by them shall be valid and effectual.

Textual Amendments

F638 Finance Act 1970 (c. 24), s.18, Sch. 4, para. 10.

F639 S. 113(1C) repealed (with effect in accordance with Sch. 18 para. 17 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 18 para. 4(2)(c), Sch. 41 Pt. 5(8)

F640 Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), **s. 168(7)**(a).

F641 Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 168(7)(b).

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C248 See Oil Taxation Act 1975 (c. 22), s. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(1) (Oil Taxation Acts) regarding modification in relation to petroleum revenue tax and supplementary petroleum duty

C249 See Finance Act 1981 (c. 35), s. 134, Sch.17 para.18—application of this provision to the special tax on banking deposits.

C250 S. 113(1B)(3) applied (19.4.1991) for the year of assessment 1988-1989 by S.I. 1991/851, **regs. 1**, 6 S. 113(1B) applied (28.3.1992) for the year of assessment 1989-90 by S.I. 1992/511, **reg.6**

C251 S. 113(1B) applied (with modifications) (23.3.1993 with effect for the year of assessment 1990-91 only) by S.I. 1993/415, **regs. 1(1)**,6

C252 See—Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 19 para. 13(7)—ss. 113(1B)(3), 114(2) applied in relation to apportionment of close company's income; S.I. 1990/627, reg. 8—application of ss. 113(1B)(3) to underwriters for 1987-88.

C253 S. 113(1B) applied (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The Lloyds Underwriters (Tax) (1991-92) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/728), reg. 6

C254 S. 113(1B) applied (with effect in accordance with reg. 1 of the amending S.I.) by The Lloyds Underwriters (Tax) Regulations 1995 (S.I. 1995/351), reg. 8

114 Want of form or errors not to invalidate assessments, etc. U.K.

- (1) An assessment ^{F642}[or determination], warrant or other proceeding which purports to be made in pursuance of any provision of the Taxes Acts shall not be quashed, or deemed to be void or voidable, for want of form, or be affected by reason of a mistake, defect or omission therein, if the same is in substance and effect in conformity with or according to the intent and meaning of the Taxes Acts, and if the person or property charged or intended to be charged or affected thereby is designated therein according to common intent and understanding.
- (2) An assessment ^{F642}[or determination] shall not be impeached or affected—
 - (a) by reason of a mistake therein as to—
 - (i) the name or surname of a person liable, or
 - (ii) the description of any profits or property, or
 - (iii) the amount of the tax charged, or

(b) by reason of any variance between the notice and the assessment ^{F642}[or determination].

Textual Amendments

F642 Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 160(5).

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C255 SeeIncome and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 16 para. 13(7)—ss. 114(2)applied in relation to apportionment of close company's income.
- C256 S. 114 applied by See Finance Act 1981 (c. 35), s. 134, Sch.17 para.18 (special tax on banking deposits).

Delivery and service of documents. U.K.

- (1) A notice or form which is to be served under the Taxes Acts on a person may be either delivered to him or left at his usual or last known place or residence.
- (2) Any notice or other document to be given, sent, served or delivered under the Taxes Acts may be served by post, and, if to be given, sent, served or delivered to or on any person by the Board, by any officer of the Board, or by or on behalf of any body of Commissioners, may be so served addressed to that person—
 - (a) at his usual or last known place of residence, or his place of business or employment, or
 - (b) in the case of a company, at any other prescribed place, and in the case of a liquidator of a company, at his address for the purposes of the liquidation or any other prescribed place.
- (3) In subsection (2) above "prescribed" means prescribed by regulations made by the Board, and the power of making regulations for the purposes of that subsection shall be exercisable by statutory instrument subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of the House of Commons.
- (4) Notices to be given or delivered to, or served on, the General Commissioners shall be valid and effectual if given or delivered to or served on their clerk.
- [F643(5) Nothing in this section applies to any notice or other document required or authorised by the General Commissioners Regulations or the Special Commissioners Regulations to be sent or delivered to, or served on, any person.]

Textual Amendments

F643 S. 115(5) added (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), **Sch. 1 para.** 16

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C257 See Oil Taxation Act 1975 (c. 22), s. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(1) (Oil Taxation Acts) regarding modification in relation to petroleum revenue tax and supplementary petroleum duty
- **C258** See also theInterpretation Act 1978 (c. 30): "References to service by post.7. Where an Act authorises or requires any document to be served by post (whether the expression "serve" or the expression "give" or "send" or any other expression is used) then, unless the contrary intention appears, the

Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9) PART XI – MISCELLANEOUS AND SUPPLEMENTAL

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service is deemed to be effected by properly addressing, pre-paying and posting a letter containing the document and, unless the contrary is proved, to have been effected at the time at which the letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post."

C259 S. 115(1)-(3) applied by Finance Act 1981 (c. 35), s. 134, Sch.17 para.18 (special tax on banking deposits).

[F644115AElectronic lodgement of tax returns, etc. U.K.

Schedule 3A to this Act (which makes provision with respect to the electronic lodgement of tax returns and documents required in connection with tax returns) shall have effect.]

Textual Amendments

F644 S. 115A inserted (1.5.1995) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 28 para. 1

^{F645}116 U.K.

Textual Amendments

F645 (Receipts, etc. exempt from stamp duty.)Repealed by Finance Act 1970 s.36(8) and Sch.8 Part V, as from 1 February 1971.

Northern Ireland

117 Action of ejectment in Northern Ireland. U.K.

Unless other provision is made in that behalf by any enactment, an action of ejectment in Northern Ireland for non-payment of rent shall not be defeated on the ground that the person liable to pay the rent is entitled under the Income Tax Acts to a deduction which would reduce the amount due by him below a year's rent.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C260 See theNorthern Ireland Constitution Act 1973 (c.36), s.40andSch.5 para.1—includes, from appointed day, a Measure of the Northern Ireland Assembly.

Interpretation

118 Interpretation. E+W+N.I.

(1) In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires—

"Act" includes an Act of the Parliament of Northern Ireland and "enactment" shall be construed accordingly,

"the Board" means the Commissioners of Inland Revenue,

"body of persons" means any body politic, corporate or collegiate, and any company, fraternity, fellowship and society of persons, whether corporate or not corporate,

"branch or agency" means any factorship, agency, receivership, branch or management, and "branch or agent" shall be construed accordingly,

"chargeable gain" has the same meaning as in F646[the [F6471992 Act]],

"chargeable period" means a year of assessment or a company's accounting period,

"collector" means any collector of taxes,

"company" has the meaning given by F648 [sections 419 and 420] of the principal Act (with section F648 [468] of that Act) F649 ...,

[F650"the General Commissioners Regulations" means the General Commissioners (Jurisdiction and Procedure) Regulations 1994,]

"incapacitated person" means any infant, person of unsound mind, lunatic, idiot or insane person,

[F651" infant", in relation to Scotland, except in section 73 of this Act, means a person under legal disability by reason of nonage, and, in the said section 73, means a person under the age of 18 years.]

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F652	2	_																														

"the principal Act" means the Income and Corporation Taxes Act $^{\text{F648}}$ [1988],

[F653 ": the relevant trustees", in relation to a settlement, shall be construed in accordance with section 7(9) of this Act.]

"return" includes any statement or declaration under the Taxes Acts,

[F654"the Special Commissioners Regulations" means the Special Commissioners (Jurisdiction and Procedure) Regulations 1994,]

[F655" successor", in relation to a person who is required to make and deliver, or has made and delivered, a return under section 12AA of this Act, and "predecessor" and "successor", in relation to the successor of such a person, shall be construed in accordance with section 12AA(11) of this Act;

"tax", where neither income tax nor capital gains tax nor corporation tax F656 [nor development land tax] is specified, means any of those taxes F657 [except that in sections 20, 20A, 20B, 20C and 20D it does not include development land tax],

"the Taxes Acts" means this Act and—

- (a) the Tax Acts F658 ... and
- (b) [F659 the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992] and all other enactments relating to capital gains tax,

(c)	F660																

[F661"the 1992 Act" means the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992]

"trade" includes every trade, manufacture, adventure or concern in the nature of trade .

(2) For the purposes of this Act, a person shall be deemed not to have failed to do anything required to be done within a limited time if he did it within such further time, if any, as the Board or the Commissioners or officer concerned may have allowed; and where a person had a reasonable excuse for not doing anything required to be done he shall be deemed F662 not to have failed to do it unless the excuse ceased and, after the excuse

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ceased, he shall be deemed] not to have failed to do it if he did it without unreasonable delay after the excuse had ceased:

F664(3)

(4) For the purposes of this Act, the amount of tax covered by any assessment shall not be deemed to be finally determined until that assessment can no longer be varied, whether by any Commissioners on appeal or by the order of any court.

Textual Amendments

- **F646** Capital Gains Tax Act 1979 (c. 14), s.157(2), **Sch.7 para.8** for 1979—80 et seq.
- **F647** Words in s. 118(1) substituted (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the substituting Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 10**, para. 2(11)(a) (with ss. 60, 101(1), 171, 201(3))
- F648 Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 29 para. 32.
- **F649** Words omitted related to development land tax. Development Land Tax Act 1976 repealed by Finance Act 1985 (c. 54), s.98(6), Sch.27 Part X
- **F650** Words in s. 118(1) inserted (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), Sch. 1 para. 17(a)
- **F651** Definition in s. 118(1) inserted (S.) (25.9.1991) by Age of Legal Capacity (Scotland) Act 1991 (c. 50, SIF 49:8), ss. 10(1), 11(2), **Sch. 1 para. 34** (with s. 1(3)
- **F652** Words in s. 118 repealed by Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), s. 187, **Sch. 17 Part VIII** (but does not affect the making of assessments for years before 1983-84 or accounting periods ending before 1 April 1983)
- **F653** Words in s. 118 inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), s. 103(6)
- **F654** Words in s. 118(1) inserted (with effect in accordance with reg. 1(1) of the amending S.I.) by The General and Special Commissioners (Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1813), **Sch. 1 para. 17(b)**
- F655 Words in s. 118(1) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 121(8) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 123(14)
- **F656** Development Land Tax Act 1976 s.41, Sch.8 para. 32. Repealed by Finance Act 1985 (c. 54), s.98(6), Sch.27 Part Xin respect of disposals taking place on or after 19 March 1985.
- **F657** Finance Act 1976 s.57(2).
- F658 Repealed by Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 844, Sch. 31
- **F659** Words in s. 118(1)(b) substituted (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the substituting Act) by virtue of Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 10**, para. 2(11)(b) (with ss. 60, 101(1), 171, 201(3))
- **F660** A development land tax provision added by Development Land Tax Act 1976 Sch.8 para.32. Development Land Tax Act 1976 repealed by Finance Act 1985 (c. 54), s.98(6), Sch.27 Part X.
- **F661** Definition in s. 118(1)(b) inserted (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the amending Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 10**, para. 2(11)(c) (with ss. 60, 101(1), 171, 201(3))
- F662 Finance (No. 2) Act 1987 s. 94.
- F663 Proviso repealed by Finance Act 1970 s.36(8) and Sch.8 Part VII.
- **F664** S. 118(3) repealed (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3), Sch. 19 para. 34(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 19 para. 34(2), Sch. 26 Pt. 5(23); S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C261 See Finance Act 1981 (c. 35), s. 134, Sch.17 para.18—application of this provision to the special tax on banking deposits.
- C262 See theNorthern Ireland Constitution Act 1973 (c.36), s.40andSch.5 para.1—includes, from appointed day, a Measure of the Northern Ireland Assembly.
- **C263** SeeIncome and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), ss. 606and 612 (administration of retirement benefits schemes)—definition applied.
- **C264** SeeIncome and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), s. 754(9)—application to s. 754 (controlled foreign companies.).

PART XII U.K.

GENERAL

119 Commencement and construction. U.K.

- (1) This Act shall come into force for all purposes on 6th April 1970 to the exclusion of the corresponding enactments repealed by the principal Act.
- (2) This Act, and the repeals made by the principal Act, have effect subject to Schedule 4 to this Act.
- (3) This Act, so far as it relates to income tax or corporation tax, shall be construed as one with the principal Act.
- (4) This Act, so far as it relates to chargeable gains, shall be construed as one with ^{F665}[the [F6661992 Act]].

F667	(5)	1		

Textual Amendments

- **F665** Capital Gains Tax Act 1979 (c. 14), s.157(2), **Sch.7 para.8** for 1979—80 et seq.
- **F666** Words in s. 119(4) substituted (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the substituting Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 10**, para. 2(2) (with ss. 60, 101(1), 171, 201(3))
- **F667** A development land tax provision added by Development Land Tax Act 1976 Sch.8 para.33. Development Land Tax Act 1976 repealed by Finance Act 1985 (c. 54), s.98(6), **Sch.27 Part X**.

120 Short title. U.K.

This Act may be cited as the Taxes Management Act 1970.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/1997. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE 1 U.K.

^{M6}FORMS OF DECLARATIONS

Marginal Citations

M6 1964(M) Sch.1; 1965 Sch.X 16.

PART I U.K.

GENERAL AND SPECIAL COMMISSIONERS AND OTHERS

"I, A.B., do solemnly declare that I will impartially and to the best of my ability execute [the duties of my office F668] and that I will not disclose any information received by me in the execution of [those duties F668] except for the purposes of [those duties F668] or for the purposes of any prosecution for an offence relating to [inland revenue F668] or in such other cases as may be required by law."

Textual Amendments

F668 Finance Act 1975 s.57(2)(3) but not so as to invalidate declarations made before the passing of that Act.

PART II U.K.

COMMISSIONERS OF INLAND REVENUE

"I, A.B., do solemnly declare that I will not disclose any information received by me in the execution of my duties except for the purposes of those duties or for the purposes of any prosecution for an offence relating to inland revenue, or in such other cases as may be required by law."

PART III U.K.

INSPECTORS, COLLECTORS AND OTHER OFFICERS

"I, A.B., do solemnly declare that I will not disclose any information received by me in the execution of the duties which may from time to time be assigned to me by the Board of Inland Revenue except for the purposes of my duties, or to the Board of Inland Revenue or in accordance with their instructions, or for the purposes of any prosecution for an offence relating to inland revenue, or in such other cases as may be required by law."

[F669SCHEDULE 1A U.K.

CLAIMS ETC. NOT INCLUDED IN RETURNS

Textual Amendments

F669 Sch. 1A inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 199(2)(3) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), **Sch. 19 para. 35**; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C265 Sch. 1A excluded (with effect in accordance with s. 129(5) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 129(1)(a)
- C266 Sch. 1A excluded (with effect in accordance with s. 129(6) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 129(1)(b) (repealed (27.7.1999 with effect as mentioned in Sch. 20 Pt. 3(15), Note of the amending Act) by 1999 c. 16, s. 139, Sch. 20 Pt. 3(15))
- C267 Sch. 1A excluded by Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), Sch. 13A para. 5(2) (as inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 25 para. 3 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 25 para. 2; S.I. 1998/3173, art. 2)
- C268 Sch. 1A excluded by Capital Allowances Act 1990 (c. 1), s. 59C(7) (as inserted by Finance Act 1997 (c. 16), Sch. 16 para. 6(1)(2)); 1990 c. 1 repealed (22.3.2001 with effect as mentioned in s. 579(1) of the amending Act) by 2001 c. 2, s. 580, Sch. 4

Preliminary

1 In this Schedule—

"claim" [F670 means a claim or election] as respects which this Schedule applies;

"partnership claim" means a claim made in accordance with section 42(6) (b) of this Act;

"profits" has the same meaning as in section 42 of this Act;

"relevant partner", in relation to a partnership claim, means any person who was a partner at any time during the period in respect of which the claim is made;

"successor", in relation to a person who—

- (a) has made a partnership claim, but
- (b) is no longer a partner or is otherwise no longer available,

means such other partner who may at any time be nominated for the purposes of this paragraph by the majority of the partners at that time, and "predecessor" and "successor", in relation to a person so nominated, shall be construed accordingly.

Textual Amendments

F670 Words in Sch. 1A para. 1 substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 130(1) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 130(5)

Making of claims

- 2 (1) Subject to any provision in the Taxes Acts for a claim to be made to the Board, every claim shall be made to an officer of the Board.
 - (2) No claim requiring the repayment of tax shall be made unless the claimant has documentary proof that the tax has been paid by deduction or otherwise.
 - (3) A claim shall be made in such form as the Board may determine.
 - (4) The form of claim shall provide for a declaration to the effect that all the particulars given in the form are correctly stated to the best of the information and belief of the person making the claim.
 - (5) The form of claim may require—
 - (a) a statement of the amount of tax which will be required to be discharged or repaid in order to give effect to the claim;
 - [F671(b)] such information as is reasonably required for the purpose of determining whether and, if so, the extent to which the claim is correct;
 - (bb) the delivery with the claim of such accounts, statements and documents, relating to information contained in the claim, as are reasonably required for the purpose mentioned in paragraph (b) above; and
 - (c) any such particulars of assets acquired as may be required in a return by virtue of section 12 of this Act.
 - (6) In the case of a claim made by or on behalf of a person who is not resident, or who claims to be not resident or not ordinarily resident or not domiciled, in the United Kingdom, an officer of the Board or the Board may require a statement or declaration in support of the claim to be made by affidavit.

Textual Amendments

F671 Sch. 1A para. 2(5)(b)(bb) substituted for Sch. 1A para. 2(5)(b) (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 20 para. 1

[F672]Keeping and preserving of records

Textual Amendments

F672 Sch. 1A para. 2A and cross-heading inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 20 para. 2

- 2A (1) Any person who may wish to make a claim in relation to a year of assessment or other period shall—
 - (a) keep all such records as may be requisite for the purpose of enabling him to make a correct and complete claim; and
 - (b) shall preserve those records until the end of the relevant day.
 - (2) In relation to a claim, the relevant day for the purposes of sub-paragraph (1) above is whichever of the following is the latest, namely—

- (a) where enquiries into the claim or any amendment of the claim are made by an officer of the Board, the day on which, by virtue of paragraph 7(4) below, those enquiries are treated as completed; and
- (b) where no enquiries into the claim or any amendment of the claim are so made, the day on which such an officer no longer has power to make such enquiries.
- (3) [F673 Except in the case of records falling within section 12B(4A) of this Act,] the duty under sub-paragraph (1) above to preserve records may be discharged by the preservation of the information contained in them; and where the information is so preserved a copy of any document forming part of the records shall be admissible in evidence in any proceedings before the Commissioners to the same extent as the records themselves.
- (4) [F674]Subject to sub-paragraph (5) below,] any person who fails to comply with sub-paragraph (1) above in relation to any claim which is made for a year of assessment or accounting period shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding £3,000.

[Sub-paragraph (4) above does not apply where—

- F675(5) (a) the records which the person fails to keep or preserve are records falling within paragraph (a) of section 12B(4A) of this Act; and
 - (b) an officer of the Board is satisfied that any facts which he reasonably requires to be proved, and which would have been proved by the records, are proved by other documentary evidence furnished to him.]]

Textual Amendments

- **F673** Words in Sch. 1A para. 2A(3) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 124(1) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 124(6) (with s. 124(9))
- **F674** Words in Sch. 1A para. 2A(4) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 124(1) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 124(7) (with s. 124(9))
- F675 Sch. 1A para. 2A(5) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 124(1) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 124(8) (with s. 124(9))

Amendments of claims

- 3 (1) Subject to sub-paragraph (2) below—
 - (a) at any time before the end of the period of nine months beginning with the day on which a claim is made, an officer of the Board may by notice to the claimant so amend the claim as to correct any obvious errors or mistakes in the [F676claim] (whether errors of principle, arithmetical mistakes or otherwise); and
 - (b) at any time before the end of the period of twelve months beginning with the day on which the claim is made, the claimant may amend his claim by notice to an officer of the Board.
 - (2) No amendment of a claim may be made under sub-paragraph (1) above at any time during the period—
 - (a) beginning with the day on which an officer of the Board gives notice of his intention to enquire into the claim, and
 - (b) ending with the day on which the officer's enquiries into the claim are completed.

Textual Amendments

F676 Word in Sch. 1A para. 3(1)(a) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 20 para. 3

Giving effect to claims and amendments

- (1) [F677] Subject to sub-paragraphs [F678] (1A), (3) and (4)] below and to any other provision in the Taxes Acts which otherwise provides,] an officer of the Board or the Board shall, as soon as practicable after a claim other than a partnership claim is made, or such a claim is amended under paragraph 3 above, give effect to the claim or amendment by discharge or repayment of tax.
- [In relation to a claim which would otherwise fall to be taken into account in the F679(1A) making of deductions or repayments of tax under section 203 of the principal Act, sub-paragraph (1) above shall apply as if for the word "shall" there were substituted the word "may".]
 - (2) [F680 Subject to [F681 sub-paragraphs (3) and (4)] below,] an officer of the Board or the Board shall, as soon as practicable after a partnership claim is made, or such a claim is amended under paragraph 3 above, give effect to the claim or amendment, as respects each of the relevant partners, by discharge or repayment of tax.

[Where any such claim or amendment as is mentioned in sub-paragraph (1) or (2) F682(3) above is enquired into by an officer of the Board—

- (a) that sub-paragraph shall not apply until the day on which, by virtue of paragraph 7(4) below, the officer's enquiries are treated as completed; but
- (b) the officer may at any time before that day give effect to the claim or amendment, on a provisional basis, to such extent as he thinks fit.]

[Nothing in this paragraph applies in relation to a claim or an amendment of a claim $^{F683}(4)$ if the claim is not one for discharge or repayment of tax.]

Textual Amendments

- F677 Words in Sch. 1A para. 4(1) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 20 para. 4(1)
- **F678** Words in Sch. 1A para. 4(1) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 8(1)
- F679 Sch. 1A para. 4(1A) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 20 para. 4(2)
- **F680** Words in Sch. 1A para. 4(2) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 20 para. 4(3)
- **F681** Words in Sch. 1A para. 4(2) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 8(2)
- **F682** Sch. 1A para. 4(3) inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 20 para. 4(4)
- F683 Sch. 1A para. 4(4) inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 8(3)

Power to enquire into claims

- 5 (1) An officer of the Board may enquire into—
 - (a) a claim made by any person, or
 - (b) any amendment made by any person of a claim made by him,

if, before the end of the period mentioned in sub-paragraph (2) below, he gives notice in writing of his intention to do so to that person or, in the case of a partnership claim, any successor of that person.

- [F684(2)] The period referred to in sub-paragraph (1) above is whichever of the following ends the latest, namely—
 - (a) the period ending with the quarter day next following the first anniversary of the day on which the claim or amendment was made;
 - (b) where the claim or amendment relates to a year of assessment, the period ending with the first anniversary of the 31st January next following that year; and
 - (c) where the claim or amendment relates to a period other than a year of assessment, the period ending with the first anniversary of the end of that period;

and the quarter days for the purposes of this sub-paragraph are 31st January, 30th April, 31st July and 31st October.

- (3) A claim or amendment which has been enquired into under sub-paragraph (1) above shall not be the subject of—
 - (a) a further notice under that sub-paragraph; or
 - (b) if it is subsequently included in a return, a notice under section 9A(1), 11AB(1) or 12AC(1) of this Act.]

Textual Amendments

F684 Sch. 1A para. 5(2)(3) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 103(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 20 para. 5

Power to call for documents for purposes of enquiries

- 6 (1) This paragraph applies where an officer of the Board gives notice under paragraph 5 above to any person (the claimant) of his intention to enquire into—
 - (a) a claim made by the claimant, or
 - (b) any amendment made by the claimant of such a claim.
 - (2) For the purpose of enquiring into the claim or amendment, the officer may at the same or any subsequent time by notice in writing require the claimant, within such time (which shall not be less than 30 days) as may be specified in the notice—
 - (a) to produce to the officer such documents as are in the claimant's possession or power and as the officer may reasonably require for the purpose of determining whether and, if so, the extent to which the claim or amendment is incorrect, and
 - (b) to furnish the officer with such accounts or particulars as he may reasonably require for that purpose.

- (3) Subsections (3) to (11) of section 19A of this Act apply for the purposes of this paragraph as they apply for the purposes of that section; and those subsections as so applied shall have effect as if any reference to subsection (2) of that section were a reference to sub-paragraph (2) above.
- (4) Where this paragraph applies in relation to a partnership claim, any reference in this paragraph to the claimant includes a reference to any predecessor or successor of his.

Amendments of claims where enquiries made

- 7 (1) This paragraph applies where an officer of the Board gives notice under paragraph 5(1) above to any person (the claimant) of his intention to enquire into—
 - (a) a claim made by the claimant, or
 - (b) any amendment made by the claimant of such a claim.
 - (2) At any time in the period of 30 days beginning with the day on which the officer's enquiries are completed, the claimant may so amend his claim—
 - (a) as to eliminate or make good any excess or deficiency which, on the basis of the conclusions stated in the officer's notice under sub-paragraph (4) below, is an excess or deficiency which could be made good or eliminated under sub-paragraph (3) below; or
 - (b) as to give effect to any amendments to the claim which he has notified to the officer.
 - (3) If, at any time in the period of 30 days beginning immediately after the period mentioned in sub-paragraph (2) above, the officer is of opinion that—
 - (a) the claimant's claim is excessive or insufficient, and
 - (b) in a case falling within sub-paragraph (1)(b) above, the excess or deficiency is attributable (wholly or partly) to the claimant's amendment,

the officer may by notice to the claimant so amend the claim as to eliminate or make good the excess or deficiency or, where paragraph (b) above applies, so much of the excess or deficiency as is so attributable.

If, in the case of a claim which is not a claim for discharge or repayment of tax—

- F685(3A) (a) the officer is of opinion that the claim should be disallowed in whole or in part, and
 - (b) the claim, so far as the officer thinks it should be disallowed, is not, before the end of the period mentioned in sub-paragraph (2) above, amended to the officer's satisfaction or withdrawn,

the officer shall, before the end of the period mentioned in sub-paragraph (3) above, give notice to the taxpayer of the extent to which he is disallowing the claim.

- (3B) Sub-paragraph (3A)(b) above is without prejudice to any provision by virtue of which any claim is irrevocable or unamendable.]
 - (4) Subject to sub-paragraph (5) below, the officer's enquiries shall be treated as completed at such time as he by notice—
 - (a) informs the claimant that he has completed his enquiries, and
 - (b) states his conclusions as to [F686] whether the claim should be allowed in whole or in part and as to what amount (if any)] should be the amount of the claimant's claim.

- (5) Subsections (6) and (7) of section 28A of this Act apply for the purposes of subparagraph (4) above as they apply for the purposes of subsection (5) of that section.
- (6) Where this paragraph applies in relation to a partnership claim, any reference in this paragraph to the claimant includes a reference to any predecessor or successor of his.

Textual Amendments

F685 Sch. 1A para. 7(3A)(3B) inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 9(1)

F686 Words in Sch. 1A para. 7(4)(b) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 9(2)

Giving effect to such amendments

- 8 (1) An officer of the Board or the Board shall, within 30 days of a claim other than a partnership claim being amended under paragraph 7(2) or (3) above, give effect to the amendment by making such adjustment as may be necessary, whether—
 - (a) by way of assessment on the claimant, or
 - (b) by discharge of tax or, on proof to the satisfaction of the officer or the Board that any tax has been paid by the claimant by deduction or otherwise, by repayment of tax.
 - (2) An officer of the Board or the Board shall, within 30 days of a partnership claim being amended under paragraph 7(2) or (3) above, give effect to the amendment, as respects each of the relevant partners, by making such adjustment as may be necessary, whether—
 - (a) by way of assessment on the partner, or
 - (b) by discharge of tax or, on proof to the satisfaction of the officer or the Board that any tax has been paid by the partner by deduction or otherwise, by repayment of tax.
 - (3) An assessment made under sub-paragraph (1) or (2) above shall not be out of time if it is made within the time mentioned in that sub-paragraph.

Appeals against such amendments

- 9 [F687(1) An appeal may be brought against—
 - (a) an amendment under paragraph 7(3) above, or
 - (b) a decision contained in a notice under paragraph 7(3A) above,

by giving notice to the officer within 30 days after the date on which the notice of amendment or, as the case may be, the notice under paragraph 7(3A) above was issued.]

- (2) Where, in the case of such an appeal, the issues arising include—
 - (a) any question arising under section 278 of the principal Act (personal reliefs for non-residents);
 - (b) any question of residence, ordinary residence or domicile; or
 - (c) the question whether a fund is one to which section 615(3) of that Act applies (pension funds for service abroad),

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/1997. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- the time for bringing the appeal shall be three months from the [F688]date mentioned in sub-paragraph (1) above].
- (3) On an appeal [F689] against an amendment under paragraph 7(3) above], the Commissioners may vary the amendment appealed against whether or not the variation is to the advantage of the appellant.
- (4) Where an amendment made under paragraph 7(3) above is varied, whether by the Commissioners or by the order of any court, paragraph 8 above shall (with the necessary modifications) apply in relation to the variation as it applied in relation to the amendment.
- [If, on appeal, it appears to the Commissioners that a claim specified in a notice under F690(5) paragraph 7(3A) above should have been allowed or disallowed to an extent different from that specified in the notice, the claim shall be allowed or disallowed accordingly to the extent that appears to them appropriate, but otherwise the decision in the notice shall stand good.]]

Textual Amendments

- F687 Sch. 1A para. 9(1) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 10(1)
- **F688** Words in Sch. 1A para. 9(2) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 10(2)
- **F689** Words in Sch. 1A para. 9(3) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 10(3)
- F690 Sch. 1A para. 9(5) inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 19 para. 1 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 19 para. 10(4)
- I^{F691}10 An appeal against an amendment under paragraph 7(3) above of a claim made—
 - (a) to the Board,
 - (b) under Part XVI of the principal Act (administration of estates), or
 - (c) under any of the provisions of the principal Act listed in section 46C(3) of this Act.

shall be to the Special Commissioners.

Textual Amendments

F691 Sch. 1A paras. 10, 11 inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 22 para. 12 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), **Sch. 22 para. 9**

- 11 (1) Subject to paragraph 10 above and the following provisions of this paragraph, an appeal under paragraph 9(1) above shall be to the General Commissioners.
 - (2) The appellant may elect (in accordance with section 46(1) of this Act) to bring the appeal before the Special Commissioners.
 - (3) Such an election shall be disregarded if—
 - (a) the appellant and the officer of the Board agree in writing, at any time before the determination of the appeal, that it is to be disregarded; or
 - (b) the General Commissioners have given a direction under sub-paragraph (5) below and have not revoked it.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/1997. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (4) At any time before the determination of an appeal in respect of which an election has been made an officer of the Board after giving notice to the appellant may refer the election to the General Commissioners.
- (5) On any such reference the Commissioners shall, unless they are satisfied that the appellant has arguments to present or evidence to adduce on the merits of the appeal, give a direction that the election be disregarded.
- (6) If, at any time after the giving of such a direction (but before the determination of the appeal) the General Commissioners are satisfied that the appellant has arguments to present or evidence to adduce on the merits of the appeal, they shall revoke the direction.
- (7) Any decision to give or revoke such a direction shall be final.
- (8) If—
 - (a) a person bringing an appeal under paragraph 9(1) above has another appeal pending to either body of Commissioners concerning an assessment on him, and
 - (b) the appeals relate to the same source of income, the appeal under paragraph 9(1) above shall be to the body of Commissioners before whom the appeal concerning the assessment is being brought.
- (9) This paragraph is subject to provision made by or under Part V of this Act.]

Textual Amendments

F691 Sch. 1A paras. 10, 11 inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 22 para. 12 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 22 para. 9

[F692SCHEDULE 1B] U.K.

CLAIMS FOR RELIEF INVOLVING TWO OR MORE YEARS

Textual Amendments

F692 Sch. 1B inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 128(11) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), s. 128(2), **Sch. 17**

Preliminary

- 1 (1) In this Schedule—
 - (a) any reference to a claim includes a reference to an election or notice; and
 - (b) any reference to the amount in which a person is chargeable to tax is a reference to the amount in which he is so chargeable after taking into account any relief or allowance for which a claim is made.

- (2) For the purposes of this Schedule, two or more claims to which this Schedule applies which are made by the same person are associated with each other in so far as the same year of assessment is the earlier year in relation to each of those claims.
- (3) In sub-paragraph (2) above, any reference to claims to which this Schedule applies includes a reference to amendments and revocations to which paragraph 4 below applies.

Loss relief

- 2 (1) This paragraph applies where a person makes a claim requiring relief for a loss incurred or treated as incurred, or a payment made, in one year of assessment ("the later year") to be given in an earlier year of assessment ("the earlier year").
 - (2) Section 42(2) of this Act shall not apply in relation to the claim.
 - (3) The claim shall relate to the later year.
 - (4) Subject to sub-paragraph (5) below, the claim shall be for an amount equal to the difference between—
 - (a) the amount in which the person is chargeable to tax for the earlier year ("amount A"); and
 - (b) the amount in which he would be so chargeable on the assumption that effect could be, and were, given to the claim in relation to that year ("amount B").
 - (5) Where effect has been given to one or more associated claims, amounts A and B above shall each be determined on the assumption that effect could have been, and had been, given to the associated claim or claims in relation to the earlier year.
 - (6) Effect shall be given to the claim in relation to the later year, whether by repayment or set-off, or by an increase in the aggregate amount given by section 59B(1)(b) of this Act, or otherwise.
 - (7) For the purposes of this paragraph, any deduction made under section 62(2) of the 1992 Act (death: general provisions) in respect of an allowable loss shall be deemed to be made in pursuance of a claim requiring relief to be given in respect of that loss.

Relief for fluctuating profits of farming etc.

- 3 (1) This paragraph applies where a person who is or has been carrying on a trade of farming or market gardening claims that subsection (2) or (3) of section 96 of the principal Act shall have effect in relation to his profits from that trade for two consecutive years of assessment ("the earlier year" and "the later year").
 - (2) The claim shall relate to the later year.
 - (3) Subject to sub-paragraph (4) below, in so far as the claim relates to the profits of the earlier year, the claim shall be for an amount equal to the difference between—
 - (a) the amount in which the person is chargeable to tax for the earlier year ("amount A"); and
 - (b) the amount in which he would be so chargeable on the assumption that effect could be, and were, given to the claim in relation to that year ("amount B").

- (4) Where effect has been given to one or more associated claims, amounts A and B above shall each be determined on the assumption that effect could have been, and had been, given to the associated claim or claims in relation to the earlier year.
- (5) In so far as the claim relates to the profits of the earlier year, effect shall be given to the claim in relation to the later year by an increase in the amount of tax payable or, as the case may require, in the aggregate amount given by section 59B(1)(b) of this Act.
- (6) Where this paragraph applies twice in relation to the same year of assessment, the increase or reduction in the amount of tax payable for that year which is required by sub-paragraph (5) above on the earlier application shall be disregarded in determining amounts A and B above for the purposes of the later application.

Relief claimed by virtue of section 96(9)

- 4 (1) This paragraph applies where—
 - (a) a person who claims that subsection (2) or (3) of section 96 of the principal Act shall have effect for two consecutive years of assessment ("the earlier year" and "the later year") makes or amends a claim for relief under any other provision of the Income Tax Acts for either of those years; and
 - (b) the making or amendment of the claim would be out of time but for subsection (9) of that section.
 - (2) The claim or amendment shall relate to the later year.
 - (3) Subject to sub-paragraph (4) below, in so far as the claim or amendment relates to income of the earlier year, the amount claimed, or (as the case may be) the increase or reduction in the amount claimed, shall be equal to the difference between—
 - (a) the amount in which the person is chargeable to tax for the earlier year ("amount A"); and
 - (b) the amount in which he would be so chargeable on the assumption that effect could be, and were, given to the claim or amendment in relation to that year ("amount B").
 - (4) Where effect has been given to one or more associated claims, amounts A and B above shall each be determined on the assumption that effect could have been, and had been, given to the associated claim or claims in relation to the earlier year.
 - (5) In so far as the claim or amendment relates to income of the earlier year, effect shall be given to the claim or amendment in relation to the later year by an increase in the amount of tax payable or, as the case may require, in the aggregate amount given by section 59B(1)(b) of this Act.
 - (6) In this paragraph "amendment" shall be construed accordingly.

Carry-back of post-cessation etc. receipts

of the principal Act applies (election for carry-back) makes an election under that section requiring tax to be charged as if the sum were received on the date on which the discontinuance took place or, as the case may be, on the last day of the period at the end of which the change of basis took place; and in this paragraph—

"the earlier year" means the year in which the sum is treated as received;

"the later year" means the year in which the sum is received.

- (2) The claim shall relate to the later year.
- (3) Subject to sub-paragraph (4) below, the claim shall be for an amount equal to the difference between—
 - (a) the amount in which the person is chargeable to tax for the earlier year ("amount A"); and
 - (b) the amount in which he would be so chargeable on the assumption that effect could be, and were, given to the claim in relation to that year ("amount B").
- (4) Where effect has been given to one or more associated claims, amounts A and B above shall each be determined on the assumption that effect could have been, and had been, given to the associated claim or claims in relation to the earlier year.
- (5) In computing amount B for the purposes of this paragraph, no further deduction or relief shall be made or given in respect of any loss or allowance deducted in pursuance of section 105 of the principal Act.
- (6) Effect shall be given to the claim in relation to the later year by an increase in the amount of tax payable.

Backward spreading of certain payments

- 6 (1) This paragraph applies where a person who has received a payment to which any of the following sections applies, namely—
 - (a) section 534 of the principal Act (relief for copyright payments etc.);
 - (b) section 537A of that Act (relief for payments in respect of designs); and
 - (c) section 538 of that Act (relief for painters, sculptors and other artists),

makes a claim under subsection (1) of that section requiring that effect be given to the following provisions of that section in connection with that payment.

- (2) The claim shall relate to the year of assessment in which the payment in question is receivable ("the payment year"); and for the purposes of this sub-paragraph a payment shall be regarded as receivable in the year of assessment in computing the amount of the profits or gains of which it would, but for the relevant section, be included.
- (3) Subject to sub-paragraph (4) below, in so far as the claim relates to the profits or gains of a year of assessment earlier than the payment year ("the earlier year"), the claim shall be for an amount equal to the difference between—
 - (a) the amount in which the person is chargeable to tax for the earlier year ("amount A"); and
 - (b) the amount in which he would be so chargeable on the assumption that effect could be, and were, given to the claim or amendment in relation to that year ("amount B").
- (4) Where effect has been given to one or more associated claims, amounts A and B above shall each be determined on the assumption that effect could have been, and had been, given to the associated claim or claims in relation to the earlier year.
- (5) In so far as the claim relates to the profits or gains of the earlier year, effect shall be given to the claim in relation to the payment year by an increase in the amount of tax payable.]

F693SCHEDULE 2 U.K.

Textual Amendments

F693 Sch. 2 repealed (with effect in accordance with Sch. 22 para. 12 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), Sch. 22 para. 6, Sch. 41 Pt. 5(12)

[F694SCHEDULE 3 U.K.

Section 44

RULES FOR ASSIGNING PROCEEDINGS TO GENERAL COMMISSIONERS

Textual Amendments

F694 Sch. 3 substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 22 para. 12 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), **Sch. 22 para. 10**

Introductory

1 In this Schedule—

"the relevant place" means the place referred to in section 44(1) of this Act, which is used to identify the General Commissioners before whom proceedings are to be brought; and

"the taxpayer", in relation to any proceedings, means the party to the proceedings who is neither the Board nor an officer of the Board.

General rule for income and capital gains tax proceedings

- 2 (1) In the case of any proceedings relating to income tax or capital gains tax the relevant place is whichever of the places specified in sub-paragraph (2) below is identified—
 - (a) except where the proceedings are commenced by an officer of the Board, by an election made by the taxpayer; and
 - (b) where the proceedings are so commenced, by an election made by the officer.
 - (2) Those places are—
 - (a) the place (if any) in the United Kingdom which, at the time when the election is made, is the taxpayer's place of residence;
 - (b) the place (if any) which at that time is the taxpayer's place of business in the United Kingdom;
 - (c) the place (if any) in the United Kingdom which at that time is the taxpayer's place of employment;

and, in the case of a place of employment, it shall be immaterial for the purposes of this paragraph whether the proceedings in question relate to matters connected with the employment of the taxpayer.

- (3) Where the taxpayer fails to make an election for the purposes of this paragraph before the time limit given by paragraph 5 below, an officer of the Board may elect which of the places specified in sub-paragraph (2) above is to be the relevant place.
- (4) In sub-paragraph (2)(a) above "place of residence" means—
 - in relation to an election made by the taxpayer, his usual place of residence;
 and
 - (b) in relation to an election made by an officer of the Board, the taxpayer's usual place of residence or, if that is unknown, his last known place of residence.
- (5) In sub-paragraph (2)(b) above "place of business" means—
 - (a) the place where the trade, profession, vocation or business with which the proceedings are concerned is carried on, or
 - (b) if the trade, profession, vocation or business is carried on at more than one place, the head office or place where it is mainly carried on.
- (6) This paragraph does not apply in the case of any proceedings to which paragraph 3, 4 or 7 below applies.

PAYE appeals

- 3 (1) In the case of an appeal in exercise of a right of appeal conferred by regulations under section 203 of the principal Act, the relevant place is—
 - (a) except in a case falling in paragraph (b) below, the place determined by the regulations, and
 - (b) if the appellant elects for one of the places specified in paragraph 2(2) above to be the relevant place instead, the place identified by the election.
 - (2) This paragraph does not apply in the case of any proceedings to which paragraph 4 or 7 below applies.

Corporation tax etc.

- 4 (1) In the case of the proceedings mentioned in sub-paragraph (2) below the relevant place is whichever of the places specified in sub-paragraph (3) below is identified—
 - (a) except where the proceedings are commenced by an officer of the Board, by an election made by the company or other body corporate which is a party to the proceedings ("the corporate taxpayer"); and
 - (b) where the proceedings are so commenced, by an election made by the officer.
 - (2) The proceedings are—
 - (a) proceedings relating to corporation tax;
 - (b) proceedings relating to income tax which are proceedings to which a company resident in the United Kingdom and within the charge to corporation tax is a party;
 - (c) proceedings relating to tax assessable under sections 419 and 420 of the principal Act (close company loans).
 - (3) The places are—
 - (a) the place where, at the time when the election is made, the corporate taxpayer carries on its trade or business;

- (b) the place where, at that time, the head office or principal place of business of the corporate taxpayer is situated;
- (c) the place where, at that time, the corporate taxpayer resides.
- (4) Where the corporate taxpayer fails to make an election for the purposes of this paragraph before the time limit given by paragraph 5 below, an officer of the Board may elect which of the places specified in sub-paragraph (3) above is to be the relevant place.
- (5) This paragraph does not apply in the case of any proceedings to which paragraph 7 below applies.

Procedure for making elections, etc.

- 5 (1) An election by a taxpayer for the purposes of this Schedule shall be made by notice in writing to an officer of the Board.
 - (2) The time limit for the making of such an election in relation to proceedings is—
 - (a) the time when the taxpayer gives notice of appeal or, if the proceedings are not an appeal, otherwise commences the proceedings; or
 - (b) such later date as the Board allows.
 - (3) Such an election shall be irrevocable.
- An election by an officer of the Board for the purposes of this Schedule shall be made by notice in writing served on the taxpayer.

Partnerships

- In the case of proceedings relating to a partnership to which a partner of that partnership is a party, the relevant place is—
 - (a) the place where the trade, profession or business of the partnership is carried on, or
 - (b) if the trade, profession or business is carried on at more than one place, the place where it is mainly carried on.

Directions by the Board

- 8 (1) The Board may give a direction in relation to any class of proceedings specified in the direction that, notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this Schedule, the relevant place shall be taken to be a place in a division specified in the direction.
 - (2) A direction given under this paragraph shall not have effect in relation to any proceedings unless an officer of the Board has served on the taxpayer a notice in writing stating the effect of the direction in relation to those proceedings.
 - (3) A direction given under this paragraph shall not have effect if the taxpayer gives a notice in accordance with sub-paragraph (4) below objecting to the direction.
 - (4) The taxpayer gives a notice in accordance with this sub-paragraph if he gives it in writing to the Board within the period of 30 days beginning with the day on which the notice under sub-paragraph (2) above was served on him.
- 9 (1) The Board may give directions for determining the relevant place in cases where —

SCHEDULE 3ZC – CT Payment plans for tax on certain transactions with EEA residents Document Generated: 2024-09-13

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/1997. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (a) the proceedings fall within paragraph 2, 4 or 7 above, but there is no place falling within paragraph 2(2), 4(3) or, as the case may be, paragraph 7; or
- (b) the relevant place would, apart from the direction, be a place outside the United Kingdom.
- (2) A direction given under this paragraph by the Board shall not have effect in relation to any proceedings unless an officer of the Board has served on the taxpayer a notice in writing stating the effect of the direction in relation to those proceedings.
- (3) A direction under sub-paragraph (1) above may be given in relation to—
 - (a) proceedings falling within that sub-paragraph;
 - (b) any class of such proceedings specified in the direction; or
 - (c) proceedings specified in the direction.

Other provisions

The provisions of this Schedule have effect subject to sections 44(2), 46A and 57 of this Act, sections 102(1), 113(5), 343(10) and 783(9) of the principal Act and section 151 of the Capital Allowances Act 1990.]

VALID FROM 11/07/2019



Section 59FB

CT PAYMENT PLANS FOR TAX ON CERTAIN TRANSACTIONS WITH EEA RESIDENTS

Textual Amendments

F695 Sch. 3ZC inserted (retrospective and with effect in accordance with Sch. 7 para. 4(1)(a) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 2020 (c. 14), Sch. 7 para. 2

Introduction

This Schedule makes provision enabling a company that is liable to pay qualifying corporation tax for an accounting period to defer payment of the tax by entering into a CT payment plan.

Qualifying corporation tax

2 (1) For the purposes of this Schedule a company is liable to pay qualifying corporation tax for an accounting period if CT1 is greater than CT2 where—

CT1 is the corporation tax which the company is liable to pay for the accounting period, and

CT2 is the corporation tax which the company would be liable to pay for the accounting period if any gains, credits, losses or debits arising in respect of qualifying transactions of the company were ignored.

- (CT2 will be zero if the company would not be liable to pay any corporation tax for the period).
- (2) The amount of qualifying corporation tax which the company is liable to pay is the difference between CT1 and CT2.

Qualifying transactions

- 3 (1) For the purposes of this Schedule each of the following is a qualifying transaction of a company ("the company concerned")—
 - (a) a disposal within sub-paragraph (2),
 - (b) a transaction within sub-paragraph (3),
 - (c) a transaction within sub-paragraph (4), and
 - (d) a transfer within sub-paragraph (5).
 - (2) A disposal is within this sub-paragraph if—
 - (a) it is a disposal by the company concerned of an asset,
 - (b) it is a disposal to a company ("the transferee") that at the time of the disposal is resident outside the United Kingdom in an EEA state, and
 - (c) it is a disposal to which section 139 or 171 of TCGA 1992 would apply were the transferee resident at the time of the disposal in the United Kingdom instead.
 - (3) A transaction is within this sub-paragraph if—
 - (a) it is a transaction, or the first in a series of transactions, as a result of which the company concerned is directly or indirectly replaced as a party to a loan relationship by another company ("the transferee"),
 - (b) at the time of the transaction the transferee is resident outside the United Kingdom in an EEA state, and
 - (c) it is a transaction to which section 340(3) of CTA 2009 would apply were the transferee resident at the time of the transaction in the United Kingdom instead.
 - (4) A transaction is within this sub-paragraph if—
 - (a) it is a transaction, or the first in a series of transactions, as a result of which the company concerned is directly or indirectly replaced as a party to a derivative contract by another company ("the transferee"),
 - (b) at the time of the transaction the transferee is resident outside the United Kingdom in an EEA state, and
 - (c) it is a transaction to which section 625(3) of CTA 2009 would apply were the transferee resident at the time of the transaction in the United Kingdom instead.
 - (5) A transfer is within this sub-paragraph if—
 - (a) it is a transfer from the company concerned of an intangible fixed asset,
 - (b) it is a transfer to a company ("the transferee") that immediately after the transfer is resident outside the United Kingdom in an EEA state, and
 - (c) it is a transfer to which section 775(1) of CTA 2009 would apply were the transferee resident immediately after the transfer in the United Kingdom instead.

SCHEDULE 3ZC – CT Payment plans for tax on certain transactions with EEA residents Document Generated: 2024-09-13

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(6) In this Schedule "transferee", in relation to a qualifying transaction of a company, means the transferee referred to in sub-paragraph (2), (3), (4) or (5) (as the case may be).

Eligibility to enter a CT payment plan

- 4 (1) A company that is liable to pay qualifying corporation tax for an accounting period may enter into a CT payment plan in respect of the tax in accordance with this Schedule.
 - (2) The CT payment plan may relate to—
 - (a) all of the qualifying corporation tax that the company is liable to pay for the accounting period, or
 - (b) only part of the qualifying corporation tax that the company is liable to pay for the accounting period.
 - (3) In this Schedule "deferred tax", in relation to a CT payment plan, means the qualifying corporation tax to which the plan relates.

Application to enter a CT payment plan

- A company that is liable to pay qualifying corporation tax for an accounting period may enter into a CT payment plan in respect of the tax only if—
 - (a) an application to enter into the plan is made to HMRC before the end of the period of 9 months beginning immediately after the accounting period, and
 - (b) the application contains details of all the matters which are required by paragraph 7 to be specified in the plan.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

5

C269 Sch. 3ZC para. 5(a) modified (retrospective and with effect in accordance with Sch. 7 para. 4(1)(a) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 2020 (c. 14), Sch. 7 para. 4(2)

Entering into a CT payment plan

- 6 (1) A company enters into a CT payment plan if—
 - (a) the company agrees to pay, and an officer of Revenue and Customs agrees to accept payment of, the deferred tax in accordance with paragraphs 9 to 12,
 - (b) the company agrees to pay interest on the deferred tax in accordance with paragraph 8(3) and (5), and
 - (c) the plan meets the requirements of paragraph 7 as to the matters that must be specified in it.
 - (2) The CT payment plan may, in the circumstances mentioned in sub-paragraph (3), contain appropriate provision regarding security for HMRC in respect of the payment of the deferred tax.
 - (3) Those circumstances are where an officer of Revenue and Customs considers that agreeing to accept payment of the deferred tax in accordance with paragraphs 9 to

12 would present a serious risk as to collection of the tax in the absence of provision regarding security in respect of its payment.

(4) A CT payment plan is void if any information furnished by the company in connection with the plan does not fully and accurately disclose all facts and considerations material to the decision of the officer of Revenue and Customs to accept payment of the deferred tax in accordance with paragraphs 9 to 12.

Content of CT payment plan

- 7 (1) A CT payment plan entered into by a company must—
 - (a) specify the accounting period to which the plan relates ("the accounting period concerned"),
 - (b) specify the amount of qualifying corporation tax which, in the company's opinion, is payable by it in respect of the accounting period concerned,
 - (c) specify the amount of the deferred tax,
 - (d) identify each qualifying transaction of the company in respect of which gains or credits arose in the accounting period concerned, and
 - (e) specify in relation to each of those qualifying transactions—
 - (i) the name of the transferee,
 - (ii) the EEA state in which the transferee was resident at the time of the transaction, and
 - (iii) the amount of the deferred tax that is attributable to the transaction.
 - (2) The amount of the deferred tax that is attributable to a qualifying transaction of the company in respect of which a gain or credit arose in the accounting period concerned is—

$$A B \times T$$

where-

A is the gain or credit that arose in the accounting period concerned in respect of the qualifying transaction,

B is the total gains or credits that arose in the accounting period concerned in respect of all qualifying transactions of the company,

T is the amount of the deferred tax.

Effect of CT payment plan

- 8 (1) This paragraph applies where a CT payment plan is entered into by a company in accordance with this Schedule.
 - (2) As regards when the deferred tax is payable—
 - (a) the CT payment plan does not prevent the deferred tax becoming due and payable under section 59D or 59E, but
 - (b) the Commissioners for Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs—
 - (i) may not seek payment of the deferred tax otherwise than in accordance with paragraphs 9 to 12;
 - (ii) may make repayments in respect of any amount of the deferred tax paid, or any amount paid on account of the deferred tax, before the CT payment plan is entered into.

SCHEDULE 3ZC – CT Payment plans for tax on certain transactions with EEA residents Document Generated: 2024-09-13

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(3) As regards interest—

- (a) the deferred tax carries interest in accordance with Part 9 as if the CT payment plan had not been entered into, and
- (b) each time a payment is made in accordance with paragraphs 9 to 12, it is to be paid together with any interest payable on it.
- (4) As regards penalties, the company will be liable to penalties for late payment of the deferred tax only if it fails to make payments in accordance with paragraphs 9 to 12 (see item 6ZAA of the Table at the end of paragraph 1 of Schedule 56 to the Finance Act 2009).
- (5) Any of the deferred tax which is for the time being unpaid may be paid at any time before it becomes payable under paragraphs 9 to 12 together with interest payable on it to the date of payment.

The payment method: instalments

- 9 (1) Where a CT payment plan is entered into by a company, the deferred tax is due in 6 instalments of equal amounts as follows—
 - (a) the first instalment is due on the first day after the period of 9 months beginning immediately after the end of the accounting period to which the plan relates, and
 - (b) the other 5 instalments are due one on each of the first 5 anniversaries of that day.
 - (2) But see paragraphs 10 to 12 for circumstances in which all or part of the outstanding balance of the deferred tax becomes due otherwise than by those instalments.

The payment method: all of outstanding balance due

- 10 (1) Where at any time after a CT payment plan is entered into by a company an event mentioned in sub-paragraph (2) occurs the outstanding balance of the deferred tax is due on the date on which the next instalment of that tax would otherwise be due.
 - (2) The events are—
 - (a) the company becoming insolvent or entering administration;
 - (b) the appointment of a liquidator in respect of the company;
 - (c) an event under the law of a country or territory outside the United Kingdom corresponding to an event in paragraph (a) or (b);
 - (d) the company failing to pay any amount of the deferred tax for a period of 12 months after the date on which the amount becomes due;
 - (e) the company ceasing to be within the charge to corporation tax.

All of outstanding balance attributable to particular qualifying transaction due

- 11 (1) This paragraph applies where—
 - (a) a CT payment plan is entered into by a company,
 - (b) during the instalments period a trigger event occurs in relation to a qualifying transaction identified in the plan, and
 - (c) a trigger event has not previously occurred in relation to that qualifying transaction during the instalments period.

- (2) A trigger event occurs in relation to a qualifying transaction if the transferee ceases to be resident in an EEA state and, on so ceasing, does not become resident another EEA state.
- (3) A trigger event occurs in relation to a qualifying transaction if the company and the transferee cease to be members of the same group as one another.
- (4) A trigger event occurs in relation to a qualifying transaction within subparagraph (2) or (5) of paragraph 3 if the transferee disposes of the asset that is the subject of the transaction.
- (5) A trigger event occurs in relation to a qualifying transaction within subparagraph (3) or (4) of paragraph 3 if the transferee ceases to be a party to the loan relationship or derivative contract concerned.
- (6) On the occurrence of the trigger event an amount of the deferred tax is due.
- (7) The amount due is—

$$(A - B) \times OT$$

where-

"A" is the amount of the deferred tax that is attributable to the qualifying transaction (see paragraph 7(2)),

"B" is the amount of the deferred tax that has previously become due under paragraph 12 by reason of a partial trigger event occurring in relation to the qualifying transaction,

"O" is the amount of the deferred tax that is outstanding at the time of the trigger event, and

"T" is the amount of the deferred tax.

- (8) In this paragraph "the instalments period" means the period—
 - (a) beginning with the time the CT payment plan is entered into, and
 - (b) ending with the day on which the final instalment of the deferred tax is due under paragraph 9.

Part of outstanding balance attributable to particular qualifying transaction due

- 12 (1) This paragraph applies where—
 - (a) a CT payment plan is entered into by a company,
 - (b) during the instalments period a partial trigger event occurs in relation to a qualifying transaction listed in the plan, and
 - (c) a trigger event has not previously occurred in relation to that qualifying transaction during the instalments period.
 - (2) A partial trigger event occurs in relation to a qualifying transaction within sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 3 if the transferee disposes of part (but not all) of the asset that is the subject of the transaction.

Section 21(2)(b) of TCGA 1992 (meaning of part disposal of an asset) applies for the purposes of this sub-paragraph as it applies for the purposes of that Act.

- (3) A partial trigger event occurs in relation to a qualifying transaction within subparagraph (3) or (4) of paragraph 3 if there is a disposal by the transferee of a right or liability under the loan relationship or derivative contract concerned which amounts to a related transaction (as defined in section 304 or 596 of CTA 2009 as the case may be).
- (4) A partial trigger event occurs in relation to a qualifying transaction within subparagraph (5) of paragraph 3 if the transferee enters into a subsequent transaction which results in a reduction in the accounting value of the intangible fixed asset that is the subject of the qualifying transaction but does not result in the intangible fixed asset ceasing to be recognised in the transferee's balance sheet.
- (5) In relation to an intangible fixed asset that has no balance sheet value (or no longer has a balance sheet value) sub-paragraph (4) applies as if, immediately before the subsequent transaction, it did have a balance sheet value.
- (6) On the occurrence of the partial trigger event an amount of the deferred tax is due.
- (7) The amount due is the amount that is just and reasonable having regard to the amount that would have been due had a trigger event occurred in relation to the qualifying transaction instead.
- (8) In this paragraph "the instalments period" and "trigger event" have the same meaning as in paragraph 11.]

[F696SCHEDULE 3A U.K.

ELECTRONIC LODGEMENT OF TAX RETURNS, ETC.

Textual Amendments

F696 Sch. 3A inserted (1.5.1995) by Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), Sch. 28 para. 2

PART I U.K.

TAX RETURNS: GENERAL

The basic rule

- 1 (1) Sub-paragraph (2) below applies where a person is—
 - (a) required by a notice to which this Schedule applies, or
 - (b) subject to any other requirement to which this Schedule applies,

to deliver or make a return to an officer of the Board or to the Board.

- (2) The requirement to deliver or make the return shall be treated as fulfilled by the person subject to the requirement if—
 - (a) information is transmitted electronically in response to that requirement; and
 - (b) each of the conditions in Part III of this Schedule is met with respect to that transmission.

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- (3) Sub-paragraphs (4) and (5) below apply where the requirement to deliver or make the return is fulfilled by virtue of sub-paragraph (2) above.
- (4) Any requirement—
 - (a) under any provision of Part II of this Act that the return include a declaration by the person making the return to the effect that the return is to the best of his knowledge correct and complete, or
 - (b) under or by virtue of any other provision of the Taxes Acts that the return be signed or include any description of declaration or certificate,

shall not apply.

- (5) The time at which the requirement to deliver or make the return is fulfilled is the end of the day during which the last of the conditions in Part III of this Schedule to be met with respect to the transmission is met.
- (6) In sub-paragraph (2)(a) above "information" includes any self-assessment, partnership statement, particulars or claim.

Returns to which Schedule applies

- 2 (1) This Schedule applies to a notice requiring a return to be delivered or made if—
 - (a) the notice is given under any provision of the Taxes Acts or of regulations made under the Taxes Acts;
 - (b) the provision is specified for the purposes of this Schedule by an order made by the Treasury; and
 - (c) the notice is given after the day appointed by the order in relation to notices under the provision so specified.
 - (2) This Schedule applies to any other requirement to deliver or make a return if—
 - (a) the requirement is imposed by any provision of the Taxes Acts or of regulations made under the Taxes Acts;
 - (b) the provision is specified for the purposes of this Schedule by an order made by the Treasury; and
 - (c) the requirement is required to be fulfilled within a period beginning after the day appointed by the order in relation to the specified provision.
 - (3) The power to make an order under this paragraph shall be exercisable by statutory instrument which shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of the House of Commons.
 - (4) For the purposes of this Schedule, any reference to a requirement to deliver a return includes, in relation to regulations made under the principal Act, a reference to a requirement to render a return.

PART II U.K.

DOCUMENTS SUPPORTING CERTAIN TAX RETURNS

- 3 (1) This paragraph applies where—
 - (a) a person is required by a notice to which this Schedule applies to deliver a return to an officer of the Board;

- (b) the notice also requires any document other than the return ("a supporting document") to be delivered;
- (c) the provision under which the notice is given requires the supporting document to be delivered with the return;
- (d) the notice states that the supporting document may be transmitted electronically; and
- (e) the requirement to deliver the return is fulfilled by virtue of paragraph 1(2) of this Schedule.
- (2) The requirement to deliver the supporting document shall be treated as fulfilled by the person subject to the requirement if—
 - (a) information is transmitted electronically in response to that requirement; and
 - (b) each of the conditions in Part III of this Schedule is met with respect to that transmission.
- (3) If information is not transmitted electronically in response to the requirement to deliver the supporting document, that requirement shall have effect as a requirement to deliver the document on or before the day which is the last day for the delivery of the return.
- (4) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (1)(b) above the reference to a document includes in particular a reference to any accounts, statements or reports.
- (5) Where the requirement to deliver the supporting document is fulfilled by virtue of sub-paragraph (2) above, the time at which it is fulfilled is the end of the day during which the last of the conditions in Part III of this Schedule to be met with respect to the transmission is met.

PART III U.K.

THE CONDITIONS

Approved persons

- 4 (1) The first condition is that the transmission must be made by a person approved by the Board.
 - (2) A person seeking approval under this paragraph shall be given notice of the grant or refusal of approval.
 - (3) A person may be approved for the purpose of transmitting the information—
 - (a) on behalf of another person or other persons; or
 - (b) on his own behalf.
 - (4) An approval under this paragraph may be withdrawn by notice with effect from such date as may be specified in the notice.
 - (5) A notice refusing or withdrawing an approval shall state the grounds for the refusal or withdrawal.
 - (6) A person who is refused approval or whose approval is withdrawn may appeal to the Special Commissioners against the refusal or withdrawal.

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- (7) The appeal shall be made by notice given to the Board before the end of the period of 30 days beginning with the day on which notice of the refusal or withdrawal was given to the appellant.
- (8) The Special Commissioners shall not allow the appeal unless it appears to them that, having regard to all the circumstances, it is unreasonable for the approval to be refused or (as the case may be) withdrawn.
- (9) If the Special Commissioners allow an appeal by a person who has been refused approval, they shall specify the date from which the approval is to have effect.

Approved manner of transmission

- 5 (1) The second condition applies if the person who makes the transmission is notified by the Board of any requirements for the time being applicable to him as to the manner in which transmissions are to be made by him or as to the manner in which any description of transmission is to be made by him.
 - (2) The second condition is that the transmission must comply with the requirements so notified.
 - (3) The requirements referred to include in particular requirements as to—
 - (a) the hardware or type of hardware, or
 - (b) the software or type of software,

to be used to make transmissions or a description of transmissions.

Content of transmission

The third condition is that the transmission must signify, in a manner approved by the Board, that before the transmission was made a hard copy of the information proposed to be transmitted was made and authenticated in accordance with Part IV of this Schedule.

Procedure for accepting electronic transmissions

- 7 (1) The fourth condition is that the information transmitted must be accepted for electronic lodgement.
 - (2) For the purposes of this Schedule, information is accepted for electronic lodgement if it is accepted under a procedure selected by the Board for the purposes of this Schedule.
 - (3) The selected procedure may in particular consist of or include the use of specially designed software.

PART IV U.K.

HARD COPIES OF INFORMATION TRANSMITTED

Provisions about making of hard copies

- 8 (1) A hard copy is made in accordance with this Part of this Schedule if it is made under arrangements designed to ensure that the information contained in the hard copy is the information in fact transmitted.
 - (2) A hard copy is authenticated in accordance with this Part of this Schedule if—
 - (a) where the transmission is made in response to a requirement imposed by a notice under Part II of this Act to deliver a return, the hard copy is endorsed with a declaration by the relevant person that the hard copy is to the best of his knowledge correct and complete; and
 - (b) in any other case, if the hard copy is signed by the relevant person.
 - (3) In sub-paragraph (2) above "the relevant person" means—
 - (a) where the transmission is made as mentioned in sub-paragraph (2)(a) above, the person who, but for paragraph 1(4)(a) of this Schedule, would have been required to make the declaration there mentioned;
 - (b) in any other case, the person subject to the requirement to deliver or make the return or, in the case of a document other than a return, deliver the document.

Meaning of "hard copy"

In this Part of this Schedule "hard copy", in relation to information held electronically, means a printed out version of that information.

PART V U.K.

STATUS OF INFORMATION

Exercise of powers

- 10 (1) Sub-paragraphs (2) to (5) below apply where information transmitted in response to a requirement to deliver or make a return is accepted for electronic lodgement.
 - (2) An officer of the Board shall have all the powers that he would have had if the information accepted had been contained in a return delivered by post.
 - (3) The Board shall have all the powers that they would have had if the information accepted had been contained in a return delivered by post.
 - (4) Where the information is transmitted in response to a notice given under any provision of Part II of this Act, any power which, if the information had been contained in a return delivered by post, a person would have had under this Act to amend the return—
 - (a) by delivering a document, or
 - (b) by notifying amendments,

to an officer of the Board, shall have effect as if the power enabled that person to deliver a statement of amended information to the officer.

- (5) Any right that a person would have had, if the information transmitted had been contained in a return delivered by post, to claim that tax charged under an assessment was excessive by reason of some mistake or error in the return shall have effect as far as the claimant is concerned as if the information transmitted had been contained in a return delivered by post.
- (6) Where information transmitted in response to a requirement to deliver a document other than a return is accepted for electronic lodgement, an officer of the Board shall have all the powers that he would have had if the information had been contained in a document delivered by post.
- (7) This paragraph is subject to paragraph 11 of this Schedule.

Proceedings

- (1) Sub-paragraphs (2) to (4) below apply where—
 - (a) a person is required by a notice to which this Schedule applies, or subject to any other requirement to which this Schedule applies, to deliver or make a return; and
 - (b) that requirement is fulfilled by virtue of paragraph 1(2) of this Schedule.
 - (2) A hard copy shown to have been made and authenticated in accordance with Part IV of this Schedule for the purposes of the transmission in question shall be treated for the purposes of any proceedings as if it were a return delivered or made in response to the requirement.
 - (3) Sub-paragraph (4) below applies if no hard copy is shown to have been made and authenticated in accordance with Part IV of this Schedule for the purposes of the transmission in question.
 - (4) A hard copy certified by an officer of the Board to be a true copy of the information transmitted shall be treated for the purposes of any proceedings in relation to which the certificate is given as if it—
 - (a) were a return delivered or made in response to the requirement in question, and
 - (b) contained any declaration or signature which would have appeared on a hard copy made and authenticated in accordance with Part IV of this Schedule for the purposes of the transmission.
 - (5) Where—
 - (a) a person is required by a notice to which this Schedule applies to deliver any document other than a return, and
 - (b) that requirement is fulfilled by virtue of paragraph 3(2) of this Schedule, sub-paragraphs (2) to (4) above shall apply as if any reference to a return delivered in response to the requirement were a reference to a document delivered in response to the requirement.
 - (6) In this paragraph—

"hard copy" has the same meaning as in Part IV of this Schedule; and "proceedings" includes proceedings before the General or Special Commissioners or any tribunal having jurisdiction by virtue of any provision of the Taxes Acts.]

SCHEDULE 4 U.K.

SAVINGS AND TRANSITORY PROVISIONS

Declaration of secrecy

- 1 (1) Section 6(4) of this Act shall not apply to a person who, before 10th July 1964, made a declaration in any of the forms set out in Schedule 2 to the Income Tax Act 1952, or a declaration of secrecy in a form approved by the Board.
 - (2) General or Special Commissioners or other persons who made declarations in the form in Part I of Schedule 1 to the Income Tax Management Act 1964, or in the form in Schedule 2 to the Income Tax Act 1952, before the coming into force of paragraph 16 of Schedule 10 to the Finance Act 1965 (which included in the form of declaration a reference to the new taxes imposed by that Act) shall be subject to the same obligations as to secrecy with respect to those taxes as they are subject to with respect to income tax.
 - (3) The repeals made by the principal Act shall not alter the effect or validity of any declaration made before the commencement of this Act.

Information about interest paid or credited without deduction of tax by banks, etc.

A notice served under section 29 of the Income Tax Act 1952 (re-enacted in section 17 of this Act) on the Postmaster General before 1st October 1969 shall, if it has not been complied with before that date, be deemed to have been served on the Director of Savings; and section 17(1) of this Act shall, in its application to the National Savings Bank, have effect as if the reference to interest paid or credited by the Director of Savings included, as regards any period before the said date, a reference to interest paid or credited by the Postmaster General to depositors.

Assessments

- 3 (1) Section 36 of this Act shall not apply to tax for any year before the year 1936—37.
 - (2) Section 41 of this Act shall not apply to any assessment signed before 6th April 1965.

Claims

- 4 (1) This paragraph has effect as respects relief under any enactment repealed by the principal Act, or repealed or terminated by any Act passed before that Act, so far as it remains in force after the commencement of this Act.
 - (2) Section 42 of this Act shall apply to any such relief in like manner as section 9 of the Income Tax Management Act 1964 would have applied but for the passing of this Act, and nothing in the repeals made by the principal Act shall affect any enactment determining whether the claim is made to the inspector or the Board, or the Commissioners to whom an appeal lies on the claim.
- An appeal, or other proceedings in the nature of an appeal, instituted on a claim, or proceedings in the nature of a claim, made before 6th April 1965 shall be continued before the same Commissioners notwithstanding that, under Schedule 2 to this Act or Schedule 2 to the Income Tax Management Act 1964, an appeal on the claim should have been made to some other Commissioners.

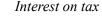
Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/1997. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time. Changes to legislation: Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

^{F697} 6	
Textual	Amendments
F697 S	Sch. 4 para. 6 repealed (3.5.1994) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), Sch. 26 Pt. 5(22)

Choice of Commissioners to hear proceedings

7 Neither section 44 of this Act nor any other provision in this Act shall apply to an appeal against an assessment signed, claim made, or other proceedings instituted, before 6th April 1965 so as to require the proceedings to be heard by Commissioners other than those who would have heard the proceedings if the Income Tax Management Act 1964 had not passed.

Settling of appeals by agreement	
F6988	
Textual Amendments F698 Sch. 4 para. 8 repealed by Finance Act 1982 (c. 39), s.157, Sch.22 Part X.	



- - (2) For the purposes of section 88 of this Act the due date for payment of so much of any surtax for the year 1965—66 as is attributable to subsection (1) of the said section 15 shall be taken to be 1st September 1967, instead of 1st January 1967.

Textual Amendments

F699 Sch. 4 para. 9(1) repealed by Finance (No.2) Act 1975 (c. 45), s. 75, Sch.14 Part III in relation to tax charged by assessments notice of which was issued after 31 July 1975.

Penalties, etc.

- 10 Section 98 of this Act shall have effect as if the Table contained in it (columns 1 and 2 of which correspond respectively to columns 2 and 3 of Schedule 6 to the Finance Act 1960) included, in the appropriate column, so far as they remained in force, the enactments and regulations mentioned in or added to the said Schedule 6 which were repealed or terminated by any Act passed before this Act.
- 11 Section 103(2) of this Act shall not apply to tax for any year before the year 1936 --37.
- 12 The repeals made by the principal Act shall not affect proceedings for any offence punishable under section 505 of the Income Tax Act 1952 and committed before the repeal of the said section 505 by the Theft Act 1968, or, in Northern Ireland, by the Theft Act (Northern Ireland) 1969.

Northern Ireland

F70013

Textual Amendments

F700 Sch. 4 para. 13 repealed by Judicature (Northern Ireland) Act 1978 (c.23), s.122, **Sch.7** on and after 18 April 1979; S.I. 1978/422.

Part V of this Act, and the repeal by the principal Act of the provisions corresponding to Part V of this Act, shall not apply to proceedings falling within paragraph 10(1) of Schedule 5 to the Income Tax Management Act 1964 (assessments, etc. for 1964—65 and earlier years).

Status:

Point in time view as at 01/07/1997. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation:

Taxes Management Act 1970 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 September 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations.