



Matrimonial Causes Act 1973

1973 CHAPTER 18

PART II

FINANCIAL RELIEF FOR PARTIES TO MARRIAGE AND CHILDREN OF FAMILY

Financial provision and property adjustment orders

21 Financial provision and property adjustment orders.

- (1) The financial provision orders for the purposes of this Act are the orders for periodical or lump sum provision available (subject to the provisions of this Act) under section 23 below for the purpose of adjusting the financial position of the parties to a marriage and any children of the family in connection with proceedings for divorce, nullity of marriage or judicial separation and under section 27(6) below on proof of neglect by one party to a marriage to provide, or to make a proper contribution towards, reasonable maintenance for the other or a child of the family, that is to say—
- (a) any order for periodical payments in favour of a party to a marriage under section 23(1)(a) or 27(6)(a) or in favour of a child of the family under section 23(1)(d), (2) or (4) or 27(6)(d);
 - (b) any order for secured periodical payments in favour of a party to a marriage under section 23(1)(b) or 27(6)(b) or in favour of a child of the family under section 23(1)(e), (2) or (4) or 27(6)(e); and
 - (c) any order for lump sum provision in favour of a party to a marriage under section 23(1)(c) or 27(6)(c) or in favour of a child of the family under section 23(1)(f), (2) or (4) or 27(6)(f);

and references in this Act (except in paragraphs 17(1) and 23 of Schedule 1 below) to periodical payments orders, secured periodical payments orders, and orders for the payment of a lump sum are references to all or some of the financial provision orders requiring the sort of financial provision in question according as the context of each reference may require.

- (2) The property adjustment orders for the purposes of this Act are the orders dealing with property rights available (subject to the provisions of this Act) under section 24 below

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for the purpose of adjusting the financial position of the parties to a marriage and any children of the family on or after the grant of a decree of divorce, nullity of marriage or judicial separation, that is to say—

- (a) any order under subsection (1)(a) of that section for a transfer of property;
- (b) any order under subsection (1)(b) of that section for a settlement of property; and
- (c) any order under subsection (1)(c) or (d) of that section for a variation of settlement.

[^{F1}21A Pension sharing orders.

- (1) For the purposes of this Act, a pension sharing order is an order which—
 - (a) provides that one party’s—
 - (i) shareable rights under a specified pension arrangement, or
 - (ii) shareable state scheme rights,
 be subject to pension sharing for the benefit of the other party, and
 - (b) specifies the percentage value to be transferred.
- (2) In subsection (1) above—
 - (a) the reference to shareable rights under a pension arrangement is to rights in relation to which pension sharing is available under Chapter I of Part IV of the Welfare Reform and Pensions Act 1999, or under corresponding Northern Ireland legislation,
 - (b) the reference to shareable state scheme rights is to rights in relation to which pension sharing is available under Chapter II of Part IV of the Welfare Reform and Pensions Act 1999, or under corresponding Northern Ireland legislation, and
 - (c) “party” means a party to a marriage.]

Textual Amendments

F1 S. 21A and sidenote inserted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by 1999 c. 30, s. 19, Sch. 3 para. 2; S.I. 2000/1116, art. 2

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C1 S. 21A modified (8.8.2006) by The Divorce etc. (Pension Protection Fund) Regulations 2006 (S.I. 2006/1932), reg. 4(2)(a)

Ancillary relief in connection with divorce proceedings, etc.

22 Maintenance pending suit.

On a petition for divorce, nullity of marriage or judicial separation, the court may make an order for maintenance pending suit, that is to say, an order requiring either party to the marriage to make to the other such periodical payments for his or her maintenance and for such term, being a term beginning not earlier than the date of the presentation of the petition and ending with the date of the determination of the suit, as the court thinks reasonable.

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23 Financial provision orders in connection with divorce proceedings, etc.

(1) On granting a decree of divorce, a decree of nullity of marriage or a decree of judicial separation or at any time thereafter (whether, in the case of a decree of divorce or of nullity of marriage, before or after the decree is made absolute), the court may make any one or more of the following orders, that is to say—

- (a) an order that either party to the marriage shall make to the other such periodical payments, for such term, as may be specified in the order;
- (b) an order that either party to the marriage shall secure to the other to the satisfaction of the court such periodical payments, for such term, as may be so specified;
- (c) an order that either party to the marriage shall pay to the other such lump sum or sums as may be so specified;
- (d) an order that a party to the marriage shall make to such person as may be specified in the order for the benefit of a child of the family, or to such a child, such periodical payments, for such term, as may be so specified;
- (e) an order that a party to the marriage shall secure to such person as may be so specified for the benefit of such a child, or to such a child, to the satisfaction of the court, such periodical payments, for such term, as may be so specified;
- (f) an order that a party to the marriage shall pay to such person as may be so specified for the benefit of such a child, or to such a child, such lump sum as may be so specified;

subject, however, in the case of an order under paragraph (d), (e) or (f) above, to the restrictions imposed by section 29(1) and (3) below on the making of financial provision orders in favour of children who have attained the age of eighteen.

(2) The court may also, subject to those restrictions, make any one or more of the orders mentioned in subsection (1)(d), (e) and (f) above—

- (a) in any proceedings for divorce, nullity of marriage or judicial separation, before granting a decree; and
- (b) where any such proceedings are dismissed after the beginning of the trial, either forthwith or within a reasonable period after the dismissal.

(3) Without prejudice to the generality of subsection (1)(c) or (f) above—

- (a) an order under this section that a party to a marriage shall pay a lump sum to the other party may be made for the purpose of enabling that other party to meet any liabilities or expenses reasonably incurred by him or her in maintaining himself or herself or any child of the family before making an application for an order under this section in his or her favour;
- (b) an order under this section for the payment of a lump sum to or for the benefit of a child of the family may be made for the purpose of enabling any liabilities or expenses reasonably incurred by or for the benefit of that child before the making of an application for an order under this section in his favour to be met; and
- (c) an order under this section for the payment of a lump sum may provide for the payment of that sum by instalments of such amount as may be specified in the order and may require the payment of the instalments to be secured to the satisfaction of the court.

(4) The power of the court under subsection (1) or (2)(a) above to make an order in favour of a child of the family shall be exercisable from time to time; and where the court makes an order in favour of a child under subsection (2)(b) above, it may from time

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to time, subject to the restrictions mentioned in subsection (1) above, make a further order in his favour of any of the kinds mentioned in subsection (1)(d), (e) or (f) above.

- (5) Without prejudice to the power to give a direction under section 30 below for the settlement of an instrument by conveyancing counsel, where an order is made under subsection (1)(a), (b) or (c) above on or after granting a decree of divorce or nullity of marriage, neither the order nor any settlement made in pursuance of the order shall take effect unless the decree has been made absolute.

[^{F2}(6) Where the court—

- (a) makes an order under this section for the payment of a lump sum; and
- (b) directs—
 - (i) that payment of that sum or any part of it shall be deferred; or
 - (ii) that that sum or any part of it shall be paid by instalments,

the court may order that the amount deferred or the instalments shall carry interest at such rate as may be specified by the order from such date, not earlier than the date of the order, as may be so specified, until the date when payment of it is due.]

Textual Amendments

F2 S. 23(6) added by [Administration of Justice Act 1982 \(c. 53, SIF 37\)](#), ss. 16, 77(1)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C2 S. 23(3) extended by [Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 \(c. 42, SIF 49:3\)](#), ss. 21(a), 48(2)

24 Property adjustment orders in connection with divorce proceedings, etc.

- (1) On granting a decree of divorce, a decree of nullity of marriage or a decree of judicial separation or at any time thereafter (whether, in the case of a decree of divorce or of nullity of marriage, before or after the decree is made absolute), the court may make any one or more of the following orders, that is to say—
- (a) an order that a party to the marriage shall transfer to the other party, to any child of the family or to such person as may be specified in the order for the benefit of such a child such property as may be so specified, being property to which the first-mentioned party is entitled, either in possession or reversion;
 - (b) an order that a settlement of such property as may be so specified, being property to which a party to the marriage is so entitled, be made to the satisfaction of the court for the benefit of the other party to the marriage and of the children of the family or either or any of them;
 - (c) an order varying for the benefit of the parties to the marriage and of the children of the family or either or any of them any ante-nuptial or post-nuptial settlement (including such a settlement made by will or codicil) made on the parties to the marriage [^{F3}, other than one in the form of a pension arrangement (within the meaning of section 25D below)];
 - (d) an order extinguishing or reducing the interest of either of the parties to the marriage under any such settlement [^{F3}, other than one in the form of a pension arrangement (within the meaning of section 25D below)];

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subject, however, in the case of an order under paragraph (a) above, to the restrictions imposed by section 29(1) and (3) below on the making of orders for a transfer of property in favour of children who have attained the age of eighteen.

- (2) The court may make an order under subsection (1)(c) above notwithstanding that there are no children of the family.
- (3) Without prejudice to the power to give a direction under section 30 below for the settlement of an instrument by conveyancing counsel, where an order is made under this section on or after granting a decree of divorce or nullity of marriage, neither the order nor any settlement made in pursuance of the order shall take effect unless the decree has been made absolute.

Textual Amendments

- F3** Words in s. 24(1)(c)(d) inserted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by 1999 c. 30, s. 19, **Sch. 3 para. 3**; S.I. 2000/1116, **art. 2**

[^{F4}24A Orders for sale of property

- (1) Where the court makes under section 23 or 24 of this Act a secured periodical payments order, an order for the payment of a lump sum or a property adjustment order, then, on making that order or at any time thereafter, the court may make a further order for the sale of such property as may be specified in the order, being property in which or in the proceeds of sale of which either or both of the parties to the marriage has or have a beneficial interest, either in possession or reversion.
- (2) Any order made under subsection (1) above may contain such consequential or supplementary provisions as the court thinks fit and, without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing provision, may include—
 - (a) provision requiring the making of a payment out of the proceeds of sale of the property to which the order relates, and
 - (b) provision requiring any such property to be offered for sale to a person, or class of persons, specified in the order.
- (3) Where an order is made under subsection (1) above on or after the grant of a decree of divorce or nullity of marriage, the order shall not take effect unless the decree has been made absolute.
- (4) Where an order is made under subsection (1) above, the court may direct that the order, or such provision thereof as the court may specify, shall not take effect until the occurrence of an event specified by the court or the expiration of a period so specified.
- (5) Where an order under subsection (1) above contains a provision requiring the proceeds of sale of the property to which the order relates to be used to secure periodical payments to a party to the marriage, the order shall cease to have effect on the death or re-marriage of that person.

- [Where a party to a marriage has a beneficial interest in any property, or in the proceeds
- ^{F5}(6) of sale thereof, and some other person who is not a party to the marriage also has a beneficial interest in that property or in the proceeds of sale thereof, then, before deciding whether to make an order under this section in relation to that property, it shall be the duty of the court to give that other person an opportunity to make representations with respect to the order; and any representations made by that other person shall be

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included among the circumstances to which the court is required to have regard under section 25(1) below.]]

Textual Amendments

- F4** S. 24A inserted by [Matrimonial Homes and Property Act 1981 \(c. 24, SIF 49:5\)](#), s. 7
- F5** S. 24A(6) added by [Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 \(c. 42, SIF 49:3\)](#), ss. 46(1), 48(3), [Sch. 1 para. 11](#)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C3** S. 24A(2)(4)(5)(6) extended by [Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 \(c. 42, SIF 49:3\)](#), ss. [21\(b\)](#), 48(2)

[^{F6}24B Pension sharing orders in connection with divorce proceedings etc.

- (1) On granting a decree of divorce or a decree of nullity of marriage or at any time thereafter (whether before or after the decree is made absolute), the court may, on an application made under this section, make one or more pension sharing orders in relation to the marriage.
- (2) A pension sharing order under this section is not to take effect unless the decree on or after which it is made has been made absolute.
- (3) A pension sharing order under this section may not be made in relation to a pension arrangement which—
 - (a) is the subject of a pension sharing order in relation to the marriage, or
 - (b) has been the subject of pension sharing between the parties to the marriage.
- (4) A pension sharing order under this section may not be made in relation to shareable state scheme rights if—
 - (a) such rights are the subject of a pension sharing order in relation to the marriage, or
 - (b) such rights have been the subject of pension sharing between the parties to the marriage.
- (5) A pension sharing order under this section may not be made in relation to the rights of a person under a pension arrangement if there is in force a requirement imposed by virtue of section 25B or 25C below which relates to benefits or future benefits to which he is entitled under the pension arrangement.]

Textual Amendments

- F6** S. 24B and sidenote inserted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by [1999 c. 30, s. 19, Sch. 3 para. 4; S.I. 2000/1116, art. 2](#)

[^{F7}24C Pension sharing orders: duty to stay.

- (1) No pension sharing order may be made so as to take effect before the end of such period after the making of the order as may be prescribed by regulations made by the Lord Chancellor.

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- (2) The power to make regulations under this section shall be exercisable by statutory instrument which shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.]

Textual Amendments

- F7** S. 24C and sidenote inserted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by 1999 c. 30, s. 19, **Sch. 3 para. 4**; S.I. 2000/1116, **art. 2**

[^{F8}24D Pension sharing orders: apportionment of charges.

If a pension sharing order relates to rights under a pension arrangement, the court may include in the order provision about the apportionment between the parties of any charge under section 41 of the Welfare Reform and Pensions Act 1999 (charges in respect of pension sharing costs), or under corresponding Northern Ireland legislation.]

Textual Amendments

- F8** S. 24D and sidenote inserted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by 1999 c. 30, s. 19, **Sch. 3 para. 4**; S.I. 2000/1116, **art. 2**

[^{F9}25 Matters to which court is to have regard in deciding how to exercise its powers under ss. 23, 24 and 24A.

- (1) It shall be the duty of the court in deciding whether to exercise its powers under section 23, 24 [^{F10}, 24A or 24B] above and, if so, in what manner, to have regard to all the circumstances of the case, first consideration being given to the welfare while a minor of any child of the family who has not attained the age of eighteen.
- (2) As regards the exercise of the powers of the court under section 23(1)(a), (b) or (c), 24 [^{F11}, 24A or 24B] above in relation to a party to the marriage, the court shall in particular have regard to the following matters—
- (a) the income, earning capacity, property and other financial resources which each of the parties to the marriage has or is likely to have in the foreseeable future, including in the case of earning capacity any increase in that capacity which it would in the opinion of the court be reasonable to expect a party to the marriage to take steps to acquire;
 - (b) the financial needs, obligations and responsibilities which each of the parties to the marriage has or is likely to have in the foreseeable future;
 - (c) the standard of living enjoyed by the family before the breakdown of the marriage;
 - (d) the age of each party to the marriage and the duration of the marriage;
 - (e) any physical or mental disability of either of the parties to the marriage;
 - (f) the contributions which each of the parties has made or is likely in the foreseeable future to make to the welfare of the family, including any contribution by looking after the home or caring for the family;
 - (g) the conduct of each of the parties, if that conduct is such that it would in the opinion of the court be inequitable to disregard it;

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- (h) in the case of proceedings for divorce or nullity of marriage, the value to each of the parties to the marriage of any benefit^{F12} . . . which, by reason of the dissolution or annulment of the marriage, that party will lose the chance of acquiring.
- (3) As regards the exercise of the powers of the court under section 23(1)(d), (e) or (f), (2) or (4), 24 or 24A above in relation to a child of the family, the court shall in particular have regard to the following matters—
- (a) the financial needs of the child;
 - (b) the income, earning capacity (if any), property and other financial resources of the child;
 - (c) any physical or mental disability of the child;
 - (d) the manner in which he was being and in which the parties to the marriage expected him to be educated or trained;
 - (e) the considerations mentioned in relation to the parties to the marriage in paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (e) of subsection (2) above.
- (4) As regards the exercise of the powers of the court under section 23(1)(d), (e) or (f), (2) or (4), 24 or 24A above against a party to a marriage in favour of a child of the family who is not the child of that party, the court shall also have regard—
- (a) to whether that party assumed any responsibility for the child's maintenance, and, if so, to the extent to which, and the basis upon which, that party assumed such responsibility and to the length of time for which that party discharged such responsibility;
 - (b) to whether in assuming and discharging such responsibility that party did so knowing that the child was not his or her own;
 - (c) to the liability of any other person to maintain the child.]

Textual Amendments

- F9** Ss. 25, 25A substituted for s. 25 by [Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 \(c. 42, SIF 49:3\)](#), [ss. 3, 48\(2\)](#)
- F10** Words in s. 25(1) substituted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by [1999 c. 30, s. 19, Sch. 3 para. 5\(a\)](#); [S.I. 2000/1116, art. 2](#)
- F11** Words in s. 25(2) substituted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by [1999 c. 30, s. 19, Sch. 3 para. 5\(b\)](#); [S.I. 2000/1116, art. 2](#)
- F12** Words in s. 25(2)(h) omitted (1.8.1996) by virtue of [1995 c. 26, s. 166\(2\)](#); [S.I. 1996/1675, art. 3\(b\)](#)

^{F13}**25A Exercise of court's powers in favour of party to marriage on decree of divorce or nullity of marriage.**

- (1) Where on or after the grant of a decree of divorce or nullity of marriage the court decides to exercise its powers under section 23(1)(a), (b) or (c), 24 or ^{F14} 24A or 24B]above in favour of a party to the marriage, it shall be the duty of the court to consider whether it would be appropriate so to exercise those powers that the financial obligations of each party towards the other will be terminated as soon after the grant of the decree as the court considers just and reasonable.
- (2) Where the court decides in such a case to make a periodical payments or secured periodical payments order in favour of a party to the marriage, the court shall in particular consider whether it would be appropriate to require those payments to be

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made or secured only for such term as would in the opinion of the court be sufficient to enable the party in whose favour the order is made to adjust without undue hardship to the termination of his or her financial dependence on the other party.

- (3) Where on or after the grant of a decree of divorce or nullity of marriage an application is made by a party to the marriage for a periodical payments or secured periodical payments order in his or her favour, then, if the court considers that no continuing obligation should be imposed on either party to make or secure periodical payments in favour of the other, the court may dismiss the application with a direction that the applicant shall not be entitled to make any further application in relation to that marriage for an order under section 23(1)(a) or (b) above.]

Textual Amendments

- F13** Ss. 25, 25A substituted for s. 25 by [Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 \(c. 42, SIF 49:3\)](#), [ss. 3, 48\(2\)](#)
- F14** Words in s. 25A(1) substituted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by [1999 c. 30, ss. 19, 89, Sch. 3 para. 6; S.I. 2000/1116, art. 2](#)

[^{F15}25B Pensions.

- (1) The matters to which the court is to have regard under section 25(2) above include—
- (a) in the case of paragraph (a), any benefits under a pension [^{F16}arrangement] which a party to the marriage has or is likely to have, and
 - (b) in the case of paragraph (h), any benefits under a pension [^{F16}arrangement] which, by reason of the dissolution or annulment of the marriage, a party to the marriage will lose the chance of acquiring,
- and, accordingly, in relation to benefits under a pension [^{F16}arrangement], section 25(2) (a) above shall have effect as if “in the foreseeable future” were omitted.

- [In any proceedings for a financial provision order under section 23 above in a case ^{F17}(2) where a party to the marriage has, or is likely to have, any benefit under a pension scheme, the court shall, in addition to considering any other matter which it is required to consider apart from this subsection, consider—
- (a) whether, having regard to any matter to which it is required to have regard in the proceedings by virtue of subsection (1) above, such an order (whether deferred or not) should be made, and
 - (b) where the court determines to make such an order, how the terms of the order should be affected, having regard to any such matter.]

- (3) The following provisions apply where, having regard to any benefits under a pension [^{F18}arrangement], the court determines to make an order under section 23 above.
- (4) To the extent to which the order is made having regard to any benefits under a pension [^{F19}arrangement], the order may require the [^{F20}person responsible for] the pension [^{F19}arrangement] in question, if at any time any payment in respect of any benefits under the [^{F19}arrangement] becomes due to the party with pension rights, to make a payment for the benefit of the other party.

- [The order must express the amount of any payment required to be made by virtue of ^{F21}(5) subsection (4) above as a percentage of the payment which becomes due to the party with pension rights.]

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- (6) Any such payment by the [^{F22}person responsible for the arrangement]—
- (a) shall discharge so much of [^{F23}his] liability to the party with pension rights as corresponds to the amount of the payment, and
 - (b) shall be treated for all purposes as a payment made by the party with pension rights in or towards the discharge of his liability under the order.
- (7) Where the party with pension rights [^{F24}has a right of commutation under the arrangement, the order may require him to exercise it to any extent]; and this section applies to the [^{F25}any payment due in consequence of commutation] in pursuance of the order as it applies to other payments in respect of benefits under the [^{F26}arrangement].
- [The power conferred by subsection (7) above may not be exercised for the purpose
- ^{F27}(7A) of commuting a benefit payable to the party with pension rights to a benefit payable to the other party.
- (7B) The power conferred by subsection (4) or (7) above may not be exercised in relation to a pension arrangement which—
- (a) is the subject of a pension sharing order in relation to the marriage, or
 - (b) has been the subject of pension sharing between the parties to the marriage.
- (7C) In subsection (1) above, references to benefits under a pension arrangement include any benefits by way of pension, whether under a pension arrangement or not.]]

Textual Amendments

- F15** S. 25B inserted (1.8.1996 with effect as mentioned in *S.I. 1996/1675, art. 4*) by *1995 c. 26, s. 166(1)*; *S.I. 1996/1675, art. 3(b)*
- F16** Words in s. 25B(1)(a)(b) substituted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by *1999 c. 30, s. 21, Sch. 4 para. 1(1)(2)*; *S.I. 2000/1116, art. 2*
- F17** S. 25B(2) repealed (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by *1999 c. 30, s. 21, 88, Sch. 4 para. 1(1)(3), Sch. 13 Pt. II*; *S.I. 2000/1116, art. 2*
- F18** Word in s. 25B(3) substituted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by *1999 c. 30, s. 21, Sch. 4 para. 1(1)(4)*; *S.I. 2000/1116, art. 2*
- F19** Words in s. 25B(4) substituted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by *1999 c. 30, s. 21, Sch. 4 para. 1(1)(5)(a)*; *S.I. 2000/1116, art. 2*
- F20** Words in s. 25B(4) substituted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by *1999 c. 30, s. 21, Sch. 4 para. 1(1)(5)(b)*; *S.I. 2000/1116, art. 2*
- F21** S. 25B(5) substituted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by *1999 c. 30, s. 21, Sch. 4 para. 1(1)(6)*; *S.I. 2000/1116, art. 2*
- F22** Words in s. 25B(6) substituted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by *1999 c. 30, s. 21, Sch. 4 para. 1(1)(7)(a)*; *S.I. 2000/1116, art. 2*
- F23** Words in s. 25B(6)(a) substituted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by *1999 c. 30, s. 21, Sch. 4 para. 1(1)(7)(b)*; *S.I. 2000/1116, art. 2*
- F24** Words in s. 25B(7) substituted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by *1999 c. 30, s. 21, Sch. 4 para. 1(1)(8)(a)*; *S.I. 2000/1116, art. 2*
- F25** Words in s. 25B(7) substituted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by *1999 c. 30, s. 21, Sch. 4 para. 1(1)(8)(b)*; *S.I. 2000/1116, art. 2*
- F26** Words in s. 25B(7) substituted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise *prosp.*) by *1999 c. 30, ss. 21, 89(2)(a)(5), Sch. 4 para. 1(1)(8)(c)*
- F27** S. 25B(7A)-(7C) inserted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by *1999 c. 30, s. 21, Sch. 4 para. 1(1)(9)*; *S.I. 2000/1116, art. 2*

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Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Matrimonial Causes Act 1973, Part II. (See end of Document for details)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C4** S. 25B modified (8.8.2006) by [The Divorce etc. \(Pension Protection Fund\) Regulations 2006 \(S.I. 2006/1932\)](#), [reg. 4\(2\)\(b\)](#)
- C5** S. 25B(6) modified (8.8.2006) by [The Divorce etc. \(Pension Protection Fund\) Regulations 2006 \(S.I. 2006/1932\)](#), [reg. 2](#)

[^{F28}25C Pensions: lump sums.

- (1) The power of the court under section 23 above to order a party to a marriage to pay a lump sum to the other party includes, where the benefits which the party with pension rights has or is likely to have under a pension [^{F29}arrangement]] include any lump sum payable in respect of his death, power to make any of the following provision by the order.
- (2) The court may—
- (a) if the [^{F30}person responsible for the pension arrangement in question has] power to determine the person to whom the sum, or any part of it, is to be paid, require [^{F31}him]to pay the whole or part of that sum, when it becomes due, to the other party,
 - (b) if the party with pension rights has power to nominate the person to whom the sum, or any part of it, is to be paid, require the party with pension rights to nominate the other party in respect of the whole or part of that sum,
 - (c) in any other case, require the [^{F32}person responsible for the pension arrangement] in question to pay the whole or part of that sum, when it becomes due, for the benefit of the other party instead of to the person to whom, apart from the order, it would be paid.
- (3) Any payment by the [^{F33}person responsible for the arrangement] under an order made under section 23 above by virtue of this section shall discharge so much of [^{F34}his] liability in respect of the party with pension rights as corresponds to the amount of the payment.
- [^{F35}(4) The powers conferred by this section may not be exercised in relation to a pension arrangement which—
- (a) is the subject of a pension sharing order in relation to the marriage, or
 - (b) has been the subject of pension sharing between the parties to the marriage.]

Textual Amendments

- F28** S. 25C inserted (1.8.1996 with effect as mentioned in [S.I. 1996/1675](#)) by [1995 c. 26, s. 166\(1\)](#); [S.I. 1996/1675](#), [art. 3\(b\)](#)
- F29** Word in s. 25C(1) substituted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by [1999 c. 30, s. 21, Sch. 4 para. 2\(1\)\(2\)](#); [S.I. 2000/1116](#), [art. 2](#)
- F30** Words in s. 25C(2)(a) substituted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by [1999 c. 30, s. 21, Sch. 4 para. 2\(1\)\(3\)\(a\)\(i\)](#); [S.I. 2000/1116](#), [art. 2](#)
- F31** Word in s. 25C(2)(a) substituted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by [1999 c. 30, s. 21, Sch. 4 para. 2\(1\)\(3\)\(a\)\(ii\)](#); [S.I. 2000/1116](#), [art. 2](#)
- F32** Words in s. 25C(2)(c) substituted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by [1999 c. 30, s. 21, Sch. 4 para. 2\(1\)\(3\)\(b\)](#); [S.I. 2000/1116](#), [art. 2](#)
- F33** Words in s. 25C(3) substituted (11.11.1999 for certain puurposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by [1999 c. 30, s. 21, Sch. 4 para. 2\(1\)\(4\)\(a\)](#); [S.I. 2000/1116](#), [art. 2](#)

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Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Matrimonial Causes Act 1973, Part II. (See end of Document for details)

- F34** Words in s. 25C(3) substituted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by 1999 c. 30, s. 21, **Sch. 4 para. 2(4)(b)**; S.I. 2000/1116, **art. 2**
- F35** S. 25C(4) inserted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by 1999 c. 30, s. 21, **Sch. 4 para. 2(5)**; S.I. 2000/1116, **art. 2**

[^{F36}25D Pensions: supplementary.

(1) Where—

- (a) an order made under section 23 above by virtue of section 25B or 25C above imposes any requirement on the person responsible for a pension arrangement (“the first arrangement”) and the party with pension rights acquires rights under another pension arrangement (“the new arrangement”) which are derived (directly or indirectly) from the whole of his rights under the first arrangement, and
- (b) the person responsible for the new arrangement has been given notice in accordance with regulations made by the Lord Chancellor,

the order shall have effect as if it had been made instead in respect of the person responsible for the new arrangement.]

(2) [^{F37}The Lord Chancellor may by regulations]—

- (a) in relation to any provision of sections 25B or 25C above which authorises the court making an order under section 23 above to require the [^{F38}person responsible for a pension arrangement] to make a payment for the benefit of the other party, make provision as to the person to whom, and the terms on which, the payment is to be made,
- [^{F39}(ab) make, in relation to payment under a mistaken belief as to the continuation in force of a provision included by virtue of section 25B or 25C above in an order under section 23 above, provision about the rights or liabilities of the payer, the payee or the person to whom the payment was due,]
- (b) require notices to be given in respect of changes of circumstances relevant to such orders which include provision made by virtue of sections 25B and 25C above,
- [^{F40}(ba) make provision for the person responsible for a pension arrangement to be discharged in prescribed circumstances from a requirement imposed by virtue of section 25B or 25C above,]
- [^{F41}(c) make provision for the trustees or managers of any pension scheme to provide, for the purposes of orders under section 23 above, information as to the value of any benefits under the scheme,]
- [^{F41}(d) make provision for the recovery of the administrative expenses of—
 - (i) complying with such orders, so far as they include provision made by virtue of sections 25B and 25C above, and
 - (ii) providing such information,
 from the party with pension rights or the other party,]
- [^{F42}(e) make provision about calculation and verification in relation to the valuation of—
 - (i) benefits under a pension arrangement, or
 - (ii) shareable state scheme rights,
 for the purposes of the court’s functions in connection with the exercise of any of its powers under this Part of this Act.]

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[^{F43}and regulations made by virtue of paragraph (e) above may provide for that value to be calculated and verified in accordance with guidance which is prepared and from time to time revised by a prescribed person and approved by the Secretary of State.]

[^{F44}(2A) Regulations under subsection (2)(e) above may include—

- (a) provision for calculation or verification in accordance with guidance from time to time prepared by a prescribed person, and
- (b) provision by reference to regulations under section 30 or 49(4) of the Welfare Reform and Pensions Act 1999.

(2B) Regulations under subsection (2) above may make different provision for different cases.

(2C) Power to make regulations under this section shall be exercisable by statutory instrument which shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.]

[^{F45}(3) In this section and sections 25B and 25C above—

“occupational pension scheme” has the same meaning as in the ^{M1}Pension Schemes Act 1993;

“the party with pension rights” means the party to the marriage who has or is likely to have benefits under a pension arrangement and “the other party” means the other party to the marriage;

“pension arrangement” means—

- (a) an occupational pension scheme,
- (b) a personal pension scheme,
- (c) a retirement annuity contract,
- (d) an annuity or insurance policy purchased, or transferred, for the purpose of giving effect to rights under an occupational pension scheme or a personal pension scheme, and
- (e) an annuity purchased, or entered into, for the purpose of discharging liability in respect of a pension credit under section 29(1)(b) of the Welfare Reform and Pensions Act 1999 or under corresponding Northern Ireland legislation;

“personal pension scheme” has the same meaning as in the Pension Schemes Act 1993;

“prescribed” means prescribed by regulations;

“retirement annuity contract” means a contract or scheme approved under Chapter III of Part XIV of the ^{M2}Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988;

“shareable state scheme rights” has the same meaning as in section 21A(1) above; and

“trustees or managers”, in relation to an occupational pension scheme or a personal pension scheme, means—

- (a) in the case of a scheme established under a trust, the trustees of the scheme, and
- (b) in any other case, the managers of the scheme.

(4) In this section and sections 25B and 25C above, references to the person responsible for a pension arrangement are—

- (a) in the case of an occupational pension scheme or a personal pension scheme, to the trustees or managers of the scheme,

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Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Matrimonial Causes Act 1973, Part II. (See end of Document for details)

- (b) in the case of a retirement annuity contract or an annuity falling within paragraph (d) or (e) of the definition of “pension arrangement” above, the provider of the annuity, and
- (c) in the case of an insurance policy falling within paragraph (d) of the definition of that expression, the insurer.]

Textual Amendments

- F36** S. 25D inserted (27.6.1996 in relation to the insertion of s. 25D(2)(3)(4) and 1.8.1996 otherwise) by 1995 c. 26, s. 166(1); S.I. 1995/1675, art. 3
- F37** Words in s. 25D(2) substituted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by 1999 c. 30, s. 21, Sch. 4 para. 3(1)(3)(a); S.I. 2000/1116, art. 2
- F38** Words in s. 25D(2)(a) substituted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by 1999 c. 30, s. 21, Sch. 4 para. 3(1)(3)(b); S.I. 2000/1116, art. 2
- F39** S. 25D(2)(ab) inserted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by 1999 c. 30, s. 21, Sch. 4 para. 3(1)(3)(c); S.I. 2000/1116, art. 2
- F40** S. 25D(2)(ba) inserted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by 1999 c. 30, s. 21, Sch. 4 para. 3(1)(3)(d); S.I. 2000/1116, art. 2
- F41** S. 25D(2)(c)(d) repealed (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by 1999 c. 30, ss. 21, 88, Sch. 4 para. 3(1)(3)(e), Sch. 13 Pt. II; S.I. 2000/1116, art. 2
- F42** S. 25D(2)(e) substituted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by 1999 c. 30, s. 21, Sch. 4 para. 3(1)(3)(f); S.I. 2000/1116, art. 2
- F43** Words in s. 25D(2) repealed (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by 1999 c. 30, ss. 21, 88, Sch. 4 para. 3(1)(3)(g), Sch. 13 Pt. II; S.I. 2000/1116, art. 2
- F44** S. 25D(2A)-(2C) inserted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by 1999 c. 30, s. 21, Sch. 4 para. 3(1)(4); S.I. 2000/1116, art. 2
- F45** S. 25D(3)(4) substituted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by 1999 c. 30, s. 21, Sch. 4 para. 3(1)(5); S.I. 2000/1116, art. 2

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C6** S. 25D(1) applied (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by 1984 c. 42, s. 21(3) (as amended (1.12.2000) by 1999 c. 30, s. 22(5)); S.I. 2000/1116, art. 2

Marginal Citations

- M1** 1993 c. 48.
M2 1988 c. 1

VALID FROM 01/01/2006

^{F46}25E The Pension Protection Fund

- (1) The matters to which the court is to have regard under section 25(2) include—
- (a) in the case of paragraph (a), any PPF compensation to which a party to the marriage is or is likely to be entitled, and
 - (b) in the case of paragraph (h), any PPF compensation which, by reason of the dissolution or annulment of the marriage, a party to the marriage will lose the chance of acquiring entitlement to,
- and, accordingly, in relation to PPF compensation, section 25(2)(a) shall have effect as if “in the foreseeable future” were omitted.

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- (2) Subsection (3) applies in relation to an order under section 23 so far as it includes provision made by virtue of section 25B(4) which—
 - (a) imposed requirements on the trustees or managers of an occupational pension scheme for which the Board has assumed responsibility in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 2 of the Pensions Act 2004 (pension protection) or any provision in force in Northern Ireland corresponding to that Chapter, and
 - (b) was made before the trustees or managers of the scheme received the transfer notice in relation to the scheme.
- (3) The order is to have effect from the time when the trustees or managers of the scheme receive the transfer notice—
 - (a) as if, except in prescribed descriptions of case—
 - (i) references in the order to the trustees or managers of the scheme were references to the Board, and
 - (ii) references in the order to any pension or lump sum to which the party with pension rights is or may become entitled under the scheme were references to any PPF compensation to which that person is or may become entitled in respect of the pension or lump sum, and
 - (b) subject to such other modifications as may be prescribed.
- (4) Subsection (5) applies to an order under section 23 if—
 - (a) it includes provision made by virtue of section 25B(7) which requires the party with pension rights to exercise his right of commutation under an occupational pension scheme to any extent, and
 - (b) before the requirement is complied with the Board has assumed responsibility for the scheme as mentioned in subsection (2)(a).
- (5) From the time the trustees or managers of the scheme receive the transfer notice, the order is to have effect with such modifications as may be prescribed.
- (6) Regulations may modify section 25C as it applies in relation to an occupational pension scheme at any time when there is an assessment period in relation to the scheme.
- (7) Where the court makes a pension sharing order in respect of a person's shareable rights under an occupational pension scheme, or an order which includes provision made by virtue of section 25B(4) or (7) in relation to such a scheme, the Board subsequently assuming responsibility for the scheme as mentioned in subsection (2) (a) does not affect—
 - (a) the powers of the court under section 31 to vary or discharge the order or to suspend or revive any provision of it, or
 - (b) on an appeal, the powers of the appeal court to affirm, reinstate, set aside or vary the order.
- (8) Regulations may make such consequential modifications of any provision of, or made by virtue of, this Part as appear to the Lord Chancellor necessary or expedient to give effect to the provisions of this section.
- (9) In this section—

“assessment period” means an assessment period within the meaning of Part 2 of the Pensions Act 2004 (pension protection) (see sections 132 and

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159 of that Act) or an equivalent period under any provision in force in Northern Ireland corresponding to that Part;

“the Board” means the Board of the Pension Protection Fund;

“occupational pension scheme” has the same meaning as in the Pension Schemes Act 1993;

“prescribed” means prescribed by regulations;

“PPF compensation” means compensation payable under Chapter 3 of Part 2 of the Pensions Act 2004 (pension protection) or any provision in force in Northern Ireland corresponding to that Chapter;

“regulations” means regulations made by the Lord Chancellor;

“shareable rights” are rights in relation to which pension sharing is available under Chapter 1 of Part 4 of the Welfare Reform and Pensions Act 1999 or any provision in force in Northern Ireland corresponding to that Chapter;

“transfer notice” has the same meaning as in section 160 of the Pensions Act 2004 or any corresponding provision in force in Northern Ireland.

- (10) Any power to make regulations under this section is exercisable by statutory instrument, which shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.]

Textual Amendments

F46 S. 25E inserted (1.1.2006) by [Pensions Act 2004 \(c. 35\)](#), ss. 319(1), 322, [Sch. 12 para. 3](#); [S.I. 2005/3331](#), [art. 2\(3\)](#), [Sch. Pt. 3](#) (subject to [art. 3](#))

26 Commencement of proceedings for ancillary relief, etc.

- (1) Where a petition for divorce, nullity of marriage or judicial separation has been presented, then, subject to subsection (2) below, proceedings for maintenance pending suit under section 22 above, for a financial provision order under section 23 above, or for a property adjustment order may be begun, subject to and in accordance with rules of court, at any time after the presentation of the petition.
- (2) Rules of court may provide, in such cases as may be prescribed by the rules—
- (a) that applications for any such relief as is mentioned in subsection (1) above shall be made in the petition or answer; and
 - (b) that applications for any such relief which are not so made, or are not made until after the expiration of such period following the presentation of the petition or filing of the answer as may be so prescribed, shall be made only with the leave of the court.

Financial provision in case of neglect to maintain

27 Financial provision orders, etc., in case of neglect by party to marriage to maintain other party or child of the family.

- [^{F47}(1) Either party to a marriage may apply to the court for an order under this section on the ground that the other party to the marriage (in this section referred to as the respondent)

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- (a) has failed to provide reasonable maintenance for the applicant, or
 - (b) has failed to provide, or to make a proper contribution towards, reasonable maintenance for any child of the family.]
- (2) The court shall not entertain an application under this section [^{F48}unless—
- (a) the applicant or the respondent is domiciled in England and Wales on the date of the application; or
 - (b) the applicant has been habitually resident there throughout the period of one year ending with that date; or
 - (c) the respondent is resident there on that date.]
- [^{F49}Where an application under this section is made on the ground mentioned in
- ^{F50}(3) subsection (1)(a) above, then, in deciding—
- (a) whether the respondent has failed to provide reasonable maintenance for the applicant, and
 - (b) what order, if any, to make under this section in favour of the applicant,
- the court shall have regard to all the circumstances of the case including the matters mentioned in section 25(2) above, and where an application is also made under this section in respect of a child of the family who has not attained the age of eighteen, first consideration shall be given to the welfare of the child while a minor.]
- (3A) Where an application under this section is made on the ground mentioned in subsection (1)(b) above then, in deciding—
- (a) whether the respondent has failed to provide, or to make a proper contribution towards, reasonable maintenance for the child of the family to whom the application relates, and
 - (b) what order, if any, to make under this section in favour of the child,
- the court shall have regard to all the circumstances of the case including the matters mentioned in [^{F51}section 25(3)(a) to (e)] above, and where the child of the family to whom the application relates is not the child of the respondent, including also the matters mentioned in [^{F51}section 25(4)] above.
- (3B) In relation to an application under this section on the ground mentioned in subsection (1)(a) above, [^{F52}section 25(2)(c) above] shall have effect as if for the reference therein to the breakdown of the marriage there were substituted a reference to the failure to provide reasonable maintenance for the applicant, and in relation to an application under this section on the ground mentioned in subsection (1)(b) above, [^{F52}section 25(2)(c) above (as it applies by virtue of section 25(3)(e) above)] shall have effect as if for the reference therein to the breakdown of the marriage there were substituted a reference to the failure to provide, or to make a proper contribution towards, reasonable maintenance for the child of the family to whom the application relates.]
- (5) Where on an application under this section it appears to the court that the applicant or any child of the family to whom the application relates is in immediate need of financial assistance, but it is not yet possible to determine what order, if any, should be made on the application, the court may make an interim order for maintenance, that is to say, an order requiring the respondent to make to the applicant until the determination of the application such periodical payments as the court thinks reasonable.

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- (6) Where on an application under this section the applicant satisfies the court of any ground mentioned in subsection (1) above, the court may make [^{F53}any one or more of the following orders], that is to say—
 - (a) an order that the respondent shall make to the applicant such periodical payments, for such term, as may be specified in the order;
 - (b) an order that the respondent shall secure to the applicant, to the satisfaction of the court, such periodical payments, for such term, as may be so specified;
 - (c) an order that the respondent shall pay to the applicant such lump sum as may be so specified;
 - (d) an order that the respondent shall make to such person as may be specified in the order for the benefit of the child to whom the application relates, or to that child, such periodical payments, for such term, as may be so specified;
 - (e) an order that the respondent shall secure to such person as may be so specified for the benefit of that child, or to that child, to the satisfaction of the court, such periodical payments, for such term, as may be so specified;
 - (f) an order that the respondent shall pay to such person as may be so specified for the benefit of that child, or to that child, such lump sum as may be so specified;
 subject, however, in the case of an order under paragraph(d), (e)or (f) above, to the restrictions imposed by section 29(1) and (3) below on the making of financial provision orders in favour of children who have attained the age of eighteen.

[^{F54}(6A) An application for the variation under section 31 of this Act of a periodical payments order or secured periodical payments order made under this section in favour of a child may, if the child has attained the age of sixteen, be made by the child himself.

[^{F55}(6B) Where a periodical payments order made in favour of a child under this section ceases to have effect on the date on which the child attains the age of sixteen or at any time after that date but before or on the date on which he attains the age of eighteen, then if, on an application made to the court for an order under this subsection, it appears to the court that—

- (a) the child is, will be or (if an order were made under this subsection) would be receiving instruction at an educational establishment or undergoing training for a trade, profession or vocation, whether or not he also is, will be or would be in gainful employment; or
- (b) there are special circumstances which justify the making of an order under this subsection,

the court shall have power by order to revive the first mentioned order from such date as the court may specify, not being earlier than the date of the making of the application, and to exercise its power under section 31 of this Act in relation to any order so revived.]]

- (7) Without prejudice to the generality of subsection (6)(c) or (f) above, an order under this section for the payment of a lump sum—
 - (a) may be made for the purpose of enabling any liabilities or expenses reasonably incurred in maintaining the applicant or any child of the family to whom the application relates before the making of the application to be met;
 - (b) may provide for the payment of that sum by instalments of such amount as may be specified in the order and may require the payment of the instalments to be secured to the satisfaction of the court.

^{F56}(8)

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Textual Amendments

- F47** S. 27(1) substituted by Domestic Proceedings and Magistrates' Courts Act 1978 (c. 22), ss. 63(1), 89(2)
- F48** Words substituted by Domicile and Matrimonial Proceedings Act 1973 (c. 45), s. 6(1)
- F49** S. 27(3)(3A)(3B) substituted for s. 27(3)(4) by Domestic Proceedings and Magistrates' Courts Act 1978 (c. 22), ss. 63(2), 89(2)
- F50** S. 27(3) substituted by Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 (c. 42, SIF 49:3), ss. 4, 48(2)
- F51** Words substituted by Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 (c. 42, SIF 49:3), ss. 46(1), 48(3), Sch. 1 para. 12(a)
- F52** Words substituted by Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 (c. 42, SIF 49:3), ss. 46(1), 48(2), Sch. 1 para. 12(b)
- F53** Words substituted by Domestic Proceedings and Magistrates' Courts Act 1978 (c. 22), ss. 63(3), 89(2)
- F54** S. 27(6A)(6B) inserted by Domestic Proceedings and Magistrates' Courts Act 1978 (c. 22), ss. 63(4), 89(2)
- F55** S. 27(6B) substituted by Family Law Reform Act 1987 (c. 42, SIF 49:7), ss. 33(1), Sch. 2 para. 52
- F56** S. 27(8) repealed by Domestic Proceedings and Magistrates' Courts Act 1978 (c. 22), s. 89(2), Sch. 3

Additional provisions with respect to financial provision and property adjustment orders

28 Duration of continuing financial provision orders in favour of party to marriage, and effect of remarriage.

- (1) [^{F57}Subject in the case of an order made on or after the grant of a decree of divorce or nullity of marriage to the provisions of sections 25A(2) above and 31(7) below, the term to be specified in a periodical payments or secured periodical payments order in favour of a party to a marriage shall be such term as the court thinks fit, except that the term shall not begin before or extend beyond the following limits], that is to say—
- in the case of a periodical payments order, the term shall begin not earlier than the date of the making of an application for the order, and shall be so defined as not to extend beyond the death of either of the parties to the marriage or, where the order is made on or after the grant of a decree of divorce or nullity of marriage, the remarriage of the party in whose favour the order is made; and
 - in the case of a secured periodical payments order, the term shall begin not earlier than the date of the making of an application for the order, and shall be so defined as not to extend beyond the death or, where the order is made on or after the grant of such a decree, the remarriage of the party in whose favour the order is made.

[^{F58}(1A) Where a periodical payments or secured periodical payments order in favour of a party to a marriage is made on or after the grant of a decree of divorce or nullity of marriage, the court may direct that that party shall not be entitled to apply under section 31 below for the extension of the term specified in the order]

- (2) Where a periodical payments or secured periodical payments order in favour of a party to a marriage is made otherwise than on or after the grant of a decree of divorce or nullity of marriage, and the marriage in question is subsequently dissolved or annulled but the order continues in force, the order shall, notwithstanding anything in it, cease to have effect on the remarriage of that party, except in relation to any arrears due under it on the date of the remarriage.

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- (3) If after the grant of a decree dissolving or annulling a marriage either party to that marriage remarries [^{F59}whether at any time before or after the commencement of this Act], that party shall not be entitled to apply, by reference to the grant of that decree, for a financial provision order in his or her favour, or for a property adjustment order, against the other party to that marriage.

Textual Amendments

- F57** Words substituted by [Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 \(c. 42, SIF 49:3\)](#), **ss. 5(1)**, 48(2)
F58 [S. 28\(1A\)](#) inserted by [Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 \(c. 42, SIF 49:3\)](#), **ss. 5(2)**, 48(2)
F59 Words inserted by [Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 \(c. 42, SIF 49:3\)](#), **ss. 5(3)**, 48(2)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C7** [S. 28\(1\)](#) extended by [Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 \(c. 42, SIF 49:3\)](#), **ss. 21(c)**, 48(2)
C8 [S. 28\(2\)](#) extended by [Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 \(c. 42, SIF 49:3\)](#), **ss. 21(c)**, 48(2)

29 Duration of continuing financial provision orders in favour of children, and age limit on making certain orders in their favour.

- (1) Subject to subsection (3) below, no financial provision order and no order for a transfer of property under section 24(1)(a) above shall be made in favour of a child who has attained the age of eighteen.
- (2) The term to be specified in a periodical payments or secured periodical payments order in favour of a child may begin with the date of the making of an application for the order in question or any later date [^{F60}or a date ascertained in accordance with subsection (5) or (6) below] but—
- (a) shall not in the first instance extend beyond the date of the birthday of the child next following his attaining the upper limit of the compulsory school age [^{F61}(construed in accordance with section 8 of the Education Act 1996)] [^{F62}unless the court considers that in the circumstances of the case the welfare of the child requires that it should extend to a later date]; and
 - (b) shall not in any event, subject to subsection (3) below, extend beyond the date of the child's eighteenth birthday.
- (3) Subsection (1) above, and paragraph (b) of subsection (2), shall not apply in the case of a child, if it appears to the court that—
- (a) the child is, or will be, or if an order were made without complying with either or both of those provisions would be, receiving instruction at an educational establishment or undergoing training for a trade, profession or vocation, whether or not he is also, or will also be, in gainful employment; or
 - (b) there are special circumstances which justify the making of an order without complying with either or both of those provisions.
- (4) Any periodical payments order in favour of a child shall, notwithstanding anything in the order, cease to have effect on the death of the person liable to make payments under the order, except in relation to any arrears due under the order on the date of the death.

[^{F63}(5) Where—

- (a) a [^{F64}maintenance calculation] (“the [^{F65}current calculation]”) is in force with respect to a child; and

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- (b) an application is made under Part II of this Act for a periodical payments or secured periodical payments order in favour of that child—
- (i) in accordance with section 8 of the Child Support Act 1991, and
 - (ii) before the end of the period of 6 months beginning with the making of the [F65 current calculation]
- the term to be specified in any such order made on that application may be expressed to begin on, or at any time after, the earliest permitted date.
- (6) For the purposes of subsection (5) above, “the earliest permitted date” is whichever is the later of—
- (a) the date 6 months before the application is made; or
 - (b) the date on which the [F65 current calculation] took effect or, where successive [F66 maintenance calculations] have been continuously in force with respect to a child, on which the first of [F66 those calculations] took effect.
- (7) Where—
- (a) a [F64 maintenance calculation] ceases to have effect [F67 or is cancelled] by or under any provision of the Child Support Act 1991; and
 - (b) an application is made, before the end of the period of 6 months beginning with the relevant date, for a periodical payments or secured periodical payments order in favour of a child with respect to whom that [F64 maintenance calculation] was in force immediately before it ceased to have effect [F67 or was cancelled],
- the term to be specified in any such order made on that application may begin with the date on which that [F64 maintenance calculation] ceased to have effect [F67 or, as the case may be, the date with effect from which it was cancelled], or any later date.
- (8) In subsection (7)(b) above—
- (a) where the [F64 maintenance calculation] ceased to have effect, the relevant date is the date on which it so ceased; [F68 and]
 - (b) [F68 where the maintenance assessment was cancelled, the relevant date is the later of—
 - (i) the date on which the person who cancelled it did so, and
 - (ii) the date from which the cancellation first had effect.]]

Textual Amendments

- F60** Words in s. 29(2) inserted (5.4.1993) by S.I. 1993/623, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 1
- F61** Words in s. 29(2)(a) substituted (1.9.1997) by 1996 c. 56, s. 582(1)(4), Sch. 37 Pt. II para. 136; S.I. 1997/1623, art. 2
- F62** Words substituted by Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 (c. 42, SIF 49:3), ss. 5(4), 48(2)
- F63** S. 29(5)-(8) inserted (5.4.1993) by S.I. 1993/623, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 2
- F64** Words in s. 29(5)(a)(7)(8)(a) substituted (3.3.2003 for certain purposes, otherwise prosp.) by 2000 c. 19, ss. 26, 86(2), Sch. 3 para. 3(2)(a) (with s. 83(6)); S.I. 2003/192, art. 3, Sch.
- F65** Words in s. 29(5)(a)(b)(ii)(6)(b) substituted (3.3.2003 for certain purposes, otherwise prosp.) by 2000 c. 19, ss. 26, 86(2), Sch. 3 para. 3(2)(b) (with s. 83(6)); S.I. 2003/192; art. 3, Sch.
- F66** Words in s. 29(6)(b) substituted (3.3.2003 for certain purposes, otherwise prosp.) by 2000 c. 19, ss. 26, 86(2), Sch. 3 para. 3(2)(c)(d) (with s. 83(6)); S.I. 2003/192, art. 3, Sch.
- F67** Words in s. 29(7) repealed (3.3.2003 for certain purposes, otherwise prosp.) by 2000 c. 19, ss. 85, 86(2), Sch. 9 Pt. I (with s. 83(6)); S.I. 2003/192, art. 3, Sch.

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F68 S. 29(8)(b) and preceding word repealed (3.3.2003 for certain purposes, otherwise prosp.) by 2000 c. 19, ss. 85, 86(2), Sch. 9 Pt. I (with s. 83(6)); S.I. 2003/192, art. 3, Sch.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C9 S. 29 extended by [Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 \(c. 42, SIF 49:3\)](#), **ss. 21(d)**, 48(2)

30 Direction for settlement of instrument for securing payments or effecting property adjustment.

Where the court decides to make a financial provision order requiring any payments to be secured or a property adjustment order—

- (a) it may direct that the matter be referred to one of the conveyancing counsel of the court for him to settle a proper instrument to be executed by all necessary parties; and
- (b) where the order is to be made in proceedings for divorce, nullity of marriage or judicial separation it may, if it thinks fit, defer the grant of the decree in question until the instrument has been duly executed.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C10 S. 30 extended except para. (b), by [Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 \(c. 42, SIF 49:3\)](#), **ss. 21(e)**, 48(2)

Variation, discharge and enforcement of certain orders, etc.

31 Variation, discharge, etc., of certain orders for financial relief.

- (1) Where the court has made an order to which this section applies, then, subject to the provisions of this section [^{F69}and of section 28(1A) above], the court shall have power to vary or discharge the order or to suspend any provision thereof temporarily and to revive the operation of any provision so suspended.
- (2) This section applies to the following orders, that is to say—
 - (a) any order for maintenance pending suit and any interim order for maintenance;
 - (b) any periodical payments order;
 - (c) any secured periodical payments order;
 - (d) any order made by virtue of section 23(3)(c) or 27(7)(b) above (provision for payment of a lump sum by instalments);
 - [^{F70}(dd) any deferred order made by virtue of section 23(1)(c) (lump sums) which includes provision made by virtue of—
 - (i) section 25B(4), or
 - (ii) section 25C,
 (provision in respect of pension rights)]
 - (e) any order for a settlement of property under section 24(1)(b) or for a variation of settlement under section 24(1)(c) or (d) above, being an order made on or after the grant of a decree of judicial separation.
 - [^{F71}(f) any order made under section 24A(1) above for the sale of property]
 - [^{F72}(g) a pension sharing order under section 24B above which is made at a time before the decree has been made absolute.]

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- [^{F73}(2A) Where the court has made an order referred to in subsection (2)(a), (b) or (c) above, then, subject to the provisions of this section, the court shall have power to remit the payment of any arrears due under the order or of any part thereof.]
- [^{F74}(2B) Where the court has made an order referred to in subsection (2)(dd)(ii) above, this section shall cease to apply to the order on the death of either of the parties to the marriage]
- (3) The powers exercisable by the court under this section in relation to an order shall be exercisable also in relation to any instrument executed in pursuance of the order.
- (4) The court shall not exercise the powers conferred by this section in relation to an order for a settlement under section 24(1)(b) or for a variation of settlement under section 24(1)(c) or (d) above except on an application made in proceedings—
- (a) for the rescission of the decree of judicial separation by reference to which the order was made, or
- (b) for the dissolution of the marriage in question.
- [^{F75}(4A) In relation to an order which falls within paragraph (g) of subsection (2) above (“the subsection (2) order”)—
- (a) the powers conferred by this section may be exercised—
- (i) only on an application made before the subsection (2) order has or, but for paragraph (b) below, would have taken effect; and
- (ii) only if, at the time when the application is made, the decree has not been made absolute; and
- (b) an application made in accordance with paragraph (a) above prevents the subsection (2) order from taking effect before the application has been dealt with.
- (4B) No variation of a pension sharing order shall be made so as to take effect before the decree is made absolute.
- (4C) The variation of a pension sharing order prevents the order taking effect before the end of such period after the making of the variation as may be prescribed by regulations made by the Lord Chancellor.]
- (5) [^{F76}Subject to subsections (7A) to [^{F77}(7G)] below and without prejudice to any power exercisable by virtue of subsection (2)(d), (dd) [^{F78}, (e) or (g)] above or otherwise than by virtue of this section,] no property adjustment order [^{F79}or pension sharing order] shall be made on an application for the variation of a periodical payments or secured periodical payments order made (whether in favour of a party to a marriage or in favour of a child of the family) under section 23 above, and no order for the payment of a lump sum shall be made on an application for the variation of a periodical payments or secured periodical payments order in favour of a party to a marriage (whether made under section 23 or under section 27 above).
- (6) Where the person liable to make payments under a secured periodical payments order has died, an application under this section relating to that order [^{F80}(and to any order made under section 24A(1) above which requires the proceeds of sale of property to be used for securing those payments) may be made by the person entitled to payments under the periodical payments order.] or by the personal representatives of the deceased person, but no such application shall, except with the permission of the court, be made after the end of the period of six months from the date on which representation in regard to the estate of that person is first taken out.

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[^{F81}(7) In exercising the powers conferred by this section the court shall have regard to all the circumstances of the case, first consideration being given to the welfare while a minor of any child of the family who has not attained the age of eighteen, and the circumstances of the case shall include any change in any of the matters to which the court was required to have regard when making the order to which the application relates, and—

- (a) in the case of a periodical payments or secured periodical payments order made on or after the grant of a decree of divorce or nullity of marriage, the court shall consider whether in all the circumstances and after having regard to any such change it would be appropriate to vary the order so that payments under the order are required to be made or secured only for such further period as will in the opinion of the court be sufficient [^{F82}(in the light of any proposed exercise by the court, where the marriage has been dissolved, of its powers under subsection (7B) below)] to enable the party in whose favour the order was made to adjust without undue hardship to the termination of those payments;
- (b) in a case where the party against whom the order was made has died, the circumstances of the case shall also include the changed circumstances resulting from his or her death.]

[^{F83}(7A) Subsection (7B) below applies where, after the dissolution of a marriage, the court—

- (a) discharges a periodical payments order or secured periodical payments order made in favour of a party to the marriage; or
- (b) varies such an order so that payments under the order are required to be made or secured only for such further period as is determined by the court.

(7B) The court has power, in addition to any power it has apart from this subsection, to make supplemental provision consisting of any of—

- (a) an order for the payment of a lump sum in favour of a party to the marriage;
- (b) one or more property adjustment orders in favour of a party to the marriage;
- [one or more pension sharing orders;]

^{F84}(ba)

- (c) a direction that the party in whose favour the original order discharged or varied was made is not entitled to make any further application for—
 - (i) a periodical payments or secured periodical payments order, or
 - (ii) an extension of the period to which the original order is limited by any variation made by the court.

(7C) An order for the payment of a lump sum made under subsection (7B) above may—

- (a) provide for the payment of that sum by instalments of such amount as may be specified in the order; and
- (b) require the payment of the instalments to be secured to the satisfaction of the court.

(7D) Subsections (7) and (8) of section 22A above apply where the court makes an order for the payment of a lump sum under subsection (7B) above as they apply where it makes such an order under section 22A above.

(7E) If under subsection (7B) above the court makes more than one property adjustment order in favour of the same party to the marriage, each of those orders must fall within a different paragraph of section 21(2) above.

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- (7F) Sections 24A and 30 above apply where the court makes a property adjustment order under subsection (7B) above as they apply where it makes such an order under section 23A above.]
- [^{F85}(7G) Subsections (3) to (5) of section 24B above apply in relation to a pension sharing order under subsection (7B) above as they apply in relation to a pension sharing order under that section.]
- (8) The personal representatives of a deceased person against whom a secured periodical payments order was made shall not be liable for having distributed any part of the estate of the deceased after the expiration of the period of six months referred to in subsection (6) above on the ground that they ought to have taken into account the possibility that the court might permit an application under this section to be made after that period by the person entitled to payments under the order; but this subsection shall not prejudice any power to recover any part of the estate so distributed arising by virtue of the making of an order in pursuance of this section.
- (9) In considering for the purposes of subsection (6) above the question when representation was first taken out, a grant limited to settled land or to trust property shall be left out of account and a grant limited to real estate or to personal estate shall be left out of account unless a grant limited to the remainder of the estate has previously been made or is made at the same time.
- [^{F86}(10) Where the court, in exercise of its powers under this section, decides to vary or discharge a periodical payments or secured periodical payments order, then, subject to section 28(1) and (2) above, the court shall have power to direct that the variation or discharge shall not take effect until the expiration of such period as may be specified in the order.]
- [^{F87}(11) Where—
- (a) a periodical payments or secured periodical payments order in favour of more than one child (“the order”) is in force;
 - (b) the order requires payments specified in it to be made to or for the benefit of more than one child without apportioning those payments between them;
 - (c) a [^{F88}maintenance calculation] (“ [^{F89}the calculation]”) is made with respect to one or more, but not all, of the children with respect to whom those payments are to be made; and
 - (d) an application is made, before the end of the period of 6 months beginning with the date on which [^{F89}the calculation] was made, for the variation or discharge of the order, the court may, in exercise of its powers under this section to vary or discharge the order, direct that the variation or discharge shall take effect from the date on which [^{F89}the calculation] took effect or any later date.
- (12) Where—
- (a) an order (“the child order”) of a kind prescribed for the purposes of section 10(1) of the Child Support Act 1991 is affected by a [^{F88}maintenance calculation];
 - (b) on the date on which the child order became so affected there was in force a periodical payments or secured periodical payments order (“the spousal order”) in favour of a party to a marriage having the care of the child in whose favour the child order was made; and

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- (c) an application is made, before the end of the period of 6 months beginning with the date on which the [F88 maintenance calculation] was made, for the spousal order to be varied or discharged,
- the court may, in exercise of its powers under this section to vary or discharge the spousal order, direct that the variation or discharge shall take effect from the date on which the child order became so affected or any later date.
- (13) For the purposes of subsection (12) above, an order is affected if it ceases to have effect or is modified by or under section 10 of the Child Support Act 1991.
- (14) Subsections (11) and (12) above are without prejudice to any other power of the court to direct that the variation or discharge of an order under this section shall take effect from a date earlier than that on which the order for variation or discharge was made.]
- [F90(15) The power to make regulations under subsection (4C) above shall be exercisable by statutory instrument which shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.]

Textual Amendments

- F69** Words inserted by *Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984* (c. 42, SIF 49:3), **ss. 6(2)**, 48(2)
- F70** S. 31(2)(dd) inserted (1.8.1996) by 1995 c. 26, **s. 166(3)(a)**; S.I. 1996/1675, **art. 3(b)**
- F71** S. 31(2)(f) inserted by *Matrimonial Homes and Property Act 1981* (c. 24, SIF 49:5), **s. 8(2)(a)**
- F72** S. 31(2)(g) inserted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by 1999 c. 30, s. 19, **Sch. 3 para. 7(1)(2)**; S.I. 2000/1116, **art. 2**
- F73** S. 31(2A) inserted by *Administration of Justice Act 1982* (c. 53, SIF 37), ss. 51, 77(1)
- F74** S. 31(2B) inserted (1.8.1996) by 1995 c. 26, **s. 166(3)(b)**; S.I. 1996/1675, **art. 3(b)**
- F75** S. 31(4A)-(4C) inserted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by 1999 c. 30, s. 19, **Sch. 3 para. 7(1)(3)**; S.I. 2000/1116, **art. 2**
- F76** Words in s. 31(5) inserted (1.11.1998) by 1996 c. 27, s. 66(1), **Sch. 8 Pt. I para. 16(5)(a)** (with Sch. 9 para. 5); S.I. 1998/2572, **art. 3**
- F77** Words in s. 31(5) substituted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by 1999 c. 30, s. 19, **Sch. 3 para. 7(1)(4)(a)**; S.I. 2000/1116, **art. 2**
- F78** Words in s. 31(5) substituted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by 1999 c. 30, s. 19, **Sch. 3 para. 7(1)(4)(b)**; S.I. 2000/1116, **art. 2**
- F79** Words in s. 31(5) inserted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by 1999 c. 30, s. 19, **Sch. 3 para. 7(1)(4)(c)**; S.I. 2000/1116, **art. 2**
- F80** Words substituted by *Matrimonial Homes and Property Act 1981* (c. 24, SIF 49:5), **s. 8(2)(b)**
- F81** S. 31(7) substituted by *Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984* (c. 42, SIF 49:3), **ss. 6(3)**, 48(2)
- F82** Words in s. 31(7)(a) inserted (1.11.1998) by 1996 c. 27, s. 66(1), **Sch. 8 Pt. I para. 16(6)(b)** (with Sch. 9 para. 5); S.I. 1998/2572, **art. 3**
- F83** S. 31(7A)-(7F) inserted (1.11.1998) by 1996 c. 27, s. 66(1), **Sch. 8 Pt. I para. 16(7)** (with Sch. 9 para. 5); S.I. 1998/2572, **art. 3** (subject to temporary modifications in art. 4 of that S.I.)
- F84** S. 31(7B)(ba) inserted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by 1999 c. 30, s. 19, **Sch. 3 para. 7(1)(5)**; S.I. 2000/1116, **art. 2**
- F85** S. 31(7G) inserted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by 1999 c. 30, s. 19, **Sch. 3 para. 7(1)(6)**
- F86** S. 31(10) inserted by *Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984* (c. 42, SIF 49:3), **ss. 6(4)**, 48(2)
- F87** S. 31(11)-(14) inserted (5.4.1993) by S.I. 1993/623, **art. 2**, **Sch. 1 para. 3**
- F88** Words in s. 31(11)(c)(12)(a)(c) substituted (3.3.2003 for certain purposes, otherwise prosp.) by 2000 c. 19, ss. 26, 86(2), **Sch. 3 para. 3(3)(a)** (with s. 83(6)); S.I. 2003/192, **art. 3**, **Sch.**
- F89** Words in s. 31(11) substituted (3.3.2003 for certain purposes, otherwise prosp.) by virtue of 2000 c. 19, ss. 26, 86(2), **Sch. 3 para. 3(3)(b)** (with s. 83(6)); S.I. 2003/192, **art. 3**, **Sch.**

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F90 S. 31(15) inserted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by 1999 c. 30, s. 19, **Sch. 3 para. 7(1)(7)**; S.I. 2000/1116, **art. 2**

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C11** S. 31(1) extended by **Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 (c. 42, SIF 49:3)**, **ss. 21(f)**, 48(2)
- C12** S. 31(2)(a)–(d) extended by **Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 (c. 42, SIF 49:3)**, **ss. 21(f)**, 48(2)
- C13** S. 31(2)(f) extended by **Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 (c. 42, SIF 49:3)**, **ss. 21(f)**, 48(2)
- C14** S. 31(3)(5) extended by **Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 (c. 42, SIF 49:3)**, **ss. 21(f)**, 48(2)
- C15** S. 31(6) amended by **Forfeiture Act 1982 (c. 34, SIF 116:1, 2)**, **ss. 3(2)(b)**, 7(3)
- C16** S. 31(6) extended by **Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 (c. 42, SIF 49:3)**, **ss. 21(f)**, 48(2)
- C17** S. 31(6) amended by **Inheritance (Provisions for Family and Dependants) Act 1975 (c. 63)**, **s. 18**
- C18** S. 31(7)–(10) extended by **Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 (c. 42, SIF 49:3)**, **ss. 21(f)**, 48(2)

32 Payment of certain arrears unenforceable without the leave of the court.

- (1) A person shall not be entitled to enforce through the High Court or any county court the payment of any arrears due under an order for maintenance pending suit, an interim order for maintenance or any financial provision order without the leave of that court if those arrears became due more than twelve months before proceedings to enforce the payment of them are begun.
- (2) The court hearing an application for the grant of leave under this section may refuse leave, or may grant leave subject to such restrictions and conditions (including conditions as to the allowing of time for payment or the making of payment by instalments) as that court thinks proper, or may remit the payment of the arrears or of any part thereof.
- (3) An application for the grant of leave under this section shall be made in such manner as may be prescribed by rules of court.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C19** S. 32 extended by **Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 (c. 42, SIF 49:3)**, **ss. 21(g)**, 48(2)

33 Orders for repayment in certain cases of sums paid under certain orders.

- (1) Where on an application made under this section in relation to an order to which this section applies it appears to the court that by reason of—
 - (a) a change in the circumstances of the person entitled to, or liable to make, payments under the order since the order was made, or
 - (b) the changed circumstances resulting from the death of the person so liable,the amount received by the person entitled to payments under the order in respect of a period after those circumstances changed or after the death of the person liable to make payments under the order, as the case may be, exceeds the amount which the person so liable or his or her personal representatives should have been required to pay, the court may order the respondent to the application to pay to the applicant such sum, not exceeding the amount of the excess, as the court thinks just.

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- (2) This section applies to the following orders, that is to say—
- (a) any order for maintenance pending suit and any interim order for maintenance;
 - (b) any periodical payments order; and
 - (c) any secured periodical payments order.
- (3) An application under this section may be made by the person liable to make payments under an order to which this section applies or his or her personal representatives and may be made against the person entitled to payments under the order or her or his personal representatives.
- (4) An application under this section may be made in proceedings in the High Court or a county court for—
- (a) the variation or discharge of the order to which this section applies, or
 - (b) leave to enforce, or the enforcement of, the payment of arrears under that order;
- but when not made in such proceedings shall be made to a county court, and accordingly references in this section to the court are references to the High Court or a county court, as the circumstances require.
- (5) The jurisdiction conferred on a county court by this section shall be exercisable notwithstanding that by reason of the amount claimed in the application the jurisdiction would not but for this subsection be exercisable by a county court.
- (6) An order under this section for the payment of any sum may provide for the payment of that sum by instalments of such amount as may be specified in the order.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C20 S. 33 extended by [Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 \(c. 42, SIF 49:3\)](#), **ss. 21(h)**, 48(2)

[^{F91} Consent orders]

Textual Amendments

F91 S. 33(A) and cross heading inserted by [Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 \(c. 42, SIF 49:3\)](#), **ss. 7**, 48(2)

[^{F92} 33A Consent orders for financial provision or property adjustment.

- (1) Notwithstanding anything in the preceding provisions of this Part of this Act, on an application for a consent order for financial relief the court may, unless it has reason to think that there are other circumstances into which it ought to inquire, make an order in the terms agreed on the basis only of the prescribed information furnished with the application.
- (2) Subsection (1) above applies to an application for a consent order varying or discharging an order for financial relief as it applies to an application for an order for financial relief.
- (3) In this section—

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Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Matrimonial Causes Act 1973, Part II. (See end of Document for details)

“consent order”, in relation to an application for an order, means an order in the terms applied for to which the respondent agrees;

“order for financial relief” means an order under any of sections 23, 24, 24A [^{F93}, 24B]] or 27 above; and

“prescribed” means prescribed by rules of court.

Textual Amendments

F92 S. 33A and cross heading inserted by [Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 \(c. 42, SIF 49:3\)](#), [ss. 7, 48\(2\)](#)

F93 Words in definition of “order for financial relief” in s. 33A(3) inserted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by [1999 c. 30, s. 19](#), [Sch. 3 para. 8](#); [S.I. 2000/1116](#), [art. 2](#)

Maintenance agreements

34 Validity of maintenance agreements.

(1) If a maintenance agreement includes a provision purporting to restrict any right to apply to a court for an order containing financial arrangements, then—

- (a) that provision shall be void; but
- (b) any other financial arrangements contained in the agreement shall not thereby be rendered void or unenforceable and shall, unless they are void or unenforceable for any other reason (and subject to sections 35 and 36 below), be binding on the parties to the agreement.

(2) In this section and in section 35 below—

“maintenance agreement” means any agreement in writing made, whether before or after the commencement of this Act, between the parties to a marriage, being—

- (a) an agreement containing financial arrangements, whether made during the continuance or after the dissolution or annulment of the marriage; or
- (b) a separation agreement which contains no financial arrangements in a case where no other agreement in writing between the same parties contains such arrangements;

“financial arrangements” means provisions governing the rights and liabilities towards one another when living separately of the parties to a marriage (including a marriage which has been dissolved or annulled) in respect of the making or securing of payments or the disposition or use of any property, including such rights and liabilities with respect to the maintenance or education of any child, whether or not a child of the family.

35 Alteration of agreements by court during lives of parties.

(1) Where a maintenance agreement is for the time being subsisting and each of the parties to the agreement is for the time being either domiciled or resident in England and Wales, then, subject to subsection (3) below, either party may apply to the court or to a magistrates’ court for an order under this section.

(2) If the court to which the application is made is satisfied either—

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- (a) that by reason of a change in the circumstances in the light of which any financial arrangements contained in the agreement were made or, as the case may be, financial arrangements were omitted from it (including a change foreseen by the parties when making the agreement), the agreement should be altered so as to make different, or, as the case may be, so as to contain, financial arrangements, or
 - (b) that the agreement does not contain proper financial arrangements with respect to any child of the family,
- then subject to subsections (3), (4) and (5) below, that court may by order make such alterations in the agreement—
- (i) by varying or revoking any financial arrangements contained in it, or
 - (ii) by inserting in it financial arrangements for the benefit of one of the parties to the agreement or of a child of the family,
- as may appear to that court to be just having regard to all the circumstances, including, if relevant, the matters mentioned in [F94]section 25(4)] above; and the agreement shall have effect thereafter as if any alteration made by the order had been made by agreement between the parties and for valuable consideration.
- (3) A magistrates' court shall not entertain an application under subsection (1) above unless both the parties to the agreement are resident in England and Wales and [F95][F96]the court acts in, or is authorised by the Lord Chancellor to act for, a local justice area in which at least one of the parties is resident[;] and shall not have power to make any order on such an application except—
- (a) in a case where the agreement includes no provision for periodical payments by either of the parties, an order inserting provision for the making by one of the parties of periodical payments for the maintenance of the other party or for the maintenance of any child of the family;
 - (b) in a case where the agreement includes provision for the making by one of the parties of periodical payments, an order increasing or reducing the rate of, or terminating, any of those payments.
- (4) Where a court decides to alter, by order under this section, an agreement by inserting provision for the making or securing by one of the parties to the agreement of periodical payments for the maintenance of the other party or by increasing the rate of the periodical payments which the agreement provides shall be made by one of the parties for the maintenance of the other, the term for which the payments or, as the case may be, the additional payments attributable to the increase are to be made under the agreement as altered by the order shall be such term as the court may specify, subject to the following limits, that is to say—
- (a) where the payments will not be secured, the term shall be so defined as not to extend beyond the death of either of the parties to the agreement or the remarriage of the party to whom the payments are to be made;
 - (b) where the payments will be secured, the term shall be so defined as not to extend beyond the death or remarriage of that party.
- (5) Where a court decides to alter, by order under this section, an agreement by inserting provision for the making or securing by one of the parties to the agreement of periodical payments for the maintenance of a child of the family or by increasing the rate of the periodical payments which the agreement provides shall be made or secured by one of the parties for the maintenance of such a child, then, in deciding the term for which under the agreement as altered by the order the payments, or as the case may be, the additional payments attributable to the increase are to be made or secured for

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the benefit of the child, the court shall apply the provisions of section 29(2) and (3) above as to age limits as if the order in question were a periodical payments or secured periodical payments order in favour of the child.

- (6) For the avoidance of doubt it is hereby declared that nothing in this section or in section 34 above affects any power of a court before which any proceedings between the parties to a maintenance agreement are brought under any other enactment (including a provision of this Act) to make an order containing financial arrangements or any right of either party to apply for such an order in such proceedings.

Textual Amendments

- F94** Words substituted by [Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 \(c. 42, SIF 49:3\)](#), ss. 46(1), 48(3), [Sch. 1 para. 13\(a\)](#)
- F95** Words substituted by [Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 \(c. 42, SIF 49:3\)](#), ss. 46(1), 48(3), [Sch. 1 para. 13\(b\)](#)
- F96** Words in s. 35(3) substituted (1.4.2005) by [Courts Act 2003 \(c. 39\)](#), ss. 109(1), 110, [Sch. 8 para. 169](#); [S.I. 2005/910](#), [art. 3\(y\)\(bb\)](#)

36 Alteration of agreements by court after death of one party.

- (1) Where a maintenance agreement within the meaning of section 34 above provides for the continuation of payments under the agreement after the death of one of the parties and that party dies domiciled in England and Wales, the surviving party or the personal representatives of the deceased party may, subject to subsections (2) and (3) below, apply to the High Court or a county court for an order under section 35 above.
- (2) An application under this section shall not, except with the permission of the High Court or a county court, be made after the end of the period of six months from the date on which representation in regard to the estate of the deceased is first taken out.
- (3) A county court shall not entertain an application under this section, or an application for permission to make an application under this section, unless it would have jurisdiction by virtue of [^{F97}section 22 of the ^{M3}Inheritance (Provision for Family and Dependents) Act 1975] (which confers jurisdiction on county courts in proceedings under [^{F97}that Act if the value of the property mentioned in that section] does not exceed £5,000 or such larger sum as may be fixed by order of the Lord Chancellor) to hear and determine proceedings for an order under [^{F97}section 2 of that Act] in relation to the deceased's estate.
- (4) If a maintenance agreement is altered by a court on an application made in pursuance of subsection (1) above, the like consequences shall ensue as if the alteration had been made immediately before the death by agreement between the parties and for valuable consideration.
- (5) The provisions of this section shall not render the personal representatives of the deceased liable for having distributed any part of the estate of the deceased after the expiration of the period of six months referred to in subsection (2) above on the ground that they ought to have taken into account the possibility that a court might permit an application by virtue of this section to be made by the surviving party after that period; but this subsection shall not prejudice any power to recover any part of the estate so distributed arising by virtue of the making of an order in pursuance of this section.

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- (6) Section 31(9) above shall apply for the purposes of subsection (2) above as it applies for the purposes of subsection (6) of section 31.
- (7) Subsection (3) of [F98]section 22 of the M4Inheritance (Provision for Family and Dependents) Act 1975 (which enables rules of court to provide for the transfer from a county court to the High Court or from the High Court to a county court of proceedings for an order under section 2 of that Act) and paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (4)] of that section (provisions relating to proceedings commenced in county court before coming into force of order of the Lord Chancellor under that section) shall apply in relation to proceedings consisting of any such application as is referred to in subsection (3) above as they apply in relation to [F98]proceedings for an order under section 2 of that Act].

Textual Amendments

- F97** Words substituted by [Inheritance \(Provision for Family and Dependents\) Act 1975 \(c. 63\), s. 26\(1\)\(a\)](#)
F98 Words substituted by [Inheritance \(Provision for Family and Dependents\) Act 1975 \(c. 63\), s. 26\(1\)\(b\)](#)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C21** S. 36(1) amended by [Inheritance \(Provision for Family and Dependents\) Act 1975 \(c. 63\), s. 18](#)
C22 S. 36(1) amended by [Forfeiture Act 1982 \(c. 34, SIF 116:1, 2\), ss. 3\(2\)\(b\), 7\(3\)](#)

Marginal Citations

- M3** 1975 c. 63.
M4 1975 c. 63.

Miscellaneous and supplemental

37 Avoidance of transactions intended to prevent or reduce financial relief.

- (1) For the purposes of this section “financial relief” means relief under any of the provisions of sections 22, 23, 24, [F99]24B,] 27, 31 (except subsection (6)) and 35 above, and any reference in this section to defeating a person’s claim for financial relief is a reference to preventing financial relief from being granted to that person, or to that person for the benefit of a child of the family, or reducing the amount of any financial relief which might be so granted, or frustrating or impeding the enforcement of any order which might be or has been made at his instance under any of those provisions.
- (2) Where proceedings for financial relief are brought by one person against another, the court may, on the application of the first-mentioned person—
- (a) if it is satisfied that the other party to the proceedings is, with the intention of defeating the claim for financial relief, about to make any disposition or to transfer out of the jurisdiction or otherwise deal with any property, make such order as it thinks fit for restraining the other party from so doing or otherwise for protecting the claim;
 - (b) if it is satisfied that the other party has, with that intention, made a reviewable disposition and that if the disposition were set aside financial relief or different financial relief would be granted to the applicant, make an order setting aside the disposition;
 - (c) if it is satisfied, in a case where an order has been obtained under any of the provisions mentioned in subsection (1) above by the applicant against the

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other party, that the other party has, with that intention, made a reviewable disposition, make an order setting aside the disposition;

and an application for the purposes of paragraph (b) above shall be made in the proceedings for the financial relief in question.

- (3) Where the court makes an order under subsection (2)(b) or (c) above setting aside a disposition it shall give such consequential directions as it thinks fit for giving effect to the order (including directions requiring the making of any payments or the disposal of any property).
- (4) Any disposition made by the other party to the proceedings for financial relief in question (whether before or after the commencement of those proceedings) as is reviewable disposition for the purposes of subsection (2)(b) and (c) above unless it was made for valuable consideration (other than marriage) to a person who, at the time of the disposition, acted in relation to it in good faith and without notice of any intention on the part of the other party to defeat the applicant's claim for financial relief.
- (5) Where an application is made under this section with respect to a disposition which took place less than three years before the date of the application or with respect to a disposition or other dealing with property which is about to take place and the court is satisfied—
 - (a) in a case falling within subsection (2)(a) or (b) above, that the disposition or other dealing would (apart from this section) have the consequence, or
 - (b) in a case falling within subsection (2)(c) above, that the disposition has had the consequence,of defeating the applicant's claim for financial relief, it shall be presumed, unless the contrary is shown, that the person who disposed of or is about to dispose of or deal with the property did so or, as the case may be, is about to do so, with the intention of defeating the applicant's claim for financial relief.
- (6) In this section "disposition" does not include any provision contained in a will or codicil but, with that exception, includes any conveyance, assurance or gift of property of any description, whether made by an instrument or otherwise.
- (7) This section does not apply to a disposition made before 1st January 1968.

Textual Amendments

F99 Words in s. 37 inserted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes, 1.12.2000 otherwise) by [1999 c. 30, s. 19, Sch. 3 para. 9](#); [S.I. 2000/1116, art. 2\(e\)](#)

38 Orders for repayment in certain cases of sums paid after cessation of order by reason of remarriage.

- (1) Where—
 - (a) a periodical payments or secured periodical payments order in favour of a party to a marriage (hereafter in this section referred to as "a payments order") has ceased to have effect by reason of the remarriage of that party, and
 - (b) the person liable to make payments under the order or his or her personal representatives made payments in accordance with it in respect of a period after the date of the remarriage in the mistaken belief that the order was still subsisting,

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the person so liable or his or her personal representatives shall not be entitled to bring proceedings in respect of a cause of action arising out of the circumstances mentioned in paragraphs (a) and (b) above against the person entitled to payments under the order or her or his personal representatives, but may instead make an application against that person or her or his personal representatives under this section.

- (2) On an application under this section the court may order the respondent to pay to the applicant a sum equal to the amount of the payments made in respect of the period mentioned in subsection (1)(b) above or, if it appears to the court that it would be unjust to make that order, it may either order the respondent to pay to the applicant such lesser sum as it thinks fit or dismiss the application.
- (3) An application under this section may be made in proceedings in the High Court or a county court for leave to enforce, or the enforcement of, payment of arrears under the order in question, but when not made in such proceedings shall be made to a county court; and accordingly references in this section to the court are references to the High Court or a county court, as the circumstances require.
- (4) The jurisdiction conferred on a county court by this section shall be exercisable notwithstanding that by reason of the amount claimed in the application the jurisdiction would not but for this subsection be exercisable by a county court.
- (5) An order under this section for the payment of any sum may provide for the payment of that sum by instalments of such amount as may be specified in the order.
- (6) ^{F100}The designated officer for a magistrates' court] to whom any payments under a payments order are required to be made, and the collecting officer under an attachment of earnings order made to secure payments under a payments order, shall not be liable—
 - (a) in the case of ^{F101}the designated officer], for any act done by him in pursuance of the payments order after the date on which that order ceased to have effect by reason of the remarriage of the person entitled to payments under it, and
 - (b) in the case of the collecting officer, for any act done by him after that date in accordance with any enactment or rule of court specifying how payments made to him in compliance with the attachment of earnings order are to be dealt with,

if, but only if, the act was one which he would have been under a duty to do had the payments order not so ceased to have effect and the act was done before notice in writing of the fact that the person so entitled had remarried was given to him by or on behalf of that person, the person liable to make payments under the payments order or the personal representatives of either of those persons.
- (7) In this section “collecting officer”, in relation to an attachment of earnings order, means the officer of the High Court, the registrar of a county court or ^{F102}the designated officer for a magistrates' court] to whom a person makes payments in compliance with the order.

Textual Amendments

F100 Words in s. 38(6) substituted (1.4.2005) by [Courts Act 2003 \(c. 39\)](#), ss. 109(1), 110, [Sch. 8 para. 170\(2\)\(a\)](#); [S.I. 2005/910](#), [art. 3\(y\)\(bb\)](#)

F101 Words in s. 38(6)(a) substituted (1.4.2005) by [Courts Act 2003 \(c. 39\)](#), ss. 109(1), 110, [Sch. 8 para. 170\(2\)\(b\)](#); [S.I. 2005/910](#), [art. 3\(y\)\(bb\)](#)

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F102 Words in s. 38(7) substituted (1.4.2005) by Courts Act 2003 (c. 39), ss. 109(1), 110, **Sch. 8 para. 170(3); S.I. 2005/910, art. 3(y)(bb)**

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C23 S. 38 extended by Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 (c. 42, SIF 49:3), **ss. 21(i)**, 48(2)

39 Settlement, etc. made in compliance with a property adjustment order may be avoided on bankruptcy of settlor.

The fact that a settlement or transfer of property had to be made in order to comply with a property adjustment order shall not prevent that settlement or transfer from being [^{F103}a transaction in respect of which an order may be made under [^{F104}section 339 or 340 of the ^{M5}Insolvency Act 1986] (transactions at an undervalue and preferences.)]

Textual Amendments

F103 Words substituted by Insolvency Act 1985 (c. 65, SIF 66), ss. 235, 236, Sch. 8 para. 23, **Sch. 9 para. 11(2)**

F104 Words substituted by virtue of Insolvency Act 1986 (c. 45, SIF 66), ss. 439(2), 440, 441, **Sch 14**

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C24 S. 39 extended by Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 (c. 42, SIF 49:3), **ss. 21(j)**, 48(2)

Marginal Citations

M5 1986 c.45(66).

40 Payments, etc., under order made in favour of person suffering from mental disorder.

Where the court makes an order under this Part of this Act requiring payments (including a lump sum payment) to be made, or property to be transferred, to a party to a marriage and the court is satisfied that the person in whose favour the order is made is incapable, by reason of mental disorder within the meaning of the ^{M6}Mental Health Act 1959, of managing and administering his or her property and affairs then, subject to any order, direction or authority made or given in relation to that person under Part VIII of that Act, the court may order the payments to be made, or as the case may be, the property to be transferred, to such persons having charge of that person as the court may direct.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C25 S. 40 extended by Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 (c. 42, SIF 49:3), **ss. 21(k)**, 48(2)

Marginal Citations

M6 1959 c. 72.

[^{F105}40A Appeals relating to pension sharing orders which have taken effect.

(1) Subsections (2) and (3) below apply where an appeal against a pension sharing order is begun on or after the day on which the order takes effect.

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- (2) If the pension sharing order relates to a person's rights under a pension arrangement, the appeal court may not set aside or vary the order if the person responsible for the pension arrangement has acted to his detriment in reliance on the taking effect of the order.
- (3) If the pension sharing order relates to a person's shareable state scheme rights, the appeal court may not set aside or vary the order if the Secretary of State has acted to his detriment in reliance on the taking effect of the order.
- (4) In determining for the purposes of subsection (2) or (3) above whether a person has acted to his detriment in reliance on the taking effect of the order, the appeal court may disregard any detriment which in its opinion is insignificant.
- (5) Where subsection (2) or (3) above applies, the appeal court may make such further orders (including one or more pension sharing orders) as it thinks fit for the purpose of putting the parties in the position it considers appropriate.
- (6) Section 24C above only applies to a pension sharing order under this section if the decision of the appeal court can itself be the subject of an appeal.
- (7) In subsection (2) above, the reference to the person responsible for the pension arrangement is to be read in accordance with section 25D(4) above.]

Textual Amendments

F105 S. 40A inserted (11.11.1999 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2000) by 1999 c. 30, s. 19, **Sch. 3 para. 10**; S.I. 2000/1116, **art. 2**

Status:

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Changes to legislation:

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