

Consumer Credit Act 1974

1974 CHAPTER 39

PART VI

MATTERS ARISING DURING CURRENCY OF CREDIT OR HIRE AGREEMENTS

75 Liability of creditor for breaches by supplier.

- (1) If the debtor under a debtor-creditor-supplier agreement falling within section 12(b) or (c) has, in relation to a transaction financed by the agreement, any claim against the supplier in respect of a misrepresentation or breach of contract, he shall have a like claim against the creditor, who, with the supplier, shall accordingly be jointly and severally liable to the debtor.
- (2) Subject to any agreement between them, the creditor shall be entitled to be indemnified by the supplier for loss suffered by the creditor in satisfying his liability under subsection (1), including costs reasonably incurred by him in defending proceedings instituted by the debtor.
- (3) Subsection (1) does not apply to a claim—
 - (a) under a non-commercial agreement, or
 - (b) so far as the claim relates to any single item to which the supplier has attached a cash price not exceeding [F1£100] or more than [F2£30,000].
- (4) This section applies notwithstanding that the debtor, in entering into the transaction, exceeded the credit limit or otherwise contravened any term of the agreement.
- (5) In an action brought against the creditor under subsection (1) he shall be entitled, in accordance with rules of court, to have the supplier made a party to the proceedings.

Textual Amendments

- F1 "£100" substituted by S.I. 1983/1878, art. 3, Sch. Pt. I
- **F2** "£30,000" substituted by S.I. 1983/1878, arts. 3, 4, **Sch. Pt. II**

VALID FROM 01/02/2011

[F375A Further provision for liability of creditor for breaches by supplier

- (1) If the debtor under a linked credit agreement has a claim against the supplier in respect of a breach of contract the debtor may pursue that claim against the creditor where any of the conditions in subsection (2) are met.
- (2) The conditions in subsection (1) are—
 - (a) that the supplier cannot be traced,
 - (b) that the debtor has contacted the supplier but the supplier has not responded,
 - (c) that the supplier is insolvent, or
 - (d) that the debtor has taken reasonable steps to pursue his claim against the supplier but has not obtained satisfaction for his claim.
- (3) The steps referred to in subsection (2)(d) need not include litigation.
- (4) For the purposes of subsection (2)(d) a debtor is to be deemed to have obtained satisfaction where he has accepted a replacement product or service or other compensation from the supplier in settlement of his claim.
- (5) In this section "linked credit agreement" means a regulated consumer credit agreement which serves exclusively to finance an agreement for the supply of specific goods or the provision of a specific service and where—
 - (a) the creditor uses the services of the supplier in connection with the preparation or making of the credit agreement, or
 - (b) the specific goods or provision of a specific service are explicitly specified in the credit agreement.
- (6) This section does not apply where—
 - (a) the cash value of the goods or service is £30, 000 or less,
 - (b) the linked credit agreement is for credit which exceeds £60, 260, or
 - (c) the linked credit agreement is entered into by the debtor wholly or predominantly for the purposes of a business carried on, or intended to be carried on, by him.
- (7) Subsections (2) to (5) of section 16B (declaration by the debtor as to the purposes of the agreement) apply for the purposes of subsection (6)(c).
- (8) This section does not apply to an agreement secured on land.]

Textual Amendments

F3 S. 75A inserted (1.2.2011) by The Consumer Credit (EU Directive) Regulations 2010 (S.I. 2010/1010), regs. 25, 99(1) (with regs. 100, 101) (as inserted by The Consumer Credit (Amendment) Regulations 2010 (S.I. 2010/1969), reg. 11)

76 Duty to give notice before taking certain action.

- (1) The creditor or owner is not entitled to enforce a term of a regulated agreement by—
 - (a) demanding earlier payment of any sum, or

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- (b) recovering possession of any goods or land, or
- (c) treating any right conferred on the debtor or hirer by the agreement as terminated, restricted or deferred,

except by or after giving the debtor or hirer not less than seven days' notice of his intention to do so.

- (2) Subsection (1) applies only where—
 - (a) a period for the duration of the agreement is specified in the agreement, and
 - (b) that period has not ended when the creditor or owner does an act mentioned in subsection (1),

but so applies notwithstanding that, under the agreement, any party is entitled to terminate it before the end of the period so specified.

- (3) A notice under subsection (1) is ineffective if not in the prescribed form.
- (4) Subsection (1) does not prevent a creditor from treating the right to draw on any credit as restricted or deferred and taking such steps as may be necessary to make the restriction or deferment effective.
- (5) Regulations may provide that subsection (1) is not to apply to agreements described by the regulations.
- (6) Subsection (1) does not apply to a right of enforcement arising by reason of any breach by the debtor or hirer of the regulated agreement.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C1 S. 76 applied (1.11.2009) by The Payment Services Regulations 2009 (S.I. 2009/209), regs. 1(2)(c), 52(d) (with reg. 3)

77 Duty to give information to debtor under fixed-sum credit agreement.

- (1) The creditor under a regulated agreement for fixed-sum credit, within the prescribed period after receiving a request in writing to that effect from the debtor and payment of a fee of [F450p], shall give the debtor a copy of the executed agreement (if any) and of any other document referred to in it, together with a statement signed by or on behalf of the creditor showing, according to the information to which it is practicable for him to refer,—
 - (a) the total sum paid under the agreement by the debtor;
 - (b) the total sum which has become payable under the agreement by the debtor but remains unpaid, and the various amounts comprised in that total sum, with the date when each became due: and
 - (c) the total sum which is to become payable under the agreement by the debtor, and the various amounts comprised in that total sum, with the date, or mode of determining the date, when each becomes due.
- (2) If the creditor possesses insufficient information to enable him to ascertain the amounts and dates mentioned in subsection (1)(c), he shall be taken to comply with that paragraph if his statement under subsection (1) gives the basis on which, under the regulated agreement, they would fall to be ascertained.
- (3) Subsection (1) does not apply to—

- (a) an agreement under which no sum is, or will or may become, payable by the debtor, or
- (b) a request made less than one month after a previous request under that subsection relating to the same agreement was complied with.
- (4) If the creditor under an agreement fails to comply with subsection (1)—
 - (a) he is not entitled, while the default continues, to enforce the agreement; and
 - (b) if the default continues for one month he commits an offence.
- (5) This section does not apply to a non-commercial agreement.

Textual Amendments

F4 Amount "50p" substituted for "15p" by S.I. 1983/1571, art. 4, **Sch. Pt. II** (which S.I. was revoked (1.5.1998) by S.I. 1998/997, **art. 2**)

VALID FROM 16/06/2006

[F577A Statements to be provided in relation to fixed-sum credit agreements

- (1) The creditor under a regulated agreement for fixed-sum credit—
 - (a) shall, within the period of one year beginning with the day after the day on which the agreement is made, give the debtor a statement under this section; and
 - (b) after the giving of that statement, shall give the debtor further statements under this section at intervals of not more than one year.
- (2) Regulations may make provision about the form and content of statements under this section.
- (3) The debtor shall have no liability to pay any sum in connection with the preparation or the giving to him of a statement under this section.
- (4) The creditor is not required to give the debtor any statement under this section once the following conditions are satisfied—
 - (a) that there is no sum payable under the agreement by the debtor; and
 - (b) that there is no sum which will or may become so payable.
- (5) Subsection (6) applies if at a time before the conditions mentioned in subsection (4) are satisfied the creditor fails to give the debtor—
 - (a) a statement under this section within the period mentioned in subsection (1) (a); or
 - (b) such a statement within the period of one year beginning with the day after the day on which such a statement was last given to him.
- (6) Where this subsection applies in relation to a failure to give a statement under this section to the debtor—
 - (a) the creditor shall not be entitled to enforce the agreement during the period of non-compliance;

- (b) the debtor shall have no liability to pay any sum of interest to the extent calculated by reference to the period of non-compliance or to any part of it; and
- (c) the debtor shall have no liability to pay any default sum which (apart from this paragraph)—
 - (i) would have become payable during the period of non-compliance; or
 - (ii) would have become payable after the end of that period in connection with a breach of the agreement which occurs during that period (whether or not the breach continues after the end of that period).
- (7) In this section 'the period of non-compliance' means, in relation to a failure to give a statement under this section to the debtor, the period which—
 - (a) begins immediately after the end of the period mentioned in paragraph (a) or (as the case may be) paragraph (b) of subsection (5); and
 - (b) ends at the end of the day on which the statement is given to the debtor or on which the conditions mentioned in subsection (4) are satisfied, whichever is earlier.
- (8) This section does not apply in relation to a non-commercial agreement or to a small agreement.

Textual Amendments

F5 S. 77A inserted (16.6.2006 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.10.2008) by Consumer Credit Act 2006 (c. 14), ss. {6}, 71(2) (with Sch. 3 para. 2); S.I. 2006/1508, art. 3(1), Sch. 1; S.I. 2007/3300, art. 3(3), Sch. 3

VALID FROM 01/02/2011

[F677B] Fixed-sum credit agreement: statement of account to be provided on request

- (1) This section applies to a regulated consumer credit agreement—
 - (a) which is for fixed-sum credit.
 - (b) which is of fixed duration,
 - (c) where the credit is repayable in instalments by the debtor, and
 - (d) which is not an excluded agreement.
- (2) Upon a request from the debtor, the creditor must as soon as reasonably practicable give to the debtor a statement in writing which complies with subsections (3) to (5).
- (3) The statement must include a table showing the details of each instalment owing under the agreement as at the date of the request.
- (4) Details to be provided under subsection (3) must include—
 - (a) the date on which the instalment is due,
 - (b) the amount of the instalment,
 - (c) any conditions relating to payment of the instalment, and

- (d) a breakdown of the instalment showing how much of it is made up of capital repayment, interest payment and other charges.
- (5) Where the rate of interest is variable or the charges under the agreement may be varied, the statement must also indicate clearly and concisely that the information in the table is valid only until the rate of interest or charges are varied.
- (6) The debtor may make a request under subsection (2) at any time that the agreement is in force unless a previous request has been made less than a month before and has been complied with.
- (7) The debtor shall have no liability to pay any sum in connection with the preparation or the giving of a statement under this section.
- (8) A breach of the duty imposed by this section is actionable as a breach of statutory duty.
- (9) For the purposes of this section, an agreement is an excluded agreement if it is—
 - (a) an agreement secured on land,
 - (b) an agreement under which a person takes an article in pawn,
 - (c) an agreement under which the creditor provides the debtor with credit which exceeds £60, 260, or
 - (d) an agreement entered into by the debtor wholly or predominantly for the purpose of a business carried on, or intended to be carried on, by him.
- (10) Subsections (2) to (5) of section 16B (declaration by the debtor as to the purposes of the agreement) apply for the purposes of subsection (9)(d).]

Textual Amendments

F6 S. 77B inserted (1.2.2011) by The Consumer Credit (EU Directive) Regulations 2010 (S.I. 2010/1010), **regs. 26**, 99(1) (with regs. 100, 101)

78 Duty to give information to debtor under running-account credit agreement.

- (1) The creditor under a regulated agreement for running-account credit, within the prescribed period after receiving a request in writing to that effect from the debtor and payment of a fee of [F750p], shall give the debtor a copy of the executed agreement (if any) and of any other document referred to in it, together with a statement signed by or on behalf of the creditor showing, according to the information to which it is practicable for him to refer,—
 - (a) the state of the account, and
 - (b) the amount, if any currently payable under the agreement by the debtor to the creditor, and
 - (c) the amounts and due dates of any payments which, if the debtor does not draw further on the account, will later become payable under the agreement by the debtor to the creditor.
- (2) If the creditor possesses insufficient information to enable him to ascertain the amounts and dates mentioned in subsection (1)(c), he shall be taken to comply with that paragraph if his statement under subsection (1) gives the basis on which, under the regulated agreement, they would fall to be ascertained.

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- (3) Subsection (1) does not apply to—
 - (a) an agreement under which no sum is, or will or may become, payable by the debtor, or
 - (b) a request made less than one month after a previous request under that subsection relating to the same agreement was complied with.
- (4) Where running-account credit is provided under a regulated agreement, the creditor shall give the debtor statements in the prescribed form, and with the prescribed contents—
 - (a) showing according to the information to which it is practicable for him to refer, the state of the account at regular intervals of not more than twelve months, and
 - (b) where the agreement provides, in relation to specified periods, for the making of payments by the debtor, or the charging against him of interest or any other sum, showing according to the information to which it is practicable for him to refer the state of the account at the end of each of those periods during which there is any movement in the account.
- (5) A statement under subsection (4) shall be given within the prescribed period after the end of the period to which the statement relates.
- (6) If the creditor under an agreement fails to comply with subsection (1)—
 - (a) he is not entitled, while the default continues, to enforce the agreement; and
 - (b) if the default continues for one month he commits an offence.
- (7) This section does not apply to a non-commercial agreement, and subsections (4) and (5) do not apply to a small agreement.

Textual Amendments

F7 Amount "50p" substituted for "15p" by S.I. 1983/1571, art. 4, Sch. Pt. II (which S.I. was revoked (1.5.1998) by S.I. 1998/997, art. 2)

VALID FROM 01/02/2011

[F878A Duty to give information to debtor on change of rate of interest

- (1) Where the rate of interest charged under a regulated consumer credit agreement, other than an excluded agreement, is to be varied, the creditor must inform the debtor in writing of the matters mentioned in subsection (3) before the variation can take effect.
- (2) But subsection (1) does not apply where—
 - (a) the agreement provides that the creditor is to inform the debtor in writing periodically of the matters mentioned in subsection (3) in relation to any variation, at such times as may be provided for in the agreement,
 - (b) the agreement provides that the rate of interest is to vary according to a reference rate,
 - (c) the reference rate is publicly available,
 - (d) information about the reference rate is available on the premises of the creditor, and

- (e) the variation of the rate of interest results from a change to the reference rate.
- (3) The matters referred to in subsections (1) and (2)(a) are—
 - (a) the variation in the rate of interest,
 - (b) the amount of any payments that are to be made after the variation has effect, if different, expressed as a sum of money where practicable, and
 - (c) if the number or frequency of payments changes as a result of the variation, the new number or frequency.
- (4) In the case of an agreement mentioned in subsection (5) this section applies as follows—
 - (a) the obligation in subsection (1) only applies if the rate of interest increases, and
 - (b) subsection (3) is to be read as if paragraphs (b) and (c) were omitted.
- (5) The agreements referred to in subsection (4) are—
 - (a) an authorised business overdraft agreement,
 - (b) an authorised non-business overdraft agreement, or
 - (c) an agreement which would be an authorised non-business overdraft agreement but for the fact that the credit is not repayable on demand or within three months.
- (6) For the purposes of this section an agreement is an excluded agreement if it is—
 - (a) a debtor-creditor agreement arising where the holder of a current account overdraws on the account without a pre-arranged overdraft or exceeds a pre-arranged overdraft limit, or
 - (b) an agreement secured on land.]

Textual Amendments

F8 S. 78A inserted (1.2.2011) by The Consumer Credit (EU Directive) Regulations 2010 (S.I. 2010/1010), regs. 27, 99(1) (with regs. 100, 101)

79 Duty to give hirer information.

- (1) The owner under a regulated consumer hire agreement, within the prescribed period after receiving a request in writing to that effect from the hirer and payment of a fee of [F950p], shall give to the hirer a copy of the executed agreement and of any other document referred to in it, together with a statement signed by or on behalf of the owner showing, according to the information to which it is practicable for him to refer, the total sum which has become payable under the agreement by the hirer but remains unpaid and the various amounts comprised in that total sum, with the date when each became due.
- (2) Subsection (1) does not apply to—
 - (a) an agreement under which no sum is, or will or may become, payable by the hirer, or
 - (b) a request made less than one month after a previous request under that subsection relating to the same agreement was complied with.
- (3) If the owner under an agreement fails to comply with subsection (1)—

Part VI – Matters Arising During Currency of Credit or Hire Agreements

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- (a) he is not entitled, while the default continues, to enforce the agreement; and
- (b) if the default continues for one month he commits an offence.
- (4) This section does not apply to a non-commercial agreement.

Textual Amendments

F9 Aount "50p" substituted for "15p" by S.I. 1983/1571, art. 4, Sch. Pt. II (which S.I. was revoked (1.5.1998) by S.I. 1998/997, art. 2)

80 Debtor or hirer to give information about goods.

- (1) Where a regulated agreement, other than a non-commercial agreement, requires the debtor or hirer to keep goods to which the agreement relates in his possession or control, he shall, within seven working days after he has received a request in writing to that effect from the creditor or owner, tell the creditor or owner where the goods are.
- (2) If the debtor or hirer fails to comply with subsection (1), and the default continues for 14 days, he commits an offence.

81 Appropriation of payments.

- (1) Where a debtor or hirer is liable to make to the same person payments in respect of two or more regulated agreements, he shall be entitled, on making any payment in respect of the agreements which is not sufficient to discharge the total amount then due under all the agreements, to appropriate the sum so paid by him—
 - (a) in or towards the satisfaction of the sum due under any one of the agreements, or
 - (b) in or towards the satisfaction of the sums due under any two or more of the agreements in such proportions as he thinks fit.
- (2) If the debtor or hirer fails to make any such appropriation where one or more of the agreements is—
 - (a) a hire-purchase agreement or conditional sale agreement, or
 - (b) a consumer hire agreement, or
 - (c) an agreement in relation to which any security is provided,

the payment shall be appropriated towards the satisfaction of the sums due under the several agreements respectively in the proportions which those sums bear to one another.

82 Variation of agreements.

- (1) Where, under a power contained in a regulated agreement, the creditor or owner varies the agreement, the variation shall not take effect before notice of it is given to the debtor or hirer in the prescribed manner.
- (2) Where an agreement (a "modifying agreement") varies or supplements an earlier agreement, the modifying agreement shall for the purposes of this Act be treated as—
 - (a) revoking the earlier agreement, and
 - (b) containing provisions reproducing the combined effect of the two agreements,

and obligations outstanding in relation to the earlier agreement shall accordingly be treated as outstanding instead in relation to the modifying agreement.

- (3) If the earlier agreement is a regulated agreement but (apart from this subsection) the modifying agreement is not then, unless the modifying agreement is for running-account credit, it shall be treated as a regulated agreement.
- (4) If the earlier agreement is a regulated agreement for running-account credit, and by the modifying agreement the creditor allows the credit limit to be exceeded but intends the excess to be merely temporary, Part V (except section 56) shall not apply to the modifying agreement.
- (5) If—
 - (a) the earlier agreement is a cancellable agreement, and
 - (b) the modifying agreement is made within the period applicable under section 68 to the earlier agreement,

then, whether or not the modifying agreement would, apart from this subsection, be a cancellable agreement, it shall be treated as a cancellable agreement in respect of which a notice may be served under section 68 not later than the end of the period applicable under that section to the earlier agreement.

- (6) Except under subsection (5), a modifying agreement shall not be treated as a cancellable agreement.
- (7) This section does not apply to a non-commercial agreement.

VALID FROM 01/02/2011

[F1082A Assignment of rights

- (1) Where rights of a creditor under a regulated consumer credit agreement are assigned to a third party, the assignee must arrange for notice of the assignment to be given to the debtor—
 - (a) as soon as reasonably possible, or
 - (b) if, after the assignment, the arrangements for servicing the credit under the agreement do not change as far as the debtor is concerned, on or before the first occasion that they do.
- (2) This section does not apply to an agreement secured on land.]

Textual Amendments

F10 S. 82A inserted (1.2.2011) by The Consumer Credit (EU Directive) Regulations 2010 (S.I. 2010/1010), regs. 36, 99(1) (with regs. 100, 101)

83 Liability for misuse of credit facilities.

(1) The debtor under a regulated consumer credit agreement shall not be liable to the creditor for any loss arising from use of the credit facility by another person not acting, or to be treated as acting, as the debtor's agent.

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(2) This section does not apply to a non-commercial agreement, or to any loss in so far as it arises from misuse of an instrument to which section 4 of the MICheques Act 1957 applies.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C2 S. 83 applied (1.11.2009) by The Payment Services Regulations 2009 (S.I. 2009/209), regs. 1(2)(c), 52(c) (with reg. 3)

Marginal Citations

M1 1957 c. 36.

84 Misuse of credit-tokens.

- (1) Section 83 does not prevent the debtor under a credit-token agreement from being made liable to the extent of [FII£50] (or the credit limit if lower) for loss to the creditor arising from use of the credit-token by other persons during a period beginning when the credit-token ceases to be in the possession of any authorised person and ending when the credit-token is once more in the possession of an authorised person.
- (2) Section 83 does not prevent the debtor under a credit-token agreement from being made liable to any extent for loss to the creditor from use of the credit-token by a person who acquired possession of it with the debtor's consent.
- (3) Subsections (1) and (2) shall not apply to any use of the credit-token after the creditor has been given oral or written notice that it is lost or stolen, or is for any other reason liable to misuse.
- (4) Subsections (1) and (2) shall not apply unless there are contained in the credit-token agreement in the prescribed manner particulars of the name, address and telephone number of a person stated to be the person to whom notice is to be given under subsection (3).
- (5) Notice under subsection (3) takes effect when received, but where it is given orally, and the agreement so requires, it shall be treated as not taking effect if not confirmed in writing within seven days.
- (6) Any sum paid by the debtor for the issue of the credit-token, to the extent (if any) that it has not been previously offset by use made of the credit-token, shall be treated as paid towards satisfaction of any liability under subsection (1) or (2).
- (7) The debtor, the creditor, and any person authorised by the debtor to use the credit-token, shall be authorised persons for the purposes of subsection (1).
- (8) Where two or more credit-tokens are given under one credit-token agreement, the preceding provisions of this section apply to each credit-token separately.

Textual Amendments

F11 Amount "£50" substituted by S.I. 1983/1571, art. 4, Sch. Pt. II (which S.I. was revoked (1.5.1998) by S.I. 1998/997, art. 2)

Duty on issue of new credit-tokens.

- (1) Whenever, in connection with a credit-token agreement, a credit-token (other than the first) is given by the creditor to the debtor, the creditor shall give the debtor a copy of the executed agreement (if any) and of any other document referred to in it.
- (2) If the creditor fails to comply with this section—
 - (a) he is not entitled, while the default continues, to enforce the agreement; and
 - (b) if the default continues for one month he commits an offence.
- (3) This section does not apply to a small agreement.

86 Death of debtor or hirer.

- (1) The creditor or owner under a regulated agreement is not entitled, by reason of the death of the debtor or hirer, to do an act specified in paragraphs (a) to (e) of section 87(1) if at the death the agreement is fully secured.
- (2) If at the death of the debtor or hirer a regulated agreement is only partly secured or is unsecured, the creditor or owner is entitled, by reason of the death of the debtor or hirer, to do an act specified in paragraphs (a) to (e) of section 87(1) on an order of the court only.
- (3) This section applies in relation to the termination of an agreement only where—
 - (a) a period for its duration is specified in the agreement, and
 - (b) that period has not ended when the creditor or owner purports to terminate the agreement,

but so applies notwithstanding that, under the agreement, any party is entitled to terminate it before the end of the period so specified.

- (4) This section does not prevent the creditor from treating the right to draw on any credit as restricted or deferred, and taking such steps as may be necessary to make the restriction or deferment effective.
- (5) This section does not affect the operation of any agreement providing for payment of sums—
 - (a) due under the regulated agreement, or
 - (b) becoming due under it on the death of the debtor or hirer,

out of the proceeds of a policy of assurance on his life.

- (6) For the purposes of this section an act is done by reason of the death of the debtor or hirer if it is done under a power conferred by the agreement which is—
 - (a) exercisable on his death, or
 - (b) exercisable at will and exercised at any time after his death.

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