

Armed Forces Act 1976

1976 CHAPTER 52

PART I

GENERAL

1^{F1}

F1 S. 1 repealed by Armed Forces Act 1981 (c. 55, SIF 7:1), ss. 1(5), 28, Sch. 5 Pt. II

Service in and constitution of forces

2 Regulations as to variation of term of service.

In section 2(1)(f) of the ^{M1} Armed Forces 1966 (regulations enabling a person to extend full-time or reserve service) after the word "extend" there shall be inserted the words "or reduce".

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C1 The text of ss. 2, 5(1), 9–12, 15, 16, 18, 20, 22(5)(6), Schs. 1, 2, and 4–10 is in the form in which it was originally enacted: it was not reproduced in Statutes in Force and, except as specified, does not reflect any amendments or repeals which may have been made prior to 1.2.1991

Marginal Citations

M1 1966 c. 45.

3 Royal Marines.

- (1) The amendments specified in Part I of Schedule 1 to this Act shall have effect for the purpose of applying certain enactments to the Royal Marines.
- (2) The amendments specified in Part II of that Schedule shall have effect for the purpose of applying certain enactments to warrant officers of the Royal Marines.

4 QARNNS and WRNS.

The amendments of the ^{M2}Naval Discipline Act 1957 specified in Schedule 2 to this Act shall have effect . . . F2

Textual AmendmentsF2 Words repealed (with saving) by Armed Forces Act 1981 (c. 55, SIF 7:1), s. 28(2), Sch. 5 Pt. I

Marginal Citations M2 1957 c. 53.

PART II

TRIAL AND PUNISHMENT OF OFFENCES

Summary punishment

^{F3}5

Textual Amendments

F3 S. 5 repealed (1.4.1997) by 1996 c. 46, s. 35(2), SCh. 7 Pt. I; S.I. 1997/304, art. 2(with art. 3)

Civilians

6 Establishment of Standing Civilian Courts.

- (1) Courts may be established for the trial outside the United Kingdom of persons (in this section and section 7 below referred to as "civilians") to whom Part II of the ^{M3}Army Act 1955 or Part II of the ^{M4}Air Force Act 1955 is applied by section 209 of either Act (including persons to whom Part II of either Act applies by virtue of section 131 (persons treated as continuing to be subject to Part II for purposes of trial and punishment of offences)).
- (2) Courts established under this section shall be known as Standing Civilian Courts.
- (3) The Secretary of State, with the approval of the Lord Chancellor, may by order direct that any area specified in the order shall be an area for which trials may be directed to be held before Standing Civilian Courts for offences committed in that area or elsewhere.

Changes to legislation: Armed Forces Act 1976 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 31 May 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- [^{F4}(3A) The Lord Chancellor may give approval to an order under subsection (3) only after consulting the relevant judges.]
 - (4) The Lord Chancellor shall appoint such number of the assistants to the Judge Advocate General appointed under section 30 of the ^{M5}Courts-Martial (Appeals) Act 1951 as he considers necessary to sit as magistrates in Standing Civilian Courts.
- [^{F5}(4A) The Lord Chancellor may make an appointment under subsection (4) only with the concurrence of the relevant judges.]
 - (5) Subject to subsections (12) and (13) below, a trial held by virtue of this section shall be before such a magistrate.
 - (6) The Secretary of State may direct such authority as appears to him to be appropriate in relation to an area for which trials may be directed to be held before Standing Civilian Courts to draw up and from time to time add to a panel of persons whom the authority considers suitable to act as assessors in trials before such courts under subsection (12) below.
 - (7) If the Secretary of State is satisfied, after consultation with the Lord Chancellor[^{F6} and the relevant judges], that there are in any area for which trials may be directed to be held before Standing Civilian Courts sufficient persons suitably qualified by training and experience to sit as members of Standing Civilian Courts, he may by order direct that subsection (13) below shall have effect in relation to trials before Standing Civilian Courts for that area.
 - (8) If an order is made under subsection (7) above, the Secretary of State, with the approval of the Lord Chancellor, shall draw up and from time to time add to a panel of persons qualified as mentioned in that subsection to sit as members of Standing Civilian Courts for the area specified in the order.
- [^{F7}(8A) The Lord Chancellor may give his approval under section (8) only with the concurrence of the relevant judges.]
 - (9) Each member of a panel under subsection (6) or (8) above shall be—
 - (a) a civilian, or
 - (b) an officer of the Royal Navy, the regular forces or the regular air force (as defined respectively in the ^{M6}Army Act 1955 and the ^{M7}Air Force Act 1955), ^{F8}...
 - (10) A person shall cease to be a member of such a panel if he ceases—
 - (a) to be a person such as is mentioned in subsection (9) above, or
 - (b) to reside in the area for which the panel is drawn up.
 - (11) The Secretary of State may, if he thinks fit, remove a member of a panel under subsection (6) or (8) above from that panel on the ground of incapacity or misbehaviour, but shall not exercise the power conferred by this subsection in relation to a member of a panel under subsection (8) above without the approval of the Lord Chancellor.
- [^{F9}(11A) The Lord Chancellor may give his approval to the removal of a member under subsection (11) only with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales.]

Changes to legislation: Armed Forces Act 1976 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 31 May 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (12) For a trial where the person, or every person to be tried was under 17 years of age at the date of the alleged commission of the offence for which he is to be tried, and in relation to which subsection (13) below does not have effect, not more than two members of the appropriate panel under subsection (6) above may sit with the magistrate as assessors.
- (13) If this subsection applies, the court for such a trial shall consist of a magistrate and not more than two members of the appropriate panel under subsection (8) above.
- (14) The magistrate for any sitting or succession of sittings of a Standing Civilian Court shall be specified by or on behalf of the Judge Advocate General.
- (15) The persons to sit as assessors or members of the court under subsection (12) or (13) above shall be specified for a trial or succession of trials by the [^{F10}court administration officer notified by the prosecuting authority that the trial or trials are] to be held.
- (16) Any power to make an order under this section shall be exercisable by statutory instrument, which shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.
- (17) Schedule 3 to this Act shall have effect.
- [^{F11}(18) References in this section to the relevant judges are references to all of the following—
 - (a) the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales;
 - (b) the Lord President of the Court of Session;
 - (c) the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland.
 - (19) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section, except his functions under subsection (11A).
 - (20) The Lord President of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session who is a member of the First or Second Division of the Inner House of that Court to exercise his functions under this section.
 - (21) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this section—
 - (a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;
 - (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act).]

Textual Amendments

- F4 S. 6(3A) inserted (3.4.2006) by Constitutional Reform Act 2005 (c. 4), s. 148(1), Sch. 4 para. 86(2);
 S.I. 2006/1014, art. 2(a), Sch. 1 para. 11(e)
- F5 S. 6(4A) inserted (3.4.2006) by Constitutional Reform Act 2005 (c. 4), s. 148(1), Sch. 4 para. 86(3);
 S.I. 2006/1014, art. 2(a), Sch. 1 para. 11(e)
- F6 Words in s. 6(7) inserted (3.4.2006) by Constitutional Reform Act 2005 (c. 4), s. 148(1), Sch. 4 para.
 86(4); S.I. 2006/1014, art. 2(a), Sch. 1 para. 11(e)
- F7 S. 6(8A) inserted (3.4.2006) by Constitutional Reform Act 2005 (c. 4), s. 148(1), Sch. 4 para. 86(5);
 S.I. 2006/1014, art. 2(a), Sch. 1 para. 11(e)
- F8 Words in s. 6(9)(b) repealed (11.5.2001) by 2001 c. 19, ss. 34, 38, Sch. 6 Pt. V para. 25, Sch. 7 Pt. VI
- F9 S. 6(11A) inserted (3.4.2006) by Constitutional Reform Act 2005 (c. 4), s. 148(1), Sch. 4 para. 86(6);
 S.I. 2006/1014, art. 2(a), Sch. 1 para. 11(e)

Changes to legislation: Armed Forces Act 1976 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 31 May 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- F10 Words in s. 6(15) substituted (1.4.1997) by 1996 c. 46, s. 5, Sch. 1 Pt. IV para. 102; S.I. 1996/304, art. 2
- F11 S. 6(18)-(21) inserted (3.4.2006) by Constitutional Reform Act 2005 (c. 4), s. 148(1), Sch. 4 para. 86(7); S.I. 2006/1014, art. 2(a), Sch. 1 para. 11(e)

Marginal Citations

M3	1955 c.	18.
M4	1955 c.	19.

- M5
- 1951 c. 46.
- M6 1955 c. 18.
- M7 1955 c. 19.

7 Jurisdiction of Standing Civilian Courts.

- (1) The offences for which a civilian may be tried by a Standing Civilian Court are offences committed outside the United Kingdom for which a court-martial may try a civilian, other than
 - any offence under section 57 of the ^{M8}Army Act 1955 or the ^{M9}Air Force Act (a) 1955 (offences in relation to courts), and
 - any offence under section 70 of either of those Acts constituted by the (b) commission of an offence which, if the person charged were alleged to have committed it in England or Wales, a magistrates' court would be unable to try.
- (2) No person may be tried by a Standing Civilian Court if he or any person jointly charged with him elects to be tried by court-martial in accordance with the provisions of this Act or of any order made under this Act.
- (4) No person shall be tried for an offence under section 70 of the ^{MI0}Army Act 1955 or section 70 of the ^{M11}Air Force Act 1955 in any case where proceedings [^{F13}on indictment] for the corresponding civil offence must be brought within a limited time, unless the trial is begun within that time.

Textual Amendments

- **F12** S. 7(3) repealed by Armed Forces Act 1986 (c. 21, SIF 7:1), ss. 7(4)(6), 16(2), Sch. 2
- F13 Words inserted by Armed Forces Act 1986 (c. 21, SIF 7:1), s. 7(5)(6)

Marginal Citations

- **M8** 1955 c. 18.
- M9 1955 c. 19.
- M10 1955 c. 18.
- M11 1955 c. 19.

Powers of courts in relation to civilians. **E+W** 8

- (1) Subject to subsection (3) below [^{F14} and to the restrictions imposed by section 71A] of the Army Act 1955 and section 71A of the Air Force Act 1955, the punishments which may be awarded by sentence of a Standing Civilian Court are
 - imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months; and

Status: Point in time view as at 03/04/2006. Changes to legislation: Armed Forces Act 1976 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 31 May 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (b) a fine not exceeding $[^{F15}\pounds 5,000]$
- (2) Such a court may award consecutive terms of imprisonment, provided that their aggregate does not exceed 12 months.
- (3) Where a person is found guilty by a Standing Civilian Court of an offence under section 70 of the Army Act 1955 or of the Air Force Act 1955 (civil offences) the court may not award a term of imprisonment or impose a fine which a magistrates' court in England or Wales could not award or impose for the corresponding civil offence.
- (4) Without prejudice to any of the other powers of a court-martial under the Army Act 1955, the Air Force Act 1955 or the ^{M12}Naval Discipline Act 1957 or of a Standing Civilian Court under this section—
 - (a) on the trial of a person to whom the Schedule inserted in the Army Act 1955 and the Air Force Act 1955 by Schedule 4 below applies, a court-martial or Standing Civilian Court shall have the powers specified in the Schedule so inserted; and
 - (b) on the trial of a person to whom that Schedule as inserted in the Naval Discipline Act 1957 by Schedule 4 below applies, a court-martial shall have the powers specified in the Schedule as so inserted.

Extent Information

E1 This version of this provision extends to England and Wales only; a separate version has been created for Scotland and Northern Ireland only.

Textual Amendments

- F14 Words in s. 8(1) substituted (1.1.1992) by Armed Forces Act 1991 (c. 62, SIF 39:1), s. 26(1), Sch. 2 para. 10; S.I. 1991/2719, art. 2
- F15 Word in s. 8(1) substituted (E.W.) (1.10.1992) by virtue of Criminal Justice Act 1991 (c. 53, SIF 39:1), s. 17(3), Sch. 4 Part I (with s. 28); S.I. 1992/333, art. 2(2), Sch.2

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C2 Power to amend s. 8(1)(*b*) conferred by Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 (c. 43, SIF 82), s. 143(1)(2)(*k*) as substituted by Criminal Justice Act 1982 (c. 48, SIF 39:1), s. 48(1)(*b*)(iii)

Marginal Citations

M12 1957 c. 53

8 Powers of courts in relation to civilians. S+N.I.

- (1) Subject to subsection (3) below [^{F19} and to the restrictions imposed by section 71A] of the Army Act 1955 and section 71A of the Air Force Act 1955, the punishments which may be awarded by sentence of a Standing Civilian Court are—
 - (a) imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months; and
 - (b) a fine not exceeding $[^{F20}\pounds2,000]$
- (2) Such a court may award consecutive terms of imprisonment, provided that their aggregate does not exceed 12 months.
- (3) Where a person is found guilty by a Standing Civilian Court of an offence under section 70 of the Army Act 1955 or of the Air Force Act 1955 (civil offences) the court

Changes to legislation: Armed Forces Act 1976 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 31 May 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

may not award a term of imprisonment or impose a fine which a magistrates' court in England or Wales could not award or impose for the corresponding civil offence.

- (4) Without prejudice to any of the other powers of a court-martial under the Army Act 1955, the Air Force Act 1955 or the ^{M31}Naval Discipline Act 1957 or of a Standing Civilian Court under this section—
 - (a) on the trial of a person to whom the Schedule inserted in the Army Act 1955 and the Air Force Act 1955 by Schedule 4 below applies, a court-martial or Standing Civilian Court shall have the powers specified in the Schedule so inserted; and
 - (b) on the trial of a person to whom that Schedule as inserted in the Naval Discipline Act 1957 by Schedule 4 below applies, a court-martial shall have the powers specified in the Schedule as so inserted.

Extent Information

E2 This version of this provision extends to Scotland and Northern Ireland only; a separate version has been created for England and Wales only.

Textual Amendments

- **F19** Words in s. 8(1) substituted (1.1.1992) by Armed Forces Act 1991 (c. 62, SIF 39:1), s. 26(1), Sch. 2, para. 10; S.I. 1991/2719, art. 2
- F20 Words substituted by virtue of Criminal Justice Act 1982 (c. 48, SIF 39:1), s. 58, Sch. 8 para. 12(1)(2) and S.I. 1984/447, art. 2(1), Sch. 1

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C13 Power to amend s. 8(1)(*b*) conferred by Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 (c. 43, SIF 82), s. 143(1)(2)(*k*) as substituted by Criminal Justice Act 1982 (c. 48, SIF 39:1), s. 48(1)(*b*)(iii)

Marginal Citations

M31 1957 c. 53

9 Constitution of courts-martial for civilians.

- (1) After paragraph (f) of section 209(3) of the Army Act 1955 and section 209(3) of the Air Force Act 1955 (modifications of Acts in relation to civilians) there shall be inserted the following paragraphs:—
 - "(fa) a court-martial for the trial of any such person as is mentioned in subsection (1) or (2) above may include in place of the corresponding number of officers—
 - (i) if it is a general court-martial constituted under section 87 above, not more than two persons who are in the service of the Crown and are persons such as are mentioned in subsection (1) or (2) above, and
 - (ii) if it is a district constituted under section 88 above, not more than one person who is in the service of the Crown and is himself a person such as is mentioned in either of those subsections,

but a person who is a member of a court-martial by virtue of this paragraph shall not be appointed the president of the court-martial;

- (fb) the reference to an officer under instruction in section 93(1) above shall include a reference to a person under instruction who is qualified for membership of courts-martial under paragraph (fa) above;"
- (2) After section 118(3) of the Naval Discipline Act 1957 there shall be inserted the following subsection:—
 - "(3A) A court-martial for the trial of any such person may include in place of the corresponding number of officers not more than two persons who are in the service of the Crown and are persons to whom this Act applies by virtue of this section, but a person who is a member of a court-martial by virtue of this subsection shall not be appointed the president of the court-martial."

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C3 The text of ss. 2, 5(1), 9–12, 15, 16, 18, 20, 22(5)(6), Schs. 1, 2, and 4–10 is in the form in which it was originally enacted: it was not reproduced in Statutes in Force and, except as specified, does not reflect any amendments or repeals which may have been made prior to 1.2.1991

Juveniles

10 Powers of courts in relation to juveniles.

 The following section shall be inserted after section 71 of the ^{M13} Army Act 1955 and section 71 of the ^{M14} Air Force Act 1955:—

"71A Juveniles.

- (1) A person under 17 years of age shall not be sentenced to imprisonment.
- (2) A person under 21 years of age shall not be sentenced to imprisonment unless the court is of opinion that no other method of dealing with him is appropriate; and for the purpose of determining whether any other method of dealing with any such person is appropriate the court shall obtain and consider information about the circumstances, and shall take into account any information before the court which is relevant to his character and his physical and mental condition.
- (3) A person convicted of murder who was under 18 years of age when the offence was committed shall not be sentenced to imprisonment for life, nor shall sentence of death be pronounced on or recorded against a person convicted of any offence who was under 18 years of age when the offence committed; but in lieu thereof the court shall (notwithstanding anything in this or any other Act) sentence him to be detained during Her Majesty's pleasure, and if so sentenced he shall be liable to be detained in such place and under such conditions as the Secretary of State may direct.
- (4) A person under 17 years of age found guilty of a civil offence (other than one the sentence for which is fixed) which is punishable by a civil court in England or Wales on indictment by, in the case of an adult, a term of imprisonment for 14 years or more, may be sentenced by the court, if it is of opinion that none of the other methods in which the case may be legally dealt with is suitable, to be detained for such period, not exceeding the maximum term of imprisonment

Changes to legislation: Armed Forces Act 1976 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 31 May 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

with which the offence is punishable by such a civil court in the case of an adult, as may be specified in the sentence; and where such a sentence has been passed, the person on whom it is passed shall during that period be liable to be detained in such place and on such conditions as the Secretary of State may direct.

- (5) A sentence of detention under subsection (3) or (4) above shall be treated for the purposes of this Part of this Act as a punishment provided by this Act involving the same degree of punishment as a sentence of imprisonment; and section 71(3) and (4) above shall apply to such a sentence of detention as they apply to a sentence of imprisonment.
- (6) A person detained pursuant to the directions of the Secretary of State under this section shall, while so detained, be deemed to be in legal custody."
- (2) The said section shall also be inserted after section 43 of the ^{MI5} Naval Discipline Act 1957, and shall have effect as section 43A of that Act but with substitution in subsection(5)—
 - (a) of the word "authorised" for the word "provided", and
 - (b) of the words "43(3) and (4)" for the words "71(3) and (4)".
- (3) Accordingly—
 - (a) in section 70(3) of the ^{M16} Army Act 1955 and section 70(3) of the Air Force Act 1955 (civil offences), there shall be inserted at the beginning the words "Subject to section 71A below,";
 - (b) in section 71(1) of each of those Acts (punishments available to courtsmartial) after the word "section" there shall be inserted the words "and section 71A below";
 - (c) in section 42(1) of the Naval Discipline Act 1957 (civil offences), after the word "shall" there shall be inserted the words "subject to section 43A below"; and
 - (d) in section 43(1) of that Act (punishments which may be awarded) after the word "section" there shall be inserted the words "and section 43A below".

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C4 The text of ss. 2, 5(1), 9–12, 15, 16, 18, 20, 22(5)(6), Schs. 1, 2, and 4–10 is in the form in which it was originally enacted: it was not reproduced in Statutes in Force and, except as specified, does not reflect any amendments or repeals which may have been made prior to 1.2.1991

Marginal Citations

- M131955 c. 18.M141955 c. 19.M151957 c. 53.
- M16 1955 c. 18.

Court-martial procedure

11 Proof at courts-martial by written statement.

The amendments specified in Schedule 5 to this Act shall have effect for the purpose of rendering admissible as evidence at courts-martial under the Army Act 1955 and

Changes to legislation: Armed Forces Act 1976 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 31 May 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

the Air Force Act 1955 written statements made by the persons mentioned in that Schedule.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C5 The text of ss. 2, 5(1), 9–12, 15, 16, 18, 20, 22(5)(6), Schs. 1, 2, and 4–10 is in the form in which it was originally enacted: it was not reproduced in Statutes in Force and, except as specified, does not reflect any amendments or repeals which may have been made prior to 1.2.1991

12 Exemption of certain persons from duty to take oath at court-martial.

- (1) In section 93(1) of the Army Act 1955 and section 93(1) of the Air Force Act 1955 (administration of oaths):—
 - (a) after the word "person" there shall be inserted the words ", other than an exempted person,"; and
 - (b) the words "shorthand writer" shall cease to have effect.
- (2) The following subsection shall be added after each of those subsections:-
 - "(1A) In subsection (1) above "exempted person" means any person appointed under section 30 of the Courts-Martial (Appeals) Act 1951 (assistants to Judge Advocate General) who is acting as judge advocate at the court-martial and was appointed so to act either by or on behalf of the Judge Advocate General or by the convening officer."
- (3) In section 60(1) of the ^{M17} Naval Discipline Act 1957 (administration of oaths) the words "for the purpose of reporting or transcribing the proceedings or" shall cease to have effect.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C6 The text of ss. 2, 5(1), 9–12, 15, 16, 18, 20, 22(5)(6), Schs. 1, 2, and 4–10 is in the form in which it was originally enacted: it was not reproduced in Statutes in Force and, except as specified, does not reflect any amendments or repeals which may have been made prior to 1.2.1991

Marginal Citations M17 1957 c. 53.

Powers of court-martial etc.

13 Imprisonment in default of payment of fines.

The amendments specified in Schedule 6 to this Act shall have effect for the purpose of enabling a court-martial which imposes a fine on a person convicted of an offence under the ^{M18}Army Act 1955, the ^{M19}Air Force Act 1955 or the ^{M20}Naval Discipline Act 1957 to impose, in certain circumstances, a term of imprisonment . . . ^{F16} in default of payment of that fine.

F16 Words repealed by Criminal Justice Act 1982 (c. 48, SIF 39:1), s. 78, Sch. 16

Changes to legislation: Armed Forces Act 1976 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 31 May 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Marginal Citations

M18 1955 c. 18.

M19 1955 c. 19. M20 1957 c. 53.

14 **Restitution and compensation.**

The amendments specified in Schedule 7 to this Act shall have effect for the purpose of enabling orders for restitution or compensation under the Army Act 1955, the Air Force Act 1955 and the Naval Discipline Act 1957 to be made in relation to offences taken into consideration and of removing the limit on the amount of compensation imposed by section 76 of the said Act of 1957.

Naval Offences

15 Territorial scope of certain offences.

- (1) In sections 93 and 94 of the Naval Discipline Act 1957 (offences by civilians of spying and seduction from duty in ships or naval establishments outside her Majesty's Dominions) for the words "Her Majesty's Dominions" there shall be substituted the words "the United Kingdom and Colonies".
- (2) In sections 96, 97(1) and 98(1) of that Act (offences relating to desertion etc. and to purchase of naval property) for the words "Her Majesty's Dominions" there shall be substituted the words "the United Kingdom".

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C7 The text of ss. 2, 5(1), 9–12, 15, 16, 18, 20, 22(5)(6), Schs. 1, 2, and 4–10 is in the form in which it was originally enacted: it was not reproduced in Statutes in Force and, except as specified, does not reflect any amendments or repeals which may have been made prior to 1.2.1991

Powers of civil courts

16 Enforcement by civil courts of financial penalties awarded under Services Acts.

Schedule 8 to this Act shall have effect for the purpose of enabling financial penalties awarded under the Army Act 1955, the Air Force Act 1955 and the Naval Discipline Act 1957 to be enforced by certain civil courts in the United Kingdom.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C8 The text of ss. 2, 5(1), 9–12, 15, 16, 18, 20, 22(5)(6), Schs. 1, 2, and 4–10 is in the form in which it was originally enacted: it was not reproduced in Statutes in Force and, except as specified, does not reflect any amendments or repeals which may have been made prior to 1.2.1991

Changes to legislation: Armed Forces Act 1976 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 31 May 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Rehabilitation

^{F17}17

Textual Amendments F17 S. 17 repealed (1.10.1996) by 1996 c. 46, s. 35(2), Sch. 7 Pt. III; S.I. 1996/2474, art. 2, Sch.

PART III

MISCELLANEOUS AND SUPPLEMENTARY

18 Deductions for maintenance of children.

- (1) In subsections (1) and (5) of section 151 of the Army Act 1955 and in subsections (1) and (5) of section 151 of the Air Force Act 1955 (power to order deductions from pay for maintenance of wife or child, qualified, in relation to children, by reference to the age of sixteen) for the word "sixteen" wherever it occurs, there shall be substituted the word "seventeen".
- (2) In subsection (1) of each of those sections after the word "seventeen" inserted by subsection (1) above there shall be inserted the words "or that such a child in his is in care".
- (3) The following subsection shall be added after each of those subsections:—
 - "(1A) A child is in care for the purposes of this section at any time when by virtue of any enactment (including an enactment of the Parliament of Northern Ireland or a Measure of the Northern Ireland Assembly)—
 - (a) he is in the care of a local authority in England or Wales; or
 - (b) he is subject to a supervision requirement to which Part VI of the Social Work (Scotland) Act 1968 applies; or
 - (c) he is in the care—
 - (i) of the managers of a training school in Northern Ireland, or
 - (ii) of a fit person in Northern Ireland, or
 - (iii) of the Department of Health and Social Services for Northern Ireland."

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C9 The text of ss. 2, 5(1), 9–12, 15, 16, 18, 20, 22(5)(6), Schs. 1, 2, and 4–10 is in the form in which it was originally enacted: it was not reproduced in Statutes in Force and, except as specified, does not reflect any amendments or repeals which may have been made prior to 1.2.1991

19 Deductions from RAF pensions

Nothing in section 144(2) of the ^{M21}Air Force Act 1955 (penal deductions) shall apply to deductions from pensions; and accordingly, after the word "deduction", in the first

Changes to legislation: Armed Forces Act 1976 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 31 May 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

place where it occurs in that subsection, there shall be inserted the words "from such pay".

Marginal Citations M21 1955 c. 19.

20 Disqualification of members of forces for House of Commons and Northern Ireland Assembly.

In section 1 of the ^{M22} House of Commons Disqualification Act 1975 and section 1 of the ^{M23} Northern Ireland Assembly Disqualification Act 1975 (each of which disqualifies holders of certain offices and places)—

- (a) the words "or the Ulster Defence Regiment" shall be added at the end of subsection (1)(c), and
- (b) the following definition shall be substituted for the definition of "regular armed forces of the Crown" in subsection (3) of the former section and subsection (3) of the former section and subsection (2) of the latter, namely " "regular armed forces of the Crown" means the Royal Navy, the regular forces as defined by section 225 of the Army Act 1955, the regular air force as defined by section 223 of the Air Force Act 1955, Queen Alexandra's Royal Naval Nursing Service and the Women's Royal Naval Service. "

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C10 The text of ss. 2, 5(1), 9–12, 15, 16, 18, 20, 22(5)(6), Schs. 1, 2, and 4–10 is in the form in which it was originally enacted: it was not reproduced in Statutes in Force and, except as specified, does not reflect any amendments or repeals which may have been made prior to 1.2.1991

Marginal Citations

M22 1975 c. 24.

M23 1975 c. 25.

21 Greenwich Hospital.

- (1) The Secretary of State shall continue to apply the income of the Travers Foundation property, after deducting the necessary and proper expenses of management, in granting such pensions to qualified officers, and under such conditions, as Her Majesty may from time to time by Order in Council direct; and all such pensions shall continue to be distinguished as Travers pensions.
- (2) Subject to subsection (1) above, the Secretary of State shall apply the income of the Travers Foundation property for the general purposes of the Greenwich Hospital Acts 1865 to 1967.
- (3) The ^{M24}Greenwich Hospital Acts 1865 to 1967 shall have effect as if the said property were property which vested in the Admiralty by virtue of the Greenwich Hospital Act 1865, and the capital and revenue of the property were capital and revenue of Greenwich Hospital, except that the accounts of the property shall be kept distinct from the general accounts of Greenwich Hospital, and be shown separately in any statement rendered to Parliament under the Greenwich Hospital Acts 1865 to 1967.

Changes to legislation: Armed Forces Act 1976 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 31 May 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (4) The rents and profits of the lands which vested in the Admiralty by virtue of the Greenwich Hospital Act 1865 and the ^{M25}Naval Knights of Windsor (Dissolution) Act 1892 shall continue to be paid, either with or without deductions of the necessary and proper expenses of management of those lands, and of other necessary and proper outgoings in respect of them, into the Bank of England to the cash account of Her Majesty's Paymaster General, who shall carry them to the Greenwich Hospital Income Account and to the account mentioned in subsection (3) above respectively.
- (5) In this section—

"qualified officers" means retired officers of the rank of lieutenant in the [^{F18}Royal Navy], or officers of the [^{F18}Royal Navy] who have retired from the active list of lieutenants with the rank of commander in the [^{F18}Royal Navy]; and

"the Travers Foundation property" means the property which was transferred to the Admiralty by the Naval Knights of Windsor (Dissolution) Act 1892 and from them to the Secretary of State by the ^{M26}Defence (Transfer of Functions) Act 1964.

Textual Amendments

F18 Words substituted by Armed Forces Act 1981 (c. 55, SIF 7:1), s. 20, Sch. 3 Pt. II para. 10

Marginal Citations

M241865 c. 89.M251892 c. 34.M261964 c. 15.

22 Citation etc.

- (1) This Act may be cited as the Armed Forces Act 1976.
- (2) Section 21 above may be cited together with the Greenwich Hospital Acts 1865 to 1967 as the Greenwich Hospital Acts 1865 to 1976.
- (3) Except so far as the context otherwise requires, any reference in this Act to any other enactment is a reference to that enactment as amended by or under any subsequent enactment, including an enactment contained in this Act.
- (4) Any power to make an order conferred by any provision of this Act shall include power to make an order varying or revoking any order previously made under that provision.
- (5) The minor and consequential amendments specified in Schedule 9 to this Act shall have effect.
- (6) The enactments specified in Schedule 10 to this Act (which include enactments which were obsolete or unnecessary before the passing of this Act) are repealed to the extent specified in the third column of that Schedule.
- (7) The following provisions of this Act shall come into force on the day this Act is passed, namely
 - section 1; section 10; section 17(1);

Changes to legislation: Armed Forces Act 1976 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 31 May 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

section 20(a); section 21; subsections (1) to (4) and (7) to (9) of this section; subsection (5) of this section so far as it relates to paragraphs 4, 11 and 20(2), (4) and (5) of Schedule 9; and subsection (6) of this section so far as it relates to the repeal of the following, namely the ^{M27}Naval Knights of Windsor (Dissolution) Act 1892, section 1 of the ^{M28}Armed Forces Act 1971, section 10(4) of the ^{M29}House of Commons Disqualification Act 1975, and section 5(3) of the ^{M30}Northern Ireland Assembly Disqualification Act 1975.

- (8) Subject to subsection (7) above, this Act shall come into force on such day as the Secretary of State may by order made by statutory instrument appoint.
- (9) An order under subsection (8) above—
 - (a) may appoint different days for different provisions and for different purposes; and
 - (b) may make savings from the effect of any provision which it brings into force.

Subordinate Legislation Made

- P1 S. 22: powers previously exercised see Index to Government Orders
- P2 S. 22(4): s. 6(3) (with s. 22(4)) power exercised by S.I.1991/2788

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- **C11** The text of ss. 2, 5(1), 9–12, 15, 16, 18, 20, 22(5)(6), Schs. 1, 2, and 4–10 is in the form in which it was originally enacted: it was not reproduced in Statutes in Force and, except as specified, does not reflect any amendments or repeals which may have been made prior to 1.2.1991
- C12 Power of appointment fully exercised: 1.7.1977 appointed by S.I. 1977/897

Marginal Citations

- **M27** 1892 c. 34.
- **M28** 1971 c. 33.
- **M29** 1975 c. 24.
- **M30** 1975 c. 25.

Status:

Point in time view as at 03/04/2006.

Changes to legislation:

Armed Forces Act 1976 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 31 May 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations.