



Animals (Scientific Procedures) Act 1986

1986 CHAPTER 14

Preliminary

1 Protected animals.

- (1) Subject to the provisions of this section, “a protected animal” for the purposes of this Act means any living vertebrate other than man.
- (2) Any such vertebrate in its foetal, larval or embryonic form is a protected animal only from the stage of its development when—
 - (a) in the case of a mammal, bird or reptile, half the gestation or incubation period for the relevant species has elapsed; and
 - (b) in any other case, it becomes capable of independent feeding.
- (3) The Secretary of State may by order—
 - (a) extend the definition of protected animal so as to include invertebrates of any description;
 - (b) alter the stage of development specified in subsection (2) above;
 - (c) make provision in lieu of subsection (2) above as respects any animal which becomes a protected animal by virtue of an order under paragraph (a) above.
- (4) For the purposes of this section an animal shall be regarded as continuing to live until the permanent cessation of circulation or the destruction of its brain.
- (5) In this section “vertebrate” means any animal of the Sub-phylum Vertebrata of the Phylum Chordata and “invertebrate” means any animal not of that Sub-phylum.

Extent Information

- E1** In its application to Northern Ireland, this section has effect subject to the modifications set out in s. 29, see s. 29(1)

Status:

Point in time view as at 05/09/1998. This version of this provision has been superseded.

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the *Animals (Scientific Procedures) Act 1986*, Section 1.