



# Insolvency Act 1986

## 1986 CHAPTER 45

### PART IX

#### BANKRUPTCY

#### CHAPTER I

#### BANKRUPTCY PETITIONS; BANKRUPTCY ORDERS

##### *Preliminary*

#### **264 Who may present a bankruptcy petition.**

- (1) A petition for a bankruptcy order to be made against an individual may be presented to the court in accordance with the following provisions of this Part—
  - (a) by one of the individual's creditors or jointly by more than one of them,
  - (b) by the individual himself,
  - [<sup>F1</sup>(ba) by a temporary administrator (within the meaning of Article 38 of the EC Regulation),
  - (bb) by a liquidator (within the meaning of Article 2(b) of the EC Regulation) appointed in proceedings by virtue of Article 3(1) of the EC Regulation,]
  - (c) by the supervisor of, or any person (other than the individual) who is for the time being bound by, a voluntary arrangement proposed by the individual and approved under Part VIII, or
  - (d) where a criminal bankruptcy order has been made against the individual, by the Official Petitioner or by any person specified in the order in pursuance of section 39(3)(b) of the <sup>M1</sup>Powers of Criminal Courts Act 1973.
- (2) Subject to those provisions, the court may make a bankruptcy order on any such petition.

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#### Textual Amendments

**F1** S. 264(1)(ba)(bb) inserted (31.5.2002) by [S.I. 2002/1240, reg. 13](#)

#### Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C1** S. 264 applied (with modifications) (1.12.1994) by [S.I. 1994/2421, art. 10\(1\)\(a\)\(6\)](#), [Sch. 4 Pts. I, II paras. 1, 8, Sch. 6 para. 2](#) (as amended (1.7.2005) by [S.I. 2005/1516, art. 5\(b\)](#))
- C2** S. 264 modified (1.12.1994) by [S.I. 1994/2421, art. 11\(2\)\(3\)](#), [Sch. 7 para. 2](#) (as amended (1.12.2001) by [S.I. 2001/3649, art. 469](#))
- C3** S. 264 amended (20.7.2001 for certain purposes and otherwise 1.12.2001) by [2000 c. 8, s. 372\(1\)](#); [S.I. 2001/2632, art. 2, Sch. Pt. I](#); [S.I. 2001/3538, art. 2\(1\)](#)

#### Marginal Citations

**M1** [1973 c. 62.](#)

### 265 Conditions to be satisfied in respect of debtor.

- (1) A bankruptcy petition shall not be presented to the court under section 264(1)(a) or (b) unless the debtor—
- (a) is domiciled in England and Wales,
  - (b) is personally present in England and Wales on the day on which the petition is presented, or
  - (c) at any time in the period of 3 years ending with that day—
    - (i) has been ordinarily resident, or has had a place of residence, in England and Wales, or
    - (ii) has carried on business in England and Wales.
- (2) The reference in subsection (1)(c) to an individual carrying on business includes—
- (a) the carrying on of business by a firm or partnership of which the individual is a member, and
  - (b) the carrying on of business by an agent or manager for the individual or for such a firm or partnership.

[<sup>F2</sup>(3) This section is subject to Article 3 of the EC Regulation.]

#### Textual Amendments

**F2** S. 265(3) inserted (31.5.2002) by [S.I. 2002/1240, reg. 14](#)

#### Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C4** S. 265 applied (with modifications) (1.12.1994) by [S.I. 1994/2421, arts. 8\(3\)\(9\), 10\(1\)\(a\)](#), [Sch. 4 Pt. II para. 5, Sch. 6](#)
- C5** S. 265 modified (1.12.1994) by [S.I. 1994/2421, art. 11\(2\)\(3\)](#), [Sch. 7 para. 3](#)

### 266 Other preliminary conditions.

- (1) Where a bankruptcy petition relating to an individual is presented by a person who is entitled to present a petition under two or more paragraphs of section 264(1), the petition is to be treated for the purposes of this Part as a petition under such one of those paragraphs as may be specified in the petition.

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- (2) A bankruptcy petition shall not be withdrawn without the leave of the court.
- (3) The court has a general power, if it appears to it appropriate to do so on the grounds that there has been a contravention of the rules or for any other reason, to dismiss a bankruptcy petition or to stay proceedings on such a petition; and, where it stays proceedings on a petition, it may do so on such terms and conditions as it thinks fit.
- [<sup>F3</sup>(4) Without prejudice to subsection (3), where a petition under section 264(1)(a), (b) or (c) in respect of an individual is pending at a time when a criminal bankruptcy order is made against him, or is presented after such an order has been so made, the court may on the application of the Official Petitioner dismiss the petition if it appears to it appropriate to do so.]

#### Textual Amendments

**F3** S. 266(4) repealed (*prosp.*) by [Criminal Justice Act 1988 \(c. 33, SIF 39:1\)](#), ss. 123, 170, 171, [Sch. 8 para. 16](#), [Sch. 16](#)

#### Modifications etc. (not altering text)

**C6** S. 266 applied with modifications by [S.I. 1986/1999, art. 3](#), [Sch. 1 Pt. II](#) (as amended (31.5.2002) by [S.I. 2002/1309, art. 3\(2\)\(4\)](#))

**C7** S. 266 modified (1.12.1994) by [S.I. 1994/2421, art. 11\(2\)\(3\)](#), [Sch. 7 para. 4](#)

### *Creditor's petition*

#### **267 Grounds of creditor's petition.**

- (1) A creditor's petition must be in respect of one or more debts owed by the debtor, and the petitioning creditor or each of the petitioning creditors must be a person to whom the debt or (as the case may be) at least one of the debts is owed.
- (2) Subject to the next three sections, a creditor's petition may be presented to the court in respect of a debt or debts only if, at the time the petition is presented—
- the amount of the debt, or the aggregate amount of the debts, is equal to or exceeds the bankruptcy level,
  - the debt, or each of the debts, is for a liquidated sum payable to the petitioning creditor, or one or more of the petitioning creditors, either immediately or at some certain, future time, and is unsecured,
  - the debt, or each of the debts, is a debt which the debtor appears either to be unable to pay or to have no reasonable prospect of being able to pay, and
  - there is no outstanding application to set aside a statutory demand served (under section 268 below) in respect of the debt or any of the debts.
- [<sup>F4</sup>(3) A debt is not to be regarded for the purposes of subsection (2) as a debt for a liquidated sum by reason only that the amount of the debt is specified in a criminal bankruptcy order.]
- (4) "The bankruptcy level" is £750 but the Secretary of State may by order in a statutory instrument substitute any amount specified in the order for that amount or (as the case may be) for the amount which by virtue of such an order is for the time being the amount of the bankruptcy level.

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- (5) An order shall not be made under subsection (4) unless a draft of it has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, each House of Parliament.

#### Textual Amendments

- F4** S. 267(3) repealed (*prosp.*) by [Criminal Justice Act 1988 \(c. 33, SIF 39:1\)](#), ss. 123, 170, 171, [Sch. 8 para. 16](#), [Sch. 16](#)

#### Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C8** S. 267 applied with modifications by [S.I. 1986/1999](#), art. 3, [Sch. 1 Pt. II](#)  
 S. 267 extended (1.4.1992) by [S.I. 1992/613](#), [reg. 49\(1\)](#)  
 S. 267: power to modify conferred (6.3.1992) by [Local Government Finance Act 1992 \(c. 14\)](#), s. 14(3), [Sch. 4 para. 9\(1\)](#) (with s. 118(1)(2)(4))
- C9** S. 267 modified by [S.I. 1989/1058](#), [reg. 18\(1\)](#)
- C10** S. 267 modified by [S.I. 1989/438](#), [reg. 43\(1\)](#)
- C11** S. 267 power to amend conferred by [Local Government Finance Act 1988 \(c. 41, SIF 81:1\)](#), s. 22, [Sch. 4 para. 9\(1\)](#)
- C12** S. 267 applied (with modifications) (1.12.1994) by [S.I. 1994/2421](#), art. 8(3)(9), [Sch. 4 Pt. II para. 6\(b\)](#)
- C13** S. 267 modified (6.4.2010) by [The Community Infrastructure Levy Regulations 2010 \(S.I. 2010/948\)](#), [reg. 105\(1\)](#)

## 268 Definition of “inability to pay”, etc.; the statutory demand.

- (1) For the purposes of section 267(2)(c), the debtor appears to be unable to pay a debt if, but only if, the debt is payable immediately and either—
- (a) the petitioning creditor to whom the debt is owed has served on the debtor a demand (known as “the statutory demand”) in the prescribed form requiring him to pay the debt or to secure or compound for it to the satisfaction of the creditor, at least 3 weeks have elapsed since the demand was served and the demand has been neither complied with nor set aside in accordance with the rules, or
  - (b) execution or other process issued in respect of the debt on a judgment or order of any court in favour of the petitioning creditor, or one or more of the petitioning creditors to whom the debt is owed, has been returned unsatisfied in whole or in part.
- (2) For the purposes of section 267(2)(c) the debtor appears to have no reasonable prospect of being able to pay a debt if, but only if, the debt is not immediately payable and—
- (a) the petitioning creditor to whom it is owed has served on the debtor a demand (also known as “the statutory demand”) in the prescribed form requiring him to establish to the satisfaction of the creditor that there is a reasonable prospect that the debtor will be able to pay the debt when it falls due,
  - (b) at least 3 weeks have elapsed since the demand was served, and
  - (c) the demand has been neither complied with nor set aside in accordance with the rules.

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**Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

**C14** S. 268 applied (with modifications) (1.12.1994) by [S.I. 1994/2421](#), [art. 8\(3\)\(9\)](#), [Sch. 4 Pt. II para. 7\(b\)](#)

**269 Creditor with security.**

- (1) A debt which is the debt, or one of the debts, in respect of which a creditor's petition is presented need not be unsecured if either—
  - (a) the petition contains a statement by the person having the right to enforce the security that he is willing, in the event of a bankruptcy order being made, to give up his security for the benefit of all the bankrupt's creditors, or
  - (b) the petition is expressed not to be made in respect of the secured part of the debt and contains a statement by that person of the estimated value at the date of the petition of the security for the secured part of the debt.
- (2) In a case falling within subsection (1)(b) the secured and unsecured parts of the debt are to be treated for the purposes of sections 267 to 270 as separate debts.

**Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

**C15** S. 269 applied with modifications by [S.I. 1986/1999](#), [art. 3](#), [Sch. 1 Pt. II](#)

**270 Expedited petition.**

In the case of a creditor's petition presented wholly or partly in respect of a debt which is the subject of a statutory demand under section 268, the petition may be presented before the end of the 3-week period there mentioned if there is a serious possibility that the debtor's property or the value of any of his property will be significantly diminished during that period and the petition contains a statement to that effect.

**271 Proceedings on creditor's petition.**

- (1) The court shall not make a bankruptcy order on a creditor's petition unless it is satisfied that the debt, or one of the debts, in respect of which the petition was presented is either—
  - (a) a debt which, having been payable at the date of the petition or having since become payable, has been neither paid nor secured or compounded for, or
  - (b) a debt which the debtor has no reasonable prospect of being able to pay when it falls due.
- (2) In a case in which the petition contains such a statement as is required by section 270, the court shall not make a bankruptcy order until at least 3 weeks have elapsed since the service of any statutory demand under section 268.
- (3) The court may dismiss the petition if it is satisfied that the debtor is able to pay all his debts or is satisfied—
  - (a) that the debtor has made an offer to secure or compound for a debt in respect of which the petition is presented,

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- (b) that the acceptance of that offer would have required the dismissal of the petition, and
- (c) that the offer has been unreasonably refused;

and, in determining for the purposes of this subsection whether the debtor is able to pay all his debts, the court shall take into account his contingent and prospective liabilities.

- (4) In determining for the purposes of this section what constitutes a reasonable prospect that a debtor will be able to pay a debt when it falls due, it is to be assumed that the prospect given by the facts and other matters known to the creditor at the time he entered into the transaction resulting in the debt was a reasonable prospect.
- (5) Nothing in sections 267 to 271 prejudices the power of the court, in accordance with the rules, to authorise a creditor's petition to be amended by the omission of any creditor or debt and to be proceeded with as if things done for the purposes of those sections had been done only by or in relation to the remaining creditors or debts.

**Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

**C16** S. 271 applied with modifications by S.I. 1986/1999, art. 3, Sch. 1 Pt. II

**C17** S. 271 applied (with modifications) (1.12.1994) by S.I. 1994/2421, arts. 8(3)(9), 10(1)(a), Sch. 4 Pt. II para. 9, Sch. 6 para. 3

*Debtor's petition*

**272 Grounds of debtor's petition.**

- (1) A debtor's petition may be presented to the court only on the grounds that the debtor is unable to pay his debts.
- (2) The petition shall be accompanied by a statement of the debtor's affairs containing—
  - (a) such particulars of the debtor's creditors and of his debts and other liabilities and of his assets as may be prescribed, and
  - (b) such other information as may be prescribed.

**Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

**C18** S. 272 applied (with modifications) by S.I. 1986/2142 (made under the power in S. 420 of the Act to apply provisions of the Act in relation to insolvent partnerships), art. 13(5) (with arts. 1 and 15) which provides (E.W.) that for s. 272 of the Act there is substituted the following: "272. A joint debtors' petition in Form 8 in Schedule 3 to the Insolvent Partnerships Order 1986 may be presented to the court by individual members only on the grounds that the partnership is unable to pay its debts."

**C19** S. 272 applied (with modifications) (1.12.1994) by S.I. 1994/2421, art. 10(1)(a)(6), Sch. 6 para. 2 (as amended (1.7.2005) by S.I. 2005/1516, art. 5(b))

**C20** S. 272 modified (1.12.1994) by S.I. 1994/2421, art. 11(2)(3), Sch. 7 para. 5

**C21** S. 272(1) applied (with modifications) by S.I. 1986/1999, art. 3, Sch. 1 Pt. II

**273 Appointment of insolvency practitioner by the court.**

- (1) Subject to the next section, on the hearing of a debtor's petition the court shall not make a bankruptcy order if it appears to the court—

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- (a) that if a bankruptcy order were made the aggregate amount of the bankruptcy debts, so far as unsecured, would be less than the small bankruptcies level,
- (b) that if a bankruptcy order were made, the value of the bankrupt's estate would be equal to or more than the minimum amount,
- (c) that within the period of 5 years ending with the presentation of the petition the debtor has neither been adjudged bankrupt nor made a composition with his creditors in satisfaction of his debts or a scheme of arrangement of his affairs, and
- (d) that it would be appropriate to appoint a person to prepare a report under section 274.

“The minimum amount” and “the small bankruptcies level” means such amounts as may for the time being be prescribed for the purposes of this section.

- (2) Where on the hearing of the petition, it appears to the court as mentioned in subsection (1), the court shall appoint a person who is qualified to act as an insolvency practitioner in relation to the debtor—
  - (a) to prepare a report under the next section, and
  - (b) subject to section 258(3) in Part VIII, to act in relation to any voluntary arrangement to which the report relates either as trustee or otherwise for the purpose of supervising its implementation.

**Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

**C22** S. 273 applied with modifications by [S.I. 1986/1999, art. 3, Sch. 1 Pt. II](#)

**274 Action on report of insolvency practitioner.**

- (1) A person appointed under section 273 shall inquire into the debtor's affairs and, within such period as the court may direct, shall submit a report to the court stating whether the debtor is willing, for the purposes of Part VIII, to make a proposal for a voluntary arrangement.
- (2) A report which states that the debtor is willing as above mentioned shall also state—
  - (a) whether, in the opinion of the person making the report, a meeting of the debtor's creditors should be summoned to consider the proposal, and
  - (b) if in that person's opinion such a meeting should be summoned, the date on which, and time and place at which, he proposes the meeting should be held.
- (3) On considering a report under this section the court may—
  - (a) without any application, make an interim order under section 252, if it thinks that it is appropriate to do so for the purposes of facilitating the consideration and implementation of the debtor's proposal, or
  - (b) if it thinks it would be inappropriate to make such an order, make a bankruptcy order.
- (4) An interim order made by virtue of this section ceases to have effect at the end of such period as the court may specify for the purpose of enabling the debtor's proposal to be considered by his creditors in accordance with the applicable provisions of Part VIII.
- (5) Where it has been reported to the court under this section that a meeting of the debtor's creditors should be summoned, the person making the report shall, unless the court

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otherwise directs, summon that meeting for the time, date and place proposed in his report.

The meeting is then deemed to have been summoned under section 257 in Part VIII, and subsections (2) and (3) of that section, and sections 258 to 263 apply accordingly.

VALID FROM 24/02/2009

### **[<sup>F5</sup>274A Debtor who meets conditions for a debt relief order**

- (1) This section applies where, on the hearing of a debtor's petition—
  - (a) it appears to the court that a debt relief order would be made in relation to the debtor if, instead of presenting the petition, he had made an application under Part 7A; and
  - (b) the court does not appoint an insolvency practitioner under section 273.
- (2) If the court thinks it would be in the debtor's interests to apply for a debt relief order instead of proceeding on the petition, the court may refer the debtor to an approved intermediary (within the meaning of Part 7A) for the purposes of making an application for a debt relief order.
- (3) Where a reference is made under subsection (2) the court shall stay proceedings on the petition on such terms and conditions as it thinks fit; but if following the reference a debt relief order is made in relation to the debtor the court shall dismiss the petition.]

#### **Textual Amendments**

- F5** S. 274A inserted (24.2.2009 for certain purposes otherwise 6.4.2009) by [Tribunals, Courts and Enforcement Act 2007 \(c.15\)](#), ss. 108(3), 148(5), [Sch. 20 para. 3](#); S.I. 2009/382, [art. 2](#)

### **275 Summary administration.**

<sup>F6</sup> .....

#### **Textual Amendments**

- F6** S. 275 repealed (1.4.2004) by [2002 c. 40](#), ss. 269, 278, 279, [Sch. 23 para. 2](#), [Sch. 26](#) (with s. 249(6)); S.I. 2003/2093, [art. 2\(2\)](#), [Sch. 2](#) (subject to arts. 3-8 (as amended by S.I. 2003/2332, art. 2))

*Other cases for special consideration*

### **276 Default in connection with voluntary arrangement.**

- (1) The court shall not make a bankruptcy order on a petition under section 264(1)(c) (supervisor of, or person bound by, voluntary arrangement proposed and approved) unless it is satisfied—
  - (a) that the debtor has failed to comply with his obligations under the voluntary arrangement, or



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- (b) that information which was false or misleading in any material particular or which contained material omissions—
    - (i) was contained in any statement of affairs or other document supplied by the debtor under Part VIII to any person, or
    - (ii) was otherwise made available by the debtor to his creditors at or in connection with a meeting summoned under that Part, or
  - (c) that the debtor has failed to do all such things as may for the purposes of the voluntary arrangement have been reasonably required of him by the supervisor of the arrangement.
- (2) Where a bankruptcy order is made on a petition under section 264(1)(c), any expenses properly incurred as expenses of the administration of the voluntary arrangement in question shall be a first charge on the bankrupt's estate.

**Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

**C23** S.276(2) applied with modifications by [S.I. 1986/1999, art. 3, Sch. 1 Pt. II](#)

**277 Petition based on criminal bankruptcy order.**

- (1) Subject to section 266(3), the court shall make a bankruptcy order on a petition under section 264(1)(d) on production of a copy of the criminal bankruptcy order on which the petition is based.

This does not apply if it appears to the court that the criminal bankruptcy order has been rescinded on appeal.

- (2) Subject to the provisions of this Part, the fact that an appeal is pending against any conviction by virtue of which a criminal bankruptcy order was made does not affect any proceedings on a petition under section 264(1)(d) based on that order.
- (3) For the purposes of this section, an appeal against a conviction is pending—
- (a) in any case, until the expiration of the period of 28 days beginning with the date of conviction;
  - (b) if notice of appeal to the Court of Appeal is given during that period and during that period the appellant notifies the official receiver of it, until the determination of the appeal and thereafter for so long as an appeal to the House of Lords is pending within the meaning of section 40(5) of the <sup>M2</sup>Powers of Criminal Courts Act 1973.

**Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

**C24** S. 277 applied (with modifications) by [S.I. 1986/1999, art. 3, Sch. 1 Pt. II](#)

**Marginal Citations**

**M2** 1973 c. 62.

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### Commencement and duration of bankruptcy; discharge

#### 278 Commencement and continuance.

- The bankruptcy of an individual against whom a bankruptcy order has been made—
- (a) commences with the day on which the order is made, and
  - (b) continues until the individual is discharged under the following provisions of this Chapter.

#### Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C25** S. 278 applied with modifications by S.I. 1986/1999, art. 3, **Sch. 1 Pt. II**  
 S. 278 applied (7.2.1994) by 1993 c. 48, **s. 144(4)(a)(ii)** (with s. 6(8)); S.I. 1994/86, **art. 2**

#### [<sup>F7</sup>279 Duration

- (1) A bankrupt is discharged from bankruptcy at the end of the period of one year beginning with the date on which the bankruptcy commences.
- (2) If before the end of that period the official receiver files with the court a notice stating that investigation of the conduct and affairs of the bankrupt under section 289 is unnecessary or concluded, the bankrupt is discharged when the notice is filed.
- (3) On the application of the official receiver or the trustee of a bankrupt's estate, the court may order that the period specified in subsection (1) shall cease to run until—
  - (a) the end of a specified period, or
  - (b) the fulfilment of a specified condition.
- (4) The court may make an order under subsection (3) only if satisfied that the bankrupt has failed or is failing to comply with an obligation under this Part.
- (5) In subsection (3)(b) "condition" includes a condition requiring that the court be satisfied of something.
- (6) In the case of an individual who is adjudged bankrupt on a petition under section 264(1)(d)—
  - (a) subsections (1) to (5) shall not apply, and
  - (b) the bankrupt is discharged from bankruptcy by an order of the court under section 280.
- (7) This section is without prejudice to any power of the court to annul a bankruptcy order.]

#### Textual Amendments

- F7** S. 279 substituted (1.4.2004) by 2002 c. 40, ss. 256, 279 (with s. 249(6), Sch. 19); S.I. 2003/2093, **art. 2(2), Sch. 2** (subject to arts. 3-8 (as amended by S.I. 2003/2332, art. 2))

#### Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C26** S. 279 excluded (1.4.2004) by 2002 c. 40, ss. 256(2), 279, Sch. 19 para. 3 (with s. 249(6)); S.I. 2003/2093, **art. 2(2), Sch. 2** (subject to arts. 3-8 (as amended by S.I. 2003/2332, art. 2))

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**C27** S. 279(3)-(5) applied (1.4.2004) by 2002 c. 40, ss. 256(2), 279, Sch. 19 paras. 4(3), 5(5) (with s. 249(6)); S.I. 2003/2093, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 (subject to arts. 3-8 (as amended by S.I. 2003/2332, art. 2))

## 280 Discharge by order of the court.

- (1) An application for an order of the court discharging an individual from bankruptcy in a case falling within [F8 section 279(6)] may be made by the bankrupt at any time after the end of the period of 5 years beginning with the [F9 date on which the bankruptcy commences].
- (2) On an application under this section the court may—
  - (a) refuse to discharge the bankrupt from bankruptcy,
  - (b) make an order discharging him absolutely, or
  - (c) make an order discharging him subject to such conditions with respect to any income which may subsequently become due to him, or with respect to property devolving upon him, or acquired by him, after his discharge, as may be specified in the order.
- (3) The court may provide for an order falling within subsection (2)(b) or (c) to have immediate effect or to have its effect suspended for such period, or until the fulfilment of such conditions (including a condition requiring the court to be satisfied as to any matter), as may be specified in the order.

### Textual Amendments

- F8** Words in s. 280(1) substituted (1.4.2004) by 2002 c. 40, ss. 269, 279, Sch. 23 para. 3(a) (with s. 249(6)); S.I. 2003/2093, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 (subject to arts. 3-8 (as amended by S.I. 2003/2332, art. 2))
- F9** Words in s. 280(1) substituted (1.4.2004) by 2002 c. 40, ss. 269, 279, Sch. 23 para. 3(b) (with s. 249(6)); S.I. 2003/2093, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 (subject to arts. 3-8 (as amended by S.I. 2003/2332, art. 2))

### Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C28** S. 280 applied (1.4.2004) by 2002 c. 40, ss. 256(2), 279, Sch. 19 para. 6 (with s. 249(6), Sch. 19 para. 8); S.I. 2003/2093, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 (subject to arts. 3-8 (as amended by S.I. 2003/2332, art. 2))

## 281 Effect of discharge.

- (1) Subject as follows, where a bankrupt is discharged, the discharge releases him from all the bankruptcy debts, but has no effect—
  - (a) on the functions (so far as they remain to be carried out) of the trustee of his estate, or
  - (b) on the operation, for the purposes of the carrying out of those functions, of the provisions of this Part;and, in particular, discharge does not affect the right of any creditor of the bankrupt to prove in the bankruptcy for any debt from which the bankrupt is released.
- (2) Discharge does not affect the right of any secured creditor of the bankrupt to enforce his security for the payment of a debt from which the bankrupt is released.
- (3) Discharge does not release the bankrupt from any bankruptcy debt which he incurred in respect of, or forbearance in respect of which was secured by means of, any fraud or fraudulent breach of trust to which he was a party.

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- (4) Discharge does not release the bankrupt from any liability in respect of a fine imposed for an offence or from any liability under a recognisance except, in the case of a penalty imposed for an offence under an enactment relating to the public revenue or of a recognisance, with the consent of the Treasury.
- [<sup>F10</sup>(4A) In subsection (4) the reference to a fine includes a reference to a confiscation order under Part 2, 3 or 4 of the Proceeds of Crime Act 2002.]
- (5) Discharge does not, except to such extent and on such conditions as the court may direct, release the bankrupt from any bankruptcy debt which—
- (a) consists in a liability to pay damages for negligence, nuisance or breach of a statutory, contractual or other duty, [<sup>F11</sup>or to pay damages by virtue of Part I of the Consumer Protection Act 1987, being in either case] damages in respect of personal injuries to any person, or
  - (b) arises under any order made in family proceedings [<sup>F12</sup>or under a [<sup>F13</sup>maintenance calculation] made under the Child Support Act 1991]. . .
- (6) Discharge does not release the bankrupt from such other bankruptcy debts, not being debts provable in his bankruptcy, as are prescribed.
- (7) Discharge does not release any person other than the bankrupt from any liability (whether as partner or co-trustee of the bankrupt or otherwise) from which the bankrupt is released by the discharge, or from any liability as surety for the bankrupt or as a person in the nature of such a surety.
- (8) In this section—
- [<sup>F14</sup>“family proceedings” means—
- (a) family proceedings within the meaning of the <sup>M3</sup>Magistrates’ Courts Act 1980 and any proceedings which would be such proceedings but for section 65(1)(ii) of that Act (proceedings for variation of order for periodical payments); and
  - (b) family proceedings within the meaning of Part V of the <sup>M4</sup>Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984.]
- “fine” means the same as in the Magistrates’ Courts Act 1980; and
- “personal injuries” includes death and any disease or other impairment of a person’s physical or mental condition.

#### Textual Amendments

- F10** S. 281(4A) inserted (24.3.2003) by 2002 c. 29, ss. 456, 458(1)(3), Sch. 11 para. 16(2); S.I. 2003/333, art. 2, Sch. (subject to arts. 3-13 (as amended by S.I. 2003/531, arts. 3, 4)); S.S.I. 2003/210, art. 2, Sch. (subject to arts. 3-7)
- F11** Words substituted by Consumer Protection Act 1987 (c. 43, SIF 109:1), ss. 41(2), 47(1)(2), 48, Sch. 4 para. 12
- F12** Words in s. 281(5)(b) inserted (5.4.1993) by Child Support Act 1991 (c. 48), s. 58(13), Sch. 5 para. 7; S.I. 1992/2644, art. 2
- F13** Words in s. 281(5)(b) substituted (3.3.2003 for specified purposes, otherwise prosp.) by 2000 c. 19, ss. 26, 86(1)(2), Sch. 3 para. 6 (with s. 83(6)); S.I. 2003/192, art. 3, Sch.
- F14** Definition of "family proceedings" substituted (14.10.1991) for the definitions of "domestic proceedings" and "family proceedings" by Children Act 1989 (c. 41, SIF 20), ss. 92, 108(6), Sch. 11 Pt. II para. 11(2), Sch. 14 para. 1(1); S.I. 1991/828, art. 3(2)

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#### Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C29** S. 281(4) extended by [Drug Trafficking Offences Act 1986 \(c. 32, SIF 39:1\)](#), **s. 39(5)**  
S. 281(4) extended (3.2.1995) by [1994 c. 37, ss. 65\(3\)](#), 69(2) (with s. 66(2))  
S. 281(4) extended (31.3.1996) by [1995 c. 20, s. 113\(6\)](#); [S.I. 1996/517, art. 3\(2\)](#) (subject to transitional provisions and savings in [arts. 4-6, Sch. 2](#))  
S. 281(4) extended (S.) (1.4.1996) by [1995 c. 43, ss. 47\(4\)](#), 50(2)
- C30** S. 281(4) amended by [Criminal Justice \(Scotland\) Act 1987 \(c. 41, SIF 39:1\)](#), SS. 123, 170, Sch. 8 para. 6, Sch. 15 para. 110
- C31** S. 281(4) amended by [Criminal Justice \(Scotland\) Act 1987 \(c. 41, SIF 39:1\)](#), SS. 45(4), 47(4)(a).

#### Marginal Citations

- M3** [1980 c.43\(82\)](#).  
**M4** [1984 c.42\(49:3\)](#).

### [<sup>F15</sup>281A] Post-discharge restrictions

Schedule 4A to this Act (bankruptcy restrictions order and bankruptcy restrictions undertaking) shall have effect.]

#### Textual Amendments

- F15** S. 281A inserted (1.4.2004) by [2002 c. 40, ss. 257\(1\)](#), 279 (with s. 249(6)); [S.I. 2003/2093, art. 2\(2\)](#), [Sch. 2](#) (with [arts. 3-8](#) (as amended by [S.I. 2003/2332, art. 2](#)))

### 282 Court's power to annul bankruptcy order.

- (1) The court may annul a bankruptcy order if it at any time appears to the court—
- that, on any grounds existing at the time the order was made, the order ought not to have been made, or
  - that, to the extent required by the rules, the bankruptcy debts and the expenses of the bankruptcy have all, since the making of the order, been either paid or secured for to the satisfaction of the court.
- (2) The court may annul a bankruptcy order made against an individual on a petition under paragraph (a), (b) or (c) of section 264(1) if it at any time appears to the court, on an application by the Official Petitioner—
- that the petition was pending at a time when a criminal bankruptcy order was made against the individual or was presented after such an order was so made, and
  - no appeal is pending (within the meaning of section 277) against the individual's conviction of any offence by virtue of which the criminal bankruptcy order was made;
- and the court shall annul a bankruptcy order made on a petition under section 264(1) (d) if it at any time appears to the court that the criminal bankruptcy order on which the petition was based has been rescinded in consequence of an appeal.
- (3) The court may annul a bankruptcy order whether or not the bankrupt has been discharged from the bankruptcy.
- (4) Where the court annuls a bankruptcy order (whether under this section or under section 261 [<sup>F16</sup>or 263D] in Part VIII)—

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- (a) any sale or other disposition of property, payment made or other thing duly done, under any provision in this Group of Parts, by or under the authority of the official receiver or a trustee of the bankrupt's estate or by the court is valid, but
- (b) if any of the bankrupt's estate is then vested, under any such provision, in such a trustee, it shall vest in such person as the court may appoint or, in default of any such appointment, revert to the bankrupt on such terms (if any) as the court may direct;

and the court may include in its order such supplemental provisions as may be authorised by the rules.

(5) <sup>F17</sup> .....

#### **Textual Amendments**

- F16** Words in s. 282(4) inserted (1.4.2004) by 2002 c. 40, ss. 269, 279, Sch. 23 para. 4(a) (with s. 249(6)); S.I. 2003/2093, **art. 2(2)**, Sch. 2 (with arts. 3-8 (as amended by S.I. 2003/2332, art. 2))
- F17** S. 282(5) repealed (1.4.2004) by 2002 c. 40, ss. 269, 278, 279, Sch. 23 para. 4(b), Sch. 26 (with s. 249(6)); S.I. 2003/2093, **art. 2(2)**, Sch. 2 (with arts. 3-8 (as amended by S.I. 2003/2332, art. 2))

#### **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

- C32** S. 282(1) applied with modifications by S.I. 1986/1999, art. 3, **Sch. 1 Pt. II**
- C33** S. 282(4) applied with modifications by S.I. 1986/1999, art. 3, **Sch. 1 Pt. II**

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