

## Criminal Justice (Scotland) Act 1987

## **1987 CHAPTER 41**

## PART I

CONFISCATION OF PROCEEDS OF DRUG TRAFFICKING ETC.

Sequestration etc. of estate comprising realisable property

## **Property subject to floating charge**

- (1) Where any property held subject to a floating charge by a company is realisable property and a receiver has been appointed by, or on the application of, the holder of the charge, the powers of the receiver in relation to the property so held shall not be exercisable in relation to—
  - (a) so much of it as is for the time being subject to a restraint order made before the appointment of the receiver, and
  - (b) any proceeds of property realised by virtue of section 13(1) of this Act for the time being in the hands of an administrator appointed under that section.
- (2) Where, in the case of a company, such an appointment has been made, the powers conferred on the Court of Session by sections 8, 11 to 13, 16 and 24 of this Act or on an administrator appointed under subsection (1) of the said section 13 shall not be exercised in relation to am' realisable property held by the company in relation to which the powers of the receiver are exercisable—
  - (a) so as to inhibit the receiver from exercising his powers for the purpose of distributing any property held by the company to the company's creditors, or
  - (b) so as to prevent the payment out of any property of expenses (including the remuneration of the receiver) properly incurred in the exercise of the receiver's powers in respect of the property.
- (3) Nothing in the Insolvency Act 1986, shall be taken as restricting, or enabling the restriction of, the exercise of the powers so conferred.
- (4) In this section—

"company" has the same meaning as in section 35 of this Act; and

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally enacted).

"floating charge" includes a floating charge within the meaning given by section 462 of the Companies Act 1985 (power of incorporated company to create floating charge).

(5) In any case in which a receiver was appointed as is mentioned in subsection (1) above before the date on which the Insolvency Act 1986 came into force, subsections (2) to (4) above have effect with the substitution for references to that Act of references to the Companies Act 1985.