



Finance Act 1991

1991 CHAPTER 31

An Act to grant certain duties, to alter other duties, and to amend the law relating to the National Debt and the Public Revenue, and to make further provision in connection with Finance. [25th July 1991]

Most Gracious Sovereign, WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary supplies to defray Your Majesty's public expenses, and making an addition to the public revenue, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty the several duties hereinafter mentioned; and do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

PART I

CUSTOMS AND EXCISE, VALUE ADDED TAX AND CAR TAX

CHAPTER I

CUSTOMS AND EXCISE

Rates of duty

1 Spirits, beer, wine, made-wine and cider.

- (1) In section 5 of the ^{M1}Alcoholic Liquor Duties Act 1979 (spirits) for “£17.35” there shall be substituted “ £18.96 ”.
- (2) In section 36 of that Act (beer) for “£0.97” there shall be substituted “ £1.06 ”.
- (3) For the Table of rates of duty in Schedule 1 to that Act (wine and made-wine) there shall be substituted the Table in Schedule 1 to this Act.

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

Changes to legislation: Finance Act 1991 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 09 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (4) In section 62(1) of that Act (cider) for “£18.66” there shall be substituted “ £20.40 ”.
- (5) This section shall be deemed to have come into force at 6 o’clock in the evening of 19th March 1991.

Commencement Information

I1 S. 1 in force at 6 p.m. 19.03.1991: see s. 1(5).

Marginal Citations

M1 1979 c. 4.

2 Tobacco products.

- (1) For the Table in Schedule 1 to the ^{M2}Tobacco Products Duty Act 1979 there shall be substituted—

“ TABLE

1. Cigarettes	An amount equal to 21 per cent. of the retail price plus £40.15 per thousand cigarettes.
2. Cigars	£61.72 per kilogram.
3. Hand-rolling tobacco	£65.12 per kilogram.
4. Other smoking tobacco and chewing tobacco	£28.69 per kilogram.”

- (2) This section shall be deemed to have come into force at 6 o’clock in the evening of 19th March 1991.

Commencement Information

I2 S. 2 in force at 6 p.m. 19.03.1991: see s. 2(2).

Marginal Citations

M2 1979 c. 7.

3 Hydrocarbon oil.

- (1) In section 6(1) of the ^{M3}Hydrocarbon Oil Duties Act 1979, for “£0.2248” (duty on light oil) and “£0.1902” (duty on heavy oil) there shall be substituted “ £0.2585 ” and “ £0.2187 ” respectively.
- (2) In section 11(1) of that Act, for “£0.0083” (rebate on fuel oil) and “£0.0118” (rebate on gas oil) there shall be substituted “ £0.0091 ” and “ £0.0129 ” respectively.
- (3) In section 13A(1) of that Act (rebate on unleaded petrol) for “£0.0299” there shall be substituted “ £0.0344 ”.
- (4) In section 14(1) of that Act (rebate on light oil for use as furnace fuel) for “£0.0083” there shall be substituted “ £0.0091 ”.

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- (5) This section shall be deemed to have come into force at 6 o'clock in the evening of 19th March 1991.

Commencement Information

I3 S. 3 in force at 6 p.m. 19.03.1991: see s. 3(5).

Marginal Citations

M3 1979 c. 5.

- 4** F1(1)
F1(2)
F1(3)
F2(4)
F1(5)
F1(6)

Textual Amendments

F1 S. 4(1)-(3)(5)(6) repealed (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 22, ss. 65, 66(1), **Sch. 5 Pt. I** (with s. 57(4))
F2 S. 4(4) repealed (27.7.1993 with effect in relation to licences taken out after 16.3.1993) by 1993 c. 34, s. 213, **Sch. 23 Pt. I**.

5 Pool betting duty.

- (1) In section 7(1) of the ^{M4}Betting and Gaming Duties Act 1981 (which specifies 40 per cent. as the rate of pool betting duty) for “40 per cent.” there shall be substituted “37.50 per cent.”
- (2) This section shall apply in relation to bets made at any time by reference to an event taking place on or after 17th August 1991.

Marginal Citations

M4 1981 c. 63.

- F3** 6

Textual Amendments

F3 S. 6 repealed (19.3.1997 with effect in relation to any gaming on or after 1.10.1997) by 1997 c. 19, s. 113, **Sch. 18 Pt. II** Note 2

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Duties of excise: other provisions

7 Beer duty.

- (1) For section 36 of the ^{M5}Alcoholic Liquor Duties Act 1979 (charge on beer imported into, or brewed in, the United Kingdom of an excise duty at a rate per hectolitre for every degree by which the original gravity of the beer exceeds 1000 degrees) there shall be substituted—

“36 Beer: charge of excise duty.

- (1) There shall be charged on beer—
- (a) imported into the United Kingdom, or
 - (b) produced in the United Kingdom,
- a duty of excise at the rate of £10.60 per hectolitre per cent. of alcohol in the beer.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of this Act—
- (a) the duty on beer produced in, or imported into, the United Kingdom shall be charged and paid, and
 - (b) the amount chargeable in respect of any such duty shall be determined and become due,
- in accordance with regulations under section 49 below.”

- (2) After section 41 of that Act (which specifies certain reliefs from duty) there shall be inserted—

“41A Suspension of duty: registration of persons and premises.

- (1) A person registered by the Commissioners under this section may hold, on premises so registered in relation to him, any beer of a prescribed class or description—
- (a) which has been produced in, or imported into, the United Kingdom, and
 - (b) which is chargeable as such with excise duty,
- without payment of that duty.
- (2) A person entitled under subsection (1) above to hold beer on premises without payment of duty may also without payment of duty carry out on those premises such operations as may be prescribed on, or in relation to, such of the beer as may be prescribed.
- (3) No person shall be registered under this section unless—
- (a) he is a registered brewer or a packager of beer; and
 - (b) he appears to the Commissioners to satisfy such requirements for registration as they may think fit to impose.
- (4) No premises shall be registered under this section unless—
- (a) they are used for the production or packaging of beer, or
 - (b) they are adjacent to, and occupied by the same person as, premises falling within paragraph (a) above which are registered under this section,

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- and they appear to the Commissioners to satisfy such requirements for registration as the Commissioners may think fit to impose.
- (5) The Commissioners may register a person or premises under this section for such periods and subject to such conditions as they think fit.
- (6) The Commissioners may at any time for reasonable cause—
- (a) revoke or vary the terms of their registration of any person or premises under this section; or
 - (b) restrict the premises which are so registered.
- (7) As respects beer chargeable with a duty of excise that has not been paid, regulations under section 49 below may, without prejudice to the generality of that section, make provision—
- (a) regulating the holding or packaging of, or the carrying out of other operations on or in relation to, any such beer on registered premises without payment of the duty;
 - (b) for securing and collecting the duty on any such beer held on registered premises;
 - (c) permitting the removal of any such beer from registered premises without payment of duty in such circumstances and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed;
 - (d) for such persons as may be prescribed to be liable to pay the duty on any such beer held on, or removed without payment of duty from, registered premises, and for the circumstances in which, and the time at which, they are liable to do so.
- (8) If any person contravenes or fails to comply with any condition of registration under this section he shall be liable on summary conviction to a penalty not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale; and any beer in respect of which the offence was committed shall be liable to forfeiture.
- (9) In this section—
- “prescribed means specified in, or determined in accordance with, regulations made by the Commissioners under section 49 below;
- “registered premises means premises registered under this section.”
- (3) For sections 47 and 48 of that Act (licences to brew beer and to use premises for adding solutions to beer) there shall be substituted—

“47 Registration of producers of beer.

- (1) A person who produces beer on any premises in the United Kingdom must be registered with the Commissioners under this section in respect of those premises; and in this Act “registered brewer means a person registered under this section in respect of any premises.
- (2) A person who produces beer on any premises shall not be required to be registered under this section in respect of those premises if the beer is produced solely for his own domestic use or solely for the purposes of research or experiments in the production of beer.

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- (3) An application for the registration under this section of any person required to be so registered in respect of any premises—
- (a) shall be made at least fourteen days before the day on which he begins production of beer on those premises; and
 - (b) shall be in such form and manner as the Commissioners may by or under regulations prescribe.
- (4) If any person fails to apply for registration under this section in circumstances where he is required by subsection (3)(a) above to do so, he shall be liable on summary conviction to a penalty not exceeding level 4 on the standard scale; and any beer or worts produced in contravention of that provision shall be liable to forfeiture.
- (5) If any person produces beer on any premises in circumstances in which he is required to be, but is not, registered under this section in respect of those premises, he shall be liable on summary conviction to a penalty not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale; and any beer or worts in respect of which the offence was committed shall be liable to forfeiture.”
- (4) The enactments and instruments mentioned in Schedule 2 to this Act shall have effect with the amendments specified in that Schedule.
- (5) This section shall come into force on such day as the Commissioners may by order made by statutory instrument appoint, and different days may be so appointed for different provisions or for different purposes.
- (6) An order under subsection (5) above may contain such saving or transitional provision as the Commissioners think fit; and, without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, any such order may include provision—
- (a) for treating beer—
 - (i) produced, or in the process of being produced, before the relevant day, and
 - (ii) held on, or in the process of being transported between, registered premises on that day,
 as beer produced on or after that day and chargeable accordingly, and
 - (b) for the remission or repayment of any duty charged or paid in respect thereof under provisions replaced by this section and Schedule 2 to this Act.
- (7) In this section—
- “the Commissioners means the Commissioners of Customs and Excise;
- “registered premises means—
- (a) premises which, on the relevant day, are registered under section 41A of the ^{M6}Alcoholic Liquor Duties Act 1979, or
 - (b) premises in respect of which, on that day, a person is registered under section 47 of that Act;
- “the relevant day means the day appointed for the coming into force of subsection (1) of the section 36 substituted by subsection (1) above.

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Subordinate Legislation Made

P1 [S. 7\(5\)](#) power fully exercised (26.4.1993): 1.5.1993 appointed day for s. 7(2)(3)(5) and 1.6.1993 appointed day for s. 7(1)(4)(6)(7) by [S.I. 1993/1152](#).

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C1 [S. 7\(2\)\(3\)\(5\)](#) excluded (26.4.1993) by [S.I. 1993/1152](#), [art. 4\(1\)](#).

Commencement Information

I4 [S. 7](#) wholly in force; [s. 7](#) not in force at Royal Assent see [s. 7\(5\)](#); [s. 7\(2\)\(3\)\(5\)](#) in force at 1.5.1993 and [s. 7\(1\)\(4\)\(6\)\(7\)](#) in force at 1.6.1993 by [S.I. 1993/1152](#), [art. 3](#), [Sch. 1](#).

Marginal Citations

M5 1979 c. 4.

M6 1979 c. 4.

F⁴8 **Vehicles excise duty: exemptions.**

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Textual Amendments

F4 [S. 8](#) repealed (1.9.1994) by [1994 c. 22](#), ss. 65, 66(1), [Sch. 5 Pt. I](#) (with s. 57(4))

F⁵9

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Textual Amendments

F5 [S. 9](#) repealed (1.9.1994) by [1994 c. 22](#), ss. 65, 66(1), [Sch. 5 Pt. I](#) (with s. 57(4))

F⁶10

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Textual Amendments

F6 [S. 10](#) repealed (1.9.1994) by [1994 c. 22](#), ss. 65, 66(1), [Sch. 5 Pt. I](#) (with s. 57(4))

Management

11 Revenue traders and registered excise dealers and shippers.

(1) In section 1 of the ^{M7}Customs and Excise Management Act 1979 (interpretation) in subsection (1), after the definition of “Queen’s warehouse” there shall be inserted—

“ “registered excise dealer and shipper means a revenue trader approved and registered by the Commissioners under section 100G below;

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“registered excise dealers and shippers regulations means regulations under section 100G below;”.

- (2) In the definition of “revenue trader” in that subsection, in paragraph (a) (person carrying on a trade or business subject to any of the revenue trade provisions of the customs and excise Acts) after the words “customs and excise Acts” there shall be inserted the words “or which consists of or includes—
 - (i) the buying, selling, importation, exportation, dealing in or handling of any goods of a class or description which is subject to a duty of excise (whether or not duty is chargeable on the goods); or
 - (ii) the financing or facilitation of any such transactions or activities;”.
- (3) Schedule 4 to this Act shall have effect.

Marginal Citations
M7 1979 c. 2.

12 Protection of the revenues derived from excise duties.

Schedule 5 to this Act (which makes provision for the purpose of protecting the revenues derived from duties of excise) shall have effect.

CHAPTER II

VALUE ADDED TAX

F7 13

Textual Amendments
F7 S. 13 repealed (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 23, ss. 100(2), 101(1), Sch. 15

F8 14

Textual Amendments
F8 S. 14 repealed (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 23, ss. 100(2), 101(1), Sch. 15

F9 15

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Textual Amendments

F9 S. 15 repealed (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 23, ss. 100(2), 101(1), **Sch. 15**

F10 **16**

Textual Amendments

F10 S. 16 repealed (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 23, ss. 100(2), 101(1), **Sch. 15**

F11 **17**

Textual Amendments

F11 S. 17 repealed (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 23, ss. 100(2), 101(1), **Sch. 15**

F12 **18**

Textual Amendments

F12 S. 18 repealed (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 23, ss. 100(2), 101(1), **Sch. 15**

CHAPTER III

CAR TAX

F13 **19** **Vehicles leased to the handicapped.**
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Textual Amendments

F13 S. 19 repealed (22.7.2004) by Statute Law (Repeals) Act 2004 (c. 14), **Sch. 1 Pt. 9** Group 5

F14 **20** **Research vehicles.**
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Textual Amendments

F14 S. 20 repealed (22.7.2004) by Statute Law (Repeals) Act 2004 (c. 14), **Sch. 1 Pt. 9** Group 5

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PART II

INCOME TAX, CORPORATION TAX AND CAPITAL GAINS TAX

CHAPTER I

GENERAL

Commencement Information

I5 Chapter I partly in force at 4.5.1988 due to retrospective effect of s. 74(5)

Income tax rates and allowances

21 Charge and rates of income tax for 1991-92.

- (1) Income tax shall be charged for the year 1991-92, and—
 - (a) the basic rate shall be 25 per cent.,
 - (b) the basic rate limit shall be £23,700, and
 - (c) the higher rate shall be 40 per cent.
- (2) In accordance with subsection (1)(b) above, section 1(4) of the Taxes Act 1988 (indexation) shall not apply for the year 1991-92.

22 Married couple's allowance.

- (1) Section 257C(1) of the Taxes Act 1988 (indexation), so far as relating to section 257A(1) of that Act (married couple's allowance), shall not apply for the year 1991-92.
- (2) Section 257A(1) of that Act shall apply for the year 1991-92 as if the amount specified in it were "£1,720".

Corporation tax rates

23 Rate of corporation tax for 1990.

- (1) The rate at which corporation tax is charged for the ^{M8}financial year 1990 shall be 34 per cent. (and not 35 per cent. as provided by section 19 of the Finance Act 1990).
- (2) For the financial year 1990 the fraction mentioned in section 13(2) of the Taxes Act 1988 (marginal relief for small companies) shall be nine four-hundredths (and not one fortieth as provided by section 20 of the Finance Act 1990).
- (3) All such adjustments shall be made, whether by way of discharge or repayment of tax or otherwise, as may be required in consequence of the provisions of this section.

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Marginal Citations

M8 1990 c. 29.

24 Charge and rate of corporation tax for 1991.

Corporation tax shall be charged for the financial year 1991 at the rate of 33 per cent.

25 Small companies.

- (1) For the financial year 1991—
 - (a) the small companies' rate shall be 25 per cent., and
 - (b) the fraction mentioned in section 13(2) of the Taxes Act 1988 (marginal relief for small companies) shall be one fiftieth.
- (2) In section 13(3) of that Act (limits of marginal relief), in paragraphs (a) and (b)—
 - (a) for “£200,000” there shall be substituted “£250,000”, and
 - (b) for “£1,000,000” there shall be substituted “£1,250,000”.
- (3) Subsection (2) above shall have effect for the financial year 1991 and subsequent financial years; and where by virtue of that subsection section 13 of the Taxes Act 1988 has effect with different relevant maximum amounts in relation to different parts of a company's accounting period, then for the purposes of that section those parts shall be treated as if they were separate accounting periods and the profits and basic profits of the company for that period shall be apportioned between those parts.

Interest

26 Relief for interest.

For the year 1991-92 the qualifying maximum defined in section 367(5) of the Taxes Act 1988 (limit on relief for interest on certain loans) shall be £30,000.

27 Abolition of higher rate relief on certain mortgage interest etc.

- ^{F15}(1)
- ^{F15}(2)
- ^{F15}(3)
- ^{F15}(4)
- ^{F15}(5)

(6) The enactments mentioned in Schedule 6 to this Act shall have effect for the year 1991-92 and subsequent years of assessment with the amendments there specified.

- ^{F15}(7)

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Textual Amendments

F15 S. 27(1)-(5)(7) repealed (3.5.1994 with effect in accordance with s. 81(6) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), ss. 81(6), 258, **Sch. 26 Pt. V(2)** Note

28 Mortgage interest relief: caravans.

- (1) Section 354(3) of the Taxes Act 1988 (interest eligible for relief in the case of a caravan only if the caravan is large or certain conditions presupposing domestic rating are met) shall cease to have effect.
- (2) This section shall have effect for the year 1991-92 and subsequent years of assessment.

Benefits in kind

29 Car benefits.

- (1) In Schedule 6 to the Taxes Act 1988 (taxation of directors and others in respect of cars) for Part I (tables of flat rate cash equivalents) there shall be substituted—

“PART I

TABLES OF FLAT RATE CASH EQUIVALENTS

TABLE A

Cars with an original market value up to £19,250 and having a cylinder capacity

<i>Cylinder capacity of car in cubic centimetres</i>	<i>Age of car at end of relevant year of assessment</i>	
	<i>Under 4 years</i>	<i>4 years or more</i>
1400 or less	£2,050	£1,400
More than 1400 but not more than 2000	£2,650	£1,800
More than 2000	£4,250	£2,850

TABLE B

Cars with an original market value up to £19,250 and not having a cylinder capacity

<i>Original market value of car</i>	<i>Age of car at end of relevant year of assessment</i>
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	Under 4 years	4 years or more
Less than £6,000	£2,050	£1,400
£6,000 or more but less than £8,500	£2,650	£1,800
£8,500 or more but not more than £19,250	£4,250	£2,850

TABLE C

Cars with an original market value of more than £19,250

<i>Original market value of car</i>	<i>Age of car at end of relevant year of assessment</i>	
	Under 4 years	4 years or more
More than £19,250 but not more than £29,000	£5,500	£3,700
More than £29,000	£8,900	£5,900 ²

(2) This section shall have effect for the year 1991-92 and subsequent years of assessment.

^{F16}30

Textual Amendments

F16 S. 30 repealed (27.7.1999 with effect as mentioned in Sch. 20 Pt. III(9) Note of the amending Act) by 1999 c. 16, s. 139, **Sch. 20 Pt. III(9)** Note

^{F17}31

Textual Amendments

F17 S. 31 repealed (3.5.1994 with effect in accordance with s. 88(5) of the amending Act) by 1994 c. 9, s. 88(5), 258, **Sch. 26 Pt. V(5)** Note

Vocational training

[^{F18}32 **Relief.**

- (1) This section applies where—
- (a) on or after 6th April 1992 an individual resident in the United Kingdom makes a payment in respect of a qualifying course of vocational training,
 - (b) the payment is made in respect of an allowable expense,

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- (c) the payment is made in connection with the individual's own training,
 [at the time the payment is made, the individual—
- ^{F19}(ca) (i) in a case where the qualifying course of vocational training is such a course by virtue only of paragraph (b) of subsection (10) below, has attained the age of thirty, or
 (ii) in any other case, has attained school-leaving age and, if under the age of nineteen, is not a person who is being provided with full-time education at a school,]
- ^{F20}(cb) [the individual undertakes the course neither wholly nor mainly for recreational purposes or as a leisure activity,]
- (d) at the time the payment is made, the individual has not received in relation to the course, and is not entitled to receive in relation to it, any public financial assistance of a description specified in regulations made by the Treasury for the purposes of this paragraph, and
- (e) the individual is not entitled to claim any relief or deduction in respect of the payment under any other provision of the Income Tax Acts.
- [The individual shall be entitled to relief under this subsection in respect of the payment
- ^{F21}(2) for the year of assessment in which it is made; but relief under this subsection shall be given only on a claim made for the purpose, except where subsections (3) to (5) below apply.
- ^{F21}(2A) Where an individual is entitled to relief under subsection (2) above in respect of any payment made in a year of assessment, the amount of his liability for that year to income tax on his total income shall be the amount to which he would be liable apart from this section less whichever is the smaller of—
- (a) the amount which is equal to such percentage of the amount of the payment as is the basic rate for the year; and
- (b) the amount which reduces his liability to nil.
- ^{F21}(2B) In determining for the purposes of subsection (2A) above the amount of income tax to which a person would be liable apart from this section, no account shall be taken of—
- (a) any income tax reduction under Chapter I of Part VII of the Taxes Act 1988 or under section 347B of that Act;
- (b) any income tax reduction under section 353(1A) of the Taxes Act 1988;
- (c) any relief by way of a reduction of liability to tax which is given in accordance with any arrangements having effect by virtue of section 788 of the Taxes Act 1988 or by way of a credit under section 790(1) of that Act;
- (d) any tax at the basic rate on so much of that person's income as is income the income tax on which he is entitled to charge against any other person or to deduct, retain or satisfy out of any payment.]
- (3) In such cases and subject to such conditions as the Board may specify in regulations, relief under subsection (2) above shall be given in accordance with subsections (4) and (5) below.
- (4) An individual who is entitled to such relief in respect of a payment may deduct and retain out of it an amount equal to income tax on it at the basic rate for the year of assessment in which it is made.
- (5) The person to whom the payment is made—

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- (a) shall accept the amount paid after deduction in discharge of the individual's liability to the same extent as if the deduction had not been made, and
 - (b) may, on making a claim [^{F22}in accordance with regulations], recover from the Board an amount equal to the amount deducted.
- (6) The Treasury may make regulations providing that in circumstances prescribed in the regulations—
- (a) an individual who makes, in respect of a qualifying course of vocational training, a payment in respect of an allowable expense shall cease to be and be treated as not having been entitled to relief under subsection (2) above in respect of the payment or such part of it as may be determined in accordance with the regulations; and
 - (b) he or the person to whom the payment was made (depending on the terms of the regulations) shall account to the Board for tax from which relief has been given on the basis that the individual was so entitled.
- (7) Regulations under subsection (6) above may include provision adapting or modifying the effect of any enactment relating to income tax in order to secure the performance of any obligation imposed under paragraph (b) of that subsection.
- (8) In subsection (1)(a) above, the reference to an individual resident in the United Kingdom includes an individual performing duties which are treated by virtue of section 132(4)(a) of the Taxes Act 1988 as performed in the United Kingdom.
- (9) For the purposes of this section, a payment made in respect of a qualifying course of vocational training is made in respect of an allowable expense if—
- (a) it is made in respect of fees payable in connection with undertaking the course, including fees payable for assessment purposes, or
 - (b) it is made in respect of fees payable in connection with the making, as a result of having undertaken the course, of any entry in an official register or any award.

[In this section “qualifying course of vocational training means—

- ^{F23}(10) (a) any programme of activity capable of counting towards a qualification—
- ^{F24}(i) accredited as a National Vocational Qualification by the Qualifications and Curriculum Authority or by the Qualifications, Curriculum and Assessment Authority for Wales, or]
 - (ii) accredited as a Scottish Vocational Qualification by the [^{F25}Scottish Qualifications Authority]; or
- (b) any course of training which—
- (i) satisfies the conditions set out in the paragraphs of section 589(1) of the Taxes Act 1988 (qualifying courses of training etc),
 - (ii) requires participation on a full-time or substantially full-time basis, and
 - (iii) extends for a period which consists of or includes four consecutive weeks,
- but treating any time devoted to study in connection with the course as time devoted to the practical application of skills or knowledge.]

[In this section—

- ^{F26}(11) “school means any institution at which full-time education is provided to persons at least some of whom are under school-leaving age; and

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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“school-leaving age means the age of sixteen.]]

Textual Amendments

- F18** S. 32 repealed (27.7.1999 with effect on 1.9.2000) by 1999 c. 16, s. 59(2)(3)(b), **Sch. 20 Pt. III(15)** Note; S.I. 2000/2004, **art. 2**
- F19** S. 32(1)(ca) substituted (29.4.1996 with effect in relation to payments made on or after 6.5.1996) by 1996 c. 8, s. 144(1)(2)(4)
- F20** S. 32(1)(ca)(cb) inserted (3.5.1994) by 1994 c. 9, s. 84(1)(4)
- F21** S. 32(2)(2A)(2B) substituted for s. 32(2) (27.7.1999 with effect as mentioned in s. 59(3)(a) of the amending Act) by 1999 c. 16, s. 59(1)(3)(a)
- F22** Words in s. 32(5)(b) inserted (29.4.1996) by 1996 c. 8, s. 129(2)
- F23** S. 32(10) substituted (29.4.1996 with effect in relation to payments made on or after 6.5.1996) by 1996 c. 8, s. 144(1)(3)(4)
- F24** S. 32(10)(a)(i) substituted (1.10.1997) by 1997 c. 44, s. 57(1), **Sch. 7 para. 6** (with transitional provisions in S.I. 1997/1468, arts. 2(3), 4(2), **Sch. 1 Pt. III**) (which amending para. 6 was repealed (27.7.1999) by 1999 c. 16, s. 139, **Sch. 20 Pt. III** Note)
- F25** Words in s. 32(10)(a)(ii) substituted (1.4.1997) by 1996 c. 43, s. 36, **Sch. 5 para. 7**; S.I. 1997/365, **art. 2**
- F26** S. 32(11) inserted (3.5.1994) by 1994 c. 9, s. 84(3)(4)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C2** S. 32(5)(b) excluded (29.4.1996) by 1996 c. 8, s. 129(2)

[^{F27}33 Section 32: supplementary.

(1) The Board may by regulations—

- (a) provide that a claim under section 32(2) or (5)(b) above shall be made in such form and manner, shall be made at such time, and shall be accompanied by such documents, as may be prescribed;
- [^{F28}(aa) make provision for and with respect to appeals against a decision of an officer of the Board or the Board with respect to a claim under section 32(5)(b) above;]
- (b) make provision, in relation to payments in respect of which a person is entitled to relief under section 32 above, for persons who provide vocational training courses to give, in such circumstances as may be prescribed, certificates of payment in such form as may be prescribed to such persons as may be prescribed;
- (c) provide that a person who provides (or has at any time provided) training courses which are (or were) qualifying courses of vocational training for the purposes of section 32 above shall comply with any notice which is served on him by the Board and which requires him within a prescribed period to make available for the Board’s inspection documents (of a prescribed kind) relating to such courses;
- (d) provide that persons of such description as may be prescribed shall, within a prescribed period of being required to do so by the Board, furnish to the Board information (of a prescribed kind) about training courses which are qualifying courses of vocational training for the purposes of section 32 above;
- (e) make provision generally as to administration in connection with section 32 above.

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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- (2) The words “Regulations under section 33 of the Finance Act 1991 ” shall be added at the end of each column in the Table in section 98 of the ^{M9}Taxes Management Act 1970 (penalties for failure to furnish information etc.).
- (3) The following provisions of the ^{M10}Taxes Management Act 1970, namely—
- ^{F29}(a) [section 29(1)(c) (excessive relief) as it has effect apart from section 29(2) to (10) of that Act;]
 - (b) section 30 (tax repaid in error etc.) [^{F30}apart from subsection (1B)],
 - (c) [^{F31}section 86] (interest), and
 - (d) section 95 (incorrect return or accounts),
- [^{F32}shall apply in relation to an amount which is paid to any person by the Board as an amount recoverable by virtue of section 32(5)(b) above but to which that person is not entitled as if it were income tax which ought not to have been repaid and, where that amount was claimed by that person, as if it had been repaid as respects a chargeable period as a relief which was not due.]
- [In the application of section 86 of the Taxes Management Act 1970 by virtue of ^{F33}(3A) subsection (3) above in relation to sums due and payable by virtue of an assessment made under section 29(1)(c) or 30 of that Act, as applied by that subsection, the relevant date—
- (a) in a case where the person falling within section 32(5) above has made any interim claim, within the meaning of regulations made under subsection (1) above, as respects some part of the year of assessment for which the assessment is made, is 1st January in that year of assessment; and
 - (b) in any other case, is the later of the following dates, that is to say—
 - (i) 1st January in the year of assessment for which the assessment is made; or
 - (ii) the date of the making of the payment by the Board which gives rise to the assessment.]
- (4) In sections ^{F34}... 257D(8) and 265(3) of the Taxes Act 1988, after paragraph (d) there shall be inserted
- (e) on account of any payments to which section 32(4) of the Finance Act 1991 applies.”
- (5) In subsection (1) above, “prescribed means prescribed by or, in relation to form, under the regulations.]

Textual Amendments

- F27** S. 33 repealed (27.7.1999 with effect on 1.9.2000) by 1999 c. 16, ss. 59(3)(b), 139, **Sch. 20 Pt. III(15)** Note; S.I. 2000/2004, **art. 2**
- F28** S. 33(1)(aa) inserted (29.4.1996) by 1996 c. 8, s. 129(4)
- F29** S. 33(3)(a) substituted (29.4.1996 with effect as mentioned in **Sch. 18 para. 17** of the amending Act) by 1996 c. 8, s. 132, **Sch. 18 para. 14(2)(a)**
- F30** Words in s. 33(3)(b) inserted (29.4.1996 with effect as mentioned in **Sch. 18 para. 17** of the amending Act) by 1996 c. 8, s. 132, **Sch. 18 para. 14(2)(b)**
- F31** Words in s. 33(3)(c) substituted (29.4.1996 with effect as mentioned in **Sch. 18 para. 17** of the amending Act) by 1996 c. 8, s. 132, **Sch. 18 para. 14(2)(c)**
- F32** Words following s. 33(3)(d) substituted (29.4.1996 with effect as mentioned in **Sch. 18 para. 17** of the amending Act) by 1996 c. 8, s. 132, **Sch. 18 para. 14(2)(d)**

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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- F33** S. 33(3A) inserted (29.4.1996 with effect as mentioned in Sch. 18 para. 17 of the amending Act) by 1996 c. 8, s. 132, **Sch. 18 para. 14(3)**
- F34** S. 33(4): reference to section 257B(2) repealed (16.7.1992 with application in relation to tax for the year 1993-94 and subsequent years of assessment) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48, SIF 63:1), ss. 20, 82, Sch. 5 para. 10, **Sch. 18 Part VII(1)**.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C3** S. 33(3A) modified (29.4.1996) by 1996 c. 8, s. 132, **Sch. 18 para. 17(3)**

Marginal Citations

- M9** 1970 c. 9.
M10 1970 c. 9.

Retirement benefits schemes

F³⁵34 **Conditions for approval: amendments.**

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Textual Amendments

- F35** Ss. 34-36 repealed (6.4.2006) by Finance Act 2004 (c. 12), **Sch. 42 Pt. 3** (with Sch. 36)

F³⁵35 **Cessation of approval.**

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Textual Amendments

- F35** Ss. 34-36 repealed (6.4.2006) by Finance Act 2004 (c. 12), **Sch. 42 Pt. 3** (with Sch. 36)

F³⁵36 **Cessation of approval: general provisions.**

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Textual Amendments

- F35** Ss. 34-36 repealed (6.4.2006) by Finance Act 2004 (c. 12), **Sch. 42 Pt. 3** (with Sch. 36)

Profit-related pay, share schemes etc.

F³⁶37

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Textual Amendments

- F36** S. 37 repealed (19.3.1997 in accordance with Sch. 18 Pt. VI(3) Note 1 of the amending Act) by 1997 c. 16, s. 61(2)(3), 113, **Sch. 18 Pt. VI(3)** Notes 1, 2

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38 Employee share schemes: non-discrimination.

(1) The Taxes Act 1988 shall be amended as follows.

^{F37}(2)

(3) In Schedule 10 (further provisions relating to profit sharing schemes) in sub-paragraph (b) of paragraph 2 and in sub-paragraph (c)(ii) of paragraph 3 for “pensionable age” there shall be substituted “the relevant age”, and at the end of each of those paragraphs there shall be inserted—

“In this paragraph, the reference to the relevant age is a reference, in the case of a scheme approved before the day on which the Finance Act 1991 was passed, to pensionable age and, in the case of a scheme approved on or after that day, to the specified age.”.

(4) In section 187(2) (definitions for the purposes of provisions relating to employee share schemes) after the definition of “shares” there shall be inserted—

“ “specified age,in relation to a scheme, means the age specified in pursuance of paragraph 8A of Schedule 9 as the specified age for the purposes of the scheme;”.

(5) In Part II of Schedule 9 (requirements generally applicable to employee share schemes) after paragraph 8 there shall be inserted—

“8A (1) In the case of a savings-related share option scheme or a profit sharing scheme, the scheme must specify what age is to be the specified age for the purposes of the scheme.

(2) The age specified—

- (a) must be the same for men and women, and
- (b) must be not less than 60 and not more than 75.”

(6) [^{F38}Subsection] (5) above shall have effect in relation to a scheme not approved before the day on which this Act is passed.

Textual Amendments

F37 S. 38(2) repealed (6.4.2003 with effect in accordance with s. 723(1)(a)(b) of the amending Act) by [Income Tax \(Earnings and Pensions\) Act 2003 \(c. 1\), s. 723, Sch. 6 para. 168\(2\), Sch. 8 Pt. 1](#) (with Sch. 7)

F38 Word in s. 38(6) substituted (6.4.2003 with effect in accordance with s. 723(1)(a)(b) of the amending Act) by [Income Tax \(Earnings and Pensions\) Act 2003 \(c. 1\), s. 723, Sch. 6 para. 168\(3\)](#) (with Sch. 7)

^{F39}**39 Approved share option schemes: price at which shares may be acquired.**

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Textual Amendments

F39 Ss. 39, 40 repealed (6.4.2003 with effect in accordance with s. 723(1)(a)(b) of the amending Act) by [Income Tax \(Earnings and Pensions\) Act 2003 \(c. 1\), s. 723, Sch. 8 Pt. 1](#) (with Sch. 7)

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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F39 40 Savings-related share option schemes.

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Textual Amendments

F39 Ss. 39, 40 repealed (6.4.2003 with effect in accordance with s. 723(1)(a)(b) of the amending Act) by [Income Tax \(Earnings and Pensions\) Act 2003 \(c. 1\)](#), s. 723, **Sch. 8 Pt. 1** (with [Sch. 7](#))

41 Profit sharing schemes.

(1) In section 187(2) of the Taxes Act 1988, in the definition of “relevant amount” (limit on the value of shares that may be appropriated to a participant in a year of assessment) for “not less than £2,000 and not more than £6,000” there shall be substituted “not less than £3,000 and not more than £8,000”.

(2) This section shall apply for the year 1991-92 and subsequent years of assessment.

42 Costs of establishing share option or profit sharing schemes: relief.

The following section shall be inserted after section 84 of the Taxes Act 1988—

“84A Costs of establishing share option or profit sharing schemes: relief.

(1) Subsection (2) below applies where—

- (a) a company incurs expenditure on establishing a share option scheme which the Board approve and under which no employee or director obtains rights before such approval is given, or
- (b) a company incurs expenditure on establishing a profit sharing scheme which the Board approve and under which the trustees acquire no shares before such approval is given.

(2) In such a case the expenditure—

- (a) shall be deducted in computing for the purposes of Schedule D the profits or gains of a trade carried on by the company, or
- (b) if the company is an investment company or a company in the case of which section 75 applies by virtue of section 76, shall be treated as expenses of management.

(3) In a case where—

- (a) subsection (2) above applies, and
- (b) the approval is given after the end of the period of nine months beginning with the day following the end of the period of account in which the expenditure is incurred,

for the purpose of applying subsection (2) above the expenditure shall be treated as incurred in the period of account in which the approval is given (and not the period of account mentioned in paragraph (b) above).

(4) References in this section to approving are to approving under Schedule 9.

(5) This section applies where the expenditure is incurred on or after 1st April 1991.”

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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43 Costs of establishing employee share ownership trusts: relief.

The following section shall be inserted after section 85 of the Taxes Act 1988—

“85A Costs of establishing employee share ownership trusts: relief.

- (1) Subsection (2) below applies where a company incurs expenditure on establishing a qualifying employee share ownership trust.
- (2) In such a case the expenditure—
 - (a) shall be deducted in computing for the purposes of Schedule D the profits or gains of a trade carried on by the company, or
 - (b) if the company is an investment company or a company in the case of which section 75 applies by virtue of section 76, shall be treated as expenses of management.
- (3) In a case where—
 - (a) subsection (2) above applies, and
 - (b) the trust is established after the end of the period of nine months beginning with the day following the end of the period of account in which the expenditure is incurred,for the purpose of applying subsection (2) above the expenditure shall be treated as incurred in the period of account in which the trust is established (and not the period of account mentioned in paragraph (b) above).
- (4) In this section “qualifying employee share ownership trust shall be construed in accordance with Schedule 5 to the Finance Act 1989.
- (5) For the purposes of this section the trust is established when the deed under which it is established is executed.
- (6) This section applies where the expenditure is incurred on or after 1st April 1991.”

^{F40}44 Priority share allocations for employees etc.

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Textual Amendments

- F40** S. 44 repealed (6.4.2003 with effect in accordance with s. 723(1)(a)(b) of the amending Act) by Income Tax (Earnings and Pensions) Act 2003 (c. 1), s. 723, **Sch. 8 Pt. 1** (with Sch. 7)

Foreign earnings

^{F41}45

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Textual Amendments

- F41** S. 45 repealed (31.7.1998 with effect as mentioned in Sch. 27 Pt. III(11) Note) by 1998 c. 36, ss. 63, 165, **Sch. 27 Pt. III(11)** Note (with Sch. 18 para. 6(3))

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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46 Workers in Kuwait or Iraq.

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) a person was in Kuwait or Iraq at any time in the period of 62 days ending with 2nd August 1990,
 - (b) he was at that time engaged in performing the duties of an office or employment which were to be performed to a substantial extent in Kuwait or Iraq,
 - (c) he returned to the United Kingdom after that time,
 - (d) the period of absence from the United Kingdom which ends with his return is not, and is not part of, a qualifying period consisting of at least 365 days, and
 - (e) he satisfies the Board (or the Commissioners on appeal) that, having regard to the circumstances, it is likely that that period of absence would have been part of such a qualifying period but for events leading up to or arising from the invasion of Kuwait on 2nd August 1990.
- (2) In such a case, so much of the period before the day of his return to the United Kingdom as the Board are satisfied would have been part of a qualifying period consisting of at least 365 days (but for those events) shall be treated as a qualifying period consisting of at least 365 days.
- (3) All such adjustments shall be made, whether by way of discharge or repayment of tax or otherwise, as may be required in consequence of the provisions of this section.
- (4) In the case of employment as a seafarer, this section shall have effect as if “62 days” read “90 days”.
- (5) In this section—
 - (a) “qualifying period means a qualifying period for the purposes of section 193(1) of the Taxes Act 1988 (foreign earnings);
 - (b) “employment as a seafarer has the same meaning as in paragraph 3(2A) of Schedule 12 to that Act (further provisions about foreign earnings).

Insurance companies and friendly societies

F42 47 Investor protection schemes.

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Textual Amendments

F42 S. 47 repealed (with effect for accounting periods beginning on or after 1.4.2004 in accordance with s. 42 of the amending Act) by [Finance Act 2004 \(c. 12\)](#), [Sch. 42 Pt. 2\(3\)](#)

48 Assimilation of basic life assurance business and general annuity business.

Schedule 7 to this Act shall have effect.

F43 49

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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Textual Amendments

F43 S. 49 repealed (22.3.2001 with effect in accordance with s. 87 of the amending Act) by 2001 c. 9, s. 110, Sch. 33 Pt. 2(12)

50 Friendly societies.

Schedule 9 to this Act (which makes provision about friendly societies) shall have effect.

Building societies

51 Qualifying shares.

Schedule 10 to this Act (which makes provision about certain kinds of building society share) shall have effect.

52 Marketable securities.

(1) Schedule 11 to this Act (which makes provision about the deduction of income tax in the case of marketable securities issued by building societies) shall have effect.

^{F44}(2)

^{F44}(3)

Textual Amendments

F44 S. 52(2)(3) repealed (the repeal coming into force in accordance with the provisions of Ch. II of Pt. IV of the repealing Act) by 1996 c. 8, ss. 105, 205, Sch. 41 Pt. V(3) Note

53 Income Tax (Building Societies) Regulations 1986.

(1) Section 343(1A) of the ^{M11}Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1970 (building societies) shall be deemed to have conferred power to make all the provisions in fact contained in the ^{M12}Income Tax (Building Societies) Regulations 1986 (the regulations).

(2) Where a provision of the regulations requires a building society to pay to the Board a sum calculated by reference to the reduced rate and the basic rate, subsection (3) below shall apply to the extent that the sum is one in respect of payments or credits made in the period beginning with 1st March in any year and ending with 5th April in the same year.

(3) The provision shall be deemed always to have had effect as if the reduced and basic rates concerned were those for the year of assessment in which the period falls.

(4) In relation to a building society which commenced proceedings to challenge the validity of the regulations before 18th July 1986, this section shall not have effect to the extent that the regulations apply (or purport to apply) to payments or credits made before 6th April 1986.

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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Marginal Citations

M11 1970 c. 10.

M12 S.I. 1986/482.

Securities

54 New issues.

Schedule 12 to this Act (which contains provisions about securities issued after an issue of securities of the same kind) shall have effect.

55 Purchase and sale of securities: options.

(1) In section 731 of the Taxes Act 1988 (scope of bondwashing provisions) the following subsections shall be inserted after subsection (4)—

“(4A) For the purposes of subsection (3) above, where a purchase or sale is effected as a direct result of the exercise of a qualifying option, it shall be treated as effected at the current market price if the terms under which the first buyer acquired the option, or, as the case may be, became subject to it, were arm’s length terms.

(4B) For the purposes of subsection (4A) above an option is a “qualifying option if it would be a traded option or financial option as defined in subsection (9) of section 137 of the 1979 Act were the reference in paragraph (b) of that subsection to the time of the abandonment or other disposal a reference to the time of exercise.

(4C) In subsection (4A) above the reference to arm’s length terms is to terms—

- (a) agreed between persons dealing at arm’s length, or
- (b) not so agreed, but nonetheless such as might reasonably be expected to have been agreed between persons so dealing.”

(2) This section shall apply where the subsequent sale by the first buyer takes place on or after the day on which this Act is passed.

^{F45}56

Textual Amendments

F45 S. 56 repealed (with effect where, for the purposes of 1988 c. 1, s. 731(2), the interest receivable by the first buyer is paid on or after 2.7.1997) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1997 (c. 58), ss. 26, 52, Sch. 8 Pt. II Note; and s. 56, in so far as it is still in force, repealed (with effect in relation to cases where the purchase by the first buyer (within the meaning of 1988 c. 1, s. 731(2)) is made on or after 1.4.2008) by Finance Act 2008 (c. 9), s. 66(4)(c)(6)-(8)

^{F46}57

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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Textual Amendments

- F46** S. 57 repealed (19.3.1997 with effect in relation to, and to transfers under, any arrangement made on or after 1.7.1997) by 1997 c. 16, ss. 76, 113, Sch. 10 Pt. I para. 7(1), Sch. 18 Pt. VI(10) Note 1; S.I. 1997/991, art. 2

58 Manufactured dividends and interest.

- (1) After section 736 of the Taxes Act 1988 there shall be inserted—

“736A Manufactured dividends and interest.

Schedule 23A to this Act shall have effect in relation to certain cases where under a contract or other arrangements for the transfer of shares or other securities a person is required to pay to the other party an amount representative of a dividend or payment of interest on the securities.”

- (2) The enactments mentioned in Schedule 13 to this Act shall have effect with the amendments there specified.
- (3) This section shall have effect in relation to payments made on or after such day as the Treasury may specify for this purpose by regulations made by statutory instrument and different days may be so appointed for different provisions or different purposes.

Subordinate Legislation Made

- P2** S. 58(3) power partly exercised (4.2.1992): 26.2.1992 appointed day for specified provisions and purposes by S.I. 1992/173
S. 58(3) power partly exercised (5.6.1992): 30.6.1992 appointed day for specified provisions and purposes by S.I. 1992/1346
S. 58(3) power partly exercised (21.4.1993): 22.4.1993 appointed day for specified provisions and purposes by S.I. 1993/933.

Commencement Information

- I6** S. 58: s. 58 came into force at Royal Assent (25.7.1991) with effect as mentioned in s. 58(3) in relation to payments made on or after such day or days as the Treasury may specify:
26.2.1992 appointed for specified provisions and purposes by S.I. 1992/173, reg. 2.
30.6.1992 appointed for specified provisions and purposes by S.I. 1992/1346, regs. 2-4.
22.4.1993 appointed for specified provisions and purposes by S.I. 1993/933, regs. 2-4.

Capital allowances

^{F47}59

Textual Amendments

- F47** Ss. 59-61 repealed (22.3.2001 with effect as mentioned in s. 579(1) of the amending Act) by 2001 c. 2, s. 580, Sch. 4

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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F48 **60**

Textual Amendments
F48 Ss. 59-61 repealed (22.3.2001 with effect as mentioned in s. 579(1) of the amending Act) by 2001 c. 2, s. 580, **Sch. 4**

F49 **61**

Textual Amendments
F49 Ss. 59-61 repealed (22.3.2001 with effect as mentioned in s. 579(1) of the amending Act) by 2001 c. 2, s. 580, **Sch. 4**

Oil industry

62 Expenditure on and under abandonment guarantees.

- (1) To the extent that, by virtue of paragraph (hh) of subsection (1) of section 3 of the ^{M13}Oil Taxation Act 1975 (as set out in section 103(2) of this Act), expenditure incurred on or after 19th March 1991 by a participator in an oil field is allowable for the purposes of petroleum revenue tax under the said section 3, that expenditure shall be allowed as a deduction in computing the participator’s ring fence income.
- (2) Expressions used in subsection (1) above and the following provisions of this section have the same meaning as in Chapter V of Part XII of the Taxes Act 1988 (petroleum extraction activities).
- (3) If, under an abandonment guarantee, a payment is made by the guarantor on or after 19th March 1991, then, to the extent that any expenditure for which the relevant participator is liable is met, directly or indirectly, out of the payment, that expenditure shall not be regarded for any purposes of tax as having been incurred by the relevant participator or any other participator in the oil field concerned.
- (4) In any case where—
 - (a) a payment made by the guarantor under the abandonment guarantee is not immediately applied in meeting any expenditure, and
 - (b) the payment is for any period invested (either specifically or together with payments made by persons other than the guarantor) so as to be represented by, or by part of, the assets of a fund or account, and
 - (c) at a subsequent time, any expenditure for which the relevant participator is liable is met out of the assets of the fund or account,
 any reference in subsection (3) above or section 63 below to expenditure which is met, directly or indirectly, out of the payment shall be construed as a reference to so much of the expenditure for which the relevant participator is liable as is met out of those assets of the fund or account which, at the subsequent time referred to in paragraph (c) above, it is just and reasonable to attribute to the payment.
- (5) In subsections (3) and (4) above—

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- (a) “abandonment guarantee has the same meaning as, by virtue of section 104 of this Act, it has for the purposes of section 105 of this Act; and
- (b) “the guarantor and “the relevant participator have the same meaning as in subsection (1) of section 104 of this Act.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C4 S. 62 modified (27.7.1999) by 1999 c. 16, s. 98(2)(7) (with s. 98(8))

Marginal Citations

M13 1975 c. 22.

63 Relief for reimbursement expenditure under abandonment guarantees.

- (1) This section applies in any case where—
 - (a) on or after 19th March 1991 a payment (in this section referred to as “the guarantee payment) is made by the guarantor under an abandonment guarantee; and
 - (b) by virtue of the making of the guarantee payment, the relevant participator becomes liable under the terms of the abandonment guarantee to pay any sum or sums to the guarantor; and
 - (c) expenditure is incurred, or consideration in money’s worth is given, by the relevant participator in or towards meeting that liability.
- (2) In any case where the whole of the guarantee payment or, as the case may require, of the assets which, under section 62(4) above, are attributed to the guarantee payment is not applied in meeting liabilities of the relevant participator which fall within paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) of section 104 of this Act and a sum representing the unapplied part of the guarantee payment or of those assets is repaid, directly or indirectly, to the guarantor,—
 - (a) any liability of the relevant participator to repay that sum shall be excluded in determining the total liability of the relevant participator which falls within subsection (1)(b) above; and
 - (b) the repayment to the guarantor of that sum shall not be regarded as expenditure incurred by the relevant participator as mentioned in subsection (1)(c) above.
- (3) In the following provisions of this section “reimbursement expenditure means expenditure incurred as mentioned in subsection (1)(c) above or consideration (or, as the case may require, the value of consideration) given as so mentioned; and any reference to the incurring of reimbursement expenditure shall be construed accordingly.
- (4) So much of any reimbursement expenditure as, in accordance with subsection (5) below, is qualifying expenditure shall, by virtue of this section, be allowed as a deduction in computing the relevant participator’s ring fence income; and no part of the expenditure which is so allowed shall be otherwise deductible or allowable by way of relief for any purposes of tax.
- (5) Subject to subsection (6) below, of the reimbursement expenditure incurred in any accounting period by the relevant participator, the amount which constitutes qualifying expenditure shall be determined by the formula—

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$$Ax \frac{B}{C}$$

where—

- ”A” is the reimbursement expenditure incurred in the accounting period;
- ”B” is so much of the expenditure represented by the guarantee payment as, if it had been incurred by the relevant participator, would have been taken into account (by way of capital allowance or a deduction) in computing his ring fence income; and
- ”C” is the total of the sums which, at or before the end of the accounting period, the relevant participator is or has become liable to pay to the guarantor as mentioned in subsection (1)(b) above.

- (6) In relation to the guarantee payment, the total of the reimbursement expenditure (whenever incurred) which constitutes qualifying expenditure shall not exceed whichever is the less of “B” and “C” in the formula in subsection (5) above; and any limitation on qualifying expenditure arising by virtue of this subsection shall be applied to the expenditure of a later in preference to an earlier accounting period.
- (7) For the purposes of this section, the expenditure represented by the guarantee payment is any expenditure—
 - (a) for which the relevant participator is liable; and
 - (b) which is met, directly or indirectly, out of the guarantee payment (and which, accordingly, by virtue of section 62(3) above is not to be regarded as expenditure incurred by the relevant participator).
- (8) In this section—
 - (a) “abandonment guarantee has the same meaning as, by virtue of section 104 of this Act, it has for the purposes of section 3 of the 1975 Act;
 - (b) “the guarantor and “the relevant participator have the same meaning as in subsection (1) of section 104 of this Act; and
 - (c) other expressions have the same meaning as in Chapter V of Part XII of the Taxes Act 1988 (petroleum extraction activities).

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C5 S. 63 modified (27.7.1999) by 1999 c. 16, s. 98(2)(7) (with s. 98(8))

64 Relief for expenditure incurred by a participator in meeting defaulter’s abandonment expenditure.

- (1) This section applies in any case where—
 - (a) paragraph 2A of Schedule 5 to the 1975 Act (as set out in section 107 of this Act) applies or would apply if a claim were made as mentioned in subparagraph (1)(a) of that paragraph; and
 - (b) under subparagraph (4) of that paragraph the default payment falls, in whole or in part, to be attributed to the qualifying participator (as an addition to his share of the abandonment expenditure).

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- (2) In this section “default payment, “the defaulter and “qualifying participator have the same meaning as in paragraph 2A of Schedule 5 to the 1975 Act and other expressions have the same meaning as in Chapter V of Part XII of the Taxes Act 1988 (petroleum extraction activities).
- (3) In this section, the amount which is attributed to the qualifying participator as mentioned in subsection (1)(b) above (whether representing the whole or only a part of the default payment) is referred to as the additional abandonment expenditure.
- (4) Relief by way of capital allowance or, as the case may be, a deduction in computing ring fence income shall be available to the qualifying participator by virtue of this section in respect of the additional abandonment expenditure in any case where any such relief or deduction would have been available to the defaulter if—
 - (a) the defaulter had incurred the additional abandonment expenditure; and
 - (b) at the time that that expenditure was incurred the defaulter continued to carry on a ring fence trade.
- (5) The basis of qualification for or entitlement to any relief or deduction which is available to the qualifying participator by virtue of this section shall be determined on the assumption that the conditions in paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (4) above are fulfilled but, subject to that, any such relief or deduction shall be available in like manner as if the additional abandonment expenditure had been incurred by the qualifying participator for the purposes of the ring fence trade carried on by him.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C6 S. 64 modified (27.7.1999) by 1999 c. 16, s. 98(2)(7) (with s. 98(8))

65 Reimbursement by defaulter in respect of certain abandonment expenditure.

- (1) This section applies in any case where—
 - (a) paragraph 2A of Schedule 5 to the 1975 Act (as set out in section 107 of this Act) applies or would apply if a claim were made as mentioned in subparagraph (1)(a) of that paragraph; and
 - (b) under subparagraph (4) of that paragraph the default payment falls, in whole or in part, to be attributed to the qualifying participator (as an addition to his share of the abandonment expenditure); and
 - (c) expenditure is incurred, or consideration in money’s worth is given, by the defaulter in reimbursing the qualifying participator in respect of, or otherwise making good to him, the whole or any part of the default payment;and in this section “default payment, “the defaulter and “qualifying participator have the same meaning as in the said paragraph 2A and other expressions have the same meaning as in Chapter V of Part XII of the Taxes Act 1988 (petroleum extraction activities).
- (2) In the following provisions of this section “reimbursement expenditure means expenditure incurred as mentioned in subsection (1)(c) above or consideration (or, as the case may require, the value of consideration) given as so mentioned; and any reference to the incurring of reimbursement expenditure shall be construed accordingly.

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- (3) Subject to subsection (7) below, reimbursement expenditure shall be allowed as a deduction in computing the defaulter's ring fence income.
- (4) Subject to subsection (7) below, reimbursement expenditure received by the qualifying participator shall be treated as a receipt (in the nature of income) of his ring fence trade for the relevant accounting period.
- (5) For the purposes of subsection (4) above, the relevant accounting period is the accounting period in which the reimbursement expenditure is received by the qualifying participator or, if the qualifying participator's ring fence trade is permanently discontinued before the receipt of the reimbursement expenditure, the last accounting period of that trade.
- (6) Any additional assessment to corporation tax required in order to take account of the receipt of reimbursement expenditure by the qualifying participator may be made at any time not later than six years after the end of the calendar year in which the reimbursement expenditure is so received.
- (7) In relation to a particular default payment, reimbursement expenditure incurred at any time—
 - (a) shall be allowed as mentioned in subsection (3) above, and
 - (b) shall be taken into account in computing the qualifying participator's ring fence income by virtue of subsection (4) above,
 only to the extent that, when aggregated with any reimbursement expenditure previously incurred in respect of that default payment, it does not exceed so much of the default payment as falls to be attributed to the qualifying participator as mentioned in subsection (1)(b) above.
- (8) The incurring of reimbursement expenditure shall not be regarded, by virtue of [F50 section 532 of the Capital Allowances Act (the general rule excluding contributions)], as the meeting of the expenditure of the qualifying participator in making the default payment.

Textual Amendments

F50 Words in s. 65(8) substituted (22.3.2001 with effect as mentioned in s. 579(1) of the amending Act) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, **Sch. 2 para. 73**

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C7 S. 65 modified (27.7.1999) by 1999 c. 16, s. 98(2)(7) (with s. 98(8))

66 Restriction on setting ACT against liability to corporation tax on profits from oil extraction activities etc.

- (1) In section 497 of the Taxes Act 1988 (restriction on setting ACT against liability to corporation tax on profits from oil extraction activities etc.), in subsection (2) after the words "resident in the United Kingdom" there shall be inserted the words "or in respect of any distribution which, in accordance with subsections (2A) and (2B) below, is made pursuant to a substitution scheme".
- (2) After subsection (2) of that section there shall be inserted the following subsections—

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“(2A) For the purposes of subsection (2) above, a distribution (“the relevant distribution) is made pursuant to a substitution scheme if—

- (a) it is made on or after 2nd May 1991 in respect of shares or securities issued or transferred pursuant to or otherwise for the purposes of a scheme or arrangements; and
- (b) by virtue of the scheme or arrangements a person’s entitlement to, or to any rights in, the relevant distribution arises, directly or indirectly, by way of substitution for or addition to any entitlement of his to, or any prospect of his of, a distribution in respect of shares in or securities of another company; and
- (c) at the time of the relevant distribution that other company is associated with the distributing company and is resident in the United Kingdom.

(2B) Where a distribution is made in respect of shares the issue or transfer of which constituted or formed part of an exempt distribution, within the meaning of section 213 (demergers), the distribution in respect of the shares shall not be regarded for the purposes of subsection (2) above as made pursuant to a substitution scheme by reason only that the transfer or issue of the shares was carried out as part of a transaction falling within subsection (1) of that section.”

F51 67

Textual Amendments

F51 S. 67 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by [Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 \(c. 12\)](#), ss. 289, 290, [Sch.12](#) (with s. 201(3), [Sch. 11](#) paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

Miscellaneous

68 Gifts to educational establishments.

(1) For section 84 of the Taxes Act 1988 (payments for technical education) there shall be substituted the following—

“84 Gifts to educational establishments.

(1) This section applies where a person carrying on a trade, profession or vocation (“the donor) makes a gift for the purposes of a designated educational establishment of—

- (a) an article manufactured, or of a class or description sold, by the donor in the course of his trade which qualifies as machinery or plant in the hands of the educational establishment; or
- (b) an article used by the donor in the course of his trade, profession or vocation—
 - (i) which, for the purposes of Part II of the 1990 Act (capital allowances for machinery and plant), constitutes machinery

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- or plant used by him wholly or partly in the course of that trade, profession or vocation; and
- (ii) in respect of which he has claimed an allowance under that Part of that Act.
- (2) For the purposes of this section, an article “qualifies as machinery or plant in the hands of an educational establishment if, and only if, it is an article such that—
- (a) were the activities carried on by the educational establishment regarded as a trade carried on by a body of persons, and
 - (b) had that body, at the time of the gift, incurred capital expenditure wholly and exclusively on the provision of an identical article for the purposes of those activities, and
 - (c) had the identical article belonged to that body in consequence of the incurring of that expenditure,
- the identical article would be regarded for the purposes of Part II of the 1990 Act as machinery or plant provided by the body for the purposes of that trade.
- (3) Where this section applies—
- (a) if the gift is of an article falling within paragraph (a) of subsection (1) above, then, for the purposes of the Tax Acts, no amount shall be required to be brought into account as a trading receipt of the donor in consequence of his disposal of that article from trading stock; and
 - (b) if the gift is of an article falling within paragraph (b) of that subsection, subsection (6) of section 24 of the 1990 Act shall not require the donor to bring into account any disposal value in respect of the article for the purposes of that section;
- but this subsection shall not apply unless, within two years of making the gift, the donor makes a claim for relief under this subsection, specifying the article given and the name of the educational establishment in question.
- (4) In any case where—
- (a) relief is given under subsection (3) above in respect of the gift of an article, and
 - (b) any benefit received in any chargeable period by the donor or any person connected with him is in any way attributable to the making of that gift,
- the donor shall in respect of that chargeable period be charged to tax under Case I or Case II of Schedule D or, if he is not chargeable to tax under either of those Cases for that period, under Case VI of Schedule D on an amount equal to the value of that benefit.
- (5) In this section “designated educational establishment means any educational establishment designated, or of a category designated,—
- (a) as respects Great Britain, in regulations made by the Secretary of State; or
 - (b) as respects Northern Ireland, in regulations made by the Department of Education for Northern Ireland;
- and any such regulations may make different provision for different areas.

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- (6) If any question arises as to whether a particular establishment falls within a category designated in regulations under subsection (5) above, the Board shall refer the question for decision—
 - (a) in the case of an establishment in Great Britain, to the Secretary of State, or
 - (b) in the case of an establishment in Northern Ireland, to the Department of Education for Northern Ireland.
 - (7) The power of the Secretary of State to make regulations under subsection (5) above shall be exercisable by statutory instrument; and a statutory instrument containing any such regulations shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of the House of Commons.
 - (8) Regulations made under subsection (5) above for Northern Ireland—
 - (a) shall be a statutory rule for the purposes of the Statutory Rules (Northern Ireland) Order 1979; and
 - (b) shall be subject to negative resolution within the meaning of section 41(6) of the Interpretation Act (Northern Ireland) 1954.
 - (9) Section 839 applies for the purposes of subsection (4) above.”
- (2) The amendment made by subsection (1) above shall have effect with respect to gifts made on or after 19th March 1991.

^{F52} **69 Expenses of entertainers.**

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Textual Amendments

F52 S. 69 repealed (6.4.2003 with effect in accordance with s. 723(1)(a)(b) of the amending Act) by [Income Tax \(Earnings and Pensions\) Act 2003 \(c. 1\)](#), s. 723, **Sch. 8 Pt. 1** (with [Sch. 7](#))

^{F53} **70 Personal equity plans.**

.....

Textual Amendments

F53 S. 70 repealed (6.4.2005) by [Income Tax \(Trading and Other Income\) Act 2005 \(c. 5\)](#), s. 883(1), **Sch. 3** (with [Sch. 2](#))

71 Donations to charity.

- (1) Section 339A of the Taxes Act 1988 (maximum qualifying donations in the case of companies) shall cease to have effect.
- (2) In consequence of subsection (1) above, in section 338(2) of that Act, for “to sections 339 and 339A” there shall be substituted “to section 339”.

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- (3) Subsections (1) and (2) above shall apply in relation to accounting periods beginning on or after 19th March 1991.
- (4) In its application to accounting periods beginning before 19th March 1991 and ending on or after that date, section 339A of the Taxes Act 1988 shall have effect as if—
 - (a) in subsections (1) and (2), after the words “in that period”, in the first place where they occur, there were inserted “and before 19th March 1991”; and
 - (b) in subsection (3)(b), after “that section” there were inserted “in respect of payments made before 19th March 1991”.
- (5) In section 25 of the ^{M14}Finance Act 1990 (donations to charity by individuals) subsection (2)(h) (maximum qualifying donations) shall cease to have effect.
- (6) Subsection (5) above shall apply in relation to gifts made on or after 19th March 1991.

Marginal Citations

M14 1990 c. 29.

72 Deduction of trading losses.

- (1) Where under section 380 of the Taxes Act 1988 (set-off of trading losses against general income) a person makes a claim for relief for a year of assessment in respect of an amount (“the trading loss) which is available for relief under that section, he may in the notice by which the claim is made make a claim under this subsection for the relevant amount for the year to be determined.
- (2) The relevant amount for the year is so much of the trading loss as—
 - (a) cannot be set off against the claimant’s income for the year, and
 - (b) has not already been taken into account for the purpose of giving relief (under section 380 or this section or otherwise) for any other year.
- (3) Where the claim under subsection (1) above is finally determined, the relevant amount for the year shall be treated for the purposes of capital gains tax as an allowable loss accruing to the claimant in the year; but the preceding provisions of this subsection shall not apply to so much of the relevant amount as exceeds the maximum amount.
- (4) The maximum amount is the amount on which the claimant would be chargeable to capital gains tax for the year, [^{F54}disregarding sections 2A (taper relief) and 3(1) (annual exempt amount)] [^{F55}of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992] and the effect of this section.
- (5) In ascertaining the maximum amount, no account shall be taken of any event—
 - (a) occurring after the date on which the claim under subsection (1) above is finally determined, and
 - (b) in consequence of which the amount referred to in subsection (4) above is reduced by virtue of any enactment relating to capital gains tax.
- (6) An amount treated as an allowable loss by virtue of this section shall not be allowed as a deduction from chargeable gains accruing to a person in any year of assessment beginning after he has ceased to carry on the trade, profession, vocation or employment in which the relevant trading loss was sustained.

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- (7) For the purposes of this section, the claim under subsection (1) above shall not be deemed to be finally determined until the relevant amount for the year can no longer be varied, whether by the Commissioners on appeal or on the order of any court.
- (8) References in sections 382(3), ^{F56} . . . and 385(1) of the Taxes Act 1988 to relief under section 380 of that Act shall be construed as including references to relief under this section.
- (9) This section shall apply in relation to losses sustained in the year 1991-92 and subsequent years of assessment.

Textual Amendments

- F54** Words in s. 72(4) substituted (with effect as mentioned in s. 48(2) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 2002 (c. 23), s. 48(1) (with s. 48(3)-(5))
- F55** Words in s. 72(4) substituted (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the amending Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, Sch. 10 para. 23 (with ss. 60, 101(1), 201(3))
- F56** Words in s. 72(8) repealed (3.5.1994 with effect in accordance with ss. 211(2), 218(1)(b) of the repealing Act) by 1994 c. 9, ss. 211(2), 218(1)(b), 258, Sch. 26 Pt. V(24) Note 5(e)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C8** S. 72(1) modified (5.4.1994) by S.I. 1994/728, reg. 9, Sch. 2
S. 72(1) modified (9.3.1995 with effect as mentioned in ss. 14(2), 15(2) of the amending S.I.) by S.I. 1995/352, regs. 14, 15, Sch.

73 Relief for company trading losses.

- (1) After section 393 of the Taxes Act 1988 (losses other than terminal losses) there shall be inserted—

“393A Losses: set off against profits of the same, or an earlier, accounting period.

- (1) Subject to section 492(3), where in any accounting period ending on or after 1st April 1991 a company carrying on a trade incurs a loss in the trade, then, subject to subsection (3) below, the company may make a claim requiring that the loss be set off for the purposes of corporation tax against profits (of whatever description)—
 - (a) of that accounting period, and
 - (b) if the company was then carrying on the trade and the claim so requires, of preceding accounting periods falling wholly or partly within the period specified in subsection (2) below;and, subject to that subsection and to any relief for an earlier loss, the profits of any of those accounting periods shall then be treated as reduced by the amount of the loss, or by so much of that amount as cannot be relieved under this subsection against profits of a later accounting period.
- (2) The period referred to in paragraph (b) of subsection (1) above is the period of three years immediately preceding the accounting period in which the loss is incurred; but the amount of the reduction that may be made under that

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subsection in the profits of an accounting period falling partly before the beginning of that period shall not exceed a part of those profits proportionate to the part of the accounting period falling within that period.

- (3) Subsection (1) above shall not apply to trades falling within Case V of Schedule D; and a loss incurred in a trade in any accounting period shall not be relieved under that subsection unless—
- (a) the trade is one carried on in the exercise of functions conferred by or under any enactment (including an enactment contained in a local or private Act), or
 - (b) it is shown that for that accounting period the trade was being carried on on a commercial basis and with a view to the realisation of gain in the trade or in any larger undertaking of which the trade formed part; but this subsection is without prejudice to section 397.
- (4) For the purposes of subsection (3) above—
- (a) the fact that a trade was being carried on at any time so as to afford a reasonable expectation of gain shall be conclusive evidence that it was then being carried on with a view to the realisation of gain; and
 - (b) where in an accounting period there is a change in the manner in which a trade is being carried on, it shall be treated as having throughout the accounting period been carried on in the way in which it was being carried on by the end of that period.
- (5) A claim under subsection (1) above may require that capital allowances in respect of the trade, being allowances that fall—
- (a) to be made to the company by way of discharge or repayment of tax, and
 - (b) to be so made for an accounting period ending on or after 1st April 1991,
- shall (so far as they cannot be otherwise taken into account so as to reduce or relieve any charge to corporation tax in respect of that, or any earlier, accounting period) be added to the loss incurred by the company in that accounting period or, if the company has not incurred a loss in the period, shall be treated as a loss so incurred.
- (6) For the purposes of subsection (5) above, the allowances for any period shall not be treated as including amounts carried forward from an earlier period.
- (7) Where a company ceases to carry on a trade, subsection (9) of section 393 shall apply in computing for the purposes of this section a loss in the trade in the accounting period in which the cessation occurs as it applies in computing a loss in an accounting period for the purposes of subsection (1) of that section.
- (8) Relief shall not be given by virtue of subsection (1)(b) above in respect of a loss incurred in a trade so as to interfere with any relief under section 338 in respect of payments made wholly and exclusively for the purposes of that trade.
- (9) For the purposes of this section—
- (a) the amount of a loss incurred in a trade in an accounting period shall be computed in the same way as trading income from the trade in that period would have been computed;

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- (b) “trading income means, in relation to any trade, the income which falls or would fall to be included in respect of the trade in the total profits of the company; and
 - (c) references to a company carrying on a trade refer to the company carrying it on so as to be within the charge to corporation tax in respect of it.
- (10) A claim under subsection (1) above may only be made within the period of two years immediately following the accounting period in which the loss is incurred or within such further period as the Board may allow.
- (11) In any case where—
- (a) by virtue of section 62B of the 1990 Act (post-cessation abandonment expenditure related to offshore machinery or plant) the qualifying expenditure of the company for the chargeable period related to the cessation of its ring fence trade is treated as increased by any amount, or
 - (b) by virtue of section 109 of that Act (restoration expenditure incurred after cessation of trade of mineral extraction) any expenditure is treated as qualifying expenditure incurred by the company on the last day on which it carried on the trade,
- then, in relation to any claim under subsection (1) above to the extent that it relates to an increase falling within paragraph (a) above or to expenditure falling within paragraph (b) above, subsection (10) above shall have effect with the substitution of “five years” for “two years”.”
- (2) Sections 393(2) to (6) and 394 of the Taxes Act 1988 (which are superseded by this section) shall cease to have effect.
 - (3) Schedule 15 to this Act shall have effect.
 - (4) This section shall have effect only in relation to losses incurred in accounting periods ending on or after 1st April 1991.
 - (5) Any enactment amended by this section or that Schedule shall, in its application in relation to losses so incurred, be deemed to have had effect at all times with that amendment; and where any such enactment is the re-enactment of a repealed enactment, the repealed enactment shall, in its application in relation to losses so incurred, be deemed to have had effect at all times with a corresponding amendment.

74 Trade unions and employers’ associations.

- (1) Section 467 of the Taxes Act 1988 (trade unions and employers’ associations) shall be amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (1) (exemption for certain income and gains of a trade union precluded by Act or rules from assuring to any person a sum exceeding £3,000 by way of gross sum or £625 by way of annuity)—
 - (a) for “£3,000” there shall be substituted “£4,000 ”, and
 - (b) for “£625” there shall be substituted “£825 ”.
- (3) In subsection (3) (matters to be disregarded in applying subsection (1)) for “£625” there shall be substituted “£825 ”.

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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(4) After subsection (3) there shall be inserted—

“(3A) The Treasury may by order substitute for any figure for the time being specified in this section such greater figure as may be specified in the order; and any amendment made in exercise of the power conferred by this subsection shall have effect in relation to such income or gains as may be specified in the order.”

(5) In subsection (4) (definition of “trade union”)—

(a) in paragraphs (a) and (b), for “Registrar of Friendly Societies” there shall be substituted “Certification Officer”; and

(b) for “and” at the end of paragraph (b) there shall be substituted—

“(ba) any trade union within the meaning of the Trade Union Act 1871 registered in Northern Ireland under section 6 of that Act; and”.

(6) Subsections (2) and (3) above shall have effect in relation to income or gains which are applicable and applied as mentioned in section 467 of the Taxes Act 1988 on or after 1st April 1991.

(7) Subsection (5) above shall be deemed always to have had effect.

Commencement Information

I7 [S. 74](#) in force at Royal Assent except s. 74(5) which is retrospective to 5.4.1988 being the commencement of s. 467, [1988 c.1](#)

75 Audit powers in relation to non-residents.

The following section shall be inserted after section 482 of the Taxes Act 1988—

“482A Audit powers in relation to non-residents.

(1) The Board may make regulations with respect to the exclusion, in relation to investments of persons who are not ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom, of powers conferred by regulations made by virtue of section 477A(2)(a) or 482(11)(aa) (“audit powers”).

(2) Regulations under subsection (1) above may in particular—

- (a) make provision for the exclusion of audit powers in the case of any building society or deposit-taker to be dependent on whether the society or deposit-taker is approved by the Board for the purposes of the regulations and on the scope of that approval;
- (b) make provision with respect to the approval of building societies and deposit-takers by the Board for the purposes of the regulations;
- (c) make provision with respect to, and with respect to alteration of, the scope of approval by the Board for the purposes of the regulations;
- (d) make provision with respect to the termination of approval by the Board for the purposes of the regulations; and

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- (e) make provision with respect to appeals against decisions of the Board with respect to approval for the purposes of the regulations, including decisions with respect to the scope of such approval.
- (3) Regulations under subsection (1) above may—
 - (a) make different provision for different cases; and
 - (b) contain such supplementary, incidental, consequential or transitional provision as appears to the Board to be appropriate.
- (4) In this section “deposit-taker has the meaning given by section 481(2).”

76 Capital element in annuities.

- (1) Section 656 of the Taxes Act 1988 (purchased life annuities other than retirement annuities) shall have effect, and be deemed always to have had effect, with the addition of the following subsections—

“(7) In using the prescribed tables of mortality to determine—

- (a) the expected term of an annuity for the purposes of subsection (2)(a) above, or
- (b) the actuarial value of any annuity payments for the purposes of subsection (4)(c) above,

the age, as at the date when the first of the annuity payments begins to accrue, of a person during whose life the annuity is payable shall be taken to be the number of years of his age at his last birthday preceding that date.

- (8) In any case where it is not possible to determine the expected term of an annuity for the purposes of subsection (2)(a) above by reference to the prescribed tables of mortality, that term shall for those purposes be such period as may be certified by the Government Actuary or the Deputy Government Actuary.

- (9) In any case where it is not possible to determine the actuarial value of any annuity payments for the purposes of subsection (4)(c) above by reference to the prescribed tables of mortality, that value shall for those purposes be such amount as may be certified by the Government Actuary or the Deputy Government Actuary.”

- (2) Section 230 of the ^{M15}Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1970 (from which section 656 of the Taxes Act 1988 is derived) shall be deemed always to have had effect as if the subsections (7) to (9) set out in subsection (1) above had been contained in that section as subsections (8) to (10) respectively, but with the substitution for “(2)(a)” and “(4)(c)”, in each place where they occur, of “(2A)(a)” and “(3)(c)” respectively.

- (3) Section 27 of the ^{M16}Finance Act 1956 (from which section 230 of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1970 was derived) shall be deemed always to have had effect as if the subsections (7) and (9) set out in subsection (1) above had been contained in that section as subsections (8A) and (8B) respectively, but with the omission in subsection (7) of paragraph (a) and with the substitution of “(3)(c)” for “(4)(c)” in both places where it occurs.

Marginal Citations

M15 1970 c. 10.

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

Changes to legislation: Finance Act 1991 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 09 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

M16 1956 c. 54.

77 Definition of “normal commercial loan”.

(1) In paragraph 1 of Schedule 18 to the Taxes Act 1988 (under which a person who is a loan creditor of a company in respect of a non-commercial loan is an equity holder of the company) after sub-paragraph (5D) there shall be inserted—

“(5E) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (5)(b) above, the amount to which the loan creditor is entitled by way of interest—

- (a) shall not be treated as depending to any extent on the results of the company’s business or any part of it by reason only of the fact that the terms of the loan provide for the rate of interest to be reduced in the event of the results of the company’s business or any part of it improving, and
- (b) shall not be treated as depending to any extent on the value of any of the company’s assets by reason only of the fact that the terms of the loan provide for the rate of interest to be reduced in the event of the value of any of the company’s assets increasing.

(5F) Sub-paragraph (5H) below applies where—

- (a) a person makes a loan to a company on the basis mentioned in sub-paragraph (5G) below for the purpose of facilitating the acquisition of land, and
- (b) none of the land which the loan is used to acquire is acquired with a view to resale at a profit.

(5G) The basis referred to above is that—

- (a) the whole of the loan is to be applied in the acquisition of land by the company or in meeting the incidental costs of obtaining the loan,
- (b) the payment of any amount due in connection with the loan to the person making it is to be secured on the land which the loan is to be used to acquire, and
- (c) no other security is to be required for the payment of any such amount.

(5H) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (5)(b) above, the amount to which the loan creditor is entitled by way of interest shall not be treated as depending to any extent on the value of any of the company’s assets by reason only of the fact that the terms of the loan are such that the only way the loan creditor can enforce payment of an amount due is by exercising rights granted by way of security over the land which the loan is used to acquire.

(5I) In sub-paragraph (5G)(a) above the reference to the incidental costs of obtaining the loan is to any expenditure on fees, commissions, advertising, printing or other incidental matters wholly and exclusively incurred for the purpose of obtaining the loan or of providing security for it.”

^{F57}(2)

(3) Except as provided by subsection (2) above, this section shall be deemed to have come into force on 1st April 1991.

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Textual Amendments

F57 S. 77(2) repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by [Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 \(c. 12\)](#), ss. 289, 290, [Sch. 12](#) (with s. 201(3), [Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26\(2\), 27](#))

78 Sharing of transmission facilities.

(1) This section applies to any agreement relating to the sharing of transmission facilities—

- (a) to which the parties are national broadcasting companies,
- (b) which is entered into on or after the day on which this Act is passed and before 1st January 1992 or such later date as may be specified for the purposes of this paragraph by the Secretary of State, and
- (c) in relation to which the Secretary of State has certified that it is expedient that this section should apply.

^{F58}(2)

^{F58}(3)

(4) Where under an agreement to which this section applies one party to the agreement disposes of [^{F59}plant or machinery] to another party to the agreement, the [^{F60}Capital Allowances Act] shall apply—

- (a) in the case of the party making the disposal, as if the disposal value of the [^{F59}plant or machinery] for the purposes of [^{F61}section 60 of that Act] were equal to the capital expenditure incurred by that party on its provision, and
- (b) in the case of the party to whom the disposal is made, as if the amount expended by that party in acquiring the [^{F59}plant or machinery] were equal to the capital expenditure so incurred.

(5) In subsection (4) above, references to [^{F62}plant or machinery] include a share in [^{F62}plant or machinery].

^{F58}(6)

^{F58}(7)

(8) In this section, “national broadcasting company means a body corporate engaged in the broadcasting for general reception by means of wireless telegraphy of radio or television services or both on a national basis.

Textual Amendments

F58 S. 78(2)(3)(6)(7) repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by [Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 \(c. 12\)](#), ss. 289, 290, [Sch. 12](#) (with s. 201(3), [Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26\(2\), 27](#))

F59 Words in s. 78(4) substituted (22.3.2001 with effect as mentioned in s. 579(1) of the amending Act) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, [Sch. 2 para. 74\(1\)\(b\)](#)

F60 Words in s. 78(4) substituted (22.3.2001 with effect as mentioned in s. 579(1) of the amending Act) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, [Sch. 2 para. 74\(1\)\(a\)](#)

F61 Words in s. 78(4) substituted (22.3.2001 with effect as mentioned in s. 579(1) of the amending Act) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, [Sch. 2 para. 74\(1\)\(c\)](#)

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F62 Words in s. 78(5) substituted (22.3.2001 with effect as mentioned in s. 579(1) of the amending Act) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, **Sch. 2 para. 74(2)**

79 Abolition of CRT: consequential amendment.

- (1) In Schedule 12 to the Finance Act 1988 (building societies: change of status) in paragraph 6(1)(b) for “section 476” there shall be substituted “section 477A”.
- (2) This section shall apply where qualifying benefits are conferred on or after 6th April 1991.

80 Interest on certain debentures.

Paragraph 8(2) of Schedule 11 to the ^{M17}Electricity Act 1989 (treatment of certain debentures for the purposes of the Corporation Tax Acts) shall have effect, and be deemed always to have had effect, with the addition after paragraph (b) of the words—

“ and if any such debenture includes provision for the payment of a sum expressed as interest in respect of a period which falls wholly or partly before the issue of the debenture, any payment made in pursuance of that provision in respect of that period shall be treated for the purposes of the Corporation Tax Acts as if the debenture had been issued at the commencement of that period and, accordingly, as interest on the principal sum payable under the debenture. ”

Marginal Citations

M17 1989 c. 29.

F63⁸¹

Textual Amendments

F63 S. 81 repealed (1.5.1995 for the purposes mentioned in Sch. 29 Pt.VIII(16) Note 5 of the amending Act) by 1995 c. 4, s. 162, **Sch. 29 Pt. VIII** Note 5

82 Certificates of non-liability to tax.

- (1) In the ^{M18}Taxes Management Act 1970, the following section shall be inserted after section 99—

“99A Certificates of non-liability to income tax.

If a person who gives a certificate of non-liability to income tax in pursuance of regulations under section 477A of the principal Act (building societies) or section 480B of that Act (deposit-takers)—

- (a) gives the certificate fraudulently or negligently, or
- (b) fails to comply with any undertaking contained in the certificate in pursuance of the regulations,

he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding £3,000.”

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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- (2) So far as relating to the giving of a certificate, this section shall apply in relation to certificates given on or after the day on which this Act is passed.
- (3) So far as relating to failure to comply with an undertaking contained in a certificate, this section shall apply in relation to certificates whenever given, but not so as to impose liability for a failure occurring before the day on which this Act is passed.

Marginal Citations

M18 1970 c. 9.

CHAPTER II

CAPITAL GAINS

Commencement Information

I8 Chapter II partly in force at 1.12.1988 due to retrospective effect of ss. 95 & 96

Settlements

^{F64}**83**

Textual Amendments

F64 Ss. 83-102 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch.12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

^{F65}**84**

Textual Amendments

F65 Ss. 83-102 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch.12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

^{F66}**85**

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Textual Amendments

F66 Ss. 83-102 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch.12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

^{F67}**86**

Textual Amendments

F67 Ss. 83-102 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch.12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

^{F68}**87**

Textual Amendments

F68 Ss. 83-102 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch.12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

^{F69}**88**

Textual Amendments

F69 Ss. 83-102 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch.12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

^{F70}**89**

Textual Amendments

F70 Ss. 83-102 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch.12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

^{F71}**90**

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Textual Amendments

F71 Ss. 83-102 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch.12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

F72⁹¹

Textual Amendments

F72 Ss. 83-102 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch.12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

F73⁹²

Textual Amendments

F73 Ss. 83-102 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch.12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

Private residence

F74⁹³

Textual Amendments

F74 Ss. 83-102 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch.12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

F75⁹⁴

Textual Amendments

F75 Ss. 83-102 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

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Miscellaneous

F76⁹⁵

Textual Amendments

F76 Ss. 83-102 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch.12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

F77⁹⁶

Textual Amendments

F77 Ss. 83-102 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch.12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

F78⁹⁷

Textual Amendments

F78 Ss. 83-102 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch.12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

F79⁹⁸

Textual Amendments

F79 Ss. 83-102 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

F80⁹⁹

Textual Amendments

F80 Ss. 83-102 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch.12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

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F81 **100**

Textual Amendments

F81 Ss. 83-102 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch.12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

F82 **101**

Textual Amendments

F82 Ss. 83-102 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch.12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

F83 **102**

Textual Amendments

F83 Ss. 83-102 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch.12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

PART III

OIL TAXATION

Abandonment etc.

103 Allowance of certain expenditure relating to abandonment, decommissioning assets, etc.

- (1) Section 3 of the principal Act (allowance of certain expenditure) shall be amended in accordance with subsections (2) to (6) below.
- (2) With respect to expenditure incurred on or after 19th March 1991, in subsection (1), after paragraph (h) there shall be inserted the following paragraph—
 - “(hh) obtaining an abandonment guarantee, as defined in section 104 of the Finance Act 1991”.
- (3) With respect to expenditure incurred after 30th June 1991, in subsection (1), for paragraph (i) there shall be substituted the following paragraphs—
 - “(i) closing down, decommissioning, abandoning or wholly or partially dismantling or removing any qualifying asset;

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(j) carrying out qualifying restoration work consequential upon the closing down of the field or any part of it.”

(4) After subsection (1) there shall be inserted the following subsections—

“(1A) In this section “qualifying asset has the same meaning as in the Oil Taxation Act 1983; and, in the case of a qualifying asset which was leased or hired, the reference in subsection (1)(i) above to decommissioning includes a reference to carrying out any restoration or similar work which is required to be carried out to comply with the terms of the contract of lease or hire.

(1B) In subsection (1)(j) above “qualifying restoration work, in relation to a participator in an oil field, means—

- (a) restoring (including landscaping) land on which a qualifying asset is or was situated; or
- (b) restoring the seabed (including the subsoil thereof) on which a qualifying asset is or was situated.

(1C) In any case where—

- (a) expenditure is incurred by a participator for any of the purposes mentioned in paragraph (i) or paragraph (j) of subsection (1) above, and
- (b) the participator is or was a participator in two or more oil fields and the qualifying asset which is relevant to the incurring of that expenditure is, at the end of the claim period concerned, a qualifying asset in respect of more than one of those oil fields,

the expenditure shall be apportioned between those oil fields in such manner as is just and reasonable.

(1D) Without prejudice to any apportionment under subsection (1C) above, in any case where—

- (a) any expenditure incurred by a participator would, apart from this subsection, be regarded as wholly incurred for any of the purposes mentioned in paragraph (i) or paragraph (j) of subsection (1) above, and
- (b) the qualifying asset which is relevant to the incurring of that expenditure has at some time been used otherwise than in connection with an oil field,

only such portion of the expenditure as it is just and reasonable to apportion to the use in connection with an oil field shall be regarded as allowable for any of the purposes referred to in paragraph (a) above.”

(5) After subsection (5A) there shall be inserted the following subsection—

“(5B) Expenditure incurred by a participator in an oil field shall be taken to be incurred for the purpose mentioned in paragraph (hh) of subsection (1) above if, and only if,—

- (a) it consists of fees, commission or incidental costs incurred wholly and exclusively for the purposes of obtaining an abandonment guarantee; and
- (b) the abandonment guarantee is obtained in order to comply with a term of a relevant agreement relating to that field under which the participator is required to provide security (whether or not specifically

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in the form of an abandonment guarantee) in respect of his liabilities to contribute to field abandonment costs;

and expressions used in this subsection shall be construed in accordance with section 104 of the Finance Act 1991.”

- (6) In subsection (6) (apportionment of expenditure)—
 - (a) at the beginning there shall be inserted “Without prejudice to any apportionment under subsection (1C) or subsection (1D) above ”; and
 - (b) after the words “subsections (1) and (5) above” there shall be inserted “other than paragraph (hh) of subsection (1) ”.
- (7) In section 10 of the principal Act (exempt gas)—
 - (a) in subsection (2) for the words “and (i) of subsection (1)” there shall be substituted “(hh), (i) and (j) of subsection (1) and subsection (1D) ”;
 - ^{F84}(b)
 - ^{F84}(c)
- (8) So far as they relate to the paragraph (hh) inserted by subsection (2) above, the amendments in subsections (5) to (7) above have effect with respect to expenditure incurred on or after 19th March 1991 and, subject to that, the amendments in subsections (4) to (7) above have effect with respect to expenditure incurred after 30th June 1991.

Textual Amendments

F84 S. 103(7)(b)(c) repealed (22.3.2001 with effect in accordance with s. 103(2) of the amending Act) by 2001 c. 9, s. 110, Sch. 33 Pt. 3(2)

104 Abandonment guarantees.

- (1) Subject to subsection (2) below, for the purposes of section 3 of the principal Act and sections 105 and 106 below, an abandonment guarantee is a contract under which a person (“the guarantor) undertakes to make good any default by a participator in an oil field (“the relevant participator) in meeting the whole or any part of those liabilities of his which—
 - (a) arise under a relevant agreement relating to that field; and
 - (b) are liabilities to contribute to field abandonment costs;and such a contract is an abandonment guarantee regardless of the form of the undertaking of the guarantor and, in particular, whether or not it is expressed as a guarantee or arises under a letter of credit, a performance bond or any other instrument.
- (2) For the purposes of section 3 of the principal Act and section 106 (but not section 105) below a contract is not an abandonment guarantee—
 - (a) unless it is entered into in good faith and on terms reasonably appropriate to the nature and extent of the guarantee; or
 - (b) if the guarantor undertakes any liability beyond that of making good any such default as is referred to in subsection (1) above; or
 - (c) if it can be revoked by the guarantor otherwise than on account of some fraud, misrepresentation or other fault on the part of the relevant participator occurring prior to the making of the contract; or

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

Changes to legislation: Finance Act 1991 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 09 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (d) if, subject to subsection (3) below, the guarantor is, or is a person connected with, a participator in one or more oil fields.
- (3) Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) above does not apply if—
- (a) the main business carried on by the guarantor is such that it is in the ordinary course of that business to provide guarantees; and
 - (b) the relevant participator is not connected with the guarantor;
- and section 839 of the Taxes Act 1988 (connected persons) applies for the purposes of this subsection and subsection (2) above.
- (4) Without prejudice to the generality of paragraph (a) of subsection (2) above, a contract shall not be regarded as entered into in good faith if, as a result of any arrangement, the liability to make good any such default as is referred to in subsection (1) above will be met, directly or indirectly, by such a person that, if he were the guarantor under the contract, the contract could not be an abandonment guarantee by virtue of paragraph (d) of subsection (2) above.
- (5) In this section and in section 3(5B) of the principal Act—
- (a) in relation to an oil field, a “relevant agreement means a joint operating agreement, a unitisation agreement (within the meaning of paragraph 1(1) of Schedule 17 to the ^{M19}Finance Act 1980) or an agreement entered into by some or all of the parties to a joint operating agreement or such a unitisation agreement; and
 - (b) in relation to an oil field, “field abandonment costs means costs incurred in closing down the field or any part of it, together with any costs incurred in discharging any continuing liabilities resulting directly from that closure.

Marginal Citations

M19 1980 c. 48.

105 Restriction of expenditure relief by reference to payments under abandonment guarantees.

- (1) If, under an abandonment guarantee, a payment is made by the guarantor on or after 19th March 1991, then, to the extent that any expenditure for which the relevant participator is liable is met, directly or indirectly, out of the payment, that expenditure shall not be regarded for any of the purposes of the principal Act as having been incurred by the relevant participator or any other participator in the oil field concerned.
- (2) In any case where—
- (a) a payment made by the guarantor under an abandonment guarantee is not immediately applied in meeting any expenditure, and
 - (b) the payment is for any period invested (either specifically or together with payments made by persons other than the guarantor) so as to be represented by, or by part of, the assets of a fund or account, and
 - (c) at a subsequent time, any expenditure for which the relevant participator is liable is met out of the assets of the fund or account,

any reference in subsection (1) above or section 106 below to expenditure which is met, directly or indirectly, out of the payment shall be construed as a reference to so much of the expenditure for which the relevant participator is liable as is met out

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of those assets of the fund or account which, at the subsequent time referred to in paragraph (c) above, it is just and reasonable to attribute to the payment.

- (3) In subsections (1) and (2) above “the guarantor and “the relevant participator have the same meaning as in subsection (1) of section 104 above.

106 Relief for reimbursement expenditure under abandonment guarantees.

- (1) This section applies in any case where—
- (a) on or after 19th March 1991 a payment (in this section referred to as “the guarantee payment) is made by the guarantor under an abandonment guarantee; and
 - (b) by virtue of the making of the guarantee payment, the relevant participator becomes liable under the terms of the abandonment guarantee to pay any sum or sums to the guarantor; and
 - (c) in any claim period (in this section referred to as “the relevant period) expenditure is incurred, or consideration in money’s worth is given, by the relevant participator in or towards meeting that liability.
- (2) In any case where the whole of the guarantee payment or, as the case may require, of the assets which, under section 105(2) above, are attributed to the guarantee payment is not applied in meeting liabilities of the relevant participator which fall within paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) of section 104 above and a sum representing the unapplied part of the guarantee payment or of those assets is repaid, directly or indirectly, to the guarantor,—
- (a) any liability of the relevant participator to repay that sum shall be excluded in determining the total liability of the relevant participator which falls within subsection (1)(b) above; and
 - (b) the repayment to the guarantor of that sum shall not be regarded as expenditure incurred by the relevant participator as mentioned in subsection (1)(c) above.
- (3) In the following provisions of this section “reimbursement expenditure means expenditure incurred as mentioned in subsection (1)(c) above or consideration (or, as the case may require, the value of consideration) given as so mentioned; and any reference to the incurring of reimbursement expenditure shall be construed accordingly.
- (4) So much of any reimbursement expenditure as, in accordance with subsection (5) below, is qualifying expenditure shall be treated for the purposes of the principal Act as if it were expenditure incurred by the relevant participator for the purpose of obtaining an abandonment guarantee.
- (5) Subject to subsection (6) below, of the reimbursement expenditure which is incurred in the relevant period, the amount which constitutes qualifying expenditure shall be determined by the formula—

$$Ax \frac{B}{C}$$

where—

“A” is the reimbursement expenditure incurred in the relevant period;

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“B” is so much of the expenditure represented by the guarantee payment as, if it had been incurred by the relevant participator, would have constituted expenditure allowable under section 3 of the principal Act; and

“C” is the total of the sums which, at or before the end of the relevant period, the participator is or has become liable to pay to the guarantor as mentioned in subsection (1)(b) above.

- (6) In relation to the guarantee payment, the total of the reimbursement expenditure (whether incurred in one or more claim periods) which constitutes qualifying expenditure shall not exceed whichever is the less of “B” and “C” in the formula in subsection (5) above; and any limitation on qualifying expenditure arising by virtue of this subsection shall be applied to the expenditure of a later in preference to an earlier claim period.
- (7) For the purposes of this section, the expenditure represented by the guarantee payment is any expenditure—
- (a) for which the relevant participator is liable; and
 - (b) which is met, directly or indirectly, out of the guarantee payment (and which, accordingly, by virtue of section 105 above is not to be regarded as expenditure incurred by the relevant participator).
- (8) In this section “the guarantor and “the relevant participator have the same meaning as in subsection (1) of section 104 above.

107 Allowance of expenditure of participator meeting defaulter’s field abandonment expenditure.

- (1) In Schedule 5 to the principal Act (procedure for allowance of expenditure) at the beginning of paragraph (b) of sub-paragraph (4) of paragraph 2 (claim must state the shares, by reference to their respective interests in the oil field, in which participators propose to divide expenditure) there shall be inserted “Subject to paragraph 2A below”.
- (2) After paragraph 2 of Schedule 5 to the principal Act there shall be inserted the following paragraph—

“2A (1) This paragraph applies where—

- (a) a claim is made under this Schedule for the allowance of any expenditure which is incurred after 30th June 1991 and is allowable for an oil field by virtue of paragraph (i) or paragraph (j) of subsection (1) of section 3 of this Act (in this paragraph referred to as “the abandonment expenditure);
- (b) a participator (in this paragraph referred to as “the defaulter) has defaulted on his liability under a relevant agreement to make a payment towards the abandonment expenditure;
- (c) at the end of the claim period for which the claim is made, the defaulter still has an interest in the oil field which falls to be taken into account in determining, under paragraph 2(4)(b) above, the shares of each of the participators in the abandonment expenditure;
- (d) the participators (other than any who have defaulted as mentioned in paragraph (b) above) have taken all reasonable steps by way

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- of legal remedy to secure that the defaulter meets the whole of the liability referred to in paragraph (b) above and to enforce any guarantee or other security provided in respect of that liability; and
- (e) one or more of those participators has paid an amount in or towards meeting the whole or any part of the payment for which the defaulter was liable as mentioned in paragraph (b) above.
- (2) For the purposes of this paragraph, a participator is to be regarded as defaulting on his liability to make a payment as mentioned in sub-paragraph (1)(b) above if he has failed to make the payment in full on the date on which it becomes due under the relevant agreement and either—
- (a) on the sixtieth day after that due date any of the payment remains unpaid; or
- (b) before that sixtieth day the participator’s interest in a relevant licence becomes liable under the relevant agreement to be sold or forfeited, in whole or in part, by reason of his failure to meet his liability.
- (3) In this paragraph—
- (a) “relevant agreement has the meaning given by section 104(5)(a) of the Finance Act 1991;
- (b) “the sum in default means so much of the payment referred to in sub-paragraph (1)(b) above as has neither been paid by the defaulter nor met by virtue of any such guarantee or security as is referred to in sub-paragraph (1)(d) above;
- (c) the “default payment means the amount which the qualifying participator has paid as mentioned in sub-paragraph (1)(e) above; and
- (d) a “qualifying participator means a participator who falls within sub-paragraph (1)(e) above and who is not connected with the defaulter, applying section 839 of the Taxes Act (connected persons) for the purposes of this paragraph.
- (4) For the purposes of paragraphs 2(4)(b) and 3(1)(c) of this Schedule, there shall be attributed to a qualifying participator (as an addition to the share of the abandonment expenditure referable to his own interest in the oil field) whichever is the less of—
- (a) the default payment; and
- (b) subject to sub-paragraph (5) below, that portion of the sum in default which, in accordance with the relevant agreement, the qualifying participator is required to meet in the event of a failure by the defaulter to meet his liability to pay in full the payment referred to in sub-paragraph (1)(b) above.
- (5) If, in the case of any oil field, there are only two participators and one of them is the defaulter, the portion referred to in sub-paragraph (4)(b) above is the whole.
- (6) Where this paragraph applies, account shall, in the first instance, be taken under paragraph 2(4)(b) above of the whole of the defaulter’s interest in the oil field in determining the share of the abandonment expenditure which, apart from sub-paragraph (4) above, is to be attributed to each of

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the other participators; but the amount of the abandonment expenditure which, apart from this paragraph, would be attributed to the defaulter by reference to his interest in the oil field shall be reduced (or, as the case may be, extinguished) by deducting therefrom any expenditure attributed to the other participators under sub-paragraph (4) above.”

108 Reimbursement by defaulter in respect of certain abandonment expenditure.

- (1) This section applies in any case where—
 - (a) paragraph 2A of Schedule 5 to the principal Act (as set out in section 107 above) applies; and
 - (b) under sub-paragraph (4) of that paragraph the default payment falls, in whole or in part, to be attributed to the qualifying participator (as an addition to his share of the abandonment expenditure); and
 - (c) expenditure is incurred, or consideration in money’s worth is given, by the defaulter in reimbursing the qualifying participator in respect of, or otherwise making good to him, the whole or any part of the default payment;
 and expressions used in this section have the same meaning as in the said paragraph 2A.
- (2) In the following provisions of this section “reimbursement expenditure means expenditure incurred as mentioned in subsection (1)(c) above or consideration (or, as the case may require, the value of consideration) given as so mentioned; and any reference to the incurring of reimbursement expenditure shall be construed accordingly.
- (3) Subject to subsection (5) below, in relation to the defaulter, reimbursement expenditure shall be treated for the purposes of the principal Act as if it were expenditure incurred by the defaulter for purposes falling within paragraph (i) of subsection (1) of section 3 of that Act.
- (4) Subject to subsection (5) below, in computing under section 2 of the principal Act the assessable profit or allowable loss accruing to the qualifying participator from the oil field concerned in any chargeable period, the positive amounts for the purposes of that section (as specified in subsection (3)(a) thereof) shall be taken to include any reimbursement expenditure received by the qualifying participator in that period.
- (5) In relation to a particular default payment, reimbursement expenditure incurred at any time—
 - (a) shall be treated as mentioned in subsection (3) above, and
 - (b) shall be taken to be included as mentioned in subsection (4) above,
 only to the extent that, when aggregated with any reimbursement expenditure previously incurred in respect of that default payment, it does not exceed so much of the default payment as falls to be attributed to the qualifying participator as mentioned in subsection (1)(b) above.
- (6) A claim by the defaulter for the allowance of reimbursement expenditure by virtue of subsection (3) above shall be made under Schedule 6 to the principal Act (instead of under Schedule 5); and, for this purpose only, Schedule 6 to that Act shall have effect as if, in sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 1, the words from “if the participator” onwards were omitted.

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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- (7) The incurring of reimbursement expenditure shall not be regarded, by virtue of paragraph 8 of Schedule 3 to the principal Act (certain subsidised expenditure to be disregarded), as the meeting of the expenditure of the qualifying participator in making the default payment.

Penalties

109 PRT: proceedings for penalties.

- (1) In Schedule 2 to the principal Act (management and collection of petroleum revenue tax) the Table in paragraph 1(1) shall be amended as follows.
- (2) The following shall be substituted for the entries relating to section 100 of the ^{M20}Taxes Management Act 1970—

“Section 100C(1)	For the words from “General” to the end substitute “Special Commissioners for any penalty”.
(2)	Before “Commissioners” insert “Special”.
(3)	Before “Commissioners” insert “Special”.
(4)	
(5)”.	

- (3) The following shall be substituted for the entries relating to section 103 of the ^{M21}Taxes Management Act 1970—

“Section 103(1)	For the words from the beginning to “court—” substitute “Where the amount of a penalty is to be ascertained by reference to tax payable by a person for any period, proceedings for the penalty may be commenced before the Special Commissioners—”.
(4)	For the words from the beginning to “court,” substitute “Proceedings for a penalty to which subsection (1) above does not apply may be commenced before the Special Commissioners”.”

Marginal Citations

M20 1970 c. 9.

M21 1970 c. 9.

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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PART IV

STAMP DUTY AND STAMP DUTY RESERVE TAX

110 Stamp duty abolished in certain cases.

[^{F85}(1) Where apart from this section stamp duty under any of the provisions of Schedule 13 to the Finance Act 1999 would be chargeable on an instrument, stamp duty shall not be so chargeable if the property consists entirely of exempt property.]

(5) For the purposes of this section exempt property is property other than—

- (a) land,
- [^{F86}(b) an interest in the proceeds of the sale of land held on trust for sale, or]
- (c) a licence to occupy land.

(6) This section applies to—

- (a) an instrument executed in pursuance of a contract made on or after the abolition day;
- (b) an instrument which is not executed in pursuance of a contract and is executed on or after the abolition day.

(7) For the purposes of this section the abolition day is such day as may be appointed under section 111(1) of the ^{M22}Finance Act 1990 (abolition of stamp duty for securities etc).

Textual Amendments

- F85** S. 110(1) substituted for s. 110(1)-(4) (27.7.1999 with effect in relation to instruments executed on or after 1.10.1999) by 1999 c. 16, s. 112(4)(6), **Sch. 14 para. 25** (with s. 122)
- F86** S. 110(5)(b) repealed (1.1.1997) (E.W.) by 1996 c. 47, s. 25(2), **Sch. 4** (with ss. 24(2)(4)(5)); S.I. 1996/2974, **art. 2**

Marginal Citations

- M22** 1990 c. 29.

111 Stamp duty reduced in certain cases.

(1) This section applies where—

- (a) stamp duty under [^{F87}Part I of Schedule 13 to the Finance Act 1999 (conveyance or transfer on sale)] is chargeable on an instrument to which this section applies, and
- (b) part of the property concerned consists of exempt property.

(2) In such a case—

- (a) the consideration in respect of which duty would be charged (apart from this section) shall be apportioned, on such basis as is just and reasonable, as between the part of the property which consists of exempt property and the part which does not, and
- (b) the instrument shall be charged only in respect of the consideration attributed to such of the property as is not exempt property.

(3) In this section “exempt property has the same meaning as in section 110 above.

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- (4) This section applies to—
- (a) an instrument executed in pursuance of a contract made on or after the abolition day;
 - (b) an instrument which is not executed in pursuance of a contract and is executed on or after the abolition day.
- (5) In this section “the abolition day has the same meaning as in section 110 above.

Textual Amendments

F87 Words in s. 111(1) substituted (27.7.1999 with effect with effect in relation to instruments executed on or after 1.10.1999) by 1999 c. 16, s. 112(4)(6), **Sch. 14 para. 26** (with s. 122)

112 Apportionment of consideration for stamp duty purposes.

- (1) Subsection (2) below applies where part of the property referred to in section 58(1) of the Stamp Act 1891 (consideration to be apportioned between different instruments as parties think fit) consists of exempt property.
- (2) Section 58(1) shall have effect as if “the parties think fit” read “is just and reasonable”.
- (3) Subsection (4) below applies where—
- (a) part of the property referred to in section 58(2) of the Stamp Act 1891 (property contracted to be purchased by two or more persons etc.) consists of exempt property, and
 - (b) both or (as the case may be) all the relevant persons are connected with one another.
- (4) Section 58(2) shall have effect as if the words from “for distinct parts of the consideration” to the end of the subsection read “, the consideration is to be apportioned in such manner as is just and reasonable, so that a distinct consideration for each separate part or parcel is set forth in the conveyance relating thereto, and such conveyance is to be charged *withad valorem* duty in respect of such distinct consideration.”
- (5) In a case where subsection (2) or (4) above applies and the consideration is apportioned in a manner that is not just and reasonable, the enactments relating to stamp duty shall have effect as if—
- (a) the consideration had been apportioned in a manner that is just and reasonable, and
 - (b) the amount of any distinct consideration set forth in any conveyance relating to a separate part or parcel of property were such amount as is found by a just and reasonable apportionment (and not the amount actually set forth).
- (6) In this section “exempt property has the same meaning as in section 110 above.
- (7) For the purposes of subsection (3) above—
- (a) a person is a relevant person if he is a person by or for whom the property is contracted to be purchased;
 - (b) the question whether persons are connected with one another shall be determined in accordance with section 839 of the Taxes Act 1988.

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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- (8) This section applies where the contract concerned is made on or after the abolition day.
- (9) In this section “the abolition day has the same meaning as in section 110 above.

113 Certification of instruments for stamp duty purposes.

- [^{F88}(1) For the purposes of paragraph 6(1) of Schedule 13 to the Finance Act 1999 (meaning of instrument being certified at an amount)—
- (a) a sale or contract or agreement for the sale of exempt property within the meaning of section 110 above shall be disregarded; and
 - (b) any statement as mentioned in that provision shall be construed as leaving out of account any matter which is to be so disregarded.]
- (4) This section applies to—
- (a) an instrument executed in pursuance of a contract made on or after the abolition day;
 - (b) an instrument which is not executed in pursuance of a contract and is executed on or after the abolition day.
- (5) In this section “the abolition day has the same meaning as in section 110 above.

Textual Amendments

F88 S. 113(1) substituted for s. 113(1)-(3) (27.7.1999 with effect in relation to instruments executed on or after 1.10.1999) by 1999 c. 16, s. 112(4)(6), **Sch. 14 para. 27** (with s. 122)

114 Acquisition under statute: exempt property.

- (1) Section 36 of the ^{M23}Finance Act 1949 and section 9 of the ^{M24}Finance Act (Northern Ireland) 1949 shall be amended as mentioned in subsections (2) and (3) below.
- (2) In subsection (4) of each of those sections (goods not affected by section 12 of the ^{M25}Finance Act 1895, which relates to duty on property acquired under statute) for the words “goods, wares or merchandise” (in each place where they occur) there shall be substituted the words “exempt property”.
- (3) In each of those sections the following subsection shall be inserted after subsection (4)

“(5) In subsection (4) above “exempt property has the same meaning as in section 110 of the Finance Act 1991.”
- (4) This section applies where the Act mentioned in section 12 of the Finance Act 1895, and by virtue of which property is vested or a person is authorised to purchase property, is passed on or after the abolition day.
- (5) In this section “the abolition day has the same meaning as in section 110 above.

Marginal Citations

M23 1949 c. 47.
M24 1949 c. 15 (N.I.)

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

Changes to legislation: Finance Act 1991 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 09 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

M25 1895 c. 16.

F89 **115**

Textual Amendments

F89 S. 115 repealed (27.7.1999 with effect as mentioned in Sch. 20 Pt. V(2) Notes 1, 2 of the amending Act) by 1999 c. 16, s. 139, **Sch. 20 Pt. V(2)** Notes 1, 2

116 Investment exchanges and clearing houses: stamp duty.

- (1) The Treasury may make regulations providing as mentioned in this section with regard to any circumstances which—
 - (a) would (apart from the regulations) give rise to a charge to stamp duty,
 - (b) involve a prescribed recognised investment exchange or a prescribed recognised clearing house, or a member or nominee (or member or nominee of a prescribed description) of such an exchange [^{F90}or clearing house, or a nominee (or nominee of a prescribed description) of a member of such an exchange or clearing house, and]
 - (c) are such as are prescribed.
- (2) The regulations may provide that the charge to stamp duty shall be treated as not arising or (depending on the terms of the regulations) as reduced.
- (3) Regulations under this section—
 - (a) shall be made by statutory instrument subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of the House of Commons;
 - (b) may include such supplementary, incidental, consequential or transitional provisions as appear to the Treasury to be necessary or expedient;
 - (c) may make different provision for different circumstances;
 - (d) may make any provision in such way as the Treasury think fit (whether by amending enactments or otherwise).
- (4) In this section—
 - (a) “prescribed means prescribed by the regulations,
 - (b) “recognised investment exchange means a recognised investment exchange within the meaning of the [^{F91}Financial Services and Markets Act 2000], and
 - (c) “recognised clearing house means a recognised clearing house within the meaning of that Act.

Textual Amendments

F90 Words in s. 116(1)(b) substituted (retrospectively) by **Finance Act 2010 (c. 15), s. 65**

F91 Words in s. 116(4)(b) substituted (1.12.2001) by **Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (c. 8), s. 432(1), Sch. 20 para. 5(3); S.I. 2001/3538, art. 2(1)**

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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117 Investment exchanges and clearing houses: SDRT.

- (1) The Treasury may make regulations providing as mentioned in this section with regard to any circumstances which—
- (a) would (apart from the regulations) give rise to a charge to stamp duty reserve tax,
 - (b) involve a prescribed recognised investment exchange or a prescribed recognised clearing house, or a member or nominee (or member or nominee of a prescribed description) of such an exchange [^{F92}or clearing house, or a nominee (or nominee of a prescribed description) of a member of such an exchange or clearing house, and]
 - (c) are such as are prescribed.
- (2) The regulations may provide that the charge to stamp duty reserve tax shall be treated as not arising or (depending on the terms of the regulations) as reduced.
- (3) Subsections (3) and (4) of section 116 above shall apply for the purposes of this section as they apply for the purposes of that.

Textual Amendments

F92 Words in s. 117(1)(b) substituted (retrospectively) by [Finance Act 2010 \(c. 15\), s. 65](#)

PART V

MISCELLANEOUS AND GENERAL

Miscellaneous

118 Designated international organisations: miscellaneous exemptions.

- (1) The following section shall be inserted after section 582 of the Taxes Act 1988—

“582A Designated international organisations: miscellaneous exemptions.

- (1) The Treasury may by order designate for the purposes of any one or more of subsections (2) to (6) below any international organisation of which the United Kingdom is a member; and in those subsections “designated means designated under this subsection.
- (2) Section 43 shall not apply in the case of payment made by an organisation designated for the purposes of this subsection.
- (3) Section 123(2) and paragraph 6(1)(b) of Schedule 3 shall have effect as if “foreign dividends did not include any interest, dividends or other annual payments payable out of or in respect of the stocks, funds, shares or securities of an organisation designated for the purposes of this subsection.
- (4) Section 349(1) shall not apply in the case of a payment of an amount payable by an organisation designated for the purposes of this subsection.

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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- (5) Section 349(2) shall not apply in the case of interest payable by—
 - (a) an organisation designated for the purposes of this subsection, or
 - (b) a partnership of which such an organisation is a member.
- (6) An organisation designated for the purposes of this subsection shall not be a person to whom section 560(2) applies.”
- (2) In section 828(4) of that Act (Treasury orders not subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of the House of Commons) after “377(8),” there shall be inserted “582A(1),”.

119 Trading funds.

- (1) The ^{M26}Government Trading Funds Act 1973 shall be amended as follows.
- (2) In section 2 (assets and liabilities of funds) in subsections (1)(b) and (2) the words “at values or amounts determined by him in accordance with Treasury directions” shall be omitted.
- (3) In that section, the following subsection shall be inserted after subsection (2)—
 - “(2A) The values or amounts of assets and liabilities which are the subject of provision under subsection (1) or (2) above shall be determined by the responsible Minister in accordance with Treasury directions.”

Marginal Citations

M26 1973 c. 63.

^{F93}120 National savings: date of issue of repayment warrants etc.

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Textual Amendments

F93 S. 120 repealed (22.7.2004) by Statute Law (Repeals) Act 2004 (c. 14), Sch. 1 Pt. 9 Group 4

121 Pools payments to support games etc.

- (1) This section applies to any payment which, in consequence of the reduction in pool betting duty effected by section 5 above, is made—
 - (a) by a person liable to pay that duty, and
 - (b) to trustees established mainly for the support of athletic sports or athletic games but with power to support the arts.
- (2) Where a [^{F94}company] carrying on a trade makes a payment to which this section applies, the payment may be deducted in computing for [^{F95}corporation tax purposes] the [^{F96}profits] of the trade.
- (3) A payment to which this section applies shall not [^{F97}, for corporation tax purposes,] be regarded as an annual payment.

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

Changes to legislation: Finance Act 1991 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 09 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (4) Where a payment to which this section applies is made, the sum received by the trustees and any assets representing it (but not any income or gains arising from them) shall not be relevant property for the purposes of Chapter III of Part III of the ^{M27}Inheritance Tax Act 1984.

Textual Amendments

- F94** Word in s. 121(2) substituted (6.4.2005) by [Income Tax \(Trading and Other Income\) Act 2005 \(c. 5\), s. 883\(1\), Sch. 1 para. 418\(2\)\(a\)](#) (with Sch. 2)
- F95** Words in s. 121(2) substituted (6.4.2005) by [Income Tax \(Trading and Other Income\) Act 2005 \(c. 5\), s. 883\(1\), Sch. 1 para. 418\(2\)\(b\)](#) (with Sch. 2)
- F96** Words in s. 121(2) substituted (31.7.1998) by [1998 c. 36, s. 46\(3\), Sch. 7 para. 6](#)
- F97** Words in s. 121(3) inserted (6.4.2005) by [Income Tax \(Trading and Other Income\) Act 2005 \(c. 5\), s. 883\(1\), Sch. 1 para. 418\(3\)](#) (with Sch. 2)

Marginal Citations

M27 1984 c. 51.

General

122 Interpretation etc.

- (1) In this Act “the Taxes Act 1988 means the ^{M28}Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988.
- (2) Part II of this Act, so far as it relates to capital gains tax, shall be construed as one with the ^{M29}Capital Gains Tax Act 1979.
- (3) Part III of this Act shall be construed as one with Part I of the ^{M30}Oil Taxation Act 1975 and in that Part of this Act “the principal Act means that Act.

Marginal Citations

- M28** 1988 c. 1.
M29 1979 c. 14.
M30 1975 c. 22.

123 Repeals.

The enactments specified in Schedule 19 to this Act (which include certain provisions which are already spent) are hereby repealed to the extent specified in the third column of that Schedule, but subject to any provision at the end of any Part of that Schedule.

124 Short title.

This Act may be cited as the Finance Act 1991.

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE 1

Section 1.

“ TABLE OF RATES OF DUTY ON WINE AND MADE-WINE

<i>Description of wine or made-wine</i>	<i>Rates of duty per hectolitre</i>
	£
Wine or made-wine of a strength not exceeding 2 per cent.	12.06
Wine or made-wine of a strength exceeding 2 per cent. but not exceeding 3 per cent.	20.09
Wine or made-wine of a strength exceeding 3 per cent. but not exceeding 4 per cent.	28.12
Wine or made-wine of a strength exceeding 4 per cent. but not exceeding 5 per cent.	36.17
Wine or made-wine of a strength exceeding 5 per cent. but not exceeding 5.5 per cent.	44.20
Wine or made-wine of a strength exceeding 5.5 per cent. but not exceeding 15 per cent. and not being sparkling	120.54
Sparkling wine or sparkling made-wine of a strength exceeding 5.5 per cent. but not exceeding 15 per cent.	199.04
Wine or made-wine of a strength exceeding 15 per cent. but not exceeding 18 per cent.	207.89
Wine or made-wine of a strength exceeding 18 per cent. but not exceeding 22 per cent.	239.80
Wine or made-wine of a strength exceeding 22 per cent.	239.80plus £18.96 for every 1 per cent. or part of 1 per cent. in excess of 22 per cent.”

SCHEDULE 2

Section 7.

AMENDMENTS RELATING TO BEER DUTY

General amendment of enactments relating to beer

1 Subject to section 7 of this Act and the following provisions of this Schedule—

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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- (a) for the words “brewer for sale” or “brewers for sale”, wherever occurring in the Customs and Excise Acts 1979^{F98}... or the^{M31}Licensing (Scotland) Act 1976, there shall be substituted respectively the words “registered brewer” or “registered brewers”; and
- (b) for the word “brew”, “brews”, “brewing” or “brewed”, wherever occurring in those Acts in connection with worts or beer, there shall be substituted respectively the word “produce”, “produces”, “producing” or “produced”.

Textual Amendments

F98 Words in [Sch. 2 para. 1](#) repealed (24.11.2005) by [Licensing Act 2003 \(c. 17\)](#), s. 201(2), [Sch. 7](#); [S.I. 2005/3056](#), [art. 2\(2\)](#) (with [art. 4](#))

Marginal Citations

M31 [1976 c. 66](#).

The Alcoholic Liquor Duties Act 1979 (c.4)

- 2 In section 1 of the Alcoholic Liquor Duties Act 1979, in subsection (3) (definition of beer)—
- (a) for the words “on analysis of a sample is found to be” there shall be substituted the word “is”; and
 - (b) paragraph (b) and the word “or” immediately preceding it shall cease to have effect.
- 3 (1) In section 2 of that Act, in subsection (3A) (regulations enabling the strength, weight or volume of spirits, wine or made-wine to be ascertained by reference to information on the label of the container etc) after the word “spirits,” in both places where it occurs there shall be inserted the word “beer,”.
- (2) In subsection (5) of that section (saving for other methods of calculating the strength, weight or volume of wine, made-wine or cider) after the words “volume of” there shall be inserted the word “beer,”.
- (3) Subsection (6) of that section (section not to apply to beer) shall cease to have effect.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C9 [Sch. 2 para. 3\(1\)\(2\)](#) excluded (26.4.1993) by [S.I. 1993/1152](#), [art. 4\(1\)](#).

Commencement Information

I9 [Sch. 2 para. 3](#) wholly in force; [para. 3](#) not in force at Royal Assent see. [s. 7\(5\)](#); [para. 3\(1\)\(2\)](#) in force at 1.5.1993 and [para. 3\(3\)](#) in force at 1.6.1993 by [S.I. 1993/1152](#), [art. 3](#), [Sch. 1](#).

- 4 In section 3 of that Act (meaning of, and method of ascertaining, gravity of liquids)
- (a) in subsection (3), the words “Subject to subsection (5) below”, and
 - (b) subsection (5) (original gravity for purposes of section 38),
- shall cease to have effect.

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- 5 (1) Section 4(1) of that Act (definitions) shall be amended in accordance with the following provisions of this paragraph.
- (2) The definitions of “brewer” and “brewer for sale” and of “limited licence to brew beer” shall be omitted.
- (3) After the definition of “methylated spirits” there shall be inserted—
- “package, in relation to beer, means to put beer into tanks, casks, kegs, cans, bottles or any other receptacles of a kind in which beer is distributed to wholesalers or retailers;
- “packager, in relation to beer, means a person carrying on the business of packaging beer;”.
- (4) After the definition of “rectifier” there shall be inserted—
- “registered brewer has the meaning given by section 47(1) below;”.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C10 Sch. 2 para. 5(1)(3)(4) excluded (26.4.1993) by S.I. 1993/1152, art. 4(1).

Commencement Information

I10 Sch. 2 para. 5 wholly in force; para. 5 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 7(5); para. 5(1)(3)(4) in force at 1.5.1993 and para. 5(2) in force at 1.6.1993 by S.I. 1993/1152, art. 3, Sch. 1.

- 6 Sections 37, 38 and 39 of that Act (which make provision for the duty on beer brewed in the UK to be charged by reference to worts and gravity and as to the charging and payment of duty on such beer brewed by brewers for sale and by private brewers) shall cease to have effect.
- 7 Section 40 of that Act (duty on imported beer etc) shall cease to have effect.
- 8 For section 41 of that Act (exemption from duty of beer brewed for private consumption) there shall be substituted—

“41 Exemption from duty of beer produced for private consumption.

The duty on beer produced in the United Kingdom shall not be chargeable on beer produced by a person who produces beer only for his own domestic use.”

- 9 In section 42 of that Act (drawback on exportation, removal to excise warehouse, shipment as stores etc) for subsection (3) (declaration required for beer brewed in the UK) there shall be substituted—
- “(3) In the case of beer produced in the United Kingdom, the person intending to remove, export or ship the beer shall produce to the proper officer a declaration made by the person who paid the duty on the beer, in such form and manner as the Commissioners may direct, stating the strength of the beer and the date on which the duty became payable.”

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.....
Textual Amendments
F99 Sch. 2 para. 10 repealed (1.9.1993) by 1993 c. 34, ss. 4, 213, Sch. 23 Pt. I Note

11 In section 44 of that Act (remission or repayment of duty on beer used for purposes of research or experiment) in subsection (1) for the word “brewing” there shall be substituted the words “the production of beer”.

^{F100}12

.....
Textual Amendments
F100 Sch. 2 para. 12 repealed (1.5.1995) by 1995 c. 4, s. 162, Sch. 29 Pt. I(2)

13 For section 46 of that Act (remission or repayment of duty on spoilt beer) there shall be substituted—

“46 Remission or repayment of duty on spoilt beer.

(1) Where it is shown to the satisfaction of the Commissioners that any beer which has been removed from any premises of a registered brewer in respect of which he is registered under section 47 below has become spoilt or otherwise unfit for use and, in the case of beer delivered to another person, has been returned to the registered brewer as so spoilt or unfit, the Commissioners shall, subject to compliance with such conditions as they may by regulations impose, remit or repay any duty charged or paid in respect of the beer.

(2) If any person contravenes or fails to comply with any regulation made under subsection (1) above, he shall be liable on summary conviction to a penalty not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.”

.....
Modifications etc. (not altering text)
C11 Sch. 2 para. 13 excluded (26.4.1993) by S.I. 1993/1152, art. 4(1).

14 For section 49 of that Act (power to regulate manufacture of beer by brewers for sale) there shall be substituted—

“49 Beer regulations.

(1) The Commissioners may, with a view to managing, securing and collecting the duty on beer produced in, or imported into, the United Kingdom or to the protection of the revenues derived from the duty of excise on beer, make regulations—

- (a) regulating the production, packaging, keeping and storage of beer produced in the United Kingdom and the packaging, keeping and storage of beer imported into the United Kingdom;
- (b) regulating the registration of persons and premises under section 41A or 47 above and the revocation or variation of any such registrations;

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- (c) for determining under or in accordance with the regulations when the production of beer begins and when it is completed;
 - (d) for securing and collecting the duty;
 - (e) for determining the duties chargeable, the rates of those duties, the persons liable to pay them and in that connection prescribing the method of charging the duties, the due dates for payment and the method of payment;
 - (f) for charging the duty, in such circumstances as may be prescribed in the regulations, by reference to a strength which the beer might reasonably be expected to have, or the rate of duty in force, at a time other than that at which the beer becomes chargeable;
 - (g) for relieving beer from the duty in such circumstances and to such extent as may be prescribed in the regulations;
 - (h) regulating and, in such circumstances as may be prescribed in the regulations, prohibiting the addition of substances to, the mixing of, or the carrying out of other operations on or in relation to, beer;
 - (j) regulating the transportation of beer in such circumstances as may be prescribed in the regulations.
- (2) Regulations under this section may make different provision for persons, premises or beer of different classes or descriptions, for different circumstances and for different cases.
- (3) Any person contravening or failing to comply with any regulation made under this section shall be liable on summary conviction to a penalty not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale, and any article or substance in respect of which the offence was committed shall be liable to forfeiture.”

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C12 Sch. 2 para. 14 excluded (26.4.1993) by S.I. 1993/1152, art. 4(1).

- 15 (1) In section 49A of that Act, in subsection (1) (duty determined in accordance with regulations under section 49(1)(bb) deemed to have been paid for purposes of claims for drawback by brewers for sale)—
- (a) for the words “brewer for sale” there shall be substituted the words “registered brewer or person registered under section 41A above ”; and
 - (b) for the words “section 49(1)(bb)” there shall be substituted the words “section 49(1)(e) ”.
- (2) In subsection (2) of that section—
- (a) for the words “brewer for sale” in both places where they occur there shall be substituted the words “registered brewer or person registered under section 41A above ”;
 - (b) for the words “the brewer” there shall be substituted the word “he ”; and
 - (c) for the words “under section 38 above” there shall be substituted the words “in respect of the excise duty on beer ”.
- 16 Section 50 of that Act (regulations as respects sugar kept by brewers for sale) shall cease to have effect.

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Textual Amendments

F101 Sch. 2 para. 17 repealed (9.12.1992 for specified purposes and 1.6.1993 otherwise) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48), s. 82, **Sch. 18 Pt. 1** Note 4; S.I. 1992/3104, **art. 2**; S.I. 1993/1341, **art. 2**, **Sch.**

- 18 Section 53 of that Act (limited licences to brew) shall cease to have effect.
- 19 Section 71A of that Act (restrictions on adding substances to beer) shall cease to have effect.
- 20 Section 72 of that Act (offences by wholesaler or retailer of beer) shall cease to have effect.

The Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act 1985 (c.66)

- 21 In Schedule 3 to the Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act 1985 (list of preferred debts) at the end of paragraph 2 (debts due to Customs and Excise) there shall be added—
 - “(4) The amount of any excise duty on beer which is due at the relevant date from the debtor and which became due within a period of 6 months next before that date.”

The Insolvency Act 1986 (c.45)

F10221A

Textual Amendments

F102 Sch. 2 para. 21A repealed (15.9.2003) by Enterprise Act 2002 (repealed) 2002 (c. 40), s. 279, **Sch. 26**; S.I. 2003/2093, **art. 2(1)**, **Sch. 1** (with **art. 4**)

F10322

Textual Amendments

F103 Sch. 2 para. 22 repealed (15.9.2003) by Enterprise Act 2002 (repealed) 2002 (c. 40), s. 279, **Sch. 26**; S.I. 2003/2093, **art. 2(1)**, **Sch. 1** (with **art. 4**)

The Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

F10422A

Textual Amendments

F104 Sch. 2 para. 22A repealed (27.3.2006) by The Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/1455), **art. 1(3)**, **Sch. 9**; S.R. 2006/21, **art. 2** (subject to S.R. 2006/22, **arts. 2-7**)

F10523

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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Textual Amendments

F105 Sch. 2 para. 23 repealed (27.3.2006) by [The Insolvency \(Northern Ireland\) Order 2005 \(S.I. 2005/1455\)](#), art. 1(3), [Sch. 9](#); [S.R. 2006/21](#), art. 2 (subject to [S.R. 2006/22](#), arts. 2-7)

The Licensing (Northern Ireland) Order 1990

F106²⁴

Textual Amendments

F106 S. 24 repealed (20.2.1997) by [S.I. 1996/3158\(N.I. 22\)](#), art. 85(4), Sch. 13

SCHEDULE 3

Section 10.

MODIFICATION OF ENACTMENTS EXTENDED TO NORTHERN IRELAND

PART I

THE VEHICLES (EXCISE) ACT 1971

Introduction

F107¹

Textual Amendments

F107 Sch. 3 Pt. I para. 1 repealed (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 22, ss. 65, 66(1), [Sch. 5 Pt. I](#) (with s. 57(4))

Excise duty on, and licensing of, mechanically propelled vehicles

F108²

Textual Amendments

F108 Sch. 3 Pt. I para. 2 repealed (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 22, ss. 65, 66(1), [Sch. 5 Pt. I](#) (with s. 57(4))

Exemptions from duty

F109³

Textual Amendments

F109 Sch. 3 Pt. I para. 3 repealed (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 22, ss. 65, 66(1), [Sch. 5 Pt. I](#) (with s. 57(4))

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F110⁴

Textual Amendments
F110 Sch. 3 Pt. I para. 4 repealed (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 22, ss. 65, 66(1), Sch. 5 Pt. I (with s. 57(4))

5 (1) In section 7 (miscellaneous exemptions from duty)—

F111(a)

F112(b)

F111(2)

F112(3)

F111(4)

F111(5)

Textual Amendments
F111 Sch. 3 Pt. I para. 5(1)(a)(2)(4)(5) repealed (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 22, ss. 65, 66(1), Sch. 5 Pt. I (with s. 57(4))
F112 Sch.3 para. 5(1)(b)(3) repealed (13.10.1993) by Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48), s. 82, Sch. 18 Pt. IV; S.I. 1993/2272, art. 2.

Liability to pay duty and consequences of non-payment

F113⁶

Textual Amendments
F113 Sch. 3 para.6 repealed (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 22, ss. 65, 66(1), Sch. 5 Pt. I (with s. 57(4))

F114⁷

Textual Amendments
F114 Sch. 3 para. 7 repealed (1.9.1994) 1994 c. 22, ss. 65, 66(1), Sch. 5 Pt. I (with s. 57(4))

F115⁸

Textual Amendments
F115 Sch. 3 Pt. I para. 8 repealed (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 22, ss. 65, 66(1), Sch. 5 Pt. I (with s. 57(4))

F116⁹

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Textual Amendments

F116 Sch. 3 Pt. I para. 9 repealed (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 22, ss. 65, 66(1), Sch. 5 Pt. I (with s. 57(4))

F117 10

Textual Amendments

F117 Sch. 3 Pt. I para. 10 repealed (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 22, ss. 65, 66(1), Sch. 5 Pt. I (with s. 57(4))

Registration and registration marks, etc.

F118 11

Textual Amendments

F118 Sch. 3 Pt. I para. 11 (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 22, ss. 65, 66(1), Sch. 5 Pt. I (with s. 57(4))

Miscellaneous

F119 12

Textual Amendments

F119 Sch. 3 Pt. I para. 12 repealed (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 22, ss. 65, 66(1), Sch. 5 Pt. I (with s. 57(4))

F120 13

Textual Amendments

F120 Sch. 3 Pt. I para. 13 repealed (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 22, ss. 65, 66(1), Sch. 5 Pt. I (with s. 57(4))

F121 14

Textual Amendments

F121 sch. 3 Pt. I para. 14 repealed (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 22, ss. 65, 66(1), Sch. 5 Pt. I (with s. 57(4))

F122 15

Textual Amendments

F122 Sch. 3 Pt. I para. 15 repealed (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 22, ss. 65, 66(1), Sch. 5 Pt. I (with s. 57(4))

F123 16

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Textual Amendments

F123 Sch. 3 Pt. I para. 16 repealed (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 22, ss. 65, 66(1), **Sch. 5 Pt. I** (with s. 57(4))

F124 17

Textual Amendments

F124 Sch. 3 Pt. I para. 17 repealed (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 22, ss. 65, 66(1), **Sch. 5 Pt. I** (with s. 57(4))

Supplementary

F125 18

Textual Amendments

F125 Sch. 3 Pt. I para. 18 repealed (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 22, ss. 65, 66(1), **Sch. 5 Pt. I** (with s. 57(4))

F126 19

Textual Amendments

F126 Sch. 3 Pt. I para. 19 repealed (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 22, ss. 65, 66(1), **Sch. 5 Pt. I** (with s. 57(4))

Schedules

F127 20

Textual Amendments

F127 Sch. 3 Pt. I para. 20 repealed (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 22, ss. 65, 66(1), **Sch. 5 Pt. I** (with s. 57(4))

F128 21

Textual Amendments

F128 Sch. 3 Pt. I para. 21 repealed (3.5.1994 with effect in relation to licences taken out after 30.11.1993) by 1994 c. 9, s. 258, **Sch. 26 Pt. I(1)** Note

F129 22

Textual Amendments

F129 Sch. 3 Pt. I para. 22 repealed (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 22, ss. 65, 66(1), **Sch. 5 Pt. I** (with s. 57(4))

F130 23

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Textual Amendments

F130 Sch. 3 Pt. I para. 23 repealed (1.9.1994) by 1994 c. 22, ss. 65, 66(1), Sch. 5 Pt. I (with s. 57(4))

F131
...

Textual Amendments

F131 Sch. 3 Pt. II repealed (3.5.1994) by 1994 c. 9, s. 258, Sch. 3, Sch. 26 Pt. I Note(3)

24 In section 11 of the Finance Act 1976, for subsection (5) there shall be substituted the following subsection—

“(5) In its application to Northern Ireland, this section shall have effect as if in subsection (2)—

(a) for paragraph (b) there were substituted the following paragraph—
“(”) the relevant maximum weight or, as the case may be, the relevant maximum train weight of the vehicle;”

and

(b) in paragraph (c) for the words “plated weights there were substituted “relevant maximum weight or, as the case may be, such relevant maximum train weight.”

SCHEDULE 4

Section 11.

REGISTERED EXCISE DEALERS AND SHIPPERS

After Part VIIIA of the ^{M33}Customs and Excise Management Act 1979 there shall be inserted—

“PART VIIIB

REGISTERED EXCISE DEALERS AND SHIPPERS

Registered excise dealers and shippers.

100(G) For the purpose of administering, collecting or protecting the revenues derived from duties of excise, the Commissioners may by regulations under this section (in this Act referred to as “registered excise dealers and shippers regulations)—

- (a) confer or impose such powers, duties, privileges and liabilities as may be prescribed in the regulations upon any person who is or has been a registered excise dealer and shipper; and
- (b) impose on persons other than registered excise dealers and shippers, or in respect of any goods of a class or description specified in the regulations, such requirements or restrictions as may be or under the regulations be prescribed

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with respect to registered excise dealers and shippers or any activities carried on by them.

- (2) The Commissioners may approve, and enter in a register maintained by them for the purpose, any revenue trader who applies for registration under this section and who appears to them to satisfy such requirements for registration as they may think fit to impose.
- (3) In the customs and excise Acts “registered excise dealer and shipper means a revenue trader approved and registered by the Commissioners under this section.
- (4) The Commissioners may approve and register a person under this section for such periods and subject to such conditions or restrictions as they may think fit or as they may by or under the regulations prescribe.
- (5) The Commissioners may at any time for reasonable cause revoke or vary the terms of their approval or registration of any person under this section.
- (6) The regulations may make provision for treating revenue traders as approved and registered under this section in cases where they are members of a group of companies (within the meaning of the regulations) which is approved and registered in accordance with the regulations.

Registered excise dealers and shippers regulations.

- 100(F1) (a) regulating the approval and registration of persons as registered excise dealers and shippers and the variation or revocation of any such approval or registration or of any condition or restriction to which such an approval or registration is subject;
- (b) regulating any activities carried on by or for a registered excise dealer and shipper and, in particular, the importation, exportation, buying, selling, loading, unloading, delivery, movement, holding, deposit, security, treatment or removal of, or the carrying out of operations on, or the effecting of any other transaction relating to, any goods of a class or description subject to a duty of excise;
- (c) authorising a registered excise dealer and shipper to carry out or arrange for the carrying out of any prescribed activity falling within paragraph (b) above in relation to goods chargeable with a duty of excise which has not been paid, but subject to prescribed conditions or restrictions and to prescribed requirements for the payment of the unpaid duty;
- (d) exempting registered excise dealers and shippers from compliance with such provisions made by or under the customs and excise Acts as may be prescribed, or applying such provisions in relation to registered excise dealers and shippers with prescribed modifications or adaptations, or applying in relation to registered excise dealers and shippers such substitute provisions as may be prescribed in place of any such provisions;
- (e) requiring, except as otherwise permitted by the Commissioners, goods which are subject to a duty of excise that has not been paid and which are not consigned to an excise warehouse—
- (i) to be consigned to a registered excise dealer and shipper; and
 - (ii) to be accompanied by such documents in such form and such manner and containing such particulars as may be prescribed;
- (f) imposing on a registered excise dealer and shipper liability for the payment of duties of excise chargeable on any goods or, in prescribed cases, imposing

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- joint and several liability for the payment of any such duties on a registered excise dealer and shipper and some other person specified in the regulations who, if not a registered excise dealer and shipper, would have been liable for their payment apart from this paragraph;
- (g) for securing and collecting any duty of excise for the payment of which a registered excise dealer and shipper is or may be liable;
 - (h) for determining, in relation to goods which are the subject of a transaction involving a registered excise dealer and shipper, the duties of excise chargeable, the rates of those duties and the persons liable to pay them and the time at which and manner in which payment is to be made and, in that connection, prescribing the method of charging the duties;
 - (j) permitting payment of excise duty by a registered excise dealer and shipper to be deferred, subject to compliance with prescribed conditions;
 - (k) for relieving registered excise dealers and shippers from liability to pay excise duty on goods in prescribed circumstances;
 - (l) for cases where a registered excise dealer and shipper acts as agent for some other person (whether a registered excise dealer and shipper or not);
 - (m) requiring registered excise dealers and shippers to keep and make available for inspection such records relating to their activities as such as may be prescribed;
 - (n) for goods in the United Kingdom which are liable to a duty of excise which has not been paid to be subject to forfeiture for any breach of—
 - (i) registered excise dealers and shippers regulations, so far as relating to goods chargeable with a duty of excise which has not been paid, or
 - (ii) any condition or restriction imposed by or under any such regulations so far as so relating.
- (2) Registered excise dealers and shippers regulations may make different provision for persons or goods of different classes or descriptions, for different circumstances and for different cases.
- (3) In this section “prescribed means prescribed in registered excise dealers and shippers regulations or prescribed by the Commissioners under any such regulations.

Contravention of regulations etc.

100J If any person contravenes any provision of registered excise dealers and shippers regulations or fails to comply with any condition or restriction which the Commissioners impose upon him under section 100G above or by or under any such regulations, he shall be liable on summary conviction to a penalty of any amount not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale and any goods in respect of which the offence was committed shall be liable to forfeiture.”

Marginal Citations

M33 1979 c. 2.

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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SCHEDULE 5

Section 12.

PROTECTION OF THE REVENUES DERIVED FROM EXCISE DUTIES

After Part IX of the ^{M34}Customs and Excise Management Act 1979 there shall be inserted—

“PART IXA

PROTECTION OF THE REVENUES DERIVED FROM EXCISE DUTIES

Duty of revenue traders to keep records.

- 118A(1) The Commissioners may by regulations require every revenue trader—
- (a) to keep such records as may be prescribed in the regulations; and
 - (b) to preserve those records for such period not exceeding six years as may be prescribed in the regulations or for such lesser period as the Commissioners may require.
- (2) Regulations under this section—
- (a) may make different provision for different cases; and
 - (b) may be framed by reference to such records as may be specified in any notice published by the Commissioners in pursuance of the regulations and not withdrawn by a further notice.
- (3) Any duty imposed under this section to preserve records may be discharged by the preservation of the information contained therein by such means as the Commissioners may approve.
- (4) Where any information is preserved in accordance with subsection (3) above, a copy of any document forming part of the records in question shall, subject to the following provisions of this section, be admissible in evidence in any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, to the same extent as the records themselves.
- (5) The Commissioners may, as a condition of approving under subsection (3) above any means of preserving information contained in any records, impose such reasonable requirements as appear to them necessary for securing that the information will be as readily available to them as if the records themselves had been preserved.
- (6) A statement contained in a document produced by a computer shall not by virtue of subsection (4) above be admissible in evidence—
- (a) in civil proceedings in England and Wales, except in accordance with sections 5 and 6 of the Civil Evidence Act 1968;
 - (b) in criminal proceedings in England and Wales, except in accordance with sections 69 and 70 of the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 and Part II of the Criminal Justice Act 1988;
 - (c) in civil proceedings in Scotland, except in accordance with sections 13 and 14 of the Law Reform (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Act 1968;
 - (d) in criminal proceedings in Scotland, except in accordance with the said sections 13 and 14, which shall, for the purposes of this section, apply with the necessary modifications to such proceedings;
 - (e) in civil proceedings in Northern Ireland, except in accordance with sections 2 and 3 of the Civil Evidence Act (Northern Ireland) 1971; and

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- (f) in criminal proceedings in Northern Ireland, except in accordance with Article 68 of the Police and Criminal Evidence (Northern Ireland) Order 1989 and Part II of the Criminal Justice (Evidence Etc.) (Northern Ireland) Order 1988.
- (7) Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this section, in criminal proceedings the court may, for special cause, require oral evidence to be given of any matter of which evidence could ordinarily be given by means of a certificate under—
 - (a) section 5(4) of the Civil Evidence Act 1968,
 - (b) section 13(4) of the Law Reform (Miscellaneous Provisions) Scotland Act 1968, or
 - (c) section 2(4) of the Civil Evidence Act (Northern Ireland) 1971.

Duty of revenue traders and others to furnish information and produce documents.

118B Every revenue trader shall—

- (a) furnish to the Commissioners, within such time and in such form as they may reasonably require, such information relating to—
 - (i) any goods or services supplied by or to him in the course or furtherance of a business, or
 - (ii) any goods in the importation or exportation of which he is concerned in the course or furtherance of a business,
 as they may reasonably specify; and
- (b) upon demand made by an officer, produce or cause to be produced for inspection by that officer—
 - (i) at the principal place of business of the revenue trader or at such other place as the officer may reasonably require, and
 - (ii) at such time as the officer may reasonably require,
 any documents relating to the goods or services or to the supply, importation or exportation.
- (2) Where, by virtue of subsection (1) above, an officer has power to require the production of any documents from a revenue trader—
 - (a) he shall have the like power to require production of the documents concerned from any other person who appears to the officer to be in possession of them; but
 - (b) if that other person claims a lien on any document produced by him, the production shall be without prejudice to the lien.
- (3) For the purposes of this section, the documents relating to the supply of goods or services, or the importation or exportation of goods, in the course or furtherance of any business shall be taken to include—
 - (a) any profit and loss account and balance sheet, and
 - (b) any records required to be kept by virtue of section 118A above,
 relating to that business.
- (4) An officer may take copies of, or make extracts from, any document produced under subsection (1) or (2) above.
- (5) If it appears to an officer to be necessary to do so, he may, at a reasonable time and for a reasonable period, remove any document produced under subsection (1) or (2) above and shall, on request, provide a receipt for any document so removed.

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- (6) Where a lien is claimed on a document produced under subsection (2) above, the removal of the document under subsection (5) above shall not be regarded as breaking the lien.
- (7) Where a document removed by an officer under subsection (5) above is reasonably required for the proper conduct of a business he shall, as soon as practicable, provide a copy of the document, free of charge, to the person by whom it was produced or caused to be produced.
- (8) Where any documents removed under the powers conferred by this section are lost or damaged, the Commissioners shall be liable to compensate their owner for any expenses reasonably incurred by him in replacing or repairing the documents.

Entry and search of premises and persons.

- 118(1) For the purpose of exercising any powers under the customs and excise Acts an officer may at any reasonable time enter premises used in connection with the carrying on of a business.
- (2) Where an officer has reasonable cause to believe that any premises are used in connection with the supply, importation or exportation of goods of a class or description chargeable with a duty of excise and that any such goods are on those premises, he may at any reasonable time enter and inspect those premises and inspect any goods found on them.
 - (3) If a justice of the peace or, in Scotland, a justice (within the meaning of section 462 of the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1975) is satisfied on information on oath—
 - (a) that there is reasonable ground for suspecting that a fraud offence which appears to be of a serious nature is being, has been or is about to be committed on any premises, or
 - (b) that evidence of the commission of such an offence is to be found there,
 he may issue a warrant in writing authorising, subject to subsections (6) and (7) below, any officer to enter those premises, if necessary by force, at any time within the period of one month beginning with the date of the issue of the warrant and search them.
 - (4) Any officer who enters premises under the authority of a warrant under subsection (3) above may—
 - (a) take with him such other persons as appear to him to be necessary;
 - (b) seize and remove any documents or other things whatsoever found on the premises which he has reasonable cause to believe may be required as evidence for the purposes of proceedings in respect of a fraud offence which appears to him to be of a serious nature; and
 - (c) search or cause to be searched any person found on the premises whom he has reasonable cause to believe to be in possession of any such documents or other things;
 but no woman or girl shall be searched by virtue of this subsection except by a woman.
 - (5) In subsections (3) and (4) above “a fraud offence means an offence under any provision of section 167(1), 168 or 170 below.
 - (6) The powers conferred by a warrant under this section shall not be exercisable—
 - (a) by more than such number of officers as may be specified in the warrant; nor
 - (b) outside such times of day as may be so specified; nor

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- (c) if the warrant so provides, otherwise than in the presence of a constable in uniform.
- (7) An officer seeking to exercise the powers conferred by a warrant under this section or, if there is more than one such officer, that one of them who is in charge of the search shall provide a copy of the warrant endorsed with his name as follows—
- (a) if the occupier of the premises concerned is present at the time the search is to begin, the copy shall be supplied to the occupier;
 - (b) if at the time the occupier is not present but a person who appears to the officer to be in charge of the premises is present, the copy shall be supplied to that person; and
 - (c) if neither paragraph (a) nor paragraph (b) above applies, the copy shall be left in a prominent place on the premises.

Order for access to recorded information, etc.

118D) Where, on an application by an officer, a justice of the peace or, in Scotland, a justice (within the meaning of section 462 of the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1975) is satisfied that there are reasonable grounds for believing—

- (a) that an offence in connection with a duty of excise is being, has been or is about to be committed, and
- (b) that any recorded information (including any document of any nature whatsoever) which may be required as evidence for the purpose of any proceedings in respect of such an offence is in the possession of any person,

he may make an order under this section.

- (2) An order under this section is an order that the person who appears to the justice to be in possession of the recorded information to which the application relates shall—
- (a) give an officer access to it, and
 - (b) permit an officer to remove and take away any of it which he reasonably considers necessary,

not later than the end of the period of seven days beginning with the date of the order or the end of such longer period as the order may specify.

- (3) The reference in subsection (2)(a) above to giving an officer access to the recorded information to which the application relates includes a reference to permitting the officer to take copies of it or to make extracts from it.
- (4) Where the recorded information consists of information contained in a computer, an order under this section shall have effect as an order to produce the information in a form in which it is visible and legible and, if the officer wishes to remove it, in a form in which it can be removed.
- (5) This section is without prejudice to sections 118B and 118C above.

Procedure when documents etc. are removed.

118E) An officer who removes anything in the exercise of a power conferred by or under section 118C or 118D above shall, if so requested by a person showing himself—

- (a) to be the occupier of premises from which it was removed, or
- (b) to have had custody or control of it immediately before the removal,

provide that person with a record of what he removed.

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- (2) The officer shall provide the record within a reasonable time from the making of the request for it.
- (3) Subject to subsection (7) below, if a request for permission to be granted access to anything which—
 - (a) has been removed by an officer, and
 - (b) is retained by the Commissioners for the purposes of investigating an offence, is made to the officer in overall charge of the investigation by a person who had custody or control of the thing immediately before it was so removed or by someone acting on behalf of such a person, the officer shall allow the person who made the request access to it under the supervision of an officer.
- (4) Subject to subsection (7) below, if a request for a photograph or copy of any such thing is made to the officer in overall charge of the investigation by a person who had custody or control of the thing immediately before it was so removed, or by someone acting on behalf of such a person, the officer shall—
 - (a) allow the person who made the request access to it under the supervision of an officer for the purpose of photographing it or copying it, or
 - (b) photograph or copy it, or cause it to be photographed or copied.
- (5) Where anything is photographed or copied under subsection (4)(b) above, the photograph or copy shall be supplied to the person who made the request.
- (6) The photograph or copy shall be supplied within a reasonable time from the making of the request.
- (7) There is no duty under this section to grant access to, or to supply a photograph or copy of, anything if the officer in overall charge of the investigation for the purposes of which it was removed has reasonable grounds for believing that to do so would prejudice—
 - (a) that investigation;
 - (b) the investigation of an offence other than the offence for the purposes of the investigation of which the thing was removed; or
 - (c) any criminal proceedings which may be brought as a result of—
 - (i) the investigation of which he is in charge; or
 - (ii) any such investigation as is mentioned in paragraph (b) above.
- (8) Any reference in this section to the officer in overall charge of the investigation is a reference to the person whose name and address are endorsed on the warrant or order concerned as being the officer so in charge.

Failure of officer to comply with requirements under section 118E.

- (1) Where, on an application made as mentioned in subsection (2) below, the appropriate judicial authority is satisfied that a person has failed to comply with a requirement imposed by section 118E above, the authority may order that person to comply with the requirement within such time and in such manner as may be specified in the order.
- (2) An application under subsection (1) above shall be made—
 - (a) in the case of a failure to comply with any of the requirements imposed by subsections (1) and (2) of section 118E above, by the occupier of the premises from which the thing in question was removed or by the person who had custody or control of it immediately before it was so removed, and

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- (b) in any other case, by the person who has such custody or control.
- (3) In this section “the appropriate judicial authority means—
 - (a) in England and Wales, a magistrates’ court;
 - (b) in Scotland, the sheriff; and
 - (c) in Northern Ireland, a court of summary jurisdiction, as defined in Article 2(2) (a) of the Magistrates’ Courts (Northern Ireland) Order 1981.
- (4) Any application for an order under this section—
 - (a) in England and Wales, shall be made by way of complaint; or
 - (b) in Northern Ireland, shall be made by way of civil proceedings on complaint.
- (5) Sections 21 and 42(2) of the Interpretation Act (Northern Ireland) 1954 (rules and orders regulating procedure of courts etc and assignment of business to particular courts) shall apply as if any reference in those provisions to any enactment included a reference to this section.

Offences under Part IXA.

118G If any person fails to comply with any requirement imposed under section 118A(1) or section 118B above, he shall be liable on summary conviction to a penalty of any amount not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale.”

Marginal Citations

M34 1979 c.2.

SCHEDULE 6

Section 27.

RESTRICTION OF HIGHER RATE RELIEF: BENEFICIAL LOANS ETC

Taxation of beneficial loan arrangements

F132₁

Textual Amendments

F132 Sch. 6 para. 3 repealed (6.4.2003 with effect in accordance with s. 723(1)(a)(b) of the amending Act) by Income Tax (Earnings and Pensions) Act 2003 (c. 1), s. 723, Sch. 8 Pt. 1 (with Sch. 7)

F133₂

Textual Amendments

F133 Sch. 6 para. 2 repealed (3.5.1994 with effect in accordance with s. 88(5) of the amending Act) by 1994 c. 9, s. 88(5), 258, Sch. 26 Pt. V Note

F132₃

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Textual Amendments

F132 Sch. 6 para. 3 repealed (6.4.2003 with effect in accordance with s. 723(1)(a)(b) of the amending Act) by Income Tax (Earnings and Pensions) Act 2003 (c. 1), s. 723, **Sch. 8 Pt. 1** (with Sch. 7)

4 Paragraph 6 of that Schedule (meaning of “interest eligible for relief” in Part III, which is superseded by amendments made by paragraph 5 below) shall be omitted.

F1345

Textual Amendments

F134 Sch. 6 para. 5 repealed (3.5.1994 with effect in accordance with s. 88(5) of the amending Act) by 1994 c. 9, s. 88(5), 258, **Sch. 26 Pt. V** Note

Applicable rates of capital gains tax

F1356

Textual Amendments

F135 Sch. 6 para. 6 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch.12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

SCHEDULE 7

Section 48.

BASIC LIFE ASSURANCE AND GENERAL ANNUITY BUSINESS

Management expenses

1 In section 76 of the Taxes Act 1988 (expenses of management of insurance companies) in subsection (1)—

- (a) in paragraphs (ca) ^{F136}..., for the words “basic life assurance business” there shall be substituted in each place the words “basic life assurance and general annuity business”;
- (b) in paragraph (d), the words “general annuity business” shall cease to have effect.

Textual Amendments

F136 Words in Sch. 7 para. 1(a) repealed (with effect for accounting periods beginning on or after 1.1.2003 except those ending before 9.4.2003 in accordance with Sch. 33 para. 8(4), Sch. 43 Pt. 3(12) Note 6 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 2003 (c. 14), **Sch. 43 Pt. 3(12)**

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Interpretation of Chapter I of Part XII

F137²

Textual Amendments

F137 Sch. 7 para. 2 repealed (1.5.1995 with effect in accordance with Sch. 8 para. 57 of the amending Act) by 1995 c. 4, s. 162, Sch. 8 para. 57, **Sch. 29 Pt. VIII(5)**, Note 2 (with Sch. 8 para. 55(2), 57(1))

Apportionment of income and gains

F138³

Textual Amendments

F138 Sch. 7 para. 3 repealed (1.5.1995 with effect in accordance with Sch. 8 para. 57 of the amending Act) by 1995 c. 4, s. 162, Sch. 8 para. 57, **Sch. 29 Pt. VIII(5)** Note 2 (with Sch. 8 para. 55(2), 57(1))

Computation of trading profit

- 4 (1) In section 436 of that Act (general annuity business and pension business: separate charge on profits) in subsection (1)—
- (a) the words “general annuity business or” shall cease to have effect, and
 - (b) in paragraph (a), for the words “the business of each such class” there shall be substituted the words “that business”.
- (2) In subsection (3) of that section—
- (a) in paragraph (c), the words “or general annuity business”, and
 - (b) in paragraph (e), the words “general annuity business or”,
- shall cease to have effect.
- (3) In subsection (4) of that section, the words “general annuity business or” shall cease to have effect.
- (4) In section 437 of that Act (general annuity business) subsections (2) to (5) shall cease to have effect.

Deduction for annuities referable to basic life assurance and general annuity business

- 5 In section 437 of that Act, for subsection (1) there shall be substituted—
- “(1A) In the case of a company carrying on basic life assurance and general annuity business, the new annuities paid in any accounting period by the company shall be regarded as charges on income only to the extent that they do not exceed the income limit for that accounting period.
- (1B) Subsection (1A) above shall not apply to an insurance company charged to corporation tax in accordance with the provisions applicable to Case I of Schedule D in respect of the profits of its life assurance business.
- (1C) For the purposes of this section—

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- (a) “new annuity means any annuity, so far as paid under a contract made by an insurance company in an accounting period beginning on or after 1st January 1992 and so far as referable to the company’s basic life assurance and general annuity business;
- (b) “the income limit for an accounting period of an insurance company is the difference between—
 - (i) the total amount of the new annuities paid by the company in that accounting period; and
 - (ii) the total of the capital elements contained in the new annuities so paid; and
- (c) the capital element contained in an annuity shall be determined in accordance with Chapter V of Part XIV, but for this purpose—
 - (i) it is immaterial whether or not an annuitant claims any relief to which he is entitled under that Chapter; and
 - (ii) where, by virtue of subsection (2) of section 657, section 656 does not apply to an annuity, the annuity shall be treated as containing the capital element that it would have contained apart from that subsection.

(1D) In any case where—

- (a) a payment in respect of an annuity is made by an insurance company under a group annuity contract made in an accounting period beginning before 1st January 1992,
- (b) the company’s liabilities first include an amount in respect of that annuity in an accounting period beginning on or after that date, and
- (c) the company’s liability in respect of that annuity is referable to its basic life assurance and general annuity business,

the payment shall be treated for the purposes of this section, other than this subsection, as if the group annuity contract had been made in an accounting period beginning on or after 1st January 1992 (and, accordingly, as payment of a new annuity).

(1E) In any case where—

- (a) a payment in respect of an annuity is made by a reinsurer under a reinsurance treaty made in an accounting period beginning before 1st January 1992,
- (b) the reinsurer’s liabilities first include an amount in respect of that annuity in an accounting period beginning on or after that date, and
- (c) the reinsurer’s liability in respect of that annuity is referable to its basic life assurance and general annuity business,

the payment shall, as respects the reinsurer, be treated for the purposes of this section, other than this subsection, as if the reinsurance treaty had been made in an accounting period beginning on or after 1st January 1992 (and, accordingly, as payment of a new annuity).

(1F) In this section—

“group annuity contract means a contract between an insurance company and some other person under which the company undertakes to become liable to pay annuities to or in respect of such persons as may subsequently be specified or otherwise ascertained under or in accordance with the contract (whether or not annuities

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under the contract are also payable to or in respect of persons who are specified or ascertained at the time the contract is made);

“reinsurance treaty means a contract under which one insurance company is obliged to cede, and another (in this section referred to as a “reinsurer) to accept, the whole or part of a risk of a class or description to which the contract relates.”

Transfer of assets between classes of business

F139⁶

Textual Amendments

F139 Sch. 7 para. 6 repealed (1.5.1995 with effect in accordance with Sch. 8 para. 57 of the amending Act) by 1995 c. 4, s. 162, Sch. 8 para. 57, Sch. 29 Pt. VIII(5) Note 2 (with Sch. 8 para. 55(2), 57(1))

United Kingdom branches of overseas life assurance companies

7 (1) In section 446 of that Act (computation under section 436 of profits arising to an overseas life assurance company)—

F140^(a)

(b) subsections (2) and (3),

shall cease to have effect.

F140⁽²⁾

(3) Subsection (3) of that section (proportion of profits arising from general annuity business for purposes of section 446) shall cease to have effect.

F140⁽⁴⁾

F140⁽⁵⁾

Textual Amendments

F140 Sch. 7 para. 7(1)(a)(2)(4)(5) repealed (27.7.1993 with application as mentioned in s. 103(3)(4) of the amending Act) by 1993 c. 34, ss. 103(3)(4), 213, Sch. 23 Pt. III.

Treatment of tax-free income

8 In section 474 of that Act, in subsection (1)(b) (certain tax-free income to be included in computing profits or loss from pension business and general annuity business) the words “and general annuity business” shall cease to have effect.

Life annuity contracts: taxation of gain on chargeable event

F141⁹

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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Textual Amendments

F141 Sch. 7 para. 9 repealed (6.4.2005) by [Income Tax \(Trading and Other Income\) Act 2005 \(c. 5\)](#), s. 883(1), [Sch. 3](#) (with [Sch. 2](#))

Computation of offshore income gains

F142¹⁰

Textual Amendments

F142 Sch. 7 para. 10 repealed (1.5.1995 with effect in accordance with [Sch. 8 para. 57](#) of the amending Act) by [1995 c. 4](#), s. 162, [Sch. 8 para. 55](#), [Sch. 29 Pt. VIII\(5\)](#) Note 1 (with [Sch. 8 para. 55\(2\)](#), [57\(1\)](#))

Interpretation of sections 85 to 89 of Finance Act 1989

F143¹¹

Textual Amendments

F143 Sch. 7 para. 11 repealed (with effect for accounting periods beginning on or after 1.1.2003 except those ending before 9.4.2003 in accordance with [Sch. 33 para. 8\(4\)](#), [Sch. 43 Pt. 3\(12\)](#) Note 6 of the amending Act) by [Finance Act 2003 \(c. 14\)](#), [Sch. 43 Pt. 3\(12\)](#)

Miscellaneous receipts

12 In section 85 of the ^{M35}Finance Act 1989 (charge of certain receipts of basic life assurance business) in subsection (1), for the words “basic life assurance business” there shall be substituted the words “basic life assurance and general annuity business”.

Marginal Citations

M35 [1989 c. 26](#).

Spreading of relief for acquisition expenses

13 ^{F144}(1)

(2) After subsection (3) of that section there shall be inserted—

“(3A) Nothing in subsection (1), (2) or (3) above applies to commissions (however described) in respect of annuity contracts made in accounting periods beginning before 1st January 1992, but without prejudice to the application of subsections (1) and (2) above to any commission attributable to a variation, in an accounting period beginning on or after that date, of an annuity contract so made; and for this purpose the exercise of any rights conferred by an annuity contract shall be regarded as a variation of it.”

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

Changes to legislation: Finance Act 1991 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 09 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (3) In subsection (4) of that section (meaning of “the acquisition of business”) after the word “includes” there shall be inserted “(a)” and at the end there shall be added the words “and
- (b) the securing, in an accounting period beginning on or after 1st January 1992, of the payment of increased or additional consideration in respect of an annuity contract already made (whether in an accounting period beginning before, or on or after, that date).”

Textual Amendments

F144 Sch. 7 para. 13(1) repealed (with effect for accounting periods beginning on or after 1.4.2004 in accordance with s. 42 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 2004 (c. 12), Sch. 42 Pt. 2(3)

Deemed disposal of unit trusts etc

F145 14

Textual Amendments

F145 Sch. 7 para. 14 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, Sch. 12 (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

Exemptions and exclusions from charges by virtue of section 46

F146 15

Textual Amendments

F146 Sch. 7 para. 15 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, Sch. 12 (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

Transitional relief for old general annuity contracts

- 16 (1) [F147] In the computation, otherwise than in accordance with the provisions applicable to Case I of Schedule D, of the [F148] relevant profits (within the meaning of section 88(1) of the Finance Act 1989) of an insurance company for any accounting period], an amount equal to the lesser of the following amounts shall be treated (if it is not nil) as [F149] expenses payable which fall to be brought into account for that period at Step 3 in section 76(7) of the Taxes Act 1988,] that is to say—
- (a) A, and
- (b) $A - (R1 - R2 + C - SV - DB)$,
- and if the result of the formula in paragraph (b) above is a negative amount, it shall be taken to be nil.
- (2) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (1) above—

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

Changes to legislation: Finance Act 1991 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 09 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

A is the gross amount of any annuities paid in the accounting period so far as referable to old annuity contracts;

R1 is the amount of the company's opening liabilities for the accounting period in respect of old annuity contracts;

R2 is the amount of the company's closing liabilities for the accounting period in respect of old annuity contracts;

C is the amount of any consideration received in the accounting period in respect of old annuity contracts;

SV is the amount of any sums paid in the accounting period by reason of the surrender of rights conferred by old annuity contracts;

DB is the amount of any death benefits paid in the accounting period in respect of old annuity contracts.

F150(3)

F150(4)

(5) If, in the case of an annuity under a group annuity contract made by an insurance company in an accounting period beginning before 1st January 1992—

- (a) the company's liabilities first include an amount in respect of that annuity in an accounting period beginning on or after that date, and
- (b) the company's liability in respect of that annuity is referable to its basic life assurance and general annuity business,

the group annuity contract, so far as relating to that annuity, shall be treated for the purposes of this paragraph, other than this sub-paragraph, as if it had been made in an accounting period beginning on or after 1st January 1992 (and were, accordingly, not an old annuity contract).

(6) If, in the case of an annuity which is subject to a reinsurance treaty made by the reinsurer in an accounting period beginning before 1st January 1992—

- (a) the reinsurer's liabilities first include an amount in respect of that annuity in an accounting period beginning on or after that date, and
- (b) the reinsurer's liability in respect of that annuity is referable to its basic life assurance and general annuity business,

the reinsurance treaty, as respects the reinsurer and so far as relating to that annuity, shall be treated for the purposes of this paragraph, other than this sub-paragraph, as if it had been made in an accounting period beginning on or after 1st January 1992 (and were, accordingly, not an old annuity contract).

(7) In this paragraph—

“general annuity contract means an annuity contract so far as referable to general annuity business;

“group annuity contract means a contract between an insurance company and some other person under which the company undertakes to become liable to pay annuities to or in respect of such persons as may subsequently be specified or otherwise ascertained under or in accordance with the contract (whether or not annuities under the contract are also payable to or in respect of persons who are specified or ascertained at the time the contract is made);

“old annuity contract means a general annuity contract made by an insurance company in an accounting period beginning before 1st January 1992;

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

Changes to legislation: Finance Act 1991 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 09 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

“reinsurance treaty means a contract under which one insurance company is obliged to cede, and another (in this paragraph referred to as a “reinsurer) to accept, the whole or part of a risk of a class or description to which the contract relates;

and, subject to that, expressions used in this paragraph and in Chapter I of Part XII of the Taxes Act 1988 have the same meaning in this paragraph as they have in that Chapter.

Textual Amendments

- F147** Words in Sch. 7 para. 16(1) substituted (with effect in relation to accounting periods beginning after 5.3.1997 in accordance with s. 67(7) of the amending Act) by [Finance Act 1997 \(c. 16\), s. 67\(6\)](#)
- F148** Words in Sch. 7 para. 16(1) substituted (with effect for accounting periods ending on or after 9.4.2003 in accordance with [Sch. 33 para. 6\(12\)](#) of the amending Act) by [Finance Act 2003 \(c. 14\), Sch. 33 para. 6\(10\)](#)
- F149** Words in [Sch. 7 para. 16\(1\)](#) substituted (28.9.2004 with effect in accordance with art. 1(2) of the amending S.I.) by [The Finance Act 2004, Sections 38 to 40 and 45 and Schedule 6 \(Consequential Amendment of Enactments\) Order 2004 \(S.I. 2004/2310\), art. 1\(2\), Sch. para. 47\(2\)](#)
- F150** [Sch. 7 para. 16\(3\)\(4\)](#) repealed (with effect in relation to accounting periods beginning after 5.3.1997) by 1997 c. 16, s. 113, [Sch. 18 Pt. VI\(6\) Note](#)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C13** [Sch. 7 para. 16](#) modified (10.8.1995) by [The Friendly Societies \(Modification of the Corporation Tax Acts\) Regulations 1992 \(S.I. 1992/1655\), reg. 20A](#) (as inserted by [S.I. 1995/1916, reg. 10](#))
- C14** [Sch. 7 para. 16](#) modified (with effect for accounting periods beginning on or after 1.1.2005) by [The Friendly Societies \(Modification of the Corporation Tax Acts\) Regulations 2005 \(S.I. 2005/2014\), regs. 1, 33](#)
- C15** [Sch. 7 para. 16\(7\)](#) modified (20.3.1997 but with retrospective effect to 1.1.1995) by [The Friendly Societies \(Modification of the Corporation Tax Acts\) Regulations 1997 \(S.I. 1997/473\), regs. 1\(2\), 42](#)

Transitional provisions for chargeable gains and unrelieved general annuity losses

- 17 (1) An insurance company’s unrelieved general annuity losses shall be relieved under this paragraph by setting them against the relevant part of any chargeable gains arising to the company in accounting periods beginning on or after 1st January 1992.
- (2) Any relief under this paragraph shall be given as far as possible for the first accounting period of the company beginning on or after 1st January 1992 and, so far as it cannot be so given, for the next accounting period, and so on.
- (3) For the purposes of this paragraph an insurance company’s “unrelieved general annuity losses are so much of any losses—
- (a) arising from the company’s general annuity business in an accounting period or year of assessment beginning before 1st January 1992, and
 - (b) computed as mentioned in paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 436 of the Taxes Act 1988 as it applied in relation to such accounting periods,
- as, by virtue only of an insufficiency of profits, cannot be relieved under that subsection (or any previous enactment which it re-enacts) by setting them off against the profits of such an accounting period or year of assessment.

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

Changes to legislation: Finance Act 1991 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 09 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (4) For the purposes of this paragraph the relevant part of the chargeable gains arising to a company in an accounting period shall be determined by the application of the following formula—

$$X \times \frac{Y}{Z}$$

where—

X is so much of the chargeable gains arising to the company in the accounting period as are referable to its basic life assurance and general annuity business;
Y is the mean of the company's opening and closing liabilities for the accounting period in respect of old annuity contracts; and
Z is the mean of the company's opening and closing liabilities for the accounting period in respect of its basic life assurance and general annuity business.

- (5) Sub-paragraphs (5) to (7) of paragraph 16 above shall apply for the purposes of this paragraph as they apply for the purposes of that paragraph.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C16** Sch. 7 para. 17 modified (with effect for accounting periods beginning on or after 1.1.2005) by [The Friendly Societies \(Modification of the Corporation Tax Acts\) Regulations 2005 \(S.I. 2005/2014\)](#), regs. 1, **34**
- C17** Sch. 7 para. 17(4) modified (20.3.1997; but with retrospective effect to 1.1.1995) by [The Friendly Societies \(Modification of the Corporation Tax Acts\) Regulations 1997 \(S.I. 1997/473\)](#), regs. 1(2), **43**

Application of this Schedule

- 18 Paragraphs 1, 3, 4, 5, 6(1) and (2), 7, 8, 10 to 14, 16 and 17 above have effect with respect only to accounting periods beginning on or after 1st January 1992.

^{F151}SCHEDULE 8

Textual Amendments

- F151** Sch. 8 repealed (22.3.2001 with effect in accordance with s. 87 of the amending Act) by [2001 c. 9, s. 110, Sch. 33 Pt. 2\(12\)](#)

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

Changes to legislation: Finance Act 1991 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 09 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

SCHEDULE 9

Section 50.

FRIENDLY SOCIETIES

Tax exempt life or endowment business

- 1 (1) Section 460 of the Taxes Act 1988 (exemption from tax in respect of life or endowment business) shall be amended as follows.
- (2) Subsection (2) shall be amended as mentioned in sub-paragraphs (3) to (6) below.
- (3) Before sub-paragraph (i) of paragraph (c) there shall be inserted—
- “(ai) where the profits relate to contracts made on or after the day on which the Finance Act 1991 was passed, of the assurance of gross sums under contracts under which the total premiums payable in any period of 12 months exceed £200 or of the granting of annuities of annual amounts exceeding £156;”.
- (4) In that sub-paragraph, for “31st August 1987” there shall be substituted “31st August 1990 but before the day on which the Finance Act 1991 was passed”.
- (5) In sub-paragraph (ia) of paragraph (c), after “£100” there shall be inserted “or of the granting of annuities of annual amounts exceeding £156”.
- (6) At the end of that paragraph, for “and” there shall be substituted—
- “(ca) shall not apply to so much of the profits arising from life or endowment business as is attributable to contracts for the assurance of gross sums made on or after 20th March 1991 and expressed at the outset not to be made in the course of tax exempt life or endowment business; and”.
- (7) In subsection (3)—
- (a) for “subsection (2)(c)(i) or (ia)” there shall be substituted “subsection (2)(c)(ai), (i) or (ia)”;
(b) for “subsection (2)(c)(i)” there shall be substituted “subsection (2)(c)(ai), (i) or (ia)”.
- (8) After subsection (4) there shall be inserted—
- “(4A) Subsection (4B) below applies to contracts for the assurance of gross sums under tax exempt life or endowment business made after 31st August 1987 and before the day on which the Finance Act 1991 was passed.
- (4B) Where the amount payable by way of premium under a contract to which this subsection applies is increased by virtue of a variation made in the period beginning with the day on which the Finance Act 1991 was passed and ending with 31st July 1992, the contract shall be treated for the purposes of subsection (2)(c) above as made at the time of the variation.”
- 2 After section 462 of that Act there shall be inserted—

“462A Election as to tax exempt business.

- (1) Where a registered friendly society has tax exempt life or endowment business which includes contracts—

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

Changes to legislation: Finance Act 1991 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 09 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (a) made before 20th March 1991, and
 - (b) expressed at the outset not to be made in the course of such business,
- the society may by notice to the inspector elect that section 460(1) shall not apply to so much of the profits arising from such business as is attributable to such contracts.
- (2) Where a registered friendly society has tax exempt life or endowment business which includes contracts falling within subsection (3) below, the society may by notice to the inspector elect that section 460(1) shall not apply to so much of the profits arising from such business as is attributable to such contracts.
- (3) A contract falls within this subsection if—
- (a) at the outset, it is neither expressed to be made in the course of tax exempt life or endowment business nor expressed not to be so made but is assumed by the society not to be so made, and
 - (b) the policy issued in pursuance of it falls within paragraph 21(1)(b) of Schedule 15.
- (4) An election under subsection (2) above shall only be valid if the society satisfies the inspector (or the Commissioners on appeal) that it is possible to identify all the contracts to which the election relates.
- (5) If the inspector decides that he is not satisfied as mentioned in subsection (4) above, he shall give notice of his decision to the society; and section 42(3), (4) and (9) of, and paragraph 1(1) to (1E) of Schedule 2 to, the Management Act shall apply in relation to such a decision as they apply in relation to a decision of an inspector on a claim.
- (6) An election under subsection (1) or (2) above shall have effect for accounting periods ending on or after the day on which the Finance Act 1991 was passed.
- (7) No election under subsection (1) or (2) above may be made after 31st July 1992.
- (8) Where a friendly society has made an election under subsection (1) or (2) above, then, for any accounting period for which the election has effect—
- (a) section 460(1) shall apply to profits arising from life or endowment business which would have been included in the society's tax exempt life or endowment business had no account been taken of the contracts to which the election relates, and
 - (b) section 462(1), in its application to the society, shall have effect with the insertion after "societies" of "and all policies issued in pursuance of contracts to which an election under section 462A(1) or (2) relates".

Maximum benefits payable to members

- 3 (1) Section 464 of that Act (maximum benefits payable to members) shall be amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (3), before paragraph (a) there shall be inserted—
- “(za) contracts under which the total premiums payable in any period of 12 months exceed £200; or”.

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

Changes to legislation: Finance Act 1991 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 09 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(3) In paragraph (a) of subsection (3), after “contracts” there shall be inserted “made before the day on which the Finance Act 1991 was passed and”.

(4) After subsection (4) there shall be inserted—

“(4A) Subsection (4B) below applies to contracts for the assurance of gross sums under tax exempt life or endowment business made after 31st August 1987 and before the day on which the Finance Act 1991 was passed.

(4B) Where the amount payable by way of premium under a contract to which this subsection applies is increased by virtue of a variation made in the period beginning with the day on which the Finance Act 1991 was passed and ending with 31st July 1992, the contract shall be treated for the purposes of subsection (3) above as made at the time of the variation.”

Qualifying policies

4 (1) In Schedule 15 to that Act (qualifying policies) in paragraph 3, sub-paragraph (1)(c) (contract for policy issued by new society to be made by member over 18) shall be omitted, with the word “and” immediately preceding it.

(2) This paragraph shall apply in relation to policies issued in pursuance of contracts made on or after the day on which this Act is passed.

5 (1) This paragraph applies to any policy—

- (a) issued by a friendly society, or branch of a friendly society, in the course of tax exempt life or endowment business (as defined in section 466 of the Taxes Act 1988), and
- (b) effected by a contract made after 31st August 1987 and before the day on which this Act is passed.

(2) Where—

- (a) the amount payable by way of premium under a policy to which this paragraph applies is increased by virtue of a variation made in the period beginning with the day on which this Act is passed and ending with 31st July 1992, and
- (b) the variation is not such as to cause a person to become in breach of the limits in section 464 of the Taxes Act 1988,

Schedule 15 to that Act, in its application to the policy, shall have effect, in relation to that variation, with the modifications mentioned in sub-paragraph (3) below.

(3) The modifications are the omission of paragraph 4(3)(a) and the insertion at the end of paragraph 18(2) of “and as if for paragraph 3(2)(b) above there were substituted—

(”) subject to sub-paragraph (4) below, the premiums payable under the policy shall be premiums of equal or rateable amounts payable at yearly or shorter intervals over the whole of the term of the policy as from the variation, or, where premiums are not payable for any period after the person liable to pay them or whose life is insured has attained a specified age, being an age attained at a time not less than ten years after the beginning of the term of the policy, over the whole of the remainder of the period for which premiums are payable.””

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

Changes to legislation: Finance Act 1991 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 09 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

SCHEDULE 10

Section 51.

BUILDING SOCIETIES: QUALIFYING SHARES

Capital gains: exemption

F152¹

Textual Amendments

F152 Sch. 10 para. 1 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch.12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

Accrued income scheme: inclusion

- 2 (1) Section 710 of the Taxes Act 1988 (meaning of “securities” for the purposes of the accrued income scheme) shall be amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (2), after “ “Securities” does not” there shall be inserted “, except as provided by subsection (2A) below, ”.
- (3) After that subsection there shall be inserted—
 - “(2A) “Securities includes shares in a building society which are qualifying shares for the purposes of section 64(3E) of the Finance Act 1984 (qualifying corporate bonds).”
- (4) This paragraph shall have effect in relation to the application of sections 711 to 728 of the Taxes Act 1988 to transfers of securities on or after the day on which this Act is passed.

Incidental costs of issue

- 3 (1) The following section shall be inserted after section 477A of the Taxes Act 1988—
 - “**477B Building societies: incidental costs of issuing qualifying shares.**
 - (1) In computing for the purposes of corporation tax the income of a building society from the trade carried on by it, there shall be allowed as a deduction, if subsection (2) below applies, the incidental costs of obtaining finance by means of issuing shares in the society which are qualifying shares.
 - (2) This subsection applies if any amount payable in respect of the shares by way of dividend or interest is deductible in computing for the purposes of corporation tax the income of the society from the trade carried on by it.
 - (3) In subsection (1) above, “the incidental costs of obtaining finance means expenditure on fees, commissions, advertising, printing and other incidental matters (but not including stamp duty), being expenditure wholly and exclusively incurred for the purpose of obtaining the finance (whether or not it is in fact obtained), or of providing security for it or of repaying it.
 - (4) This section shall not be construed as affording relief—

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

Changes to legislation: Finance Act 1991 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 09 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (a) for any sums paid in consequence of, or for obtaining protection against, losses resulting from changes in the rate of exchange between different currencies, or
 - (b) for the cost of repaying qualifying shares so far as attributable to their being repayable at a premium or to their having been issued at a discount.
- (5) In this section—
- “dividend has the same meaning as in section 477A, and
 - “qualifying share has the same meaning as in section 64(3E) of the Finance Act 1984.”
- (2) This paragraph shall apply in relation to costs incurred on or after the day on which this Act is passed.

Preferential rights of acquisition

F153⁴

Textual Amendments

F153 Sch. 10 para. 4 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch.12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

SCHEDULE 11

Section 52.

BUILDING SOCIETIES: MARKETABLE SECURITIES

Deduction of income tax

- 1 (1) Section 349 of the Taxes Act 1988 (annual interest etc.) shall be amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (2)(a), after “company” there shall be inserted “(other than a building society)”.
- (3) In subsection (3), paragraph (e) shall be omitted.
- (4) After subsection (3) there shall be inserted—
- “(3A) Subject to subsection (3B) below and to any other provision to the contrary in the Income Tax Acts, where—
 - (a) any dividend or interest is paid in respect of a security issued by a building society other than a qualifying certificate of deposit, and
 - (b) the security was quoted, or capable of being quoted, on a recognised stock exchange at the time the dividend or interest became payable,
- the person by or through whom the payment is made shall, on making the payment, deduct out of it a sum representing the amount of income tax thereon for the year in which the payment is made.

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

Changes to legislation: Finance Act 1991 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 09 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(3B) Subsection (3A) above does not apply to any payment to which section 124 applies.”

(5) In subsection (4), for “subsection (3)(e) above” there shall be substituted “this section” and for the words from “and” to the end there shall be substituted—

“ “qualifying certificate of deposit means a certificate of deposit, as defined in section 56(5), under which—

- (a) the amount payable by the issuing society, exclusive of interest, is not less than £50,000 (or, for a deposit denominated in foreign currency, not less than the equivalent of £50,000 at the time when the deposit is made), and
- (b) the obligation of the society to pay that amount arises after a period of not more than five years beginning with the date on which the deposit is made; and

“security includes share.”

2 (1) Section 477A of the Taxes Act 1988 (building societies: regulations for deduction of tax) shall be amended as follows.

(2) After subsection (1) there shall be inserted—

“(1A) Regulations under subsection (1) above may not make provision with respect to any dividend or interest paid or credited, on or after the day on which the Finance Act 1991 was passed, in respect of a security (other than a qualifying certificate of deposit) which was quoted, or capable of being quoted, on a recognised stock exchange at the time the dividend or interest became payable.”

(3) After subsection (9) there shall be inserted—

“(10) In this section—

“qualifying certificate of deposit has the same meaning as in section 349, and

“security includes share.”

Collection

3 (1) Schedule 16 to the Taxes Act 1988 (collection of income tax on company payments which are not distributions), in its application to building societies by virtue of section 350(4) of that Act, shall have effect as if for paragraph 2(2)(a) there were substituted—

“(a) each complete quarter falling within the accounting period, that is to say, each of the periods of three months ending with the last day of February, May, August and November;”.

(2) In section 350(4) of that Act, the second reference to regulations shall be treated as including a reference to sub-paragraph (1) above.

(3) Regulations under section 350(4) of that Act (power to modify Schedule 16) may repeal sub-paragraphs (1) and (2) above.

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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- 4 (1) A building society may not make more than one claim to relief under paragraph 5 of Schedule 16 to the Taxes Act 1988 (set-off of income tax borne on company income against tax payable) in respect of the same deduction.
- (2) In sub-paragraph (1) above, the reference to a claim under paragraph 5 of Schedule 16 to the Taxes Act 1988 includes a reference to a claim under that paragraph as applied by regulations under section 477A(1) of that Act.

Information

- 5 (1) In section 18 of the ^{M36}Taxes Management Act 1970 (information about interest payments) after subsection (3C) there shall be inserted—
- “(3D) For the purposes of this section, the payment by a building society of a dividend in respect of a share in the society shall be treated as the payment of interest.”
- (2) This paragraph shall have effect as regards a case where the payment is made on or after the day on which this Act is passed.

Marginal Citations

M36 1970 c. 9.

SCHEDULE 12

Section 54.

SECURITIES: NEW ISSUES

General treatment of extra return

- 1 The following section shall be inserted after section 587 of the Taxes Act 1988—

“587A New issues of securities: extra return.

- (1) This section applies where—
- (a) securities (old securities) of a particular kind are issued by way of the original issue of securities of that kind,
 - (b) on a later occasion securities (new securities) of the same kind are issued,
 - (c) a sum (the extra return) is payable in respect of the new securities, by the person issuing them, to reflect the fact that interest is accruing on the old securities,
 - (d) the issue price of the new securities includes an element (whether or not separately identified) representing payment for the extra return, and
 - (e) the extra return is equal to the amount of interest payable for the relevant period on so many old securities as there are new (or, if there are more new securities than old, the amount of interest which would be so payable if there were as many old securities as new).

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

Changes to legislation: Finance Act 1991 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 09 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (2) Anything payable or paid by way of the extra return shall be treated for the purposes of the Tax Acts as payable or paid by way of interest (to the extent that it would not be so treated apart from this subsection).
- (3) But as regards any payment by way of the extra return, relief shall not be given under any provision of the Tax Acts to the person by whom the new securities are issued; and “relief here means relief by way of deduction in computing profits or gains or deduction or set off against income or total profits.
- (4) For the purposes of this section securities are of the same kind if they are treated as being of the same kind by the practice of a recognised stock exchange or would be so treated if dealt with on such a stock exchange.
- (5) For the purposes of this section the relevant period is the period beginning with the day following the relevant day and ending with the day on which the new securities are issued.
- (6) For the purposes of this section the relevant day is—
 - (a) the last (or only) interest payment day to fall in respect of the old securities before the day on which the new securities are issued, or
 - (b) the day on which the old securities were issued, in a case where no interest payment day fell in respect of them before the day on which the new securities are issued;
 and an interest payment day, in relation to the old securities, is a day on which interest is payable under them.”

Accrued income scheme

2 The following section shall be inserted after section 726 of the Taxes Act 1988—

“726A New issues of securities.

- (1) This section applies where—
 - (a) securities (old securities) of a particular kind are issued by way of the original issue of securities of that kind,
 - (b) on a later occasion securities (new securities) of the same kind are issued,
 - (c) a sum (the extra return) is payable in respect of the new securities, by the person issuing them, to reflect the fact that interest is accruing on the old securities,
 - (d) the issue price of the new securities includes an element (whether or not separately identified) representing payment for the extra return, and
 - (e) the extra return is equal to the amount of interest payable for the relevant period on so many old securities as there are new (or, if there are more new securities than old, the amount of interest which would be so payable if there were as many old securities as new).
- (2) For the purposes of sections 710 to 728—
 - (a) the new securities shall be treated as having been issued on the relevant day;

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- (b) they shall be treated as transferred to the person to whom they are in fact issued (though not treated as transferred by any person);
- (c) the transfer shall be treated as a transfer with accrued interest and as made on the day on which the new securities are in fact issued;
- (d) that day shall be treated as the settlement day (notwithstanding section 712);

but this subsection is subject to subsection (7) below.

- (3) If the new securities are in fact issued under an arrangement by virtue of which the acquirer accounts to the issuer separately for the extra return mentioned in subsection (1) above and the rest of the issue price, in relation to the transfer mentioned in subsection (2)(b) above—

- (a) section 713(4) shall not apply, and
- (b) for the purposes of section 713(2) the accrued amount shall be the amount found under subsection (4) or (5) below (as the case may be);

and here “the acquirer means the person to whom the new securities are in fact issued and “the issuer means the person by whom they are in fact issued.

- (4) Subject to subsection (5) below, the amount is one equal to the amount (if any) of the extra return separately accounted for.

- (5) If the interest on the new securities is payable in a currency other than sterling, the amount is the sterling equivalent on the settlement day of the amount found under subsection (4) above; and for this purpose the sterling equivalent of an amount on the settlement day is the sterling equivalent calculated by reference to the London closing rate of exchange for that day.

- (6) If the new securities are in fact issued otherwise than as mentioned in subsection (3) above, section 713(4)(b) shall apply in relation to the transfer mentioned in subsection (2)(b) above.

- (7) If the new securities are securities to which section 717 applies (after applying subsection (2)(a) above) subsection (2)(b) to (d) above shall not apply.

- (8) For the purposes of this section the relevant period is the period beginning with the day following the relevant day and ending with the day on which the new securities are in fact issued.

- (9) For the purposes of this section the relevant day is—

- (a) the last (or only) interest payment day to fall in respect of the old securities before the day on which the new securities are in fact issued, or
- (b) the day on which the old securities were issued, in a case where no interest payment day fell in respect of them before the day on which the new securities are in fact issued.”

Deep discount securities

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Textual Amendments

F154 Sch. 12 para. 3 repealed (the repeal coming into force in accordance with Ch. II of Pt. IV of the amending Act) by 1996 c. 8, s. 205, Sch. 41 Pt. V(3) Note

Deep gain securities

F155⁴

Textual Amendments

F155 Sch. 12 para. 4 repealed (the repeal coming into force in accordance with Ch. II of Pt. IV of the amending Act) by 1996 c. 8, s. 205, Sch. 41 Pt. V(3) Note

General

5 This Schedule applies if the new securities are issued on or after 19th March 1991 (whether the old securities are issued before or on or after that day).

SCHEDULE 13

Section 58.

MANUFACTURED DIVIDENDS AND INTEREST

The new arrangements

1 After Schedule 23 to the Taxes Act 1988 there shall be inserted—

“SCHEDULE 23A

Section 736A.

MANUFACTURED DIVIDENDS AND INTEREST

Interpretation

1 (1) In this Schedule—

“approved stock lending arrangement means an arrangement such as is mentioned in subsection (1), (2) or (2A) of section 129 and in relation to which that section and section 149B(9) of the 1979 Act apply;

“dividend manufacturer has the meaning given by paragraph 2(1) below;

“dividend manufacturing regulations means regulations made by the Treasury under this Schedule;

“interest manufacturer has the meaning given by paragraph 3(1) below;

“manufactured dividend, “manufactured interest and “manufactured overseas dividend shall be construed respectively in accordance with paragraphs 2, 3 and 4 below, as shall references to the gross amount thereof;

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“market maker, in relation to any shares, stock or other securities, means a person who—

- (a) holds himself out at all normal times in compliance with the rules of the Stock Exchange as willing to buy and sell shares, stock or other securities of the kind concerned at a price specified by him, and
 - (b) is recognised as doing so by the Council of the Stock Exchange,
- but subject to any regulations under sub-paragraph (2) below;

“overseas dividend means any interest, dividend or other annual payment payable in respect of any overseas securities;

“overseas dividend manufacturer has the meaning given by paragraph 4(1) below;

“overseas securities means—

- (a) shares, stock or other securities issued by a government or public or local authority of a territory outside the United Kingdom or by any other body of persons not resident in the United Kingdom; and
- (b) quoted Eurobonds held in a recognised clearing system, within the meaning of section 124;

“overseas tax means tax under the law of a territory outside the United Kingdom;

“overseas tax credit means any such credit under the law of a territory outside the United Kingdom in respect of overseas tax as corresponds to a tax credit;

“prescribed means prescribed in dividend manufacturing regulations;

“recognised clearing house means a recognised clearing house within the meaning of the Financial Services Act 1986;

“recognised investment exchange means a recognised investment exchange within the meaning of that Act;

“securities includes any loan stock or similar security;

“transfer includes any sale or other disposal;

“unapproved manufactured payment, subject to any regulations under sub-paragraph (2) below, means—

- (a) any manufactured dividend, manufactured interest or manufactured overseas dividend paid in connection with an unapproved stock lending arrangement, and
- (b) any manufactured dividend or manufactured interest not falling within paragraph (a) above which is paid in respect of United Kingdom securities or United Kingdom equities by a person other than one who is—
 - (i) a market maker in relation to United Kingdom securities or United Kingdom equities of the kind in question, or
 - (ii) in such circumstances as may be prescribed, a member, of a prescribed class or description, of a prescribed recognised investment exchange, or
 - (iii) in such circumstances as may be prescribed, a prescribed recognised clearing house, and which is so paid otherwise than in connection with an approved stock lending arrangement;

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“unapproved stock lending arrangement means an arrangement such as is mentioned in subsection (1), (2) or (2A) of section 129, but which, in consequence of regulations under subsection (4) of that section, is not an approved stock lending arrangement;

“United Kingdom equities means shares of any company resident in the United Kingdom;

“United Kingdom securities means securities of the government of the United Kingdom, of any public or local authority in the United Kingdom or of any company or other body resident in the United Kingdom, but does not include quoted Eurobonds held in a recognised clearing system, within the meaning of section 124, or United Kingdom equities.

- (2) Dividend manufacturing regulations may amend sub-paragraph (1) above—
- (a) by changing the definition for the time being of “market maker”; or
 - (b) by changing the definition for the time being of “unapproved manufactured payment”.

Manufactured dividends on United Kingdom equities

- 2 (1) This paragraph applies in any case where, under a contract or other arrangements for the transfer of United Kingdom equities, one of the parties (the “dividend manufacturer”) is required to pay to the other (“the recipient”) an amount representative of a dividend on the equities; and in this Schedule the “manufactured dividend means any payment which the dividend manufacturer makes in discharge of that requirement.
- (2) If, in a case where this paragraph applies, the dividend manufacturer is a company resident in the United Kingdom, then, for all purposes of the Tax Acts, the manufactured dividend shall be treated as if it were a dividend of, and paid by, the dividend manufacturer (and shall accordingly be a distribution of the dividend manufacturer for those purposes).
- (3) If, in a case where this paragraph applies, the dividend manufacturer is not such a company as is mentioned in sub-paragraph (2) above (so that section 737 applies in relation to the dividend manufacturer) the manufactured dividend shall for all purposes of the Tax Acts be treated in relation to the recipient and all persons claiming title through or under him—
- (a) as if the manufactured dividend were a dividend on the United Kingdom equities,
 - (b) as if any amount required in consequence of section 737 to be deducted by the dividend manufacturer on account of income tax in respect of the gross amount of the manufactured dividend were required to be accounted for by him as advance corporation tax in respect of the dividend, and
 - (c) as if any certificate of deduction of tax required in consequence of that section to be issued in connection with the manufactured dividend were the tax credit certificate that would have been issued had the manufactured dividend in fact been a dividend on the United Kingdom equities.
- (4) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (3)(b) above, the gross amount of a manufactured dividend is the aggregate of the amount of the manufactured

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dividend and the amount of the tax credit that would have been issued in respect thereof had the manufactured dividend in fact been a dividend on the United Kingdom equities.

Manufactured interest on United Kingdom securities

- 3 (1) This paragraph applies in any case where, under a contract or other arrangements for the transfer of United Kingdom securities, one of the parties (the “interest manufacturer”) is required to pay to the other (“the recipient”) an amount representative of a periodical payment of interest on the securities; and in this Schedule the “manufactured interest means any payment which the interest manufacturer makes in discharge of that requirement.
- (2) If, in a case where this paragraph applies, the interest manufacturer is a company resident in the United Kingdom, then, for all purposes of the Tax Acts, the gross amount of the manufactured interest shall be treated as if it were the gross amount of a periodical payment of interest on the securities, but made by the interest manufacturer.
- (3) If, in a case where this paragraph applies, the interest manufacturer is not such a company as is mentioned in sub-paragraph (2) above (so that section 737 applies in relation to the interest manufacturer) the gross amount of the manufactured interest shall for all purposes of the Tax Acts be treated in relation to the recipient, and all persons claiming title through or under him, as if it were the gross amount of a periodical payment of interest on the securities, but made by the interest manufacturer.
- (4) For the purposes of this paragraph the gross amount of any manufactured interest is an amount equal to the gross amount of that periodical payment of interest of which the manufactured interest is representative, as mentioned in sub-paragraph (1) above.

Manufactured overseas dividends

- 4 (1) This paragraph applies in any case where, under a contract or other arrangements for the transfer of overseas securities, one of the parties (the “overseas dividend manufacturer”) is required to pay to the other (“the recipient”) an amount representative of an overseas dividend on the overseas securities; and in this Schedule the “manufactured overseas dividend means any payment which the overseas dividend manufacturer makes in discharge of that requirement.
- (2) Subject to sub-paragraph (3) below, where this paragraph applies the gross amount of the manufactured overseas dividend shall be treated for all purposes of the Tax Acts as an annual payment, within section 349, but—
- (a) the amount which is to be deducted from that gross amount on account of income tax shall be an amount equal to the relevant withholding tax on that gross amount; and
- (b) in the application of sections 338(4)(a) and 350(4) in relation to manufactured overseas dividends the references to Schedule 16 shall be taken as references to dividend manufacturing regulations;

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and paragraph (a) above is without prejudice to any further amount required to be deducted under dividend manufacturing regulations by virtue of sub-paragraph (8) below.

- (3) If, in a case where this paragraph applies, the overseas dividend manufacturer is not resident in the United Kingdom and the manufactured overseas dividend is paid by him otherwise than in the course of a trade which he carries on through a branch or agency in the United Kingdom, sub-paragraph (2) above shall not apply; but if the manufactured overseas dividend is received by a person resident in the United Kingdom (the “United Kingdom recipient”), then unless the United Kingdom recipient shows either—

- (a) that the overseas dividend manufacturer was entitled to payment of the overseas dividend as the registered holder of the overseas securities, or
- (b) that the overseas dividend manufacturer was entitled to payment of the overseas dividend directly or indirectly from a person from whom he acquired the overseas securities, or to whom he transferred them, and who was so entitled to the payment,

the United Kingdom recipient shall account for and pay an amount of tax in respect of the manufactured overseas dividend equal to that which the overseas dividend manufacturer would have been required to account for and pay had he been resident in the United Kingdom; and any reference in this Schedule to an amount deducted under sub-paragraph (2) above includes a reference to an amount of tax accounted for and paid under this sub-paragraph.

- (4) Where a manufactured overseas dividend is paid after deduction of the amount required by sub-paragraph (2) above, or where the amount of tax required under sub-paragraph (3) above in respect of such a dividend has been accounted for and paid, then for all purposes of the Tax Acts as they apply in relation to persons resident in the United Kingdom or to persons not so resident but carrying on business through a branch or agency in the United Kingdom—

- (a) the manufactured overseas dividend shall be treated in relation to the recipient, and all persons claiming title through or under him, as if it were an overseas dividend of an amount equal to the gross amount of the manufactured overseas dividend, but paid after the withholding therefrom, on account of overseas tax, of the amount deducted under sub-paragraph (2) above; and
- (b) the amount so deducted shall accordingly be treated in relation to the recipient, and all persons claiming title through or under him, as an amount so withheld instead of as an amount on account of income tax.

- (5) For the purposes of this paragraph—

- (a) “relevant withholding tax, in relation to the gross amount of a manufactured overseas dividend, means an amount of tax representative of—
 - (i) the amount (if any) that would have been deducted by way of overseas tax from an overseas dividend on the overseas

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- securities of the same gross amount as the manufactured overseas dividend; and
- (ii) the amount of the overseas tax credit (if any) in respect of such an overseas dividend;
- (b) the gross amount of a manufactured overseas dividend is an amount equal to the gross amount of that overseas dividend of which the manufactured overseas dividend is representative, as mentioned in sub-paragraph (1) above; and
- (c) the gross amount of an overseas dividend is an amount equal to the aggregate of—
- (i) so much of the overseas dividend as remains after the deduction of the overseas tax (if any) chargeable on it;
- (ii) the amount of the overseas tax (if any) so deducted; and
- (iii) the amount of the overseas tax credit (if any) in respect of the overseas dividend.
- (6) Dividend manufacturing regulations may make provision with respect to the rates of relevant withholding tax which are to apply in relation to manufactured overseas dividends in relation to different overseas territories, but in prescribing those rates the Treasury shall have regard to—
- (a) the rates at which overseas tax would have fallen to be deducted, and
- (b) the rates of overseas tax credits,
- in overseas territories, or in the particular overseas territory, in respect of payments of overseas dividends on overseas securities.
- (7) Dividend manufacturing regulations may make provision for a person who, in any chargeable period, is an overseas dividend manufacturer to be entitled in prescribed circumstances to set off against each other, in accordance with the regulations—
- (a) overseas tax in respect of any overseas dividends, or amounts deducted under sub-paragraph (2) above from any manufactured overseas dividends, received by him in that chargeable period, and
- (b) the sums due from him on account of the amounts deducted by him under sub-paragraph (2) above from the manufactured overseas dividends paid by him in that chargeable period,
- and account to the Board for, or as the case may be, claim credit in respect of, the balance.
- (8) Dividend manufacturing regulations may also make provision for cases where a manufactured overseas dividend is paid or otherwise dealt with in circumstances such that, had it been an overseas dividend in respect of the overseas securities, it would have been—
- (a) a relevant foreign dividend, within the meaning of section 123,
- (b) a foreign dividend, within the meaning of that section,
- (c) interest on a quoted Eurobond held in a recognised clearing system, within the meaning of section 124, or
- (d) an overseas public revenue dividend, within the meaning of Part III, and, notwithstanding anything in sub-paragraph (2) or (3) above, any such regulations may provide for deductions of an amount determined by reference to the gross amount of the manufactured overseas dividend to be made from the manufactured overseas dividend on account of income tax

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similar to the deductions that would, in the case of an overseas dividend, be made under subsection (2) or (3) of section 123 or under Part III, as the case may be, and for Parts III and IV of Schedule 3 to apply with prescribed modifications in relation thereto.

Dividends and interest passing through the market

- 5 (1) Sub-paragraph (2) below applies in any case where, under a contract or other arrangements for the transfer of securities, a party (“the payment manufacturer) who satisfies the following condition, that is to say, that he is entitled either—

- (a) to a dividend or a periodical payment of interest as the registered holder of the securities, or
- (b) to payment, whether directly or indirectly, of any such dividend or interest from a person from whom he acquired the securities or to whom he transferred them,

is required to pay to the other party (“the recipient) an amount representative of that dividend or interest; and in this paragraph the “manufactured payment means any payment which the payment manufacturer makes in discharge of that requirement.

- (2) Where this sub-paragraph applies—

- (a) paragraphs 2, 3 and 4 above and section 737 shall not apply in relation to the manufactured payment,
- (b) the dividend or interest shall be treated for all purposes of the Tax Acts as the income of the recipient and not as the income of the payment manufacturer, and
- (c) the manufactured payment shall not be regarded as the income of the recipient,

but this sub-paragraph is subject to sub-paragraphs (3) and (4) below.

- (3) In any case where—

- (a) any dividend or interest would, apart from the application or, as the case may be, the subsequent application of this sub-paragraph, be treated by virtue of any provision of this paragraph as the income of a person (the “subsequent manufacturer) who is a party to a further contract or other arrangements for the transfer of securities, and
- (b) under that contract or those arrangements, the subsequent manufacturer is required to pay to the other party (the “subsequent recipient) an amount representative of the dividend or interest (the “subsequent manufactured payment),

sub-paragraph (4) below shall apply instead of sub-paragraph (2) above (and, on any second or subsequent application of this sub-paragraph, instead of sub-paragraph (4) below as it last applied).

- (4) Where this sub-paragraph applies—

- (a) paragraphs 2, 3 and 4 above and section 737 shall not apply in relation to the manufactured payment or any subsequent manufactured payment;
- (b) the dividend or interest shall be treated for all purposes of the Tax Acts as the income of the subsequent recipient (or, on a second or

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- subsequent application of sub-paragraph (3) above, the last of them) and not as the income of any other person; and
- (c) neither the manufactured payment nor any subsequent manufactured payment shall be regarded as the income of the recipient or of any subsequent recipient;
- but this sub-paragraph is subject to any subsequent application of sub-paragraph (3) above.
- (5) Notwithstanding anything in sub-paragraphs (1) to (4) above, in any case where—
- (a) the dividend or interest is an overseas dividend,
- (b) the payment manufacturer or a subsequent manufacturer is resident in the United Kingdom but the recipient or a subsequent recipient is not so resident, and
- (c) the rates of overseas tax or overseas tax credit applicable to the overseas dividend in relation to the payment manufacturer or subsequent manufacturer falling within paragraph (b) above are different from what they would have been in relation to the recipient or subsequent recipient falling within that paragraph, had the overseas dividend been paid directly to him,
- dividend manufacturing regulations may, in such cases as may be prescribed, make provision for tax to be charged on, or for credit in respect of tax to be given to, such one of the manufacturers falling within paragraph (b) above as may be determined in accordance with the regulations, at such rates as may be so determined.
- (6) Any reference in this paragraph to securities is a reference to United Kingdom equities, United Kingdom securities or overseas securities.

Unapproved manufactured payments

- 6 (1) This paragraph applies where a person makes an unapproved manufactured payment.
- (2) Where the unapproved manufactured payment is a manufactured dividend paid by a company, any advance corporation tax paid by the company in respect of the manufactured dividend—
- (a) shall not be set against any liability of the company to corporation tax as mentioned in section 239;
- (b) shall not be surrendered under, or otherwise treated as mentioned in, section 240; and
- (c) shall not be utilised in any other way for the purposes of the Tax Acts;
- and no franked investment income of a company shall be used to frank (within the meaning of section 241(5)) the manufactured dividend.
- (3) Where the unapproved manufactured payment is manufactured interest paid by a company—
- (a) relief shall not be given to the company under any provision of the Tax Acts in respect of any amount which the company is required to deduct from the payment on account of income tax; and

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- (b) the company shall not be entitled under paragraph 5(1) of Schedule 16 to claim to set income tax borne by deduction from payments received by it against the income tax which it is liable to pay in respect of the payment of manufactured interest.
- (4) Where the unapproved manufactured payment is a manufactured overseas dividend—
 - (a) relief shall not be given to any person under any provision of the Tax Acts in respect of any amount which he is required to deduct from the payment on account of income tax; and
 - (b) a person shall not be entitled under or by virtue of this Schedule to set—
 - (i) overseas tax in respect of overseas dividends received by him, or
 - (ii) an amount deducted under paragraph 4(2) above in respect of manufactured overseas dividends received by him,
 against any income tax which he is liable to pay in respect of the payment of the manufactured overseas dividend.
- (5) If it appears to an inspector that, notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this paragraph, franked investment income of a company has been used to frank a manufactured dividend which is an unapproved manufactured payment, he may make an assessment on the dividend manufacturer under sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 3 of Schedule 13 and that sub-paragraph shall accordingly apply in relation to the amount of advance corporation tax in question.
- (6) If it appears to an inspector that, notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this paragraph, income tax on income received by an interest manufacturer has been set against an amount deducted by the interest manufacturer on account of income tax on a payment of manufactured interest which is an unapproved manufactured payment, the inspector may make an assessment on the interest manufacturer under paragraph 4 of Schedule 16 and that paragraph shall accordingly apply in relation to the amount of income tax in question.
- (7) In this paragraph “relief means relief by way of—
 - (a) deduction in computing profits or gains; or
 - (b) deduction or set off against income or total profits.

Irregular manufactured payments

- 7 (1) Except where paragraph 5(2) or (4) above applies, in any case where (apart from this paragraph)—
 - (a) an amount paid by way of manufactured dividend would exceed the amount of the dividend of which it is representative, or
 - (b) the aggregate of—
 - (i) an amount paid by way of manufactured interest or manufactured overseas dividend, and
 - (ii) the tax required to be accounted for in connection with the making of that payment,

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would exceed the gross amount (as determined in accordance with paragraph 3 or 4 above) of the interest or overseas dividend of which it is representative, as the case may be,

the payment shall, to the extent of an amount equal to the excess, not be regarded for the purposes of this Schedule as made in discharge of the requirement referred to in paragraph 2(1), 3(1) or 4(1) above, as the case may be, but shall instead to that extent be taken for all purposes of the Tax Acts to constitute a separate fee for entering into the contract or other arrangements under which it was made, notwithstanding anything in paragraphs 2 to 4 above.

- (2) Dividend manufacturing regulations may make provision in such circumstances and for such purposes of the Tax Acts as may be prescribed for such a fee as is mentioned in sub-paragraph (1) above to be treated as paid in any case that would fall within that sub-paragraph, apart from paragraph 5 above; and, without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, any such regulations may in particular provide—
- (a) for the amount of the fee to be determined in accordance with the regulations, and
 - (b) for such of the persons mentioned in that paragraph as may be prescribed to be treated as paying or, as the case may be, as receiving the fee,

and it is immaterial for the purposes of paragraph (b) above whether or not the person prescribed would, apart from paragraph 5 above, have been regarded by virtue of sub-paragraph (1) above as paying or receiving a fee, or as paying it to, or receiving it from, any other person prescribed under paragraph (b) above.

- (3) For the purpose of giving relief under any provision of the Tax Acts in a case falling within paragraph 3(1) or 4(1) above where (apart from this paragraph) the aggregate referred to in sub-paragraph (1)(b) above would be less than the gross amount there mentioned—
- (a) the gross amount of the manufactured interest or manufactured overseas dividend shall be taken to be an amount equal to the aggregate referred to in sub-paragraph (1)(b) above, except where paragraph 6 above applies, and
 - (b) where paragraph 6 above applies, the gross amount of the manufactured interest or manufactured overseas dividend shall be taken to be only the amount referred to in sub-paragraph (1)(b)(i) above,

notwithstanding anything in paragraph 3, 4 or 6 above.

- (4) In this paragraph “relief means relief by way of—
- (a) deduction in computing profits or gains; or
 - (b) deduction or set off against income or total profits.

Dividend manufacturing regulations: general

- 8 (1) Dividend manufacturing regulations may make provision for—
- (a) such manufactured dividends, manufactured interest or manufactured overseas dividends as may be prescribed, or

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- (b) such dividend manufacturers, interest manufacturers or overseas dividend manufacturers as may be prescribed,
to be treated in prescribed circumstances otherwise than as mentioned in paragraph 2, 3 or 4 above for the purposes of such provisions of the Tax Acts as may be prescribed.
- (2) Dividend manufacturing regulations may make provision with respect to—
 - (a) the accounts and other records which are to be kept,
 - (b) the vouchers which are to be issued or produced,
 - (c) the returns which are to be made,
 - (d) the manner in which amounts required to be deducted or accounted for under or by virtue of this Schedule on account of tax are to be accounted for and paid,
 by dividend manufacturers, interest manufacturers or overseas dividend manufacturers in connection with the manufacturing of dividends, interest or overseas dividends.
- (3) Dividend manufacturing regulations may—
 - (a) make provision for prescribed provisions of the Management Act to apply in relation to manufactured dividends, manufactured interest or manufactured overseas dividends with such modifications, specified in the regulations, as the Treasury think fit;
 - (b) make such further provision with respect to the administration, assessment, collection and recovery of amounts required to be deducted or accounted for under or by virtue of this Schedule on account of tax as the Treasury think fit.
- (4) Dividend manufacturing regulations may make different provision for different cases.”

Power to obtain information in connection with dealings in securities

F156₂

Textual Amendments
F156 Sch. 13 para. 2 repealed (19.3.1997 with effect in relation to, and to transfers under, any arrangement made on or after 1.7.1997) by 1997 c. 16, ss. 76, 113, Sch. 10 Pt. I para. 7(1), Sch. 18 Pt. VI(10) Note 1; S.I. 1997/991, art. 2

Manufactured dividends etc: amendments of section 737

F157₃

Textual Amendments
F157 Sch. 13 para. 3 repealed (19.3.1997 with effect in relation to, and to transfers under, any arrangement made on or after 1.7.1997) by 1997 c. 16, ss. 76, 113, Sch. 10 Pt. I para. 7(1), Sch. 18 Pt. VI(10) Note 1; S.I. 1997/991, art. 2

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Consequential provisions

F158⁴

Textual Amendments

F158 Sch. 13 para. 4 repealed (19.3.1997 with effect in relation to, and to transfers under, any arrangement made on or after 1.7.1997) by 1997 c. 16, ss. 76, 113, Sch. 10 Pt. I para. 7(1), **Sch. 18 Pt. VI(10)** Note 1; S.I. 1997/991, **art. 2**

F159 SCHEDULE 14
.....

Textual Amendments

F159 Sch. 14 repealed (22.3.2001 with effect as mentioned in s. 579(1) of the amending Act) by 2001 c. 2, s. 580, **Sch. 4**

SCHEDULE 15

Section 73.

RELIEF FOR COMPANY TRADING LOSSES

The Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9)

1 (1) In section 86 of the Taxes Management Act 1970 (interest on overdue tax) after subsection (2) there shall be inserted—

“(2A) In any case where—

- (a) on a claim under section 393A(1) of the principal Act, the whole or any part of a loss incurred in an accounting period (the “later period”) is set off for the purposes of corporation tax against profits of a preceding accounting period (the “earlier period),
- (b) the earlier period does not fall wholly within the period of twelve months immediately preceding the later period, and
- (c) if the claim had not been made, an amount of corporation tax assessed for the earlier period would carry interest in accordance with this section,

then, in determining the amount of interest payable under this section on corporation tax unpaid for the earlier period, no account shall be taken of any reduction in the amount of that tax which results from the claim, except so far as concerns interest for any time after the day following the expiry of the period of nine months from the end of the later period.”

(2) The subsection (2A) inserted by sub-paragraph (1) above shall be omitted where the accounting period referred to in that subsection as the earlier period ends after the

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appointed day for the purposes of section 86 of the ^{M38}Finance (No.2) Act 1987 so far as relating to the omission of section 86(2)(d) of the Taxes Management Act 1970.

Marginal Citations

M38 1987 c. 51.

F161²

Textual Amendments

F161 Sch. 15 para. 2 repealed (27.7.1993) by 1993 c. 34, s. 213, Sch. 23 Pt.III.

The Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1)

3 In section 114 of the Taxes Act 1988 (special rules for computing profits and losses) in subsection (3), paragraph (c) and the word “and” immediately preceding it shall cease to have effect.

4 In section 118 of that Act (restriction on relief: companies)—
(a) in subsection (1) (treatment of certain amounts which may be given or allowed under section 393(2) etc) for “393(2)” there shall be substituted “393A(1)”; and
(b) in subsection (2), in the definition of “the aggregate amount” (certain amounts given or allowed under section 393(2) etc to form part of that amount) for “393(2)” there shall be substituted “393A(1)”.

F162⁵

Textual Amendments

F162 Sch. 15 para. 5 repealed (31.7.1997 with effect in accordance with s. 20 of the amending Act) by 1997 c. 58, s. 52, Sch. 8 Pt. II(4), Note

F163⁶

Textual Amendments

F163 Sch. 15 para. 6 repealed (31.7.1997 with effect in accordance with s. 20 of the amending Act) by 1997 c. 58, s. 52, Sch. 8 Pt. II(4), Note

7 (1) In section 343 of that Act (company reconstructions without a change of ownership) in subsection (3) (predecessor not entitled to relief under section 394 except as provided by subsection (6); and successor entitled to relief under section 393(1) subject to claim made by predecessor under section 393(2) etc)—
(a) the words from the beginning to “subsection (6) below; and” shall cease to have effect; and
(b) for “393(2)” there shall be substituted “393A(1)”.
(2) Subsection (6) of that section shall cease to have effect.

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- (3) In subsection (7) of that section—
- (a) the words from “then no relief” to “subject to that” shall be omitted; and
 - (b) for “(6)” there shall be substituted “(5)”.
- 8 In section 393 of that Act (losses other than terminal losses)—
- (a) in subsection (1), for the words “subsection (2) below” there shall be substituted the words “section 393A(1)”; and
 - (b) in subsection (11) (time limits for claims under section 393) the words from “and a claim under subsection (2) above” onwards shall cease to have effect.

F164g

Textual Amendments

F164 Sch. 15 para. 9 repealed (27.7.1993 with effect in relation to accounting periods ending after the day appointed for the purposes of s. 10 of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988) by 1993 c. 34, s. 213, Sch. 23 Pt.III.

- 10 In section 397(2) of that Act (which excludes certain losses in a trade of farming or market gardening from relief under section 393(2)) for “393(2)” there shall be substituted “393A(1)”.
- 11 In section 399 of that Act (dealings in commodity futures etc: withdrawal of loss relief) in subsection (2) (relief not to be given under section 393(2) etc in respect of certain losses) for “393(2)” there shall be substituted “393A(1)”.
- 12 In section 400 of that Act (write-off of government investment) in subsection (4) (exclusion of amounts in respect of which claim has been made under section 393(2) etc) for “393(2)” there shall be substituted “393A(1)”.

F165¹³

Textual Amendments

F165 Sch. 15 para. 13 repealed (31.7.1998 with effect in accordance with s. 38(2)(3) of the amending Act) by 1998 c. 36, ss. 38(2)(3), 165, Sch. 27 Pt. III(4), Note

- 14 (1) In section 407 of that Act (relationship between group relief and other relief) in subsection (1)(b), for “393(2)” there shall be substituted “393A(1)”.
- (2) In subsection (2)(a) of that section, for “393(2) or 394” there shall be substituted “393A(1)(b)”.
- 15 In section 434 of that Act (insurance companies: franked investment income etc) in subsection (2) (ascertaining for purposes of section 393 or 394 whether and to what extent company has incurred loss on its life assurance business) for “394” there shall be substituted “393A(1)”.
- 16 In section 458 of that Act (capital redemption business) in subsection (2) (ascertaining whether and to what extent person has incurred loss on capital redemption business for purposes of section 380 or sections 393 and 394) for “394” there shall be substituted “393A(1)”.

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- 17 In section 492 of that Act (treatment of oil extraction activities etc for tax purposes) in subsection (3) (restriction on relief under section 393(2) against ring fence profits) for “393(2)” there shall be substituted “393A(1)”.

F166 18

Textual Amendments

F166 Sch. 15 para. 18 repealed (the repeal coming into force in accordance with s. 39(4)(5) of the repealing Act) by 1995 c. 4, ss. 39(4)(5), 162, Sch. 29 Pt. VIII(1) Note

- 19 (1) In section 518 of that Act (harbour reorganisation schemes) in subsection (3) (person to whom harbour authority transferred entitled to relief under section 393(1) in certain circumstances but subject to any claim made by transferor under section 393(2)) for “393(2)” there shall be substituted “393A(1)”.
- (2) Subsection (6) of that section (transferor not entitled to relief under section 394 in respect of the trade) shall cease to have effect.
- 20 (1) After section 768 of that Act (change in ownership: trading losses not to be carried forward) there shall be inserted the following section—

“768A Change in ownership: disallowance of carry back of trading losses.

- (1) In any case where—
- (a) within any period of three years there is both a change in the ownership of a company and (either earlier or later in that period, or at the same time) a major change in the nature or conduct of a trade carried on by the company, or
 - (b) at any time after the scale of the activities in a trade carried on by a company has become small or negligible, and before any considerable revival of the trade, there is a change in the ownership of the company,

no relief shall be given under section 393A(1) by setting a loss incurred by the company in an accounting period ending after the change in ownership against any profits of an accounting period beginning before the change in ownership.

- (2) Subsections (2) to (4), (8) and (9) of section 768 shall apply for the purposes of this section as they apply for the purposes of that section.
- (3) This section applies in relation to changes in ownership occurring on or after 14th June 1991.”

- (2) In section 769 of that Act (rules for ascertaining change in ownership in company)—
- (a) in subsections (1), (2)(d) and (5), for the words “section 768” there shall be substituted the words “sections 768 and 768A ”; and
 - (b) in subsections (3) and (4), after the words “section 768” there shall be inserted the words “or 768A ”.
- 21 In section 808 of that Act (restriction on deduction of interest or dividends from trading income so as to give rise to losses to be set off under section 393 or 436) after “393” there shall be inserted “393A(1)”.

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- 22 In section 825 of that Act, in subsection (4) (restrictions on repayment supplement) after paragraph (b) there shall be added the words “and
- (c) a repayment of corporation tax or income tax falling to be made as a result of a claim under section 393A(1) to have the whole or any part of a loss incurred in an accounting period set off against profits of an earlier accounting period (“the earlier period)—
 - (i) shall, in a case where the earlier period falls wholly within the period of twelve months immediately preceding the accounting period in which the loss was incurred, be treated as a repayment of tax paid for the earlier period; and
 - (ii) in any other case, shall be treated as a repayment of tax paid for the accounting period in which the loss is incurred; and
 - (d) a payment of the whole or part of a tax credit falling to be made as a result of a claim under section 242, to the extent that a surplus of franked investment income for an accounting period (the “earlier period) is treated as there mentioned for the purpose of setting a loss incurred in a later accounting period against total profits under section 393A(1)—
 - (i) shall, in a case where the earlier period falls wholly within the period of twelve months immediately preceding the accounting period in which the loss is incurred, be treated as a payment in respect of franked investment income received in the earlier period; and
 - (ii) in any other case, shall be treated as a payment in respect of franked investment income received in the accounting period in which the loss is incurred.”
- 23 In section 826 of that Act (interest on tax overpaid) after subsection (7) there shall be inserted—
- “(7A) In any case where—
- (a) a company carrying on a trade incurs a loss in the trade in an accounting period (“the later period),
 - (b) as a result of a claim under section 393A(1), the whole or any part of that loss is set off for the purposes of corporation tax against profits (of whatever description) of an earlier accounting period (“the earlier period) which does not fall wholly within the period of twelve months immediately preceding the later period, and
 - (c) a repayment falls to be made of corporation tax paid for the earlier period or of income tax in respect of a payment received by the company in that accounting period,
- then, in determining the amount of interest (if any) payable under this section on the repayment referred to in paragraph (c) above, no account shall be taken of any increase in the amount of that repayment as a result of the claim under section 393A(1), except so far as concerns interest for any time after the date on which any corporation tax for the later period became (or, as the case may be, would have become) due and payable, as mentioned in subsection (2) above.
- (7B) In any case where—
- (a) a company carrying on a trade incurs a loss in the trade in an accounting period (“the later period),

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- (b) as a result of a claim under section 242, the whole or any part of a surplus of franked investment income for an earlier accounting period (the “earlier period”) which does not fall wholly within the period of twelve months immediately preceding the later period is treated as there mentioned for the purpose of setting the loss against total profits under section 393A(1), and
- (c) a payment falls to be made of the whole or part of a tax credit comprised in franked investment income received by the company in the earlier period,

then, in determining the amount of interest (if any) payable under this section on the payment referred to in paragraph (c) above, no account shall be taken of any increase in the amount of that payment as a result of the claim under section 242 (to the extent that that section relates to section 393A(1)), except so far as concerns interest for any time after the date on which any corporation tax for the later period became (or, as the case may be, would have become) due and payable, as mentioned in subsection (2) above.”

24 In section 843 of that Act (commencement) in subsection (4) (exceptions in the case of certain provisions which include section 394) “394” shall be omitted.

25 In Schedule 5 to that Act (treatment of farm animals etc for purposes of Case I of Schedule D) in paragraph 2(3)(a) (election for herd basis to be valid only if made not later than two years after end of the first chargeable period in which relief under section 393(2) given etc) after “393(2)” there shall be inserted “or 393A(1) ”.

F167 26

Textual Amendments
F167 Sch. 15 para. 26 repealed (31.7.1998 with effect in accordance with s. 38(2)(3) of the amending Act) by 1998 c. 36, ss. 38(2)(3), 165, Sch. 27 Pt. III(4), Note

27 (1) In Schedule 30 to that Act (transitional provisions and savings) in paragraph 2 (duration of leases) in sub-paragraph (2)(a) (section 38 deemed to have effect as from passing of ^{M39}Finance Act 1963 in respect of relief under section 385 or 393) after “393” there shall be inserted the words “or 393A(1) ”.

(2) In paragraph 3 of that Schedule (duration of leases) in sub-paragraph (1)(b) (sections 24 and 38 to have effect subject to modifications except to extent that section 38 relates to relief under section 385 or 393) after “393” there shall be inserted the words “or 393A(1) ”.

Marginal Citations
M39 1963 c. 25.

The Capital Allowances Act 1990 (c. 1)

F168 28

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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Textual Amendments

F168 Sch. 15 para. 28 repealed (22.3.2001 with effect as mentioned in s. 579(1) of the amending Act) by 2001 c. 2, s. 580, Sch. 4

F169 SCHEDULE 16

Textual Amendments

F169 Sch. 16 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, Sch. 12 (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

Conditions for the charge

F170₁

Textual Amendments

F170 Sch. 16 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, Sch. 12 (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

The charge

F171₂

Textual Amendments

F171 Sch. 16 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, Sch. 12 (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

Construction of paragraph 1(1)(e)

F172₃

Textual Amendments

F172 Sch. 16 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, Sch. 12 (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

Test whether settlor has interest

F173₄

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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Textual Amendments

F173 Sch. 16 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by [Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 \(c. 12\)](#), ss. 289, 290, **Sch.12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

Exceptions to charge

5 ^{F174}

Textual Amendments

F174 Sch. 16 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by [Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 \(c. 12\)](#), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

^{F175}6

Textual Amendments

F175 Sch. 16 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by [Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 \(c. 12\)](#), ss. 289, 290, **Sch.12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

^{F176}7

Textual Amendments

F176 Sch. 16 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by [Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 \(c. 12\)](#), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

Right of recovery

^{F177}8

Textual Amendments

F177 Sch. 16 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by [Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 \(c. 12\)](#), ss. 289, 290, **Sch.12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

Meaning of “settlor”

^{F178}9

Textual Amendments

F178 Sch. 16 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by [Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 \(c. 12\)](#), ss. 289, 290, **Sch.12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

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Meaning of “originating”

F179¹⁰

Textual Amendments

F179 Sch. 16 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by [Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 \(c. 12\)](#), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

Qualifying settlements, and commencement

F180¹¹

Textual Amendments

F180 Sch. 16 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by [Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 \(c. 12\)](#), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

Information

F181¹²

Textual Amendments

F181 Sch. 16 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by [Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 \(c. 12\)](#), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

F182¹³

Textual Amendments

F182 Sch. 16 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by [Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 \(c. 12\)](#), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

F183¹⁴

Textual Amendments

F183 Sch. 16 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by [Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 \(c. 12\)](#), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

F184¹⁵

Textual Amendments

F184 Sch. 16 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by [Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 \(c. 12\)](#), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

F185¹⁶

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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Textual Amendments

F185 Sch. 16 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by [Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 \(c. 12\)](#), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

F186¹⁷

Textual Amendments

F186 Sch. 16 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by [Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 \(c. 12\)](#), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

F187 SCHEDULE 17

Textual Amendments

F187 Sch. 17 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by [Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 \(c. 12\)](#), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

Introduction

F188¹

Textual Amendments

F188 Sch. 17 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by [Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 \(c. 12\)](#), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

Qualifying amounts

F189²

Textual Amendments

F189 Sch. 17 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by [Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 \(c. 12\)](#), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

Matching capital payments

F190³

Textual Amendments

F190 Sch. 17 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by [Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 \(c. 12\)](#), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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Increased tax: the main rule

F191⁴

Textual Amendments

F191 Sch. 17 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, Sch. 12 (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

More than one qualifying amount

F192⁵

Textual Amendments

F192 Sch. 17 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, Sch. 12 (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

Payment partly ignored

F193⁶

Textual Amendments

F193 Sch. 17 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, Sch. 12 (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

Parts of amounts matched

F194⁷

Textual Amendments

F194 Sch. 17 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, Sch. 12 (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

Transfers between settlements

F195⁸

Textual Amendments

F195 Sch. 17 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, Sch. 12 (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

Matching after transfer

F196⁹

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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Textual Amendments

F196 Sch. 17 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

F197 SCHEDULE 18

Textual Amendments

F197 Sch. 18 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

Computation rules

F198₁

Textual Amendments

F198 Sch. 18 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

Dual-resident settlements

F199₂

Textual Amendments

F199 Sch. 18 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

F200₃

Textual Amendments

F200 Sch. 18 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

Payments by and to companies

F201₄

Textual Amendments

F201 Sch. 18 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, **Sch. 12** (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

Changes to legislation: Finance Act 1991 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 09 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Beneficiaries

F202⁵

Textual Amendments

F202 Sch. 18 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, Sch. 12 (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

Other amendments

F203⁶

Textual Amendments

F203 Sch. 18 repealed (6.3.1992 with effect as mentioned in s. 289(1)(2) of the repealing Act) by Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), ss. 289, 290, Sch. 12 (with s. 201(3), Sch. 11 paras. 20, 22, 26(2), 27)

SCHEDULE 19

Section 123.

REPEALS

Commencement Information

III Sch. 19 partly in force at 1.12.1988 due to commencement of Part VI

PART I

BETTING AND GAMING DUTIES

Chapter	Short title	Extent of repeal
1981 c. 63.	The Betting and Gaming Duties Act 1981.	In section 14(1)(b), the words “payable after the end of that period and”. In Schedule 2, in paragraph 5, in sub-paragraph (1), the words “of the duty” and, in sub-paragraph (2), the word “duty” and, in paragraph 6(1), “(3)(c)”.

*Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.**Changes to legislation: Finance Act 1991 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 09 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)***PART II****BEER DUTY**

Chapter	Short title	Extent of repeal
1979 c. 4.	The Alcoholic Liquor Duties Act 1979.	In section 1(3), paragraph (b) and the word “or” immediately preceding it. Section 2(6). In section 3, in subsection (3), the words “Subject to subsection (5) below”, and subsection (5). In section 4(1), the definitions of “brewer” and “brewer for sale” and of “limited licence to brew beer”. Sections 37 to 40. Section 45(2). Section 50. Section 53. Sections 71A and 72.
1982 c. 39.	The Finance Act 1982.	Section 9(3) and (4).
1985 c. 54.	The Finance Act 1985.	In Schedule 3, paragraphs 3 and 4.
1986 c. 41.	The Finance Act 1986.	Section 4(1). In section 8(2)(a), the words “47(3), 48(2)”.
1988 c. 39.	The Finance Act 1988.	In Schedule 1, in Part II, paragraphs 1(2), 2(2), 3 and 11.
1989 c. 26.	The Finance Act 1989.	Section 3.

These repeals have effect in accordance with section 7 of this Act.

PART III**VEHICLES EXCISE DUTY: GENERAL**

Chapter	Short title	Extent of repeal
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Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

Changes to legislation: Finance Act 1991 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 09 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

1971 c. 10.	The Vehicles (Excise) Act 1971.	In section 4(1)(ka), the words “(other than mowing machines)”. Section 7(4). Section 38(4). Schedule 6.
1972 c. 10 (N.I.).	The Vehicles (Excise) Act (Northern Ireland) 1972.	In section 4(1)(ka), the words “(other than mowing machines)”. Section 7(4). Section 35(4). Schedule 7.
1982 c. 39.	The Finance Act 1982.	Section 5(6). Section 6(7).
1985 c. 54.	The Finance Act 1985.	In Schedule 2, in Part I, paragraph 1.

- 1 The repeals in section 4 of each of the Vehicles (Excise) Act 1971 (“the 1971 Act”) and the Vehicles (Excise) Act (Northern Ireland) 1972 (“the 1972 Act”) are deemed to have come into force on 20th March 1991.
- 2 The repeals of section 7(4) of each of the 1971 Act and the 1972 Act come into force on 1st October 1991.
- 3 The repeals of section 38(4) of, and Schedule 6 to, the 1971 Act, section 35(4) of, and Schedule 7 to, the 1972 Act and sections 5(6) and 6(7) of the Finance Act 1982, so far as relating to the application of those provisions for the purpose of section 4(1)(g) of either the 1971 Act or the 1972 Act, are deemed to have come into force on 20th March 1991.
- 4 The repeal in Schedule 2 to the Finance Act 1985, and the repeals mentioned in note 3 above so far as relating to the application of the repealed provisions for the purpose of any provision of the 1971 Act or the 1972 Act other than section 4(1)(g), have effect in relation to licences taken out after 20th March 1991.

PART IV

VEHICLE EXCISE DUTY: NORTHERN IRELAND

Commencement Information

I12 Sch. 19 Pt. IV: s. 10 wholly in force (1.10.1991) see [s.10\(3\)](#) and [S.I. 1991/2021](#), [art.2](#)

Chapter	Short title	Extent of repeal
<i>Acts of the Parliament of the United Kingdom</i>		

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

Changes to legislation: Finance Act 1991 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 09 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

1971 c. 10.	The Vehicles (Excise) Act 1971.	Section 7(5).
1974 c. 39.	The Consumer Credit Act 1974.	In Schedule 4, paragraph 50.
1975 c. 7.	The Finance Act 1975.	Section 58.
1975 c. 45.	The Finance (No. 2) Act 1975.	Section 6.
1977 c. 36.	The Finance Act 1977.	Section 6.
1978 c. 42.	The Finance Act 1978.	Section 9.
1979 c. 5.	The Hydrocarbon Oil Duties Act 1979.	In Schedule 1, paragraph 5.
1980 c. 48.	The Finance Act 1980.	Section 5.
1981 c. 35.	The Finance Act 1981.	Section 8.
1982 c. 39.	The Finance Act 1982.	Sections 6 and 7(2) and (4). Schedule 4 and, in Schedule 5, Part B.
1983 c. 28.	The Finance Act 1983.	Section 4(6) and (7). In Schedule 3, paragraphs 7 and 12.
1984 c. 43.	The Finance Act 1984.	Section 5(4).
1986 c. 41.	The Finance Act 1986.	Section 3(5). In Schedule 2, Part II.
1987 c. 16.	The Finance Act 1987.	Section 2(4). In Schedule 1, paragraphs 6, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21.
1988 c. 39.	The Finance Act 1988.	Section 4(5). In Schedule 2, paragraph 6.
1989 c. 26.	The Finance Act 1989.	Section 14(2), (4) and (6).
1990 c. 29.	The Finance Act 1990.	Section 5(4) and (6). In Schedule 2, Part III.
<i>Act of the Parliament of Northern Ireland</i>		
1972 c. 10 (N.I.).	The Vehicles (Excise) Act (Northern Ireland) 1972.	The whole Act.
<i>Orders in Council</i>		
S.I. 1972/1100 (N.I. 11).	The Finance (Northern Ireland) Order 1972.	Article 1(4). Part IV.

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

Changes to legislation: Finance Act 1991 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 09 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

S.I. 1980/704 (N.I. 6).	The Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 1980.	In Schedule 1, paragraphs 62 and 63.
S.I. 1981/154 (N.I. 1).	The Road Traffic (Northern Ireland) Order 1981.	In Schedule 7, paragraphs 14 and 15.
S.I. 1981/1675 (N.I. 26).	The Magistrates' Courts (Northern Ireland) Order 1981.	In Schedule 6, paragraphs 126 and 127.

These repeals have effect in accordance with section 10 of this Act.

PART V

INCOME TAX AND CORPORATION TAX

Chapter	Short title	Extent of repeal
1970 c. 9.	The Taxes Management Act 1970.	Section 78(4). Section 86(2A).
1985 c. 54.	The Finance Act 1985.	In section 68(7A), the word “and” at the end of paragraph (f).
1988 c. 1.	The Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988.	In section 76(1)(d), the words “general annuity business”. In section 114(3), paragraph (c) and the word “and” immediately preceding it. In section 243, in subsection (1), the words “or 394” and subsections (5) and (6)(b). Section 339A. In section 343, in subsection (3), the words from the beginning to “subsection (6) below; and”, subsection (6) and, in subsection (7), the words from “then no relief” to “subject to that”. Section 349(3)(e). Section 354(3).

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

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In section 367(1), the definition of the expression “large caravans”.

In section 393, subsections (2) to (6) and, in subsection (11), the words from “and a claim under subsection (2)” onwards.

Section 394.

Section 432A(2)(b) and (d).

In section 436, in subsection (1), the words “general annuity business or”, in subsection (3), in paragraph (c), the words “or general annuity business” and, in paragraph (e), the words “general annuity business or”, and in subsection (4), the words “general annuity business or”.

Section 437(2) to (5).

In section 446, in subsection (1), the words “and general annuity business” and subsections (2) and (3).

In section 447, subsection (3) and, in subsection (4), the words “or 446”.

Section 448(3)(a).

In section 465(3) the words “and (c)”.

In section 474(1)(b), the words “and general annuity business”.

Section 518(6).

In section 590, subsections (5) and (6).

Section 726.

In section 737, in subsection (2), the words “otherwise than by virtue

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		of section 476(5)(a)”, and subsection (4).
		Section 738(2).
		In section 843(4), the words “394”.
		In Schedule 5, in paragraph 2(3)(a), the word “or” immediately following the words “section 380”.
		In Schedule 7, paragraphs 3(2) and (3) and 6.
		In Schedule 15, paragraph 3(1)(c) and the word “and” immediately preceding it.
		In Schedule 28, paragraph 3(4)(a).
		In Schedule 29, in the Table in paragraph 32, the entry relating to section 78(4) of the Taxes Management Act 1970.
		In Schedule 30, in paragraph 2(2)(a), the word “or” where first occurring and, in paragraph 3(1)(b), the word “or”.
1988 c. 39.	The Finance Act 1988.	In Schedule 8, in paragraph 1(3), the word “and” at the end of paragraph (g).
1989 c. 26.	The Finance Act 1989.	Section 62(2). Section 63. Section 87(3).
1990 c. 1.	The Capital Allowances Act 1990.	In section 2(1), the word “and” at the end of paragraph (a). In section 3(3), the words “(as defined in section 8(1))”.
		In section 26(1), the word “and” at the end of paragraph (e).
		In Schedule 1, paragraph 8(16).
1990 c. 29.	The Finance Act 1990.	Section 25(2)(h).

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

Changes to legislation: Finance Act 1991 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 09 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

In section 27, subsections (1) and (3).

Section 61.

In Schedule 6, paragraph 6.

In Schedule 7, paragraph 8.

In Schedule 14, paragraph 7.

- 1 The repeal of section 78(4) of the Taxes Management Act 1970 and the repeal in Schedule 29 to the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 have effect in accordance with section 81 of this Act.
- 2 The repeal in section 86 of the Taxes Management Act 1970 has effect in accordance with paragraph 1(2) of Schedule 15 to this Act.
- 3 The repeals in sections 76, 432A, 436, 437, 446, 447, 448 and 474 of, and Schedule 28 to, the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 and in Schedules 6 and 7 to the Finance Act 1990 have effect for accounting periods beginning on or after 1st January 1992.
- 4 The following repeals have effect in relation to losses incurred in accounting periods ending on or after 1st April 1991—
 - (a) the repeals in sections 114, 243, 343, 393, 518 and 843 of, the repeals in Schedules 5 and 30 to, and the repeal of section 394 of, the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988;
 - (b) the repeal in Schedule 1 to the Capital Allowances Act 1990;
 - (c) the repeal of section 61 of, and the repeal in Schedule 14 to, the Finance Act 1990.
- 5 The repeals of section 339A of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 and section 27(1) and (3) of the Finance Act 1990 have effect in relation to accounting periods beginning on or after 19th March 1991.
- 6 The following repeals have effect for the year 1991-92 and subsequent years of assessment—
 - (a) the repeals of sections 354(3) and 726 of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988;
 - (b) the repeals in sections 367(1) and 737(2) of, and in Schedule 7 to, that Act;
 - (c) the repeal of section 63 of the Finance Act 1989.
- 7 The repeals in section 465 of, and Schedule 15 to, the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 apply in relation to policies issued in pursuance of contracts made on or after the day on which this Act is passed.
- 8 The repeal of section 590(5) and (6) of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 has effect in accordance with section 36 of this Act.
- 9 The repeals of sections 737(4) and 738(2) of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 have effect in accordance with section 58 of this Act.
- 10 The repeal of section 62(2) of the Finance Act 1989 has effect in accordance with section 40 of this Act.

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

Changes to legislation: Finance Act 1991 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 09 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- 11 The repeals in sections 2(1), 3(3) and 26(1) of the Capital Allowances Act 1990 have effect in relation to any chargeable period or its basis period ending on or after 6th April 1990.
- 12 The repeal of section 25(2)(h) of the Finance Act 1990 has effect in relation to gifts made on or after 19th March 1991.

PART VI

CAPITAL GAINS

Chapter	Short title	Extent of repeal
1970 c. 10.	The Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1970.	In section 342, the words “or Housing for Wales”, in each place where they occur. In section 342A, the words “or Housing for Wales”, in each place where they occur.
1979 c. 14.	The Capital Gains Tax Act 1979.	Section 126C.
1980 c. 48.	The Finance Act 1980.	Section 80(2).
1981 c. 35.	The Finance Act 1981.	Section 88(2) to (6).
1984 c. 43.	The Finance Act 1984.	Section 63(3). In section 64(2)(b), the words from “as defined” to “1973”.
1986 c. 41.	The Finance Act 1986.	Section 58(5).
1988 c. 39.	The Finance Act 1988.	In Schedule 9, in paragraph 3(2)(e), the words from “(postponement” to “asset”.
1988 c. 50.	The Housing Act 1988.	In Schedule 17, in Part II, paragraph 93.
1989 c. 26.	The Finance Act 1989.	In Schedule 14, in paragraph 6(5)(c), the words “and (5)”.
1990 c. 29.	The Finance Act 1990.	Section 70(5).

- 1 The repeals in sections 342 and 342A of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1970 and Schedule 17 to the Housing Act 1988 are deemed to have come into force on 1st December 1988.
- 2 The repeals of section 80(2) of the Finance Act 1980 and section 63(3) of the Finance Act 1984 have effect in relation to disposals on or after 19th March 1991.
- 3 The repeal in section 64 of the Finance Act 1984 has effect in accordance with section 98 of this Act.

Status: Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

Changes to legislation: Finance Act 1991 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 09 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- 4 The remaining repeals (other than the repeal in Schedule 9 to the Finance Act 1988) have effect in accordance with section 92 of this Act.

PART VII

STAMP DUTY

Chapter	Short title	Extent of repeal
9 Geo. 4 c. 80.	The Bankers' Composition (Ireland) Act 1828.	The whole Act.
54 & 55 Vict. c. 39.	The Stamp Act 1891.	Sections 29, 30 and 31. In Schedule 1 the heading "bank note".
1952 c. 13 (N.I.).	The Finance Act (Northern Ireland) 1952.	Sections 4 and 5.
1970 c. 21 (N.I.).	The Finance Act (Northern Ireland) 1970.	Section 7. In Schedule 2, paragraphs 5 and 18.
1972 c. 41.	The Finance Act 1972.	Section 134(5).

These repeals have effect in accordance with section 115 of this Act.

PART VIII

TRADING FUNDS

Chapter	Short title	Extent of repeal
1973 c. 63.	The Government Trading Funds Act 1973.	In section 2(1)(b) and (2), the words "at values or amounts determined by him in accordance with Treasury directions".

Status:

Point in time view as at 06/04/2006.

Changes to legislation:

Finance Act 1991 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 09 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations.