

# Employment Rights Act 1996

### **1996 CHAPTER 18**

#### PART X

UNFAIR DISMISSAL

#### CHAPTER I

RIGHT NOT TO BE UNFAIRLY DISMISSED

# The right

# 94 The right.

- (1) An employee has the right not to be unfairly dismissed by his employer.
- (2) Subsection (1) has effect subject to the following provisions of this Part (in particular sections 108 to 110) and to the provisions of the MT Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992 (in particular sections 237 to 239).

### **Marginal Citations**

M1 1992 c. 52.

#### Dismissal

### 95 Circumstances in which an employee is dismissed.

- (1) For the purposes of this Part an employee is dismissed by his employer if (and, subject to subsection (2) and section 96, only if)—
  - (a) the contract under which he is employed is terminated by the employer (whether with or without notice),

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- (b) he is employed under a contract for a fixed term and that term expires without being renewed under the same contract, or
- (c) the employee terminates the contract under which he is employed (with or without notice) in circumstances in which he is entitled to terminate it without notice by reason of the employer's conduct.
- (2) An employee shall be taken to be dismissed by his employer for the purposes of this Part if—
  - (a) the employer gives notice to the employee to terminate his contract of employment, and
  - (b) at a time within the period of that notice the employee gives notice to the employer to terminate the contract of employment on a date earlier than the date on which the employer's notice is due to expire;

and the reason for the dismissal is to be taken to be the reason for which the employer's notice is given.

<sup>F1</sup> 96	 			 	 			 			

#### **Textual Amendments**

F1 S. 96 repealed (15.12.1999) by 1999 c. 26, ss. 9, 44, Sch. 4 Pt. III para. 13, Sch. 9(2); S.I. 1999/2830, art. 2(2)(3), Sch. 1 Pt. II, Sch. 2 Pt. II (with Sch. 3 paras. 10, 11)

#### 97 Effective date of termination.

- (1) Subject to the following provisions of this section, in this Part "the effective date of termination"—
  - (a) in relation to an employee whose contract of employment is terminated by notice, whether given by his employer or by the employee, means the date on which the notice expires,
  - (b) in relation to an employee whose contract of employment is terminated without notice, means the date on which the termination takes effect, and
  - (c) in relation to an employee who is employed under a contract for a fixed term which expires without being renewed under the same contract, means the date on which the term expires.
- (2) Where—
  - (a) the contract of employment is terminated by the employer, and
  - (b) the notice required by section 86 to be given by an employer would, if duly given on the material date, expire on a date later than the effective date of termination (as defined by subsection (1)),

for the purposes of sections 108(1), 119(1) and 227(3) the later date is the effective date of termination.

- (3) In subsection (2)(b) "the material date" means—
  - (a) the date when notice of termination was given by the employer, or
  - (b) where no notice was given, the date when the contract of employment was terminated by the employer.
- (4) Where—

Part X – Unfair dismissal

Chapter I – Right not to be unfairly dismissed

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- (a) the contract of employment is terminated by the employee,
- (b) the material date does not fall during a period of notice given by the employer to terminate that contract, and
- (c) had the contract been terminated not by the employee but by notice given on the material date by the employer, that notice would have been required by section 86 to expire on a date later than the effective date of termination (as defined by subsection (1)),

for the purposes of sections 108(1), 119(1) and 227(3) the later date is the effective date of termination.

- (5) In subsection (4) "the material date" means—
  - (a) the date when notice of termination was given by the employee, or
  - (b) where no notice was given, the date when the contract of employment was terminated by the employee.

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#### **Textual Amendments**

F2 S. 97(6) repealed (15.12.1999) by 1999 c. 26, ss. 9, 44, Sch. 4 Pt. III para. 14, Sch. 9(2); S.I. 1999/2830, art. 2(2)(3), Sch. 1 Pt. II, Sch. 2 Pt. II (with Sch. 3 paras. 10, 11)

#### **Fairness**

#### 98 General.

- (1) In determining for the purposes of this Part whether the dismissal of an employee is fair or unfair, it is for the employer to show—
  - (a) the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for the dismissal, and
  - (b) that it is either a reason falling within subsection (2) or some other substantial reason of a kind such as to justify the dismissal of an employee holding the position which the employee held.
- (2) A reason falls within this subsection if it—
  - (a) relates to the capability or qualifications of the employee for performing work of the kind which he was employed by the employer to do,
  - (b) relates to the conduct of the employee,
  - (c) is that the employee was redundant, or
  - (d) is that the employee could not continue to work in the position which he held without contravention (either on his part or on that of his employer) of a duty or restriction imposed by or under an enactment.
- (3) In subsection (2)(a)—
  - (a) "capability", in relation to an employee, means his capability assessed by reference to skill, aptitude, health or any other physical or mental quality, and
  - (b) "qualifications", in relation to an employee, means any degree, diploma or other academic, technical or professional qualification relevant to the position which he held.

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- (4) Where the employer has fulfilled the requirements of subsection (1), the determination of the question whether the dismissal is fair or unfair (having regard to the reason shown by the employer)—
  - (a) depends on whether in the circumstances (including the size and administrative resources of the employer's undertaking) the employer acted reasonably or unreasonably in treating it as a sufficient reason for dismissing the employee, and
  - (b) shall be determined in accordance with equity and the substantial merits of the case.

<sup>F3</sup> (5)	
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- (6) [F4Subsection (4)] are subject to—
  - (a) sections 99 to 107 of this Act, and
  - (b) sections 152, 153 and 238 of the M2Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992 (dismissal on ground of trade union membership or activities or in connection with industrial action).

#### **Textual Amendments**

- F3 S. 98(5) repealed (15.12.1999) by 1999 c. 26, ss. 9, 44, Sch. 4 Pt. III para. 15(a), Sch. 9(2); S.I. 1999/2830, art. 2(2)(3), Sch. 1 Pt. II, Sch. 2 Pt. II (with Sch. 3 paras. 10, 11)
- **F4** Words in s. 98(6) substituted (15.12.1999) by 1999 c. 26, s. 9, **Sch. 4 Pt. III para. 15(b)**; S.I. 1999/2830, art. 2(2), **Sch. 1 Pt. II** (with Sch. 3 paras. 10, 11)

### **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

C1 S. 98(1) modified (1.1.1999) by 1998 Measure No. 1, s. 6(1), Sch. 3 para. 3(2)(b); Instrument dated 14.10.1998 made by the Archbishops of Canterbury and York

# **Marginal Citations**

**M2** 1992 c. 52.

### VALID FROM 01/10/2004

### 98A X1 Procedural fairness

- (1) An employee who is dismissed shall be regarded for the purposes of this Part as unfairly dismissed if—
  - (a) one of the procedures set out in Part 1 of Schedule 2 to the Employment Act 2002 (dismissal and disciplinary procedures) applies in relation to the dismissal.
  - (b) the procedure has not been completed, and
  - (c) the non-completion of the procedure is wholly or mainly attributable to failure by the employer to comply with its requirements.
- (2) Subject to subsection (1), failure by an employer to follow a procedure in relation to the dismissal of an employee shall not be regarded for the purposes of section 98(4) (a) as by itself making the employer's action unreasonable if he shows that he would have decided to dismiss the employee if he had followed the procedure.

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(3) For the purposes of this section, any question as to the application of a procedure set out in Part 1 of Schedule 2 to the Employment Act 2002, completion of such a procedure or failure to comply with the requirements of such a procedure shall be determined by reference to regulations under section 31 of that Act.

### **Editorial Information**

X1 The insertion of the new heading "Other dismissals" in Pt. X Ch. I on 1.10.2006 gives rise to a change in the structure of this legislation on SLD which breaks the continuity of historical versions of the existing provisions which are now brought under that new heading.

### VALID FROM 06/04/2005

# 98B X2Jury service

- (1) An employee who is dismissed shall be regarded for the purposes of this Part as unfairly dismissed if the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for the dismissal is that the employee—
  - (a) has been summoned under the Juries Act 1974, the Coroners Act 1988, the Court of Session Act 1988 or the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995 to attend for service as a juror, or
  - (b) has been absent from work because he attended at any place in pursuance of being so summoned.
- (2) Subsection (1) does not apply in relation to an employee who is dismissed if the employer shows—
  - (a) that the circumstances were such that the employee's absence in pursuance of being so summoned was likely to cause substantial injury to the employer's undertaking,
  - (b) that the employer brought those circumstances to the attention of the employee,
  - (c) that the employee refused or failed to apply to the appropriate officer for excusal from or a deferral of the obligation to attend in pursuance of being so summoned, and
  - (d) that the refusal or failure was not reasonable.
- (3) In paragraph (c) of subsection (2) "the appropriate officer" means—
  - (a) in the case of a person who has been summoned under the Juries Act 1974, the officer designated for the purposes of section 8, 9 or, as the case may be, 9A of that Act;
  - (b) in the case of a person who has been summoned under the Coroners Act 1988, a person who is the appropriate officer for the purposes of any rules made under subsection (1) of section 32 of that Act by virtue of subsection (2) of that section;
  - (c) in the case of a person who has been summoned under the Court of Session Act 1988, either—
    - (i) the clerk of court issuing the citation to attend for jury service; or

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- (ii) the clerk of the court before which the person is cited to attend for jury service;
- (d) in the case of a person who has been summoned under the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995, either—
  - (i) the clerk of court issuing the citation to attend for jury service; or
  - (ii) the clerk of the court before which the person has been cited to attend for jury service;

and references in that paragraph to a refusal or failure to apply include references to a refusal or failure to give a notice under section 1(2)(b) of the Law Reform (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Act 1980.

#### **Editorial Information**

X2 The insertion of the new heading "Other dismissals" in Pt. X Ch. I on 1.10.2006 gives rise to a change in the structure of this legislation on SLD which breaks the continuity of historical versions of the existing provisions which are now brought under that new heading.

# [F599 Leave for family reasons.

- (1) An employee who is dismissed shall be regarded for the purposes of this Part as unfairly dismissed if—
  - (a) the reason or principal reason for the dismissal is of a prescribed kind, or
  - (b) the dismissal takes place in prescribed circumstances.
- (2) In this section "prescribed" means prescribed by regulations made by the Secretary of State.
- (3) A reason or set of circumstances prescribed under this section must relate to—
  - (a) pregnancy, childbirth or maternity,
  - (b) ordinary, compulsory or additional maternity leave,
  - (c) parental leave, or
  - (d) time off under section 57A;

and it may also relate to redundancy or other factors.

- (4) A reason or set of circumstances prescribed under subsection (1) satisfies subsection (3)(c) or (d) if it relates to action which an employee—
  - (a) takes,
  - (b) agrees to take, or
  - (c) refuses to take,

under or in respect of a collective or workforce agreement which deals with parental leave.

- (5) Regulations under this section may—
  - (a) make different provision for different cases or circumstances;
  - (b) apply any enactment, in such circumstances as may be specified and subject to any conditions specified, in relation to persons regarded as unfairly dismissed by reason of this section.]

Employment Rights Act 1996 (c. 18)

Part X – Unfair dismissal

Chapter I – Right not to be unfairly dismissed

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#### **Textual Amendments**

F5 S. 99 substituted (15.12.1999) by 1999 c. 26, s. 9, Sch. 4 Pt. III para. 16; S.I. 1999/2830, art. 2(2), Sch. 1 Pt. II (with Sch. 3 paras. 10, 11)

# 100 X3 Health and safety cases.

- (1) An employee who is dismissed shall be regarded for the purposes of this Part as unfairly dismissed if the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for the dismissal is that—
  - (a) having been designated by the employer to carry out activities in connection with preventing or reducing risks to health and safety at work, the employee carried out (or proposed to carry out) any such activities,
  - (b) being a representative of workers on matters of health and safety at work or member of a safety committee—
    - (i) in accordance with arrangements established under or by virtue of any enactment, or
    - (ii) by reason of being acknowledged as such by the employer,

the employee performed (or proposed to perform) any functions as such a representative or a member of such a committee,

- (c) being an employee at a place where—
  - (i) there was no such representative or safety committee, or
  - (ii) there was such a representative or safety committee but it was not reasonably practicable for the employee to raise the matter by those means,

he brought to his employer's attention, by reasonable means, circumstances connected with his work which he reasonably believed were harmful or potentially harmful to health or safety,

- (d) in circumstances of danger which the employee reasonably believed to be serious and imminent and which he could not reasonably have been expected to avert, he left (or proposed to leave) or (while the danger persisted) refused to return to his place of work or any dangerous part of his place of work, or
- (e) in circumstances of danger which the employee reasonably believed to be serious and imminent, he took (or proposed to take) appropriate steps to protect himself or other persons from the danger.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1)(e) whether steps which an employee took (or proposed to take) were appropriate is to be judged by reference to all the circumstances including, in particular, his knowledge and the facilities and advice available to him at the time.
- (3) Where the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for the dismissal of an employee is that specified in subsection (1)(e), he shall not be regarded as unfairly dismissed if the employer shows that it was (or would have been) so negligent for the employee to take the steps which he took (or proposed to take) that a reasonable employer might have dismissed him for taking (or proposing to take) them.

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#### **Editorial Information**

X3 The insertion of the new heading "Other dismissals" in Pt. X Ch. I on 1.10.2006 gives rise to a change in the structure of this legislation on SLD which breaks the continuity of historical versions of the existing provisions which are now brought under that new heading.

# 101 X4 Shop workers and betting workers who refuse Sunday work.

- (1) Where an employee who is—
  - (a) a protected shop worker or an opted-out shop worker, or
  - (b) a protected betting worker or an opted-out betting worker,

is dismissed, he shall be regarded for the purposes of this Part as unfairly dismissed if the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for the dismissal is that he refused (or proposed to refuse) to do shop work, or betting work, on Sunday or on a particular Sunday.

- (2) Subsection (1) does not apply in relation to an opted-out shop worker or an opted-out betting worker where the reason (or principal reason) for the dismissal is that he refused (or proposed to refuse) to do shop work, or betting work, on any Sunday or Sundays falling before the end of the notice period.
- (3) A shop worker or betting worker who is dismissed shall be regarded for the purposes of this Part as unfairly dismissed if the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for the dismissal is that the shop worker or betting worker gave (or proposed to give) an opting-out notice to the employer.
- (4) For the purposes of section 36(2)(b) or 41(1)(b), the appropriate date in relation to this section is the effective date of termination.

#### **Editorial Information**

X4 The insertion of the new heading "Other dismissals" in Pt. X Ch. I on 1.10.2006 gives rise to a change in the structure of this legislation on SLD which breaks the continuity of historical versions of the existing provisions which are now brought under that new heading.

# [F6101A Working time cases.

An employee who is dismissed shall be regarded for the purposes of this Part as unfairly dismissed if the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for the dismissal is that the employee—

- (a) refused (or proposed to refuse) to comply with a requirement which the employer imposed (or proposed to impose) in contravention of the M3Working Time Regulations 1998,
- (b) refused (or proposed to refuse) to forgo a right conferred on him by those Regulations,
- (c) failed to sign a workforce agreement for the purposes of those Regulations, or to enter into, or agree to vary or extend, any other agreement with his employer which is provided for in those Regulations, or
- (d) being—

Chapter I – Right not to be unfairly dismissed

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- (i) a representative of members of the workforce for the purposes of Schedule 1 to those Regulations, or
- (ii) a candidate in an election in which any person elected will, on being elected, be such a representative,

performed (or proposed to perform) any functions or activities as such a representative or candidate.]

#### **Textual Amendments**

**F6** S. 101A inserted (1.10.1998) by S.I. 1998/1833, reg. 32(1)

#### **Marginal Citations**

M3 S.I. 1998/1833

# X5102 Trustees of occupational pension schemes.

- (1) An employee who is dismissed shall be regarded for the purposes of this Part as unfairly dismissed if the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for the dismissal is that, being a trustee of a relevant occupational pension scheme which relates to his employment, the employee performed (or proposed to perform) any functions as such a trustee.
- [F7(1A) This section applies to an employee who is a director of a company which is a trustee of a relevant occupational pension scheme as it applies to an employee who is a trustee of such a scheme (references to such a trustee being read for this purpose as references to such a director).]
  - (2) In this section "relevant occupational pension scheme" means an occupational pension scheme (as defined in section 1 of the M4Pension Schemes Act 1993) established under a trust.

### **Editorial Information**

X5 The insertion of the new heading "Other dismissals" in Pt. X Ch. I on 1.10.2006 gives rise to a change in the structure of this legislation on SLD which breaks the continuity of historical versions of the existing provisions which are now brought under that new heading.

#### **Textual Amendments**

F7 S. 102(1A) inserted (11.11.1999 for specified purposes and otherwise 25.4.2000) by 1999 c. 30, ss. 18, 89(1)(5)(a), Sch. 2 para. 19(4); S.I. 2000/1047, art. 2(2), Sch. Pt. II

#### **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

C2 S. 102 applied (11.11.1999 for specified purposes and otherwise 8.10.2001) by 1999 c. 30, s. 6(1), (with s. 8(6)); S.I. 2000/1047, art. 2(2), Sch. Pt. V

#### **Commencement Information**

I1 S. 102 wholly in force at 6.10.1996, see Sch. 2 para. 15(1) and S.I. 1996/2514, art. 2

#### **Marginal Citations**

**M4** 1993 c. 48.

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# X6103 Employee representatives.

- [F8(1)] An employee who is dismissed shall be regarded for the purposes of this Part as unfairly dismissed if the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for the dismissal is that the employee, being—
  - (a) an employee representative for the purposes of Chapter II of Part IV of the M5Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992 (redundancies) or Regulations 10 and 11 of the M6Transfer of Undertakings (Protection of Employment) Regulations 1981, or
  - (b) a candidate in an election in which any person elected will, on being elected, be such an employee representative,

performed (or proposed to perform) any functions or activities as such an employee representative or candidate.

[F9(2) An employee who is dismissed shall be regarded for the purposes of this Part as unfairly dismissed if the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for the dismissal is that the employee took part in an election of employee representatives for the purposes of Chapter II of Part IV of the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992 (redundancies) or Regulations 10 and 11 of the Transfer of Undertakings (Protection of Employment) Regulations 1981.]

#### **Editorial Information**

X6 The insertion of the new heading "Other dismissals" in Pt. X Ch. I on 1.10.2006 gives rise to a change in the structure of this legislation on SLD which breaks the continuity of historical versions of the existing provisions which are now brought under that new heading.

### **Textual Amendments**

F8 S. 103 renumbered as s. 103(1) (28.7.1999) by S.I. 1999/1925, reg. 13

F9 S. 103(2) inserted (28.7.1999) by S.I. 1999/1925, reg. 13

#### **Marginal Citations**

**M5** 1992 c. 52. **M6** S.I. 1981/1794.

# [F10103AX7 Protected disclosure.

An employee who is dismissed shall be regarded for the purposes of this Part as unfairly dismissed if the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for the dismissal is that the employee made a protected disclosure.]

### **Editorial Information**

X7 The insertion of the new heading "Other dismissals" in Pt. X Ch. I on 1.10.2006 gives rise to a change in the structure of this legislation on SLD which breaks the continuity of historical versions of the existing provisions which are now brought under that new heading.

### **Textual Amendments**

F10 S. 103A inserted (2.7.1999) by 1998 c. 23, s. 5; S.I. 1999/1547, art. 2

Chapter I – Right not to be unfairly dismissed

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### 104 Assertion of statutory right.

- (1) An employee who is dismissed shall be regarded for the purposes of this Part as unfairly dismissed if the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for the dismissal is that the employee—
  - (a) brought proceedings against the employer to enforce a right of his which is a relevant statutory right, or
  - (b) alleged that the employer had infringed a right of his which is a relevant statutory right.
- (2) It is immaterial for the purposes of subsection (1)—
  - (a) whether or not the employee has the right, or
  - (b) whether or not the right has been infringed;

but, for that subsection to apply, the claim to the right and that it has been infringed must be made in good faith.

- (3) It is sufficient for subsection (1) to apply that the employee, without specifying the right, made it reasonably clear to the employer what the right claimed to have been infringed was.
- (4) The following are relevant statutory rights for the purposes of this section—
  - (a) any right conferred by this Act for which the remedy for its infringement is by way of a complaint or reference to an [FII employment tribunal],
  - (b) the right conferred by section 86 of this Act, F12...
  - (c) the rights conferred by sections 68, 86, 146, 168, 169 and 170 of the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992 (deductions from pay, union activities and time off) [F13] and
  - <sup>F13</sup>(d) the rights conferred by the <sup>M7</sup>Working Time Regulations 1998.]
- [F14(5) In this section any reference to an employer includes, where the right in question is conferred by section 63A, the principal (within the meaning of section 63A(3)).]

#### **Textual Amendments**

- F11 Words in s. 104(4)(a) substituted (1.8.1998) by 1998 c. 8, s. 1(2)(a) (with s. 16(2)); S.I. 1998/1658, art. 2(1), Sch. 1
- F12 Word in s. 104(4)(b) omitted (1.10.1998) by virtue of S.I. 1998/1833, reg. 32(2)(a)
- F13 S. 104(4)(d) and preceding word "and" inserted (1.10.1998) by S.I. 1998/1833, reg. 32(2)(b)
- F14 S. 104(5) inserted (1.9.1999) by 1998 c. 30, s. 44(1), Sch. 3 para. 13 (with s. 42(8)); S.I. 1999/987, art. 2

### **Marginal Citations**

M7 S.I. 1998/1833.

# [F15104AX8 The national minimum wage.

- (1) An employee who is dismissed shall be regarded for the purposes of this Part as unfairly dismissed if the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for the dismissal is that—
  - (a) any action was taken, or was proposed to be taken, by or on behalf of the employee with a view to enforcing, or otherwise securing the benefit of, a right of the employee's to which this section applies; or

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- (b) the employer was prosecuted for an offence under section 31 of the National Minimum Wage Act 1998 as a result of action taken by or on behalf of the employee for the purpose of enforcing, or otherwise securing the benefit of, a right of the employee's to which this section applies; or
- (c) the employee qualifies, or will or might qualify, for the national minimum wage or for a particular rate of national minimum wage.
- (2) It is immaterial for the purposes of paragraph (a) or (b) of subsection (1) above—
  - (a) whether or not the employee has the right, or
  - (b) whether or not the right has been infringed,

but, for that subsection to apply, the claim to the right and, if applicable, the claim that it has been infringed must be made in good faith.

- (3) The following are the rights to which this section applies—
  - (a) any right conferred by, or by virtue of, any provision of the National Minimum Wage Act 1998 for which the remedy for its infringement is by way of a complaint to an employment tribunal; and
  - (b) any right conferred by section 17 of the National Minimum Wage Act 1998 (worker receiving less than national minimum wage entitled to additional remuneration).]

#### **Editorial Information**

X8 The insertion of the new heading "Other dismissals" in Pt. X Ch. I on 1.10.2006 gives rise to a change in the structure of this legislation on SLD which breaks the continuity of historical versions of the existing provisions which are now brought under that new heading.

#### **Textual Amendments**

F15 S. 104A inserted (1.11.1998) by 1998 c. 39, s. 25(1); S.I. 1998/2574, art. 2(1), Sch. 1 (with art. 3)

### **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

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C3 S. 104A modified (1.4.1999) by 1948 c. 47, s. 3A(5) (as inserted (1.4.1999) by 1998 c. 39, s. 47, Sch. 2 Pt. I para. 3; S.I. 1999/685, art. 2 Sch.)
S. 104A extended (1.4.1999) by 1949 c. 30, s. 3A(4) (as inserted (1.4.1999) by 1998 c. 39, s. 47, Sch. 2 Pt. II para. 13; S.I. 1999/685, art. 2, Sch.)
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### [F16104B Tax credit.

- (1) An employee who is dismissed shall be regarded for the purposes of this Part as unfairly dismissed if the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for the dismissal is that—
  - (a) any action was taken, or was proposed to be taken, by or on behalf of the employee with a view to enforcing, or otherwise securing the benefit of, a right conferred on the employee by regulations under section 6(2)(a) or (c) of the Tax Credits Act 1999;
  - (b) a penalty was imposed on the employer, or proceedings for a penalty were brought against him, under section 9 of that Act, as a result of action taken by or on behalf of the employee for the purpose of enforcing, or otherwise securing the benefit of, such a right; or
  - (c) the employee is entitled, or will or may be entitled, to working families' tax credit or disabled person's tax credit.

 $Part X-Unfair\ dismissal$ 

Chapter I – Right not to be unfairly dismissed

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- (2) It is immaterial for the purposes of paragraph (a) or (b) of subsection (1) above—
  - (a) whether or not the employee has the right, or
  - (b) whether or not the right has been infringed,

but, for that subsection to apply, the claim to the right and, if applicable, the claim that it has been infringed must be made in good faith.]

#### **Textual Amendments**

F16 S. 104B inserted (5.10.1999) by 1999 c. 10, ss. 7, 20(2), Sch. 3 para. 3(1)

### VALID FROM 06/04/2003

# 104C X9 Flexible working

An employee who is dismissed shall be regarded for the purposes of this Part as unfairly dismissed if the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for the dismissal is that the employee—

- (a) made (or proposed to make) an application under section 80F,
- (b) exercised (or proposed to exercise) a right conferred on him under section 80G,
- (c) brought proceedings against the employer under section 80H, or
- (d) alleged the existence of any circumstance which would constitute a ground for bringing such proceedings.

### **Editorial Information**

X9 The insertion of the new heading "Other dismissals" in Pt. X Ch. I on 1.10.2006 gives rise to a change in the structure of this legislation on SLD which breaks the continuity of historical versions of the existing provisions which are now brought under that new heading.

### 105 Redundancy.

- (1) An employee who is dismissed shall be regarded for the purposes of this Part as unfairly dismissed if—
  - (a) the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for the dismissal is that the employee was redundant,
  - (b) it is shown that the circumstances constituting the redundancy applied equally to one or more other employees in the same undertaking who held positions similar to that held by the employee and who have not been dismissed by the employer, and
  - (c) it is shown that any of subsections (2) to [F17(7B)][F18 or (7D)]applies.

F19(	2)	١.																

(3) This subsection applies if the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for which the employee was selected for dismissal was one of those specified in subsection (1) of section 100 (read with subsections (2) and (3) of that section).

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- (4) This subsection applies if either—
  - (a) the employee was a protected shop worker or an opted-out shop worker, or a protected betting worker or an opted-out betting worker, and the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for which the employee was selected for dismissal was that specified in subsection (1) of section 101 (read with subsection (2) of that section), or
  - (b) the employee was a shop worker or a betting worker and the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for which the employee was selected for dismissal was that specified in subsection (3) of that section.
- [F20(4A) This subsection applies if the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for which the employee was selected for dismissal was one of those specified in section 101A.]
  - (5) This subsection applies if the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for which the employee was selected for dismissal was that specified in section 102(1).
  - (6) This subsection applies if the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for which the employee was selected for dismissal was that specified in section 103.
- [F21(6A) This subsection applies if the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for which the employee was selected for dismissal was that specified in section 103A.]
  - (7) This subsection applies if the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for which the employee was selected for dismissal was one of those specified in subsection (1) of section 104 (read with subsections (2) and (3) of that section).
- [F22(7A) This subsection applies if the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for which the employee was selected for dismissal was one of those specified in subsection (1) of section 104A (read with subsection (2) of that section).]
- [F23(7B) This subsection applies if the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for which the employee was selected for dismissal was one of those specified in subsection (1) of section 104B (read with subsection (2) of that section).]
- [F24(7D) This subsection applies if the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for which the employee was selected for dismissal was one specified in paragraph (3) or (6) of regulation 28 of the Transnational Information and Consultation of Employees Regulations 1999 (read with paragraphs (4) and (7) of that regulation).]
  - (8) For the purposes of section 36(2)(b) or 41(1)(b), the appropriate date in relation to this section is the effective date of termination.
  - (9) In this Part "redundancy case" means a case where paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) of this section are satisfied.

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Textual Amendments
F17 Words in s. 105(1)(c) substituted (5.10.1999) by 1999 c. 10, ss. 7, 20(2), Sch. 3 para. 3(2)
F18 Words in s. 105(1)(c) inserted (15.1.2000) by S.I. 1999/3323, reg. 29(1)
F19 S. 105(2) repealed (15.12.1999) by 1999 c. 26, ss. 9, 44, Sch. 4 Pt. III para. 17, Sch. 9(2); S.I. 1999/2830, art. 2(2)(3), Sch. 1 Pt. II, Sch. 2 Pt. II (with Sch. 3 paras. 10, 11)
F20 S. 105(4A) inserted (1.10.1998) by S.I. 1998/1833, reg. 32(3)
F21 S. 105(6A) inserted (2.7.1999) by 1998 c. 23, s. 6; S.I. 1999/1547, art. 2
F22 S. 105(7A) inserted (1.11.1998) by 1998 c. 39, s. 25(2); S.I. 1998/2574, art. 2(1), Sch. 1 (with art. 3)
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Chapter I – Right not to be unfairly dismissed

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**F23** S. 105(7B) inserted (5.10.1999) by 1999 c. 10, ss. 7, 20(2), **Sch. 3 para. 3(2)** 

F24 S. 105(7D) inserted after s. 105(7C) (15.1.2000) by virtue of S.I. 1999/3323, reg. 29(1)

## 106 Replacements.

- (1) Where this section applies to an employee he shall be regarded for the purposes of section 98(1)(b) as having been dismissed for a substantial reason of a kind such as to justify the dismissal of an employee holding the position which the employee held.
- (2) This section applies to an employee where—
  - (a) on engaging him the employer informs him in writing that his employment will be terminated on the resumption of work by another employee who is, or will be, absent wholly or partly because of pregnancy or childbirth, and
  - (b) the employer dismisses him in order to make it possible to give work to the other employee.
- (3) This section also applies to an employee where—
  - (a) on engaging him the employer informs him in writing that his employment will be terminated on the end of a suspension of another employee from work on medical grounds or maternity grounds (within the meaning of Part VII), and
  - (b) the employer dismisses him in order to make it possible to allow the resumption of work by the other employee.
- (4) Subsection (1) does not affect the operation of section 98(4) in a case to which this section applies.

# 107 Yressure on employer to dismiss unfairly.

- (1) This section applies where there falls to be determined for the purposes of this Part a question—
  - (a) as to the reason, or principal reason, for which an employee was dismissed,
  - (b) whether the reason or principal reason for which an employee was dismissed was a reason fulfilling the requirement of section 98(1)(b), or
  - (c) whether an employer acted reasonably in treating the reason or principal reason for which an employee was dismissed as a sufficient reason for dismissing him.
- (2) In determining the question no account shall be taken of any pressure which by calling, organising, procuring or financing a strike or other industrial action, or threatening to do so, was exercised on the employer to dismiss the employee; and the question shall be determined as if no such pressure had been exercised.

#### **Editorial Information**

**X10** The insertion of the new heading "Other dismissals" in Pt. X Ch. I on 1.10.2006 gives rise to a change in the structure of this legislation on SLD which breaks the continuity of historical versions of the existing provisions which are now brought under that new heading.

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#### VALID FROM 01/10/2006

# [F25 Retirement]

#### **Textual Amendments**

F25 Ss. 98ZA-98ZH and cross-headings inserted (1.10.2006) by The Employment Equality (Age) Regulations 2006 (S.I. 2006/1031), reg. 49(1), Sch. 8 para. 23 (with regs. 44-46)

### 98ZA No normal retirement age: dismissal before 65

- (1) This section applies to the dismissal of an employee if—
  - (a) the employee has no normal retirement age, and
  - (b) the operative date of termination falls before the date when the employee reaches the age of 65.
- (2) Retirement of the employee shall not be taken to be the reason (or a reason) for the dismissal.

#### **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

- C4 Ss. 98ZA-98ZH modified (1.10.2006) by The Employment Equality (Age) Regulations 2006 (S.I. 2006/1031), regs. 1(1), 47, **Sch. 6 para. 10(4)**, (with regs. 44-46, Sch. 7)
- C5 Ss. 98ZA-98ZF applied (1.10.2006) by The Employment Equality (Age) Regulations 2006 (S.I. 2006/1031), regs. 1(1), **30(3)**, (with regs. 44-46)

# 98ZB No normal retirement age: dismissal at or after 65

- (1) This section applies to the dismissal of an employee if—
  - (a) the employee has no normal retirement age, and
  - (b) the operative date of termination falls on or after the date when the employee reaches the age of 65.
- (2) In a case where—
  - (a) the employer has notified the employee in accordance with paragraph 2 of Schedule 6 to the 2006 Regulations, and
  - (b) the contract of employment terminates on the intended date of retirement, retirement of the employee shall be taken to be the only reason for the dismissal by the employer and any other reason shall be disregarded.
- (3) In a case where—
  - (a) the employer has notified the employee in accordance with paragraph 2 of Schedule 6 to the 2006 Regulations, but
  - (b) the contract of employment terminates before the intended date of retirement,

retirement of the employee shall not be taken to be the reason (or a reason) for dismissal.

(4) In a case where—

Chapter I – Right not to be unfairly dismissed

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- (a) the employer has not notified the employee in accordance with paragraph 2 of Schedule 6 to the 2006 Regulations, and
- (b) there is an intended date of retirement in relation to the dismissal, but
- (c) the contract of employment terminates before the intended date of retirement,

retirement of the employee shall not be taken to be the reason (or a reason) for dismissal.

(5) In all other cases where the employer has not notified the employee in accordance with paragraph 2 of Schedule 6 to the 2006 Regulations, particular regard shall be had to the matters in section 98ZF when determining the reason (or principal reason) for dismissal.

### **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

- C6 Ss. 98ZA-98ZH modified (1.10.2006) by The Employment Equality (Age) Regulations 2006 (S.I. 2006/1031), regs. 1(1), 47, Sch. 6 para. 10(4), (with regs. 44-46, Sch. 7)
- C7 Ss. 98ZA-98ZF applied (1.10.2006) by The Employment Equality (Age) Regulations 2006 (S.I. 2006/1031), regs. 1(1), **30(3**), (with regs. 44-46)

# 98ZC Normal retirement age: dismissal before retirement age

- (1) This section applies to the dismissal of an employee if—
  - (a) the employee has a normal retirement age, and
  - (b) the operative date of termination falls before the date when the employee reaches the normal retirement age.
- (2) Retirement of the employee shall not be taken to be the reason (or a reason) for the dismissal.

# **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

- C8 Ss. 98ZA-98ZH modified (1.10.2006) by The Employment Equality (Age) Regulations 2006 (S.I. 2006/1031), regs. 1(1), 47, Sch. 6 para. 10(4), (with regs. 44-46, Sch. 7)
- C9 Ss. 98ZA-98ZF applied (1.10.2006) by The Employment Equality (Age) Regulations 2006 (S.I. 2006/1031), regs. 1(1), **30(3**), (with regs. 44-46)

### 98ZD Normal retirement age 65 or higher: dismissal at or after retirement age

- (1) This section applies to the dismissal of an employee if—
  - (a) the employee has a normal retirement age,
  - (b) the normal retirement age is 65 or higher, and
  - (c) the operative date of termination falls on or after the date when the employee reaches the normal retirement age.
- (2) In a case where—
  - (a) the employer has notified the employee in accordance with paragraph 2 of Schedule 6 to the 2006 Regulations, and
  - (b) the contract of employment terminates on the intended date of retirement,

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retirement of the employee shall be taken to be the only reason for the dismissal by the employer and any other reason shall be disregarded.

#### (3) In a case where—

- (a) the employer has notified the employee in accordance with paragraph 2 of Schedule 6 to the 2006 Regulations, but
- (b) the contract of employment terminates before the intended date of retirement.

retirement of the employee shall not be taken to be the reason (or a reason) for dismissal.

### (4) In a case where—

- (a) the employer has not notified the employee in accordance with paragraph 2 of Schedule 6 to the 2006 Regulations, and
- (b) there is an intended date of retirement in relation to the dismissal, but
- (c) the contract of employment terminates before the intended date of retirement,

retirement of the employee shall not be taken to be the reason (or a reason) for dismissal.

(5) In all other cases where the employer has not notified the employee in accordance with paragraph 2 of Schedule 6 to the 2006 Regulations, particular regard shall be had to the matters in section 98ZF when determining the reason (or principal reason) for dismissal.

#### **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

- **C10** Ss. 98ZA-98ZH modified (1.10.2006) by The Employment Equality (Age) Regulations 2006 (S.I. 2006/1031), regs. 1(1), 47, **Sch. 6 para. 10(4)**, (with regs. 44-46, Sch. 7)
- **C11** Ss. 98ZA-98ZF applied (1.10.2006) by The Employment Equality (Age) Regulations 2006 (S.I. 2006/1031), regs. 1(1), **30(3)**, (with regs. 44-46)

### 98ZE Normal retirement age below 65: dismissal at or after retirement age

- (1) This section applies to the dismissal of an employee if—
  - (a) the employee has a normal retirement age,
  - (b) the normal retirement age is below 65, and
  - (c) the operative date of termination falls on or after the date when the employee reaches the normal retirement age.
- (2) If it is unlawful discrimination under the 2006 Regulations for the employee to have that normal retirement age, retirement of the employee shall not be taken to be the reason (or a reason) for dismissal.
- (3) Subsections (4) to (7) apply if it is not unlawful discrimination under the 2006 Regulations for the employee to have that normal retirement age.

### (4) In a case where—

- (a) the employer has notified the employee in accordance with paragraph 2 of Schedule 6 to the 2006 Regulations, and
- (b) the contract of employment terminates on the intended date of retirement,

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retirement of the employee shall be taken to be the only reason for dismissal by the employer and any other reason shall be disregarded.

#### (5) In a case where—

- (a) the employer has notified the employee in accordance with paragraph 2 of Schedule 6 to the 2006 Regulations, but
- (b) the contract of employment terminates before the intended date of retirement,

retirement of the employee shall not be taken to be the reason (or a reason) for dismissal.

### (6) In a case where—

- (a) the employer has not notified the employee in accordance with paragraph 2 of Schedule 6 to the 2006 Regulations, and
- (b) there is an intended date of retirement in relation to the dismissal, but
- (c) the contract of employment terminates before the intended date of retirement,

retirement of the employee shall not be taken to be the reason (or a reason) for dismissal.

(7) In all other cases where the employer has not notified the employee in accordance with paragraph 2 of Schedule 6 to the 2006 Regulations, particular regard shall be had to the matters in section 98ZF when determining the reason (or principal reason) for dismissal

#### **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

- C12 Ss. 98ZA-98ZH modified (1.10.2006) by The Employment Equality (Age) Regulations 2006 (S.I. 2006/1031), regs. 1(1), 47, Sch. 6 para. 10(4), (with regs. 44-46, Sch. 7)
- C13 Ss. 98ZA-98ZF applied (1.10.2006) by The Employment Equality (Age) Regulations 2006 (S.I. 2006/1031), regs. 1(1), **30(3)**, (with regs. 44-46)

### 98ZF Reason for dismissal: particular matters

- (1) These are the matters to which particular regard is to be had in accordance with section 98ZB(5), 98ZD(5) or 98ZE(7)—
  - (a) whether or not the employer has notified the employee in accordance with paragraph 4 of Schedule 6 to the 2006 Regulations;
  - (b) if the employer has notified the employee in accordance with that paragraph, how long before the notified retirement date the notification was given;
  - (c) whether or not the employer has followed, or sought to follow, the procedures in paragraph 7 of Schedule 6 to the 2006 Regulations.
- (2) In subsection (1)(b) "notified retirement date" means the date notified to the employee in accordance with paragraph 4 of Schedule 6 to the 2006 Regulations as the date on which the employer intends to retire the employee.

#### **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

C14 Ss. 98ZA-98ZH modified (1.10.2006) by The Employment Equality (Age) Regulations 2006 (S.I. 2006/1031), regs. 1(1), 47, Sch. 6 para. 10(4), (with regs. 44-46, Sch. 7)

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C15 Ss. 98ZA-98ZF applied (1.10.2006) by The Employment Equality (Age) Regulations 2006 (S.I. 2006/1031), regs. 1(1), **30(3)**, (with regs. 44-46)

#### 98ZG Retirement dismissals: fairness

- (1) This section applies if the reason (or principal reason) for a dismissal is retirement of the employee.
- (2) The employee shall be regarded as unfairly dismissed if, and only if, there has been a failure on the part of the employer to comply with an obligation imposed on him by any of the following provisions of Schedule 6 to the 2006 Regulations—
  - (a) paragraph 4 (notification of retirement, if not already given under paragraph 2),
  - (b) paragraphs 6 and 7 (duty to consider employee's request not to be retired),
  - (c) paragraph 8 (duty to consider appeal against decision to refuse request not to be retired).

#### **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

**C16** Ss. 98ZA-98ZH modified (1.10.2006) by The Employment Equality (Age) Regulations 2006 (S.I. 2006/1031), regs. 1(1), 47, **Sch. 6 para. 10(4)**, (with regs. 44-46, Sch. 7)

# 98ZH Interpretation

In sections 98ZA to 98ZG—

"2006 Regulations" means the Employment Equality (Age) Regulations 2006;

"intended date of retirement" means the date which, by virtue of paragraph 1(2) of Schedule 6 to the 2006 Regulations, is the intended date of retirement in relation to a particular dismissal;

"normal retirement age", in relation to an employee, means the age at which employees in the employer's undertaking who hold, or have held, the same kind of position as the employee are normally required to retire;

"operative date of termination" means—

- (a) where the employer terminates the employee's contract of employment by notice, the date on which the notice expires, or
- (b) where the employer terminates the contract of employment without notice, the date on which the termination takes effect.

### **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

C17 Ss. 98ZA-98ZH modified (1.10.2006) by The Employment Equality (Age) Regulations 2006 (S.I. 2006/1031), regs. 1(1), 47, Sch. 6 para. 10(4), (with regs. 44-46, Sch. 7)

Chapter I – Right not to be unfairly dismissed

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#### Other dismissals

#### VALID FROM 06/04/2010

# [F26104E Study and training

An employee who is dismissed is to be regarded for the purposes of this Part as unfairly dismissed if the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for the dismissal is that the employee—

- (a) made (or proposed to make) a section 63D application,
- (b) exercised (or proposed to exercise) a right conferred on the employee under section 63F,
- (c) brought proceedings against the employer under section 63I, or
- (d) alleged the existence of any circumstance which would constitute a ground for bringing such proceedings.]

#### **Textual Amendments**

**F26** S. 104E inserted (6.4.2010 for certain purposes and otherwise prosp.) by Apprenticeships, Skills, Children and Learning Act 2009 (c. 22), ss. 40(4), 269(4); S.I. 2010/303, art. 4, Sch. 3 (with arts. 8-14) (as amended by S.I. 2010/1151, art. 22)

### VALID FROM 02/03/2010

# [F27104F Blacklists

- (1) An employee who is dismissed shall be regarded for the purposes of this Part as unfairly dismissed if the reason (or, if more than one, the principal reason) for the dismissal relates to a prohibited list, and either—
  - (a) the employer contravenes regulation 3 of the 2010 Regulations in relation to that prohibited list, or
  - (b) the employer—
    - (i) relies on information supplied by a person who contravenes that regulation in relation to that list, and
    - (ii) knows or ought reasonably to know that the information relied on is supplied in contravention of that regulation.
- (2) If there are facts from which the tribunal could conclude, in the absence of any other explanation, that the employer—
  - (a) contravened regulation 3 of the 2010 Regulations, or
  - (b) relied on information supplied in contravention of that regulation, the tribunal must find that such a contravention or reliance on information occurred, unless the employer shows that it did not.
- (3) In this section—

"the 2010 Regulations" means the Employment Relations Act 1999 (Blacklists) Regulations 2010, and

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"prohibited list" has the meaning given in those Regulations (see regulation 3(2)).]

#### **Textual Amendments**

**F27** S. 104F inserted (2.3.2010) by The Employment Relations Act 1999 (Blacklists) Regulations 2010 (S.I. 2010/493), **reg. 12(2)** 

# Exclusion of right

### 108 Qualifying period of employment.

- (1) Section 94 does not apply to the dismissal of an employee unless he has been continuously employed for a period of not less than [F28] ending with the effective date of termination.
- (2) If an employee is dismissed by reason of any such requirement or recommendation as is referred to in section 64(2), subsection (1) has effect in relation to that dismissal as if for the words [F29" one year"] there were substituted the words "one month".
- (3) Subsection (1) does not apply if—
  - <sup>F30</sup>(a) .....
    - (b) subsection (1) of section 99 (read with subsection (2) of that section) or subsection (3) of that section applies,
    - (c) subsection (1) of section 100 (read with subsections (2) and (3) of that section) applies,
    - (d) subsection (1) of section 101 (read with subsection (2) of that section) or subsection (3) of that section applies,
  - [F31(dd) section 101A applies,]
    - (e) section 102 applies,
    - (f) section 103 applies,
  - [F32(ff) section 103A applies,]
    - (g) subsection (1) of section 104 (read with subsections (2) and (3) of that section) applies, F33...
  - [F34(gg) subsection (1) of section 104A (read with subsection (2) of that section) applies, F35...]
  - [F36(gh) subsection (1) of section 104B (read with subsection (2) of that section) applies, F37...]
    - (h) section 105 applies

[F38 or

paragraph (3) or (6) of regulation 28 of the Transnational Information and Consultation of Employees Regulations 1999 (read with paragraphs (4) and (7) of that regulation) applies.]

### **Textual Amendments**

- **F28** Words in s. 108(1) substituted (1.6.1999) by S.I. 1999/1436, art. 3
- **F29** Words in s. 108(2) substituted (1.6.1999) by S.I. 1999/1436, art. 4

Employment Rights Act 1996 (c. 18)
Part X – Unfair dismissal
Chapter I – Right not to be unfairly dismissed
Document Generated: 2024-06-09

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F30 S. 108(3)(a) repealed (15.12.1999) by 1999 c. 26, ss. 9, 44, Sch. 4 Pt. III para. 18, Sch. 9(2); S.I.
        1999/2830, art. 2(2)(3), Sch. 1 Pt. II, Sch. 2 Pt. II (with Sch. 3 paras. 10, 11)
       S. 108(3)(dd) inserted (1.10.1998) by S.I. 1998/1833, reg. 32(4)
 F31
 F32 S. 108(3)(ff) inserted (2.7.1999) by 1998 c. 23, s. 7(1); S.I. 1999/1547, art. 2
 F33 Word in s. 108(3)(g) repealed (1.11.1998) by 1998 c. 39, ss. 25(3), 53, Sch. 3; S.I. 1998/2574, art.
        2(1), Sch. 1 (with art. 3)
 F34
       S. 108(3)(gg) inserted (1.11.1998) by 1998 c. 39, s. 25(3); S.I. 1998/2574, art. 2(1), Sch. 1 (with art. 3)
       Word in s. 108(3)(gg) repealed (5.10.1999) by 1999 c. 10, ss. 7, 19(4), 20(2), Sch. 3 para. 3(3), Sch. 6
       S. 108(3)(gh) inserted (5.10.1999) by 1999 c. 10, ss. 7, 20(2), Sch. 3 para. 3(3)
       Word in s. 108(3)(gh) omitted (15.1.2000) by S.I. 1999/3323, reg. 29(2)
 F37
 F38 S. 108(hh) and the preceding word "or" inserted (15.1.2000) by S.I. 1999/3323, reg. 29(2)
Modifications etc. (not altering text)
 C18 S. 108 excluded (4.9.2000) by 1999 c. 26, s. 12(4) (with ss. 14, 15); S.I. 2000/2242, art. 2
        S. 108 excluded (6.6.2000) by 1992 c. 52, s. 70A, Sch. A1 para. 164 (as inserted (6.6.2000) by 1999
       c. 26, ss. 1, 45(1), Sch. 1; S.I. 2000/1338, art. 2(a))
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### 109 Upper age limit.

- (1) Section 94 does not apply to the dismissal of an employee if on or before the effective date of termination he has attained—
  - (a) in a case where—
    - (i) in the undertaking in which the employee was employed there was a normal retiring age for an employee holding the position held by the employee, and
    - (ii) the age was the same whether the employee holding that position was a man or a woman,

that normal retiring age, and

- (b) in any other case, the age of sixty-five.
- (2) Subsection (1) does not apply if—
  - <sup>F39</sup>(a) .....
    - (b) subsection (1) of section 99 (read with subsection (2) of that section) or subsection (3) of that section applies,
    - (c) subsection (1) of section 100 (read with subsections (2) and (3) of that section) applies,
    - (d) subsection (1) of section 101 (read with subsection (2) of that section) or subsection (3) of that section applies,
  - [F40(dd) section 101A applies,]
    - (e) section 102 applies,
    - (f) section 103 applies,
  - [F41(ff) section 103A applies,]
    - (g) subsection (1) of section 104 (read with subsections (2) and (3) of that section) applies, <sup>F42</sup>...
  - [F43(gg) subsection (1) of section 104A (read with subsection (2) of that section) applies, F44...]
  - [F45(gh) subsection (1) of section 104B (read with subsection (2) of that section) applies, F46...]
    - (h) section 105 applies.

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[<sup>F47</sup>or <sup>F47</sup>(hh)

paragraph (3) or (6) of regulation 28 of the Transnational Information and Consultation of Employees Regulations 1999 (read with paragraphs (4) and (7) of that regulation) applies.]

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Textual Amendments
 F39 S. 109(2)(a) repealed (15.12.1999) by 1999 c. 26, ss. 9, 44, Sch. 4 Pt. III para. 19, Sch. 9(2); S.I.
        1999/2830, art. 2(1)-(3), Sch. 1 Pt. II, Sch. 2 Pt. II (with transitional provisions in Sch. 3 paras, 10, 11)
 F40 S. 109(2)(dd) inserted (1.10.1998) by S.I. 1998/1833, reg. 32(4)
 F41 S. 109(2)(ff) inserted (2.7.1999) by 1998 c. 23, s. 7(2); S.I. 1999/1547, art. 2
 F42 Word in s. 109(2)(g) repealed (1.11.1998) by 1998 c. 39, ss. 25(4), 53, Sch. 3; S.I. 1998/2574, art.
        2(1), Sch. 1 (with art. 3)
 F43 S. 109(2)(gg) inserted (1.11.1998) by 1998 c. 39, s. 25(4); S.I. 1998/2574, art. 2(1), Sch. 1 (with art. 3)
       Word in s. 109(2)(gg) repealed (5.10.1999) by 1999 c. 10, ss. 7, 19(4), 20(2), Sch. 3 para. 3(4), Sch. 6
       S. 109(2)(gh) inserted (5.10.1999) by 1999 c. 10, ss. 7, 20(2), Sch. 3 para. 3(4)
       Word in s. 109(2)(gh) omitted (15.1.2000) by virtue of S.I. 1999/3323, reg. 29(3)
 F47 S. 109(2)(hh) and the preceding word "or" inserted (15.1.2000) by S.I. 1999/3323, reg. 29(3)
Modifications etc. (not altering text)
 C19 S. 109 excluded (4.9.2000) by 1999 c. 26, s. 12(4), (with ss. 14, 15); S.I. 2000/2242, art. 2
        S. 109 excluded (6.6.2000) by 1992 c. 52, s. 70A, Sch. A1 para. 164 (as inserted (6.6.2000) by 1999
        c. 26, ss. 1, 45(1), Sch. 1; S.I. 2000/1338, art. 2(a))
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### 110 Dismissal procedures agreements.

- (1) Where a dismissal procedures agreement is designated by an order under subsection (3) which is for the time being in force—
  - (a) the provisions of that agreement relating to dismissal shall have effect in substitution for any rights under section 94, and
  - (b) accordingly, section 94 does not apply to the dismissal of an employee from any employment if it is employment to which, and he is an employee to whom, those provisions of the agreement apply.
- [<sup>F48</sup>(2) But if the agreement includes provision that it does not apply to dismissals of particular descriptions, subsection (1) does not apply in relation to a dismissal of any such description.]
  - (3) An order designating a dismissal procedures agreement may be made by the Secretary of State, on an application being made to him jointly by all the parties to the agreement, if he is satisfied that—
    - (a) every trade union which is a party to the agreement is an independent trade union,
    - (b) the agreement provides for procedures to be followed in cases where an employee claims that he has been, or is in the course of being, unfairly dismissed,
    - (c) those procedures are available without discrimination to all employees falling within any description to which the agreement applies,
    - (d) the remedies provided by the agreement in respect of unfair dismissal are on the whole as beneficial as (but not necessarily identical with) those provided in respect of unfair dismissal by this Part,

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- [<sup>F49</sup>(e) the agreement includes provision either for arbitration in every case or for—
  - (i) arbitration where (by reason of equality of votes or for any other reason) a decision under the agreement cannot otherwise be reached, and
  - (ii) a right to submit to arbitration any question of law arising out of such a decision, and
  - (f) the provisions of the agreement are such that it can be determined with reasonable certainty whether or not a particular employee is one to whom the agreement applies.
- (4) If at any time when an order under subsection (3) is in force in relation to a dismissal procedures agreement the Secretary of State is satisfied, whether on an application made to him by any of the parties to the agreement or otherwise, either—
  - (a) that it is the desire of all the parties to the agreement that the order should be revoked, or
  - (b) that the agreement no longer satisfies all the conditions specified in subsection (3),

the Secretary of State shall revoke the order by an order under this subsection.

- (5) The transitional provisions which may be made in an order under subsection (4) include, in particular, provisions directing—
  - (a) that an employee—
    - (i) shall not be excluded from his right under section 94 where the effective date of termination falls within a transitional period which ends with the date on which the order takes effect and which is specified in the order, and
    - (ii) shall have an extended time for presenting a complaint under section 111 in respect of a dismissal where the effective date of termination falls within that period, and
  - (b) that, where the effective date of termination falls within such a transitional period, an [F50 employment tribunal] shall, in determining any complaint of unfair dismissal presented by an employee to whom the dismissal procedures agreement applies, have regard to such considerations as are specified in the order (in addition to those specified in this Part and section 10(4) and (5) of [F50 the Employment Tribunals Act 1996]).
- [F51(6)] Where an award is made under a designated dismissal procedures agreement—
  - (a) in England and Wales it may be enforced, by leave of a county court, in the same manner as a judgment of the court to the same effect and, where leave is given, judgment may be entered in terms of the award, and
  - (b) in Scotland it may be recorded for execution in the Books of Council and Session and shall be enforceable accordingly.]

### **Textual Amendments**

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F48 S. 110(2) substituted (1.8.1998) by 1998 c. 8, s. 12(1) (with s. 12(5)); S.I. 1998/1658, art. 2(1), Sch. 1
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- **F49** S. 110(3)(e) substituted (1.8.1998) by 1998 c. 8, s. 12(2) (with s. 12(5)); S.I. 1998/1658, art. 2(1), Sch. 1
- **F50** Words in s. 110(5)(b) substituted (1.8.1998) by 1998 c. 8, s. 1(2)(a)(c) (with s 16(2)); S.I. 1998/1658, art. 2(1), Sch. 1
- F51 S. 110(6) inserted (1.8.1998) by 1998 c. 8, s. 12(3); S.I. 1998/1658, art. 2(1), Sch. 1

### **Status:**

Point in time view as at 01/02/2000. This version of this chapter contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

### **Changes to legislation:**

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