



Wild Mammals (Protection) Act 1996

1996 CHAPTER 3

An Act to make provision for the protection of wild mammals from certain cruel acts; and for connected purposes. [29th February 1996]

Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

Commencement Information

II Act wholly in force at 29.04.1996 see s. 7(2).

1 Offences.

If, save as permitted by this Act, any person mutilates, kicks, beats, nails or otherwise impales, stabs, burns, stones, crushes, drowns, drags or asphyxiates any wild mammal with intent to inflict unnecessary suffering he shall be guilty of an offence.

2 Exceptions from offence under the Act.

A person shall not be guilty of an offence under this Act by reason of—

- (a) the attempted killing of any such wild mammal as an act of mercy if he shows that the mammal had been so seriously disabled otherwise than by his unlawful act that there was no reasonable chance of its recovering;
- (b) the killing in a reasonably swift and humane manner of any such wild mammal if he shows that the wild mammal had been injured or taken in the course of either lawful shooting, hunting, coursing or [^{F1}lawful] pest control activity;
- (c) doing anything which is authorised by or under any enactment;
- (d) any act made unlawful by section 1 if the act was done by means of any snare, trap, dog, or bird lawfully used for the purpose of killing or taking any wild mammal; or
- (e) the lawful use of any poisonous or noxious substance on any wild mammal.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Wild Mammals (Protection) Act 1996. (See end of Document for details)

Textual Amendments

F1 Word in s. 2(b) inserted (S.) (1.8.2002) by [2002 asp 6, s. 11, Sch. para. 6](#); [SSI 2002/181, art. 2](#)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C1 S. 2 modified (E.W.) (18.2.2005) by [Hunting Act 2004 \(c. 37\), s. 15, Sch. 2 para. 5](#) (with s. 12)

3 Interpretation.

[^{F2}In this Act “wild mammal” means any mammal which is not a “protected animal” within the meaning of the Animal Welfare Act 2006.]

[^{F3}In this Act “wild mammal” means any mammal which is not a protected animal within the meaning of section 17 of the [Animal Health and Welfare \(Scotland\) Act 2006 \(asp 11\)](#).]

Textual Amendments

F2 S. 3 substituted (27.3.2007 for W., 6.4.2007 for E.) by [Animal Welfare Act 2006 \(c. 45\), s. 68\(3\), Sch. 3 para. 13](#) (with [ss. 1\(2\), 58\(1\), 59, 60](#)); [S.I. 2007/499, art. 2\(2\)\(l\)](#); [S.I. 2007/1030, art. 2\(1\)\(l\)](#)

F3 S. 3 substituted (S.) (3.11.2006) by virtue of [The Animal Health and Welfare \(Scotland\) Act 2006 \(Consequential Provisions\) Order 2006 \(S.S.I. 2006/536\), art. 1, Sch. para. 12](#)

4 Powers of constable.

Where a constable has reasonable grounds for suspecting that a person has committed an offence under the provisions of this Act and that evidence of the commission of the offence may be found on that person or in or on any vehicle he may have with him, the constable may—

- (a) without warrant, stop and search that person and any vehicle or article he may have with him; and
- (b) seize and detain for the purposes of proceedings under any of those provisions anything which may be evidence of the commission of the offence or may be liable to be confiscated under section 6 of this Act.

Extent Information

E1 S. 4 extends to England, Wales and Scotland but so much of s. 4 as refers to s. 6 does not apply to Scotland, see s. 7(4)

5 Penalties.

[^{F4}(1) A person guilty of an offence under this Act is liable—

- (a) on summary conviction, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 12 months or a fine not exceeding £40,000 (or both),
- (b) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 5 years or a fine (or both).]

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Wild Mammals (Protection) Act 1996. (See end of Document for details)

- (2) Provided that where the offence was committed in respect of more than one wild mammal, the maximum fine which may be imposed shall be determined as if the person had been convicted of a separate offence in respect of each such wild mammal.

Textual Amendments

- F4** S. 5(1) substituted (S.) (30.11.2020) by [Animals and Wildlife \(Penalties, Protections and Powers\) \(Scotland\) Act 2020 \(asp 14\)](#), **ss. 11**, 22(2); S.S.I. 2020/379, reg. 2(1), sch. (with reg. 3)

6 Court powers of confiscation &c.

- (1) The court before whom any person is convicted under this Act may, in addition to any other punishment, order the confiscation of any vehicle or equipment used in the commission of the offence.
- (2) The Secretary of State may, by regulations made by statutory instrument and subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament, make provision for the disposal or destruction in prescribed circumstances of any vehicle or equipment confiscated under this section.

7 Citation, commencement and extent.

- (1) This Act may be cited as the Wild Mammals (Protection) Act 1996.
- (2) This Act shall come into force with the expiration of the period of two months beginning with its passing.
- (3) This Act shall not apply to Northern Ireland.
- (4) Section 6 of this Act shall not apply to Scotland, and so much of section 4 as refers to that section shall also not apply there.

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Wild Mammals (Protection) Act 1996.