

# Protection from Harassment Act 1997

### **1997 CHAPTER 40**

#### England and Wales

## 3 Civil remedy.

- (1) An actual or apprehended breach of [F1 section 1(1)] may be the subject of a claim in civil proceedings by the person who is or may be the victim of the course of conduct in question.
- (2) On such a claim, damages may be awarded for (among other things) any anxiety caused by the harassment and any financial loss resulting from the harassment.
- (3) Where—
  - (a) in such proceedings the High Court or [F2the county] court grants an injunction for the purpose of restraining the defendant from pursuing any conduct which amounts to harassment, and
  - (b) the plaintiff considers that the defendant has done anything which he is prohibited from doing by the injunction,

the plaintiff may apply for the issue of a warrant for the arrest of the defendant.

- (4) An application under subsection (3) may be made—
  - (a) where the injunction was granted by the High Court, to a judge of that court, and
  - (b) where the injunction was granted by [F2 the county] court, to a judge [F3 of that] court.
- (5) The judge <sup>F4</sup>... to whom an application under subsection (3) is made may only issue a warrant if—
  - (a) the application is substantiated on oath, and
  - (b) the judge <sup>F4</sup>... has reasonable grounds for believing that the defendant has done anything which he is prohibited from doing by the injunction.

### (6) Where—

(a) the High Court or [F2the county] court grants an injunction for the purpose mentioned in subsection (3)(a), and

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Protection from Harassment Act 1997, Section 3. (See end of Document for details)

(b) without reasonable excuse the defendant does anything which he is prohibited from doing by the injunction,

he is guilty of an offence.

- (7) Where a person is convicted of an offence under subsection (6) in respect of any conduct, that conduct is not punishable as a contempt of court.
- (8) A person cannot be convicted of an offence under subsection (6) in respect of any conduct which has been punished as a contempt of court.
- (9) A person guilty of an offence under subsection (6) is liable—
  - (a) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years, or a fine, or both, or
  - (b) on summary conviction, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, or a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum, or both.

#### **Textual Amendments**

- F1 Words in s. 3(1) substituted (1.7.2005) by Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (c. 15), ss. 125(4), 178(8); S.I. 2005/1521, art. 3(1)(m)
- F2 Words in s. 3 substituted (22.4.2014) by Crime and Courts Act 2013 (c. 22), s. 61(3), Sch. 9 para. 39(a); S.I. 2014/954, art. 2(c) (with art. 3) (with transitional provisions and savings in S.I. 2014/956, arts. 3-11)
- F3 Words in s. 3(4)(b) substituted (22.4.2014) by Crime and Courts Act 2013 (c. 22), s. 61(3), Sch. 9 para. 39(b); S.I. 2014/954, art. 2(c) (with art. 3) (with transitional provisions and savings in S.I. 2014/956, arts. 3-11)
- F4 Words in s. 3(5) omitted (22.4.2014) by virtue of Crime and Courts Act 2013 (c. 22), s. 61(3), Sch. 9 para. 39(c); S.I. 2014/954, art. 2(c) (with art. 3) (with transitional provisions and savings in S.I. 2014/956, arts. 3-11)

#### **Commencement Information**

I1 S. 3 wholly in force at 1.9.1998; S. 3 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 15; s. 3(1)(2) in force at 16.6.1997 by S.I. 1997/1498, art. 2; s. 3(3)-(9) in force at 1.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/1902, art. 2

# **Changes to legislation:**

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Protection from Harassment Act 1997, Section 3.