



Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997

1997 CHAPTER 8

PART VI

ENFORCEMENT

Certificate of lawful use or development

150 Certificate of lawfulness of existing use or development.

- (1) If any person wishes to ascertain whether—
 - (a) any existing use of buildings or other land is lawful,
 - (b) any operations which have been carried out in, on, over or under land are lawful, or
 - (c) any other matter constituting a failure to comply with any condition or limitation subject to which planning permission has been granted is lawful,he may make an application for the purpose to the planning authority specifying the land and describing the use, operations or other matter.
- (2) For the purposes of this Act, uses and operations are lawful at any time if—
 - (a) no enforcement action may then be taken in respect of them (whether because they did not involve development or require planning permission or because the time for enforcement action has expired or for any other reason), and
 - (b) they do not constitute a contravention of any of the requirements of any enforcement notice then in force.
- (3) For the purposes of this Act, any matter constituting a failure to comply with any condition or limitation subject to which planning permission has been granted is lawful at any time if—
 - (a) the time for taking enforcement action in respect of the failure has then expired, and

Status: Point in time view as at 27/05/1997.

Changes to legislation: *Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997, Section 150 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 29 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)*

- (b) it does not constitute a contravention of any of the requirements of any enforcement notice or breach of condition notice then in force.
- (4) If, on an application under this section, the planning authority are provided with information satisfying them of the lawfulness at the time of the application of the use, operations or other matter described in the application, or that description as modified by the planning authority or a description substituted by them, they shall issue a certificate to that effect; and in any other case they shall refuse the application.
- (5) A certificate under this section shall—
- (a) specify the land to which it relates,
 - (b) describe the use, operations or other matter in question (in the case of any use falling within one of the classes specified in an order under section 26(2)(f), identifying it by reference to that class),
 - (c) give the reasons for determining the use, operations or other thing to be lawful, and
 - (d) specify the date of the application for the certificate.
- (6) The lawfulness of any use, operations or other matter for which a certificate is in force under this section shall be conclusively presumed.
- (7) A certificate under this section in respect of any use shall also have effect, for the purposes of the following enactments, as if it were a grant of planning permission—
- (a) section 3(3) of the ^{M1}Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act 1960,
 - (b) section 5(2) of the ^{M2}Control of Pollution Act 1974, and
 - (c) section 36(2)(a) of the ^{M3}Environmental Protection Act 1990.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C1 S. 150 modified (28.9.2000) by [S.S.I. 2000/323](#), **reg. 7(5)**

Marginal Citations

M1 1960 c. 62.

M2 1974 c. 40.

M3 1990 c. 43.

Status:

Point in time view as at 27/05/1997.

Changes to legislation:

Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997, Section 150 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 29 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations.