

Extradition Act 2003

2003 CHAPTER 41

PART 3

EXTRADITION TO THE UNITED KINGDOM

Extradition from category 1 territories

142 Issue of Part 3 warrant

- (1) The appropriate judge may issue a Part 3 warrant in respect of a person if—
 - (a) a constable or an appropriate person applies to the judge for a Part 3 warrant, and
 - (b) the condition in subsection (2) [F1, or the condition in subsection (2A),]F1 is satisfied.

[F2(2) The condition is that—

- (a) there are reasonable grounds for believing that the person has committed an extradition offence, and
- (b) a domestic warrant has been issued in respect of the person.

[F3(2A) The condition is that—

- (a) the person has been convicted of an extradition offence by a court in the United Kingdom,
- (b) his extradition is sought for the purpose of his being sentenced for the offence or of his serving a sentence of imprisonment or another form of detention imposed in respect of the offence, and
- (c) either a domestic warrant has been issued in respect of the person or the person may be arrested without a warrant.]

F2(3) A Part 3 warrant is an arrest warrant which contains—

- (a) the statement referred to in subsection (4) or the statement referred to in subsection (5), and
- (b) the certificate referred to in subsection (6).

Status: Point in time view as at 03/12/2014. This version of this provision has been superseded.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects
for the Extradition Act 2003, Section 142. (See end of Document for details)

- (4) The statement is one that—
 - (a) the person in respect of whom the warrant is issued is accused in the United Kingdom of the commission of an extradition offence specified in the warrant, and
 - (b) the warrant is issued with a view to his arrest and extradition to the United Kingdom for the purpose of being prosecuted for the offence.
- (5) The statement is one that—
 - (a) the person in respect of whom the warrant is issued [F4 has been convicted]F4 of an extradition offence specified in the warrant by a court in the United Kingdom, and
 - (b) the warrant is issued with a view to his arrest and extradition to the United Kingdom for the purpose of being sentenced for the offence or of serving a sentence of imprisonment or another form of detention imposed in respect of the offence.
- (6) The certificate is one certifying—
 - (a) whether the conduct constituting the extradition offence specified in the warrant falls within the European framework list;
 - (b) whether the offence is an extra-territorial offence;
 - (c) what is the maximum punishment that may be imposed on conviction of the offence or (if the person has been sentenced for the offence) what sentence has been imposed.
- (7) The conduct which falls within the European framework list must be taken for the purposes of subsection (6)(a) to include conduct which constitutes—
 - (a) an attempt, conspiracy or incitement to carry out conduct falling within the list, or
 - (b) aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the carrying out of conduct falling within the list.
- [F5(8) A domestic warrant is a warrant for the arrest or apprehension of a person which is issued under any of the provisions referred to in subsection (8A), or at common law by a Crown Court judge in Northern Ireland.
- (8A) The provisions are—
 - (a) section 72 of the Criminal Justice Act 1967;
 - (b) section 7 of the Bail Act 1976;
 - (c) section 51 of the Judicature (Northern Ireland) Act 1978;
 - (d) section 1 of the Magistrates' Courts Act 1980;
 - (e) Article 20 or 25 of the Magistrates' Courts (Northern Ireland) Order 1981 (S.I. 1981/1675 (N.I. 26));
 - (f) the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995.]
- F5(9) An appropriate person is a person of a description specified in an order made by the Secretary of State for the purposes of this section.
 - (10) Subsection (1)(a) applies to Scotland with the substitution of "a procurator fiscal" for "a constable or an appropriate person".

Status: Point in time view as at 03/12/2014. This version of this provision has been superseded.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects
for the Extradition Act 2003, Section 142. (See end of Document for details)

Textual Amendments

- F1 Words in s. 142(1)(b) inserted (15.1.2007) by Police and Justice Act 2006 (c. 48), ss. 42, 53, Sch. 13 para. 21(1); S.I. 2006/3364, art. 2(d)(e)
- F2 S. 142(2)(2A) substituted (15.1.2007) for s. 142(2) by Police and Justice Act 2006 (c. 48), ss. 42, 53, Sch. 13 para. 21(2); S.I. 2006/3364, art. 2(d)(e)
- F3 S. 142(2A) substituted (21.7.2014) by Anti-social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 (c. 12), ss. 165, 185(1) (with ss. 21, 33, 42, 58, 75, 93); S.I. 2014/1916, art. 2(k)
- F4 Words in s. 142(5)(a) substituted (15.1.2007) by Police and Justice Act 2006 (c. 48), ss. 42, 53, Sch. 13 para. 1(3); S.I. 2006/3364, art. 2(d)(e)
- F5 S. 142(8)(8A) substituted (15.1.2007) for s. 142(8) by Police and Justice Act 2006 (c. 48), ss. 42, 53, Sch. 13 para. 22; S.I. 2006/3364, art. 2(d)(e)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C1 S. 142(7)(a) modified (E.W.N.I.) (1.10.2008) by Serious Crime Act 2007 (c. 27), ss. 62(2), 94, Sch. 6 para. 46 (with Sch. 13 para. 5); S.I. 2008/2504, art. 2(a)
- C2 S. 142(8A) applied (with modifications) (N.I.) (3.12.2014) by The Criminal Justice and Data Protection (Protocol No. 36) Regulations 2014 (S.I. 2014/3141), regs. 1(b), 98(8)

Commencement Information

I1 Act wholly in force at 1.1.2004, see s. 221 and S.I. 2003/3103, art. 2 (subject to arts. 3-5) (as amended by S.I. 2003/3258 art. 2(2) and S.I. 2003/3312 art. 2(2))

Status:

Point in time view as at 03/12/2014. This version of this provision has been superseded.

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Extradition Act 2003, Section 142.