# SCHEDULES

		VALID FROM 03/04/2006
	SCHEDULE 1 U.K. Powers to make rules	Section 12
		VALID FROM 03/04/2006
	SCHEDULE 2 U.K.	Section 13
	POWERS TO GIVE DIRECTIONS	
	PART 1 U.K.	
	THE PROCESS	
	Interpretation	
1	In this Part "designated directions" means directions are, by virtue of provision in that Act, to be made or this Part.	
	The process	
2	(1) It is for the Lord Chief Justice, or a judicial office hold Chief Justice with the agreement of the Lord Chancellor, t directions.	
	(2) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office h sub-paragraph (1)—	nolder in accordance with
	(a) to make or give designated directions generally,	
	(b) to make or give designated directions under a pa	rticular enactment.
	<ul> <li>(3) In this Part—</li> <li>(a) "judicial office holder" has the same meaning as</li> <li>(b) references to the Lord Chief Justice's nominee, directions, mean a judicial office holder nomi Justice under sub-paragraph (1) to make or give</li> </ul>	in relation to designated nated by the Lord Chief

	Status: Point in time view as at 01/10/2005. Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)
3	(1) The Lord Chief Justice, or his nominee, may make or give designated directions only with the agreement of the Lord Chancellor.
	<ul> <li>(2) Sub-paragraph (1) does not apply to designated directions to the extent that they consist of guidance about any of the following— <ul> <li>(a) the application or interpretation of the law;</li> <li>(b) the making of judicial decisions.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	(3) Sub-paragraph (1) does not apply to designated directions to the extent that they consist of criteria for determining which judges may be allocated to hear particular categories of case; but the directions may, to that extent, be made or given only after consulting the Lord Chancellor.
	(4) If sub-paragraph (1) applies but the Lord Chancellor does not agree designated directions made or given by the Lord Chief Justice, or by his nominee, the Lord Chancellor must give that person written reasons why he does not agree the directions.
	PART 2 U.K.
	Powers of direction subject to the process in Part 1
	Courts-Martial (Appeals) Act 1968 (c. 20)
4	(1) Section 4 of the Courts-Martial (Appeals) Act 1968 is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (1) for "by the Lord Chief Justice with the consent of the Lord Chancellor" substitute " in accordance with Part 1 of Schedule 2 to the Constitutional Reform Act 2005".
	(3) In subsection (2) for "If the Lord Chief Justice so directs" substitute " If such directions so provide ".
	(4) In subsection (3) for "the Lord Chief Justice shall direct" substitute " such directions may provide ".
	Supreme Court Act 1981 (c. 54)
5	In section 124 of the Supreme Court Act 1981 (place for deposit of original wills and other documents), for "as the Lord Chancellor may direct" substitute " as may be provided for in directions given in accordance with Part 1 of Schedule 2 to the Constitutional Reform Act 2005 ".
	Civil Procedure Act 1997 (c. 12)
6	For section 5 of the Civil Procedure Act 1997 substitute—
	<b>"5 Practice directions</b>
	(1) Practice directions may be given in accordance with Part 1 of Schedule 2 to the Constitutional Reform Act 2005.
	(2) Practice directions given otherwise than under subsection (1) may not be given without the approval of—

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	<ul><li>(a) the Lord Chancellor, and</li><li>(b) the Lord Chief Justice.</li></ul>
	(3) Practice directions (whether given under subsection (1) or otherwise) may provide for any matter which, by virtue of paragraph 3 of Schedule 1, may be provided for by Civil Procedure Rules.
	<ul> <li>(4) The power to give practice directions under subsection (1) includes power— <ul> <li>(a) to vary or revoke directions given by any person;</li> <li>(b) to give directions containing different provision for different cases (including different areas);</li> <li>(c) to give directions containing provision for a specific court, for specific proceedings or for a specific jurisdiction.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>(5) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to directions to the extent that they consist of guidance about any of the following— <ul> <li>(a) the application or interpretation of the law;</li> <li>(b) the making of judicial decisions.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>(6) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to directions to the extent that they consist of criteria for determining which judges may be allocated to hear particular categories of case; but the directions may, to that extent, be given only— <ul> <li>(a) after consulting the Lord Chancellor, and</li> <li>(b) with the approval of the Lord Chief Justice."</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	Courts Act 2003 (c. 39)
7	The Courts Act 2003 is amended as follows.
8	(1) Section 74 (practice directions as to practice and procedure of criminal courts) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (1) for "The Lord Chief Justice may, with the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor, give directions" substitute "Directions may be given in accordance with Part 1 of Schedule 2 to the Constitutional Reform Act 2005".
	<ul> <li>(3) In subsection (2) for the words from "may not be given" to the end substitute "given otherwise than under subsection (1) may not be given without the approval of— <ul> <li>(a) the Lord Chancellor, and</li> <li>(b) the Lord Chief Justice."</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	(4) In subsection (3)(a) for "by the Lord Chief Justice or any other person" substitute "under subsection (1) or otherwise".
	(5) For subsection (4) substitute—
	<ul> <li>"(4) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to directions to the extent that they consist of guidance about any of the following— <ul> <li>(a) the application or interpretation of the law;</li> <li>(b) the making of judicial decisions.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

<ul> <li>(5) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to directions to the extent that they consist of criteria for determining which judges may be allocated to hear particular categories of case; but the directions may, to that extent, be given only— <ul> <li>(a) after consulting the Lord Chancellor, and</li> <li>(b) with the approval of the Lord Chief Justice."</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
9 (1) Section 81 (practice directions relating to family proceedings) is amended as follows.
<ul><li>(2) In subsection (1) for "The President of the Family Division may, with the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor, give directions" substitute "Directions may be given in accordance with Part 1 of Schedule 2 to the Constitutional Reform Act 2005 ".</li></ul>
<ul> <li>(3) In subsection (2) for the words from "may not be given" to the end substitute "given otherwise than under subsection (1) may not be given without the approval of— <ul> <li>(a) the Lord Chancellor, and</li> <li>(b) the Lord Chief Justice."</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ul><li>(4) In subsection (3)(a) for "by the President of the Family Division or any other person" substitute " under subsection (1) or otherwise ".</li></ul>
(5) After subsection (3) insert—
<ul> <li>"(4) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to directions to the extent that they consist of guidance about any of the following— <ul> <li>(a) the application or interpretation of the law;</li> <li>(b) the making of judicial decisions.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ul> <li>(5) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to directions to the extent that they consist of criteria for determining which judges may be allocated to hear particular categories of case; but the directions may, to that extent, be given only— <ul> <li>(a) after consulting the Lord Chancellor, and</li> <li>(b) with the approval of the Lord Chief Justice."</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
VALID FROM 03/04/2006
SCHEDULE 3 U.K. Section 14
TRANSFER OF APPOINTMENT FUNCTIONS TO HER MAJESTY
District Judges

(1) For section 6 of the County Courts Act 1984 (c. 28) substitute—

### **"6 District judges**

1

(1) Her Majesty may, on the recommendation of the Lord Chancellor, appoint district judges.

<ul> <li>"100 District judges <ul> <li>(1) The Lord Chief Justice, after consulting the Lord Chancellor— <ul> <li>(a) may assign a district judge to one or more district registries;</li> <li>(b) may change an assignment so as to assign the district judge to a different district registry or registries (or to no district registry).</li> </ul> </li> <li>(2) A reference in any enactment or other instrument to the district judge of a district registry is a reference to any district judge assigned to the registry concerned.</li> <li>(3) Every district judge is, by virtue of his office, capable of acting in any district registry whether or not assigned to it, but may do so only in accordance with arrangements made by or on behalf of the Lord Chief Justice.</li> <li>(4) Whilst a district judge is assigned to one or more district registries in accordance with subsection (1) he is a district judge of the High Court."</li> </ul></li></ul>		
<ul> <li>a district or of a county court is a reference to any district judge assigned to the district concerned.</li> <li>(4) Every district judge is, by virtue of his office, capable of acting in any district whether or not assigned to it, but may do so only in accordance with arrangements made by or on behalf of the Lord Chief Justice.</li> <li>(5) A district judge is to be paid such salary as may be determined by the Lord Chancellor with the concurrence of the Treasury.</li> <li>(6) A salary payable under this section may be increased but not reduced by a determination or further determination under this section."</li> <li>(2) That section as substituted applies to a district judge holding office by virtue of an appointment made before the commencement of sub-paragraph (1) as if he had been assigned to the district or districts for which he was appointed.</li> <li>2 (1) For sections 100 and 101 of the Supreme Court Act 1981 (c. 54) substitute—</li> <li>"100 District judges</li> <li>(1) The Lord Chief Justice, after consulting the Lord Chancellor— <ul> <li>(a) may assign a district judge to one or more district registries;</li> <li>(b) may change an assignment so as to assign the district judge to a different district registry or registries (or to no district registry).</li> </ul> </li> <li>(2) A reference in any enactment or other instrument to the district judge of a district registry is a reference to any district judge assigned to the registry concerned.</li> <li>(3) Every district judge is, by virtue of his office, capable of acting in any district registry whether or not assigned to it, but may do so only in accordance with arrangements made by or on behalf of the Lord Chief Justice.</li> <li>(4) Whilst a district judge is assigned to one or more district registries in accordance with subsection (1) he is a district judge of the High Court."</li> <li>(2) That section as substituted applies to a district judge of the High Court."</li> </ul>		<ul><li>(a) must assign each district judge to one or more districts;</li><li>(b) may change an assignment so as to assign the district judge to a</li></ul>
<ul> <li>district whether or not assigned to it, but may do so only in accordance with arrangements made by or on behalf of the Lord Chief Justice.</li> <li>(5) A district judge is to be paid such salary as may be determined by the Lord Chancellor with the concurrence of the Treasury.</li> <li>(6) A salary payable under this section may be increased but not reduced by a determination or further determination under this section."</li> <li>(2) That section as substituted applies to a district judge holding office by virtue of an appointment made before the commencement of sub-paragraph (1) as if he had been assigned to the district or districts for which he was appointed.</li> <li>2 (1) For sections 100 and 101 of the Supreme Court Act 1981 (c. 54) substitute—</li> <li>"100 District judges</li> <li>(1) The Lord Chief Justice, after consulting the Lord Chancellor— <ul> <li>(a) may assign a district judge to one or more district registries;</li> <li>(b) may change an assignment so as to assign the district judge to a different district registry or registries (or to no district registry).</li> </ul> </li> <li>(2) A reference in any enactment or other instrument to the district judge of a district registry is a reference to any district judge assigned to the registry concerned.</li> <li>(3) Every district judge is, by virtue of his office, capable of acting in any district registry whether or not assigned to it, but may do so only in accordance with arrangements made by or on behalf of the Lord Chief Justice.</li> <li>(4) Whilst a district judge is assigned to one or more district registries in accordance with subsection (1) he is a district judge holding office by virtue of</li> </ul>	a d	listrict or of a county court is a reference to any district judge assigned
<ul> <li>Chancellor with the concurrence of the Treasury.</li> <li>(6) A salary payable under this section may be increased but not reduced by a determination or further determination under this section."</li> <li>(2) That section as substituted applies to a district judge holding office by virtue of an appointment made before the commencement of sub-paragraph (1) as if he had been assigned to the district or districts for which he was appointed.</li> <li>2 (1) For sections 100 and 101 of the Supreme Court Act 1981 (c. 54) substitute—</li> <li>"100 District judges</li> <li>(1) The Lord Chief Justice, after consulting the Lord Chancellor— <ul> <li>(a) may assign a district judge to one or more district registries;</li> <li>(b) may change an assignment so as to assign the district judge to a different district registry or registries (or to no district registry).</li> </ul> </li> <li>(2) A reference in any enactment or other instrument to the district judge of a district registry is a reference to any district judge assigned to the registry concerned.</li> <li>(3) Every district judge is, by virtue of his office, capable of acting in any district registry whether or not assigned to it, but may do so only in accordance with arrangements made by or on behalf of the Lord Chief Justice.</li> <li>(4) Whilst a district judge is assigned to one or more district registries in accordance with subsection (1) he is a district judge office by virtue of</li> </ul>	dis	trict whether or not assigned to it, but may do so only in accordance with
<ul> <li>determination or further determination under this section."</li> <li>(2) That section as substituted applies to a district judge holding office by virtue of an appointment made before the commencement of sub-paragraph (1) as if he had been assigned to the district or districts for which he was appointed.</li> <li>2 (1) For sections 100 and 101 of the Supreme Court Act 1981 (c. 54) substitute—</li> <li>"100 District judges <ul> <li>(1) The Lord Chief Justice, after consulting the Lord Chancellor—</li> <li>(a) may assign a district judge to one or more district registries;</li> <li>(b) may change an assignment so as to assign the district judge to a different district registry or registries (or to no district registry).</li> </ul> </li> <li>(2) A reference in any enactment or other instrument to the district judge of a district registry is a reference to any district judge assigned to the registry concerned.</li> <li>(3) Every district judge is, by virtue of his office, capable of acting in any district registry whether or not assigned to it, but may do so only in accordance with arrangements made by or on behalf of the Lord Chief Justice.</li> <li>(4) Whilst a district judge is assigned to one or more district registries in accordance with subsection (1) he is a district judge of the High Court."</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>an appointment made before the commencement of sub-paragraph (1) as if he had been assigned to the district or districts for which he was appointed.</li> <li>(1) For sections 100 and 101 of the Supreme Court Act 1981 (c. 54) substitute—</li> <li>"100 District judges <ul> <li>(1) The Lord Chief Justice, after consulting the Lord Chancellor—</li> <li>(a) may assign a district judge to one or more district registries;</li> <li>(b) may change an assignment so as to assign the district judge to a different district registry or registries (or to no district registry).</li> </ul> </li> <li>(2) A reference in any enactment or other instrument to the district judge of a district registry is a reference to any district judge assigned to the registry concerned.</li> <li>(3) Every district judge is, by virtue of his office, capable of acting in any district registry whether or not assigned to it, but may do so only in accordance with arrangements made by or on behalf of the Lord Chief Justice.</li> <li>(4) Whilst a district judge is assigned to one or more district registries in accordance with subsection (1) he is a district judge of the High Court."</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>"100 District judges <ul> <li>(1) The Lord Chief Justice, after consulting the Lord Chancellor— <ul> <li>(a) may assign a district judge to one or more district registries;</li> <li>(b) may change an assignment so as to assign the district judge to a different district registry or registries (or to no district registry).</li> </ul> </li> <li>(2) A reference in any enactment or other instrument to the district judge of a district registry is a reference to any district judge assigned to the registry concerned.</li> <li>(3) Every district judge is, by virtue of his office, capable of acting in any district registry whether or not assigned to it, but may do so only in accordance with arrangements made by or on behalf of the Lord Chief Justice.</li> <li>(4) Whilst a district judge is assigned to one or more district registries in accordance with subsection (1) he is a district judge of the High Court."</li> </ul></li></ul>	an appointr	ment made before the commencement of sub-paragraph (1) as if he had
<ul> <li>(1) The Lord Chief Justice, after consulting the Lord Chancellor— <ul> <li>(a) may assign a district judge to one or more district registries;</li> <li>(b) may change an assignment so as to assign the district judge to a different district registry or registries (or to no district registry).</li> </ul> </li> <li>(2) A reference in any enactment or other instrument to the district judge of a district registry is a reference to any district judge assigned to the registry concerned.</li> <li>(3) Every district judge is, by virtue of his office, capable of acting in any district registry whether or not assigned to it, but may do so only in accordance with arrangements made by or on behalf of the Lord Chief Justice.</li> <li>(4) Whilst a district judge is assigned to one or more district registries in accordance with subsection (1) he is a district judge of the High Court."</li> </ul>	2 (1) For section	s 100 and 101 of the Supreme Court Act 1981 (c. 54) substitute—
<ul> <li>(a) may assign a district judge to one or more district registries;</li> <li>(b) may change an assignment so as to assign the district judge to a different district registry or registries (or to no district registry).</li> <li>(2) A reference in any enactment or other instrument to the district judge of a district registry is a reference to any district judge assigned to the registry concerned.</li> <li>(3) Every district judge is, by virtue of his office, capable of acting in any district registry whether or not assigned to it, but may do so only in accordance with arrangements made by or on behalf of the Lord Chief Justice.</li> <li>(4) Whilst a district judge is assigned to one or more district registries in accordance with subsection (1) he is a district judge of the High Court."</li> </ul>	"100 Distr	ict judges
<ul> <li>district registry is a reference to any district judge assigned to the registry concerned.</li> <li>(3) Every district judge is, by virtue of his office, capable of acting in any district registry whether or not assigned to it, but may do so only in accordance with arrangements made by or on behalf of the Lord Chief Justice.</li> <li>(4) Whilst a district judge is assigned to one or more district registries in accordance with subsection (1) he is a district judge of the High Court."</li> <li>(2) That section as substituted applies to a district judge holding office by virtue of</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>(a) may assign a district judge to one or more district registries;</li> <li>(b) may change an assignment so as to assign the district judge to a</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>district registry whether or not assigned to it, but may do so only in accordance with arrangements made by or on behalf of the Lord Chief Justice.</li> <li>(4) Whilst a district judge is assigned to one or more district registries in accordance with subsection (1) he is a district judge of the High Court."</li> <li>(2) That section as substituted applies to a district judge holding office by virtue of</li> </ul>	dis	trict registry is a reference to any district judge assigned to the registry
accordance with subsection (1) he is a district judge of the High Court." (2) That section as substituted applies to a district judge holding office by virtue of	dis	trict registry whether or not assigned to it, but may do so only in cordance with arrangements made by or on behalf of the Lord Chief
been assigned to the district registry or registries for which he was appointed.	an appointr	ment made before the commencement of sub-paragraph (1) as if he had
(3) In section 102 of that Act (deputy district judges) for subsection (4) substitute—	(3) In section 1	02 of that Act (deputy district judges) for subsection (4) substitute—
"(4) A person appointed to be a deputy district judge in a district registry has, while acting under this section, the same jurisdiction as a district judge assigned to that registry."	wh	ile acting under this section, the same jurisdiction as a district judge

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	High Court Master	s and Registrars
	ction 89 of the Supreme Court A lended as follows.	ct 1981 (c. 54) (masters and registrars)
	subsection (1), for the words from Her Majesty. "	"the Lord Chancellor" to the end substitu
(3) Af	ter that subsection insert—	
		pointments under subsection (1) is such the to time by the Lord Chancellor with t
(4) Fo	r subsection (3) substitute—	
		recommendation of the Lord Chancell ce listed in the first column of the table fice").
	of that table ("the qua	he corresponding entry in the second colur lifying office"), or qualifying office but could be appointed to
	<ul> <li>(3B) Where a person who is to be appointed to a senior office meets the condition in subsection (3A)(b) he shall, when appointed to the senior office, also be appointed to the qualifying office.</li> <li>(3C) This is the table referred to in subsections (3) and (3A)—</li> </ul>	
Sen	ior office	Qualifying office
Senio Divis	or Master of the Queen's Bench sion	Master of the Queen's Bench Division
Chie	f Chancery Master	Master of the Chancery Division
Chie	f Taxing Master	Taxing master of the Senior Courts
Chie	f Bankruptcy Registrar	Registrar in bankruptcy of the High Court
Senio Divis	or District Judge of the Family	Registrar of the Principal Registry of the Family Division".

(5) Before subsection (8) insert—

"(7A) A person appointed under subsection (1) is to be paid such salary, and a person appointed to a senior office is to be paid such additional salary, as may be determined by the Lord Chancellor with the concurrence of the Treasury.

(7B) A salary payable under or by virtue of this section—

- (a) may in any case be increased, but
- (b) may not, in the case of a salary payable in respect of an office listed in column 1 of Part 2 of Schedule 2 or of a senior office, be reduced,

	by a determination or further determination under this section."		
	Commencement Information		
	<ul> <li>Sch. 3 para. 3 partly in force; Sch. 3 para. 3 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 148; Sch. 3 para. 3(1)</li> <li>(4) in force at 3.4.2006 by S.I. 2006/1014, art. 2(a), Sch. 1 para. 9; Sch. 3 para. 3(2)(3)(5) in force for specified purposes at 3.4.2006 by S.I. 2006/1014, art. 2(a), Sch. 1 para. 9</li> </ul>		
4	In section 93(2) of the Mental Health Act 1983 (c. 20) (Court of Protection) for "the Lord Chancellor" substitute "Her Majesty".		
	Senior District Judge (Chief Magistrate)		
5	In section 23 of the Courts Act 2003 (c. 39) (Senior District Judge (Chief Magistrate))— (a) for "The Lord Chancellor" substitute "Her Majesty"; (b) for "he" substitute " she".		
6	In section 10A(2) of the Justices of the Peace Act 1997 (c. 25) (until the coming into force of the repeal of that Act by the Courts Act 2003) for "The Lord Chancellor" substitute "Her Majesty".		

# SCHEDULE 4 U.K.

Section 15

OTHER FUNCTIONS OF THE LORD CHANCELLOR AND ORGANISATION OF THE COURTS

# PART 1 U.K.

### AMENDMENTS

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

### Ecclesiastical Licences Act 1533 (c. 21)

- (1) In section 11 of the Ecclesiastical Licences Act 1533 (refusal of archbishop to grant licences etc.) any reference to the Lord Chancellor or Lord Keeper of the Great Seal (however expressed) is to be read as a reference to the Chancellor of the High Court.
  - (2) The Chancellor of the High Court may nominate another judge of that court to exercise his functions under that section.

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

Habeas Corpus Act 1679 (c. 2)

The Habeas Corpus Act 1679 is amended as follows.

1

2

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

3	In section 1 (bringing before Lord Chancellor or other judges) omit "the lord chauncelior or lord keeper of the great seale of England for the time being or".
4	<ul> <li>In section 2 (appeal to Lord Chancellor or other judges) omit—</li> <li>(a) "the lord chauncellour or lord keeper or" in each place;</li> </ul>
	(b) "lord chauncellor lord keeper";
	(c) "the said lord chauncellor or lord keeper or" in the first and second places;
	(d) "lord chauncellor or lord keeper or" in the last place.
5	In section 9 (Lord Chancellor or other judge unduly denying writ) omit "the said lord chauncellor or lord keeper or".

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

### Cestui que Vie Act 1707 (c. 72)

Any reference to the Lord Chancellor and keeper or commissioners for the custody of the great seal of Great Britain for the time being in section 1 of the Cestui que Vie Act 1707 is to be construed as a reference to a judge of the Chancery Division of the High Court.

PROSPECTIVE

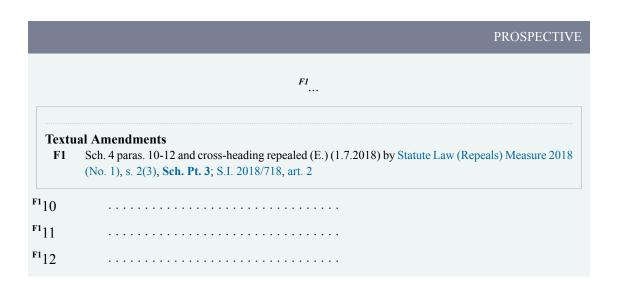
Pluralities Act 1838 (c. 106)

The Pluralities Act 1838 is amended as follows.

- 8 (1) Section 126 (consent of patron etc. where patronage in the Crown) is amended as follows.
  - (2) For the words from "if such benefice shall be above" to "great seal" substitute " unless such benefice shall be within the patronage of the crown in right of the duchy of Lancaster, the instrument by which the power shall be exercised shall be executed by, and any such notice shall be given to, the Prime Minister".
  - (3) Omit "or persons".
- 9 (1) Section 128 (consent of patron etc. where patronage attached to duchy of Cornwall) is amended as follows.
  - (2) For the words from "the same" to "benefice in the patronage of the crown" substitute "the Prime Minister, in accordance with section 126".
  - (3) Omit "or persons" in the second place.

6

7



### Public Notaries Act 1843 (c. 90)

- 13 (1) Section 5 of the Public Notaries Act 1843 (refusal of master of faculties to grant a faculty) is amended as follows.
  - (2) For "chancellor of England or the lord keeper of the great seal" substitute " Chancellor of the High Court".
  - (3) At the end of that section insert— "The Chancellor of the High Court may nominate another judge of that court to exercise his functions under this section."
  - (4) This paragraph is subject to section 2(3) and (4) of the Statute Law (Repeals) Act 1998 (repeals relating to Isle of Man and Channel Islands).

### PROSPECTIVE

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

### Inclosure Act 1859 (22 & 23 Vict. c. 43)

14 In section 12 of the Inclosure Act 1859 (adaptation of references to patron where patronage is in the Crown) for the words from "Lord High" to "Great Seal" substitute " Prime Minister ".

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
15	British Law Ascertainment Act 1859 (c. 63) In section 5 of the British Law Ascertainment Act 1859 (interpretation) omit "the Lord Chancellor,".

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
	Promissory Oaths Act 1871 (c. 48)
16	(1) Section 2 of the Promissory Oaths Act 1871 (persons before whom oaths to be taken) (as amended by paragraph 51 of Schedule 8 to the Courts Act 2003 (c. 39)) is amended as follows.
	(2) In the paragraph beginning "In England and Wales" for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales ".
	(3) After that paragraph insert— " The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under the preceding paragraph."
	(4) After the paragraph beginning "In Ireland" insert—
	<ul> <li>"The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under the preceding paragraph— <ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
	Stannaries Court (Abolition) Act 1896 (c. 45)
17	(1) Section 1 of the Stannaries Court (Abolition) Act 1896 (abolition of Vice-Warden's Court) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (1) after "may" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
	(3) After subsection (2) insert—
	"(3) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

### PROSPECTIVE

### Judicial Committee Act 1915 (c. 92)

- 18 (1) Section 1 of the Judicial Committee Act 1915 (power of Judicial Committee of the Privy Council to sit in more than one division at the same time) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " President of the Supreme Court of the United Kingdom ".

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
	Administration of Justice Act 1925 (c. 28)
19	(1) Section 22 of the Administration of Justice Act 1925 (registration of deeds of arrangement) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (5) for "by the Lord Chancellor with the concurrence" substitute " by the Lord Chief Justice with the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor and ".
	(3) After subsection (5) insert—
	"(5A) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (5)."
	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
	Children and Young Persons Act 1933 (c. 12)
20	(1) Section 45 of the Children and Young Persons Act 1933 (youth courts) (as amended by section 50 of the Courts Act 2003 (c. 39)) is amended as follows.
	<ul><li>(2) In subsection (3) for "Lord Chancellor or a person acting on his behalf" substitute "Lord Chief Justice, with the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor,".</li></ul>

- (3) In subsection (4) for "Lord Chancellor may" substitute " Lord Chief Justice may, with the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor, ".
- (4) In subsection (5) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " or Lord Chief Justice ".
- (5) After subsection (8) insert—
  - "(9) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (3) or (4) or his powers under rules under subsection (4)."

### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

### Compensation (Defence) Act 1939 (c. 75)

- 21 (1) The Compensation (Defence) Act 1939 is amended as follows.
  - (2) For the title to section 9 substitute " Incidental powers of tribunals and rules of procedure ".
  - (3) Omit section 9(1)(a) (powers of tribunals to make rules of procedure).
  - (4) After section 9(1) insert—

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	cribing the procedure for notifying, presenting and hearing
	all matters incidental thereto may be made in relation to each nals constituted under this Act.
(1B) Such rules	are to be made as follows—
	ne rules relate to proceedings in England and Wales, they are to made by the Lord Chancellor;
	ne rules relate to proceedings in Scotland, they are to be made the Lord President of the Court of Session;
be	he rules relate to proceedings in Northern Ireland, they are to made by the Lord Chancellor with the concurrence of the Lord ef Justice of Northern Ireland."
(5) In subsection (2) for rules ".	the words from the beginning to "subsection" substitute " Such
(6) After subsection (3)	insert—
Court of Se	resident of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the ssion who is a member of the First or Second Division of the e of that Court to exercise his functions under this section.
following to (a) the	Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the o exercise his functions under this section— holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice orthern Ireland) Act 2002;
(b) a L	ord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
	plication to Scotland and Northern Ireland)-
	section (2); ection (4) substitute—
	Sections seven and nine of this Act shall have effect with these modifications—
	<ul> <li>(a) in their application to proceedings in Scotland before a tribunal constituted under this Act, for references to the High Court there shall be substituted references to the Court of Session;</li> </ul>
	(b) in their application to proceedings in Northern Ireland before a tribunal constituted under this Act, for references to the High Court there shall be substituted references to the High Court of Justice in Northern Ireland."
	VALID FROM 03/04/2006

London Building Acts (Amendment) Act 1939 (c. xcvii)

23 (1) Section 109 of the London Building Acts (Amendment) Act 1939 (constitution etc of tribunal appeal) is amended as follows.

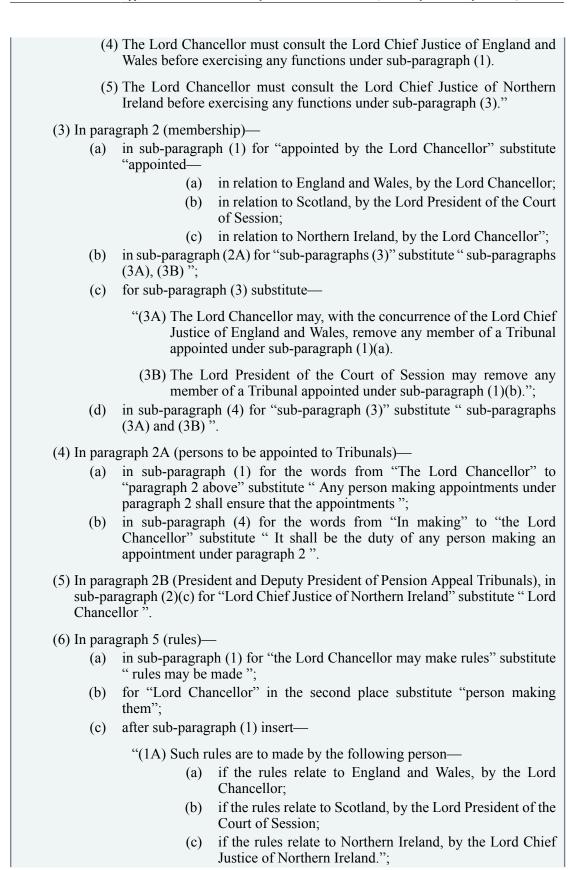
**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (2) In subsection (1)(i) for "if he thinks fit" substitute ", if he thinks fit and if the Lord Chief Justice agrees, ".
- (3) After subsection (2) insert—
  - "(3) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

Pensions Appeal Tribunals Act 1943 (c. 39)
24 The Pension Appeal Tribunals Act 1943 is amended as follows.
25 In section 6D (procedure in proceedings before Commissioner), after subsection (8) insert—
<ul> <li>"(9) In the application of this section to Northern Ireland—</li> <li>(a) for any reference to the Social Security Act 1998 there shall be substituted a reference to the Social Security (Northern Ireland) Order 1998;</li> <li>(b) for any reference to section 16 of that Act there shall be</li> </ul>
substituted a reference to Article 16 of that Order."
26 Omit section 13 (application to Scotland).
27 Omit section 14 (application to Northern Ireland).
<ul> <li>(1) The Schedule (constitution, jurisdiction and procedure of Tribunals) is amended as follows.</li> <li>(2) For paragraph 1 substitute—</li> </ul>
<ul><li>"1 (1) There shall be constituted in England and Wales such number of Pensions Appeal Tribunals as the Lord Chancellor may from time to time determine; and they shall sit at such times and in such places as he may from time to time determine.</li></ul>
(2) There shall be constituted in Scotland such number of Pensions Appeal Tribunals as the Lord President of the Court of Session may from time to time determine; and they shall sit at such times and in such places as he may from time to time determine.
(3) There shall be constituted in Northern Ireland such number of Pensions Appeal Tribunals as the Lord Chancellor may from time to time determine; and they shall sit at such times and in such places as he may from time to time determine.

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)



- (d) in sub-paragraph (4)(b) after "Lord Chancellor" insert ", or in relation to Scotland by the Lord President of the Court of Session, in either case".
- (7) Before paragraph 8 insert—
  - "7B (1) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under paragraph 1.
    - (2) The Lord President of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session who is a member of the First or Second Division of the Inner House of that Court to exercise his functions under any of the provisions listed in sub-paragraph (3).
    - (3) Those provisions are—
      - (a) paragraph 3C(2)(b);
      - (b) paragraph 5(1A)(b).
    - (4) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under any of the provisions listed in sub-paragraph (5)—
      - (a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;
      - (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act).
    - (5) Those provisions are—
      - (a) paragraph 1;
      - (b) paragraph 3C(2)(c);
      - (c) paragraph 5(1A)(c)."

### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

### Agriculture Act 1947 (c. 48)

- 29 The Agriculture Act 1947 is amended, or has effect, as follows.
- 30 In section 73 (establishment, constitution and procedure of Agricultural Land Tribunals), in subsection (1) for the words before "by order" substitute "For the purposes of this section the Lord Chancellor shall, after consulting the Chairman of the Agricultural Land Tribunals, ".
- 31 (1) The functions of the Lord Chancellor under section 75 (provisions as to land lying partly in one area and partly in another) are exercisable only after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice.
  - (2) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of this Act) to exercise his functions under sub-paragraph (1).
- 32 In section 108 (regulations and orders), in subsection (1) omit "by the Minister" in the second place.
- 33 (1) Schedule 9 (constitution of Agricultural Land Tribunals) is amended as follows.

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (2) In paragraph 13 (chairman of each Tribunal), in sub-paragraph (4)—
  - (a) for "is" substitute " and Lord Chief Justice are both ";
  - (b) after "may" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice, ".

(3) In paragraph 16A (discharge of chairman's duties)—

- (a) that paragraph becomes sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 16A;
- (b) in that sub-paragraph for "Lord Chancellor" substitute "Lord Chief Justice, after consulting the Lord Chancellor ";
- (c) after that sub-paragraph insert—
  - "(2) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under sub-paragraph (1)."

### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

Lands Tribunal Act 1949 (c. 42)

- 34 (1) Section 2 of the Lands Tribunal Act 1949 (members, officers and expenses of Lands Tribunal) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (3) for "Lord Chancellor may" substitute " Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may, after consulting the Lord Chancellor, ".
  - (3) In subsection (4) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " and the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales ".
  - (4) In subsection (9)(a) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " and the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales ".
  - (5) After subsection (10) insert—
    - "(11) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsections (3) and (9A)."

### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

### Registered Designs Act 1949 (c. 88)

- 35 The Registered Designs Act 1949 is amended as follows.
- 36 (1) Section 27 (meaning of the court) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (2) for "Lord Chancellor may select" substitute " Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may, after consulting the Lord Chancellor, select ".
  - (3) After subsection (2) insert—

- "(3) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (2)."
- 37 (1) Section 28 (the Appeal Tribunal) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (2)(a) for "by the Lord Chancellor" substitute " by the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales after consulting the Lord Chancellor".
  - (3) After subsection (10) insert—
    - "(11) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (2)(a)."
- VALID FROM 03/04/2006 Courts-Martial (Appeals) Act 1951 (c. 46) 38 The Courts-Martial (Appeals) Act 1951 is amended as follows. 39 In section 28 (provisions with respect to office of Judge Advocate of fleet), after subsection (3) insert— "(3A) The Lord Chancellor may make a recommendation under subsection (3) only with the concurrence of all of the following-(a) the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales; the Lord President of the Court of Session; (b) (c) the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland." 40 In section 32 (tenure of office of Judge Advocate General and assistants), for subsection (1) substitute— "(1) The Judge Advocate General shall be removable by Her Majesty on the ground of inability or misbehaviour upon a recommendation in that behalf made by the Lord Chancellor with the concurrence of all of the following-(a) the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales; (b) the Lord President of the Court of Session; the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland. (c) (1A) The Vice Judge Advocate General may be removed for inability or misbehaviour by the Lord Chancellor with the concurrence of all of the following-(a) the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales; the Lord President of the Court of Session; (b) the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland. (c) (1B) An Assistant Judge Advocate General may be removed for inability or misbehaviour by the Lord Chancellor with the concurrence of the appropriate senior judge.

(1C) The appropriate senior judge is the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales, unless—

- (a) the Assistant Judge Advocate General exercises functions wholly or mainly in Scotland, in which case it is the Lord President of the Court of Session, or
- (b) the Assistant Judge Advocate General exercises functions wholly or mainly in Northern Ireland, in which case it is the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland."

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

Reserve and Auxiliary Forces (Protection of Civil Interests) Act 1951 (c. 65)

- 41 (1) Section 5 of the Reserve and Auxiliary Forces (Protection of Civil Interests) Act 1951 (appropriate courts and procedure) is amended as follows.
  - (2) After subsection (5) insert—
    - "(5A) The Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales before making rules under subsection (1) that relate to England and Wales.
    - (5B) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (5A)."

### PROSPECTIVE

City of London (Guild Churches) Act 1952 (c. xxxviii)

- 42 In Schedule 1 to the City of London (Guild Churches) Act 1952, for the entries in column 2 (patrons) relating to each of—
  - (a) All Hallows London Wall,
  - (b) St. Margaret Pattens, and
  - (c) St. Mary Aldermary,

substitute "Her Majesty".

### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

### *Pharmacy Act* 1954 (c. 61)

- 43 (1) In Schedule 1C to the Pharmacy Act 1954 (appeal tribunals), paragraph 3 (appointments) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In sub-paragraph (4) for "by the Lord Chancellor and" substitute " by the Lord Chief Justice, after consulting the Lord Chancellor, and by ".
  - (3) After sub-paragraph (5) insert—

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

"(6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this paragraph."

### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

### Mines and Quarries Act 1954 (c. 70)

- 44 (1) Section 170 of the Mines and Quarries Act 1954 (provisions as to references upon notices) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (9) after "Lord Chancellor" insert ", the Lord Chief Justice".
  - (3) After subsection (9) insert—
    - "(10) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (9)."

### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

Land Powers (Defence) Act 1958 (c. 30)

- 45 Schedule 2 to the Land Powers (Defence) Act 1958 (provisions with respect to making certain orders under the Act) is amended as follows.
- 46 (1) Paragraph 4 (inquiries into objections) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In sub-paragraph (1) for "by the Lord Chancellor" substitute " in accordance with sub-paragraph (1A)".
  - (3) After sub-paragraph (1) insert—
    - "(1A) A person to hold an inquiry for the purposes of sub-paragraph (1) is to be appointed as follows—
      - (a) if the inquiry relates to land in England and Wales, the person is to be appointed by the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales after consulting the Lord Chancellor;
      - (b) if the inquiry relates to land in Scotland, the person is to be appointed by the Lord President of the Court of Session;
      - (c) if the inquiry relates to land in Northern Ireland, the person is to be appointed by the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland after consulting Lord Chancellor."
  - (4) In sub-paragraph (3) for "The Lord Chancellor shall by statutory instrument make rules of procedure" substitute " Rules of procedure shall be made by statutory instrument in accordance with sub-paragraph (3A)".
  - (5) After sub-paragraph (3) insert—

"(3A) Rules under sub-paragraph (3) are to be made as follows—

·	Document Generated: 2024-0/-10
	Status: Point in time view as at 01/10/2005. Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)
	(a) if the rules are for the purposes of inquiries held in relation to land in England and Wales, they are to be made by the Lord Chancellor;
	<ul> <li>(b) if the rules are for the purposes of inquiries held in relation to land in Scotland, they are to be made by the Secretary of State after consultation with the Lord President of the Court of Session;</li> </ul>
	(c) if the rules are for the purposes of inquiries held in relation to land in Northern Ireland, they are to be made by the Lord Chancellor after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland."
	<ul><li>(6) In sub-paragraph (4) for the words from "as the Lord Chancellor" to the end substitute "as may be determined, with the approval of the Treasury—</li><li>(a) by the Lord Chancellor, or</li></ul>
	(b) in a case where the Lord President of the Court of Session appointed the person, by the Secretary of State."
	(7) After sub-paragraph (4) insert—
	"(5) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this paragraph.
	(6) The Lord President of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session who is a member of the First or Second Division of the Inner House of that Court to exercise his functions under this paragraph.
	<ul><li>(7) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this paragraph—</li><li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice</li></ul>
	<ul><li>(Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li><li>(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."</li></ul>
47	<ul><li>(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."</li><li>(1) Paragraph 8 (application to court to challenge order) is amended as follows.</li></ul>
4/	
	<ul><li>(2) That paragraph becomes sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 8.</li></ul>
	(3) In that sub-paragraph "for High Court" substitute " appropriate court ".
	(4) After that sub-paragraph insert—
	"(2) In this paragraph "appropriate court" means—
	(a) if the order relates to land in England and Wales, the High Court in England and Wales;
	(b) if the order relates to land in Scotland, the Court of Session;
	(c) if the order relates to land in Northern Ireland, the High Court in Northern Ireland."
48	Omit paragraphs 10 and 11 (modifications for application to Scotland and Northern Ireland).

### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

### Agriculture Act 1958 (c. 71)

49

In the Agriculture Act 1958, in section 5 (functions under section 73 of the Agriculture Act 1947) for "by the Lord Chancellor and not by the Minister" substitute " as provided for in that section ".

### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

### Land Powers (Defence) Act (Inquiries) Rules 1958 (S.I. 1958/2231)

- 50 (1) Rule 2 of the Land Powers (Defence) Act (Inquiries) Rules 1958 (interpretation) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In paragraph (1), in the definition of "appointed person" for the words from "appointed by" to the end substitute " appointed in accordance with subparagraph (1A) of paragraph 4 of the Second Schedule to the Act to hold an inquiry pursuant to that paragraph;".

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

### Mental Health Act 1959 (c. 72)

51 In section 145 of the Mental Health Act 1959 (general provisions as to regulations, orders and rules) omit "or the Lord Chancellor".

### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

### Administration of Justice Act 1960 (c. 65)

52 In section 14 of the Administration of Justice Act 1960 (procedure on application for habeas corpus), in subsection (2) omit "; and no such application shall in any case be made to the Lord Chancellor".

### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

### Transport Act 1962 (c. 46)

- 53 The Transport Act 1962 is amended as follows.
- 54 (1) Section 74 (Minister's power to make orders about pensions) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (6)(c) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " and the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales ".
  - (3) After subsection (9) insert—

	"(10) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
55	(1) Section 81 (compensation to officers and servants of the Commission) is amended as follows
	<ul><li>(2) In subsection (4)(b) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " and the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales ".</li></ul>
	(3) After subsection (10) insert—
	"(11) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
56	(1) In Schedule 7 (transitional provisions) paragraph 17 is amended as follows.
	(2) In sub-paragraph (3) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " and the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales ".
	(3) After sub-paragraph (6) insert—
	"(7) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this paragraph."
57	Schedule 11 (application to Northern Ireland) is amended as follows.
58	(1) Paragraph 6 (appointment of referee or board of referees) is amended as follows.
	(2) That paragraph becomes sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 6.
	(3) After that sub-paragraph insert—
	"(2) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under sub-paragraph (1)—
	<ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> </ul>
	(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
59	Omit paragraph 10.

### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

# City of London (Courts) Act 1964 (c. iv)

- 60 (1) Section 15 of the City of London (Courts) Act 1964 (oaths) is amended as follows.
  - (2) That section becomes subsection (1) of section 15.
  - (3) In that subsection for "Lord Chancellor" substitute "Lord Chief Justice".
  - (4) After that subsection insert—

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

"(2) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (1)."

### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

### *Finance Act* 1966 (c. 18)

- 61 (1) In Schedule 1 to the Finance Act 1966 (reliefs for shipbuilders), paragraph 6 is amended as follows.
  - (2) In sub-paragraph (2)—
    - (a) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales ";
    - (b) before "the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland" insert " by the Lord Chancellor with the concurrence of ".

(3) After sub-paragraph (4) insert—

- "(5) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this paragraph.
- (6) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under sub-paragraph (2)—
  - (a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;
  - (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."

### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

Courts-Martial (Appeals) Act 1968 (c. 20)

- 62 (1) Section 5 of the Courts-Martial (Appeals) Act 1968 (constitution of court for particular sittings) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (4) after "expedient to do so" insert " after consulting the Lord Chief Justice ".
  - (3) After subsection (5) insert—
    - "(6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
63	Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9) The Taxes Management Act 1970 is amended as follows.
64	In section 2 (General Commissioners), after subsection (6) insert-
	"(6A) The Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales or, in Northern Ireland, the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland before exercising any function conferred on him by subsection (1) or (6).
	(6B) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section.
	<ul> <li>(6C) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate one of the following to exercise his functions under this section— <ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> <li>(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
65	<ul><li>(1) Section 4 (Special Commissioners) is amended as follows.</li></ul>
05	
	<ul> <li>(2) After subsection (3) insert—</li> <li>"(3A) The Lord Chancellor may designate a person under subsection (3) only with the concurrence of all of the following— <ul> <li>(a) the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales;</li> <li>(b) the Lord President of the Court of Session;</li> <li>(c) the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland."</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	(3) After subsection (4) insert—
	"(4A) The Lord Chancellor may remove a Special Commissioner from office under subsection (4) only with the concurrence of the appropriate senior judge.
	(4B) The appropriate senior judge is the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales, unless—
	<ul> <li>(a) the Special Commissioner exercises functions wholly or mainly in Scotland, in which case it is the Lord President of the Court of Session, or</li> </ul>
	(b) the Special Commissioner exercises functions wholly or mainly in Northern Ireland, in which case it is the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland."
	(4) After subsection (7) insert—
	"(8) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (3A).

- (9) The Lord President of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session who is a member of the First or Second Division of the Inner House of that Court to exercise his functions under subsection (3A).
- (10) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under subsection (3A)—
  - (a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;
  - (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

## Administration of Justice Act 1970 (c. 31) 66 (1) Section 10 of the Administration of Justice Act 1970 (temporary additional judges of the Registered Designs Appeal Tribunal) is amended as follows. (2) For subsection (1) substitute— "(1) This section applies if both of the following conditions are met the Lord Chancellor thinks that it is expedient, having regard to the state of business pending before the Registered Designs Appeal Tribunal and after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, for a person to be appointed to sit and act as an additional judge of the Tribunal (either alone or with a judge of the High Court who is a judge of the Tribunal); (b) the Lord Chancellor requests the Lord Chief Justice to make such an appointment. (1A) The Lord Chief Justice may, after consulting the Lord Chancellor, appoint one of the following persons as mentioned in subsection (1)(a) a judge of the Court of Appeal; (a) a person who has held office as a judge of the Court of Appeal or (b) of the High Court; one of Her Majesty's Counsel. (c) (1B) An appointment under this section is for such period, or (a) (b) for the purpose of hearing such appeals, as the Lord Chief Justice determines, after consulting the Lord Chancellor." (3) After subsection (4) insert— "(4A) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
	Courts Act 1971 (c. 23)
67	The Courts Act 1971 is amended as follows.
68	In section 17 (retirement, removal and disqualification of Circuit judges), in subsection (4) after "fit" insert " and if the Lord Chief Justice agrees ".
69	(1) Section 21 (appointment of Recorders) is amended as follows.
	(2) For subsections (3) and (4) substitute—
	<ul> <li>"(3) The appointment of a person as a Recorder shall specify the following— <ul> <li>(a) the term for which he is appointed;</li> <li>(b) the frequency and duration of the occasions during that term on which he will be required to be available to undertake the duties of a Recorder;</li> <li>(c) the circumstances in which the Lord Chancellor may— <ul> <li>(i) decline to extend the term of the appointment, or</li> <li>(ii) terminate the appointment,</li> <li>(other than those in subsection (4C)(a) or (b) and subsection (6)</li> <li>(a) or (b)).</li> </ul> </li> <li>(4) Circumstances may be specified under subsection (3)(c) in an appointment only if the Lord Chief Justice agrees.</li> <li>(4A) Subject to subsections (4B) to (5), the Lord Chancellor must extend the</li> </ul></li></ul>
	(4A) Subject to subsections (4B) to (5), the Lord Chancellor must extend the term of a Recorder's appointment (including a term already extended under this subsection) before its expiry, for such term as the Lord Chancellor thinks appropriate.
	(4B) The Lord Chancellor must not extend the term of a Recorder's appointment unless the Recorder agrees to the extension.
	<ul> <li>(4C) The Lord Chancellor may, with the agreement of the Lord Chief Justice, decline to extend the term of a Recorder's appointment on any of these grounds— <ul> <li>(a) the incapacity or misbehaviour of the Recorder;</li> <li>(b) a failure of the Recorder to comply with any requirement specified under subsection (3)(b) in the terms of his appointment;</li> <li>(c) one or more of the circumstances specified under subsection (3)(c) in his appointment applies."</li> </ul></li></ul>
	(3) For subsection (6) substitute—
	<ul> <li>"(6) The Lord Chancellor may, with the agreement of the Lord Chief Justice, terminate the appointment of a Recorder on any of these grounds— <ul> <li>(a) the incapacity or misbehaviour of the Recorder;</li> <li>(b) a failure of the Recorder to comply with any requirement specified under subsection (3)(b) in the terms of his appointment;</li> <li>(c) one or more of the circumstances specified under subsection (3)(c) in his appointment applies."</li> </ul></li></ul>

70	(1) Section 22 (oaths to be taken by Circuit judges and Recorders) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (2) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice ".
	(3) After subsection (3) insert—
	"(3A) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (2)."
71	(1) Section 24 (deputy Circuit judges and assistant Recorders) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (1)—
	(a) for "the Lord Chancellor" substitute " him ";
	(b) omit ", he may";
	(c) in paragraph (a), before "appoint" insert " the Lord Chief Justice may, with the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor, ", and omit the word "or" in the last place where it occurs;
	(d) in paragraph (b), before "appoint" insert " the Lord Chancellor may ".
	(3) After subsection (5) insert—
	"(6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (1)(a)."
72	In the table in paragraph 2 of Schedule 8 (general rules of construction), in the second column of entry 7 and of entry 14 for "Lord Chancellor" in each place substitute "Lord Chief Justice".
73	In Schedule 10 (transitional provisions), omit paragraphs 3 and 4.

### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

### Misuse of Drugs Act 1971 (c. 38)

- 74 (1) Schedule 3 to the Misuse of Drugs Act 1971 (tribunal, advisory bodies and professional panels) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In the table in paragraph 21 (application of Parts 1 to 3 to Northern Ireland), in the entry for paragraph 1—
    - (a) for "the references to the Lord Chancellor and" substitute " any reference to ";
    - (b) for "respectively references to the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland and" substitute " a reference to ".

(3) In that table, in the entry for paragraph 13—

- (a) for "the references to the Lord Chancellor and" substitute " any reference to the ";
- (b) for "respectively references to the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland and" substitute " a reference to ";
- (c) at the end of that entry insert—

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

" After sub-paragraph (2) there shall be inserted-"(3) The Lord Chancellor must obtain the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland before exercising his functions under subparagraph (1)(a). (4) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under sub-paragraph (3) the holder of one of (a) the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002; a Lord Justice of (b) Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act).""

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
75	<i>Land Charges Act 1972 (c. 61)</i> In section 16 of the Land Charges Act 1972 (general rules), in subsection (2) omit "of the Lord Chancellor, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State,".
	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
	Matrimonial Causes Act 1973 (c. 18)
76	(1) Section 10A of the Matrimonial Causes Act 1973 (proceedings after decree nisi: religious marriage) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (6) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " after consulting the Lord Chief Justice ".
	(3) After subsection (7) insert—

"(8) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
	Juries Act 1974 (c. 23)
77	The Juries Act 1974 is amended as follows.
78	In section 5 (panels of persons summoned as jurors), after subsection (4) insert—
	"(5) The Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice before giving any direction under subsection (1).
	(6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
79	(1) Section 9AA (requirement to issue guidance) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (1) after "shall" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
	(3) After subsection (2) insert—
	"(3) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
	Plant Varieties and Seeds Tribunal Rules 1974 (S.I. 1974/1136)
80	(1) Rule 2 of the Plant Varieties and Seeds Tribunals Rules 1974 (interpretation) is amended as follows.

(2) In paragraph (1), in the definition of "the chairman" for the words from "appointed" to "Northern Ireland" in the second place substitute " appointed in accordance with paragraph 2, 3 or 4 of Schedule 3 to the Plant Varieties Act 1997".

### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

### Industry Act 1975 (c. 68)

- 81 (1) Schedule 3 to the Industry Act 1975 (tribunals to arbitrate disputes relating to vesting and compensation orders) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In paragraph 4 (constitution and sittings)—
    - (a) that paragraph becomes sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 4;
    - (b) in that sub-paragraph after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales, the Lord President of the Court of Session and the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland, ";
    - (c) after that sub-paragraph insert—
      - "(2) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the

Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this paragraph.

- (3) The Lord President of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session who is a member of the First or Second Division of the Inner House of that Court to exercise his functions under this paragraph.
- (4) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this paragraph—
  - (a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;
  - (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
- (3) In paragraph 5 (Scottish proceedings) for "paragraph 4" substitute " paragraph 4(1) "
- (4) In paragraph 8(a) (meaning of "appointor") for "paragraph 4" substitute " paragraph 4(1) ".
- (5) After paragraph 8 insert—
  - "8A Where the appointor is, by virtue of paragraph 8(a), the Lord Chancellor, the power conferred by paragraph 6(1)(b) may be exercised only with the concurrence of the appropriate senior judge.
  - 8B The appropriate senior judge is the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales, unless the member to be removed exercises functions wholly or mainly in Northern Ireland, in which case it is the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland."

### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

# Local Land Charges Act 1975 (c. 76) The Local Land Charges Act 1975 is amended as follows. After section 13 insert— **"13A Specification of fees by registering authorities in England**(1) Each registering authority in England must specify fees which are to be payable by persons for services relating to local land charges which are provided to them by the authority. (2) This section does not apply to any fees payable for the making of a personal search (for which see section 14(1)(h)(i) below). (3) Different fees may be specified for different services or descriptions of service. (4) A registering authority may provide for there to be payable.

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	(5) In specifying fees, a registering authority must secure that, taking one financial year with another, the income from fees for each service or description of service, or for each group of services or descriptions of service that they think appropriate, does not exceed the costs of its provision.
	(6) When exercising the duty under subsection (1) above, a registering authority must specify the date on or after which the fees specified under that subsection are to be payable.
	(7) Where the duty under subsection (1) above is exercised by a registering authority, they must publish details of the fees specified under that subsection before the date mentioned in subsection (6) above.
	(8) If any fees specified under subsection (1) above are to be the same immediately before as immediately after the beginning of a financial year, a registering authority must publish details of those fees shortly before the beginning of the financial year.
	(9) In specifying fees or publishing details of fees, a registering authority must have regard to such guidance as the Lord Chancellor may issue.
	<ul> <li>(10) That guidance—</li> <li>(a) may also include provision concerning the manner in which fees are to be paid, and</li> <li>(b) may be framed by reference to guidance issued by a person other than the Lord Chancellor.</li> </ul>
	(11) The Lord Chancellor must lay before both Houses of Parliament any guidance that he issues under this section.
	(12) In this section "financial year" means a period of 12 months beginning with 1st April."
84	(1) Section 9 (official searches) is amended as follows.
	(2) For subsection (3) substitute—
	"(3) In relation to England, the fee (if any) specified by a registering authority under section 13A below shall be payable, in such manner as the authority may specify, in respect of any requisition made under this section to that authority.
	(3A) In relation to Wales, the prescribed fee (if any) shall be payable in the prescribed manner in respect of any requisition made under this section."
	<ul> <li>(3) In subsection (4)— <ul> <li>(a) after "fee" insert " (if any) ";</li> <li>(b) after "(3)" insert " or (3A) ".</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
85	<ul> <li>(1) In section 14 (rules), for subsection (1)(h) substitute—</li> <li>"(h) for prescribing— <ul> <li>(i) in relation to England, the fees, if any, to be paid for the making of any personal search;</li> <li>(ii) in relation to Wales, the fees, if any, to be paid for the filing of documents with a registering authority, the making of</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

any entry on a register, the supply of copies of, or the variation or cancellation of, any such entry, and the making of any search of a register."

(2) The reference to that section in Schedule 1 to the National Assembly for Wales (Transfer of Functions) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/3044) is to be treated as referring to that section as amended by this paragraph.

### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

### Armed Forces Act 1976 (c. 52)

- 86 (1) Section 6 of the Armed Forces Act 1976 (establishment of Standing Civilian Courts) is amended as follows.
  - (2) After subsection (3) insert—
    - "(3A) The Lord Chancellor may give approval to an order under subsection (3) only after consulting the relevant judges."
  - (3) After subsection (4) insert—
    - "(4A) The Lord Chancellor may make an appointment under subsection (4) only with the concurrence of the relevant judges."
  - (4) In subsection (7) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " and the relevant judges ".
  - (5) After subsection (8) insert—
    - "(8A) The Lord Chancellor may give his approval under section (8) only with the concurrence of the relevant judges."
  - (6) After subsection (11) insert—
    - "(11A) The Lord Chancellor may give his approval to the removal of a member under subsection (11) only with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales."
  - (7) After subsection (17) insert—
    - "(18) References in this section to the relevant judges are references to all of the following—
      - (a) the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales;
      - (b) the Lord President of the Court of Session;
      - (c) the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland.
    - (19) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section, except his functions under subsection (11A).
    - (20) The Lord President of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session who is a member of the First or Second Division of the Inner House of that Court to exercise his functions under this section.

- (21) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this section—
  - (a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;
  - (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."

### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

### Race Relations Act 1976 (c. 74)

- 87 (1) Section 67 of the Race Relations Act 1976 (sheriff courts and designated county courts) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice ".
  - (3) After subsection (5) insert—

88

"(6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

### Rent (Agriculture) Act 1976 (c. 80)

In section 26 of the Rent (Agriculture) Act 1976 (jurisdiction and procedure), omit subsection (5).

### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

### Aircraft and Shipbuilding Industries Act 1977 (c. 3)

- 89 (1) Section 42 of the Aircraft and Shipbuilding Industries Act 1977 (the arbitration tribunal) is amended as follows.
  - (2) After subsection (2) insert—
    - "(2A) The arbitration tribunal shall either sit as a single tribunal or sit in two or more divisions, as the Lord Chancellor may direct after consulting all of the following—
      - (a) the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales;
      - (b) the Lord President of the Court of Session;
      - (c) the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland."
  - (3) In subsection (3) for the words from the beginning to "consist of" substitute "For the hearing of any proceedings, the arbitration tribunal shall, subject to subsection (4) below, consist of".

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (4) After subsection (8) insert—
  - "(8A) Where the appointor is, by virtue of subsection (8)(a), the Lord Chancellor, the power conferred by subsection (5)(b) may be exercised only with the concurrence of the appropriate senior judge.
  - (8B) The appropriate senior judge is the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales, unless the member whose office is to be declared vacant exercises functions wholly or mainly in Northern Ireland, in which case it is the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland."
- (5) At the end insert—
  - "(11) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (2A)(a).
  - (12) The Lord President of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session who is a member of the First or Second Division of the Inner House of that Court to exercise his functions under subsection (2A) (b).
  - (13) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under subsection (2A)(c)—
    - (a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;
    - (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."

### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

# Patents Act 1977 (c. 37) 90 The Patents Act 1977 is amended as follows. 91 (1) Section 97 (appeals from the comptroller) is amended as follows. (2) In subsection (2) for "or on behalf of the Lord Chancellor" substitute " the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales after consulting the Lord Chancellor". (3) After subsection (3) insert— "(4) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (2)." 92 (1) Section 102A (right of audience etc in proceedings on appeal from the comptroller) is amended as follows. (2) In subsection (3) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales, ". (3) After subsection (6) insert—

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

"(7) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

### Administration of Justice Act 1977 (c. 38)

- 93 (1) Section 23 of the Administration of Justice Act 1977 (jurisdiction of ancient courts) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (4) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
  - (3) After subsection (5) insert—
    - "(6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

### Rent Act 1977 (c. 42)

94

Omit section 142 of the Rent Act 1977 (rules as to procedure).

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

National Health Service Act 1977 (c. 49)

95 In Schedule 9A to the National Health Service Act 1977 (Family Health Services Appeal Authority), in paragraph 5 (appointment of members of Authority) after "by the Lord Chancellor" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice, ".

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

Domestic Proceedings and Magistrates' Courts Act 1978 (c. 22)

- 96 (1) Section 2 of the Domestic Proceedings and Magistrates' Courts Act 1978 (powers of court to make orders for financial provision) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (3) omit the second paragraph.
  - (3) After subsection (3) insert—

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

"(4) An order made by the Lord Chancellor under this section—

- (a) shall be made only after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice;
  - (b) shall be made by statutory instrument and be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.
- (5) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
	Customs and Excise Management Act 1979 (c. 2)
97	In Schedule 3 to the Customs and Excise Management Act 1979 (provisions relating to forfeiture), after paragraph 17(4) insert—
	<ul> <li>"(5) The Lord Chancellor may make an appointment under sub-paragraph (4) only with the concurrence— <ul> <li>(a) where the proceedings referred to in sub-paragraph (1) were taken in England and Wales, of the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales;</li> <li>(b) where those proceedings were taken in Scotland, of the Lord President of the Court of Session;</li> <li>(c) where those proceedings were taken in Northern Ireland, of the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland.</li> </ul></li></ul>
	(6) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this paragraph.
	(7) The Lord President of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session who is a member of the First or Second Division of the Inner House of that Court to exercise his functions under this paragraph.
	<ul> <li>(8) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this paragraph— <ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> <li>(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

Tobacco Products Duty Act 1979 (c. 7)

- 98 (1) Section 5 of the Tobacco Products Duty Act 1979 (retail price of cigarettes) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (4) for the words from "by the Lord Chancellor" to the end substitute "in accordance with subsections (7) to (9)."

Status: Point in time view as at 01/10/2005. Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that

have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(3) After subsection (6) insert—
"(7) The Lord Chancellor is to appoint the referee.
(8) The appointment is to be made only with the concurrence of—
(a) the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales, if the determination of the Commissioners was made in relation to England and Wales;
<ul><li>(b) the Lord President of the Court of Session, if the determination was made in relation to Scotland; or</li></ul>
(c) the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland, if the determination was made in relation to Northern Ireland.
(9) None of the following may be appointed—
(a) an official of any government department;
(b) an office holder in, or a member of the staff of, the Scottish Administration.
<ul><li>(10) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section.</li></ul>
(11) The Lord President of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session who is a member of the First or Second Division of the Inner House of that Court to exercise his functions under this section.
<ul><li>(12) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this section—</li><li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice</li></ul>

- (a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;
- (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."

# VALID FROM 03/04/2006

Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 (c. 43)

- 99 The Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 is amended as follows.
- 100 (1) Section 3B (transfer of trials of summary offences) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (3) for "Lord Chancellor may" substitute " Lord Chief Justice may, with the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor, ".
  - (3) After subsection (4) insert—
    - "(5) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (3)."
- 101 (1) Section 67 (Family Proceedings Courts) (as substituted by section 49(1) of the Courts Act 2003 (c. 39)) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (3) for "Lord Chancellor or a person acting on his behalf" substitute "Lord Chief Justice".

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	(3) In subsection (4) for "Lord Chancellor may by rules" substitute "Lord Chief Justice may, after consulting the Lord Chancellor, by rules".
	(4) In subsection (5) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice ".
	(5) After subsection (8) insert—
	"(9) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (3) or (4) or the powers conferred on him by rules under subsection (4)."
102	(1) Section 144 (rule committee and rules of procedure) is amended as follows.
	(2) Before subsection (1) insert—
	"(A1) The Lord Chancellor may appoint a rule committee for magistrates' courts."
	(3) In subsection (1)—
	<ul><li>(a) for the words from the beginning to "and may on" substitute " The Lord Chief Justice may on ";</li></ul>
	<ul><li>(b) after "consultation with the rule committee" insert ", and with the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor,".</li></ul>
	(4) After subsection (1) insert—
	"(1A) If the Lord Chancellor does not agree rules made by the Lord Chief Justice, the Lord Chancellor must give the Lord Chief Justice and the rules committee written reasons for doing so."
	(5) In subsection (2) for "he may determine" substitute " he may, after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, determine ".
	(6) After subsection (4) insert—
	"(4A) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
103	After section 144 insert—
	"144A Rules to be made if required by Lord Chancellor
	(1) This section applies if the Lord Chancellor gives the Lord Chief Justice written notice that he thinks it is expedient for rules made under section 144 to include provision that would achieve a purpose specified in the notice.
	(2) The Lord Chief Justice must make such rules as he considers necessary to achieve the specified purpose.
	(3) Those rules must be—
	<ul> <li>(a) made within a reasonable period after the Lord Chancellor gives notice to the Lord Chief Justice;</li> </ul>
	(b) made in accordance with section 144.

> (4) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

> > VALID FROM 03/04/2006

# Housing Act 1980 (c. 51)

104

In section 86 of the Housing Act 1980 (jurisdiction of county court), omit subsections (4) to (6) (rules and directions).

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

Pensions Appeal Tribunals (Posthumous Appeals) Order 1980 (S.I. 1980/1082)

- 105 The Pensions Appeal Tribunals (Posthumous Appeals) Order 1980 is amended as follows.
- 106 In Article 6 (directions in relation to appeals brought or continued under the Order) for "judge of the High Court nominated by the Lord Chancellor in accordance with" substitute " relevant judicial authority for the purposes of ".
- 107 In Article 10 (application to Scotland), omit paragraphs (b) and (c).
- 108 In Article 11 (application to Northern Ireland)—
  - (a) omit paragraphs (b) and (c)';
  - (b) in paragraph (d) for "Chairman" substitute " President ".

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

#### Judicial Pensions Act 1981 (c. 20)

- 109 The Judicial Pensions Act 1981 is amended as follows.
- 110 In section 1 (interpretation) in the entry beginning "Judge of the Supreme Court" in the first column of the table omit ", other than the Lord Chancellor".
- 111 (1) Section 5 (Circuit Judge in England and Wales) is amended as follows.
  - (2) After subsection (1) insert—
    - "(1A) The Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales before making a recommendation in a case that falls within subsection (1)(b) or (c)."
  - (3) After subsection (6) insert—
    - "(7) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- 112 (1) Section 7 (stipendiary magistrates in England and Wales) is amended as follows.
  - (2) After subsection (1) insert—
    - "(1A) The Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice before making a recommendation in a case that falls within subsection (1)(b)."
  - (3) After subsection (6) insert—
    - "(7) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
- 113 (1) Section 13 (Social Security Commissioners) is amended as follows.
  - (2) After subsection (1) insert—
    - "(1A) In a case that falls within subsection (1)(c), the Lord Chancellor must consult—
      - (a) the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales before making a recommendation in relation to a Commissioner who holds office in England and Wales;
      - (b) the Lord President of the Court of Session before making a recommendation in relation to a Commissioner who holds office in Scotland;
      - (c) the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland before making a recommendation in relation to a Commissioner who holds office in Northern Ireland."

# (3) After subsection (6)—

- "(7) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section.
- (8) The Lord President of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session who is a member of the First or Second Division of the Inner House of that Court to exercise his functions under this section.
- (9) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this section—
  - (a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;
  - (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."

Supreme Court Act 1981 (c. 54)

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
114	The Supreme Court Act 1981 is amended as follows.
115	(1) Section 2 (membership of the Court of Appeal) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (2)—

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (a) omit paragraph (a);
- (b) in paragraph (b) for "has been Lord Chancellor" substitute " was Lord Chancellor before 12 June 2003 ";
- (c) for paragraphs (f) and (g) substitute—
  - "(f) the President of the Queen's Bench Division;
  - (g) the President of the Family Division;
  - (h) the Chancellor of the High Court;"
- (d) for "Lord Chancellor's request" substitute " request of the Lord Chief Justice "
- (3) After subsection (2) insert—
  - "(2A) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his function under subsection (2) of making requests to persons within paragraphs (b) and (c) of that subsection."
- (4) After subsection (4) insert—
  - "(4A) It is for the Lord Chancellor to recommend to Her Majesty the making of an Order under subsection (4)."
- (5) In subsection (6)—
  - (a) omit "Lord Chancellor,";
  - (b) for "President of the Family Division or Vice-Chancellor" substitute " President of the Queen's Bench Division, President of the Family Division or Chancellor of the High Court".

#### **Commencement Information**

Sch. 4 para. 115 wholly in force at 3.4.2006; Sch. 4 para. 115 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 148; Sch. 4 para. 115(2)(c)(5)(b) in force at 1.10.2005 by S.I. 2005/2505, art. 2; Sch. 4 para. 115 in force at 3.4.2006 in so far as not already in force by S.I. 2006/1014, art. 2(a), Sch. 1 para 11(f)

- 116 (1) Section 3 (Divisions of Court of Appeal) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (3) for "Lord Chancellor may" substitute " Lord Chief Justice may, after consulting the Lord Chancellor ".
  - (3) After subsection (5) insert—
    - "(6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (3)."
- 117 (1) Section 4 (membership of the High Court) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1)—
    - (a) omit paragraph (a);
    - (b) for paragraphs (c) and (d) substitute—

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- "(ba) the President of the Queen's Bench Division;
- (c) the President of the Family Division;
- (d) the Chancellor of the High Court;".
- (3) After subsection (4) insert—
  - "(4A) It is for the Lord Chancellor to recommend to Her Majesty the making of an Order under subsection (4)."
- (4) In subsection (6)—
  - (a) omit "Lord Chancellor,";
  - (b) for "President of the Family Division, Vice-Chancellor" substitute " President of the Queen's Bench Division, President of the Family Division, Chancellor of the High Court".

#### **Commencement Information**

- Sch. 4 para. 117 wholly in force at 3.4.2006; Sch. 4 para. 117 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 148; Sch. 4 para. 117(2)(b)(4)(b) in force at 1.10.2005 by S.I. 2005/2505, art. 2; Sch. 4 para. 117 in force at 3.4.2006 in so far as not already in force by S.I. 2006/1014, art. 2(a), Sch. 1 para. 11(h)
- 118 (1) Section 5 (divisions of the High Court) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1)(a) for the words from "the Lord Chancellor" to "vice-president thereof," substitute " the Chancellor of the High Court, who shall be president thereof,".
  - (3) In subsection (1)(b) for "who shall be president thereof" substitute ", the President of the Queen's Bench Division ".
  - (4) In subsection (2) for "of the Lord Chancellor" in each place substitute " given by the Lord Chief Justice after consulting the Lord Chancellor".
  - (5) In subsection (3) for the words from "with the concurrence of" to the end substitute "with the concurrence of both of the following—
    - (a) the senior judge of the Division to which the judge is attached;
    - (b) the senior judge of the Division of which the judge is to act as an additional judge."
  - (6) After subsection (5) insert—
    - "(6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (2)."

#### **Commencement Information**

Sch. 4 para. 118 wholly in force at 3.4.2006; Sch. 4 para. 118 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 148;
 Sch. 4 para. 118(3) in force at 1.10.2005 by S.I. 2005/2505, art. 2; Sch. 4 para. 118 in force at 3.4.2006 in so far as not already in force by S.I. 2006/1014, art. 2(a), Sch. 1 para. 11(i)

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

- 119 (1) Section 6 (the Patents, Admiralty and Commercial Courts) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (2) for "Lord Chancellor may" substitute " Lord Chief Justice may, after consulting the Lord Chancellor, ".
  - (3) After subsection (2) insert—
    - "(3) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (2)."
- 120 (1) Section 7 (power to alter Divisions etc) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1) after "recommendation of" insert " the Lord Chancellor and ".
  - (3) In subsection (2)—
    - (a) omit "the Lord Chancellor,";
    - (b) for "the President of the Family Division and the Vice-Chancellor" substitute "the President of the Queen's Bench Division, the President of the Family Division and the Chancellor of the High Court".

#### **Commencement Information**

15

Sch. 4 para. 120 wholly in force at 3.4.2006; Sch. 4 para. 120 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 148; Sch. 4 para. 120(3)(b) in force at 1.10.2005 by S.I. 2005/2505, **art. 2**; Sch. 4 para. 120 in force at 3.4.2006 in so far as not already in force by S.I. 2006/1014, **art. 2(a)**, Sch. 1 para. 11(k)

# VALID FROM 03/04/2006

- 121 (1) Section 9 (assistance for transaction of judicial business of Supreme Court) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (2)—
    - (a) for the definition of "the appropriate authority" substitute—

""the appropriate authority" means-

- (a) the Lord Chief Justice or a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) nominated by him to exercise his functions under this section, or
- (b) at any time when the Lord Chief Justice or the nominated judicial office holder is unable to make such a request himself, or there is a vacancy in the office of Lord Chief Justice, the Master of the Rolls;"
- (b) omit the words after the definition of "relevant court".
- (3) After subsection (2) insert—
  - "(2A) The power of the appropriate authority to make a request under subsection (1) is subject to subsections (2B) to (2D).

Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (2B) In the case of a request to a person within entry 1, 3, 5 or 6 in column 1 of the Table, the appropriate authority may make the request only after consulting the Lord Chancellor.
- (2C) In any other case the appropriate authority may make a request only with the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor.
- (2D) In the case of a request to a Circuit judge or Recorder to act as a judge of the High Court, the appropriate authority may make the request only with the concurrence of the Judicial Appointments Commission."
- (4) In subsection (4)—
  - (a) for "appears to the Lord Chancellor" substitute " appears to the Lord Chief Justice, after consulting the Lord Chancellor, ";
  - (b) for "Lord Chancellor thinks fit" substitute "Lord Chief Justice may, after consulting the Lord Chancellor, think fit".
- (5) After subsection (8) insert—
  - "(9) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (4)."

VALID FROM 01/10/2006

- 122 (1) Section 10 (appointment of judges of Supreme Court) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1)—
    - (a) for "President of the Family Division or Vice-Chancellor" substitute " President of the Queen's Bench Division, President of the Family Division or Chancellor of the High Court";
    - (b) after "may" insert ", on the recommendation of the Lord Chancellor, ".
  - (3) In subsection (2) after "may" insert ", on the recommendation of the Lord Chancellor, ".
  - (4) In subsection (3)(a) for "President of the Family Division or Vice-Chancellor" substitute " President of the Queen's Bench Division, President of the Family Division or Chancellor of the High Court".
  - (5) For subsection (4) substitute—
    - "(4) A person appointed—
      - (a) to any of the offices mentioned in subsection (1),
      - (b) as a Lord Justice of Appeal, or
      - (c) as a puisne judge of the High Court,

shall take the required oaths as soon as may be after accepting office.

- (5) In the case of a person appointed to the office of Lord Chief Justice, the required oaths are to be taken in the presence of all of the following—
  - (a) the Master of the Rolls;
  - (b) the President of the Queen's Bench Division;
  - (c) the President of the Family Division;

## (d) the Chancellor of the High Court.

- (6) Where subsection (5) applies but there is a vacancy in one or more (but not all) of the offices mentioned in that subsection, the required oaths are to be taken in the presence of the holders of such of the offices as are not vacant.
- (7) In the case of a person appointed other than to the office of Lord Chief Justice, the required oaths are to be taken in the presence of—
  - (a) the Lord Chief Justice, or
  - (b) a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) nominated by him for this purpose.
- (8) In this section "required oaths" means-
  - (a) the oath of allegiance, and
  - (b) the judicial oath,
  - as set out in the Promissory Oaths Act 1868."

#### **Commencement Information**

Sch. 4 para. 122 wholly in force at 3.4.2006; Sch. 4 para. 122 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 148; Sch. 4 para. 122(2)(a)(4) in force at 1.10.2005 by S.I. 2005/2505, art. 2; Sch. 4 para 122 in force at 3.4.2006 in so far as not already in force by S.I. 2006/1014, art. 2(a), Sch. 1 para. 11(m)

- 123 (1) Section 11 (tenure of office) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1) omit "except the Lord Chancellor".
  - (3) After subsection (3) insert—
    - "(3A) It is for the Lord Chancellor to recommend to Her Majesty the exercise of the power of removal under subsection (3)."
  - (4) In subsection (9)(a) for "the President of the Family Division and the Vice-Chancellor," substitute "the President of the Queen's Bench Division, the President of the Family Division and the Chancellor of the High Court, ".

#### **Commencement Information**

Sch. 4 para. 123 wholly in force at 3.4.2006; Sch. 4 para. 123 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 148; Sch. 4 para. 123(4) in force at 1.10.2005 by S.I. 2005/2505, art. 2; Sch. 4 para. 123 in force at 3.4.2006 in so far as not already in force by S.I. 2006/1014, art. 2(a), Sch. 1 para. 11(n)

- 124 In section 12 (salaries etc of judges of Supreme Court), in subsection (1) omit ", other than the Lord Chancellor,".
- 125 (1) Section 13 (precedence of judges of Supreme Court) is amended as follows.
  - (2) For subsections (2) and (3) substitute—

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- "(2) Subject to subsection (1)(b), the President of the Queen's Bench Division shall rank next after the Master of the Rolls.
- (2A) The President of the Family Division shall rank next after the President of the Queen's Bench Division.
  - (3) The Chancellor of the High Court shall rank next after the President of the Family Division."
- (3) In subsection (4) for "Vice-Chancellor" substitute " Chancellor of the High Court ".

VALID FROM 03/04/2006 126 In section 44 (extraordinary functions of judges of High Court), in subsection (2) omit "the Lord Chancellor,".

## VALID FROM 03/04/2006

127 In section 56B (allocation of cases in criminal division), in subsection (1) for "with the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor" substitute " after consulting the Lord Chancellor ".

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

- 128 (1) Section 57 (Court of Appeal: sittings and vacations) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (2) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " after consulting the Lord Chief Justice ".
  - (3) After subsection (4) insert—
    - "(5) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

- 129 (1) Section 61 (distribution of business among Divisions) is amended as follows).
  - (2) In subsection (3)—
    - (a) for "Lord Chancellor may" substitute " Lord Chief Justice may, with the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor, ";
    - (b) in paragraph (b) for "appears to him" substitute " appears to the Lord Chief Justice and the Lord Chancellor ".
  - (3) After subsection (8) insert—
    - "(9) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (3)."

# VALID FROM 03/04/2006

- 130 (1) Section 63 (business assigned to specially nominated judges) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1) for "by the Lord Chancellor" substitute " by the Lord Chief Justice after consulting the Lord Chancellor ".
  - (3) In subsection (2) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice, after consulting the Lord Chancellor, to be ".
  - (4) After subsection (3) insert—
    - "(4) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (1) or (2)."

## VALID FROM 03/04/2006

- 131 (1) Section 68 (exercise of jurisdiction of High Court otherwise than by judges of that court) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1)(a) for "Lord Chancellor may" substitute "Lord Chief Justice may, after consulting the Lord Chancellor, ".
  - (3) In subsection (6) for "by the Lord Chancellor" substitute " by the Lord Chief Justice after consulting the Lord Chancellor ".
  - (4) After subsection (7) insert—
    - "(8) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsections (1)(a) and (6)."

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

- 132 (1) Section 71 (High Court: sittings and vacations) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (2) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " after consulting the Lord Chief Justice ".
  - (3) After subsection (5) insert—
    - "(6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

- 133 (1) Section 74 (appeals and committals for sentence) is amended as follows.
  - (2) After subsection (5) insert—

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- "(5A) Before exercising any functions under subsection (4), the Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice."
- (3) After subsection (7) insert—
  - "(8) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

- 134 (1) Section 78 (Crown Court: sittings) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (3) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " after consulting the Lord Chief Justice ".
  - (3) After subsection (3) insert—
    - "(4) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

135 (1) Section 82 (duties of officers of Crown Court) is amended as follows.

- (2) In subsection (1) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " after consulting the Lord Chief Justice ".
- (3) After subsection (2) insert—
  - "(3) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

## VALID FROM 03/04/2006

136 Omit section 84(8) (rules of court for Crown Court etc to be made by statutory instrument).

- 137 (1) Section 86 (the Crown Court Rule Committee) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1) for "by the Lord Chancellor together with any four or more of the following persons, namely—" substitute " by a committee known as the Crown Court Rule Committee, which is to consist of the following persons—".
  - (3) For subsections (2) to (4) substitute—

- "(2) The members of the Crown Court Rule Committee, other than those eligible to act by virtue of their office, are appointed under subsection (3) or (4).
- (3) The Lord Chief Justice must appoint the persons referred to in paragraphs(b), (c) and (e) of subsection (1), after consulting the Lord Chancellor.
- (4) The Lord Chancellor must appoint the persons referred to in paragraphs (f) and (g) of subsection (1), after consulting the following—
  - (a) the Lord Chief Justice;
  - (b) any authorised body with members who are eligible for appointment under the relevant paragraph.
- (5) A person is to be appointed under subsection (3) or (4) for such period as the Lord Chancellor determines after consulting the Lord Chief Justice.
- (6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
138	After section 86 insert—
	<b>*************************************</b>
	(1) Crown Court rules must be—
	(a) signed by a majority of the members of the Crown Court Rule Committee, and
	(b) submitted to the Lord Chancellor.
	(2) The Lord Chancellor may allow or disallow rules so made.
	(3) If the Lord Chancellor disallows rules, he must give the Committee written reasons for doing so.
	<ul> <li>(4) Rules so made and allowed by the Lord Chancellor—</li> <li>(a) come into force on such day as the Lord Chancellor directs, and</li> <li>(b) are to be contained in a statutory instrument to which the Statutory Instruments Act 1946 applies as if the instrument contained rules made by a Minister of the Crown.</li> </ul>
	(5) A statutory instrument containing Crown Court rules is subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.
	(6) In this section and section 86B "Crown Court rules" means rules of court made under section 84.
	86B Rules to be made if required by Lord Chancellor
	(1) This section applies if the Lord Chancellor gives the Crown Court Rule Committee written notice that he thinks it is expedient for Crown Court rules to include provision that would achieve a purpose specified in the notice.

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (2) The Committee must make such Crown Court rules as it considers necessary to achieve the specified purpose.
- (3) Those rules must be—
  - (a) made within a reasonable period after the Lord Chancellor gives notice to the Committee;
  - (b) made in accordance with section 86A."

## VALID FROM 03/04/2006

139 (1) Section 91 (deputies and temporary appointments) is amended as follows.

- (2) In subsection (1)—
  - (a) for "Lord Chancellor" in the first place substitute "Lord Chief Justice, after consulting the Lord Chancellor, ";
  - (b) in paragraph (a) omit "or III";
  - (c) for "Lord Chancellor thinks fit" substitute "Lord Chief Justice may, after consulting the Lord Chancellor, think fit".

(3) After subsection (1) insert—

- "(1A) If it appears to the Lord Chancellor that it is expedient to do so in order to facilitate the disposal of business in the Senior Courts, he may appoint a person—
  - (a) to act as a deputy for any person holding an office listed in column 1 of Part 3 of Schedule 2; or
  - (b) to act as a temporary additional officer in any such office,

during such period or on such occasions as the Lord Chancellor may think fit."

- (4) After subsection (6) insert—
  - "(7) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (1)."

- 140 (1) Section 92 (tenure of office) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (5) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice ".
  - (3) In subsection (6) after "also" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice, ".
  - (4) After subsection (7) insert—
    - "(8) It is for the Lord Chancellor to recommend to Her Majesty the exercise of any power under subsection (7)."

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
141	(1) Section 96 (Central Office) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (1) leave out "Lord Chancellor may" and insert " Lord Chief Justice may, with the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor, ".
	<ul><li>(3) In subsection (2) for "of the Lord Chancellor under this section" substitute " under subsection (1)".</li></ul>
	(4) After subsection (2) insert—
	"(3) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
142	In section 98 (judges' clerks and secretaries), in subsection (1) for "the President of the Family Division and the Vice-Chancellor" substitute " the President of the Queen's Bench Division, the President of the Family Division and the Chancellor of the High Court ".

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

- 143 (1) Section 99 (district registries) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
  - (3) After subsection (2) insert—
    - "(3) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

## VALID FROM 03/04/2006

- 144 (1) Section 104 (district probate registries) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
  - (3) After subsection (2) insert—
    - "(3) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

- 145 (1) Section 131 (conveyancing counsel of Supreme Court) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (2) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice ".

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (3) After subsection (2) insert—
  - "(3) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

146 In section 151 (interpretation), in subsection (1) for the definition of "senior judge" substitute—

"senior judge", where the reference is to the senior judge of a Division, means the president of that Division;".

## VALID FROM 03/04/2006

## Administration of Justice Act 1982 (c. 53)

- 147 The Administration of Justice Act 1982 is amended as follows.
- 148 (1) Section 25 (regulations as to deposit and registration of wills) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (4) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " after consulting the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales ".
  - (3) After subsection (8) insert—
    - "(9) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (4)."

# VALID FROM 03/04/2006

## Representation of the People Act 1983 (c. 2)

- 149 In section 161 of the Representation of the People Act 1983 (justices of the peace guilty of corrupt practice)—
  - (a) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " and the Lord Chief Justice ";
  - (b) after "Scotland," insert " to ".

# VALID FROM 03/04/2006

#### Mental Health Act 1983 (c. 20)

- 150 The Mental Health Act 1983 is amended as follows.
- 151 (1) Section 93 (judicial authorities and Court of Protection) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (1) for "Lord Chancellor shall" substitute "Lord Chief Justice shall, after consulting the Lord Chancellor, ". (3) In subsection (3) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute "Lord Chief Justice". (4) In subsection (4) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice,". (5) After subsection (4) insert— "(5) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (1), (3) or (4)." In section 94 (exercise of the judge's functions: the patient), in subsection (1) 152 omit "by the Lord Chancellor or". 153 In section 96 (powers of the judge as to the patient's property and affairs), in subsection (3) omit "the Lord Chancellor or". 154 In section 104 (general powers of the judge with respect to proceedings), in subsection (3) omit "the Lord Chancellor or" in both places. 155 In section 105 (appeals), in subsection (2) omit "from any decision of the Lord Chancellor or". 156 (1) Section 108 (general provisions as to rules under Part 7) is amended as follows. (2) For subsection (1) substitute— "(1) Rules under section 106(5) are to be made by the Lord Chancellor after consulting the Lord Chief Justice." (3) After subsection (2) insert— "(3) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section." (4) Paragraph 16 of Schedule 1 also amends section 108. 157 (1) Section 111 (construction of references in other Acts) is amended as follows. (2) In subsection (1) omit "by the Lord Chancellor or". (3) In subsection (2) omit "the Lord Chancellor,". (4) In subsection (4) in paragraph (a) omit "the Lord Chancellor or"; (a) in paragraph (b) omit "the Lord Chancellor,". (b) 158 (1) Schedule 2 (mental health review tribunals) is amended as follows. (2) In paragraph 1(b) and (c) omit "after consultation with the Secretary of State". (3) After paragraph 1 insert— "1A As part of the selection process for an appointment under paragraph 1(b) or (c) the Judicial Appointments Commission shall consult the Secretary of State."

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	PROSPECTIVE
	Pastoral Measure 1983 (1983 No. 1)
159	<ul><li>(1) Section 81(2) of the Pastoral Measure 1983 (application to benefices in the patronage of the Crown or the Duke of Cornwall) is amended as follows.</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>(2) In paragraph (a)— <ul> <li>(a) for the words from the beginning to "benefices" substitute " any consent under the foregoing subsection in respect of a benefice or benefices ";</li> <li>(b) omit the words from ", or a" to "books";</li> <li>(c) omit "last-mentioned".</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	(3) Omit paragraph (b).
	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
	County Courts Act 1984 (c. 28)
160	The County Courts Act 1984 is amended as follows.
161	(1) Section 2 (county court districts etc) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (1) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
	(3) In subsection (3) after "given" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
	(4) After subsection (4) insert—
	"(5) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (1) or (3)."
162	(1) Section 3 (places and times of sittings) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (1) after "given" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
	(3) After subsection (4) insert—
	"(5) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (1)."
163	(1) Section 5 (judges of county courts) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (1) for "Lord Chancellor shall" substitute " Lord Chief Justice shall, after consulting the Lord Chancellor, ".
	(3) In subsection (2) for "or on behalf of the Lord Chancellor" substitute " the Lord Chief Justice after consulting the Lord Chancellor ".
	(4) In subsection (3) for "Lord Chancellor considers desirable" substitute " Lord Chief Justice considers desirable after consulting the Lord Chancellor ".

- (5) In subsection (4)(a) for "Lord Chancellor may direct" substitute " Lord Chief Justice may, after consulting the Lord Chancellor, direct ".
- (6) After subsection (4) insert—
  - "(5) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
- 164 (1) Section 11 (tenure of office) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (5) after "by the Lord Chancellor" insert ", but only with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice".
  - (3) In subsection (6) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice, ".
- 165 In section 12 (records of proceedings to be kept by district judges), after subsection (2) insert—
  - "(3) The Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice before making regulations under this section.
  - (4) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
- 166 (1) Section 26 (districts for Admiralty purposes) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1)—
    - (a) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " and the Lord Chief Justice ";
    - (b) for "him" substitute " the Lord Chancellor ".
  - (3) After subsection (4) insert—
    - "(5) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
- 167 In section 38 (remedies available in county courts), in subsection (5) for "by the Lord Chancellor under this section" substitute " under this section by the Lord Chancellor after consulting the Lord Chief Justice ".
- 168 (1) Section 61 (right of audience by direction) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice, ".
  - (3) After subsection (4) insert—
    - "(5) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
- 169 Omit section 74A (practice directions).
- 170 In section 145 (power to raise monetary limits), after subsection (2) insert—

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

"(2A) It is for the Lord Chancellor to recommend to Her Majesty the making of an Order under subsection (1)."

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
	Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 (c. 42)
171	The Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 is amended as follows.
172	(1) Section 33 (jurisdiction of county courts in matrimonial cases) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsections (1) and (4) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice, ".
	(3) After subsection (5) insert—
	"(6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
173	(1) Section 36 (assignment of circuit judges to family proceedings) is amended as follows.
	(2) That section becomes subsection (1) of section 36.
	(3) In that subsection, for "Lord Chancellor may direct" substitute "Lord Chief Justice may, after consulting the Lord Chancellor, direct ".
	(4) After that subsection insert—
	"(2) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
174	(1) Section 42 (county court proceedings in principal registry of Family Division) is amended as follows.
	<ul><li>(2) In subsection (2)(a) for "may direct" substitute " may, after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, direct ".</li></ul>
	(3) After subsection (6) insert—
	"(7) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

# VALID FROM 03/04/2006

## Inheritance Tax Act 1984 (c. 51)

- 175 The Inheritance Tax Act 1984 is amended as follows.
- 176 In section 256 (regulations about accounts etc), for subsection (3A) substitute—

"(3A) Regulations under this section may only be made—

- (a) in relation to England and Wales, after consulting the Lord Chancellor;
- (b) in relation to Scotland, after consulting the Scottish Ministers;
- (c) in relation to Northern Ireland, after consulting the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland.
- (3B) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under subsection (3A)—
  - (a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;
  - (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
- 177 (1) Section 257 (form etc of accounts) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (3) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland ".
  - (3) After subsection (3) insert—
    - "(4) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under subsection (3)—
      - (a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;
      - (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."

### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

Reserve Forces (Safeguard of Employment) Act 1985 (c. 17)

- 178 (1) Schedule 2 to the Reserve Forces (Safeguard of Employment) Act 1985 (Reinstatement Committees and Umpires) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In paragraph 2 (membership of Reinstatement Committees), for "Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland" substitute " Lord Chancellor ".

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

# Transport Act 1985 (c. 67)

179 (1) Schedule 4 to the Transport Act 1985 (constitution, powers and proceedings of the Transport Tribunal) is amended as follows.

(2) In paragraph 3 (tenure of office), after sub-paragraph (3) insert—

- "(3A) The Lord Chancellor may remove a judicial member from office under subparagraph (3) only with the concurrence of the appropriate senior judge.
- (3B) The appropriate senior judge is the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales, unless the judicial member who is to be removed exercises functions

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

wholly or mainly in Scotland, in which case it is the Lord President of the Court of Session." (3) In paragraph 10 (the president) in sub-paragraph (1) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice (a) after sub-paragraph (1) insert— (b) "(1A) Before exercising his functions under sub-paragraph (1) the Lord Chief Justice must— (a) consult the Lord Chancellor, and (b)obtain the agreement of the Lord President of the Court of Session."; after sub-paragraph (3) insert— (c) "(4) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under sub-paragraph (1). (5) The Lord President of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session who is a member of the First or Second Division of the Inner House of that Court to exercise his functions under sub-paragraph (1A)(b)."

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

# Housing Act 1985 (c. 68)

- 180 The Housing Act 1985 is amended as follows.
- 181 Omit section 111 (secure tenancies: county court rules and directions).
- 182 In section 181 (right to buy: jurisdiction of county court), omit subsections (4) and (5) (rules and directions).
- 183 In section 572 (assistance for owners of defective housing: jurisdiction of county court), omit subsections (4) to (6) (rules and directions).

# VALID FROM 03/04/2006

Merchant Shipping (Formal Investigations) Rules 1985 (S.I. 1985/1001)

184 In rule 17 of the Merchant Shipping (Formal Investigations) Rules 1985 (application to Northern Ireland), omit sub-paragraph (a).

		VALID FROM 03/04/2006
	Insolvency Act 1986 (c. 45)	
185	The Insolvency Act 1986 is amended as follows.	

186	(1) Section 117 (High Court and county court jurisdiction) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (4) for "may by order" substitute " may, with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice, by order ".
	(3) After subsection (7) insert—
	"(8) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
187	(1) Section 374 (insolvency districts) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (1) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice, ".
	(3) In subsection (2) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " and the Lord Chief Justice ".
	(4) After subsection (4) insert—
	"(5) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
188	(1) Section 411 (company insolvency rules) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (1)(a) after "Secretary of State" insert " and, in the case of rules that affect court procedure, with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice ".
	(3) After subsection (6) insert—
	"(7) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
189	(1) Section 412 (individual insolvency rules (England and Wales) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection after "Secretary of State" insert " and, in the case of rules that affect court procedure, with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice ".
	(3) After subsection (5) insert—
	"(6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
190	(1) Section 413 (Insolvency Rules committee) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (3) for "by the Lord Chancellor" substitute " in accordance with subsection (3A) or (3B)".
	(3) After subsection (3) insert—
	"(3A) The Lord Chief Justice must appoint the persons referred to in paragraphs (a) to (d) of subsection (3), after consulting the Lord Chancellor.
	<ul><li>(3B) The Lord Chancellor must appoint the persons referred to in paragraphs (e) to (g) of subsection (3), after consulting the Lord Chief Justice."</li></ul>

(4) After subsection (4) insert—

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- "(5) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
- 191 (1) Section 420 (insolvent partnerships) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1) after "Secretary of State" insert " and the Lord Chief Justice ".
  - (3) In subsection (2) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " and the Lord Chief Justice ".
  - (4) After subsection (3) insert—
    - "(4) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

192 (1) Section 421 (insolvent estates of deceased persons) is amended as follows.

- (2) In subsection (1) after "Secretary of State" insert " and the Lord Chief Justice ".
- (3) In subsection (2) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " and the Lord Chief Justice ".
- (4) After subsection (4) insert—
  - "(5) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

## Coroners Act 1988 (c. 13)

- 193 The Coroners Act 1988 is amended as follows.
- 194 (1) Section 3 (terms on which coroners hold office) is amended as follows.
  - (2) For subsection (4) substitute—
    - "(4) The Lord Chancellor may, with the agreement of the Lord Chief Justice, remove any coroner from office for inability or misbehaviour."
  - (3) In subsection (5) for ", wilful neglect of his duty or misbehaviour in the discharge of his duty" substitute " or wilful neglect of his duty ".
- 195

In section 33 (savings), in subsection (2)(a) omit "the Lord Chancellor or".

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
196	Criminal Justice Act 1988 (c. 33) In Schedule 12 to the Criminal Justice Act 1988 (assessors of compensation for miscarriages of justice), for paragraph 6 (power of removal) substitute—
	"6 (1) The exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 5 is subject to the following provisions of this paragraph.

	e case of a person who qualifies for appointment under-
(a)	paragraph (1)(a), or
(b)	paragraph (1)(d) by virtue of holding or having held judicial office in England and Wales,
Chan	bower shall only be exercisable with the consent of the Lord cellor, which may only be given with the concurrence of the Chief Justice of England and Wales.
(3) In the	e case of a person who qualifies for appointment under
(a)	paragraph (1)(b), or
(b)	paragraph (1)(d) by virtue of holding or having held judicial office in Scotland,
	bower shall only be exercisable with the consent of the Lord dent of the Court of Session.
(4) In the	e case of a person who qualifies for appointment under-
(a)	paragraph (1)(c), or
(b)	paragraph (1)(d) by virtue of holding or having held judicial office in Northern Ireland,
Chan	bower shall only be exercisable with the consent of the Lord cellor, which may only be given with the concurrence of the Chief Justice of Northern Ireland."

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

Finance Act 1988 (c. 39)

197 In section 134 (General Commissioners for Northern Ireland), omit subsection (4).

# VALID FROM 03/04/2006

Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988 (c. 48)

- 198 The Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988 is amended as follows.
- 199 (1) Section 146 (membership of the copyright tribunal) is amended as follows.

(2) After subsection (6) insert—

- "(7) The Lord Chancellor may exercise his powers to remove a person under subsection (3) or to appoint a person under subsection (4) only with the concurrence of the appropriate senior judge.
- (8) The appropriate senior judge is the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales, unless—
  - (a) the person to be removed exercises functions wholly or mainly in Scotland, in which case it is the Lord President of the Court of Session, or

- the person to be removed exercises functions wholly or mainly (b)in Northern Ireland, in which case it is the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland. (9) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (7) in relation to the appointment of a person under subsection (4). (10) The Lord President of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session who is a member of the First or Second Division of the Inner House of that Court to exercise his functions under subsection (7) in relation to the appointment of a person under subsection (4). (11) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under subsection (7) in relation to the appointment of a person under subsection (4)the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (a) (Northern Ireland) Act 2002; a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)." (b) (1) Section 287 (patents county courts: special jurisdiction) is amended as follows. 200 (2) In subsection (1) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice, ". (3) After subsection (5) insert— "(6) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section." 201 (1) Section 291 (proceedings in patents county court) is amended as follows. (2) In subsection (1) for "Lord Chancellor shall" substitute "Lord Chief Justice shall, after consulting the Lord Chancellor,". (3) After subsection (5) insert— "(6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (1)." 202 (1) Section 292 (rights and duties of registered patent agents in relation to proceedings in patents courts) is amended as follows. (2) After subsection (2) insert— "(2A) The Lord Chancellor may make regulations under subsection (2) only with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice." (3) After subsection (6) insert—
  - "(7) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
	Children Act 1090 (s. 41)
202	Children Act 1989 (c. 41)
203	The Children Act 1989 is amended as follows.
204	<ul> <li>(1) Section 7 (welfare reports) is amended as follows.</li> <li>(2) Lead at the contract of the contr</li></ul>
	(2) In subsection (2) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
	(3) After subsection (5) insert—
	"(6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (2)."
205	(1) Section 92 (jurisdiction of the courts) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (9) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
	(3) In subsection (10) after "Lord Chancellor thinks expedient" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
	(4) After subsection (10) insert—
	"(10A) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (9) or (10)."
206	(1) Section 94 (appeals) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (10) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
	(3) After subsection (11) insert—
	"(12) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (10)."
207	In section 96 (evidence given by, or with respect to, children), in subsection (3) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice, ".
208	(1) In section 97 (privacy for children involved in certain proceedings).
	(2) In subsection (4) after "requires it" insert " and, in the case of the Lord Chancellor, if the Lord Chief Justice agrees ".
	(3) After subsection (8) insert—
	"(9) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (4)."

 Status: Point in time view as at 01/10/2005.

 Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

 209
 (1) In Schedule 1 (financial provision for children), paragraph 5 (maximum lump sum

- (1) In Schedule 1 (financial provision for children), paragraph 5 (maximum lump sum payable for maintenance of child by order of magistrates court) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In sub-paragraph (2) after "Lord Chancellor may" substitute ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
  - (3) After sub-paragraph (6) insert—
    - "(7) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this paragraph."
- 210 (1) Schedule 11 (jurisdiction) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In paragraph 1 (commencement of proceedings) after "Lord Chancellor may" in each place insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
  - (3) In paragraph 2 (transfer of proceedings)-
    - (a) in sub-paragraph (1) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ";
    - (b) in sub-paragraph (5) after "Lord Chancellor thinks appropriate" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
  - (4) In paragraph 3 (hearings by a single justice), in sub-paragraph (1) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
  - (5) In paragraph 4 (general)—
    - (a) in sub-paragraph 5(a) after "Lord Chancellor considers expedient" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
    - (b) after sub-paragraph (5) insert—
      - "(6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this Part of this Schedule."

Courts and Legal Services Act 1990 (c. 41)

- 212 (1) Section 1 (allocation of business between High Court and county courts) is amended as follows.
  - (2) After subsection (1) insert—
    - "(1A) An order under subsection (1)(a) or (b) may be made only with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice."
  - (3) In subsection (9) for "the President of the Family Division, the Vice-Chancellor" substitute "the President of the Queen's Bench Division, the President of the Family Division, the Chancellor of the High Court".
  - (4) After subsection (12) insert—

"(13) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

#### **Commencement Information**

I8 Sch. 4 para. 212 wholly in force at 3.4.2006; Sch. 4 para. 212 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 148; Sch. 4 para. 212(3) in force at 1.10.2005 by S.I. 2005/2505, art. 2; Sch. 4 para. 212 in force at 3.4.2006 in so far already not in force by S.I. 2006/1014, art. 2(a), Sch. 1 para. 11(s)

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

213 In section 9 (allocation of family proceedings which are within the jurisdiction of the county courts), in subsection (1) for the words from the beginning to "Family Division," substitute " The President of the Family Division may, after consulting the Lord Chancellor, ".

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

- 214 (1) Section 11 (representation in certain county court cases) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice, ".
  - (3) Omit subsection (10).
  - (4) After subsection (11) insert—
    - "(12) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (1) or (2)."

- 215 (1) Section 73 (delegation of certain administrative functions of Master of the Rolls) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (3)—
    - (a) for "Lord Chancellor may" substitute " Lord Chief Justice may, with the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor, ";
    - (b) for "Lord Chancellor considers" substitute " Lord Chief Justice and Lord Chancellor consider ".
  - (3) After subsection (5) insert—
    - "(6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (3)."

*Changes to legislation:* Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

216 In section 119 (interpretation), in subsection (1) in the definition of "designated judge" for "the President of the Family Division or the Vice-Chancellor" substitute "the President of the Queen's Bench Division, the President of the Family Division or the Chancellor of the High Court".

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
	Armed Forces Act 1991 (c. 62)
217	In Schedule 1 to the Armed Forces Act 1991 (assessors of compensation for miscarriages of justice) for paragraph 6 (power of removal) substitute—
	"6 (1) The exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 5 is subject to the following provisions of this paragraph.
	<ul> <li>(2) In the case of a person who qualifies for appointment under—</li> <li>(a) paragraph (1)(a), or</li> <li>(b) paragraph (1)(d) by virtue of holding or having held judicial office in England and Wales,</li> </ul>
	that power shall only be exercisable with the consent of the Lord Chancellor, which may only be given with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales.
	(3) In the case of a person who qualifies for appointment under—
	<ul> <li>(a) paragraph (1)(b), or</li> <li>(b) paragraph (1)(d) by virtue of holding or having held judicial office in Scotland,</li> </ul>
	that power shall only be exercisable with the consent of the Lord President of the Court of Session.
	(4) In the case of a person who qualifies for appointment under—
	<ul> <li>(a) paragraph (1)(c), or</li> <li>(b) paragraph (1)(d) by virtue of holding or having held judicial office in Northern Ireland,</li> </ul>
	that power shall only be exercisable with the consent of the Lord Chancellor, which may only be given with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland."

## VALID FROM 03/04/2006

# Child Support Act 1991 (c. 48) The Child Support Act 1991 is amended as follows. (1) Section 8 (role of the courts with respect to maintenance of children) is amended as follows. (2) After subsection (5) insert— "(5A) The Lord Chancellor may make an order under subsection (5) only with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice."

Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	(3) After subsection (11) insert—
	"(12) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
220	In section 45 (jurisdiction of courts in certain proceedings under the Act), after subsection (7) insert—
	"(8) The functions of the Lord Chancellor under this section may be exercised only after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice.
	(9) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
221	(1) Schedule 4 (Child Support Commissioners) is amended as follows.
	(2) In paragraph 1 (tenure of office), after sub-paragraph (3) insert—
	"(3A) The Lord Chancellor may remove a Child Support Commissioner under sub-paragraph (3) only with the concurrence of the appropriate senior judge.
	(3B) The appropriate senior judge is the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales, unless the Commissioner exercises functions wholly or mainly in Scotland, in which case it is the Lord President of the Court of Session."
	<ul> <li>(3) In paragraph 8 (application of Schedule to Northern Ireland), before sub-paragraph (b) insert—</li> <li>"(ab) paragraph 1(3A) and (3B) were omitted;".</li> </ul>
	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
1	

# Land Drainage Act 1991 (c. 59)

- 222 (1) Section 31 of the Land Drainage Act 1991 (composition and incidental powers of the Agricultural Land Tribunal) is amended as follows.
  - (2) After subsection (1) insert—
    - "(1A) Before drawing up, or revising, a panel under subsection (1), the Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice."
  - (3) After subsection (5) insert—
    - "(6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
	Tribunals and Inquiries Act 1992 (c. 53)
223	The Tribunal and Inquiries Act 1992 is amended as follows.
224	In section 6 (appointment of chairmen of certain tribunals), omit subsection (9).
225	(1) In section 7 (concurrence required for removal of members of certain tribunals), subsection (1) is amended as follows.
	(2) Omit ", other than the Lord Chancellor,".
	(3) In paragraphs (a) to (c) after "Lord Chancellor" in each place insert " (unless he is the Minister terminating the person's membership), the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales, ".
	(4) In paragraph (d) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " (unless he is the Minister terminating the person's membership) and the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales ".

Judicial Pensions and Retirement Act 1993 (c. 8)

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

226

The Judicial Pensions and Retirement Act 1993 is amended as follows.

- 227 (1) Section 2 (the judicial officer's entitlement to a pension) is amended as follows.
  - (2) After subsection (3) insert—
    - "(3A) Where the appropriate minister is the Lord Chancellor, he must, before satisfying himself as mentioned in subsection (3)(b)—
      - (a) consult the Lord Chief of Justice of England and Wales, if the person in question holds office in England and Wales;
      - (b) consult the Lord Chief of Justice of Northern Ireland, if the person in question holds office in Northern Ireland."
  - (3) After subsection (8) insert—
    - "(9) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section.
    - (10) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this section—
      - (a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;
      - (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

<b>WAT ID</b>	EDUN	03/04/2006
VALID	ГKUM	03/04/2000

<ul> <li>(1) Section 26 (retirement date for holders of certain judicial offices) is amended as follows.</li> <li>(2) For "appropriate minister" in subsections (5) and (6) substitute " appropriate person ".</li> <li>(3) In subsection (7)— <ul> <li>(a) in paragraph (a) omit ", unless he is the Lord Chancellor";</li> <li>(b) in paragraph (b) omit ", unless he is the Lord Chancellor".</li> </ul> </li> <li>(4) In subsection (12), after the definition of "appointed day" insert— <ul> <li>""the appropriate person" means—</li> <li>(a) the appropriate Minister in a case which falls within paragraph (a) of the definition of the expression in section 30;</li> <li>(b) in relation to any judicial office whose jurisdiction is exercised exclusively in relation to England and Wales;</li> <li>(c) in relation to any judicial office whose jurisdiction is exercised exclusively in relation to Northern Ireland, the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland."</li> </ul> </li> <li>(5) After subsection (12) insert— <ul> <li>"(13) Where the Lord Chief Justice of England or Wales or the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland is the appropriate person, he must obtain the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor before exercising any functions under this section.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(14) The Lord Chief Justice of England or Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>(3) In subsection (7)— <ul> <li>(a) in paragraph (a) omit ", unless he is the Lord Chancellor";</li> <li>(b) in paragraph (b) omit ", unless he is the Lord Chancellor".</li> </ul> </li> <li>(4) In subsection (12), after the definition of "appointed day" insert— <ul> <li>""the appropriate person" means—</li> <li>(a) the appropriate Minister in a case which falls within paragraph (a) of the definition of the expression in section 30;</li> <li>(b) in relation to any judicial office whose jurisdiction is exercised exclusively in relation to England and Wales;</li> <li>(c) in relation to any judicial office whose jurisdiction is exercised exclusively in relation to Northern Ireland, the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland."</li> </ul> </li> <li>(5) After subsection (12) insert— <ul> <li>"(13) Where the Lord Chief Justice of England or Wales or the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland is the appropriate person, he must obtain the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor before exercising any functions under this section.</li> <li>(14) The Lord Chief Justice of England or Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	228	
<ul> <li>(a) in paragraph (a) omit ", unless he is the Lord Chancellor";</li> <li>(b) in paragraph (b) omit ", unless he is the Lord Chancellor".</li> <li>(4) In subsection (12), after the definition of "appointed day" insert— <ul> <li>""the appropriate person" means—</li> <li>(a) the appropriate Minister in a case which falls within paragraph (a) of the definition of the expression in section 30;</li> <li>(b) in relation to any judicial office whose jurisdiction is exercised exclusively in relation to England and Wales;</li> <li>(c) in relation to any judicial office whose jurisdiction is exercised exclusively in relation to Northern Ireland, the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland."</li> </ul> </li> <li>(5) After subsection (12) insert— <ul> <li>"(13) Where the Lord Chief Justice of England or Wales or the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland is the appropriate person, he must obtain the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor before exercising any functions under this section.</li> <li>(14) The Lord Chief Justice of England or Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		(2) For "appropriate minister" in subsections (5) and (6) substitute " appropriate person ".
<ul> <li>""the appropriate person" means— <ul> <li>(a) the appropriate Minister in a case which falls within paragraph (a) of the definition of the expression in section 30;</li> <li>(b) in relation to any judicial office whose jurisdiction is exercised exclusively in relation to England and Wales, the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales;</li> <li>(c) in relation to any judicial office whose jurisdiction is exercised exclusively in relation to Northern Ireland, the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland."</li> </ul> </li> <li>(5) After subsection (12) insert— <ul> <li>"(13) Where the Lord Chief Justice of England or Wales or the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland is the appropriate person, he must obtain the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor before exercising any functions under this section.</li> <li>(14) The Lord Chief Justice of England or Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		(a) in paragraph (a) omit ", unless he is the Lord Chancellor";
<ul> <li>(a) the appropriate Minister in a case which falls within paragraph (a) of the definition of the expression in section 30;</li> <li>(b) in relation to any judicial office whose jurisdiction is exercised exclusively in relation to England and Wales, the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales;</li> <li>(c) in relation to any judicial office whose jurisdiction is exercised exclusively in relation to Northern Ireland, the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland."</li> <li>(5) After subsection (12) insert— <ul> <li>"(13) Where the Lord Chief Justice of England or Wales or the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland is the appropriate person, he must obtain the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor before exercising any functions under this section.</li> <li>(14) The Lord Chief Justice of England or Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		(4) In subsection (12), after the definition of "appointed day" insert—
<ul> <li>"(13) Where the Lord Chief Justice of England or Wales or the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland is the appropriate person, he must obtain the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor before exercising any functions under this section.</li> <li>(14) The Lord Chief Justice of England or Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005)</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>(a) the appropriate Minister in a case which falls within paragraph (a) of the definition of the expression in section 30;</li> <li>(b) in relation to any judicial office whose jurisdiction is exercised exclusively in relation to England and Wales, the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales;</li> <li>(c) in relation to any judicial office whose jurisdiction is exercised exclusively in relation to Northern Ireland, the Lord Chief</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Justice of Northern Ireland is the appropriate person, he must obtain the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor before exercising any functions under this section.</li> <li>(14) The Lord Chief Justice of England or Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005)</li> </ul>		(5) After subsection (12) insert—
holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005)		Justice of Northern Ireland is the appropriate person, he must obtain the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor before exercising any functions under
		holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005)
<ul> <li>(15) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this section— <ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		<ul> <li>following to exercise his functions under this section—</li> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> </ul>
(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."		(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."

229 In Schedule 1 (offices which may be qualifying judicial offices) in Part 1 (judges) for the entries "President of the Family Division" and "Vice-Chancellor" substitute — "President of the Queen's Bench Division President of the Family Division Chancellor of the High Court ".

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
230	In Schedule 5 (retirement provisions: the relevant offices), in the second entry omit ", other than the Lord Chancellor".

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

# Bail (Amendment) Act 1993 (c. 26)

In section 1 of the Bail (Amendment) Act 1993 (prosecution right of appeal), in subsection (12) in the definition of "magistrates' court" and "court" for "designated" to the end substitute "designated in accordance with section 67 or section 139 of the Extradition Act 2003".

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

## Welsh Language Act 1993 (c. 38)

- 232 (1) Section 23 of the Welsh Language Act 1993 (oaths and affirmations) is amended as follows.
  - (2) That section becomes subsection (1) of section 23.
  - (3) In that subsection after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales, ".
  - (4) After that subsection insert—
    - "(2) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

## VALID FROM 03/04/2006

## Local Government (Wales) Act 1994 (c. 19)

- 233 (1) Section 55 of the Local Government (Wales) Act 1994 (magistrates' courts, justices of the peace etc) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1)—
    - (a) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ";
    - (b) for "he thinks necessary or expedient" substitute " the Lord Chancellor thinks necessary or expedient, after consulting the Lord Chief Justice,".
  - (3) In subsection (3)—
    - (a) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ";
    - (b) for "appears to him expedient" substitute " appears to the Lord Chancellor to be expedient, after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
- After subsection (5) insert—

231

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

"(6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
	Value Added Tax Act 1994 (c. 23)
235	The Value Added Tax Act 1994 is amended as follows.
236	In section 86 (appeals to the Court of Appeal), after subsection (2) insert—
	"(2A) Before making an order under this section that relates to England and Wales, the Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales.
	(2B) Before making an order under this section that relates to Northern Ireland, the Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland.
	(2C) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section.
	<ul> <li>(2D) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this section— <ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
237	(1) Schedule 12 (constitution and procedure of VAT tribunals) is amended as follows.
	<ul> <li>(2) In paragraph 3 (tenure of office of President)—</li> <li>(a) after sub-paragraph (5) insert—</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>"(5A) The Lord Chancellor may remove a person from office under sub-paragraph (4), or nominate a person under sub-paragraph (5), only with the concurrence of all of the following— <ul> <li>(a) the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales;</li> <li>(b) the Lord President of the Court of Session;</li> <li>(c) the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland.";</li> </ul> </li> <li>(b) after sub-paragraph (8) insert—</li> </ul>
	"(9) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under sub-paragraph (5A) in relation to the nomination of a person under sub-paragraph (5).
	(10) The Lord President of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session who is a member of the First or Second Division of the Inner House of that Court to exercise his functions

under sub-paragraph (5A) in relation to the nomination of a person under sub-paragraph (5). (11) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under sub-paragraph (5A) in relation to the nomination of a person under sub-paragraph (5)the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the (a) Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002; a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that (b) Act)." (3) In paragraph 4— (a) that paragraph becomes sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 4; after that sub-paragraph insert-(b) "(2) The powers of the Lord Chancellor under sub-paragraph (1) may be exercised-(a) in relation to England and Wales only after consulting the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales; (b) in relation to Northern Ireland only after consulting the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland. (3) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this paragraph. (4) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this paragraphthe holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the (a) Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002; a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that (b) Act)." (4) In paragraph 7 (membership of panels)— (a)

- a) in sub-paragraph (3)(c) for "Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland" substitute "Lord Chancellor ";
- (b) for sub-paragraph (7) substitute—
  - "(7A) The Lord Chancellor may, with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales, remove from office on the ground of incapacity or misbehaviour a chairman of VAT Tribunals appointed under sub-paragraph (3)(a).
    - (7B) The Lord President of the Court of Session may remove from office on the ground of incapacity or misbehaviour a chairman of VAT Tribunals appointed under sub-paragraph (3)(b)."

		VALID FROM 03/04/2006
		Trade Marks Act 1994 (c. 26)
238		of the Trade Marks Act 1994 (persons appointed to hear and beals), after subsection (4) insert—
		for Chancellor may remove a person from office under tion $(3)(c)$ only with the concurrence of the appropriate senior
		propriate senior judge is the Lord Chief Justice of England and unless-
	(a)	the person to be removed exercises functions wholly or mainly in Scotland, in which case it is the Lord President of the Court of Session, or
	(b)	the person to be removed exercises functions wholly or mainly in Northern Ireland, in which case it is the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland."
		VALID FROM 03/04/2006

# Merchant Shipping Act 1995 (c. 21)

In section 297 of the Merchant Shipping Act 1995 (wreck commissioners), after subsection (3) insert—

- "(3A) The Lord Chancellor may remove a wreck commissioner from office only with the concurrence of—
  - (a) the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales, or
  - (b) if the commissioner was appointed to act in Northern Ireland, the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland."

# VALID FROM 03/04/2006

### Reserve Forces Act 1996 (c. 14)

240 The Reserve Forces Act 1996 is amended as follows.

239

- 241 In section 90 (appointment of panel of chairmen), after subsection (1) insert—
  - "(1A) The Lord Chancellor may not appoint a member of the panel unless the appropriate senior judge concurs."
- In section 91 (appointment of panel of ordinary members), after subsection (2) insert—

"(2A) The Lord Chancellor may not appoint a member of the panel unless the appropriate senior judge concurs."

243 (1) Section 92 (membership of tribunals etc) is amended as follows.

	Changes to legislation.	<b>Status:</b> Point in time view as at 01/10/2005.
		Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force 4. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that
		the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)
	(2) In subsection ( subsection (2)'	1) for "by the Lord Chancellor" substitute " in accordance with '.
	(3) For subsections	s (2) and (3) substitute—
	"(2) The ch	airman and other members are to be selected as follows—
	(a)	in the case of an appeal tribunal which is to sit in England and Wales, by the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales after consulting the Lord Chancellor;
	(b)	in the case of an appeal tribunal which is to sit in Scotland, by the Lord President of the Court of Session;
	(c)	in the case of an appeal tribunal which is to sit in Northern Ireland, by the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland after consulting the Lord Chancellor.
	of an a serving appoint	a tribunal which is hearing an appeal in respect of a determination pplication under regulations under section 78 or 79 requests it, a g or retired officer of any regular service or reserve force may be ted in accordance with subsection (4) to advise the tribunal on any t service matters.
	(4) The off	ficer is to be appointed as follows—
	(a)	in the case of an appeal tribunal which is sitting in England and Wales, by the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales after consulting the Lord Chancellor;
	(b)	in the case of an appeal tribunal which is sitting in Scotland, by the Lord President of the Court of Session;
	(c)	in the case of an appeal tribunal which is sitting in Northern Ireland, the Lord Chancellor with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland."
244	After section	n 92 insert—
	"97 A Section	s 90 to 92: supplementary
		ctions 90 and 91 "appropriate senior judge", in relation to the ntment of a person to be a member of a panel, means—
	(a)	if the person is to be appointed to exercise functions wholly or mainly in relation to England and Wales, the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales;
	(b)	if the person is to be appointed to exercise functions wholly or mainly in relation to Scotland, the Lord President of the Court of Session;
	(c)	if the person is to be appointed to exercise functions wholly or

it the person is to be appointed to exercise functions wholly or mainly in relation to Northern Ireland, the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland.

- (2) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise any of his functions under sections 90 to 92.
- (3) The Lord President of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session who is a

member of the First or Second Division of the Inner House of that Court to exercise any of his functions under sections 90 to 92.

- (4) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise any of his functions under sections 90 to 92—
  - (a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;
  - (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."

# VALID FROM 03/04/2006

# Employment Tribunals Act 1996 (c. 17)

245 The Employment Tribunals Act 1996 is amended as follows.

- 246 (1) Section 22 (membership of appeal tribunal) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1)(a)—
    - (a) for "by the Lord Chancellor" substitute " by the Lord Chief Justice, after consulting the Lord Chancellor, ";
    - (b) omit "(other than the Lord Chancellor)".
  - (3) In subsection (3) for "Lord Chancellor shall, after consultation with the Lord President of the Court of Session," substitute " Lord Chief Justice shall ".
  - (4) After subsection (3) insert—
    - "(3A) The Lord Chief Justice must not make an appointment under subsection (3) unless—
      - (a) he has consulted the Lord Chancellor, and
      - (b) the Lord President of the Court of Session agrees."
  - (5) After subsection (4) insert—
    - "(5) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section.
    - (6) The Lord President of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session who is a member of the First or Second Division of the Inner House of that Court to exercise his functions under subsection (3A) (b)."
- 247 (1) Section 23 (temporary membership) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute "Lord Chief Justice".
  - (3) In subsection (2)(a) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute "Lord Chief Justice".
  - (4) After subsection (5) insert—
    - "(6) The functions conferred on the Lord Chief Justice by the preceding provisions of this section may be exercised only after consulting the Lord Chancellor.

Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	(7) The functions conferred on the Lord Chancellor by subsection (3) may be exercised only after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice.
	(8) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
248	(1) Section 24 (temporary additional judicial membership) is amended as follows.
	(2) For subsection (1) substitute—
	<ul> <li>"(1) This section applies if both of the following conditions are met—</li> <li>(a) the Lord Chancellor thinks that it is expedient, after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, for a qualified person to be appointed to be a temporary additional judge of the Appeal Tribunal in order to facilitate in England and Wales the disposal of business in the Appeal Tribunal;</li> <li>(b) the Lord Chancellor requests the Lord Chief Justice to make such an appointment.</li> </ul>
	(1A) The Lord Chief Justice may, after consulting the Lord Chancellor, appoint a qualified person as mentioned in subsection (1)(a).
	<ul> <li>(1B) An appointment under this section is— <ul> <li>(a) for such period, or</li> <li>(b) on such occasions,</li> <li>as the Lord Chief Justice determines, after consulting the Lord Chancellor."</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	(3) In subsection (2) for "subsection (1)" substitute " this section ".
	(4) After subsection (3) insert—
	"(4) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
249	In section 25 (tenure of appointed members) after subsection (4) insert-
	"(5) The Lord Chancellor may declare an appointed member's office vacant under subsection (4) only with the concurrence of the appropriate senior judge.
	(6) The appropriate senior judge is the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales, unless the member whose office is to be declared vacant exercises functions wholly or mainly in Scotland, in which case it is the Lord

### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

Arbitration Act 1996 (c. 23)
250 In section 105 of the Arbitration Act 1996 (jurisdiction of High Court and county court), after subsection (3) insert—

President of the Court of Session."

- "(3A) The Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales or the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland (as the case may be) before making an order under this section.
- (3B) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section.
- (3C) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this section—
  - (a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;
  - (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

Criminal Procedure and Investigations Act 1996 (c. 25)

In section 19 of the Criminal Procedure and Investigations Act 1996 (rules of court), in subsection (3) for the words from "with any modifications" to the end substitute " or such provision with modifications ".

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

Family Law Act 1996 (c. 27)

- The Family Law Act 1996 is amended as follows.
- 253 (1) Section 57 (jurisdiction of the courts) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsections (3), (4) and (5) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
  - (3) In subsection (7) after "Lord Chancellor thinks appropriate" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice".
  - (4) In subsection (9) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
  - (5) In subsection (10) after "Lord Chancellor thinks expedient" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
  - (6) After subsection (11) insert—
    - "(12) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
- 254 (1) Section 61 (appeals) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (5) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (3) After subsection (6) insert—
  - "(7) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
	Defamation Act 1996 (c. 31)
255	In section 9 of the Defamation Act 1996 (meaning of summary relief), after subsection (2) insert—
	"(2A) The Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales before making any order under subsection (1)(c) in relation to England and Wales.
	(2B) The Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland before making any order under subsection (1)(c) in relation to Northern Ireland.
	(2C) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section.
	<ul> <li>(2D) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this section— <ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> <li>(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	VALID FROM 03/04/2006

#### Housing Act 1996 (c. 52)

- The Housing Act 1996 is amended as follows.
- In section 138 (introductory tenancies: jurisdiction of county court), omit subsections (4) to (6) (rules and directions).
- In section 143N (demoted tenancies: jurisdiction of county court), omit subsections (5) to (7) (rules and directions).

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

259 In section 334 of the Education Act 1996 (Special Educational Needs Tribunal: President and members), in subsection (3)—

- (a) after "Lord Chancellor" in the first place insert " and of the Lord Chief Justice ";
- (b) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice, ".

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

Deregulation (Model Appeal Provisions) Order 1996 (S.I. 1996/1678)

260 In the Schedule (model rules for appeals) to the Deregulation (Model Appeal Provisions) Order 1996, after paragraph 6(3) insert—

> "(3A) The Lord Chancellor may exercise his power under sub-paragraph (3) to remove a person appointed to the panel of chairmen for England and Wales only with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice."

# VALID FROM 03/04/2006

# Civil Procedure Act 1997 (c. 12)

- 261 The Civil Procedure Act 1997 is amended as follows.
- In section 1 (civil procedure rules), in subsection (3) (as amended by section 82 of the Courts Act 2003) omit "or alter".
- 263 (1) Section 2 (Civil Procedure Rule Committee) is amended as follows.
  - (2) For subsection (1) substitute—
    - "(1) Civil Procedure Rules are to be made by a committee known as the Civil Procedure Rule Committee, which is to consist of the following persons—
      - (a) the Head of Civil Justice;
      - (b) the Deputy Head of Civil Justice (if there is one);
      - (c) the persons currently appointed in accordance with subsections (1A) and (1B).
    - (1A) The Lord Chief Justice must appoint the persons falling within paragraphs(a) to (d) of subsection (2).
    - (1B) The Lord Chancellor must appoint the persons falling within paragraphs(e) to (g) of subsection (2)."
  - (3) In subsection (2) for "The Lord Chancellor must appoint" substitute "The persons to be appointed in accordance with subsections (1A) and (1B) are ".
  - (4) For subsection (3) substitute—
    - "(3) Before appointing a person in accordance with subsection (1A), the Lord Chief Justice must consult the Lord Chancellor."
  - (5) In subsection (4) for "under paragraph (e) or (f) of subsection (2), the Lord Chancellor must consult" substitute "in accordance with subsection (1B), the Lord

	Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice and, if the person falls within paragraph (e) or (f) of subsection (2), must also consult ".
	(6) After subsection (8) insert—
	"(9) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
264	(1) Section 2A (power to change certain requirements relating to Committee) is amended as follows.
	<ul><li>(2) In subsection (1) for paragraph (a) substitute—</li><li>"(a) amend section 2(2), (3) or (4), and".</li></ul>
	(3) For subsection (2) substitute—
	"(2) The Lord Chancellor may make an order under this section only with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice.
	<ul> <li>(2A) Before making an order under this section the Lord Chancellor must consult the following persons— <ul> <li>(a) the Head of Civil Justice;</li> <li>(b) the Deputy Head of Civil Justice (if there is one).</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	(2B) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
265	(1) Section 3 (process for making Civil Procedure rules) (as amended by section 85 of the Courts Act 2003 (c. 39)) is amended as follows.
	(2) For subsections (3) and (4) substitute—
	"(3) The Lord Chancellor may allow or disallow Rules so made.
	(4) If the Lord Chancellor disallows Rules, he must give the Committee written reasons for doing so."
	(3) In subsection (5) for ", as allowed or altered" substitute " and allowed ".
	(4) In subsection (6) omit "Subject to subsection (7),".
	(5) Omit subsection (7).
266	After section 3 insert—
	"3A Rules to be made if required by Lord Chancellor
	(1) This section applies if the Lord Chancellor gives the Civil Procedure Rules Committee written notice that he thinks it is expedient for Civil Procedure Rules to include provision that would achieve a purpose specified in the notice.
	(2) The Committee must make such Rules as it considers necessary to achieve the specified purpose.
	(3) Those rules must be—

- (a) made within a reasonable period after the Lord Chancellor gives notice to the Committee;
  - (b) made in accordance with section 3."
- 267 (1) Section 4 (power to make consequential amendments) (as amended by section 85 of the Courts Act 2003 (c. 39)) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsections (1) and (2) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
  - (3) After subsection (5) insert—
    - "(6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (1) or (2)."
- 268 (1) Section 6 (Civil Justice Council) is amended as follows.
  - (2) After subsection (2) insert—
    - "(2A) The Lord Chancellor must decide the following questions, after consulting the Lord Chief Justice—
      - (a) how many members of the Council are to be drawn from each of the groups mentioned in subsection (2);
      - (b) how many other members the Council is to have.
    - (2B) It is for-
      - (a) the Lord Chief Justice to appoint members of the judiciary to the Council, after consulting the Lord Chancellor;
      - (b) the Lord Chancellor to appoint other persons to the Council."
  - (3) After subsection (4) insert—
    - "(5) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

# Plant Varieties Act 1997 (c. 66)

- 269 (1) Schedule 3 to the Plant Varieties Act 1997 (Plant Varieties and Seeds Tribunal) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In paragraph 4 (chairman of the Tribunal for proceedings in Northern Ireland), in sub-paragraph (1) for "Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland" substitute " Lord Chancellor ".
  - (3) In paragraph 5 (duration of appointment)—
    - (a) in sub-paragraph (5) for "paragraph 2, 3 or 4" substitute " paragraph 2 or 3 ";
    - (b) after sub-paragraph (5) insert—

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- "(5A) Where the appointing authority is the Lord Chancellor, the power conferred by sub-paragraph (5) may be exercised only with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales."
- (4) In paragraph 7 (the panels), in sub-paragraph (2) for the words in brackets substitute " (which makes it necessary to obtain the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor and certain judicial office holders to dismissals in certain cases) ".
- (5) In paragraph 16 (interpretation), in paragraph (c) of the definition of "appointing authority" for "Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland" substitute "Lord Chancellor"

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

Reserve Forces Appeal Tribunals Rules 1997 (S.I. 1997/798)

- 270 (1) Rule 7 of the Reserve Forces Appeal Tribunals Rules 1997 (acknowledgement and registration of appeal and request to select tribunal) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In sub-paragraph (c), for the words from "Lord Chancellor" to "Northern Ireland" substitute " person who under section 92(2) of the Act is authorised to do so, ".

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

Social Security Act 1998 (c. 14)

- 271 The Social Security Act 1998 is amended as follows.
- 272 (1) Section 6 (panel for appointment to appeal tribunals) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (2) for the words from "such" to the end substitute "persons appointed by the Lord Chancellor".
  - (3) After subsection (3) insert—
    - "(3A) As part of the selection process for the appointment of a medical practitioner as a member of the panel, the Judicial Appointments Commission shall consult the Chief Medical Officer."
  - (4) In subsection (5) after "misbehaviour" insert "; but the Lord Chancellor may remove such a person only with the concurrence of the appropriate senior judge".
  - (5) After subsection (5) insert—
    - "(5A) The appropriate senior judge is the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales, unless the person to be removed exercises functions wholly or mainly in Scotland, in which case it is the Lord President of the Court of Session."

Session."

#### Status: Point in time view as at 01/10/2005.

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

In Schedule 1 (Appeal Tribunals: supplementary provisions), in paragraph 1(3) (tenure of office) after "by the Lord Chancellor" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice and the Lord President of the Court of Session, ".
In Schedule 4 (Social Security Commissioners), in paragraph 5 (removal) after sub-paragraph (1) insert—

"(1A) The Lord Chancellor may remove a person under sub-paragraph (1) only with the concurrence of the appropriate senior judge.
(1B) The appropriate senior judge is the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales, unless the person exercises functions wholly or mainly in Scotland, in which case it is the Lord President of the Court of

Data Protection Act 1998 (c. 29)
<ul><li>(1) Schedule 6 to the Data Protection Act 1998 (appeal proceedings) (as amended by paragraph 2 of Schedule 4 to the Freedom of Information Act 2000 (c. 36)) is amended as follows.</li></ul>
(2) In paragraph 2 (designation of persons to hear appeals in national security cases), after sub-paragraph (2) insert—
<ul> <li>"(3) The Lord Chancellor may make, or revoke, a designation under this paragraph only with the concurrence of all of the following— <ul> <li>(a) the Lord Chief Justice;</li> <li>(b) the Lord President of the Court of Session;</li> <li>(c) the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ul><li>(4) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under sub-paragraph (3) so far as they relate to a designation under this paragraph.</li></ul>
<ul><li>(5) The Lord President of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session who is a member of the First or Second Division of the Inner House of that Court to exercise his functions under sub-paragraph (3) so far as they relate to a designation under this paragraph.</li></ul>
<ul> <li>(6) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under sub-paragraph (3) so far as they relate to a designation under this paragraph— <ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> <li>(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
(3) In paragraph 3 (constitution of Tribunal in national security cases) (as substituted by paragraph 2 of Schedule 4 to the Freedom of Information Act 2000)—

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (a) that paragraph becomes sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 3;
- (b) after that sub-paragraph insert—
  - "(2) The Lord Chancellor may designate a person to preside under this paragraph only with the concurrence of all of the following—
    - (a) the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales;
    - (b) the Lord President of the Court of Session;
    - (c) the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland.
  - (3) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this paragraph.
  - (4) The Lord President of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session who is a member of the First or Second Division of the Inner House of that Court to exercise his functions under this paragraph.
  - (5) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this paragraph—
    - (a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;
    - (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

#### Crime and Disorder Act 1998 (c. 37)

- 276 The Crime and Disorder Act 1998 (powers of magistrates' courts exercisable by single justice etc) is amended as follows.
- 277 (1) Section 10 (appeals against parenting orders) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (6) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice, ".
  - (3) After subsection (7) insert—
    - "(8) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

# Human Rights Act 1998 (c. 42)

278 In section 18 of the Human Rights Act 1998 (appointment to ECHR), after subsection (7) insert—

"(7A) The following paragraphs apply to the making of an order under subsection (7) in relation to any holder of a judicial office listed in subsection (1)(a)—
<ul> <li>(a) before deciding what transitional provision it is appropriate to make, the person making the order must consult the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales;</li> </ul>
(b) before making the order, that person must consult the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales.
(7B) The following paragraphs apply to the making of an order under subsection (7) in relation to any holder of a judicial office listed in subsection (1)(c)—
<ul> <li>(a) before deciding what transitional provision it is appropriate to make, the person making the order must consult the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland;</li> </ul>
(b) before making the order, that person must consult the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland.
(7C) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (within the meaning of section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section.
(7D) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this section—
<ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> </ul>
(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."

Access to Justice Act 1999 (c. 22)

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
279	The Access to Justice Act 1999 is amended as follows.
280	(1) Section 56 (power to prescribe alternative destination of appeals) is amended as follows.

- (2) In subsection (4) for paragraphs (c) and (d) substitute—
  - "(c) the President of the Queen's Bench Division,
  - (d) the President of the Family Division, and
  - (e) the Chancellor of the High Court."
- (3) After subsection (7) insert—
  - "(8) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

#### **Commencement Information**

Sch. 4 para. 280 wholly in force at 3.4.2006; Sch. 4 para. 280 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 148; Sch. 4 para. 280(2) in force at 1.10.2005 by S.I. 2005/2505, art. 2; Sch. 4 para. 280 in force at 3.4.2006 in so far as not already in force by S.I. 2006/1014 {art. 2(a)}, Sch. 1 para. 11(w)

# VALID FROM 03/04/2006

- 281 (1) Section 68 (judges holding office in European or international courts) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (2), in the definition of "relevant international court" for "for the purposes of this section by the Lord Chancellor or the Secretary of State" substitute " in relation to the holder of a United Kingdom judicial office by the appropriate Minister".
  - (3) In subsection (6) for "subsection (5)" substitute " this section ".
  - (4) After subsection (7) insert—
    - "(8) The Lord Chancellor may exercise functions under this section in relation to the holder of a United Kingdom judicial office specified in paragraph (a) of the definition in subsection (2) only after consulting the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales.
    - (9) The Lord Chancellor may exercise functions under this section in relation to the holder of a United Kingdom judicial office specified in paragraph (c) of the definition in subsection (2) only after consulting the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland.
    - (10) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (within the meaning of section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (8).
    - (11) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under subsection (9)—
      - (a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;
      - (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."

- 282 (1) Section 69 (Vice-President of Queen's Bench division) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1) for "Lord Chancellor may" substitute " Lord Chief Justice may, after consulting the Lord Chancellor, ".
  - (3) After subsection (1) insert—
    - "(1A) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (1)."

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
	Immigration and Asylum Act 1999 (c. 33)
283	The Immigration and Asylum Act 1999 is amended as follows.
284	(1) Section 53 (applications for bail in immigration cases) is amended as follows.
	(2) After subsection (6) insert—
	"(6A) In so far as regulations under this section relate to England and Wales, the Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales before giving his approval.
	(6B) In so far as regulations under this section relate to Northern Ireland, the Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland before giving his approval."
	(3) After subsection (7) insert—
	"(8) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section.
	<ul> <li>(9) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this section— <ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> <li>(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
285	In Schedule 7 (Immigration Services Tribunal), in paragraph 3 (terms and conditions of appointment of members) after sub-paragraph (4) insert—
	"(5) The Lord Chancellor may dismiss a person under sub-paragraph (4) only with the concurrence of the appropriate senior judge.
	(6) The appropriate senior judge is the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales, unless—
	<ul> <li>(a) the person to be dismissed exercises functions wholly or mainly in Scotland, in which case it is the Lord President of the Court of Session, or</li> </ul>
	(b) that person exercises functions wholly or mainly in Northern Ireland, in which case it is the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland."
	VALID FROM 03/04/2006

Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (c. 8)

- 286 (1) Schedule 13 (Financial Services and Markets Tribunal) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 is amended as follows.
  - (2) In paragraph 2 (president of the tribunal), after sub-paragraph (7) insert—

<i>Status:</i> Point in time view as at 01/10/2005.	
Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all change	es known to be in force
on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a futt	ire date. Changes that
have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of	f Document for details)

<ul> <li>"(8) The Lord Chancellor may appoint a person under sub-paragraph (7)(b) only after consulting the following— <ul> <li>(a) the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales;</li> <li>(b) the Lord President of the Court of Session;</li> <li>(c) the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
(9) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this paragraph.
(10) The Lord President of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session who is a member of the First or Second Division of the Inner House of that Court to exercise his functions under this paragraph.
<ul> <li>(11) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this paragraph— <ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> <li>(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
(3) In paragraph 4 (terms of office), after sub-paragraph (2) insert—
"(2A) The Lord Chancellor may remove a person under sub-paragraph (2) only with the concurrence of the appropriate senior judge.
(2B) The appropriate senior judge is the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales, unless—
<ul> <li>(a) the person to be removed exercises functions wholly or mainly in Scotland, in which case it is the Lord President of the Court of Session, or</li> </ul>
(b) the person to be removed exercises functions wholly or mainly in Northern Ireland, in which case it is the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland."
(4) In paragraph 8 (sittings) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consulting the President of the Financial Services and Markets Tribunal,".
VALID FROM 03/04/2006
Terrorism Act 2000 (c. 11)

- 287 The Terrorism Act 2000 is amended as follows.
- 288 (1) Section 74 (court for trial) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1)—
    - (a) after "unless" insert " the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland directs that ";
    - (b) in paragraph (a) omit from "the Lord Chancellor" to "directs that";
    - (c) in paragraph (b) omit "the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland directs that".

Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(3) After subsection (1) insert— "(1A) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under subsection (1)the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (a) (Northern Ireland) Act 2002; (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)." 289 (1) In Schedule 3 (Proscribed Organisations Appeal Commission), paragraph 4 (sittings) is amended as follows. (2) In sub-paragraph (1) after "direct" insert "after consulting the followingthe Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales; (a) the Lord President of the Court of Session; (b) the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland". (c) (3) After sub-paragraph (3) insert— "(4) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this paragraph. (5) The Lord President of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session who is a member of the First or Second Division of the Inner House of that Court to exercise his functions under this paragraph. (6) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this paragraph-(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002 (c. 26); (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)." 290 (1) Schedule 8 (detention) is amended as follows. (2) In paragraph 29 (warrants of further detention) in sub-paragraph (4)(a) for "by the Lord Chancellor" substitute " by (a) the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales after consulting the Lord Chancellor ": in sub-paragraph (4)(c) for "by the Lord Chancellor" substitute " by the (b) Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland after consulting the Lord Chancellor (c) after sub-paragraph (4) insert— "(5) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under sub-paragraph (4)(a). (6) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under sub-paragraph (4)(c)

- (a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;
- (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
	Logel Consumment Act 2000 (c. 22)
	Local Government Act 2000 (c. 22)
291	(1) Section 76 of the Local Government Act 2000 (case tribunals and interim case tribunals) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (9) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice ".
	(3) After subsection (9) insert—
	"(9A) The Lord Chief Justice must consult the Lord Chancellor before specifying a member of the Panel in accordance with subsection (9)."
	(4) In subsection (12) after "Lord Chancellor must" insert " consult the Lord Chief Justice and ".
	(5) After subsection (14) insert—
	"(15) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

# Postal Services Act 2000 (c. 26)

- 292 (1) Schedule 3 to the Postal Services Act 2000 (transfer to the Post Office Company: supplementary provisions) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In paragraph 6 (third party rights relating to land), in sub-paragraph (5)(c) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Chairman of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors in Northern Ireland ".
  - (3) In paragraph 7 (other third party property rights), in sub-paragraph (3)(c) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Chairman of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors in Northern Ireland ".

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

# Transport Act 2000 (c. 38)

- 293 The Transport Act 2000 is amended as follows.
- In section 61 (special provisions about land), in subsection (6)(c) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Chairman of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors in Northern Ireland".
- In section 93 (control in time of hostilities etc), in subsection (10)(c) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Chairman of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors in Northern Ireland ".

- 296 In section 94 (orders for possessions of aerodromes etc), in subsection (8)(c) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Chairman of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors in Northern Ireland ".
- 297 (1) Schedule 6 (transfer schemes) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In paragraph 20 (compensation for third parties), in sub-paragraph (6)(c) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Chairman of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors in Northern Ireland ".

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

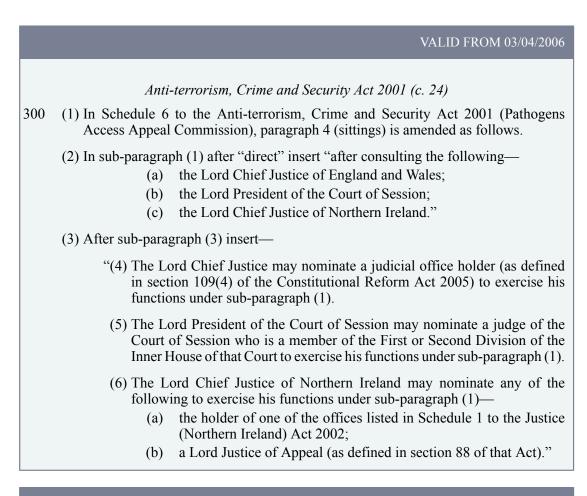
# Criminal Justice and Court Services Act 2000 (c. 43)

- 298 (1) Schedule 1 of the Criminal Justice and Court Services Act 2000 (local probation boards) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In paragraph 2 (membership)—
    - (a) in sub-paragraph (2) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute "Lord Chief Justice, after consulting the Lord Chancellor ";
    - (b) after sub-paragraph (7) insert—
      - "(8) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under sub-paragraph (2)."
  - (3) In paragraph 3 (tenure of members), after sub-paragraph (3) insert—
    - "(3A) The power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) may be exercised by the Lord Chancellor to remove a person appointed by him by virtue of paragraph 2(2) only with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice."

# VALID FROM 03/04/2006

# International Criminal Court Act 2001 (c. 17) Section 26 of the International Criminal Court Act 2001 (definitions) is amended as follows— (a) that section becomes subsection (1) of section 26; (b) in that subsection for "by the Lord Chancellor" substitute " by the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales after consulting the Lord Chancellor "; (c) after that subsection insert— "(2) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)



# VALID FROM 03/04/2006

# Land Registration Act 2002 (c. 9)

- 301 The Land Registration Act 2002 is amended as follows.
- 302 (1) Section 127 (exercise of powers) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (2)(a) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice, or a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) nominated by him, after consulting the Lord Chancellor".
  - (3) In subsection (2)(h) after "consumer affairs" insert " nominated by the Lord Chancellor".
- 303 In Schedule 9 (the Adjudicator), in paragraph 1 (holding of office), in subparagraph (2) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice, ".

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
	Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40)
304	The Enterprise Act 2002 is amended as follows.
305	(1) Section 268 (disqualification from office: general) is amended as follows.
	<ul> <li>(2) In subsection (7)— <ul> <li>(a) omit "made with the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor";</li> <li>(b) after "tribunal" insert "; but any such order must— </li> <li>(a) if it relates to England and Wales, be made with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales;</li> <li>(b) if it relates to Northern Ireland, be made with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland".</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	(3) After subsection (15) insert—
	"(16) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (7).
	<ul> <li>(17) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under subsection (7)— <ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> <li>(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
306	In paragraph 2 of Schedule 2 (tenure of members of Competition Appeal Tribunal), after sub-paragraph (4) insert—
	<ul> <li>"(5) The Lord Chancellor may remove a person from office as President under sub-paragraph (4) only with the concurrence of all of the following— <ul> <li>(a) the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales;</li> <li>(b) the Lord President of the Court of Session;</li> <li>(c) the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul><li>(6) The Lord Chancellor may remove a person from office as chairman under sub-paragraph (4) only with the concurrence of the appropriate senior judge.</li></ul>
	(7) The appropriate senior judge is the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales, unless—
	<ul> <li>(a) the person to be removed exercises functions wholly or mainly in Scotland, in which case it is the Lord President of the Court of Session, or</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>(b) the person to be removed exercises functions wholly or mainly in Northern Ireland, in which case it is the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland."</li> </ul>

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	VALID FKOM 03/04/2006
	Finance Act 2003 (c. 14)
307	(1) Schedule 17 to the Finance Act 2003 (stamp duty land tax: General and Special Commissioners, appeals and other proceedings) is amended as follows.
	(2) In paragraph 2 (regulations about determination of disputes), after sub- paragraph (1) insert—
	<ul> <li>"(1A) The Lord Chancellor may make regulations under this paragraph only after consulting all of the following— <ul> <li>(a) the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales;</li> <li>(b) the Lord President of the Court of Session;</li> <li>(c) the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	(1B) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this paragraph.
	(1C) The Lord President of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session who is a member of the First or Second Division of the Inner House of that Court to exercise his functions under this paragraph.
	<ul> <li>(1D) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this paragraph— <ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> <li>(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	(3) In paragraph 3 (regulations about jurisdiction of General or Special Commissioners), after sub-paragraph (3) insert—
	<ul> <li>"(4) The Lord Chancellor may make regulations under this paragraph only after consulting all of the following— <ul> <li>(a) the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales;</li> <li>(b) the Lord President of the Court of Session;</li> <li>(c) the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	(5) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this paragraph.
	(6) The Lord President of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session who is a member of the First or Second Division of the Inner House of that Court to exercise his functions under this paragraph.
	<ul> <li>(7) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this paragraph—</li> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> </ul>

(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."

94

(4) In paragraph 5 (regulations about quorum)—

<ul><li>(a) that paragraph becomes sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 5;</li><li>(b) after that sub-paragraph—</li></ul>
<ul> <li>"(2) The Lord Chancellor may make regulations under this paragraph only after consulting all of the following— <ul> <li>(a) the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales;</li> <li>(b) the Lord President of the Court of Session;</li> <li>(c) the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
(3) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this paragraph.
(4) The Lord President of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session who is a member of the First or Second Division of the Inner House of that Court to exercise his functions under this paragraph.
<ul> <li>(5) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this paragraph—</li> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> <li>(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."</li> </ul>
(5) In paragraph 11 (regulations), for sub-paragraph (1) substitute—
<ul><li>(1) Any power to make regulations under this Schedule is exercisable—</li><li>(a) only with the consent of the Scottish Ministers;</li></ul>

(b) subject to any other provision of this Schedule."

Courts Act 2003 (c. 39)

# VALID FROM 03/04/2006

308 The Courts Act 2003 is amended as follows.

- 309 (1) In section 2 (Court officers, staff and services), in subsection (7) for paragraphs (c) and (d) substitute—
  - "(c) the President of the Queen's Bench Division,
  - (d) the President of the Family Division, and
  - (e) the Chancellor of the High Court."

- 310 (1) Section 4 (establishment of courts boards) is amended as follows.
  - (2) After subsection (5) insert—

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- "(5A) Before making any order under subsection (2) or (4), the Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice."
- (3) After subsection (7) insert—
  - "(7A) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

- 311 (1) Section 5 (functions of courts boards) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (5) after "Lord Chancellor must" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
  - (3) In subsection (7) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
  - (4) After subsection (8) insert—
    - "(9) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

- 312 (1) Section 8 (local justice areas) is amended as follows.
  - (2) After subsection (5) insert—
    - "(5A) Before making any order under subsection (2) or (4), the Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice."
  - (3) After subsection (7) insert—
    - "(8) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

- 313 (1) Section 10 (appointment of lay justices etc) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (2) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute "Lord Chief Justice".
  - (3) In subsection (3) for "or on behalf of the Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice ".
  - (4) After subsection (5) insert—
    - "(6) The functions conferred on the Lord Chief Justice by subsections (2) and (3) may be exercised only after consulting the Lord Chancellor.

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(7) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (2) or (3)."

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

- In section 11 (resignation and removal of lay justices), in subsection (2)—
  - (a) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice, ";
  - (b) in paragraph (b) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice ".

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

- 315 (1) Section 13 (entry of names in the supplemental list) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (3) for "Lord Chancellor may" substitute " Lord Chief Justice may, with the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor, ".
  - (3) In subsection (5) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice, ".
  - (4) After subsection (5) insert—

314

"(6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (3)."

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

In section 14 (removal of names from the supplemental list), in subsection (2)
 (b) after "Lord Chancellor" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice, ".

- 317 (1) Section 15 (lay justices' allowances) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (7) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute "Lord Chief Justice".
  - (3) After subsection (8) insert—
    - "(9) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (7)."

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

318 In section 16 (records of lay justices), after subsection (3) insert—

- "(4) The Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice before—
  - (a) appointing a person under subsection (1), or
  - (b) giving a direction under subsection (2).
- (5) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

- 319 (1) Section 17 (chairman and deputy chairmen) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (3) for "Lord Chancellor, or a person acting on his behalf, may" substitute "Lord Chief Justice may, with the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor, ".
  - (3) After subsection (5) insert—
    - "(6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

- 320 (1) Section 19 (training, development and appraisal of lay justices) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (2) for "Lord Chancellor" in each place substitute "Lord Chief Justice
  - (3) In subsection (3)—
    - (a) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice ";
    - (b) for "appropriate training and training materials" substitute " training and training materials that appear to him, after consulting the Lord Chancellor, to be appropriate ".
  - (4) After subsection (3) insert—
    - "(4) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

- 321 (1) Section 20 (rules) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute "Lord Chief Justice".
  - (3) In subsection (2)—

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (a) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice ";
- (b) before paragraph (a) insert—
  - "(za) the Lord Chancellor,".
- (4) After subsection (2) insert—
  - "(3) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions of making the rules referred to in this section."

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

- 322 (1) Section 21 (duty to consult lay justices on matters affecting them etc) is amended as follows.
  - (2) That section becomes subsection (1) of section 21.
  - (3) In that subsection after "Lord Chancellor" insert " and the Lord Chief Justice ".
  - (4) After that subsection insert—
    - "(2) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

323 In section 22 (appointment of District Judges (Magistrates' Courts)), in subsection (5) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice, ".

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

In section 24 (Deputy District Judges (Magistrates' Courts)), in subsection (4) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice, ".

- 325 (1) Section 25 (District Judges (Magistrates' Courts) as justices of the peace) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (2), leave out "or on behalf of the Lord Chancellor" and insert " the Lord Chief Justice, after consulting the Lord Chancellor ".
  - (3) After subsection (2) insert—
    - "(3) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (2)."

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

- 326 (1) Section 27 (justices' clerks and assistant clerks) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1)(b) after "Lord Chancellor" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
  - (3) In subsection (3)—
    - (a) in paragraph (a) after "must" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ";
    - (b) in paragraph (b) for "subsection (4)" substitute "subsections (4A) to (4C)".

### (4) For subsection (4) substitute—

- "(4A) The Lord Chancellor may change an assignment of a justices' clerk so that he is no longer assigned to a local justice area ("the relevant area") only if the conditions in subsections (4B) and (4C) are met.
- (4B) Before changing the assignment, the Lord Chancellor must consult—
  - (a) the chairman of the lay justices assigned to the relevant area, or
  - (b) if that is not possible or not practicable, the deputy chairman or such of the lay justices assigned to or acting in the relevant area as it appears to the Lord Chancellor appropriate to consult.
- (4C) The Lord Chief Justice must agree to the change."
- (5) After subsection (6) insert—
  - "(6A) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

- 327 (1) Section 28 (functions) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (8) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice ".
  - (3) After subsection (9) insert—
    - "(10) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

- 328 (1) Section 30 (places, dates and times of sittings) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
  - (3) In subsection (7) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".

Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (4) After subsection (8) insert—
  - "(9) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (1) or (7)."

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

- 329 (1) Section 34 (costs in legal proceedings) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (5) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
  - (3) After subsection (5) insert—
    - "(6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

	VALID FROM 03/04/200	
30	For section 62 substitute—	
	"62 Head and Deputy Head of Civil Justice	
	(1) There is to be a Head of Civil Justice.	
<ul> <li>(2) The Head of Civil Justice is—</li> <li>(a) the Master of the Rolls, or</li> <li>(b) if the Lord Chief Justice appoints another perso</li> </ul>	(a) the Master of the Rolls, or	
(3) The Lord Chief Justice may appoint a person to be Deputy He Justice.		
<ul> <li>(4) The Lord Chief Justice must not appoint a person under subse or (3) unless these conditions are met— <ul> <li>(a) the Lord Chief Justice has consulted the Lord Chance</li> <li>(b) the person to be appointed is one of the following— <ul> <li>(i) the Chancellor of the High Court;</li> <li>(ii) an ordinary judge of the Court of Appeal.</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>		
	(5) A person appointed under subsection (2)(b) or (3) holds the office which he is appointed in accordance with the terms of his appointment	
	(6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as define in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise h functions under this section."	

# VALID FROM 03/04/2006

331 (1) Section 64 (power to alter judicial titles) is amended as follows.

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(2) In subsection (2)—

- (a) omit "Vice-Chancellor";
- (b) insert at the appropriate place—
  - (i) "Chancellor of the High Court";
  - (ii) "Deputy Head of Civil Justice";
  - (iii) "Deputy Head of Criminal Justice ";
  - (iv) "Deputy Head of Family Justice";
  - (v) "Head of Civil Justice ";
  - (vi) "Head of Criminal Justice";
  - (vii) "Head of Family Justice ";
  - (viii) "President of the Courts of England and Wales";
    - (ix) "President of the Queen's Bench Division".
- (3) After subsection (3) insert—
  - "(3A) The Lord Chancellor may make an order under this section only with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice."
- (4) In subsection (4)—
  - (a) omit paragraph (a);
  - (b) for paragraphs (c) and (d) substitute—
    - "(ba) the President of the Queen's Bench Division,
      - (c) the President of the Family Division, and
      - (d) the Chancellor of the High Court."
- (5) After subsection (6) insert—
  - "(7) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

#### **Commencement Information**

I10 Sch. 4 para. 331 partly in force; Sch. 4 para. 331 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 148; Sch. 4 para. 331(1)(2)(a)(b)(i)(i)(v)-(ix)(3)-(5) in force at 3.4.2006 by S.I 2006/1014 {art. 2(a)}, Sch. 1 para. 11(z)

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

In section 69 (Criminal Procedure Rules), in subsection (4) omit "or alter".

- 333 (1) Section 70 (Criminal Procedure Rule Committee) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1) for paragraph (b) substitute—
    - "(b) the persons currently appointed in accordance with subsections (1A) and (1B)."

Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (3) After subsection (1) insert—
  - "(1A) The Lord Chief Justice must appoint the persons falling within paragraphs (a) to (e) of subsection (2).
  - (1B) The Lord Chancellor must appoint the persons falling within paragraphs (f) to (k) of subsection (2)."
- (4) In subsection (2) for "The Lord Chancellor must appoint" substitute "The persons to be appointed in accordance with subsections (1A) and (1B) are ".
- (5) For subsection (3) substitute—
  - "(3) Before appointing a person in accordance with subsection (1A), the Lord Chief Justice must consult the Lord Chancellor.
  - (3A) Before appointing a person in accordance with subsection (1B), the Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice."
- (6) After subsection (5) insert—
  - "(5A) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

#### VALID FROM 03/04/2006

- 334 (1) Section 71 (power to change certain requirements relating to Committee) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1) for paragraph (a) substitute— "(a) amend section 70(2) or (3A), and".
  - (3) For subsection (2) substitute—
    - "(2) The Lord Chancellor may make an order under this section only with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice.
    - (3) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

- 335 (1) Section 72 (process for making Criminal Procedure Rules) is amended as follows.
  - (2) For subsections (3) and (4) substitute—
    - "(3) The Lord Chancellor may, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State, allow or disallow rules so made.
    - (4) If the Lord Chancellor disallows rules, he must give the Committee written reasons for doing so."

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

# (3) In subsection (5) for ", as allowed or altered" substitute " and allowed ".

-	
	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
336	After section 72 insert—
	<b><i>"</i>72A Rules to be made if required by Lord Chancellor</b>
	(1) This section applies if the Lord Chancellor gives the Criminal Procedure Rules Committee written notice that he thinks it is expedient for Criminal Procedure Rules to include provision that would achieve a purpose specified in the notice.
	(2) The Committee must make such rules as it considers necessary to achieve the specified purpose.
	<ul> <li>(3) Those rules must be—</li> <li>(a) made within a reasonable period after the Lord Chancellor gives notice to the Committee;</li> <li>(b) made in accordance with section 72.</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>(b) made in accordance with section 72.</li><li>(4) The Lord Chancellor may not give notice under subsection (1) unless the Secretary of State agrees."</li></ul>
	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
337	(1) Section 73 (power to amend legislation in connection with Criminal Procedure Rules) is amended as follows.
	(2) That section becomes subsection (1) of section 73.

- (3) In that subsection after "Secretary of State" insert " and after consulting the Lord Chief Justice ".
- (4) After that subsection insert—
  - "(2) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

# VALID FROM 03/04/2006

338

In section 75 (Family Procedure Rules), in subsection (5) omit "or alter".

# VALID FROM 03/04/2006

339 (1) Section 77 (Family Procedure Rule Committee) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (1) for paragraph (b) substitute—

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- "(b) the persons currently appointed in accordance with subsections (1A) and (1B)."
- (3) After subsection (1) insert—
  - "(1A) The Lord Chief Justice must appoint the persons falling within paragraphs (a) to (f) of subsection (2).
  - (1B) The Lord Chancellor must appoint the persons falling within paragraphs (g) to (o) of subsection (2)."
- (4) In subsection (2) for "The Lord Chancellor must appoint" substitute "The persons to be appointed in accordance with subsections (1A) and (1B) are ".
- (5) In subsection (3) for "under subsection (2), Lord Chancellor must consult" substitute "in accordance with subsection (1A), the Lord Chief Justice must consult the Lord Chancellor and ".
- (6) Omit subsection (4).
- (7) In subsection (5) for "under subsection (2)(h) to (m), the Lord Chancellor must consult" substitute " in accordance with subsection (1B), the Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice and, if the person falls within any of paragraphs (h) to (m) of subsection (2), must also consult ".
- (8) After section (6) insert—
  - "(7) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

# VALID FROM 03/04/2006

- 340 (1) Section 78 (power to change certain requirements relating to Committee) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1)(a) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " or Lord Chief Justice ".
  - (3) After subsection (1) insert—
    - "(1A) The Lord Chancellor may make an order under this section only with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice."
  - (4) After subsection (2) insert—
    - "(3) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

- 341 (1) Section 79 (process for making Family Procedure Rules) is amended as follows.
  - (2) For subsections (3) and (4) substitute—
    - "(3) The Lord Chancellor may allow or disallow rules so made.

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(4) If the Lord Chancellor disallows rules, he must give the Committee written reasons for doing so."

(3) In subsection (5) for ", as allowed or altered" substitute " and allowed ".

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
342 A	fter section 79 insert—
<b>"7</b> 9	OA Rules to be made if required by Lord Chancellor
	(1) This section applies if the Lord Chancellor gives the Family Procedure Rules Committee written notice that he thinks it is expedient for Family Procedure Rules to include provision that would achieve a purpose specified in the notice.
(2) The Committee must make such rules as it considers necessary to achi the specified purpose.	
	<ul> <li>(3) Those rules must be—</li> <li>(a) made within a reasonable period after the Lord Chancellor gives notice to the Committee;</li> <li>(b) made in accordance with section 79."</li> </ul>

# VALID FROM 03/04/2006

- 343 (1) Section 80 (power to amend legislation in connection with the rules) is amended as follows.
  - (2) That section becomes subsection (1) of section 80.
  - (3) In that subsection after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
  - (4) After that subsection insert—
    - "(2) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

- 344 (1) Section 81 (practice directions relating to family proceedings) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1), before paragraph (a) insert—
    - "(za) the civil division of the Court of Appeal,
    - (zb) the High Court,".
  - (3) After subsection (2) insert—

	"(2A) Directions as to the practice and procedure of any relevant court in family proceedings (whether given under subsection (1) or otherwise) may provide for any matter which, by virtue of paragraph 3 of Schedule 1 to the Civil Procedure Act 1997, may be provided for by Civil Procedure Rules."
	(4) In subsection (3) for "magistrates' courts and county courts (or any of them)" substitute " any relevant court ".
	(5) After subsection (4) (inserted by paragraph 9(5) of Schedule 2 to this Act) insert—
	"(5) In this section— "Civil Procedure Rules" has the same meaning as in the Civil Procedure Act 1997; "relevant court" means a court listed in subsection (1)."
345	<ul> <li>In section 92 (fees), in subsection (5) for paragraphs (c) and (d) substitute—</li> <li>"(ba) the President of the Queen's Bench Division;</li> <li>(c) the President of the Family Division;</li> <li>(d) the Chancellor of the High Court;".</li> </ul>
	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
346	(1) Section 102 (power to alter judicial titles: Northern Ireland) is amended as follows.
	(2) Omit subsection (4).
	(3) After subsection (6) insert—
	"(6A) The Lord Chancellor may make an order under this section only with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice.
	<ul> <li>(6B) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under subsection (6A)—</li> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> </ul>

(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."

# VALID FROM 03/04/2006

347 In section 107 (interpretation), in subsection (6) omit "by the Lord Chancellor".

# VALID FROM 03/04/2006

348 In section 108 (rules, regulations and orders), in subsections (1) and (6) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " or Lord Chief Justice ".

# VALID FROM 03/04/2006

349 (1) Section 109 (minor and consequential amendments etc) is amended as follows.

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(2) After subsectio	on (4) insert—	
	llowing paragraphs apply to the making of provision that relates to and Wales in an order under subsection (4)—	
(a)	before deciding what provision it is necessary or expedient to make, the Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales;	
(b)	before making the order, the Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales.	
	(4B) The following paragraphs apply to the making of provision that relates to Northern Ireland in an order under subsection (4)—	
(a)	before deciding what provision it is necessary or expedient to make, the Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland;	
(b)	before making the order, the Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland."	
(3) After subsectio	(3) After subsection (6) insert—	
"(7) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section.		
(8) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this section—		
(a)	the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;	
(b)	a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."	

- 350 (1) Schedule 1 (constitution and procedure of courts boards) is amended as follows.
  - (2) For paragraph 1 substitute—
    - "1 (1) The members of each courts board are to be appointed by the Lord Chancellor.
      - (2) The Lord Chancellor may appoint a member of a description mentioned in paragraph 2(a) only with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice."
  - (3) In paragraph 8 (meaning of regulations) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " after consulting the Lord Chief Justice ".
  - (4) After paragraph 8 insert—
    - "9 The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this Schedule."
- 351 In Schedule 7 (High Court writs of execution), in paragraph 12(4) (regulations) for paragraphs (c) and (d) substitute—
  - "(ba) the President of the Queen's Bench Division,

- (c) the President of the Family Division,
- (d) the Chancellor of the High Court, and".

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
	Extradition Act 2003 (c. 41)
352	The Extradition Act 2003 is amended as follows.
353	(1) Section 67 (the appropriate judge) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (1)(a) for "by the Lord Chancellor" substitute " by the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales after consulting the Lord Chancellor".
	(3) In subsection (1)(c) for "by the Lord Chancellor" substitute " by the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland after consulting the Lord Chancellor".
	(4) After subsection (4) insert—
	"(5) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (1)(a).
	<ul> <li>(6) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under subsection (1)(c)— <ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> <li>(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
354	(1) Section 139 (the appropriate judge) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (1)(a) for "by the Lord Chancellor" substitute " by the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales after consulting the Lord Chancellor".
	(3) In subsection (1)(c) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland after consulting the Lord Chancellor".
	(4) After subsection (4) insert—
	"(5) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (1)(a).
	<ul> <li>(6) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under subsection (1)(c)—</li> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> </ul>
255	(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
355	In section 185 (free legal aid: supplementary), in subsection (6) (meaning of appropriate judge)—
	(a) in paragraph (a) for "by the Lord Chancellor" substitute " under section 67";
	<ul><li>(b) in paragraph (b) for "by the Lord Chancellor" substitute " under section 139".</li></ul>

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
	Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44)
356	The Criminal Justice Act 2003 is amended as follows.
357	(1) Section 167 (Sentencing Guidelines Council) is amended as follows.
	<ul> <li>(2) In subsection (1)(b)—</li> <li>(a) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice ";</li> <li>(b) for "Lord Chief Justice" substitute " Lord Chancellor ".</li> </ul>
	(3) After subsection (9) insert—
	"(10) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as define in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise hi functions under this section."
358	(1) Section 168 (Sentencing Guidelines Council: supplementary) is amended a follows.
	<ul> <li>(2) In subsection (1) for paragraphs (b) and (c) substitute—</li> <li>"(b) enabling the Lord Chancellor to remove a judicial member from office, with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice, on the grounds of incapacity or misbehaviour, and</li> <li>(c) enabling the Secretary of State to remove a non-judicial member from office on the grounds of incapacity or misbehaviour."</li> </ul>
	(3) For subsection (2) substitute—
	<ul> <li>"(1A) The following provisions apply to an order under subsection (1)— <ul> <li>(a) if the order includes provision falling within subsection (1)(a), th Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice about tha provision before making the order;</li> <li>(b) if the order includes provision falling within subsection (1)(b), th order may not be made unless the Lord Chief Justice agrees to th inclusion of that provision.</li> </ul></li></ul>
	(1B) The Lord Chief Justice may, with the concurrence of the Lord Chancello by order make provision as to the proceedings of the Council."
	(4) After subsection (5) insert—
	"(6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as define in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (1B)."
359	(1) Section 330 (orders and rules) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (1)(b) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " or the Lord Chief Justice ".
	(3) After subsection (2) insert—
	"(2A) Where a statutory instrument is made by the Lord Chief Justice in th exercise of the power referred to in subsection (1)(b), the Statutor

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Instruments Act 1946 applies to the instrument as if it contained an order made by a Minister of the Crown."

## VALID FROM 03/04/2006

*Employment Tribunals (Constitution and Rules of Procedure) Regulations 2004 (S.I. 2004/1861)* 

- 360 In regulation 4 of the Employment Tribunals (Constitution and Rules of Procedure) Regulations 2004 (President of Employment Tribunals), after paragraph (5) insert—
  - "(5A) Where the Lord Chancellor is the appointing office holder, he may revoke an appointment in accordance with paragraph (5) only with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice."

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
	PART 2 U.K.
	AMENDMENTS OF OR RELATING TO ENACTMENTS REPEALED OR AMENDED OTHERWISE THAN BY THIS ACT
	Introduction
361	(1) This Part of this Schedule contains amendments of or relating to enactments that have already been amended or repealed by provisions of other Acts.
	(2) In each case the amending or repealing provision is specified, in relation to the enactment referred to, as the "original amending provision".
	(3) An amendment contained in any provision of this Part of this Schedule has effect only until the original amending provision comes fully into force in relation to the enactment referred to in that provision of this Part of this Schedule.
	Promissory Oaths Act 1871 (c. 48)
362	(1) Section 2 of the Promissory Oaths Act 1871 (persons before whom oaths to be taken) is amended as follows.
	(2) In the paragraph beginning "In England" for "Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain" substitute "Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales".
	(3) After that paragraph insert— " The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under the preceding paragraph."
	(4) In relation to the enactment referred to in this paragraph, the original amending provision is paragraph 51 of Schedule 8 to the Courts Act 2003 (c. 39).

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Children and Young Persons Act 1933 (c. 12)

- 363 (1) Schedule 2 to the Children and Young Persons Act 1933 (constitution of youth courts) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In paragraph 6—
    - (a) in paragraph (a)—
      - (i) after "he may" insert " after consulting the Lord Chief Justice ";
    - (ii) after "thinks fit" insert " after consulting the Lord Chief Justice ";(b) in paragraph (b)—
      - (i) after "may" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ";
      - (ii) after "thinks fit" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
  - (3) In paragraph 14 after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
  - (4) In paragraph 15(b)—
    - (a) for "by the Lord Chancellor" substitute " by the Lord Chief Justice, after consulting the Lord Chancellor, ";
    - (b) for "order of the Lord Chancellor" substitute " order made by the Lord Chief Justice after consulting the Lord Chancellor ".
  - (5) In paragraph 16 for "consent of the Lord Chancellor," substitute " consent of the Lord Chief Justice, given after consulting the Lord Chancellor, ".

#### (6) In paragraph 18—

- (a) for "Lord Chancellor" in the first place substitute "Lord Chief Justice";
- (b) for "Lord Chancellor" in the second place substitute "Lord Chief Justice, after consulting the Lord Chancellor".
- (7) After paragraph 21 insert—
  - "22 The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this Schedule."
- (8) In relation to the enactments referred to in this paragraph, the original amending provision is Schedule 10 to the Courts Act 2003.

#### Pensions Appeal Tribunals Act 1943 (c. 39)

- 364 (1) Section 6 of the Pensions Appeal Tribunal Act 1943 (constitution, jurisdiction and procedure of Pensions Appeal Tribunals) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (2)—
    - (a) for "a judge of the High Court nominated for the purpose by the Lord Chancellor" substitute " the relevant judicial authority ";
    - (b) for "judge so nominated" substitute " relevant judicial authority ";
    - (c) for "that judge" substitute " that authority ".

#### (3) After subsection (2) insert—

"(2ZA) In subsection (2) "relevant judicial authority" means—

(a) in relation to England and Wales, a judge of the High Court in England and Wales nominated for the purposes of subsection (2)

	<ul> <li>by the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales after consulting the Lord Chancellor;</li> <li>(b) in relation to Scotland, the Court of Session;</li> <li>(c) in relation to Northern Ireland, the Court of Appeal in Northern Ireland.</li> </ul>
	(2ZB) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicia office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Ac 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (2ZA)(a)."
	(4) After subsection (4) insert—
	"(5) In the application of subsection (2) in relation to Northern Ireland, "rules of court" means rules of court made under section 55 of the Judicature (Northern Ireland) Act 1978."
	(5) In relation to the enactment referred to in this paragraph, the original amending provision is paragraph 3(2) of Schedule 1 to the Armed Forces (Pensions and Compensation) Act 2004 (c. 32).
	Maintenance Orders Act 1950 (c. 37)
365	(1) In section 25(1) of the Maintenance Orders Act 1950 (power to make rules about procedure under section 144 of the Magistrates' Court Act 1980), for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales ".
	(2) In relation to the enactment referred to in this paragraph, the original amending provision is paragraph 91(2) of Schedule 8 to the Courts Act 2003.
	Courts Act 1971 (c. 23)
366	(1) In section 27 of the Courts Act 1971, in the definition of "the senior judges" in subsection (9) for "the Vice-Chancellor and the President of the Family Division" substitute "the President of the Queen's Bench Division, the President of the Family Division and the Chancellor of the High Court".
	(2) In relation to the enactment referred to in this paragraph, the original amending provision is paragraph 139(a) of Schedule 8 to the Courts Act 2003.
	Restrictive Practices Court Act 1976 (c. 33)
367	The Restrictive Practices Court Act 1976 is amended as follows.
368	(1) In section 1 (the Court), after subsection (3) insert—
	<ul> <li>"(3A) The Lord Chancellor may select a person under subsection (3) only with the concurrence of all of the following— <ul> <li>(a) the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales;</li> <li>(b) the Lord President of the Court of Session;</li> <li>(c) the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	(3B) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section.

	(3C) The Lord President of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session who is a member of the First or Second Division of the Inner House of that Court to exercise his functions under this section.
	<ul><li>(3D) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this section—</li><li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice</li></ul>
	<ul><li>(Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li><li>(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."</li></ul>
	(2) In relation to the enactment referred to in this paragraph, the original amending provision is section 1 of the Competition Act 1998 (c. 41).
369	(1) Section 2 (judges of the Court) is amended as follows.
	<ul><li>(2) In subsections (1)(a) and (3) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales ".</li></ul>
	(3) After subsection (4) insert—
	"(5) The functions conferred on the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales or on the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland by this section may be exercised only after consulting the Lord Chancellor.
	(6) The functions conferred on the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland by this section may be exercised only after consulting the Lord Chancellor.
	(7) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section.
	(8) The Lord President of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session who is a member of the First or Second Division of the Inner House of that Court to exercise his functions under this section.
	<ul> <li>(9) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this section— <ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> <li>(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	(4) In relation to the enactment referred to in this paragraph, the original amending provision is section 1 of the Competition Act 1998 (c. 41).
370	(1) Section 3 (non-judicial members) is amended as follows.
	(2) After subsection (3) insert—
	"(4) The Lord Chancellor may exercise his functions under subsection (2)(b) only with the concurrence of the appropriate senior judge.
	(5) The appropriate senior judge is the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales, unless—
	(a) the member to be removed exercises functions wholly or mainly in Sectland in which are it is the Lord President of the Court of

(a) the member to be removed exercises functions wholly or mainly in Scotland, in which case it is the Lord President of the Court of Session, or

the member to be removed exercises functions wholly or mainly (b) in Northern Ireland, in which case it is the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland." (3) In relation to the enactment referred to in this paragraph, the original amending provision is section 1 of the Competition Act 1998. 371 (1) Section 4 (provision for additional judges or members) is amended as follows. (2) In subsection (1), in paragraph (a) after "consultation with" insert " the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales,". (3) After subsection (2) insert— "(3) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section. (4) The Lord President of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session who is a member of the First or Second Division of the Inner House of that Court to exercise his functions under this section. (5) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this sectionthe holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (a) (Northern Ireland) Act 2002; a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)." (b) (4) In relation to the enactment referred to in this paragraph, the original amending provision is section 1 of the Competition Act 1998. 372 (1) Section 6 (administration) is amended as follows. (2) In subsection (5) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales, ". (3) After subsection (6) insert— "(7) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section." (4) In relation to the enactment referred to in this paragraph, the original amending provision is section 1 of the Competition Act 1998. 373 (1) In section 9 (procedure), in subsection (1) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " president of the Court with the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor". (2) In relation to the enactment referred to in this paragraph, the original amending provision is section 1 of the Competition Act 1998 (c. 41). Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 (c. 43) 374 The Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 is amended as follows. 375 (1) Section 67 (family proceedings courts and panels) is amended as follows. (2) In subsection (2)(a) for "by the Lord Chancellor" substitute " by the Lord Chief Justice, after consulting the Lord Chancellor, ".

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(3) In subsection (5) for "on the Lord Chancellor" substitute ", exercisable by the Lord Chancellor with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice,". (4) After subsection (8) insert— "(9) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (2)(a)." (5) In relation to the enactment referred to in this paragraph, the original amending provision is section 49(1) of the Courts Act 2003. 376 (1) Section 68 (combined family panels) is amended as follows. (2) In subsection (2), after "thinks fit" insert " after consulting the Lord Chief Justice ". (3) After subsection (6) insert— "(6A) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section." (4) In relation to the enactment referred to in this paragraph, the original amending provision is section 49(2) of the Courts Act 2003 (c. 39). 377 (1) In section 146 (rules relating to youth court panels and composition of youth court), in subsection (2) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute "Lord Chief Justice". (2) After subsection (5) insert— "(6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his powers under rules made under this section." (3) In relation to the enactment referred to in this paragraph, the original amending provision is section 50(3) of the Courts Act 2003. Supreme Court Act 1981 (c. 54) 378 (1) Section 130 of the Supreme Court Act 1981 (fees to be taken in Supreme Court) is amended as follows. (2) In subsection (2)(a) for "President of the Family Division and the Vice-Chancellor" substitute " President of the Queen's Bench Division, President of the Family Division and the Chancellor of the High Court ". (3) In relation to the enactment referred to in this paragraph, the original amending provision is paragraph 263 of Schedule 8 to the Courts Act 2003 (c. 39). Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 (c. 42) 379 The Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 is amended as follows. 380 (1) Section 40 (family proceedings rules) is amended as follows. (2) In subsection (1) for "by the Lord Chancellor together with any four or more of the following persons, namely-" substitute " by a committee known as the Family Proceedings Rule Committee, which is to consist of the following persons—".

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (3) For subsection (3) substitute—
  - "(3) The members of the Family Proceedings Rule Committee, other than those eligible to act by virtue of their office, are appointed under subsection (3ZA) or (3ZB).
  - (3ZA) The Lord Chief Justice must appoint the persons referred to in paragraphs (b), (c) (d) and (e) of subsection (1), after consulting the Lord Chancellor.
  - (3ZB) The Lord Chancellor must appoint the persons referred to in paragraphs (f) and (g) of subsection (1), after consulting the Lord Chief Justice.
  - (3ZC) A person is to be appointed under subsection (3ZA) or (3ZB) for such period as the Lord Chancellor determines after consulting the Lord Chief Justice."
- (4) Omit subsection (5).
- (5) In relation to the enactment referred to in this paragraph, the original amending provision is paragraph 278(a) of Schedule 8 to the Courts Act 2003.
- 381 (1) After section 40 insert—

#### "40A Process for making rules of court under section 40

- (1) Family proceedings rules must be—
  - (a) signed by a majority of the members of the Family Proceedings Rule Committee, and
  - (b) submitted to the Lord Chancellor.
- (2) The Lord Chancellor may allow or disallow rules so made.
- (3) If the Lord Chancellor disallows rules, he must give the Committee written reasons for doing so.
- (4) Rules so made and allowed by the Lord Chancellor—
  - (a) come into force on such day as the Lord Chancellor directs, and
  - (b) are to be contained in a statutory instrument to which the Statutory Instruments Act 1946 applies as if the instrument contained rules made by a Minister of the Crown.
- (5) A statutory instrument containing Family Proceedings rules is subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.
- (6) In this section and section 40B "Family Proceedings rules" means rules of court made under section 40.

#### 40B Rules to be made if required by Lord Chancellor

- (1) This section applies if the Lord Chancellor gives the Family Proceedings Rule Committee written notice that he thinks it is expedient for Family Proceedings rules to include provision that would achieve a purpose specified in the notice.
- (2) The Committee must make such Family Proceedings rules as it considers necessary to achieve the specified purpose.

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (3) Those rules must be—
  - (a) made within a reasonable period after the Lord Chancellor gives notice to the Committee;
  - (b) made in accordance with section 40A."
- (2) The enactment referred to in this paragraph, for the purposes of paragraph 361(3), is section 40 of the Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 (c. 42), and in relation to that enactment the original amending provision is paragraph 278(a) of Schedule 8 to the Courts Act 2003 (c. 39).

#### Railways Act 1993 (c. 43)

- 382 The Railways Act 1993 is amended as follows.
- 383 (1) In section 91 (transfer schemes: general), in subsection (7)(c) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Chairman of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors in Northern Ireland ".
  - (2) In relation to the enactment referred to in this paragraph, the original amending provision is section 274 of, and Schedule 31 to, the Transport Act 2000 (c. 38).
- 384 (1) Schedule 8 (transfers by transfer scheme) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In paragraph 14 (third parties affected by vesting provisions), in sub-paragraph (5)
    (c) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Chairman for the time being of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors in Northern Ireland ".
  - (3) In relation to the enactment referred to in this paragraph, the original amending provision is section 274 of, and Schedule 31 to, the Transport Act 2000.

#### Civil Procedure Act 1997 (c. 12)

- 385 (1) Section 2 of the Civil Procedure Act 1997 (Civil Procedure Rule Committee) is amended as follows.
  - (2) After subsection (8) insert—
    - "(9) If the Lord Chancellor disallows rules under subsection (8), he must give the Civil Procedure Rule Committee written reasons for doing so."
  - (3) In relation to the enactment referred to in this paragraph, the original amending provision is section 85(1) of the Courts Act 2003 (c. 39).

#### Justices of the Peace Act 1997 (c. 25)

- 386 (1) The Justices of the Peace Act 1997 is amended as follows.
  - (2) In relation to the enactments in that Act referred to below, the original amending provision is section 6(4) of the Courts Act 2003.
- 387 (1) Section 1 (Commission areas) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (2) for "by the Lord Chancellor by order made by statutory instrument" substitute "by order made by the Lord Chancellor, after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, by statutory instrument".
  - (3) After subsection (3) insert—

	"(4) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
388	(1) Section 4 (petty sessions areas) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (2) for "by the Lord Chancellor by order made by statutory instrument" substitute " by order made by the Lord Chancellor, after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, by statutory instrument ".
	(3) After subsection (3) insert—
	"(4) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
389	In section 5 (appointment and removal of justices of the peace), in subsection (1) for "in like manner" substitute " by the Lord Chancellor with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice ".
390	(1) Section 6 (residence qualification) is amended as follows.
	<ul><li>(2) In subsection (3) for "Lord Chancellor is" substitute "Lord Chancellor and the Lord Chief Justice are both ".</li></ul>
	(3) After subsection (4) insert—
	"(5) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
391	<ul> <li>In section 7 (supplemental list for England and Wales), in subsection (4)—</li> <li>(a) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice, ";</li> <li>(b) for "Lord Chancellor is" substitute "Lord Chancellor and the Lord Chief Justice are both ".</li> </ul>
392	In section 8 (removal of name from supplemental list), in subsection (1) after "Lord Chancellor" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice, ".
393	(1) Section 9 (effect of entry of name in supplemental list) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (3) for "by the Lord Chancellor" substitute " by the Lord Chief Justice "
	(3) After subsection (4) insert—
	"(5) The Lord Chief Justice may not give an authorisation under subsection (3) unless the Lord Chancellor concurs.
	(6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (3)."
394	In section 10A (appointment and tenure), in subsection (3) after "Lord Chancellor" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice, ".
395	In section 10B (deputies), in subsection (2) after "Lord Chancellor" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice, ".

	Status: Point in time view as at 01/10/2005. Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)
396	(1) Section 10C (status) is amended as follows.
	<ul><li>(2) In subsection (3) for "given by the Lord Chancellor from time to time" substitute "given by the Lord Chief Justice from time to time after consulting the Lord Chancellor".</li></ul>
	(3) After subsection (4) insert—
	"(5) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
397	(1) Section 24 (rules as to chairmanship and size of bench) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (5) omit "by the Lord Chancellor".
	(3) After subsection (5) insert—
	"(6) Rules under this section that relate to the matters referred to in any of paragraphs (c) to (e) of subsection (2) are to be made by the Lord Chief Justice after consulting the Lord Chancellor.
	(7) Any other rules under this section are to be made by the Lord Chancellor after consulting the Lord Chief Justice.
	(8) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
398	In section 25 (records of justices of the peace) after subsection (4) insert-
	<ul> <li>"(5) The Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice before—</li> <li>(a) designating a justice under subsection (1), or</li> <li>(b) giving a direction under subsection (2).</li> </ul>
	(6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
399	(1) Section 26 (Greater Manchester, Merseyside and Lancashire) is amended as follows.
	<ul> <li>(2) In subsection (2)— <ul> <li>(a) in paragraph (a) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " or the Lord Chief Justice ";</li> <li>(b) in paragraph (b)— <ul> <li>(i) after "Lord Chancellor" in the first place insert " or the Lord Chief Justice ";</li> <li>(ii) for "the Lord Chancellor" in the second place substitute " that person, or those persons, ".</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>
	(3) In subsection (3)—
	<ul> <li>(a) in paragraph (a) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " or the Lord Chief Justice ";</li> <li>(b) in paragraph (b)—</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>(i) after "Lord Chancellor" in the first place insert " or the Lord Chief Justice ";</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>(ii) for "the Lord Chancellor" in the second place substitute " that person, or those persons, ".</li></ul>

	(4) After subsection (3) insert—
	"(4) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
400	(1) Section 27A (magistrates' courts committees) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (2) for "by the Lord Chancellor by order made by statutory instrument" substitute "by order made by the Lord Chancellor, after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, by statutory instrument".
	(3) After subsection (3) insert—
	"(4) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
401	(1) Section 27B (alteration of committee areas) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (4) before paragraph (a) insert— "(za) the Lord Chief Justice;".
	(3) After subsection (10) insert—
	"(11) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
402	(1) Section 33 (alteration of petty sessions areas) is amended as follows.
	(2) In subsection (2) after "Lord Chancellor" in the first place insert " after he has consulted the Lord Chief Justice ".
	(3) In subsection (3)—
	<ul> <li>(a) in paragraph (a) after "Lord Chancellor thinks fit" insert " after consulting the Lord Chief Justice ";</li> </ul>
	(b) for paragraph (b) substitute—
	"(b) a magistrates' court committee fail to comply within six months with a direction under subsection (2);
	(bb) the Lord Chancellor is, after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, dissatisfied with the draft order or report submitted in pursuance of such a direction; or".
	(4) After subsection (3) insert—
	"(3A) The Lord Chancellor may only make an order to which subsection (3) applies after consulting the Lord Chief Justice."
	(5) In subsection (4) after "appear to the Lord Chancellor" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
	(6) After subsection (5) insert—
	"(6) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- 403 (1) Section 53A (costs in legal proceedings) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (4) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consulting the Lord Chief Justice, ".
  - (3) After subsection (6) insert—
    - "(7) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section."
- 404 (1) Section 54 (indemnification of justices and justices' clerks) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (6) for "by the Lord Chancellor" substitute " by the Lord Chief Justice after consulting the Lord Chancellor ".
  - (3) After subsection (9) insert—
    - "(10) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (6)."
- 405 (1) Section 64 (training courses) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1) for "by the Lord Chancellor" substitute " by the Lord Chief Justice after consulting the Lord Chancellor ".
  - (3) After subsection (3) insert—
    - "(4) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under subsection (1)."

#### Data Protection Act 1998 (c. 29)

- 406 (1) Paragraph 3 of Schedule 6 to the Data Protection Act 1998 (constitution of Tribunal in national security cases) is amended as follows.
  - (2) That paragraph becomes sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 3.
  - (3) After that sub-paragraph insert—
    - "(2) The Lord Chancellor may designate a person to preside under this paragraph only with the concurrence of all of the following—
      - (a) the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales;
      - (b) the Lord President of the Court of Session;
      - (c) the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland.
    - (3) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this paragraph.
    - (4) The Lord President of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session who is a member of the First or Second Division of the Inner House of that Court to exercise his functions under this paragraph.
    - (5) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this paragraph—

(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002; a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)." (b) (4) In relation to the enactment referred to in this paragraph, the original amending provision is paragraph 2 of Schedule 4 to the Freedom of Information Act 2000 (c. 36). Nationality, Immigration and Asylum Act 2002 (c. 41) 407 (1) In Schedule 5 to the Nationality, Immigration and Asylum Act 2002 (Immigration Appeal Tribunal), paragraph 3 (appointment of President) is amended as follows. (2) That paragraph becomes sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 3. (3) In that sub-paragraph, after "Lord Chancellor shall" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales, the Lord President of the Court of Session and the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland,". (4) After that sub-paragraph insert— "(2) The Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this paragraph. (3) The Lord President of the Court of Session may nominate a judge of the Court of Session who is a member of the First or Second Division of the Inner House of that Court to exercise his functions under this paragraph. (4) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this paragraph-(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002; a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)." (b) (5) In relation to the enactment referred to in this paragraph, the original amending provision is section 26(5)(b) of the Asylum and Immigration (Treatment of Claimants, etc.) Act 2004 (c. 19).

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

# SCHEDULE 5 U.K.

Section 15

FUNCTIONS UNDER LEGISLATION RELATING TO NORTHERN IRELAND

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
	PART 1 U.K.
	AMENDMENTS
	Land Law (Ireland) Act 1896 (c. 47)
1	(1) Section 24 of the Land Law (Ireland) Act 1896 (power to nominate judge to act as additional land judge) is amended as follows.
	(2) For "Lord Chancellor" in each place substitute " Lord Chief Justice ".
	(3) At the end of the section insert—
	"The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this section—
	<ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> </ul>
	(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
	Coroners Act (Northern Ireland) 1959 (c. 15 (N.I.))
2	The Coroners Act (Northern Ireland) 1959 is amended as follows.
3	In section 2 (appointment of coroners), after subsection (1) insert-
	"(1A) The Lord Chief Justice must also be consulted before any determination is made under subsection (1) as to numbers of coroners or deputy coroners.
	(1B) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under subsection (1A)—
	<ul><li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li></ul>
	(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
4	(1) Section 3 (power to amalgamate districts) is amended as follows.
	(2) That section becomes subsection (1) of section 3.
	(3) After that subsection insert—
	"(2) The Lord Chief Justice must be consulted before any date is appointed and before any order is made under subsection (1).
	<ul> <li>(3) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under subsection (2)—</li> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002:</li> </ul>

	(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
5 (1)	) Section 6 (coroner to hold inquests in district in which he is appointed) is amended as follows.
(2)	) In subsection (2) for "Lord Chancellor may" in each place substitute " Lord Chief Justice may, after consultation with the Lord Chancellor, ".
(3)	) After subsection (2) insert—
	"(3) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under subsection (2)—
	<ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> <li>(b) L = 14 fills of A = 16 fills of the office state of the state o</li></ul>
	(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
	) Section 36 is amended as follows.
(2)	<ul> <li>) In subsection (1)—         <ul> <li>(a) for "The Lord Chancellor may by rules" substitute "Rules under this section may ";</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>(b) in paragraph (a) omit "made after consultation with the Treasury,";</li> <li>(c) in paragraph (b) omit "made after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice".</li> </ul>
(3)	) After subsection (1) insert—
	"(1A) It is for the Lord Chancellor to make rules under subsection (1)(a), after consultation with the Treasury.
	(1B) It is for the Lord Chief Justice to make rules under subsection (1)(b), in accordance with subsections (1C) to (1G).
	(1C) The Lord Chief Justice may make rules under subsection (1)(b) only with the agreement of the Lord Chancellor.
	(1D) If the Lord Chancellor does not agree such rules made by the Lord Chief Justice, the Lord Chancellor must give the Lord Chief Justice written reasons why he does not agree the rules.
	<ul><li>(1E) Subsection (1F) applies if the Lord Chancellor gives the Lord Chief Justice written notice that he thinks it is expedient for rules under subsection (1)(b) to include provision that would achieve a purpose specified in the notice.</li></ul>
	(1F) The Lord Chief Justice must make such rules under subsection (1)(b) as he considers necessary to achieve the specified purpose.
	<ul> <li>(1G) Those rules must be—</li> <li>(a) made within a reasonable period after the Lord Chancellor gives notice under subsection (1E);</li> </ul>
	(b) made in accordance with the relevant provisions of this section.
	<ul> <li>(1H) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under subsections (1B), (1C) and (1F)—</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> </ul>
	(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."

	County Courts Act (Northern Ireland) 1959 (c. 25 (N.I.))
7	The County Courts Act (Northern Ireland) 1959 is amended as follows.
8	In section 102 (appointment and assignment of judges), in subsections (2) and (4) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice ".
9	In section 105 (tenure and oaths of office and retirement of judges), in subsection (4) omit "Lord Chancellor's".
10	In section 107 (deputy judges), in subsection (4) omit "Lord Chancellor's".
11	In section 116 (pensions of judges), after subsection (5) insert-
	"(5A) The Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice before—
	(a) making a recommendation in a case that falls within subsection (1)(b), or
	(b) requiring a person to resume the duties of judge in accordance with subsection (4).
	(5B) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under subsection (5A)—
	<ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> </ul>
	(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
	Resident Magistrates' Pensions Act (Northern Ireland) 1960 (c. 2 (N.I.))
12	The Resident Magistrates' Pensions Act (Northern Ireland) 1960 is amended as follows.
13	In section 1 (retiring age of resident magistrates), omit "Lord Chancellor's".
14	In section 2 (pensions of resident magistrates), after subsection (6) insert-
	<ul><li>(7) The Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice before—</li><li>(a) satisfying himself as mentioned in subsection (3)(c), or</li></ul>
	(b) requiring a person to resume the duties of resident magistrate in accordance with subsection (4).
	(8) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under subsection (7)—
	<ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002 (c. 26);</li> </ul>
	(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
15	Omit section 11 (resident magistrates already serving).
	Magistrates' Courts Act (Northern Ireland) 1964 (c. 21 (N.I.))
16	In section 9 of the Magistrates' Courts Act (Northern Ireland) 1964 (appointment and assignment of resident magistrates), in subsections (3) and (5) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice ".

	Lands Tribunal and Compensation Act (Northern Ireland) 1964 (c. 29 (N.I.))
17	In section 2 of the Lands Tribunal and Compensation Act (Northern Ireland) 1964 (terms of appointment of members of Lands Tribunal), in subsection (1) (b) omit "Lord Chancellor's".
	Children and Young Persons Act (Northern Ireland) 1968 (c. 34 (N.I.))
18	(1) Schedule 2 to the Children and Young Persons Act (Northern Ireland) 1968 (constitution of juvenile courts) is amended as follows.
	(2) In paragraph 8 (regulations), after "Lord Chancellor" insert " after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice ".
	Land Registration Act (Northern Ireland) 1970 (c. 18 (N.I.))
19	In section 85 of the Land Registration Act (Northern Ireland) 1970, after subsection (2) insert—
	"(2A) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under subsection (2)(a)—
	<ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> </ul>
	(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
	Misuse of Drugs Tribunal (Northern Ireland) Rules 1974 (S.R. 1974/256)
20	(1) Rule 2 of the Misuse of Drugs Tribunal (Northern Ireland) Rules 1974 (interpretation) is amended as follows.
	(2) In paragraph (1), in the definition of "the chairman" for "by the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland" substitute "in accordance with paragraph 1(1)(a) of Schedule 3 to the Act ".
	Social Security (Northern Ireland) Act 1975 (c. 15)
21	(1) Schedule 10 to the Social Security (Northern Ireland) Act 1975 (supplementary provision as to Local Tribunals, Commissioners etc) is amended as follows.
	(2) In paragraph 6 (Commissioners' pensions), after sub-paragraph (1) insert—
	"(1ZA) The Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice before satisfying himself as mentioned in sub-paragraph (1)(c).
	<ul> <li>(1ZB) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under sub-paragraph (1ZA)—</li> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> </ul>
	(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
	(3) In paragraph 7 (Commissioners' pensions: supplementary), after sub-paragraph (5) insert—

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

"(5A) The Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice before requiring a person to resume the duties of Commissioner in accordance with subparagraph (5). (5B) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under sub-paragraph (5A)the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (a) (Northern Ireland) Act 2002; a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)." (b) Judicature (Northern Ireland) Act 1978 (c. 23) 22 The Judicature (Northern Ireland) Act 1978 is amended as follows. 23 (1) Section 7 (further assistance for transaction of judicial business) is amended as follows. (2) In subsections (1) and (2) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice ". (3) After subsection (4) insert— "(5) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this sectionthe holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (a) (Northern Ireland) Act 2002; a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)." (b) 24 (1) Section 47 (exercise of jurisdiction by Crown Court) is amended as follows. (2) In subsection (2) for "Lord Chancellor" in the first place substitute "Lord Chief Justice"; (a) for "Lord Chancellor after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice" (b) substitute "Lord Chief Justice". (3) In subsection (3) for "Lord Chancellor after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice" substitute " Lord Chief Justice ". (4) In subsection (5) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice ". (5) After subsection (6) insert— "(7) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this sectionthe holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (a) (Northern Ireland) Act 2002; a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)." (b) 25 In section 48 (committal for trial on indictment), in subsection (1)(c) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice ". 26 In section 52 (Crown Court rules), in subsection (1) for the words from the beginning to "prescribing-" substitute-

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- "(1) Subject to any statutory provision, Crown Court rules may be made in accordance with section 53A for the purpose of regulating and prescribing—".
- 27 (1) Section 53 (membership of the Crown Court Rules Committee) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1)(c) and (d) for "Lord Chancellor after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice" substitute " Lord Chief Justice ".
  - (3) After subsection (1) insert—
    - "(1A) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under subsection (1)(c) or (d)—
      - (a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;
      - (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."

After section 53 insert—

28

### "53A Making of Crown Court rules

- (1) It is for the Crown Court Rules Committee to make Crown Court rules.
- (2) After making Crown Court rules the Committee must submit them to the Lord Chancellor.
- (3) The Lord Chancellor must allow or disallow Crown Court rules submitted to him.
- (4) Crown Court rules have effect only if allowed by the Lord Chancellor.
- (5) If the Lord Chancellor disallows Crown Court rules, the Lord Chancellor must give the Committee written reasons why he has disallowed them.
- (6) Subsection (7) applies if the Lord Chancellor gives the Committee written notice that he thinks it is expedient for Crown Court rules to include provision that would achieve a purpose specified in the notice.
- (7) The Committee must make such Crown Court rules as it considers necessary to achieve the specified purpose.
- (8) Those Crown Court rules must be—
  - (a) made within a reasonable period after the Lord Chancellor gives notice under subsection (6);
  - (b) made in accordance with this section."
- 29 (1) Section 55 (rules of court) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1) for the words from the beginning to "with respect to—" substitute—
    - "(1) Subject to any statutory provision, rules may be made in accordance with section 55A with respect to—".
  - (3) In subsection (2) for the words from the beginning to "make rules—" substitute—

Status: Point in time view as at 01/10/2005. Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) "(2) Subject to any statutory provision, rules may be made in accordance with section 55A-". (4) In subsection (3) for "made by the Rules Committee" substitute " made under this section ". 30 After section 55 insert— **"55A Making of rules of Court** (1) It is for the Rules Committee to make rules under section 55(1) or (2). (2) After making such rules the Rule Committee must submit them to the Lord Chancellor. (3) The Lord Chancellor must allow or disallow rules submitted to him. (4) Rules submitted to the Lord Chancellor have effect only if allowed by him. (5) If the Lord Chancellor disallows rules submitted to him, he must give the Committee written reasons why he has disallowed them. (6) Subsection (7) applies if the Lord Chancellor gives the Rules Committee written notice that he thinks it is expedient for rules under section 55(1)or (2) to include provision that would achieve a purpose specified in the notice. (7) The Rules Committee must make such rules as it considers necessary to achieve the specified purpose. (8) Those rules must be made within a reasonable period after the Lord Chancellor gives (a) notice under subsection (6); made in accordance with this section." (b) 31 (1) Section 58 (sittings of High Court and Court of Appeal) is amended as follows. (2) In subsection (2) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute "Lord Chief Justice". (3) After subsection (3) insert— "(4) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this sectionthe holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (a) (Northern Ireland) Act 2002; a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)." (b) 32 (1) Section 60 (taxation of costs) is amended as follows. (2) In subsection (1) for "Lord Chancellor after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice" substitute " Lord Chief Justice ". (3) After subsection (2) insert— "(3) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this section-

- the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (a) (Northern Ireland) Act 2002; (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)." 33 (1) Section 68 (departments of the Supreme Court) is amended as follows. (2) In subsection (2)(b) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute "Lord Chief Justice". (3) In subsection (4) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute "Lord Chief Justice". (4) After subsection (6) insert— "(7) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this sectionthe holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (a) (Northern Ireland) Act 2002; (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)." 34 In section 71 (tenure of office of statutory officers), in subsection (3) omit "Lord Chancellor's". 35 (1) Section 75 (Official Solicitor) is amended as follows. (2) In subsection (2)(b) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute "Lord Chief Justice". (3) After subsection (2) insert— "(2A) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under subsection (2)(b)the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (a)(Northern Ireland) Act 2002; a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)." (b) 36 (1) Section 103 (appointment of justices of the peace) is amended as follows. (2) In subsection (6) after "Lord Chancellor" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, ". (3) In subsection (7) after "Lord Chancellor may direct" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice,". 37 Omit section 104 (under-sheriffs). 38 (1) Section 112 (oaths and affidavits) is amended as follows. (2) In subsection (3) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute "Lord Chief Justice". (3) After subsection (7) insert— "(8) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under subsection (3)-(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002; a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)." (b) 39 In section 119 (making and control of subordinate legislation), in subsection (5) omit "on the Lord Chancellor".
- 40 (1) Schedule 6 (transitional provisions) is amended as follows.

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (2) Omit paragraph 6(a).
- (3) In paragraph 9(b) after "Lord Chancellor" insert " after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice ".
- (4) After paragraph 9 insert—
  - "9A The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under paragraph 9—
    - (a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;
    - (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
- (5) Omit paragraphs 11(3), 14 and 17.

Matrimonial Causes (Northern Ireland) Order 1978 (S.I. 1978/1045 (N.I. 15))

- 41 (1) Article 48 (the court) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In paragraph (1)—
    - (a) for "by the Lord Chancellor" substitute " in accordance with paragraph (1A) ";
    - (b) omit the words after sub-paragraph (b).
  - (3) After paragraph (1) insert—
    - "(1A) It is for the Lord Chancellor, with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice, to make an order such as is mentioned in paragraph (1)(b)."
    - (1B) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under paragraph (1A)—
      - (a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;
      - (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."

#### Reserve and Auxiliary Forces (Protection of Civil Interests) (Northern Ireland) Order 1979 (S.I. 1979/291)

- 42 (1) Article 7 of the Reserve and Auxiliary Forces (Protection of Civil Interests) (Northern Ireland) Order 1979 (modifications of section 5 of Reserve and Auxiliary Forces (Protection of Civil Interests) Act 1951 in application to Northern Ireland) is amended as follows.
  - (2) After paragraph (1) insert—
    - "(1A) In subsection (2) for "Rules may be made in accordance with Part 1 of Schedule 1 to the Constitutional Reform Act 2005" substitute " The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may, with the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor, make rules ".
    - (1B) For subsections (5A) and (5B) substitute—
      - "(5A) The Lord Chancellor must consult the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland before making rules under subsection (1) that relate to Northern Ireland."."

Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (3) In paragraph (2), in subsections (6) and (7) substituted for subsection (6) of the 1951 Act, for "this section" substitute " subsection (1) ".
- (4) After paragraph (2) insert—

"(3) At the end of that section insert—

- "(8) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this section—
  - (a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;
  - (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."."

Administration of Estates (Northern Ireland) Order 1979 (S.I. 1979/1575 (N.I. 14))

43

- The Administration of Estates (Northern Ireland) Order 1979 is amended as follows.
- 44 (1) Article 20 (inheritance tax accounts) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In paragraph (2) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute "Lord Chief Justice".
  - (3) After paragraph (2) insert—
    - "(2A) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under paragraph (2)—
      - (a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;
      - (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
- 45 (1) Article 23 (keeping and inspection of wills and other documents) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In paragraph (1) for "Lord Chancellor" in the second place substitute "Lord Chief Justice ".
  - (3) In paragraph (2) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute "Lord Chief Justice".
  - (4) After paragraph (4) insert—
    - "(5) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this Article—
      - (a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;
      - (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
- 46 (1) Article 24 (records of grants) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In paragraph (2) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute "Lord Chief Justice".
  - (3) After paragraph (2) insert—
    - "(3) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this Article—
      - (a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;

	(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
47	(1) Article 26 (copies of wills etc to be delivered to Inland Revenue Commissioners).
	(2) In paragraph (1) for "Lord Chancellor" in each place substitute "Lord Chief Justice ".
	(3) After paragraph (1) insert—
	"(1A) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this Article—
	<ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> </ul>
	(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
	County Courts (Northern Ireland) Order 1980 (S.I. 1980/397 (N.I. 3))
48	The County Courts (Northern Ireland) Order 1980 is amended as follows.
49	In Article 2 (interpretation), in paragraph (5) omit"on the Lord Chancellor".
50	In Article 3 (county courts to be held for divisions), in paragraph (1) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, ".
51	In Article 4 (directions as to holding of courts), for "Lord Chancellor" in each place substitute "Lord Chief Justice".
52	In Article 5 (directions for courts to sit otherwise in courthouses), for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice ".
53	(1) Article 6 (appointment of days for holding of ordinary sittings) is amended as follows.
	(2) In paragraph (1) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice ".
	(3) In paragraph (2) for "Lord Chancellor shall consult the Lord Chief Justice and" substitute "Lord Chief Justice shall consult ".
54	In Article 7 (additional and extraordinary sittings), in paragraphs (1) and (2) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice ".
55	In Article 22 (power to increase civil jurisdiction of county courts), after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, ".
56	In Article 46 (as amended by section 73(2) of the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002), in paragraph (1)(a) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice ".
57	In Article 47 (making of county court rules) for paragraphs (2) and (3) substitute—
	"(2) County court rules must be certified under the hand of the members of the Rule Committee, or any three or more of them.
	(3) After making and certifying county court rules the Rules Committee must submit them to the Lord Chancellor.
	(4) The Lord Chancellor must, after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, allow or disallow county court rules submitted to him.

	(5) County court rules have effect only if the Lord Chancellor allows them.
	(6) If the Lord Chancellor disallows county court rules, the Lord Chancellor must give the Rules Committee written reasons why he has disallowed them.
	(7) County court rules allowed by the Lord Chancellor shall come into operation on such day as the Lord Chancellor shall direct.
	(8) Paragraph (9) applies if the Lord Chancellor gives the Rules Committee written notice that he thinks it is expedient for county court rules to include provision that would achieve a purpose specified in the notice.
	(9) The Rules Committee must make such county court rules as it considers necessary to achieve the specified purpose.
	(10) Those rules must be—
	<ul> <li>(a) made within a reasonable period after the Lord Chancellor gives notice under paragraph (8);</li> <li>(b) made in accordance with this Article."</li> </ul>
58	In Article 56 (swearing of affidavits before designated court officer), in
50	subsection (1) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice ".
59	In Article 58 (furnishing of information by certain officers), at the end insert " and furnish to the Lord Chief Justice such information as may be prescribed or required by the Lord Chief Justice."
	Domestic Proceedings (Northern Ireland) Order 1980 (S.I. 1980/563 (N.I. 5)
60	(1) Article 4 of the Domestic Proceedings (Northern Ireland) Order 1980 (powers of court to make provision for domestic proceedings) is amended as follows.
	(2) In paragraph (3) after "may" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, ".
	(3) After paragraph (3) insert—
	"(3A) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under paragraph (3)—
	<ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> </ul>
	(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
	(4) In paragraph (4) for the words from the beginning to "under" substitute " Any order made under ".
	Magistrates' Courts (Northern Ireland) Order 1981 (S.I. 1981/1675 (N.I. 26))
61	The Magistrates' Courts (Northern Ireland) Order 1981 is amended as follows.
62	(1) Article 6A (costs in legal proceedings) is amended as follows.
	(2) In paragraph (4) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, ".
	(3) After paragraph (4) insert—

	"(4A) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under paragraph (4)—
	<ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> </ul>
	(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
63	(1) Article 11 (petty sessions and petty sessions districts) is amended as follows.
	(2) In paragraph (2) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, ".
	(3) In paragraph (3) for "Lord Chancellor" in each place substitute "Lord Chief Justice ".
64	In Article 12 (holding of petty sessions in courthouse), in paragraph (a) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice ".
65	(1) Article 13 (magistrates' courts rules) is amended as follows.
	(2) In paragraph (1) omit the words from "or as" to "Article 14".
	(3) In paragraph (2) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice ".
	(4) For paragraph (3) substitute—
	"(3) It is for the Rules Committee to make such rules as are referred to in paragraph (1) (which may be known as "magistrates' courts rules").
	<ul> <li>(3A) The Rules Committee may make magistrates' courts rules only—</li> <li>(a) after consultation with the Lord Chancellor, and</li> <li>(b) with the agreement of the Lord Chief Justice.</li> </ul>
	(3B) Paragraph (3C) applies if the Lord Chancellor gives the Rules Committee written notice that he thinks it is expedient for magistrates' courts rules to include provision that would achieve a purpose specified in the notice.
	(3C) The Rules Committee must make such magistrates' courts rules as it considers necessary to achieve the specified purpose.
	<ul> <li>(3D) Those rules must be—</li> <li>(a) made within a reasonable period after the Lord Chancellor gives notice under paragraph (3B);</li> <li>(b) made in accordance with this Article."</li> </ul>
	(5) In paragraph (5), after "member of the committee" insert " as the Lord Chief Justice shall designate ".
66	Omit Article 14 (recommendations by Rules Committee to Lord Chancellor).
67	In Article 15 (rules under or for the purpose of particular enactments), in paragraph (2) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice ".
68	In Article 37 (discharge or committal for trial), in paragraph (5) omit "Without prejudice to Article 14,".
69	In Article 168 (directions), omit "on the Lord Chancellor".

Status: Point in time view as at 01/10/2005. **Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that

have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	Pensions Appeal Tribunals (Northern Ireland) Rules 1981 (S.R. 1981/231)
70	The Pensions Tribunals (Northern Ireland) Rules 1981 is amended as follows.
71	In rule 2 (interpretation), in paragraph (1)— (a) for the definition of "the Chairman" substitute—
	<ul> <li>""the Chairman" means the person who is chairman of a Tribunal in accordance with the Schedule to the Act (including any directions under paragraph 3A of that Schedule)";</li> <li>(b) in the definition of "the Deputy President" omit "by the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland";</li> <li>(c) in the definition of "the President" omit "by the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland".</li> </ul>
72	In rule 2A (functions of the President), in paragraph (2) after "Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland" insert " after consultation with the Lord Chancellor ".
	Mental Health (Northern Ireland) Order 1986 (S.I. 1986/595 (N.I. 4))
73	The Mental Health (Northern Ireland) Order 1986 is amended as follows.
74	(1) Article 83 (procedure of tribunal) is amended as follows.
	(2) In paragraph (1) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, ".
	(3) After paragraph (1) insert—
	<ul> <li>"(1A) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under paragraph (1)— <ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
75	5 (1) Schedule 3 (Mental Health Review Tribunal for Northern Ireland) is amended as follows.
	<ul> <li>(2) In paragraph 1—</li> <li>(a) in sub-paragraph (a) after "suitable" insert " after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice ";</li> </ul>
	(b) In sub-paragraph (b) and (c) omit "after consultation with the Head of the Department".
	(3) After paragraph 1 insert—
	"1A(1) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under sub-paragraph 1(a)—
	<ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> </ul>
	(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act).
	<ul><li>(2) As part of the selection process for an appointment under paragraph 1(b) or</li><li>(c) the Northern Ireland Judicial Appointments Commission shall consult the Head of the Department."</li></ul>

76	In Schedule 6 to the Mental Health (Northern Ireland) Order 1986 (transitional provisions), omit paragraph 19.
Po	lice and Criminal Evidence (Northern Ireland) Order 1989 (S.I. 1989/1341 (N.I. 12))
77	The Police and Criminal Evidence (Northern Ireland) Order 1989 is amended as follows.
78	In Article 80A (evidence through live links), in paragraph (6) after "Lord Chancellor" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, ".
79	In Article 81 (evidence through television links), in paragraph (8) after "Lord Chancellor" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, ".
	Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989 (S.I. 1989/2405 (N.I. 19))
80	The Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989 is amended as follows.
81	In Article 359 (insolvency rules), after paragraph (1) insert-
	"(1A) Rules that affect court procedure may be made under paragraph (1) only with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice.
	<ul> <li>(1B) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under paragraph (1A)—         <ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	(Northern Ireland) Act 2002;
82	<ul><li>(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."</li><li>(1) Article 360 (committee to review insolvency rules) is amended as follows.</li></ul>
02	<ul><li>(2) In paragraph (1) for "continue to be a committee appointed by the Lord Chancellor"</li></ul>
	substitute " be a committee appointed by the Lord Charcenor substitute " be a committee appointed by the Lord Chief Justice ".
	(3) In paragraph (2)(f) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice ".
	(4) After paragraph (2) insert—
	"(3) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this Article—
	<ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> </ul>
	(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
83	(1) Article 364 (insolvent partnerships) is amended as follows.
	(2) In paragraph (1) after "concurrence of" insert " the Lord Chief Justice and ".
	(3) After paragraph (1) insert—
	<ul> <li>"(1ZA) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under paragraph (1)—</li> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> </ul>
	(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
84	(1) Article 365 (insolvent estates of deceased persons) is amended as follows.

- (2) In paragraph (1) after "concurrence of" insert " the Lord Chief Justice and ". (3) After paragraph (1) insert— "(1ZA) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under paragraph (1)the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (a) (Northern Ireland) Act 2002; a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)." (b) Child Support (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 (S.I. 1991/2628 (N.I. 23)) 85 The Child Support (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 is amended as follows. 86 (1) Article 10 (role of the courts with respect to maintenance for children) is amended as follows. (2) In paragraph (5), after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice, ". (3) After paragraph (5) insert— "(5A) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under paragraph (5)the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (a) (Northern Ireland) Act 2002; (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)." (1) Article 42 (jurisdiction of courts in certain proceedings under this Order) is 87 amended as follows. (2) In paragraphs (1) and (3) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice,". (3) In paragraph (4) after "Lord Chancellor considers appropriate" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, ". (4) After paragraph (4) insert— "(5) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this Articlethe holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (a) (Northern Ireland) Act 2002; a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)." (b) PROSPECTIVE Registered Homes (Northern Ireland) Order 1992 (S.I. 1992/3204 (N.I. 20)) 88 (1) In the Registered Homes (Northern Ireland) Order 1992, Article 30 (constitution of panels for chairmen and members of Social Care Tribunals) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In paragraph (3) after "suitable" insert " after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice ".

	Status: Point in time view as at 01/10/2005. Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)
	(3) After paragraph (3) insert—
	<ul> <li>"(3A) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under paragraph (3)—</li> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>(Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li><li>(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."</li></ul>
	Family Law (Northern Ireland) Order 1993 (S.I. 1993/1575 (N.I. 6))
89	The Family Law (Northern Ireland) Order 1993 is amended as follows.
90	(1) Article 12 (family proceedings rules) is amended as follows.
	<ul><li>(2) In paragraph (1) for the words from "which" to "court" substitute " which may make rules of court in accordance with Article 12A ".</li></ul>
	(3) In paragraph (3) for "rules of court made under this Article" substitute " family proceedings rules ".
	(4) In paragraph (4) for "Rules of court made under this Article" substitute "Family proceedings rules ".
	<ul> <li>(5) In paragraph (5)—</li> <li>(a) after "this Article" insert " and Article 12A ";</li> <li>(b) at the end insert—</li> </ul>
	"family proceedings rules" means rules of court made under this Article."
91	After Article 12 insert—
	Making of family proceedings rules
	"12A(1) After making family proceedings rules the Committee must submit them to the Lord Chancellor.
	(2) The Lord Chancellor may allow or disallow family proceedings rules submitted to him.
	(3) Family proceedings rules have effect only if allowed by the Lord Chancellor.
	(4) If the Lord Chancellor disallows family proceedings rules, the Lord Chancellor must give the Committee written reasons why he has disallowed them.
	(5) Paragraph (6) applies if the Lord Chancellor gives the Committee written notice that he thinks it is expedient for family proceedings rules to include provision that would achieve a purpose specified in the notice.
	(6) The Committee must make such family proceedings rules as it considers necessary to achieve the specified purpose.
	(7) Those rules must be—

	(a) made within a reasonable period after the Lord Chancellor gives notice under paragraph (5);
	(b) made in accordance with this Article."
92	(1) In Schedule 2 (Northern Ireland Family Proceedings Rules Committee), paragraph 2 is amended as follows.
	(2) That paragraph becomes sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 2.
	(3) In that sub-paragraph—
	<ul> <li>(a) in sub-paragraph (c) for "Lord Chancellor after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice" substitute "Lord Chief Justice ";</li> </ul>
	(b) in sub-paragraph (f) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute "Lord Chief Justice".
	(4) After that sub-paragraph insert—
	"(2) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this paragraph—
	<ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> </ul>
	(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
	Children (Northern Ireland) Order 1995 (S.I. 1995/755 (N.I. 2))
93	The Children (Northern Ireland) Order 1995 is amended as follows.
94	In Article 4 (reports on child's welfare), in paragraph (2) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, ".
95	In Article 60 (representation of child and his interests in certain proceedings), in paragraph (8) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute "Lord Chief Justice".
96	In Article 166 (appeals), in paragraph (14) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, ".
97	In Article 169 (evidence given by, or with respect to, children), in paragraph (5) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice, ".
98	In Article 170 (privacy for children involved in certain proceedings), in paragraph (5) after "requires it" insert " and if the Lord Chief Justice agrees ".
99	After Article 181 insert—
	Delegation of functions by Lord Chief Justice
	"181A1) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the
	following to exercise a delegable function—
	<ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> </ul>
	(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act).
	<ul> <li>(2) In paragraph (1) "delegable function" means a function under any of these provisions of this Order—</li> <li>(a) Article 4(2):</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>(a) Article 4(2);</li> <li>(b) Article 166(14);</li> </ul>
	(0) Antole 100(14),

	(c) Article 169(5); (d) Article 170(5):
	<ul> <li>(d) Article 170(5);</li> <li>(e) in Schedule 1, paragraph 6(2);</li> </ul>
	(f) in Schedule 7—
	(i) paragraph 1(1), (2) and (4);
	(ii) paragraph 2(1) and (5);
	(iii) paragraph 3;
	(iv) paragraph 4(4), (6)(a) and (7)."
100	In paragraph 6 of Schedule 1 (financial provision for children: provisions relating to lump sums), in sub-paragraph (2) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, ".
101	(1) Schedule 7 (commencement of proceedings) is amended as follows.
	(2) In paragraph 1 (commencement of certain proceedings in particular court), in sub- paragraphs (1), (2) and (4) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, ".
	(3) In paragraph 2 (transfer of proceedings)—
	(a) in sub-paragraph (1) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, ";
	<ul> <li>(b) in sub-paragraph (5) after "Lord Chancellor thinks appropriate" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, ".</li> </ul>
	(4) In paragraph 3 (emergency protection orders), after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, ".
	(5) In paragraph 4 (general)—
	(a) in sub-paragraph (4) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice ";
	(b) in sub-paragraph (6)(a) after "Lord Chancellor considers expedient" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice ";
	(c) in sub-paragraph (7) after "Lord Chancellor by order otherwise provides" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice".
	Education (Northern Ireland) Order 1996 (S.I. 1996/274 (N.I. 1))
102	(1) In the Education (Northern Ireland) Order 1996, Article 22 (constitution of Special Educational Needs Tribunal for Northern Ireland) is amended as follows.
	(2) In paragraph (3)(a) after "suitable" insert " after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice ".
	(3) After paragraph (3) insert—
	<ul> <li>"(3A) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under paragraph (3)—</li> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>(Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li><li>(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."</li></ul>
	(b) a Dora sustice of Appear (as defined in section of of that Act).

Deregulation (Model Appeal Provisions) Order (Northern Ireland) 1997 (S.R. 1997/269 103 (1) The Deregulation (Model Appeal Provisions) Order (Northern Ireland) 1997 is amended as follows. (2) In the Schedule, in rule 6 (appointment of tribunal) in paragraph (3)(a) omit "but"; (a) (b) omit paragraph (3)(b). Northern Ireland Act 1998 (c. 47) The Northern Ireland Act 1998 is amended as follows. 104 105 In section 90 (effect of certificates), in subsection (2) for "made by the Lord Chancellor" substitute " made under section 91 ". 106 (1) Section 91 (the National Security Certificates Tribunal) is amended as follows. (2) In subsection (2), after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland, ". (3) After subsection (2) insert— "(2A) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under subsection (2)the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (a) (Northern Ireland) Act 2002; a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)." (b) 107 (1) Section 92 (appeals from the Tribunal) is amended as follows. (2) In subsection (3) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland, ". (3) After subsection (3) insert— "(3A) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under subsection (3)the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (a) (Northern Ireland) Act 2002; a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)." (b) 108 (1) In Schedule 11 (tribunal established under section 91 of the Act), paragraph 5 (times and places of sittings in accordance with directions) is amended as follows. (2) That paragraph becomes sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 5. (3) In that sub-paragraph, for "Lord Chancellor" substitute "Lord Chief Justice". (4) After that sub-paragraph insert— "(2) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this paragraphthe holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (a) (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;

(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."

	Family Homes and Domestic Violence (Northern Ireland) Order 1998 (S.I. 1998/1071 (N.I. 6))
109	The Family Homes and Domestic Violence (Northern Ireland) Order 1998 is amended as follows.
110	(1) Article 34 (jurisdiction of courts and procedure) is amended as follows.
	(2) In paragraphs (3), (4) and (5) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, ".
	(3) In paragraph (7) after "Lord Chancellor thinks appropriate" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, ".
	(4) In paragraph (9) after "Lord Chancellor" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, ".
	(5) After paragraph (9) insert—
	<ul> <li>"(9A) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this Article— <ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
111	(1) Article 39 (appeals) is amended as follows.
	(2) In paragraph (4) after "Lord Chancellor" in each place insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, ".
	(3) In paragraph (11) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, ".
	(4) After paragraph (11) insert—
	<ul> <li>"(11A) The Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under paragraph (4) or (11)—</li> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> </ul>
	(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
	Criminal Justice (Children) (Northern Ireland) Order 1998 (S.I. 1998/1504 (N.I. 9))
112	In Article 27 of the Criminal Justice (Children) (Northern Ireland) Order 1998 (youth courts), in paragraph (3) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute " Lord Chief Justice ".
	Social Security (Northern Ireland) Order 1998 (S.I. 1998/1506 (N.I. 10))
113	(1) In the Social Security (Northern Ireland) Order 1998, Article 7 (qualifications for membership of appeal panels) is amended as follows.
	(2) In paragraph (2) for the words from "such" to the end substitute " persons appointed by the Lord Chancellor ".
	(3) In paragraph (3) at the end insert "; and such concurrence may be given only after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice ".

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	(4) After paragraph (3) insert—
	"(3A) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under paragraph (3)—
	<ul> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> </ul>
	(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
	(3B) As part of the selection process for the appointment of a medical practitioner as a member of the panel, the Northern Ireland Judicial Appointments Commission shall consult the Chief Medical Officer of the Department."
	Criminal Evidence (Northern Ireland) Order 1999 (S.I. 1999/2789 (N.I. 8))
114	In Article 12 of the Criminal Evidence (Northern Ireland) Order 1999 (evidence by live link), in paragraph (5) after "Lord Chancellor" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, ".
	Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002 (c. 26)
115	(1) The Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002 is amended as follows.
	(2) Where the amendment to section 8(7), 24(5) or 43(6) of that Act made by this Schedule comes into force before section 23 of this Act, the reference in that section (as amended by this Schedule) to the President of the Supreme Court has effect, until section 23 comes into force, as a reference to the senior Lord of Appeal in Ordinary.
Con 11	<ul> <li>mmencement Information</li> <li>Sch. 5 para. 115 partly in force; Sch. 5 para. 115 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 148; Sch. 5 para. 115(1) in force at 3.4.2006 by S.I. 2006/1014, art. 2(a), Sch. 1 para. 12(c)</li> </ul>
	PROSPECTIVE
<sup>F2</sup> 116	
Tex F2	<ul> <li>Amendments</li> <li>Sch. 5 para. 116 omitted (12.4.2010) by virtue of Northern Ireland Act 2009 (c. 3), s. 5(7), Sch. 5 para. 6(3); S.I. 2010/812, art. 2</li> </ul>
117	(1) Section 9 (appointment of lay magistrates) is amended as follows.

(2) In paragraph (a) of subsection (2) for the words from "approved by" to the end of the paragraph substitute " approved by the Lord Chief Justice after consultation with the Lord Chancellor, or ".

Status: Point in time view as at 01/10/2005. Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) (3) In subsection (3) for the words from "such longer period" to the end substitute " such longer period as the Lord Chief Justice may, after consulting the Lord Chancellor, allow." (4) In subsection (4) after "may" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, (5) In subsection (5) after "unless" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, ". In section 10 (transfer of functions of justices of the peace), in subsection (4) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, ". In section 12 (role of the Lord Chief Justice), omit subsections (2) and (3). VALID FROM 12/04/2010 (1) In section 24 (removal of Attorney General), in subsection (5) after "Lord Chancellor" insert "after consultation with all of the followingthe President of the Supreme Court; (a) (b) the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales; the Lord President of the Court of Session; (c)

(d) the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland".

## VALID FROM 12/04/2010

121 In section 43 (appointment and removal of Director of Public Prosecutions), in subsection (6) after "Lord Chancellor" insert "after consultation with all of the following—

- (a) the President of the Supreme Court;
- (b) the Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales;
- (c) the Lord President of the Court of Session;
- (d) the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland".
- 122 (1) Schedule 1 (listed judicial offices) is amended as follows.
  - (2) After the entry "Member of the legal panel of persons available to act as chairmen of Social Care Tribunals in Northern Ireland" insert—

"Chairman of an Appeal Tribunal for the purposes of the Adoption (Northern Ireland) Order 1987 (S.I. 1987/2203 (N.I. 22))".

(3) For the entry "Member of the legal panel of persons available to act as chairmen of Social Care Tribunals in Northern Ireland" and the entry inserted by subparagraph (2) above substitute—

"Member of the panel of persons who may serve as chairmen of the Care Tribunal established by Article 44 of the Health and Personal Social Services (Quality, Improvements and Regulation) (Northern Ireland) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/431 (N.I. 9))".

118

119

120

*Changes to legislation:* Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(4) Before the entry "Member of the panel of chairmen of the Fair Employment Tribunal" insert—

"Member of the panel of chairmen of the Industrial Tribunals".

## (5) At the end of the Schedule insert—

"Member of the panel of persons who may serve as chairmen of a tribunal established for the purposes of the Deregulation (Model Appeal Provisions) Order (Northern Ireland) 1997 (S.R. 1997/269)

Chairman of a Tribunal appointed under paragraph 1(1)(a) of Schedule 3 to the Misuse of Drugs Act 1971 in its application to Northern Ireland

Member of a Tribunal appointed under paragraph 2(1) of the Schedule to the Pensions Appeal Tribunals Act 1943 in its application to Northern Ireland

President or Deputy President of Pensions Appeal Tribunals appointed under paragraph 2B of the Schedule to the Pensions Appeal Tribunals Act 1943 in its application to Northern Ireland

Chairman of the Plant Varieties and Seeds Tribunal for the purpose of proceedings brought before it in Northern Ireland

Member of the panel of persons to act as chairmen of Reinstatement Committees sitting in Northern Ireland (appointed under paragraph 2(1)(a) of Schedule 2 to the Reserve Forces (Safeguard of Employment) Act 1985)

Member of the panel of persons appointed under section 6(1) of the Tribunals and Inquiries Act 1992 to act as chairmen of tribunals that sit in Northern Ireland

Member of the panel of chairmen of VAT tribunals for Northern Ireland General Commissioner for a division in Northern Ireland (appointed under section 2 of the Taxes Management Act 1970)".

## **Commencement Information**

I12

Sch. 5 para. 122 partly in force; Sch. 5 para. 122 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 148; Sch. 5 para. 122(4) in force for specified purposes at 31.8.2005 by S.I. 2005/2284, **art. 2**; Sch. 5 para. 122(1)-(3)(5) in force for specified purposes at 3.4.2006 by S.I. 2006/1014, **art. 2(a)**, Sch. 1 para. 12(e); Sch. 5 para. 122(5) in force for specified further purposes at 15.6.2006 by S.I. 2006/1537, **art. 2** 

PROSPECTIVE

```
<sup>F3</sup>123 .....
```

## **Textual Amendments**

F3 Sch. 5 para. 123 omitted (12.4.2010) by virtue of Northern Ireland Act 2009 (c. 3), s. 5(7), Sch. 5 para. 6(3); S.I. 2010/812, art. 2

124 (1) Schedule 4 (functions of justices of the peace) is amended as follows.

(2) In paragraph 4 (amendment of Schedule by order), after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice, ".

Status: Point in time view as at 01/10/2005. Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) (3) In paragraph 5 (consequential amendments by order) after "Lord Chancellor may" insert ", after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice,". (4) After paragraph 5 insert— "5A The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under paragraph 4 or 5 the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (a) (Northern Ireland) Act 2002 (c. 26); a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)." (b) 125 Omit Schedule 5 (transfer of functions to Lord Chief Justice). 126 (1) Schedule 6 (office-holders required to take judicial oath) is amended as follows. (2) After the entry "Member of the legal panel of persons available to act as chairmen of Social Care Tribunals in Northern Ireland" insert- " Chairman of an Appeal Tribunal for the purposes of the Adoption (Northern Ireland) Order 1987 (S.I. 1987/2203 (N.I. 22))". (3) For the entry "Member of the legal panel of persons available to act as chairmen of Social Care Tribunals in Northern Ireland" and the entry inserted by subparagraph (2) above substitute— " Member of the panel of persons who may serve as chairmen of the Care Tribunal established by Article 44 of the Health and Personal Social Services (Quality, Improvements and Regulation) (Northern Ireland) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/431 (N.I. 9)) ".

- (4) Before the entry "Member of the panel of chairmen of the Fair Employment Tribunal" insert— "Member of the panel of chairmen of the Industrial Tribunals".
- (5) At the end of the Schedule insert—"Member of the panel of persons who may serve as chairmen of a tribunal established for the purposes of the Deregulation (Model Appeal Provisions) Order (Northern Ireland) 1997 (S.R. 1997/269). Chairman of a Tribunal appointed under paragraph 1(1)(a) of Schedule 3 to the Misuse of Drugs Act 1971 in its application to Northern Ireland Member of a Tribunal appointed under paragraph 2(1) of the Schedule to the Pensions Appeal Tribunals Act 1943 in its application to Northern Ireland President or Deputy President of Pensions Appeal Tribunals appointed under paragraph 2B of the Schedule to the Pensions Appeal Tribunals Act 1943 in its application to Northern Ireland Chairman of the Plant Varieties and Seeds Tribunal for the purpose of proceedings brought before it in Northern Ireland Member of the panel of persons to act as chairmen of Reinstatement Committees sitting in Northern Ireland (appointed under paragraph 2(1)(a) of Schedule 2 to the Reserve Forces (Safeguard of Employment) Act 1985) Member of the panel of persons appointed under section 6(1) of the Tribunals and Inquiries Act 1992 to act as chairmen of tribunals that sit in Northern Ireland Member of the panel of chairmen of VAT tribunals for Northern Ireland General Commissioner for a division in Northern Ireland (appointed under section 2 of the Taxes Management Act 1970)".

## **Commencement Information**

I13 Sch. 5 para. 126 partly in force; Sch. 5 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 148; Sch. 5 para. 126(4) in force at 31.8.2005 by S.I. 2005/2284, art. 2; Sch. 5 para. 126(1)(2)(5) in force for specified purposes at 3.4.2006 by S.I. 2006/1014, art. 2(a), Sch. 1 para. 12(g)

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

VALID FROM 12/04/2010
In Schedule 12 (minor and consequential amendments), after paragraph 81 insert—
"Constitutional Reform Act 2005
82 Omit sections 133 to 136 of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005 (judicial removals: Northern Ireland)."
(1) Schedule 13 (repeals and revocations) is amended as follows.
(2) Omit—
(a) the entry relating to the County Courts (Northern Ireland) Order 198 (1980/397 (N.I. 3));
(b) the entry relating to Article 168 of the Magistrates' Courts (Norther Ireland) Order 1981.
(3) After the entries relating to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002 insert—
"Constitutional Reform Act 2005 Sections 133 to 136."
Health and Personal Social Services (Quality, Improvement and Regulation) (Northern Ireland) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/431 (N.I. 9))
<ul> <li>(1) In Schedule 2 to the Health and Personal Social Services (Quality, Improvemen and Regulation) (Northern Ireland) Order 2003 (the Care Tribunal), paragraph (composition of Care Tribunal) is amended as follows.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>(2) For sub-paragraph (2)(a) substitute—</li> <li>"(a) a chairman nominated from the chairmen's panel by the Lord Chie Justice after consultation with the First Minister and deputy Fir Minister; and".</li> </ul>
(3) After sub-paragraph (2) insert—
<ul> <li>"(2A) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise h functions under this paragraph—</li> <li>(a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justic (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;</li> </ul>
(b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
(4) In paragraph (3) (tenure of office), omit sub-paragraph (3).

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

PROSPECTIVE Industrial Tribunals (Constitution and Rules of Procedure) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2004 (S.R. 2004/165) 130 (1) Regulation 5 of the Industrial Tribunals (Constitution and Rules of Procedure) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2004 (panels of chairmen and members of tribunals) is amended as follows. (2) In paragraph (1)(a), for "the Department" substitute "the Lord Chancellor". (3) In paragraph (2), for "to the Department" substitute " to the Lord Chancellor, in the case of a member of the panel of chairmen, or to the Department, in any other case, ". VALID FROM 03/04/2006 PART 2 U.K. AMENDMENTS RELATING TO ENACTMENTS REPEALED OR AMENDED OTHERWISE THAN BY THIS ACT Introduction 131 (1) This Part of this Schedule contains amendments of or relating to enactments that have already been amended or repealed by provisions of other Acts. (2) In each case the amending or repealing provision is specified, in relation to the enactment referred to, as the "original amending provision". (3) An amendment contained in any provision of this Part of this Schedule has effect only until the original amending provision comes fully into force in relation to the enactment referred to in that provision of this Part of this Schedule. PROSPECTIVE Children and Young Persons Act (Northern Ireland) 1968 (c. 34 (N.I.)) 132 (1) Schedule 2 to the Children and Young Persons Act (Northern Ireland) 1968 (constitution of juvenile courts) is amended as follows. (2) In paragraph 1 (juvenile court panels) in sub-paragraph (3) for "Lord Chancellor" in each place substitute "Lord (a) Chief Justice "; after sub-paragraph (3) insert— (b) "(3A) The Lord Chief Justice may approve a course of training, or allow a longer period for completion of a course, only after consultation

with the Lord Chancellor."

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(3) In relation to the enactment referred to in this paragraph, the original amending provision is section 86 of, and Schedule 13 to, the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002 (c. 26).

Administration of Estates (Northern Ireland) Order 1979 (S.I. 1979/1575 (N.I. 14))

- 133 (1) Article 27 of the Administration of Estates (Northern Ireland) Order 1979 (depositories of wills of living persons) is amended as follows.
  - (2) That Article becomes paragraph (1) of Article 27.
  - (3) In that paragraph, for "the directions of the Lord Chancellor" substitute " directions given by the Lord Chief Justice with the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor".
  - (4) After that paragraph insert—
    - "(2) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate any of the following to exercise his functions under this Article—
      - (a) the holder of one of the offices listed in Schedule 1 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002;
      - (b) a Lord Justice of Appeal (as defined in section 88 of that Act)."
  - (5) In relation to the enactment referred to in this paragraph, the original amending provision is section 75 of, and Part 2 of Schedule 9 to, the Administration of Justice Act 1982 (c. 53).

County Courts (Northern Ireland) Order 1980 (S.I. 1980/397 (N.I. 14))

- 134 (1) Article 46 of the County Courts (Northern Ireland) Order 1980 (county court rules committee) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In paragraph (1) for "Lord Chancellor" substitute "Lord Chief Justice".
  - (3) After paragraph (1) insert—
    - "(1A) The Lord Chief Justice must consult the Lord Chancellor before making an appointment under paragraph (1)(b), (c), (e) or (f)."
  - (4) In relation to the enactment referred to in this paragraph, the original amending provision is section 73(2) of the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002 (c. 26).

## SCHEDULE 6 U.K.

Section 18

## SPEAKERSHIP OF THE HOUSE OF LORDS

Clerk of the Parliaments Act 1824 (c. 82)

- 1 (1) For the title to section 3 of the Clerk of the Parliaments Act 1824 substitute " Appointment of other clerks officiating at the table ".
  - (2) In section 3 for "the lord chancellor or speaker of the House of Lords for the time being" substitute " the Speaker of the House of Lords ".

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

## Parliamentary Papers Act 1840 (c. 9)

2 In section 1 of the Parliamentary Papers Act 1840 (proceedings against persons for publication of Parliamentary papers) for the words from "the lord high chancellor" to "the time being" substitute " the Speaker of the House of Lords ".

## Church of England Assembly (Powers) Act 1919 (c. 76)

3 In section 2(2) of the Church of England Assembly (Powers) Act 1919 (members of Ecclesiastical Committee of both Houses of Parliament), for "the Lord Chancellor" in both places substitute "the Speaker of the House of Lords ".

#### Statutory Instruments Act 1946 (c. 36)

- 4 (1) The Statutory Instruments Act is amended as follows.
  - (2) In section 4(1) (statutory instruments required to be laid before Parliament) for "to the Lord Chancellor and to the Speaker of the House of Commons" substitute " to the Speaker of the House of Commons and the Speaker of the House of Lords ".
  - (3) In section 8(1) (regulations for the purposes of the Act) for "the Lord Chancellor and the Speaker of the House of Commons" in each place substitute "the Speaker of the House of Commons and the Speaker of the House of Lords".

## Laying of Documents Before Parliament (Interpretation) Act 1948 (c. 59)

- 5 (1) For the title to section 2 of the Laying of Documents Before Parliament (Interpretation) Act 1948 substitute "Statutory Instruments Act 1946, s.4: notification during vacancy of office of Speaker of either House".
  - (2) In section 2—
    - (a) for "to the Lord Chancellor and to the Speaker of the House of Commons" substitute " to the Speaker of the House of Commons and the Speaker of the House of Lords ";
    - (b) for "of the Lord Chancellor or of the Speaker" substitute " of the Speaker of the House of Commons or the Speaker of the House of Lords ".

## Consolidation of Enactments (Procedure) Act 1949 (c. 33)

- 6 (1) Section 1 of the Consolidation of Enactments (Procedure) Act 1949 (procedure for making corrections and minor improvements) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (3) for "the Lord Chancellor and the Speaker of the House of Commons" substitute " the Speaker of the House of Commons and the Speaker of the House of Lords ".
  - (3) In subsection (4)—
    - (a) for "the Lord Chancellor and the Speaker" substitute " the Speaker of the House of Commons and the Speaker of the House of Lords ";
    - (b) for "of the Lord Chancellor and of the Speaker" substitute " of the Speaker of the House of Commons and the Speaker of the House of Lords ".
  - (4) In subsection (5) for "the Lord Chancellor nor the Speaker" substitute " the Speaker of the House of Commons nor the Speaker of the House of Lords ".

7

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(5) In subsections (6) and (7) for "of the Lord Chancellor and of the Speaker" substitute "of the Speaker of the House of Commons and the Speaker of the House of Lords".

Exchequer and Audit Departments Act 1957 (c. 45)

- In section 2 of the Exchequer and Audit Departments Act 1957 (performance of Comptroller's functions by authorised officer), for subsection (3)(a) substitute—
  - "(a) shall extend only to accounts in respect of which (as the case may be)—
    - (i) the Speaker of the House of Commons has certified to the House of Commons, or
    - (ii) the Speaker of the House of Commons has certified to the House of Commons and the Speaker of the House of Lords has certified to the House of Lords,

that the Comptroller is unable to do so himself; and".

#### Ministerial and other Salaries Act 1975 (c. 27)

8 In section 2(3) of the Ministerial and other Salaries Act 1975 (question as to who is Leader of the Opposition in the House of Lords) for "the Lord Chancellor" substitute " the Speaker of the House of Lords ".

## SCHEDULE 7 U.K.

Section 19

## PROTECTED FUNCTIONS OF THE LORD CHANCELLOR

- 1 Any function of the Lord Chancellor that relates to the custody or use of the Great Seal of the United Kingdom.
- 2 Any function of the Lord Chancellor under this Act.
- 3 Any function of the Lord Chancellor under another enactment, if the function is conferred or modified by an amendment made by this Act.

VALID FROM 07/03/2008

[<sup>F4</sup>3A Any function of the Lord Chancellor under the Legal Services Act 2007.]

#### **Textual Amendments**

4

- F4 Sch. 7 para. 3A inserted (7.3.2008) by Legal Services Act 2007 (c. 29), ss. 199(2), 211; S.I. 2008/222, art. 2(g)
- Any function of the Lord Chancellor under these provisions—

A: GENERAL Sheriffs Act 1887 (c. 55)

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Section 20 Law of Distress Amendment Act 1888 (c. 21) Section 8 Stamp Act 1891 (c. 39) Section 13A War Pensions (Administrative Provisions) Act 1919 (c. 53) The Schedule, paragraphs 1, 2, 3, 8 and 9 Administration of Justice Act 1925 (c. 28) Section 22(4)Children and Young Persons Act 1933 (c. 12) Schedule 2, paragraphs 4, 5, 11, 12 and 20 Compensation (Defence) Act 1939 (c. 75) Section 8 London Building Acts (Amendment) Act 1939 (c. xcvii) Section 109(2) Pensions Appeal Tribunals Act 1943 (c. 39) The Schedule, paragraphs 2(1), 2A, 2B, 3C and 5 Coal Industry Nationalisation Act 1946 (c. 59) Section 61(1) Section 64(10)Agriculture Act 1947 (c. 48) Schedule 9 Commonwealth Telegraphs Act 1949 (c. 39) Section 6(4)Lands Tribunal Act 1949 (c. 42) Section 2 Section 3 National Health Service (Amendment) Act 1949 (c. 93) Section 7(6) Section 9(4)(a)National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949 (c. 97) Section 18(3)Foreign Compensation Act 1950 (c. 12) Section 1(1)Section 4 Courts-Martial (Appeals) Act 1951 (c. 46) Section 28 Section 30 Section 31(4) Section 32 Section 33 Reserve and Auxiliary Forces (Protection of Civil Interests) Act 1951 (c. 65) Section 5 Agriculture (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1954 (c. 39) Section 6(6)

Status: Point in time view as at 01/10/2005. Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

> Landlord and Tenant Act 1954 (c. 56) Section 63(6)(c)Land Powers (Defence) Act 1958 (c. 30) Schedule 2, paragraphs 4(3) and (4)Land Compensation Act 1961 (c. 33) Section 3 Transport Act 1962 (c. 46) Schedule 6, paragraph 3(4)Betting, Gaming and Lotteries Act 1963 (c. 2) Section 29 Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction Measure 1963 (1963 No. 1) Section 2(1A) Section 3 Industrial and Provident Societies Act 1965 (c. 12) Section 69 Commons Registration Act 1965 (c. 64) Section 17(1) and (3)Superannuation Act 1965 (c. 74) Section 39A Courts-Martial (Appeals) Act 1968 (c. 20) Section 2 Section 5 Section 7(2)Section 30 Countryside Act 1968 (c. 41) Section 15A(3) Hearing Aid Council Act 1968 (c. 50) Section 5(3)Section 6(4)Section 10(6) Section 13 Transport Act 1968 (c. 73) Schedule 4, paragraph 13(3) Taxes Management Act 1970 (c. 9) Section 2 Section 2A Section 3 Section 3A Section 4(1), (3) and (6) Section 4A(1) and (6) Section 28ZC Section 46A Section 56B Administration of Justice Act 1970 (c. 31) Section 10(3)

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Courts Act 1971 (c. 23) Section 16(1) Section 18 Section 21(2), (4) and (7) Section 24 Schedule 2, paragraphs 4(3) and 9(2)Misuse of Drugs Act 1971 (c. 38) Schedule 3, paragraphs 1(1), 3 and 4 and, in the table in paragraph 21, the entry for paragraph 1 Immigration Act 1971 (c. 77) Section 22 Administration of Justice Act 1973 (c. 15) Sections 9 and 12 Juries Act 1974 (c. 23) Section 2 Section 3(1)Section 5(1)Section 8 Section 19 Section 21 Section 23(2)Industry Act 1975 (c. 68) Schedule 3, paragraphs 4(1)(a) and 17 Armed Forces Act 1976 (c. 52) Section 6(3), (4), (8) and (11) Aircraft and Shipbuilding Industries Act 1977 (c. 3) Section 42 Schedule 7, paragraph 5(1) National Health Service Act 1977 (c. 49) Schedule 9A, paragraphs 1,2, 4, 6, 15, 16 and 21 Domestic Proceedings and Magistrates' Courts Act 1978 (c. 22) Section 2(3) Customs and Excise Management Act 1979 (c. 2) Schedule 3, paragraph 17(4) Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 (c. 43) Section 137 Section 144(2) and (3)Judicial Pensions Act 1981 (c. 20) Section 3 Section 5 Section 7 Section 10 Section 11 Section 13 Section 13A

Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

> Section 14A Section 23 Section 29B Section 32A Section 33A Schedule 1, paragraph 3(3) Schedule 1A, paragraphs 2 and 11 Schedule 2, paragraph 2(2) British Telecommunications Act 1981 (c. 38) Schedule 2, paragraph 12(3) Supreme Court Act 1981 (c. 54) Section 9(8) Section 11(7) and (8)Section 12 Section 54(3)Section 57(4)(a)Section 71(4)(a)Section 74 Section 75 Section 91(6) Section 92(1) and (3A) Section 98 Section 102(1) Section 126 Section 133 Section 140(4)Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (c. 69) Section 28N(3) Transport Act 1982 (c. 49) Section 66(4)(a)Administration of Justice Act 1982 (c. 53) Section 25(3)(a) and (c) Mental Health Act 1983 (c. 20) Section 78 Section 143(1)Schedule 2, paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 Car Tax Act 1983 (c. 53) Section 3(5) County Courts Act 1984 (c. 28) Section 8(1) and (3)Section 12(1) Section 128 Section 130 Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 (c. 42) Section 37

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Ordnance Factories and Military Services Act 1984 (c. 59) Schedule 1, paragraph 2(5)Reserve Forces (Safeguard of Employment) Act 1985 (c. 17) Schedule 2, paragraph 2(1)(a)Transport Act 1985 (c. 67) Schedule 4, paragraphs 2(1)(a), 3(4) and (5), 6, 7, 15 and 16 Landlord and Tenant Act 1985 (c. 70) Section 29(4)Agricultural Holdings Act 1986 (c. 5) Schedule 11, paragraph 1(5) Insolvency Act 1986 (c. 45) Section 117 Section 413 Section 414 Section 415 Section 420(1)Section 421(1)Schedule 7, paragraph 1(1)(a)Ecclesiastical Fees Measure 1986 (1986 No. 2) Section 4(1)(a)Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1) Section 706(1) Coroners Act 1988 (c. 13) Section 17A Criminal Justice Act 1988 (c. 33) Schedule 12 Education Reform Act 1988 (c. 40) Schedule 10, paragraph 9(4) Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988 (c. 48) Section 145(2) Section 146(6) Section 150 Section 291(5) Section 292 Electricity Act 1989 (c. 29) Schedule 10, paragraph 9(2)(a)Children Act 1989 (c. 41) Section 104(1)Broadcasting Act 1990 (c. 42) Schedule 9, paragraph 5(5)(a)Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (c. 8) Section 20(5)Courts and Legal Services Act 1990 (c. 41) Section 1 Section 72

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Child Support Act 1991 (c. 48) Section 8 Section 22 Section 24 Section 25 Section 52(1) Schedule 4, paragraphs 1(3), 2(1) and (2), 2A(1), 4(1), 4A(1) and 7 Ports Act 1991 (c. 52) Schedule 2, paragraph 11(5) Land Drainage Act 1991 (c. 59) Section 31(1)Armed Forces Act 1991 (c. 62) Schedule 1 Care of Churches and Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction Measure 1991 (1991 No. 1) Section 25(2)(a)Social Security Administration Act 1992 (c. 5) Section 24 Section 41(4)(c)Section 43(5)(c)Section 50(4)(c)Section 51(1)Section 52(2)Section 58 Schedule 2, paragraph 6 Further and Higher Education Act 1992 (c. 13) Schedule 5, paragraph 7(4) Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48) Section 75 Tribunals and Inquiries Act 1992 (c. 53) Section 6(2), (8) and (9) Section 9 Section 13 Section 15 Section 16(2)Schedule 5, paragraph 7(4) Judicial Pensions and Retirement Act 1993 (c. 8) Section 1 Section 2 Section 3 Section 9 Section 10 Section 11 Section 12 Section 13 Section 19

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Section 20 Section 21 Section 26(5), (6) and (9) Section 31 Schedule 2, paragraphs 2, 11, 12 and 13 Schedule 2A, paragraphs 1 and 2 Schedule 5, as it applies in relation to the office of chairman or other member of Rent Assessment Committees Schedule 7, paragraph 2 Coal Industry Act 1994 (c. 21) Schedule 2, paragraph 8(6)(a) Value Added Tax Act 1994 (c. 23) Schedule 12, paragraphs 2(2) and (3), 3(2), (4), (5), (6) and (8), 4(2), 7(8) and (10), and 9 Trade Marks Act 1994 (c. 26) Section 77 Merchant Shipping Act 1995 (c. 21) Section 297(1) Atomic Energy Authority Act 1995 (c. 37) Schedule 1, paragraph 10(6)(a) Employment Tribunals Act 1996 (c. 17) Section 3 Section 22(1)(c) and (2)Section 27 Section 30 Reserve Forces Act 1996 (c. 14) Section 90 Section 91 Police Act 1996 (c. 16) Schedule 6, paragraph 1(a) Arbitration Act 1996 (c. 23) Section 91(3)(c)Section 105 Defamation Act 1996 (c. 31) Section 9(1)(c)Housing Act 1996 (c. 52) Section 119(3) Broadcasting Act 1996 (c. 55) Schedule 5, paragraph 8(6)(a)Education Act 1996 (c. 56) Section 333(3)School Inspections Act 1996 (c. 57) Schedule 2, paragraph 1(1)(a)Civil Procedure Act 1997 (c. 12) Section 3

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Section 6 Justices of the Peace Act 1997 (c. 25) Section 10 Section 10A(1) Section 10B(1) Section 27B Section 29 Section 30 Section 30B Section 30C Section 31 Section 32A Section 34 Finance (No. 2) Act 1997 (c. 58) Schedule 2, paragraph 11(2) Plant Varieties Act 1997 (c. 66) Schedule 3, paragraphs 2(1), 13 and 16 Special Immigration Appeals Commission Act 1997 (c. 68) Section 5 Section 8 Schedule 1, paragraphs 1, 2, 3 and 4 Social Security Act 1998 (c. 14) Section 5(1)Section 6(1) to (4)Section 79 Schedule 4, paragraphs 1(2), 2, 3, 6 and 8 Data Protection Act 1998 (c. 29) Section 6(4)Crime and Disorder Act 1998 (c. 37) Section 51 Section 51D Section 81 Human Rights Act 1998 (c. 42) Schedule 4 Social Security Contributions (Transfer of Functions, Etc.) Act 1999 (c. 2) Section 13 Protection of Children Act 1999 (c. 14) The Schedule, paragraphs 2(1) and (3), and 3Finance Act 1999 (c. 16) Schedule 17, paragraph 11 Greater London Authority Act 1999 (c. 29) Section 189(6) Welfare Reform and Pensions Act 1999 (c. 30) Section 43 Immigration and Asylum Act 1999 (c. 33)

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Section 53(6) Schedule 7, paragraphs 1 and 2 Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (c. 8) Schedule 13, paragraphs 2, 3(1) and (4), 4, 5, 6 and 9 Terrorism Act 2000 (c. 11) Schedule 3, paragraphs 1, 2, 3 and 5 Child Support, Pensions and Social Security Act 2000 (c. 19) Schedule 7, paragraph 20 Local Government Act 2000 (c. 22) Section 75 Section 76(11) International Criminal Court Act 2001 (c. 17) Schedule 1, paragraph 7 Anti-terrorism, Crime and Security Act 2001 (c. 24) Schedule 6, paragraphs 1, 2, 3 and 5 Land Registration Act 2002 (c. 9) Section 107(1)Schedule 9, paragraphs 2, 5, 6 and 7 Commonhold and Leasehold Reform Act 2002 (c. 15) Schedule 12, paragraph 5(3)Tax Credits Act 2002 (c. 21) Section 65 Proceeds of Crime Act 2002 (c. 29) Section 320(3)(b) Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40) Section 12(2)(a) and (b) Section 16 Schedule 2, paragraphs 1 and 3 Nationality, Immigration and Asylum Act 2002 (c. 41) Section 16 Section 81 Section 106 Schedule 4, paragraphs 1, 2, 6 and 7 Schedule 5, paragraphs 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 9, 10 and 11 Finance Act 2003 (c. 14) Schedule 17, paragraphs 6 to 10 Communications Act 2003 (c. 21) Schedule 2, paragraph 4(7)(a)Courts Act 2003 (c. 39) Section 1 Section 22(1)Section 27 Section 35 Section 36 Section 37

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Section 51 Section 61 Schedule 1, paragraphs 2 and 6 Schedule 5, paragraph 43 Schedule 6, paragraph 1 Schedule 7, paragraphs 2 and 12 *Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44)* Section 168(4) Section 169 Section 170 Section 171 Section 173

## B: LEGISLATION RELATING TO NORTHERN IRELAND

Judicial Pensions Act (Northern Ireland) 1951 (c. 20 (N.I.)) Section 11A Section 16 Schedule 4, paragraph 3 Coroners Act (Northern Ireland) 1959 (c. 15 (N.I.)) Section 1 Section 5A Section 11(3) Section 36(1) and (2)County Courts Act (Northern Ireland) 1959 (c. 25 (N.I.)) Section 102(1) Section 106 (1) and (3) Section 107(1), (3) and (7) Section 116(1) Section 116A(3)(b), (4)(a) and (b), (5) and (6) Section 127A(1) Section 132 Section 132A(1), (2) and (4) Section 134 Schedule 2A, paragraphs 2(1)(a), 11(1), 12(1) and 13(a) Resident Magistrates' Pensions Act (Northern Ireland) 1960 (c. 2 (N.I.)) Section 2(1)Section 2A(3)(b), (4)(a) and (b), (5) and (6) Section 9A(1) Section 16(1), (3) and (4) Section 21A(1), (2) and (4) Schedule 2, paragraph 3(3)(a)Schedule 3, paragraphs 2(a), 11(1), 12(1) and 13 Magistrates' Courts Act (Northern Ireland) 1964 (c. 21 (N.I.)) Section 9(1)Section 10(1)

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Section 12(1)Section 12A(2) Lands Tribunal and Compensation Act (Northern Ireland) 1964 (c. 29 (N.I.)) Section 1(2)Section 2A(3)(b), (4)(a) and (b), (5) and (6) Section 3(1) and (2)Registration of Deeds Act (Northern Ireland) 1970 (c. 25 (N.I.)) Section 19(3) Social Security (Northern Ireland) Act 1975 (c. 15) Schedule 10, paragraphs 6(1), 7(2), (3) and (4), 7A(3)(b), (4)(a) and (b), (5) and (6) Judicature (Northern Ireland) Act 1978 (c. 23) Section 7(4) Section 12 Section 12B Section 53(1)(f) and (2) Section 54(1), (5) and (6) Section 56(4)Section 68(3), (5) and (6) Section 70(1), (3), (5) and (6) Section 71(4)Section 72(3)Section 74(1), (3) and (5) Section 75(1), (7) and (9) Section 82(1)Section 103(3)Section 116(1) and (2)Section 117A Section 123(2) and (3)Matrimonial Causes (Northern Ireland) Order 1978 (S.I. 1978/1045 (N.I. 15)) Article 33(4C) Statutory Rules (Northern Ireland) Order 1979 (S.I. 1979/1573 (N.I. 12) Schedule 1, Part 1 County Courts (Northern Ireland) Order 1980 (S.I. 1980/397 (N.I. 3)) Article 2(2)In Article 46(1) as amended by section 73(2) of the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002, paragraphs (d), (e), (f) and (g) Article 46(4) and (5)Article 59 Magistrates' Courts (Northern Ireland) Order 1981 (S.I. 1981/1675 (N.I. 26)) Article 6A(3)Article 10(1) Article 13(5) Article 24(7)Forfeiture (Northern Ireland) Order 1982 (S.I. 1982/1082 (N.I. 14))

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Article 6(2)Mental Health (Northern Ireland) Order 1986 (S.I. 1986/595 (N.I. 4)) Article 104(5) Schedule 3, paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 Child Support (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 (S.I. 1991/2628 (N.I. 23)) Article 25(6)(a) and (7) Article 26(2)(a), (3)(c) and (5) Article 48(1)Article 51(1) Schedule 4, paragraphs 1, 1A, 3A(1) and 4 Judicial Pensions (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 (S.I. 1991/2631 (N.I. 24)) Article 1(2)Social Security Administration (Northern Ireland) Act 1992 (c. 8) Section 22(6) Section 56(6) Section 165(2)Section 167(1)Schedule 2, paragraph 7 Registered Homes (Northern Ireland) Order 1992 (S.I. 1992/3204 (N.I. 20)) Article 30(1)(a)Article 31(2) Family Law (Northern Ireland) Order 1993 (S.I. 1993/1576 (N.I. 6)) Schedule 2, paragraphs 2(1)(g), 6 and 9 Children (Northern Ireland) Order 1995 (S.I. 1995/755 (N.I. 2)) Article 164(5)Article 181 Article 183(3) Education (Northern Ireland) Order 1996 (S.I. 1996/274 (N.I. 1)) Article 22(2)(a) and (b) and (4)(b)Northern Ireland Act 1998 (c. 47) Section 91(6) Schedule 11, paragraphs 2(1) and (3), 3(1) and (4), and 4 Family Homes and Domestic Violence (Northern Ireland) Order 1998 (S.I. 1998/1071 (N.I. 6)) Article 36(1) Article 40(1) and (2)Road Traffic (New Drivers) (Northern Ireland) Order 1998 (S.I. 1998/1074 (N.I. 7)) Article 7(8) Social Security (Northern Ireland) Order 1998 (S.I. 1998/1506 (N.I. 10)) Article 6(1) Article 7(1) and (4)Article 15(12) and (13) Article 74(2)Fair Employment and Treatment (Northern Ireland) Order 1998 (S.I. 1998/ 3162 (N.I. 21))

Status: Point in time view as at 01/10/2005. Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

> Article 40(7)(b)Article 82(1), (3) and (6) Welfare Reform and Pensions (Northern Ireland) Order 1999 (S.I. 1999/3147 (N.I. 11))Article 40 Article 73(10) and (11) Child Support, Pensions and Social Security Act (Northern Ireland) 2000 (c. 4 (N.I.))Schedule 7, paragraph 20(1) and (6) Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002 (c. 26) Section 2(2)Section 3(2)(b)Section 5(3), (4), (5), (6) and (7) Section 9(1) and (11)Section 12(3) Section 19(4) Section 50(5) Section 51(3) Schedule 2, paragraphs 1(2) and (3), 2(3) and (4), 3, 4(1), 5(5) and (6), 6 and 7(2) and (3)Health and Personal Social Services (Quality, Improvement and Regulation) (Northern Ireland) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/431 (N.I. 9)) Schedule 2, paragraph 3(2)Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2004 (c. 4) Schedule 3, paragraph 1(3)(a)

VALID FROM (	)1/10/2009
SCHEDULE 8 U.K. Supreme Court selection commissions	Section 26
VALID FROM (	01/10/2009
SCHEDULE 9 U.K. Amendments relating to jurisdiction of the Supreme Court	Section 40

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	VALID FROM 01/10/2009
	SCHEDULE 10 U.K. Section 57
	PROCEEDINGS UNDER JURISDICTION TRANSFERRED TO SUPREME COURT
	Interpretation
1	<ul> <li>(1) In this Schedule "transferred jurisdiction" means any jurisdiction of—</li> <li>(a) the House of Lords, or</li> <li>(b) the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, that is transferred to the Supreme Court by virtue of this Act.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>(2) In relation to transferred jurisdiction—</li> <li>"original court" means (as appropriate)—</li> <li>(a) the House of Lords, or</li> <li>(b) the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council;</li> <li>"transfer day" means the day when the jurisdiction is transferred to the Supreme Court.</li> </ul>
2	In this Schedule "transferred proceedings" means proceedings which were begun before the transfer day in the original court under transferred jurisdiction.
	Proceedings
3	(1) As from the transfer day, transferred proceedings may be continued in the Supreme Court as if they had been begun in that court.
	(2) This paragraph is subject to Supreme Court Rules (whether made before or after the transfer date).
4	(1) Anything done in accordance with the rules of the original court in relation to transferred proceedings is, after the transfer day, to be treated as if it had been done in accordance with any Supreme Court Rules applicable to corresponding proceedings in the Supreme Court.
	(2) This paragraph is subject to Supreme Court Rules (whether made before or after the transfer date).
5	(1) Any act, judgment or order of the original court in the transferred proceedings is to have the same effect after the transfer day as if it had been an act, judgment or order of the Supreme Court in corresponding proceedings in that Court.
	(2) Accordingly, after the transfer day, further proceedings may be taken in the Supreme Court in respect of such an act, judgment or order.
	Fees
6	(1) This paragraph applies to any fee due under the rules of the original court in relation to transferred proceedings which was unpaid on the transfer day.

	Status: Point in time view as at 01/10/2005. Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)
	(2) As from the transfer day, the fee is payable as if it were due under the corresponding Supreme Court Rules.
	Funds
7	<ul> <li>(1) This paragraph applies to the investments and money which constitute the funds in court of— <ul> <li>(a) the House of Lords, or</li> <li>(b) the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, that are held in relation to transferred proceedings.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul><li>(2) On the transfer day the investments and money are, by virtue of this paragraph and without any transfer or assignment, vested in the accounting officer as funds in the Supreme Court.</li></ul>
	(3) In dealing with any investments and money vested in him by virtue of this paragraph, the accounting officer must comply with any directions which the Lord Chancellor may give with a view to securing the transition of the administration of the funds in court referred to in sub-paragraph (1).
8	(1) The transfer of any investments and money under paragraph 7 does not affect the right of any person in or to any thing so transferred.
	(2) Any such right may be enforced from the transfer day as if it had always been a right in respect of funds in the Supreme Court.
9	<ul> <li>(1) This paragraph applies to a liability of the House of Lords or the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council if the following conditions are met—</li> <li>(a) the liability is in respect of sums which at one time formed part of funds in court held in relation to proceedings under transferred jurisdiction but which ceased to do so before the transfer day;</li> <li>(b) the liability is outstanding immediately before the transfer day.</li> </ul>
	(2) On the transfer day the liability is, by virtue of this paragraph and without any transfer or assignment, vested in the accounting officer.
	(3) Any amounts required to meet any such liability are to be paid out of the Consolidated Fund to the accounting officer.
10	In paragraphs 7 and 9 "accounting officer" means the person who, in the view of the President of the Supreme Court, carries out duties in relation to that court that correspond as nearly as possible to the duties carried out in relation to the Senior Courts of England and Wales by the Accountant-General of those courts.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/10/2005. Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

VALID FROM 01/10/2009 SCHEDULE 11 U.K. Section 59 RENAMING OF THE SUPREME COURTS OF ENGLAND AND WALES AND NORTHERN IRELAND

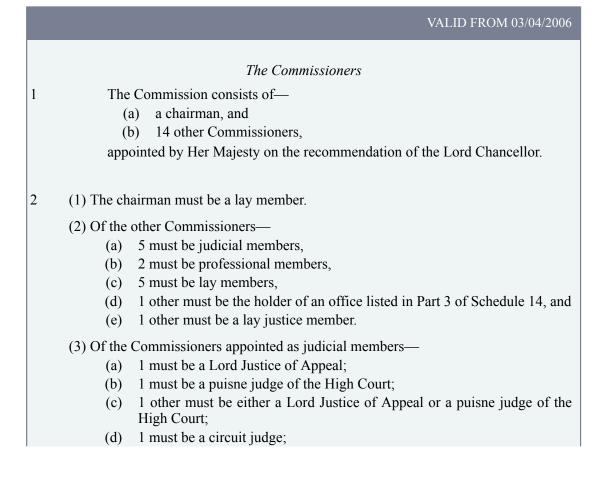
SCHEDULE 12 U.K.

Section 61

THE JUDICIAL APPOINTMENTS COMMISSION

## PART 1 U.K.

THE COMMISSIONERS



Status: Point in time view as at 01/10/2005. Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) 1 must be a district judge of a county court, a District Judge (Magistrates' (e) Courts) or a person appointed to an office under section 89 of the Supreme Court Act 1981 (c. 54). (4) Of the Commissioners appointed as professional members— 1 must be a practising barrister in England and Wales; (a) (b) 1 must be a practising solicitor of the Senior Courts of England and Wales. (5) A Commissioner is not to be taken into account for the purposes of any paragraph of sub-paragraph (2) unless he was appointed for the purposes of that paragraph. 3 A person must not be appointed as a Commissioner if he is employed in the civil service of the State. 4 (1) A judicial member is a person who holds an office listed in paragraph 2(3) and who is not a practising lawyer. (2) A professional member is a person who is-(a) a practising barrister in England and Wales, or a practising solicitor of the Senior Courts of England and Wales. (b) (3) A lay member is a person resident in England or Wales who has never held a listed judicial office or been a practising lawyer. (4) A lay justice member is a justice of the peace who holds no other listed judicial office, or no other except that of General (a) Commissioner, (b) is not a practising barrister in England and Wales, and is not a practising solicitor of the Senior Courts of England and Wales. (c) 5 (1) The Lord Chancellor may by order amend any of the following provisions by substituting a number for the number of Commissioners for the time being specified there----(a) paragraph 1(b); any paragraph of paragraph 2(2); (b) any paragraph of paragraph 2(3); (c) (d) any paragraph of paragraph 2(4). (2) That is subject to the following— (a) the total of the numbers in paragraph 2(2) must be the number in paragraph 1(b); the total of the numbers in paragraph 2(3) must be the number in paragraph (b) 2(2)(a);the total of the numbers in paragraph 2(4) must be the number in paragraph (c) 2(2)(b);(d) the number substituted in any provision must not be less than the number specified in that provision as originally enacted. (3) The Lord Chancellor may not make an order under this paragraph without the agreement of the Lord Chief Justice. (1) In this Schedule— 6 "judicial member" has the meaning given by paragraph 4(1);

7

Status: Point in time view as at 01/10/2005.

Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

"lay member" has the meaning given by paragraph 4(3); "listed judicial office" means an office listed in Schedule 14; "practising" is to be read in accordance with sub-paragraphs (2) and (3); "practising lawyer" means-(a) a practising barrister in England and Wales; (b) a practising solicitor of the Senior Courts of England and Wales: (c) a practising advocate in Scotland; (d) a practising solicitor in Scotland; (e) a practising member of the Bar of Northern Ireland; (f) a practising solicitor of the Court of Judicature of Northern Ireland; "professional member" has the meaning given by paragraph 4(2); "senior Head of Division" means-(a) the Master of the Rolls: (b) if that office is vacant, the President of the Queen's Bench Division; (c) if both of those offices are vacant, the President of the Family Division: (d) if all of those offices are vacant, the Chancellor of the High Court. (2) A barrister in England and Wales, an advocate in Scotland or a member of the Bar of Northern Ireland is practising if he ispractising as such, (a) employed to give legal advice, or (b) (c) providing legal advice under a contract for services. (3) A solicitor of the Senior Courts of England and Wales, a solicitor in Scotland or a solicitor of the Court of Judicature of Northern Ireland is practising if he is-(a) acting as such, (b) employed to give legal advice, or (c) providing legal advice under a contract for services.

## VALID FROM 03/04/2006

## Selection of commissioners

- (1) The Lord Chancellor may recommend a person for appointment as a Commissioner for the purposes of paragraph (a), (b) or (c) of paragraph 2(3) only if—
  - (a) he has requested the Judges' Council to select a person to be appointed for the purposes of that paragraph;
  - (b) the person has been selected by the Judges' Council in accordance with that request, and
  - (c) the requirements of sub-paragraph (7) have been complied with.

(2) The Lord Chancellor may recommend a person for appointment as a Commissioner for the purposes of paragraph 1(a), any other paragraph of paragraph 2(3), any paragraph of paragraph 2(4) or any of paragraphs (c) to (e) of paragraph 2(2) only if—

Status: Point in time view as at 01/10/2005. Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (a) he has requested a panel appointed by him to select a person or (as the panel may determine) more than one person for the purposes of such a recommendation, and
- (b) the person he recommends is the person or one of the persons selected.
- (3) Subject to sub-paragraph (1), the Lord Chancellor must recommend for appointment any person selected by the Judges' Council.
- (4) A request under this paragraph must specify the provision for the purposes of which the appointment is to be made.
- (5) A request may specify the time within which a person is to be selected.
- (6) The Lord Chancellor may appoint different panels for the purposes of different requests.
- (7) A selection by the Judges' Council must be notified to the Lord Chancellor in a report which gives reasons for the selection.
- (8) In this paragraph references to the Judges' Council are to be read as references to a body designated for the purposes of this Schedule by the Lord Chief Justice.

## VALID FROM 03/04/2006

## Panels

- 8 (1) A panel appointed under paragraph 7(2) must have four members (subject to subparagraph (7)).
  - (2) The first member must be a person selected by the Lord Chancellor with the agreement of the Lord Chief Justice (or, if the office of Lord Chief Justice is vacant, with the agreement of the senior Head of Division).
  - (3) That member is to be chairman of the panel.
  - (4) The second member must be the Lord Chief Justice or his nominee, unless the office of Lord Chief Justice is vacant.
  - (5) If that office is vacant, the second member must be the senior Head of Division or his nominee.
  - (6) The third member must be a person nominated by the first member.
  - (7) The chairman of the Commission must also be a member of the panel unless his office is vacant or is the office for which a recommendation is to be made.
  - (8) A person must not be a member of the panel if he is employed in the civil service of the State.
  - (9) A person must not be the first member if he is one of the following—
    - (a) a Commissioner;
    - (b) a member of the staff of the Commission;
    - (c) a practising lawyer;
    - (d) the holder of a listed judicial office;
    - (e) a member of the House of Commons.

9

Status: Point in time view as at 01/10/2005.

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (10) A person must not be the third member if he is a member of the House of Commons.
- (11) The Lord Chancellor before selecting a person to be appointed as the first member, and the Lord Chief Justice or Head of Division before agreeing to the selection, must consider these questions—
  - (a) whether the person has exercised functions that appear to him to be of a judicial nature and such as to make the person inappropriate for the appointment;
  - (b) whether any past service in a capacity listed in sub-paragraph (8) or (9) appears to him to make the person inappropriate for the appointment;
  - (c) whether the extent of any present or past party political activity or affiliations appears to him to make the person inappropriate for the appointment.
- (12) The first member must consider the same questions before nominating a person to be appointed as the third member.

The Lord Chancellor may pay to a member of a panel appointed under paragraph 7(2) such remuneration, fees or expenses as he may determine.

## VALID FROM 03/04/2006

#### Selection by a panel

10 (1) This paragraph applies to selection by a panel appointed under paragraph 7(2).

- (2) Before selecting a person the panel must consider—
  - (a) in the case of a selection for the purposes of paragraph 2(4)(a), any views expressed by the General Council of the Bar;
  - (b) in the case of a selection for the purposes of paragraph 2(4)(b), any views expressed by the Law Society.
- (3) Before selecting a person for appointment as the chairman or one of the other lay members, the panel must consider—
  - (a) whether the person has exercised functions that appear to the panel to be of a judicial nature and such as to make the person inappropriate for the appointment;
  - (b) whether any past service in a capacity listed in paragraph 8(9) or as a person employed in the civil service of the State appears to the panel to make the person inappropriate for the appointment;
  - (c) whether the extent of any present or past party political activity or affiliations appears to the panel to make the person inappropriate for the appointment.
- (4) The panel must select persons for appointment as lay members (including the chairman) with a view to securing, so far as practicable, that the persons so appointed include at any time at least one who appears to the panel to have special knowledge of Wales.

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

VALID FROM 03/04/2006

#### Vice-chairman

- 11 (1) The Commissioner who is the most senior of the persons appointed as judicial members is vice-chairman of the Commission.
  - (2) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (1)—
    - (a) seniority is by office held at the time (first Lord Justice of Appeal, then puisne judge, then circuit judge, then the offices mentioned in paragraph 2(3)(e));
    - (b) between two holders of one of those offices, the person who has served longest in the office (over one or more periods) is the senior.

# (3) In the absence of the chairman, the vice-chairman may exercise the chairman's functions other than under the following provisions—

- (a) paragraph 8(7);
- (b) section 71;
- (c) section 80.

## VALID FROM 03/04/2006

Term of office etc. of Commissioners

12 (1) A Commissioner must be appointed for a fixed period.

(2) But an appointment is subject to paragraphs 13 to 15.

- 13 A person—
  - (a) may not be appointed as a Commissioner for more than 5 years at a time, and
  - (b) may not hold office as a Commissioner for periods (whether or not consecutive) totalling more than 10 years.

## 14 (1) A Commissioner—

- (a) in the case of the chairman, ceases to be a Commissioner (and chairman) on ceasing to be a lay member;
- (b) in the case of a judicial or professional member, ceases to be a Commissioner on the earlier of ceasing to be such a member, and ceasing to fall within the paragraph of paragraph 2(3) or 2(4) for the purposes of which he was appointed;
- (c) in any other case, ceases to be a Commissioner on ceasing to fall within the paragraph of paragraph 2(2) for the purposes of which he was appointed.
- (2) But if (before or after an event within paragraph (a) or (b) of sub-paragraph (1)) the Lord Chancellor directs in a particular case that that paragraph is to be disregarded for a period specified in the direction, the person continues to be a Commissioner until the end of that period, subject to the terms of his appointment and the other provisions of this Schedule.

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (4) A Commissioner ceases to be a Commissioner if he becomes employed in the civil service of the State.
- 15 (1) A Commissioner may at any time—
  - (a) resign his office by notice in writing addressed to Her Majesty;
  - (b) be removed from office by Her Majesty on the recommendation of the Lord Chancellor.
  - (2) The Lord Chancellor may not under sub-paragraph (1) recommend that a Commissioner be removed from office unless he is satisfied that the Commissioner—
    - (a) has failed without reasonable excuse to discharge the functions of his office for a continuous period of at least six months,
    - (b) has been convicted of an offence,
    - (c) is an undischarged bankrupt, or
    - (d) is otherwise unfit to hold his office or unable to discharge its functions.
  - (3) A recommendation on the ground mentioned in sub-paragraph (2)(a) may not be made more than 3 months after the end of the period mentioned there.

## VALID FROM 03/04/2006

#### Salary, allowances and expenses

- 16 (1) The Commission may—
  - (a) pay to each Commissioner such remuneration, fees or expenses as the Lord Chancellor may determine;
  - (b) pay, or make provision for the payment of, such pension, allowance or gratuity as the Lord Chancellor may determine to or in respect of a person who is or has been a Commissioner.

(2) If—

- (a) a person ceases to hold office as a Commissioner other than on the expiry of his term of appointment, and
- (b) it appears to the Lord Chancellor that there are special circumstances that would warrant the payment of compensation to him,

the Lord Chancellor may direct the Commission to make to or in respect of that person a payment of such amount as the Lord Chancellor may determine.

## VALID FROM 03/04/2006

## Code of Conduct

17 The Lord Chancellor may issue and from time to time revise a code of conduct to be observed by the Commissioners.

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
	PART 2 U.K.
	THE COMMISSION
	Status of the Commission and its property
18	<ul> <li>(1) The Commission is not to be regarded—</li> <li>(a) as the servant or agent of the Crown, or</li> <li>(b) as enjoying any status, immunity or privilege of the Crown.</li> </ul>
	(2) The property of the Commission is not be regarded as property of, or property held on behalf of, the Crown.
	Powers
19	(1) The Commission may do anything calculated to facilitate, or incidental or conducive to, the carrying out of any of its functions.
	(2) But the Commission may not borrow money except with the agreement of the Lord Chancellor.
	(3) Nothing in this Schedule is to be read as limiting the generality of sub-paragraph (1).
	Committees
20	(1) The Commission may establish committees.
	(2) A committee of the Commission may establish sub-committees.
	(3) A person may not be a member of a committee or sub-committee unless he is a Commissioner.
	(4) The Commission may delegate functions to a committee, and a committee may delegate functions (including functions delegated to them) to a sub-committee.
	(5) The function of making a selection under this Part of this Act may be delegated only to a committee or sub-committee whose members include at least one judicial member and one lay member.
	(6) In sub-paragraphs (2) to (5) references to a committee do not include references to a selection panel appointed under section 70 or 79.
	Procedure and proceedings
21	(1) The Commission may regulate its own procedure, and the procedure of its committees and sub-committees, including quorum.
	(2) But the quorum of a committee or sub-committee to which the Commission's function of making a selection under this Part of this Act has been delegated must not be less than 3.

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(3) The validity of proceedings of the Commission or a committee or sub-committee is not affected by-(a) a vacancy among the members, or (b) a defect in the appointment of a member. Staff 22 (1) The Commission must appoint a chief executive, and (a) (b) may appoint such other staff as it considers necessary to assist in the performance of its functions. (2) The Commission must not appoint a person as chief executive unless the Lord Chancellor approves the appointment. (3) Staff are to beappointed on terms and conditions determined by the Commission, and (a) approved by the Lord Chancellor, and paid by the Commission in accordance with provision made by or under (b) the terms of appointment. (4) In determining the terms and conditions the Commission must have regard to the desirability of keeping remuneration and the other terms and conditions broadly in line with those applying to employment in the civil service of the State. (5) In Schedule 1 to the Superannuation Act 1972 (c. 11) (kinds of employment to which a scheme under section 1 of the Act may apply), at the end of the list of "Royal Commissions and other Commissions" insert- " Judicial Appointments Commission." (6) The Commission must pay to the Minister for the Civil Service, at such times as he may direct, such sums as he may determine in respect of any increase attributable to sub-paragraph (5) in the sums payable out of money provided by Parliament under the Superannuation Act 1972. (7) Staff of the Commission are not to be regarded as servants or agents of the Crown, or (a) enjoying any status, immunity or privilege of the Crown. (b) Arrangements for assistance 23 (1) The Commission may make arrangements with such persons as it considers appropriate for assistance to be provided to it. (2) Arrangements may include the paying of fees to such persons. (3) No arrangements may be made under this paragraph unless approved by the Lord Chancellor. *Appointments and arrangements by the Lord Chancellor* 24 (1) The Lord Chancellor may appoint a person to serve as chief executive until the first appointment under paragraph 22(1)(a) takes effect.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/10/2005. Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) (2) A chief executive serving under sub-paragraph (1) may incur expenditure and do other things (including appointing staff and making arrangements for assistance under paragraph 23) in the name and on behalf of the Commissionbefore the membership of the Commission is first constituted in accordance (a) with paragraph 1, and thereafter, until the Commission determines otherwise. (b) (3) A chief executive's powers under sub-paragraph (2) are exercisable subject to any directions given to him by the Lord Chancellor. 25 (1) The Lord Chancellor may appoint persons to serve as members of the Commission's staff; (a) (b) make arrangements in the name and on behalf of the Commission for other assistance to be provided to the Commission. (2) The Lord Chancellor may not exercise his powers under sub-paragraph (1) later thanthe end of 3 years after the day on which the Commission is first constituted (a) in accordance with paragraph 1, or such earlier time as the Commission may determine. (b) (3) If there is a chief executive of the Commission the Lord Chancellor may not exercise his powers under sub-paragraph (1) without the agreement of the chief executive. Power to transfer staff to employment of the Commission 26 (1) The Lord Chancellor may by regulations provide for the employment of any relevant person to be transferred to the Commission. (2) A relevant person is any person who, immediately before the date prescribed in regulations under sub-paragraph (1), isemployed in the civil service of the State, and (a) (b) providing assistance to the Commission in pursuance of arrangements made under paragraph 23 or 25. (3) But a person is not a relevant person if his employment in the civil service ends on the day immediately before the (a) date referred to in sub-paragraph (2), or he is withdrawn from work with the Commission with effect from that date. (b) (4) Before making any regulations under this paragraph the Lord Chancellor must consult such organisations as appear to him to represent the interests of persons likely to be affected by the regulations. (5) The Lord Chancellor may only exercise his power under sub-paragraph (1) before the membership of the Commission is first constituted in accordance (a) with paragraph 1, and with the agreement of the Commission, during the period of 3 years (b) beginning with the day on which the Commission is first constituted in accordance with that paragraph.

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	<ul> <li>ommencement Information</li> <li>Sch. 12 para. 26 partly in force; Sch. 12 para. 26 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 148; Sch. 12 para. 26 in force for specified purposes at 1.10.2005 by S.I. 2005/2505, art. 2(b); Sch. 12 para 26 in force at 3.4.2006 in so far as not already in force by S.I. 2006/1014, art. 2(a), Sch. 1 para. 15</li> </ul>
	Delegation
27	<ul><li>(1) The Commission may delegate functions to—</li><li>(a) any of its staff,</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>(b) any person with whom arrangements are made under paragraph 23 or 25, or</li> <li>(c) any person providing assistance to the Commission in pursuance of such arrangements.</li> </ul>
	(2) A committee, a sub-committee or the chief executive may delegate functions (including functions delegated to them or him) to any of the persons listed at sub-paragraph (1).
	(3) Sub-paragraphs (1) and (2) do not apply to the functions of the Commission, or of a selection panel appointed under section 70 or 79, of making a selection under this Part of this Act.
	Delegation and contracting out of superannuation functions
28	(1) Section 1(2) of the Superannuation Act 1972 (c. 11) (delegation of functions relating to civil service superannuation schemes by Minister for the Civil Service to another officer of the Crown etc.) has effect as if the reference to an officer of the Crown other than a Minister included a reference to the Commission's chief executive.
	(2) Any administration function conferred on the chief executive under section 1(2) of that Act (in accordance with sub-paragraph (1)) may be exercised by, or by employees of, any person authorised by the chief executive.
	<ul> <li>(3) "Administration function" means a function of administering schemes—</li> <li>(a) made under section 1 of that Act, and</li> <li>(b) from time to time in force.</li> </ul>
	(4) The chief executive may, under sub-paragraph (2), authorise a person to exercise administrative functions—
	(a) to their full extent or to a specified extent;
	(b) in all cases or in specified cases;
	(c) unconditionally or subject to specified conditions.
	<ul> <li>(5) An authorisation under sub-paragraph (2)—</li> <li>(a) is to be treated for all purposes as given by virtue of an order under section 69 of the Deregulation and Contracting Out Act 1994 (c. 40) (contracting out of functions of Ministers and office-holders);</li> </ul>
	(b) may be revoked at any time by the Commission or the chief executive.

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	Inspection of documents
29	(1) The Commission must permit any person authorised by the Lord Chancellor to inspect or make copies of accounts or other documents which in the opinion of the Lord Chancellor relate to costs and expenditure of the Commission.
	(2) The Commission must provide such explanation of accounts or documents inspected or copied by any person under this paragraph as that person or the Lord Chancellor may require.
	Financial provisions and directions
30	(1) The Lord Chancellor must pay to the Commission such sums as he may determine are appropriate for, or in connection with, the exercise by it of its functions.
	<ul> <li>(2) The Lord Chancellor may by direction require the Commission— <ul> <li>(a) not to incur costs and expenditure in excess of a specified amount without his consent;</li> <li>(b) to follow specified procedures in relation to its costs and expenditure.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	(3) A direction under sub-paragraph (2) may relate to all of the Commission's costs and expenditure, or to costs and expenditure of a specified description.
	Accounts and audit
31	(1) The Commission must keep proper accounts and proper records in relation to them.
	(2) The Commission must prepare a statement of accounts in respect of each financial year.
	(3) The statement must give a true and fair view of the state of the Commission's affairs at the end of the financial year, and of its income and expenditure and cash flows in the financial year.
	(4) The statement must be in compliance with any directions given by the Lord Chancellor with the Treasury's consent as to the information to be contained in the statement, the manner in which the information is to be presented or the methods and principles according to which the statement is to be prepared.
	(5) The Commission must send the statement to the Lord Chancellor at such time as he may direct.
	(6) The Lord Chancellor must, on or before 31 August in any year, send to the Comptroller and Auditor General the statement prepared by the Commission for the financial year last ended.
	(7) The Comptroller and Auditor General must examine, certify and report on the statement sent to him under sub-paragraph (6) and must lay copies of it and of his report before each House of Parliament.
	Reports
32	(1) The Commission must, as soon as practicable after the end of each financial year, provide to the Lord Chancellor a report about the performance of its functions during that year.

	(2) After consulting the Lord Chief Justice, the Lord Chancellor may by direction require the Commission to deal, in reports or a particular report under sub- paragraph (1), with matters specified in the direction.
	(3) The Commission must, as soon as practicable after a direction by the Lord Chancellor under this sub-paragraph, provide to the Lord Chancellor a report about any matter or matters specified in the direction.
	(4) The Lord Chancellor must lay before each House of Parliament a copy of any report provided to him under sub-paragraph (1).
	(5) The Commission must publish any report once copies of it have been laid under sub-paragraph (4).
	Documentary evidence
33	The application of the seal of the Commission is to be authenticated by the signature of any Commissioner or member of staff of the Commission who has been authorised (whether generally or specifically) for the purpose.
34	Any contract or instrument which, if entered into or executed by an individual, would not need to be under seal, may be entered into or executed on behalf of the Commission by any person who has been authorised (whether generally or specifically) for the purpose.
35	<ul> <li>A document purporting to be— <ul> <li>(a) duly executed under the seal of the Commission, or</li> <li>(b) signed on behalf of the Commission,</li> </ul> </li> <li>is to be received in evidence and, unless the contrary is proved, taken to be executed or signed in that way.</li> </ul>
	General
36	<ul> <li>(1) "Financial year" in this Schedule, means—</li> <li>(a) the period beginning with the date on which section 61 comes into force and ending with the following 31 March, and</li> </ul>
	(b) each successive period of twelve months.
	<ul> <li>(2) In Part 2 of Schedule 1 to the House of Commons Disqualification Act 1975 (c. 24) (bodies of which all members are disqualified) at the appropriate place insert— " The Judicial Appointments Commission.".</li> </ul>
	(3) In Part 6 of Schedule 1 to the Freedom of Information Act 2000 (c. 36) (other public bodies and offices which are public authorities) at the appropriate place insert— " The Judicial Appointments Commission."

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

VALID FROM 03/04/2006 SCHEDULE 13 U.K. Section 62 THE JUDICIAL APPOINTMENTS AND CONDUCT OMBUDSMAN VALID FROM 03/04/2006 SCHEDULE 14 U.K. Section 85 THE JUDICIAL APPOINTMENTS COMMISSION: RELEVANT OFFICES AND ENACTMENTS **Commencement Information** Sch. 14 partly in force at 3.4.2006; Sch. 14 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 148; Sch. 14 in force I16 for specified purposes at 3.4.2006 by S.I. 2006/1014, art. 2(a), Sch. 1 para. 20 (subject to Sch. 1 para. 20(2)-(4)); Sch. 14 in force for specified purposes at 21.3.2007 by S.I. 2007/967, art. 2 VALID FROM 25/09/2006

SCHEDULE 15 N.I.

Section 124

NORTHERN IRELAND JUDICIAL APPOINTMENTS OMBUDSMAN

After Schedule 3 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002 (c. 26) insert-

# "SCHEDULE 3A N.I.

THE NORTHERN IRELAND JUDICIAL APPOINTMENTS OMBUDSMAN

## The Ombudsman

- 1 (1) A person must not be appointed as the Ombudsman if any of these sub-paragraphs applies—
  - (a) he is employed in the civil service of the State;
  - (b) he is a member of the House of Commons;
  - (c) he is a member of the Northern Ireland Assembly;
  - (d) he is engaged in political activity as a member of a political party;
  - (e) he has ever been any of these—

	<ul> <li>(i) a practising barrister in England and Wales;</li> <li>(ii) a practising solicitor of the Supreme Court of England and Wales;</li> <li>(iii) a practising advocate in Scotland;</li> <li>(iv) a practising solicitor in Scotland;</li> <li>(v) a practising member of the Bar of Northern Ireland;</li> <li>(vi) a practising solicitor of the Supreme Court of Judicature of Northern Ireland;</li> <li>(vii) the holder of a listed judicial office.</li> </ul>
	(2) Before recommending a person for appointment as the Ombudsman the Lord Chancellor must consider—
	<ul> <li>(a) whether the person has exercised functions that appear to the Lord Chancellor to be of a judicial nature and such as to make the person inappropriate for the appointment;</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>(b) whether any past service in a capacity mentioned in sub-paragraph (3) appears to the Lord Chancellor to make the person inappropriate for the appointment.</li></ul>
	(3) The service referred to in subsection (2)(b) is service as any of these—
	<ul><li>(a) a Commissioner;</li><li>(b) a member of staff of the Commission;</li></ul>
	<ul><li>(c) a person employed in the civil service of the State.</li></ul>
2	<ul><li>(1) In this Schedule "practising" is to be read in accordance with sub-paragraphs (2) and (3).</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>(2) A barrister in England and Wales, an advocate in Scotland or a member of the Bar of Northern Ireland is practising if he is—</li> <li>(a) practising as such,</li> </ul>
	(b) employed to give legal advice, or
	<ul> <li>(c) providing legal advice under a contract for services.</li> <li>(2) A solicitor of the Servera Court of solicitor in Section does a divite of the Servera</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>(3) A solicitor of the Supreme Court, a solicitor in Scotland or a solicitor of the Supreme Court of Judicature of Northern Ireland is practising if he is—</li> <li>(a) acting as such,</li> </ul>
	(b) employed to give legal advice, or
	(c) providing legal advice under a contract for services.
	Term of office etc. of Ombudsman
3	(1) The Ombudsman must be appointed for a fixed period.
	(2) But an appointment is subject to paragraphs 4 and 5.
4	<ul> <li>A person—</li> <li>(a) may not be appointed as the Ombudsman for more than 5 years at a time, and</li> <li>(b) may not hold office as the Ombudsman for periods (whether or not consecutive) totalling more than 10 years.</li> </ul>
5	<ul> <li>(1) The Ombudsman may at any time—</li> <li>(a) resign his office by notice in writing addressed to Her Majesty;</li> <li>(b) be removed from office by the Lord Chancellor.</li> </ul>

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (2) The Lord Chancellor may not remove the Ombudsman from office unless he is satisfied that the Ombudsman—
  - (a) has become disqualified for appointment under paragraph 1(1),
  - (b) has ceased to be appropriate for the appointment because of considerations listed in paragraph 1(2),
  - (c) has, within the preceding nine months, failed to discharge the functions of his office for a continuous period of at least six months,
  - (d) has been convicted of an offence,
  - (e) is an undischarged bankrupt, or
  - (f) is otherwise unfit to hold his office or unable to discharge its functions.

#### Salary, allowances and expenses

- 6 (1) The Lord Chancellor may—
  - (a) pay to the Ombudsman such remuneration, fees or expenses as the Lord Chancellor may determine;
  - (b) pay, or make provision for the payment of, such pension, allowance or gratuity as the Lord Chancellor may determine to or in respect of a person who is or has been the Ombudsman.
  - (2) If—
    - (a) the Ombudsman ceases to hold office other than on the expiry of his term of appointment, and
    - (b) it appears to the Lord Chancellor that there are special circumstances that would warrant the payment of compensation to him,

the Lord Chancellor may make to or in respect of him a payment of such amount as the Lord Chancellor may determine.

#### Acting Ombudsman

- 7 (1) The Lord Chancellor may appoint a person to exercise the functions of the Ombudsman if—
  - (a) the Ombudsman's office becomes vacant,
  - (b) the Lord Chancellor determines that the Ombudsman is incapable of exercising his functions, or
  - (c) the Ombudsman notifies the Lord Chancellor that it would be inappropriate for him to exercise any of his functions in connection with a particular matter because of a possible conflict of interests or for any other reason.
  - (2) But a person may be appointed under this paragraph only if he is eligible under paragraph 1 to be appointed as Ombudsman.
  - (3) The Lord Chancellor may—
    - (a) pay to a person appointed under this paragraph such remuneration, fees or expenses as the Lord Chancellor may determine;
    - (b) pay, or make provision for the payment of, such pension, allowance or gratuity as the Lord Chancellor may determine to or in respect of a person who is or has been a person appointed under this paragraph.
  - (4) A person appointed under this paragraph is to exercise the functions of the Ombudsman in accordance with the terms of his appointment.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/10/2005. Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(5) The Lord Chancellor may end an appointment under this paragraph at any time. (6) Otherwise any appointment of a person under this paragraph ends on the earliest of-(a) that person's ceasing to be eligible to be appointed as Ombudsman; (b) the expiry of the appointment in accordance with its terms and conditions; (c) the date on which with the agreement of the Lord Chancellor the Ombudsman resumes the exercise of his functions; (d) the appointment of a new Ombudsman; (e) the end of twelve months beginning with the relevant date. (7) The relevant date is— (a) if the appointment was under sub-paragraph (1)(a), the date when the vacancy arose; if the appointment was under sub-paragraph (1)(b), the date of the Lord (b) Chancellor's determination; if the appointment was under sub-paragraph (1)(c), the date of the (c) notification. Status of the Ombudsman 8 The person for the time being holding the office of the Ombudsman is by the name of that office a corporation sole. Powers of the Ombudsman 9 (1) The Ombudsman does not have power to do any of the following-(a) to borrow money; (b) to hold real property; (c) to appoint staff (except by way of arrangements under paragraph 10). (2) Subject to sub-paragraph (1), the Ombudsman may do anything calculated to facilitate, or incidental or conducive to, the carrying out of any of his functions. (3) Nothing in this Schedule is to be read as limiting the generality of sub-paragraph (2). Arrangements for assistance 10 (1) The Ombudsman may make arrangements with such persons as he considers appropriate for assistance to be provided to him. (2) Arrangements may include the paying of fees to such persons. (3) No arrangements may be made under this paragraph unless approved by the Lord Chancellor. Arrangements by the Lord Chancellor 11 Unless the Ombudsman has made arrangements under paragraph 10, the Lord Chancellor may make arrangements for assistance to be provided to the Ombudsman.

	Delegation of functions
12	<ul> <li>(1) The Ombudsman may delegate any functions to—</li> <li>(a) any person with whom arrangements are made under paragraph 10 or 11, or</li> <li>(b) any person providing assistance to the Ombudsman in pursuance of such arrangements.</li> </ul>
	(2) But all recommendations and reports prepared by or on behalf of the Ombudsman must be signed by him.
	Financial provisions and directions
13	(1) Expenditure incurred by the Ombudsman in the discharge of his functions is to be met by the Lord Chancellor.
	<ul> <li>(2) The Lord Chancellor may by direction require the Ombudsman— <ul> <li>(a) not to incur costs and expenditure in excess of a specified amount without his consent;</li> <li>(b) to follow specified procedures in relation to his costs and expenditure.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	(3) A direction under sub-paragraph (2) may relate to all of the Ombudsman's costs and expenditure, or to costs and expenditure of a specified description.
	Code of conduct
14	The Lord Chancellor may issue and from time to time revise a code of conduct to be observed by the Ombudsman and any person appointed under paragraph 7 to exercise his functions.
	Reports
15	(1) The Ombudsman must, as soon as practicable after the end of each financial year, provide to the Lord Chancellor a report about the performance of his functions during that year.
	(2) The Lord Chancellor may by direction require the Ombudsman to deal, in reports or a particular report under sub-paragraph (1), with matters specified in the direction.
	(3) The Ombudsman must, as soon as practicable after a direction by the Lord Chancellor under this sub-paragraph, provide to the Lord Chancellor a report about any matter or matters specified in the direction.
	(4) The Lord Chancellor must lay before each House of Parliament a copy of any report provided to him under sub-paragraph (1).
	(5) The Ombudsman must publish any report once copies of it have been laid under sub- paragraph (4).
	Documentary evidence
16	A document purporting to be an instrument issued by the Ombudsman and to be signed by or on behalf of the Ombudsman is to be received in evidence and, unless the contrary is proved, taken to be such an instrument and signed in that way.

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

#### General

- 17 (1) Financial year in this Schedule, means—
  - (a) the period beginning with the date on which section 9A comes into force and ending with the following 31 March, and
  - (b) each successive period of twelve months.
  - (2) In Part 3 of Schedule 1 to the House of Commons Disqualification Act 1975 (c. 24) (other disqualifying offices) at the appropriate place insert— "The Northern Ireland Judicial Appointments Ombudsman."
  - (3) In Part 6 of Schedule 1 to the Freedom of Information Act 2000 (c. 36) (other public bodies and offices which are public authorities) at the appropriate place insert— " The Northern Ireland Judicial Appointments Ombudsman. ""

# VALID FROM 01/10/2009 SCHEDULE 16 U.K. Section 138 JUDICIAL COMMITTEE OF THE PRIVY COUNCIL Judicial Committee Act 1833 (c. 41) The Judicial Committee Act 1833 is amended as follows. 1 2 For section 1 substitute— "1 The Judicial Committee of the Privy Council (1) There shall be a committee of the Privy Council styled "The Judicial Committee of the Privy Council". (2) A person is a member of the committee if he is a member of the Privy Council who holds, or has held, high (a) judicial office, or (b) another enactment provides for him to be a member of the committee. (3) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to a person after the day on which he attains the age of 75 years. (4) In this section "high judicial office" has the same meaning as in Part 3 of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005." 3 For section 18 substitute— "18 Appointment of registrar (1) Her Majesty may, under her sign manual, appoint any person to be the registrar of the said privy council, as regards the purposes of this Act, and

direct what duties shall be performed by the registrar.

	Status: Point in time view as at 01/10/2005. Changes to legislation: Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)
	(2) A recommendation to Her Majesty to exercise any power under subsection (1) may be made only after consultation with the President of the Supreme Court of the United Kingdom."
4	In section 19 (attendance of witnesses etc) for "the president for the time being of the said privy council" substitute " the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council".
	Court of Chancery Act 1851 (c. 83)
5	In section 16 of the Court of Chancery Act 1851 (quorum of Judicial Committee) omit the words from ", exclusive of" to the end.
	Privy Council Registrar Act 1853 (c. 85)
6	In section 2 of the Privy Council Registrar Act 1853 (appointment by President of the Council of person to act for registrar) after "Privy Council" insert ", after consulting the President of the Supreme Court of the United Kingdom,".
	Oxford University Act 1862 (c. 26)
7	In section 7 of the Oxford University Act 1862 (approbation of statutes by Her Majesty in Council etc) omit ", not including the Lord President,".
	Public Schools Act 1868 (c. 118)
8	In section 9 of the Public Schools Act 1868 (statutes to be laid before Privy Council) omit ", not including the Lord President,".
	Judicial Committee Act 1881 (c. 3)
9	The Judicial Committee Act 1881 ceases to have effect.
	Judicial Committee Act 1915 (c. 92)
10	In section 1 of the Judicial Committee Act 1915 (power of Judicial Committee to sit in more than one division) omit "and the Lord President of the Council".

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
SCHEDULE 17 U.K.	Section 145
MINOR AND CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENT	'S

• •

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	VALID FROM 03/04/2006
SCHEDU	LE 18 U.K. Section 146
Repeals and	D REVOCATIONS
DADT	1 U.K.
	) MAKE RULES
- Defense	Entant of wanged on wanged tion
Reference	<i>Extent of repeal or revocation</i> Section 49(3) and (4).
Courts-Martial (Appeals) Act 1968 (c. 20) Supreme Court Act 1981 (c. 54)	Section 127(3). Section 136(3).
County Courts Act 1984 (c. 28)	Section 38(4)(c).
Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 (c. 42)	<ul> <li>In the second paragraph of section 40(2)— <ul> <li>(a) in paragraph (a) "by the Lord Chancellor";</li> <li>(b) in paragraph (b) "by the President of the Family Division with the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor".</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Coroners Act 1988 (c. 13)	Section 32(4).
JUDICIARY-RELATED FUNCTIONS	2 U.K. AND ORGANISATION OF THE COURTS not in force at Royal Assent see s. 148; Sch. 18 Pt. 2 in
force for certain purposes at 3.4.2006 by S.I	
Reference	Extent of repeal or revocation
Habeas Corpus Act 1679 (c. 2)	<ul> <li>In section 1 "the lord chauncelior or lord keeper of the great seale of England for the time being or".</li> <li>In section 2— <ul> <li>(a) "the lord chauncellour or lord keeper or" in each place;</li> <li>(b) "lord chauncellor lord keeper";</li> <li>(c) "the said lord chauncellor or lord keeper or" in the first and second</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

places;

	<ul><li>(d) "lord chauncellor or lord keeper or" in the last place.</li><li>In section 9 "the said lord chauncellor or lord keeper or".</li></ul>
Pluralities Act 1838 (c. 106)	In section 126 "or persons". In section 128 "or persons" in the second place.
Ecclesiastical Leasing Act 1842 (c. 108)	In section 22 "or persons".
British Law Ascertainment Act 1859 (c. 63)	In section 5 "the Lord Chancellor,".
Compensation (Defence) Act 1939 (c. 75)	Section 9(1)(a). Section 18(2).
Pensions Appeal Tribunals Act 1943 (c. 39)	Section 13. Section 14.
Agriculture Act 1947 (c. 48)	In section 108(1) "by the Minister" in the second place.
Lands Tribunal Act 1949 (c. 42)	In section 2(9)(a) "to the Lord President of the Court of Session or, in subsections (5) to (7),".
Land Powers (Defence) Act 1958 (c. 30)	In Schedule 2, paragraphs 10 and 11.
Mental Health Act 1959 (c. 72)	In section 145 "or the Lord Chancellor".
Administration of Justice Act 1960 (c. 65)	In section 14(2) "; and no such application shall in any case be made to the Lord Chancellor".
Parliamentary Commissioner Act 1967 (c. 13)	In Schedule 2 in the note relating to the Department for Constitutional Affairs "the Lord Chancellor's Department and".
Transport Act 1962 (c. 46)	In Schedule 11, paragraph 10.
Courts Act 1971 (c. 23)	<ul> <li>In section 24(1)— <ul> <li>(a) ", he may";</li> <li>(b) in paragraph (a) "or" in the last place where it occurs.</li> </ul> </li> <li>In Schedule 10, paragraphs 3 and 4.</li> </ul>
Land Charges Act 1972 (c. 61)	In section 16(2) "of the Lord Chancellor, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State,".
Hearing Aid Council Act 1968 (c. 50)	In section 13 "on the Lord Chancellor".
Rent (Agriculture) Act 1976 (c. 80)	Section 26(5).
Rent Act 1977 (c. 42)	Section 142.
Domestic Proceedings and Magistrates' Courts Act 1978 (c. 22)	In section $2(3)$ , the second paragraph.
Housing Act 1980 (c. 51)	Section 86(4) to (6).
Pensions Appeal Tribunals (Posthumous Appeals) Order 1980 (S.I. 1980/1082)	Article 10(b) and (c). Article 11(b) and (c).

Judicial Pensions Act 1981 (c. 20)	In section 1 in the entry beginning "Judge of the Supreme Court" in the first column of the table ", other than the Lord Chancellor".
Supreme Court Act 1981 (c. 54)	Section 1(2). In section 2— (a) subsection (2)(a); (b) in subsection (6) "Lord Chancellor,". In section 4— (a) subsection (1)(a); (b) in subsection (6) "Lord Chancellor,". In section 7 "the Lord Chancellor,". In section 9(2) the words after the definition of "relevant court". In section 11(1) "except the Lord Chancellor". In section 12(1) ", other than the Lord Chancellor,". In section 44(2), "the Lord Chancellor,". Section 84(8). In section 91(1)(a) "or III".
Mental Health Act 1983 (c. 20)	<ul> <li>In section 94(1) "by the Lord Chancellor or".</li> <li>In section 96(3) "the Lord Chancellor or".</li> <li>In section 104(3) "the Lord Chancellor or" in both places.</li> <li>In section 105(2) "from any decision of the Lord Chancellor or".</li> <li>In section 111— <ul> <li>(a) in subsection (1) "by the Lord Chancellor or";</li> <li>(b) in subsection (2) "the Lord Chancellor or";</li> <li>(c) in subsection (4)(a) "the Lord Chancellor or";</li> <li>(d) in subsection (4)(b) "the Lord Chancellor,".</li> </ul> </li> <li>In Schedule 2, in paragraph 1(b) and (c) "after consultation with the Secretary of State".</li> </ul>
Pastoral Measure 1983 (1983 No. 1)	<ul> <li>In section 81(2)—</li> <li>(a) in paragraph (a) the words from ", or a" to "books" and "last-mentioned";</li> <li>(b) paragraph (b).</li> </ul>
County Courts Act 1984 (c. 28)	Section 74A.
Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 (c. 42)	Section 40(5).
Housing Act 1985 (c. 68)	Section 111. Section 181(4) and (5).

	Section 572(4) to (6).
Coroners Act 1988 (c. 13)	In section 33(2)(a) "the Lord Chancellor or".
Finance Act 1988 (c. 39)	Section 134(4).
Courts and Legal Services Act 1990 (c. 41)	Section 11(10).
Child Support Act 1991 (c. 48)	In section 52(1) "the Lord Chancellor,".
Tribunals and Inquiries Act 1992 (c. 53)	Section 6(9). In section 7(1) ", other than the Lord Chancellor,".
Judicial Pensions and Retirement Act 1993 (c. 8)	<ul> <li>In section 26(7)— <ul> <li>(a) in paragraph (a) ", unless he is the Lord Chancellor";</li> <li>(b) in paragraph (b) ", unless he is the Lord Chancellor".</li> </ul> </li> <li>In Schedule 5, in the second entry ", other than the Lord Chancellor".</li> </ul>
Employment Tribunals Act 1996 (c. 17)	In section 22(1)(a) "(other than the Lord Chancellor)".
Housing Act 1996 (c. 52)	Section 138(4) to (6). Section 143N(5) to (7).
Civil Procedure Act 1997 (c. 12)	In section 1(3) "or alter". In section 3(6) "Subject to subsection (7),". Section 3(7).
Justices of the Peace Act 1997 (c. 25)	In section 24(5) "by the Lord Chancellor".
Terrorism Act 2000 (c. 11)	<ul> <li>In section 74— <ul> <li>(a) in paragraph (a) from "the Lord Chancellor" to "directs that";</li> <li>(b) in paragraph (b) "the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland directs that".</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Criminal Justice and Court Services Act 2000 (c. 43)	In section 76(1) "the Lord Chancellor or". In section 77(1) "The Lord Chancellor or".
Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40)	In section 268(7) "made with the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor".
Nationality, Immigration and Asylum Act 2002 (c. 41)	In section 16(3)(a) "of the Lord Chancellor".
Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44)	In section 330(1)(b) "on the Lord Chancellor". Section 168(2).
Courts Act 2003 (c. 39)	In section 64— (a) in subsection (2) "Vice-Chancellor"; (b) subsection (4)(a). In section 69(4) "or alter". In section 72(6), "Subject to subsection (7),".

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Section 72(7). In section 75(5) "or alter". Section 77(4). In section 79(6), "Subject to subsection (7),". Section 79(7). Section 107(6), "by the Lord Chancellor".

Armed Forces (Pensions and Compensation) Act 2004 (c. 32) In Schedule 1, paragraphs 8 and 9.

# PART 3 U.K.

FUNCTIONS UNDER LEGISLATION RELATING TO NORTHERN IRELAND

#### **Commencement Information**

I18 Sch. 18 Pt. 3 partly in force; Sch. 18 Pt. 3 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 148; Sch. 18 Pt. 3 in force for certain purposes at 3.4.2006 by S.I. 2006/1014, art. 2(a), Sch. 1 para. 30(c)

#### Reference

## Extent of repeal or revocation

Coroners Act (Northern Ireland) 1959 (c. 15 In section 36(1)-(a) in paragraph (a) "made after (N.I.)) consultation with the Treasury,"; (b) in paragraph (b) "made after consultation with the Lord Chief Justice". In section 105(4) "Lord Chancellor's". County Courts Act (Northern Ireland) 1959 (c. 25 (N.I.)) In section 107(4) "Lord Chancellor's". Resident Magistrates' Pensions Act In section 1 "Lord Chancellor's". (Northern Ireland) 1960 (c. 2 (N.I.)) Section 11. Lands Tribunal and Compensation Act In section 2(1)(b) "Lord Chancellor's". (Northern Ireland) 1964 (c. 29 (N.I.)) Judicature (Northern Ireland) Act 1978 In section 71(3) "Lord Chancellor's". (c. 23) Section 104. In section 119(5) "on the Lord Chancellor". In Schedule 6, paragraphs 6(a), 11(3), 14 and 17. Matrimonial Causes (Northern Ireland) In Article 48(1) the words after Order 1978 (S.I. 1978/1045 (N.I. 15)) paragraph (b). County Courts (Northern Ireland) Order In Article 2(5) "on the Lord Chancellor". 1980 (S.I. 1980/397 (N.I. 3)) Magistrates' Courts (Northern Ireland) In Article 13(1) the words from "or as" to Order 1981 (S.I. 1981/1675 (N.I. 26)) "Article 14". Article 14. In Article 37(5) "Without prejudice to Article 14,".

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

PART 4 U.K. The Lord Chancellor: minor and consequential		
(Northern Ireland) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/431 (N.I. 9)) Schedule 6 to the Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002."		
Health and Personal Social Services (Quality, Improvement and Regulation)	In Schedule 2, paragraph 3(3). In Schedule 4, the amendment of	
Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002 (c. 26)	<ul> <li>Section 12(2) and (3).</li> <li>In Schedule 3, paragraph 33.</li> <li>Schedule 5.</li> <li>In Schedule 13— <ul> <li>(a) the entry relating to section 119(5) of the Judicature (Northern Ireland) Act 1978;</li> <li>(b) the entry relating to the County Court (Northern Ireland) Order 1980;</li> <li>(c) the entry relating to Article 168 of the Magistrates' Courts (Northern Ireland Order 1981.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
Deregulation (Model Appeal Provisions) Order (Northern Ireland) 1997 (S.R. 1997/269)	In the Schedule, in rule 6 (appointment of tribunal)— (a) in paragraph (3)(a) omit "but"; (b) omit paragraph (3)(b).	
Mental Health (Northern Ireland) Order 1986 (S.I. 1986/595 (N.I. 4))	In Schedule 3, in paragraph 1(b) and (c) "after consultation with the Head of the Department". In Schedule 6, paragraph 19.	
Merchant Shipping (Formal Investigations) Rules 1985 (S.I. 1985/1001)	Rule 17(a).	
Pensions Appeal Tribunals (Northern Ireland) Rules 1981 (S.R. 1981/231)	<ul> <li>In Rule 2(1)— <ul> <li>(a) in the definition of "the Deputy President", "by the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland";</li> <li>(b) in the definition of "the President", "by the Lord Chief Justice of Norther Ireland".</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
Pensions Appeal Tribunals (Northern		

force for certain puropses at (3.4.2006) by S.I. 2006/1014, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 30

## Reference

*Extent of repeal or revocation* The whole Act.

Fines Act 1833 (c. 99)

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Promissory Oaths Act 1868 (c. 72)	In the Schedule in Part 2 "The Lord Chancellor of Great Britain".
Universities of Oxford and Cambridge Act 1877 (c. 48)	<ul> <li>In section 44—</li> <li>(a) "the Lord Chancellor," in the first place;</li> <li>(b) "the Lord Chancellor or".</li> </ul>
Sheriffs Act 1887 (c. 55)	In section 6(1) "the Lord Chancellor,".
Administration of Justice Act 1964 (c. 42)	Section 37(2).
Patronage (Benefices) Measure 1986 (1986 No. 3)	Section 36.
Priests (Ordination of Women) Measure 1993 (1993 No. 2)	Section 2(4)(c). In section 7(1) the words from "and to" to "Lord Chancellor".

## VALID FROM 01/10/2009

# PART 5 U.K.

#### SUPREME COURT

Reference	Extent of repeal or revocation
Appellate Jurisdiction Act 1876 (c. 59)	The whole Act.
Appellate Jurisdiction Act 1887 (c. 70)	The whole Act.
Railway and Canal Traffic Act 1888 (c. 25)	Section 17(5).
Supreme Court of Judicature Act 1891 (c. 53)	The whole Act.
Commissioners for Oaths Act 1889 (c. 10)	In section 11 the definition of "Supreme Court".
Notice of Accidents Act 1894 (c. 28)	Section 8.
Administration of Justice (Appeals) Act 1934 (c. 40)	Section 1.
Appellate Jurisdiction Act 1947 (c. 11)	The whole Act.
Life Peerages Act 1958 (c. 21)	In section 1(1), "Without prejudice to Her Majesty's powers as to the appointment of Lords of Appeal in Ordinary,".
Administration of Justice Act 1960 (c. 65)	Section 1(3).
Northern Ireland Act 1962 (c. 30)	In section 29(1) the definition of "the Supreme Court".
Administration of Justice Act 1968 (c. 5)	The whole Act.
Criminal Appeal Act 1968 (c. 19)	Section 35(1) and (2).

	Courts-Martial (Appeals) Act 1968 (c. 20)	Section 41(1) and (2).	
	Administration of Justice Act 1969 (c. 58)	Section 13(4) Section 14.	
	Taxes Management Act 1970(c. 9)	Section 56(8)(a). Section 56A(7).	
	Administration of Justice Act 1973 (c. 15)	Section 9(1)(a). In section 12, in subsection (1) "as Lord of Appeal in Ordinary, or" and subsection (2).	
	Judicature (Northern Ireland) Act 1978 (c. 23)	Section 41(3). Section 42(3) to (5). In Schedule 5, in Part 2 the entry relating to the Appellate Jurisdiction Act 1876.	
	Criminal Appeal (Northern Ireland) Act 1980 (c. 47)	Section 33(1) and (2).	
	Contempt of Court Act 1981 (c. 49)	In section 19, in the definition of "superior court", the words from "and includes" to the end.	
	Legal Aid, Advice and Assistance (Northern Ireland) Order 1981 (S.I. 1981/228 (N.I. 8))	In Part 1 of Schedule 1, paragraph 1(b).	
	Justices of the Peace Act 1997 (c. 25)	In section 7(2)(a) "within the meaning of the Appellate Jurisdiction Act 1876".	
	Government of Wales Act 1998 (c. 38)	<ul> <li>In Schedule 8— <ul> <li>(a) paragraph 1(2)(a);</li> <li>(b) paragraph 29 and the heading before it;</li> <li>(c) paragraphs 32 to 34 and the heading before paragraph 32.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
	Human Rights Act 1998 (c. 42)	Section 6(4).	
	Scotland Act 1998 (c. 46)	Section 15(1)(c). In section 32(4), the definition of "Judicial Committee". Section 103. In section 127, the entry for "Judicial Committee". In Schedule 6, paragraph 32 and the heading before it. In Schedule 7, in the table under paragraph 1(2), the entry relating to section 103(3)(a) and (b).	
	Northern Ireland Act 1998 (c. 47)	In section 36(6)(a) "(other than a Lord of Appeal in Ordinary)". Section 82. In section 98(1), the entry for "Judicial Committee".	
1			-

**Changes to legislation:** Constitutional Reform Act 2005 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	In Schedule 10, paragraph 32 and the heading before it.	
Access to Justice Act 1999 (c. 22)	In Schedule 2, paragraph 2(1)(b).	
Freedom of Information Act 2000 (c. 36)	In Part 7 of Schedule 1, "The Northern Ireland Supreme Court Rules Committee."	
European Parliamentary Elections Act 2002 (c. 24)	In section 10(1), paragraph (b) and the "or" immediately preceding it.	
Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002 (c. 26)	Section 18(1).	
Access to Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/435 (N.I. 10))	In Schedule 2, paragraph 2(a)(ii).	

VALID FROM 01/10/2009



#### JUDICIAL COMMITTEE OF THE PRIVY COUNCIL

Reference	Extent of repeal or revocation
Court of Chancery Act 1851 (c. 83)	In section 16, the words from ", exclusive of" to the end.
Oxford University Act 1862 (c. 26)	In section 7, ", not including the Lord President,".
Public Schools Act 1868 (c. 118)	In section 9, ", not including the Lord President,".
Judicial Committee Act 1881 (c. 3)	The whole Act.
Judicial Committee Act 1915 (c. 92)	In section 1, "and the Lord President of the Council".

# Status:

Point in time view as at 01/10/2005.

### Changes to legislation: