

Income Tax (Trading and Other Income) Act 2005

2005 CHAPTER 5

PART 3

PROPERTY INCOME

CHAPTER 4

PROFITS OF PROPERTY BUSINESSES: LEASE PREMIUMS ETC.

Amounts treated as receipts: leases

278 Amount treated as lease premium where work required

- (1) This section applies if the terms subject to which a lease is granted impose on the tenant an obligation to carry out work on the premises.
- (2) The lease is treated for the purposes of section 277 (lease premiums) as requiring the payment of a premium to the landlord (in addition to any other premium).
- (3) The amount of the premium is the amount by which the value of the landlord's estate or interest immediately after the commencement of the lease exceeds what its value would have been at that time if the terms of the lease did not impose the obligation on the tenant.
- (4) An obligation, or part of an obligation, that requires the carrying out of excepted work is ignored for the purposes of this section.
- (5) Work is "excepted work" if the payment for carrying it out would, if the landlord and not the tenant were obliged to carry it out, be deductible as an expense in calculating the profits of the landlord's property business.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Income Tax (Trading and Other Income) Act 2005, Section 278. (See end of Document for details)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C1 Ss. 277-281 excluded (with effect as mentioned in Sch. 6 para. 6(2)-(7) of the amending Act) by 1981 c. 1, s. 774G(7) as inserted by Finance Act 2006 (c. 25), s. 76, Sch. 6 para. 6(1)

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Income Tax (Trading and Other Income) Act 2005, Section 278.