

# Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006

# **2006 CHAPTER 16**

#### PART 3

WILDLIFE ETC.

# **Biodiversity**

# 40 Duty to conserve biodiversity

- (1) Every public authority must, in exercising its functions, have regard, so far as is consistent with the proper exercise of those functions, to the purpose of conserving biodiversity.
- (2) In complying with subsection (1), a Minister of the Crown, government department or the National Assembly for Wales must in particular have regard to the United Nations Environmental Programme Convention on Biological Diversity of 1992.
- (3) Conserving biodiversity includes, in relation to a living organism or type of habitat, restoring or enhancing a population or habitat.
- (4) "Public authority" means any of the following—
  - (a) a Minister of the Crown;
  - (b) the National Assembly for Wales;
  - (c) a public body (including a government department, a local authority and a local planning authority);
  - (d) a person holding an office—
    - (i) under the Crown,
    - (ii) created or continued in existence by a public general Act, or
    - (iii) the remuneration in respect of which is paid out of money provided by Parliament;
  - (e) a statutory undertaker.

Status: Point in time view as at 22/04/2011. This version of this provision has been superseded.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Natural
Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006, Section 40. (See end of Document for details)

## (5) In this section—

"local authority" means—

- (a) in relation to England, a county council, a district council, a parish council, a London borough council, the Common Council of the City of London or the Council of the Isles of Scilly;
- (b) in relation to Wales, a county council, a county borough council or a community council;

"local planning authority" has the same meaning as in the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (c. 8);

"Minister of the Crown" has the same meaning as in the Ministers of the Crown Act 1975 (c. 26);

"statutory undertaker" means a person who is or is deemed to be a statutory undertaker for the purposes of any provision of Part 11 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

#### **Commencement Information**

I1 S. 40 in force at 1.10.2006 by S.I. 2006/2541, art. 2 (with Sch.)

## **Status:**

Point in time view as at 22/04/2011. This version of this provision has been superseded.

# **Changes to legislation:**

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006, Section 40.