Changes to legislation: Government of Wales Act 2006, Cross Heading: Procedure is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 14 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)



Government of Wales Act 2006

2006 CHAPTER 32

PART 4

ACTS OF THE ASSEMBLY

Procedure

110 Introduction of Bills

- (1) A Bill may, subject to the standing orders, be introduced in the Assembly—
 - (a) by the First Minister, any Welsh Minister appointed under section 48 any Deputy Welsh Minister or the Counsel General, or
 - (b) by any other Assembly member.
- (2) The person in charge of a Bill must, on or before the introduction of the Bill, state that, in that person's view, its provisions would be within the Assembly's legislative competence.
- (3) The Presiding Officer must, on or before the introduction of a Bill in the Assembly—
 - (a) decide whether or not, in the view of the Presiding Officer, the provisions of the Bill would be within the Assembly's legislative competence, and
 - (b) state that decision.
- (4) A statement under this section must be made in both English and Welsh; but, subject to that, the form of the statement and the manner in which it is to be made are to be determined under the standing orders.
- (5) The standing orders—
 - (a) may provide for a statement under this section to be published, and
 - (b) if they do so, must provide for it to be published in both English and Welsh.

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Commencement Information

I1 S. 110 in force at 5.5.2011 by S.I. 2011/1011, art. 3

111 Proceedings on Bills

- (1) The standing orders must include provision—
 - (a) for general debate on a Bill with an opportunity for Assembly members to vote on its general principles,
 - (b) for the consideration of, and an opportunity for Assembly members to vote on, the details of a Bill, and
 - (c) for a final stage at which a Bill can be passed or rejected.
- (2) Subsection (1) does not prevent the standing orders making provision to enable the Assembly to expedite proceedings in relation to a particular Bill.
- (3) The standing orders may make provision different from that required by subsection (1) for the procedure applicable to Bills of any of the following kinds—
 - (a) Bills which restate the law,
 - (b) Bills which repeal or revoke spent enactments, and
 - (c) private Bills.
- (4) The standing orders must include provision for securing that the Assembly may only pass a Bill containing provisions which would, if contained in a Bill for an Act of Parliament, require the consent of Her Majesty or the Duke of Cornwall if such consent has been signified in accordance with the standing orders.
- (5) The standing orders must include provision for securing that the Assembly may only pass a Bill if the text of the Bill is in both English and Welsh, unless the circumstances are such as are specified by the standing orders as any in which the text need not be in both languages.
- (6) The standing orders must provide for an opportunity for the reconsideration of a Bill after its passing if (and only if)—
 - [^{F1}(za) the Supreme Court decides on a reference made in relation to the Bill under section 111B(2)(b) (reference following Presiding Officer's decision that Bill does not contain protected subject-matter) that any provision of the Bill relates to a protected subject-matter,]
 - (a) the Supreme Court decides on a reference made in relation to the Bill under section 112 that the Bill or any provision of it would not be within the Assembly's legislative competence,
 - (b) a reference made in relation to the Bill under section 112 is withdrawn following a request for withdrawal of the reference under section 113(2)(b), or
 - (c) an order is made in relation to the Bill under section 114.
- [^{F2}(6A) The standing orders must provide for an opportunity for the reconsideration of a Bill after its rejection if (and only if), on a reference made in relation to the Bill under section 111B(2)(a) (reference following Presiding Officer's decision that Bill contains protected subject-matter), the Supreme Court decides that no provision that is subject to the reference relates to a protected subject-matter.]
 - $[^{F3}(7)$ The standing orders must, in particular, ensure that—

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- (a) any Bill amended on reconsideration in accordance with standing orders made by virtue of subsection (6)(a), (b) or (c), and
- (b) any Bill reconsidered in accordance with standing orders made by virtue of subsection (6)(za) or (6A),

is subject to a final stage at which it can be approved or rejected.]

(8) References in subsections (4), (5) and (6) of this section and sections 107(2), 109(5) [^{F4}, 111A(3) and (4), 111B(2)(b)][^{F5}, 116(3) and 116C (4)] to the passing of a Bill are, in the case of a Bill [^{F6}which has been amended on reconsideration][^{F6}to which subsection (7)(a) or (b) applies], to be read as references to its approval.

Textual Amendments

- F1 S. 111(6)(za) inserted (31.3.2017 for specified purposes) by Wales Act 2017 (c. 4), ss. 10(2), 71(2)(c) (with Sch. 7 paras. 1, 6)
- F2 S. 111(6A) inserted (31.3.2017 for specified purposes) by Wales Act 2017 (c. 4), ss. 10(3), 71(2)(c) (with Sch. 7 paras. 1, 6)
- **F3** S. 111(7) substituted (31.3.2017 for specified purposes) by Wales Act 2017 (c. 4), **ss. 10(4)**, 71(2)(c) (with Sch. 7 paras. 1, 6)
- F4 Words in s. 111(8) inserted (31.3.2017 for specified purposes) by Wales Act 2017 (c. 4), ss. 10(5)(a), 71(2)(c) (with Sch. 7 paras. 1, 6)
- F5 Words in s. 111(8) substituted (17.2.2015) by Wales Act 2014 (c. 29), ss. 6(4), 29(2)(b)(3)
- F6 Words in s. 111(8) substituted (31.3.2017 for specified purposes) by Wales Act 2017 (c. 4), ss. 10(5) (b), 71(2)(c) (with Sch. 7 paras. 1, 6)

Commencement Information

I2 S. 111 in force at 5.5.2011 by S.I. 2011/1011, art. 3

[^{F7}111A Bills with protected subject-matter: super-majority requirement

- For the purposes of this Part a provision of a Bill relates to a protected subject-matter if it would modify, or confer power to modify, any of the matters listed in subsection (2) (but not if the provision is incidental to or consequential on another provision of the Bill).
- (2) The matters are—
 - (a) the name of the Assembly,
 - (b) the persons entitled to vote as electors at an election for membership of the Assembly,
 - (c) the system by which members of the Assembly are returned,
 - (d) the specification or number of constituencies, regions or any equivalent electoral area,
 - (e) the number of members to be returned for each constituency, region or equivalent electoral area, and
 - (f) the number of persons who may hold the office of Welsh Minister appointed under section 48 or the office of Deputy Welsh Minister.
- (3) The Presiding Officer must, after the last time when a Bill may be amended but before the decision whether to pass or reject it—
 - (a) decide whether or not, in the view of the Presiding Officer, any provision of the Bill relates to a protected subject-matter, and

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- (b) state that decision.
- (4) If the Presiding Officer decides that any provision of the Bill relates to a protected subject-matter, the Bill is not passed unless the number of Assembly members voting in favour of it at the final stage is at least two-thirds of the total number of Assembly seats.

Textual Amendments

111B Scrutiny of Bills by the Supreme Court (protected subject-matter)

- (1) The Counsel General or the Attorney General may refer the question whether any provision of a Bill relates to a protected subject-matter to the Supreme Court for decision.
- (2) Subject to subsection (3), the Counsel General or the Attorney General may make a reference in relation to a Bill—
 - (a) at any time during the period of four weeks beginning with the rejection of the Bill, if the Presiding Officer has decided under section 111A(3) that a provision of the Bill relates to a protected subject-matter, or
 - (b) at any time during the period of four weeks beginning with the passing of the Bill, if the Presiding Officer has decided under section 111A(3) that no provision of the Bill relates to a protected subject-matter, unless the number of Assembly members voting in favour of the Bill at its passing is at least two-thirds of the total number of Assembly seats.
- (3) No reference may be made in relation to a Bill—
 - (a) by the Counsel General if the Counsel General has notified the Presiding Officer that no reference is to be made in relation to it by the Counsel General, or
 - (b) by the Attorney General if the Attorney General has notified the Presiding Officer that no reference is to be made in relation to it by the Attorney General.
- (4) But subsection (3) does not apply if the Bill has, since the notification, been approved or rejected in accordance with standing orders made by virtue of section 111(7).]

Textual Amendments

F7 Ss. 111A, 111B inserted (31.3.2017 for specified purposes) by Wales Act 2017 (c. 4), ss. 9, 71(2)(c) (with Sch. 7 paras. 1, 6)

112 Scrutiny of Bills by Supreme Court [^{F8}(legislative competence)]

- (1) The Counsel General or the Attorney General may refer the question whether a Bill, or any provision of a Bill, would be within the Assembly's legislative competence to the Supreme Court for decision.
- (2) Subject to subsection (3), the Counsel General or the Attorney General may make a reference in relation to a Bill at any time during—

F7 Ss. 111A, 111B inserted (31.3.2017 for specified purposes) by Wales Act 2017 (c. 4), ss. 9, 71(2)(c) (with Sch. 7 paras. 1, 6)

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- (a) the period of four weeks beginning with the passing of the Bill, and
- (b) any period of four weeks beginning with any [^{F9}subsequent] approval of the Bill in accordance with provision included in the standing orders in compliance with section 111(7).
- (3) No reference may be made in relation to a Bill-
 - (a) by the Counsel General if the Counsel General has notified the Clerk that no reference is to be made in relation to it by the Counsel General, or
 - (b) by the Attorney General if the Attorney General has notified the Clerk that no reference is to be made in relation to it by the Attorney General.
- (4) But subsection (3) does not apply if the Bill has been approved as mentioned in subsection (2)(b) since the notification.

Textual Amendments

- F8 Words in s. 112 heading inserted (31.3.2017 for specified purposes) by Wales Act 2017 (c. 4), ss. 10(6) (a), 71(2)(c) (with Sch. 7 paras. 1, 6)
- F9 Word in s. 112(2)(b) omitted (31.3.2017 for specified purposes) by virtue of Wales Act 2017 (c. 4), ss. 10(6)(b), 71(2)(c) (with Sch. 7 paras. 1, 6)

Commencement Information

I3 S. 112 in force at 5.5.2011 by S.I. 2011/1011, art. 3

113 ECJ references

(1) This section applies where—

- (a) a reference has been made in relation to a Bill under section 112,
- (b) a reference for a preliminary European Court ruling has been made by the Supreme Court in connection with that reference, and
- (c) neither of those references has been decided or otherwise disposed of.

(2) If the Assembly resolves that it wishes to reconsider the Bill-

- (a) the Clerk must notify the Counsel General and the Attorney General of that fact, and
- (b) the person who made the reference in relation to the Bill under section 112 must request the withdrawal of the reference.
- (3) In this section "a reference for a preliminary European Court ruling" means a reference of a question to the European Court under [^{F10}Article 267 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union] or Article 150 of the Treaty establishing the European Atomic Energy Community.

Textual Amendments

F10 Words in s. 113(3) substituted (1.8.2012) by The Treaty of Lisbon (Changes in Terminology or Numbering) Order 2012 (S.I. 2012/1809), art. 2(1), Sch. Pt. 1 (with art. 2(2))

Commencement Information

I4 S. 113 in force at 5.5.2011 by S.I. 2011/1011, art. 3

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114 Power to intervene in certain cases

- (1) This section applies if a Bill contains provisions which the Secretary of State has reasonable grounds to believe—
 - (a) would have an adverse effect on any matter which is not listed under any of the headings in Part 1 of Schedule 7 (or falls within any of the exceptions specified in that Part of that Schedule),
 - (b) might have a serious adverse impact on water resources in England, water supply in England or the quality of water in England,
 - (c) would have an adverse effect on the operation of the law as it applies in England, or
 - (d) would be incompatible with any international obligation or the interests of defence or national security.
- (2) The Secretary of State may make an order prohibiting the Clerk from submitting the Bill for Royal Assent.
- (3) The order must identify the Bill and the provisions in question and state the reasons for making the order.
- (4) The order may be made at any time during—
 - (a) the period of four weeks beginning with the passing of the Bill,
 - (b) any period of four weeks beginning with any [^{F11}subsequent] approval of the Bill in accordance with provision included in the standing orders in compliance with section 111(7), or
 - (c) if a reference is made in relation to the Bill under section [^{F12}111B or] 112, the period of four weeks beginning with the reference being decided or otherwise disposed of by the Supreme Court.
- (5) The Secretary of State must not make an order in relation to a Bill if the Secretary of State has notified the Clerk that no order is to be made in relation to the Bill.
- (6) Subsection (5) does not apply if the Bill has been approved as mentioned in subsection (4)(b) since the notification.
- (7) An order in force under this section at a time when such approval is given ceases to have effect.
- (8) A statutory instrument containing an order under this section is subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.

Textual Amendments

- F11 Word in s. 114(4)(b) omitted (31.3.2017 for specified purposes) by virtue of Wales Act 2017 (c. 4), ss. 10(7)(a), 71(2)(c) (with Sch. 7 paras. 1, 6)
- F12 Words in s. 114(4)(c) inserted (31.3.2017 for specified purposes) by Wales Act 2017 (c. 4), ss. 10(7) (b), 71(2)(c) (with Sch. 7 paras. 1, 6)

Commencement Information

I5 S. 114 in force at 5.5.2011 by S.I. 2011/1011, art. 3

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115 Royal Assent

(1) It is for the Clerk to submit Bills for Royal Assent.

- (2) The Clerk may not submit a Bill for Royal Assent at any time when-
 - (a) the Attorney General or the Counsel General is entitled to make a reference in relation to the Bill under section [^{F13}111B or] 112,
 - (b) such a reference has been made but has not been decided or otherwise disposed of by the Supreme Court, or
 - (c) an order may be made in relation to the Bill under section 114.
- (3) The Clerk may not submit a Bill in its unamended form for Royal Assent if-
 - (a) the Supreme Court has decided on a reference made in relation to the Bill under section 112 that the Bill or any provision of it would not be within the Assembly's legislative competence, or
 - (b) a reference made in relation to the Bill under section 112 has been withdrawn following a request for withdrawal of the reference under section 113(2)(b).
- [^{F14}(3A) The Presiding Officer may not submit a Bill for Royal Assent if the Supreme Court has decided on a reference made in relation to the Bill under section 111B(2)(b) (reference following Presiding Officer's decision that Bill does not contain protected subjectmatter) that any provision of the Bill relates to a protected subject-matter unless, since the decision, the Bill has been approved in accordance with standing orders made by virtue of section 111(7).]
 - (4) A Bill receives Royal Assent when Letters Patent under the Welsh Seal signed with Her Majesty's own hand signifying Her Assent are notified to the Clerk.
- [^{F15}(4A) The Keeper of the Welsh Seal (*see* section 116(2)) must make arrangements to send the Letters Patent to the National Library of Wales.]
 - (5) The date of Royal Assent is to be written on the Act of the Assembly by the Clerk, and forms part of the Act.
- [^{F16}(5A) On the copy of the Act of the Assembly on which the Clerk writes the date of Royal Assent the Clerk must write—
 - (a) the calendar year, and
 - (b) any prefix and number which has been assigned to that Act of the Assembly.
 - (5B) The information written on the Act of the Assembly in pursuance of subsection (5A) forms part of the Act .
 - (5C) The copy of the Act of the Assembly on which the date of Royal Assent and the information in subsection (5A) is written is to be known as the official print of the Act.
 - (5D) The Clerk must make a copy of the official print and certify it as a true copy.
 - (5E) The Clerk must send the certified copy to the Queen's Printer and the official print to the National Library of Wales.
 - (5F) The National Library of Wales must ensure that the official prints and Letters Patent it receives are preserved and open to public inspection at all reasonable times.]
 - (6) The standing orders must include provision for notification by the Clerk to the Assembly of the date of Royal Assent to an Act of the Assembly.

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(7) The validity of an Act of the Assembly is not affected by any failure to comply with provision made by or by virtue of subsection (4), (5) or (6).

Textual Amendments

- F13 Words in s. 115(2)(a) inserted (31.3.2017 for specified purposes) by Wales Act 2017 (c. 4), ss. 10(8) (a), 71(2)(c) (with Sch. 7 paras. 1, 6)
- F14 S. 115(3A) inserted (31.3.2017 for specified purposes) by Wales Act 2017 (c. 4), ss. 10(8)(b), 71(2)(c) (with Sch. 7 paras. 1, 6)
- F15 S. 115(4A) inserted (5.5.2011) by The Government of Wales Act 2006 (Commencement of Assembly Act Provisions, Transitional and Saving Provisions and Modifications) Order 2011 (S.I. 2011/1011), art. 5(2)
- F16 S. 115(5A)-(5F) inserted (5.5.2011) by The Government of Wales Act 2006 (Commencement of Assembly Act Provisions, Transitional and Saving Provisions and Modifications) Order 2011 (S.I. 2011/1011), art. 5(3)

Commencement Information

I6 S. 115 in force at 5.5.2011 by S.I. 2011/1011, art. 3

116 Welsh Seal and Letters Patent

(1) There is to be a Welsh Seal.

- (2) The First Minister is to be the Keeper of the Welsh Seal.
- (3) Her Majesty may by Order in Council make provision as to—
 - (a) the form and manner of preparation, and
 - (b) the publication,

of Letters Patent signed with Her Majesty's own hand signifying Her Assent to a Bill passed by the Assembly.

(4) A statutory instrument containing an Order in Council under subsection (3) is subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of the Assembly.

Commencement Information

I7 This provision in force immediately after "the 2007 election" by s. 161(1) (subject to s. 161(4)(5))

Status:

Point in time view as at 31/03/2017.

Changes to legislation:

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