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Companies Act 2006

2006 CHAPTER 46

PART 7

RE-REGISTRATION AS A MEANS OF ALTERING A COMPANY'S STATUS

Unlimited private company becoming limited

105 Re-registration of unlimited company as limited

- (1) An unlimited company may be re-registered as a private limited company if—
 - (a) a special resolution that it should be so re-registered is passed,
 - (b) the condition specified below is met, and
 - (c) an application for re-registration is delivered to the registrar in accordance with section 106, together with—
 - (i) the other documents required by that section, and
 - (ii) a statement of compliance.
- (2) The condition is that the company has not previously been re-registered as unlimited.
- (3) The special resolution must state whether the company is to be limited by shares or by guarantee.
- (4) The company must make such changes—
 - (a) in its name, and
 - (b) in its articles,

as are necessary in connection with its becoming a company limited by shares or, as the case may be, by guarantee.

106 Application and accompanying documents

(1) An application for re-registration as a limited company must contain a statement of the company's proposed name on re-registration.

Status: Point in time view as at 30/06/2016.

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- (2) The application must be accompanied by—
 - (a) a copy of the resolution that the company should re-register as a private limited company (unless a copy has already been forwarded to the registrar under Chapter 3 of Part 3);
 - (b) if the company is to be limited by guarantee, a statement of guarantee;
 - (c) a copy of the company's articles as proposed to be amended.
- (3) The statement of guarantee required to be delivered in the case of a company that is to be limited by guarantee must state that each member undertakes that, if the company is wound up while he is a member, or within one year after he ceases to be a member, he will contribute to the assets of the company such amount as may be required for—
 - (a) payment of the debts and liabilities of the company contracted before he ceases to be a member,
 - (b) payment of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and
 - (c) adjustment of the rights of the contributories among themselves, not exceeding a specified amount.
- (4) The statement of compliance required to be delivered together with the application is a statement that the requirements of this Part as to re-registration as a limited company have been complied with.
- (5) The registrar may accept the statement of compliance as sufficient evidence that the company is entitled to be re-registered as a limited company.

107 Issue of certificate of incorporation on re-registration

- (1) If on an application for re-registration of an unlimited company as a limited company the registrar is satisfied that the company is entitled to be so re-registered, the company shall be re-registered accordingly.
- (2) The registrar must issue a certificate of incorporation altered to meet the circumstances of the case.
- (3) The certificate must state that it is issued on re-registration and the date on which it is so issued.
- (4) On the issue of the certificate—
 - (a) the company by virtue of the issue of the certificate becomes a limited company, and
 - (b) the changes in the company's name and articles take effect.
- (5) The certificate is conclusive evidence that the requirements of this Act as to reregistration have been complied with.

108 Statement of capital required where company already has share capital

- (1) A company which on re-registration under section 107 already has allotted share capital must within 15 days after the re-registration deliver a statement of capital to the registrar.
- (2) This does not apply if the information which would be included in the statement has already been sent to the registrar in—
 - (a) a statement of capital and initial shareholdings (see section 10), or

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- [F1(b) (if different) the last statement of capital sent by the company.]
- (3) The statement of capital must state with respect to the company's share capital on re-registration—
 - (a) the total number of shares of the company,
 - (b) the aggregate nominal value of those shares,
 - [F2(ba) the aggregate amount (if any) unpaid on those shares (whether on account of their nominal value or by way of premium), and]
 - (c) for each class of shares—
 - (i) prescribed particulars of the rights attached to the shares,
 - (ii) the total number of shares of that class, and
 - (iii) the aggregate nominal value of shares of that class, F3...
 - ^{F3}(d)
- (4) If default is made in complying with this section, an offence is committed by—
 - (a) the company, and
 - (b) every officer of the company who is in default.
- (5) A person guilty of an offence under this section is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale and, for continued contravention, a daily default fine not exceeding one-tenth of level 3 on the standard scale.

Textual Amendments

- F1 S. 108(2)(b) substituted (30.6.2016) by Small Business, Enterprise and Employment Act 2015 (c. 26), ss. 93(4), 164(1); S.I. 2016/321, reg. 6(b)
- F2 S. 108(3)(ba) inserted (30.6.2016) by Small Business, Enterprise and Employment Act 2015 (c. 26), s. 164(1), Sch. 6 para. 4(a); S.I. 2016/321, reg. 6(e)
- F3 S. 108(3)(d) and word omitted (30.6.2016) by virtue of Small Business, Enterprise and Employment Act 2015 (c. 26), s. 164(1), Sch. 6 para. 4(b); S.I. 2016/321, reg. 6(e)

Commencement Information

S. 108 wholly in force at 1.10.2009; s. 108 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 1300; s. 108 in force for specified purposes at 20.1.2007 by S.I. 2006/3428, art. 3(3) (subject to art. 5, Sch. 1 and with arts. 6, 8, Sch. 5); s. 108 otherwise in force at 1.10.2009 by S.I. 2008/2860, art. 3(g) (with arts. 5, 7, 8, Sch. 2) (as amended by S.I. 2009/1802, art. 18)

Status:

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