Status: Point in time view as at 15/07/2013.

Changes to legislation: Tribunals, Courts and Enforcement Act 2007, Cross Heading: Notice of enforcement is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 11 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

# SCHEDULES

## SCHEDULE 12

#### TAKING CONTROL OF GOODS

## **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

C1 Sch. 12 applied (prosp.) by Finance Act 2008 (c. 9), ss. 127(2), 129(4)

#### PART 2

# THE PROCEDURE

## Notice of enforcement

- 7 (1) An enforcement agent may not take control of goods unless the debtor has been given notice.
  - (2) Regulations must state—
    - (a) the minimum period of notice;
    - (b) the form of the notice;
    - (c) what it must contain;
    - (d) how it must be given;
    - (e) who must give it.
  - (3) The enforcement agent must keep a record of the time when the notice is given.
  - (4) If regulations authorise it, the court may order in prescribed circumstances that the notice given may be less than the minimum period.
  - (5) The order may be subject to conditions.

### **Commencement Information**

11 Sch. 12 para. 7(2)(4) in force at 15.7.2013 for specified purposes by S.I. 2013/1739, art. 3(g)(ii)

## **Status:**

Point in time view as at 15/07/2013.

## **Changes to legislation:**

Tribunals, Courts and Enforcement Act 2007, Cross Heading: Notice of enforcement is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 11 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations.