



Planning Act 2008

2008 CHAPTER 29

PART 3

NATIONALLY SIGNIFICANT INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS

Energy

18 LNG facilities

- (1) The construction of an LNG facility is within section 14(1)(d) only if (when constructed) the facility will be in England and—
 - (a) the storage capacity of the facility is expected to be at least 43 million standard cubic metres, or
 - (b) the maximum flow rate of the facility is expected to be at least 4.5 million standard cubic metres per day.
- (2) The alteration of an LNG facility is within section 14(1)(d) only if the facility is in England and the effect of the alteration is expected to be—
 - (a) to increase by at least 43 million standard cubic metres the storage capacity of the facility, or
 - (b) to increase by at least 4.5 million standard cubic metres per day the maximum flow rate of the facility.
- (3) “LNG facility” means a facility for—
 - (a) the reception of liquid natural gas from outside England,
 - (b) the storage of liquid natural gas, and
 - (c) the regasification of liquid natural gas.
- (4) In this section—

“maximum flow rate”, in relation to a facility, means the maximum rate at which gas is able to flow out of the facility, on the assumption that—

 - (a) the facility is filled to maximum capacity, and

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally enacted).

- (b) the rate is measured after regasification of the liquid natural gas and any other processing required on the recovery of the gas from storage;
“storage capacity” means the capacity of the facility for storage of liquid natural gas.
- (5) The storage capacity of an LNG facility is to be measured as if the gas were stored in regasified form.