Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Crime and Courts Act 2013, Cross Heading: Duty to keep NCA informed & disclose information: police forces. (See end of Document for details)

SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE 3

RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN NCA AND OTHER AGENCIES

PART 2

EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION

Duty to keep NCA informed & disclose information: police forces

- 3 (1) The chief officers of each UK police force must keep the Director General informed of any information held by that police force which appears to the chief officer to be relevant to the exercise by the NCA of—
 - (a) the crime-reduction function,
 - (b) the criminal intelligence function, or
 - (c) functions conferred by the Proceeds of Crime Act 2002.
 - (2) Where the chief officer of such a police force informs the Director General of such information, the chief officer must disclose to the NCA any of that information which the Director General requests the chief officer to disclose.
 - (3) This paragraph does not require the chief officer of a police force to keep the Director General informed of information which appears to the chief officer to be information obtained (whether directly or indirectly) from the NCA.

Extent Information

- E1 Sch. 3 para. 3: "the relevant NCA provisions" as specified in the table in Sch. 24 para. 9, and to the extent there specified, do not extend to Northern Ireland, see Sch. 24 paras. 1, 2
- E2 Sch. 3 para. 3 extended (N.I.) (19.5.2015) by The Crime and Courts Act 2013 (National Crime Agency and Proceeds of Crime) (Northern Ireland) Order 2015 (S.I. 2015/798), arts. 1(3), 4(1)(b)(ii)

Commencement Information

II Sch. 3 para. 3 in force at 7.10.2013 by S.I. 2013/1682, art. 3(g)

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Crime and Courts Act 2013, Cross Heading: Duty to keep NCA informed & disclose information: police forces.