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# Immigration Act 2014

## **2014 CHAPTER 22**

PART 3 U.K.

ACCESS TO SERVICES ETC

CHAPTER 1 U.K.

RESIDENTIAL TENANCIES

#### General

# 34 Orders U.K.

- (1) An order prescribing requirements for the purposes of this Chapter may, in particular, require a landlord or agent to—
  - (a) obtain a document of a prescribed description from relevant occupiers before or during the course of a residential tenancy agreement;
  - (b) obtain one document of each of a number of prescribed descriptions from relevant occupiers before or during the course of a residential tenancy agreement;
  - (c) take steps to verify, retain, copy or record the content of a document obtained in accordance with the order;
  - (d) take such other steps before or during the course of a residential tenancy agreement as the order may specify.
- (2) If the draft of an instrument containing an order under or in connection with this Chapter would, apart from this subsection, be a hybrid instrument for the purposes of the standing orders of either House of Parliament, it is to proceed in that House as if it were not a hybrid instrument.

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#### **Commencement Information**

II S. 34 in force at 1.12.2014 by S.I. 2014/2771, art. 7(c)

# 35 Transitional provision U.K.

- (1) This Chapter does not apply in relation to a residential tenancy agreement entered into before the commencement day.
- (2) This Chapter does not apply in relation to a residential tenancy agreement entered into on or after the commencement day ("the renewed agreement") if—
  - (a) another residential tenancy agreement was entered into before the commencement day between the same parties ("the original agreement"), and
  - (b) the tenant has always had a right of occupation of the premises leased under the renewed agreement since entering into the original agreement.
- (3) In this section "the commencement day" means such day as the Secretary of State may by order appoint; and different days may be appointed for different purposes or areas.

## **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

C1 S. 35(3): 1.12.2014 appointed as "the commencement day" by S.I. 2014/2771, art. 12

#### **Commencement Information**

I2 S. 35 in force at 1.12.2014 by S.I. 2014/2771, art. 7(d)

# 36 Crown application U.K.

This Chapter binds the Crown, except where the Crown is the responsible landlord for the purposes of section 23.

#### **Commencement Information**

I3 S. 36 in force at 1.12.2014 by S.I. 2014/2771, art. 7(e)

# 37 Interpretation U.K.

(1) In this Chapter—

"adult" means a person who has attained the age of 18;

"agreement" includes an agreement in any form (whether or not in writing);

"eligibility period", in relation to a limited right occupier, is to be read in accordance with section 27;

"limited right occupier" has the meaning given in section 24(9);

"occupy" means occupy as an only or main residence;

"penalty notice" means a penalty notice given under this Chapter;

"person with a limited right to rent" has the meaning given in section 21(4);

"post-grant contravention" has the meaning given in section 22(10);

"pre-grant contravention" has the meaning given in section 22(10);

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"premises" includes land, buildings, moveable structures, vehicles and vessels;

"prescribed" means prescribed in an order made by the Secretary of State;

- "recipient" means the recipient of a penalty notice;
- "relevant occupier" has the meaning given in section 22(10);
- "residential tenancy agreement" has the meaning given in section 20(2).
- (2) For the purposes of this Chapter a residential tenancy agreement grants a person a right to occupy premises if—
  - (a) the agreement expressly grants that person the right (whether or not by naming the person), or
  - (b) the person is permitted to occupy the premises by virtue of an express grant given to another person,

and references to a person occupying premises under an agreement are to be read accordingly.

- (3) A reference in this Chapter to the "prescribed requirements", in connection with compliance with the requirements at a particular time, is a reference only to such of the requirements as are capable of being complied with at that time.
- (4) Where two or more persons jointly constitute the landlord in relation to a residential tenancy agreement—
  - (a) the references to the landlord in—
    - (i) section 22(7)(a),
    - (ii) section 24(5), (6)(a) and (7), and
    - (iii) section 26(6)(a) and (7)(b),

are to be taken as references to any of those persons;

- (b) any other references to the landlord in this Chapter are to be taken as references to all of those persons.
- (5) Where two or more persons jointly constitute the agent in relation to a residential tenancy agreement—
  - (a) the references to the agent in section 26(5), (6)(a) and (7) are to be taken as references to any of those persons;
  - (b) any other references to the agent in this Chapter are to be taken as references to all of those persons.
- (6) The Secretary of State may by order prescribe cases in which—
  - (a) a residential tenancy agreement is, or is not, to be treated as being entered into for the purposes of this Chapter;
  - (b) a person is, or is not, to be treated as occupying premises as an only or main residence for the purposes of this Chapter.
- (7) An order under subsection (6) prescribing a case may modify the application of this Chapter in relation to that case.
- (8) The cases mentioned in subsection (6)(a) include, in particular, cases where—
  - (a) an option to renew an agreement is exercised;
  - (b) rights of occupation under an agreement are varied;
  - (c) an agreement is assigned (whether by the landlord or the tenant);
  - (d) a periodic tenancy arises at the end of a fixed term;

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- (e) an agreement grants a right of occupation on satisfaction of a condition;
- (f) there is a change in the persons in occupation of the premises leased under an agreement or in the circumstances of any such person.

## **Commencement Information**

I4 S. 37 in force at 1.12.2014 by S.I. 2014/2771, art. 7(f)

## **Status:**

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## **Changes to legislation:**

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