

# Criminal Justice and Courts Act 2015

# **2015 CHAPTER 2**

#### PART 1

### CRIMINAL JUSTICE

Offences involving intent to cause distress etc

# Disclosing [F1, or threatening to disclose,] private sexual photographs and films with intent to cause distress

[F2(1) A person commits an offence if—

- (a) the person discloses, or threatens to disclose, a private sexual photograph or film in which another individual ("the relevant individual") appears,
- (b) by so doing, the person intends to cause distress to that individual, and
- (c) the disclosure is, or would be, made without the consent of that individual.]
- (2) But it is not an offence under this section for the person to disclose [F3, or threaten to disclose,] the photograph or film to [F4the relevant individual].
- [F5(2A)] Where a person is charged with an offence under this section of threatening to disclose a private sexual photograph or film, it is not necessary for the prosecution to prove—
  - (a) that the photograph or film referred to in the threat exists, or
  - (b) if it does exist, that it is in fact a private sexual photograph or film.]
  - (3) It is a defence for a person charged with an offence under this section to prove that he or she reasonably believed that the disclosure was necessary for the purposes of preventing, detecting or investigating crime.
  - (4) It is a defence for a person charged with an offence under this section to show that—
    - (a) the disclosure [F6, or threat to disclose,] was made in the course of, or with a view to, the publication of journalistic material, and
    - (b) he or she reasonably believed that, in the particular circumstances, the publication of the journalistic material was, or would be, in the public interest.

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Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the

Criminal Justice and Courts Act 2015, Section 33. (See end of Document for details)

- (5) It is a defence for a person charged with an offence under this section to show that—
  - (a) he or she reasonably believed that the photograph or film had previously been disclosed for reward, whether by [F7 the relevant individual] or another person, and
  - (b) he or she had no reason to believe that the previous disclosure for reward was made without the consent of [F8 the relevant individual].
- (6) A person is taken to have shown the matters mentioned in subsection (4) or (5) if—
  - (a) sufficient evidence of the matters is adduced to raise an issue with respect to it, and
  - (b) the contrary is not proved beyond reasonable doubt.
- (7) For the purposes of subsections (1) to (5)—
  - (a) "consent" to a disclosure includes general consent covering the disclosure, as well as consent to the particular disclosure, and
  - (b) "publication" of journalistic material means disclosure to the public at large or to a section of the public.
- [F9(8) A person charged with an offence under this section is not to be taken to have intended to cause distress by disclosing, or threatening to disclose, a photograph or film merely because that was a natural and probable consequence of the disclosure or threat.]
  - (9) A person guilty of an offence under this section is liable—
    - (a) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 2 years or a fine (or both), and
    - (b) on summary conviction, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 12 months or a fine (or both).
- (10) Schedule 8 makes special provision in connection with the operation of this section in relation to persons providing information society services.
- (11) In relation to an offence committed before [F102 May 2022], the reference in subsection (9)(b) to 12 months is to be read as a reference to 6 months.
- (12) In relation to an offence committed before section 85 of the Legal Aid, Sentencing and Punishment of Offenders Act 2012 comes into force, the reference in subsection (9) (b) to a fine is to be read as a reference to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum.

# **Textual Amendments**

- F1 Words in s. 33 heading inserted (29.6.2021) by Domestic Abuse Act 2021 (c. 17), ss. 69(2), 90(2)
- F2 S. 33(1) substituted (29.6.2021) by Domestic Abuse Act 2021 (c. 17), ss. 69(3), 90(2)
- F3 Words in s. 33(2) inserted (29.6.2021) by Domestic Abuse Act 2021 (c. 17), ss. 69(4)(a), 90(2)
- **F4** Words in s. 33(2) substituted (29.6.2021) by Domestic Abuse Act 2021 (c. 17), ss. 69(4)(b), 90(2)
- F5 S. 33(2A) inserted (29.6.2021) by Domestic Abuse Act 2021 (c. 17), ss. 69(5), 90(2)
- **F6** Words in s. 33(4)(a) inserted (29.6.2021) by Domestic Abuse Act 2021 (c. 17), ss. 69(6), 90(2)
- F7 Words in s. 33(5)(a) substituted (29.6.2021) by Domestic Abuse Act 2021 (c. 17), ss. 69(7)(a), 90(2)
- F8 Words in s. 33(5)(b) substituted (29.6.2021) by Domestic Abuse Act 2021 (c. 17), ss. 69(7)(b), 90(2)
- F9 S. 33(8) substituted (29.6.2021) by Domestic Abuse Act 2021 (c. 17), ss. 69(8), 90(2)
- F10 Words in s. 33(11) substituted (28.4.2022) by The Criminal Justice Act 2003 (Commencement No. 33) and Sentencing Act 2020 (Commencement No. 2) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/500), regs. 1(2), 5(1), Sch. Pt. 1

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Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the
Criminal Justice and Courts Act 2015, Section 33. (See end of Document for details)

# **Commencement Information**

II S. 33 in force at 13.4.2015 by S.I. 2015/778, art. 3, Sch. 1 para. 27

# **Status:**

Point in time view as at 28/04/2022. This version of this provision has been superseded.

# **Changes to legislation:**

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Criminal Justice and Courts Act 2015, Section 33.