



Health and Social Care (Safety and Quality) Act 2015

2015 CHAPTER 28

VALID FROM 01/10/2015

Reducing harm in care

1 Reducing harm in care

(1) Section 20 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 (health and adult social care services: regulation of registered activities) is amended as follows.

(2) For subsection (1) and the opening words of subsection (2) substitute—

“(1) The Secretary of State must by regulations impose requirements that the Secretary of State considers necessary to secure that services provided in the carrying on of regulated activities cause no avoidable harm to the persons for whom the services are provided.

(2) The Secretary of State may by regulations impose any other requirements in relation to regulated activities that the Secretary of State thinks fit for the purposes of this Chapter, including in particular provision with a view to—”.

(3) After subsection (5A) insert—

“(5B) In subsection (1)—

(a) “cause” means cause or contribute to, whether directly or indirectly; and

(b) harm is avoidable, in relation to a service, unless the person providing the service cannot reasonably avoid it (whether because it is an inherent part or risk of a regulated activity or for another reason).”

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Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Health and Social Care (Safety and Quality) Act 2015. (See end of Document for details)

Continuity of information

2 Consistent identifiers

In Part 9 of the Health and Social Care Act 2012 (health and adult social care services: information), after section 251 insert—

“CHAPTER 1A

CONTINUITY OF INFORMATION

251A Consistent identifiers

- (1) The Secretary of State must by regulations specify a description of consistent identifier for the purposes of this section.
- (2) “Consistent identifier” means any identifier (such as, for example, a number or code used for identification purposes) that—
 - (a) relates to an individual, and
 - (b) forms part of a set of similar identifiers that is of general application.
- (3) Subsection (4) applies if—
 - (a) a relevant health or adult social care commissioner or provider (“the relevant person”) processes information about an individual, and
 - (b) the individual is one to whom a consistent identifier of the description specified under subsection (1) relates.
- (4) If this subsection applies the relevant person must include the consistent identifier in the information processed (but this is subject to subsections (5) to (8)).
- (5) Subsection (4) applies only so far as the relevant person considers that the inclusion is—
 - (a) likely to facilitate the provision to the individual of health services or adult social care in England, and
 - (b) in the individual's best interests.
- (6) The relevant person need not comply with subsection (4) if the relevant person reasonably considers that one or more of the following criteria apply—
 - (a) the relevant person does not know the consistent identifier and is not reasonably able to learn it;
 - (b) the individual objects, or would be likely to object, to the inclusion of the consistent identifier in the information;
 - (c) the information concerns, or is connected with, the provision of health services or adult social care by an anonymous access provider;
 - (d) for any other reason the relevant person is not reasonably able, or should not be required, to comply with subsection (4).
- (7) This section does not permit the relevant person to do anything which, but for this section, would be inconsistent with—
 - (a) any provision made by or under the Data Protection Act 1998, or

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(b) a common law duty of care or confidence.

(8) This section does not require the relevant person to do anything which the relevant person is required to do by or under provision included in a contract by virtue of any provision of the National Health Service Act 2006 (and, accordingly, any such requirement is to be treated as arising under the contract, and not under this section).”

Commencement Information

II S. 2 in force at 25.6.2015 by S.I. 2015/1438, reg. 2(a)

VALID FROM 01/10/2015

3 Duty to share information

In Part 9 of the Health and Social Care Act 2012 (health and adult social care services: information), after section 251A (as inserted by section 2 of this Act) insert—

“251B Duty to share information

- (1) This section applies in relation to information about an individual that is held by a relevant health or adult social care commissioner or provider (“the relevant person”).
- (2) The relevant person must ensure that the information is disclosed to—
 - (a) persons working for the relevant person, and
 - (b) any other relevant health or adult social care commissioner or provider with whom the relevant person communicates about the individual,but this is subject to subsections (3) to (6).
- (3) Subsection (2) applies only so far as the relevant person considers that the disclosure is—
 - (a) likely to facilitate the provision to the individual of health services or adult social care in England, and
 - (b) in the individual's best interests.
- (4) The relevant person need not comply with subsection (2) if the relevant person reasonably considers that one or more of the following apply—
 - (a) the individual objects, or would be likely to object, to the disclosure of the information;
 - (b) the information concerns, or is connected with, the provision of health services or adult social care by an anonymous access provider;
 - (c) for any other reason the relevant person is not reasonably able, or should not be required, to comply with subsection (2).
- (5) This section does not permit the relevant person to do anything which, but for this section, would be inconsistent with—

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- (a) any provision made by or under the Data Protection Act 1998, or
 - (b) a common law duty of care or confidence.
- (6) This section does not require the relevant person to do anything which the relevant person is required to do under a common law duty of care (and, accordingly, any such requirement is to be treated as arising under that common law duty and not under this section).”

4 Interpretation

In Part 9 of the Health and Social Care Act 2012 (health and adult social care services: information), after section 251B (as inserted by section 3 of this Act) insert—

“251C Continuity of information: interpretation

- (1) This section applies for the purposes of sections 251A and 251B and this section.
- (2) “Relevant health or adult social care commissioner or provider” means—
 - (a) any public body so far as it exercises functions in connection with the provision of health services, or of adult social care in England, and
 - (b) any person (other than a public body) so far as the person provides such services or care—
 - (i) pursuant to arrangements made with a public body exercising functions in connection with the provision of the services or care, and
 - (ii) otherwise than as a member or officer of a body or an employee of a person,
 but this is subject to subsection (3).
- (3) The Secretary of State may by regulations provide for a person to be excluded from the definition of “relevant health or adult social care commissioner or provider”, whether generally or in particular cases.
- (4) Regulations under subsection (3) may, in particular, provide for a person to be excluded in relation to the exercise of particular functions or the exercise of functions in relation to particular descriptions of person, premises or institution.
- (5) A reference to an inclusion or a disclosure being likely to facilitate the provision to an individual of health services or adult social care in England is to its being likely to facilitate that provision directly (rather than by means of a clinical trial, a study, an audit, or any other indirect means).
- (6) “Anonymous access provider” means a relevant health or adult social care commissioner or provider (whether “the relevant person” under section 251A(3)(a) or 251B(1) or another person) whose services or care are, or may be, received by individuals anonymously due to the nature of the services or care.
- (7) Other terms have the same meaning as in section 250 (and “processes” and “processed” are to be read in accordance with the meaning of “processing” in that section).”

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Commencement Information

I2 S. 4 in force at 25.6.2015 by S.I. 2015/1438, reg. 2(b)

VALID FROM 26/09/2016

Objectives

5 Objectives in relation to the regulation of health and social care professions

(1) In section 25 of the National Health Service Reform and Health Care Professions Act 2002 (Professional Standards Authority for Health and Social Care), for subsection (2A) substitute—

“(2A) The over-arching objective of the Authority in exercising its functions under subsection (2)(b) to (d) is the protection of the public.

(2B) The pursuit by the Authority of its over-arching objective involves the pursuit of the following objectives—

- (a) to protect, promote and maintain the health, safety and well-being of the public;
- (b) to promote and maintain public confidence in the professions regulated by the regulatory bodies;
- (c) to promote and maintain proper professional standards and conduct for members of those professions;
- (d) to promote and maintain proper standards in relation to the carrying on of retail pharmacy businesses at registered pharmacies (as defined in article 3(1) of the Pharmacy Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/231)); and
- (e) to promote and maintain proper standards and conduct for business registrants (as defined in section 36(1) of the Opticians Act 1989).”

(2) The Schedule makes provision with respect to the objectives of regulatory bodies in relation to which the Professional Standards Authority for Health and Social Care exercises functions.

General

6 Extent, commencement and short title

- (1) Sections 1 to 4 extend to England and Wales only.
- (2) Paragraph 7 of the Schedule extends to England, Wales and Scotland only.
- (3) The rest of this Act extends to the whole of the United Kingdom.
- (4) The provisions of this Act other than this section come into force on a day appointed in regulations made by statutory instrument by the Secretary of State.
- (5) Regulations under subsection (4) may—

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- (a) appoint different days for different areas or purposes;
 - (b) make transitory, transitional or consequential provision.
- (6) This Act may be cited as the Health and Social Care (Safety and Quality) Act 2015.

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