

# Serious Crime Act 2015

# **2015 CHAPTER 9**

#### PART 5

### PROTECTION OF CHILDREN AND OTHERS

#### Domestic abuse

# 76 Controlling or coercive behaviour in an intimate or family relationship

- (1) A person (A) commits an offence if—
  - (a) A repeatedly or continuously engages in behaviour towards another person (B) that is controlling or coercive,
  - (b) at the time of the behaviour, A and B are personally connected,
  - (c) the behaviour has a serious effect on B, and
  - (d) A knows or ought to know that the behaviour will have a serious effect on B.
- (2) A and B are "personally connected" if—
  - (a) A is in an intimate personal relationship with B, or
  - (b) A and B live together and—
    - (i) they are members of the same family, or
    - (ii) they have previously been in an intimate personal relationship with each other.
- (3) But A does not commit an offence under this section if at the time of the behaviour in question—
  - (a) A has responsibility for B, for the purposes of Part 1 of the Children and Young Persons Act 1933 (see section 17 of that Act), and
  - (b) B is under 16.
- (4) A's behaviour has a "serious effect" on B if—
  - (a) it causes B to fear, on at least two occasions, that violence will be used against B, or

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- (b) it causes B serious alarm or distress which has a substantial adverse effect on B's usual day-to-day activities.
- (5) For the purposes of subsection (1)(d) A "ought to know" that which a reasonable person in possession of the same information would know.
- (6) For the purposes of subsection (2)(b)(i) A and B are members of the same family if—
  - (a) they are, or have been, married to each other;
  - (b) they are, or have been, civil partners of each other;
  - (c) they are relatives;
  - (d) they have agreed to marry one another (whether or not the agreement has been terminated);
  - (e) they have entered into a civil partnership agreement (whether or not the agreement has been terminated);
  - (f) they are both parents of the same child;
  - (g) they have, or have had, parental responsibility for the same child.
- (7) In subsection (6)—

"civil partnership agreement" has the meaning given by section 73 of the Civil Partnership Act 2004;

"child" means a person under the age of 18 years;

"parental responsibility" has the same meaning as in the Children Act 1989; "relative" has the meaning given by section 63(1) of the Family Law Act 1996.

- (8) In proceedings for an offence under this section it is a defence for A to show that—
  - (a) in engaging in the behaviour in question, A believed that he or she was acting in B's best interests, and
  - (b) the behaviour was in all the circumstances reasonable.
- (9) A is to be taken to have shown the facts mentioned in subsection (8) if—
  - (a) sufficient evidence of the facts is adduced to raise an issue with respect to them, and
  - (b) the contrary is not proved beyond reasonable doubt.
- (10) The defence in subsection (8) is not available to A in relation to behaviour that causes B to fear that violence will be used against B.
- (11) A person guilty of an offence under this section is liable—
  - (a) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years, or a fine, or both;
  - (b) on summary conviction, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding [FI the general limit in a magistrates' court], or a fine, or both.

#### **Textual Amendments**

F1 Words in s. 76(11)(b) substituted (7.2.2023 at 12.00 p.m.) by The Judicial Review and Courts Act 2022 (Magistrates' Court Sentencing Powers) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/149), regs. 1(2), 2(1), Sch. Pt. 1

#### **Commencement Information**

II S. 76 in force at 29.12.2015 by S.I. 2015/1976, reg. 2(a)

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# [F276A] Offences under section 76 committed outside the United Kingdom

- (1) If—
  - (a) a person's behaviour consists of or includes behaviour in a country outside the United Kingdom,
  - (b) the behaviour would constitute an offence under section 76 if it occurred in England and Wales, and
  - (c) the person is a United Kingdom national or is habitually resident in England and Wales,

the person is guilty in England and Wales of that offence.

- (2) In this section—
  - "country" includes territory;
  - "United Kingdom national" means an individual who is—
  - (a) a British citizen, a British overseas territories citizen, a British National (Overseas) or a British Overseas citizen,
  - (b) a person who under the British Nationality Act 1981 is a British subject, or
  - (c) a British protected person within the meaning of that Act.

#### **Textual Amendments**

F2 S. 76A inserted (29.6.2021) by Domestic Abuse Act 2021 (c. 17), s. 90(2), Sch. 3 para. 3

# 77 Guidance about investigation of offences under section 76

- (1) The Secretary of State may issue guidance about the investigation of offences under section 76 to whatever persons the Secretary of State considers appropriate.
- (2) The Secretary of State may revise any guidance issued under this section.
- (3) The Secretary of State must arrange for any guidance issued or revised under this section to be published.

#### **Commencement Information**

I2 S. 77 in force at 29.12.2015 by S.I. 2015/1976, reg. 2(b)

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