

*Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.**Changes to legislation: Financial Services Act 2021 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 20 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)*

SCHEDULES

VALID FROM 01/01/2022

SCHEDULE 1

Section 1

EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN INVESTMENT FIRMS FROM THE CAPITAL
REQUIREMENTS REGULATION: CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS

PART 1

AMENDMENTS OF THE CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS REGULATION

- 1 The Capital Requirements Regulation is amended as follows.
- 2 (1) Article 4(1) (definitions) is amended as follows.
- (2) Omit point (4) (definition of “local firm”).
- (3) After point (22) insert—
- “(22A) ‘*investment holding company*’ means a financial institution which is not a financial holding company and whose subsidiaries—
- (a) are exclusively or mainly investment firms or financial institutions, and
- (b) include at least one investment firm;”.
- (4) In point (26) (definition of “financial institution”)—
- (a) after “including” insert “ an investment firm, ”, and
- (b) after “a mixed financial holding company,” insert “ an investment holding company, ”.
- (5) For point (29a) substitute—
- “(29a) ‘*UK parent investment firm*’ means a parent undertaking in the United Kingdom that is an investment firm;”.
- (6) For point (51) substitute—
- “(51) ‘*initial capital*’, in relation to an institution, means the amount and types of own funds specified in rule 12.1 of the Definition of Capital Part of the PRA rulebook;”.
- (7) In point (60) (definition of “cash assimilated instrument”), after “institution” (in each place) insert “ or investment firm ”.
- 3 (1) Article 4A (definitions: regulators' rules) is amended as follows.
- (2) In paragraph 1(b) (references to FCA sourcebook), for “as the sourcebook has effect on IP completion day” substitute “ as amended from time to time ”.

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(3)	At the end insert—
“3	In this Regulation, “Part 9C rules” has the same meaning as in FSMA (see section 417 of that Act).”
4	For Article 4B substitute—
	<i>“Article 4B</i>
	<i>The consolidating supervisor</i>
	The consolidating supervisor is the PRA.”
5	Before Article 11 (and the Section and Chapter headings before it) insert—
	<i>“Article 10A</i>
	<i>Application of prudential requirements on a consolidated basis where FCA investment firms are parent undertakings</i>
	For the purposes of the application of this Chapter, FCA investment firms are to be considered to be UK parent financial holding companies where they are parent undertakings of an institution.”
6	Omit Article 15 (derogation from the application of own funds requirements on a consolidated basis for groups of investment firms).
7	Omit Article 16 (derogation from the application of the leverage ratio requirements on a consolidated basis for groups of investment firms).
8	Omit Article 17 (supervision of investment firms waived from the application of own funds requirements on a consolidated basis).
9	In Article 47c(5) (deduction for non-performing exposures), omit “and the FCA”.
10	In Article 49(6) (requirement for deduction where consolidation, supplementary supervision or institutional protection schemes are applied) omit “and Annex 1 of Chapter 3 of the FCA General Prudential sourcebook”.
11	(1) Article 81(1)(a) (minority interests that qualify for inclusion in consolidated Common Equity Tier 1 capital) is amended as follows.
	(2) After point (ii) insert—
	“(ia) an intermediate financial holding company or intermediate mixed financial holding company that is subject to the requirements of this Regulation on a sub-consolidated basis;
	(ib) an intermediate investment holding company that is subject to the requirements of Part 9C rules on a consolidated basis;
	(ic) an FCA investment firm;”.
	(3) In point (iii)—
	(a) after “subject to prudential requirements” insert “ which are ”,
	(b) for “where” substitute “ which ”, and
	(c) omit “that those prudential requirements”.

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- 12 (1) Article 82(a) (Qualifying Additional Tier 1, Tier 1, Tier 2 capital and qualifying own funds) is amended as follows.
- (2) After point (ii) insert—
- “(iia) an intermediate financial holding company or intermediate mixed financial holding company that is subject to the requirements of this Regulation on a sub-consolidated basis;
 - (iib) an intermediate investment holding company that is subject to the requirements of Part 9C rules on a consolidated basis;
 - (iic) an FCA investment firm;”.
- (3) In point (iii)—
- (a) after “subject to prudential requirements” insert “ which are ”,
 - (b) for “where” substitute “ which ”, and
 - (c) omit “that those prudential requirements”.
- 13 (1) Article 84 (minority interests included in consolidated Common Equity Tier 1 capital) is amended as follows.
- (2) In paragraph 1(a), for point (i) substitute—
- “(i) the amount of Common Equity Tier 1 capital of that subsidiary required to meet the following:
 - (A) the sum of the requirement laid down in point (a) of Article 92(1), the requirements referred to in Articles 458, 459 and 500, the specific own funds requirements referred to in regulation 34 of the Capital Requirements Regulations 2013, the combined buffer requirement defined in regulation 2 of the Capital Requirements (Capital Buffers and Macro-prudential Measures) Regulations 2014, and any additional local supervisory regulations in third countries insofar as those requirements are to be met by Common Equity Tier 1 capital, or
 - (B) where the subsidiary is an FCA investment firm, the sum of the own funds requirements set out in Part 9C rules which apply to the subsidiary and any requirements set out in additional local supervisory regulations in third countries insofar as those requirements are to be met by Common Equity Tier 1 capital;”.
- (3) In paragraph 3—
- (a) for “a competent authority” substitute “ the PRA ”, and
 - (b) for “interest” substitute “ interests ”.
- (4) After paragraph 3 insert—
- “3A Where Part 9C rules provide that, in relation to any subsidiaries which are FCA investment firms, the calculation referred to in paragraph 1 is to be undertaken on a consolidated basis so as to include those subsidiaries,

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- minority interests within those subsidiaries shall not be recognised in own funds at the sub-consolidated or consolidated level, as applicable.”
- 14 (1) Article 85 (qualifying Tier 1 instruments included in consolidated Tier 1 capital) is amended as follows.
- (2) In paragraph 1(a), for point (i) substitute—
- “(i) the amount of Tier 1 capital of the subsidiary required to meet the following:
- (A) the sum of the requirement laid down in point (b) of Article 92(1), the requirements referred to in Articles 458, 459 and 500, the specific own funds requirements referred to in regulation 34 of the Capital Requirements Regulations 2013, the combined buffer requirement defined in regulation 2 of the Capital Requirements (Capital Buffers and Macro-prudential Measures) Regulations 2014, and any additional local supervisory regulations in third countries insofar as those requirements are to be met by Tier 1 Capital, or
- (B) where the subsidiary is an FCA investment firm, the sum of the own funds requirements set out in Part 9C rules which apply to the subsidiary and any requirements set out in additional local supervisory regulations in third countries insofar as those requirements are to be met by Tier 1 capital;”.
- (3) In paragraph 3, for “a competent authority” substitute “ the PRA ”.
- (4) After paragraph 3 insert—
- “3A Where Part 9C rules provide that, in relation to any subsidiaries which are FCA investment firms, the calculation referred to in paragraph 1 is to be undertaken on a consolidated basis so as to include those subsidiaries, Tier 1 instruments within those subsidiaries shall not be recognised in own funds at the sub-consolidated or consolidated level, as applicable.”
- 15 (1) Article 87 (qualifying own funds included in consolidated own funds) is amended as follows.
- (2) In paragraph 1(a), for point (i) substitute—
- “(i) the amount of own funds of the subsidiary required to meet the following—
- (A) the sum of the requirement laid down in point (c) of Article 92(1), the requirements referred to in Articles 458, 459 and 500, the specific own funds requirements referred to in regulation 34 of the Capital Requirements Regulations 2013, the combined buffer requirement defined in regulation 2 of the Capital Requirements (Capital Buffers and Macro-prudential Measures) Regulations 2014, and any additional local supervisory regulations in third countries, or

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- (B) where the subsidiary is an FCA investment firm, the sum of the own funds requirements set out in Part 9C rules which apply to the subsidiary and any requirements set out in additional local supervisory regulations in third countries;”.
- (3) In paragraph 3, for “a competent authority” substitute “ the PRA ”.
- (4) After paragraph 3 insert—
- “3A Where Part 9C rules provide that, in relation to any subsidiaries which are FCA investment firms, the calculation referred to in paragraph 1 is to be undertaken on a consolidated basis so as to include those subsidiaries, own funds instruments within those subsidiaries shall not be recognised in own funds at the sub-consolidated or consolidated level, as applicable.”
- 16 In Article 93 (initial capital requirement on going concern)—
- (a) omit paragraph 3,
- (b) in paragraphs 4 and 5, omit “or 3”, and
- (c) in paragraph 6, for “2 to 5” substitute “ 2, 4 and 5 ”.
- 17 Omit Article 95 (own funds requirements for investment firms with limited authorisation to provide investment services).
- 18 Omit Article 96 (own funds requirements for IFPRU 730k firms).
- 19 Omit Article 97 (own funds based on fixed overheads).
- 20 Omit Article 98 (own funds for investment firms on a consolidated basis).
- 21 In Article 100 (additional reporting requirements), in the second subparagraph, for “The FCA or the PRA (as the case may be)” substitute “ The PRA ”.
- 22 In Article 115(2) (exposures to regional governments or local authorities), in the second subparagraph, omit “and FCA”.
- 23 In Article 119 (exposures to institutions), after paragraph 5 insert—
- “6 For the purposes of paragraph 5, the requirements laid down in Part 9C rules are to be treated as being comparable to those applied to institutions in terms of robustness.”
- 24 (1) Article 136 (mapping of ECAI's credit assessments) is amended as follows.
- (2) In paragraph 1, for “The FCA and the PRA may each” substitute “ The PRA may ”.
- (3) In paragraph 2—
- (a) for “the FCA and the PRA”, in each place it occurs, substitute “ the PRA ”, and
- (b) in point (e), for “have” substitute “ has ”.
- (4) In paragraph 3, for “The FCA and the PRA may each” substitute “ The PRA may ”.
- 25 In Article 162(3) (maturity), in the second subparagraph, in point (a), after “institutions” insert “ or investment firms ”.
- 26 (1) Article 197 (eligibility of collateral under all approaches and methods) is amended as follows.
- (2) In paragraph 1(c), after “issued by institutions” insert “ or investment firms ”.

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- (3) In paragraph 4, after “other institutions” insert “ or investment firms ”.
- 27 In Article 199(8) (additional eligibility for collateral under the IRB Approach), omit “and the FCA”.
- 28 In Article 200 (other funded credit protection), for point (c) substitute—
“(c) instruments issued by a third party institution, or an investment firm, which will be repurchased by that institution, or that investment firm, on request.”
- 29 In Article 202 (eligibility of protection providers under the IRB Approach which qualify for Article 153(3) treatment), after “institutions,” insert “ investment firms, ”.
- 30 In Article 224(6) (supervisory volatility adjustment under Financial Collateral Comprehensive Method), after “institutions”, in the first place it occurs, insert “ or investment firms ”.
- 31 In Article 227(3) (conditions for applying 0% volatility adjustment under Financial Collateral Comprehensive Method), after point (b) insert—
“(ba) investment firms;”.
- 32 In Article 243(1) (criteria for STS securitisations qualifying for differentiated capital treatment), in the second subparagraph, after “an institution,” insert “ an investment firm, ”.
- 33 (1) Article 270e (securitisation mapping) is amended as follows.
(2) For “The FCA and the PRA may each” substitute “ The PRA may ”.
(3) For the words from “For” to “shall” substitute “ For the purposes of this Article, the PRA shall ”.
- 34 In Article 290(3) (stress testing), for the words from “the relevant regulatory rules” to the end substitute “ rule 6.1 of the Internal Capital Adequacy Part of the PRA rulebook ”.
- 35 (1) Article 304(5) (treatment of clearing members' exposure to clients) is amended as follows.
(2) In the first subparagraph, for “The FCA and the PRA may each” substitute “ The PRA may ”.
(3) In the second subparagraph, for “the FCA or the PRA (as the case may be)” substitute “ the PRA ”.
- 36 (1) Article 325u(5) (own funds requirements for residual risks) is amended as follows.
(2) In the first subparagraph, for “The FCA and PRA may each” substitute “ The PRA may ”.
(3) In the second subparagraph, for “the FCA and PRA” substitute “ the PRA ”.
- 37 (1) Article 325az (alternative internal model approach and permission to use alternative internal models) is amended as follows.
(2) In paragraph 8, for “The FCA and PRA may each” substitute “ The PRA may ”.
(3) In paragraph 9—
(a) for “The FCA and the PRA may each” substitute “ The PRA may ”, and

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- (b) for “they” substitute “ it ”.
- 38 (1) Article 325bk(3) (calculation of stress scenario risk measure) is amended as follows.
- (2) In the first subparagraph, for “The FCA and PRA may each” substitute “ The PRA may ”.
- (3) In the second subparagraph, for “the FCA and PRA” substitute “ the PRA ”.
- 39 In Article 382(4) (scope of own funds requirements for CVA risk), in point (b), for “institutions” substitute “ entities ”.
- 40 (1) Article 441(2) (indicators of global systemic importance) is amended as follows.
- (2) For “The FCA and the PRA may each” substitute “ The PRA may ”.
- (3) For “the FCA or the PRA (as the case may be)” substitute “ the PRA ”.
- 41 In Article 450(1)(d) (remuneration policy) omit “19A.3.44R to 44DR and”.
- 42 In Article 456(1) (regulations modifying this Regulation) omit points (f) and (g).
- 43 (1) Article 464B (power to make technical standards) is amended as follows.
- (2) Omit paragraph 1.
- (3) In paragraph 2, for “the PRA and FCA may both” substitute “ the PRA may ”.
- (4) In paragraph 3 omit “alone”.
- 44 In Article 522(1)(b) (savings provisions: pre-exit decisions)—
- (a) omit “and FCA”, and
- (b) omit the words from “in relation to” to “other person”.
- 45 In Annex 1 (classification of off-balance sheet items), in point 1(d), at the end insert “ or an investment firm ”.
- 46 (1) Annex 3 (items subject to supplementary reporting of liquid assets) is amended as follows.
- (2) In point 3(b), for “of an institution or any of its affiliated entities” substitute “ of, or of an affiliated entity of, an institution or an investment firm ”.
- (3) In point 5(b), for “of an institution or any of its affiliated entities” substitute “ of, or of an affiliated entity of, an institution or an investment firm ”.
- (4) In point 6(a), for “on an SSPE, an institution or any of its affiliated entities” substitute “ on, or on an affiliated entity of, an SSPE, an institution or an investment firm ”.
- (5) In point 7, for “on an SSPE, an institution or any of its affiliated entities” substitute “ on, or on an affiliated entity of, an SSPE, an institution or an investment firm ”.
- (6) In point 11, for “by an institution or any of its affiliates” substitute “ by, or by an affiliate of, an institution or an investment firm ”.
- 47 In the following provisions, for “FCA and PRA may each” or “FCA and the PRA may each” (as appropriate) substitute “ PRA may ”
- Article 4(4);
- Article 18(9);

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Article 26(4);
Article 27(2);
Article 28(5);
Article 29(6);
Article 32(2);
Article 33(4);
Article 36(2), (3) and (4);
Article 41(2);
Article 52(2);
Article 73(7);
Article 76(4);
Article 78(5);
Article 79(2);
Article 83(2);
Article 84(4);
Article 99(5), first subparagraph;
Article 99(6), second subparagraph;
Article 101(4);
Article 105(14);
Article 110(4);
Article 132a(4);
Article 143(5);
Article 144(2);
Article 148(6);
Article 150(3);
Article 152(5);
Article 153(9);
Article 164(8);
Article 173(3);
Article 178(6);
Article 180(3);
Article 181(3);
Article 182(4);
Article 183(6);
Article 194(10);
Article 197(8);
Article 221(9);
Article 248(1), second subparagraph;
Article 255(9);
Article 270a(2);
Article 277(5);
Article 279a(3);
Article 312(4);
Article 314(5);
Article 316(3);

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Article 318(3);
 Article 325(9);
 Article 325w(8);
 Article 325ap(3);
 Article 325bd(7);
 Article 325be(3);
 Article 325bf(9);
 Article 325bg(4);
 Article 325bp(12);
 Article 329(3);
 Article 341(3);
 Article 344(1);
 Article 352(6);
 Article 354(3);
 Article 358(4), first subparagraph;
 Article 363(4);
 Article 382(5);
 Article 383(7);
 Article 430b(6);
 Article 434a, first subparagraph;
 Article 437(2);
 Article 440(2);
 Article 443;
 Article 451(2);
 Article 487(3);
 Article 492(5).

PART 2

AMENDMENTS OF THE CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS (COUNTRY-BY-COUNTRY REPORTING) REGULATIONS 2013

- 48 The Capital Requirements (Country-by-Country Reporting) Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/3118) are amended as follows.
- 49 (1) Regulation 1(2) (interpretation) is amended as follows.
- (2) For the definition of “capital requirements regulation” substitute—
- ““the capital requirements regulation” means Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms and amending Regulation (EU) No. 648/2012;”.
- (3) After that definition insert—
- ““FCA investment firm” has the same meaning as in Part 9C of the 2000 Act;
- “financial institution” has the meaning given in Article 4(1)(26) of the capital requirements regulation;”.

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- (4) After the definition of “period of account” insert—
- ““Regulated Activities Order” means the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 (S.I. 2001/544);
- “relevant FCA investment firm” has the meaning given in paragraph (2A);
- “small and non-interconnected firm” has the meaning given in rules made by the Financial Conduct Authority for the purposes of Part 9C of the 2000 Act.”.
- 50 In regulation 1, after paragraph (2) insert—
- “(2A) For the purposes of these Regulations, an FCA investment firm is “relevant” if—
- (a) it has a branch or subsidiary in a country or territory outside the United Kingdom that is a financial institution, and
- (b) it is not a small and non-interconnected firm, subject to paragraphs (2B) and (2C).
- (2B) Where an FCA investment firm which has not been a small and non-interconnected firm for a period becomes a small and non-interconnected firm, it only ceases to be a relevant FCA investment firm once—
- (a) it has been a small and non-interconnected firm for a continuous period of six months, and
- (b) it has notified the Financial Conduct Authority.
- (2C) Where an FCA investment firm which has been a small and non-interconnected firm for a period determines that it is no longer a small and non-interconnected firm—
- (a) it must notify the Financial Conduct Authority, and
- (b) it does not become a relevant FCA investment firm until—
- (i) the end of the period of 12 months beginning with the day on which it made the determination, or
- (ii) if the notification specifies an earlier date, that date.”
- 51 In regulation 1(3) (interpretation of references to EU legislation), for “any EU regulation,” substitute “ any EU regulation other than the capital requirements regulation or to any ”.
- 52 (1) Regulation 2 (ongoing reporting obligation) is amended as follows.
- (2) In paragraph (1), after “Institutions” insert “ and relevant FCA investment firms ”.
- (3) In paragraph (2), after “institution” insert “ or relevant FCA investment firm ”.
- (4) In paragraph (3), for “institution's period of account” substitute “ period of account for the institution or relevant FCA investment firm ”.
- (5) In paragraph (4)—
- (a) in the opening words, after “institution” insert “ or relevant FCA investment firm ”, and
- (b) in sub-paragraph (a), after “institution” insert “ or relevant FCA investment firm ”.

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	(6) In paragraph (8), after “institution” insert “ or relevant FCA investment firm ”.
53	In regulation 3(1) (interim reporting obligation), after “Institutions” insert “ and relevant FCA investment firms ”.
54	(1) Regulation 4 (group disclosure) is amended as follows. (2) In paragraph (1), after “institution” insert “ or relevant FCA investment firm ”. (3) In paragraph (2), after “institution” insert “ or relevant FCA investment firm ”.
55	(1) Regulation 5 (prior disclosure: prevention of duplication) is amended as follows. (2) In paragraph (3)— (a) after “an institution” insert “ or relevant FCA investment firm ”, and (b) after “the institution” (in both places) insert “ or firm ”. (3) In paragraph (4)— (a) after “an institution” insert “ or relevant FCA investment firm ”, and (b) after “the institution” (in both places) insert “ or firm ”.
56	In regulation 6(2) (enforcement)— (a) in sub-paragraph (a) omit “which is a PRA-authorized person within the meaning of section 2B(5) of the 2000 Act”, and (b) in sub-paragraph (b), for “any other institution” substitute “ a relevant FCA investment firm ”.

SCHEDULE 2

Section 2

PRUDENTIAL REGULATION OF FCA INVESTMENT FIRMS

PART 1

NEW PART 9C OF THE FINANCIAL SERVICES AND MARKETS ACT 2000

1 In the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, after Part 9B insert—

“PART 9C

PRUDENTIAL REGULATION OF FCA INVESTMENT FIRMS

Interpretation

FCA investment firms

143A In this Part, “FCA investment firm” means an investment firm that—

- (a) is an authorised person within the meaning of section 31(1)(a),
- (b) is not for the time being designated by the PRA under article 3 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (PRA-regulated Activities) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/556), and

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- (c) has its registered office or, if it has no registered office, its head office in the United Kingdom.
- (2) But the following are not FCA investment firms—
- (a) a person excluded from the definition of “investment firm” in Article 3(1) of the Financial Services and Markets 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 (S.I. 2001/544) by paragraph (a) or (b) of that definition;
 - (b) an investment firm which has a Part 4A permission to carry on regulated activities as an exempt investment firm within the meaning of regulation 8 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Markets in Financial Instruments) Regulations 2017 (S.I. 2017/701).

Other terms used in this Part

143B) In this Part—

“authorised parent undertaking” means a parent undertaking that—

- (a) is incorporated in the United Kingdom or has its principal place of business in the United Kingdom, and
- (b) is an authorised person;

“on a consolidated basis” means as if all members of an FCA investment firm's group are a single FCA investment firm;

“Directive 2013/36/EU UK law” means the law of the United Kingdom which was relied on immediately before IP completion day to implement the capital requirements directive and its implementing measures as it has effect—

- (a) on IP completion day, in the case of rules made by the FCA or the PRA under this Act, and
- (b) as amended from time to time, in all other cases;

“EU tertiary legislation” has the meaning given in section 20 of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018;

“governance arrangements” includes organisational structure, lines of responsibility and internal control mechanisms;

“integrity”, in relation to the UK financial system, has the meaning given in section 1D;

“investment firm” has the meaning given in Article 4(1)(2) of the capital requirements regulation;

“non-authorised parent undertaking” means a parent undertaking that—

- (a) is incorporated in the United Kingdom or has its principal place of business in the United Kingdom, and
- (b) is not an authorised person.

(2) The Treasury may by regulations make provision about the meaning of the following terms for the purposes of this Part—

“on a consolidated basis”;

“group”;

“parent undertaking”;

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“subsidiary undertaking”.

- (3) Regulations under subsection (2) may, among other things, amend, repeal or otherwise modify provisions of this Act.
- (4) In this Part, references to instruments made under the capital requirements regulation include EU tertiary legislation made under that regulation which forms part of retained EU law.

Rules

Duty to make rules applying to FCA investment firms

- 143(1) In the exercise of its power to make general rules, the FCA must make rules applying to FCA investment firms which impose the following types of prudential requirements—
- (a) requirements relating to the types and amounts of capital and liquid assets that such firms must hold in order to manage the risks specified in or under subsection (2);
 - (b) requirements relating to the management of risks arising from the strength or extent of such firms' relationships with, or direct exposure to, a single client or group of connected clients;
 - (c) reporting requirements related to requirements described in paragraph (a) or (b);
 - (d) public disclosure requirements related to requirements described in paragraph (a) or (b);
 - (e) requirements in respect of governance arrangements related to the risks specified in or under subsection (2);
 - (f) requirements in respect of remuneration policies and practices related to the risks specified in or under subsection (2).
- (2) The risks referred to in subsection (1)(a), (e) and (f) are—
- (a) the risks to consumers (as defined in section 1G) arising from FCA investment firms,
 - (b) the risks to the integrity of the UK financial system arising from FCA investment firms,
 - (c) the risks to which FCA investment firms are exposed, and
 - (d) any other risks specified by the Treasury by regulations.
- (3) General rules made for the purpose of subsection (1) may, among other things—
- (a) impose requirements to be satisfied on an individual basis or on a consolidated basis;
 - (b) impose requirements relating to the processes for consolidation;
 - (c) make provision relating to transactions between an FCA investment firm and a member of its group, including provision requiring the disclosure of information;
 - (d) provide for exceptions from requirements;
 - (e) make provision by reference to the capital requirements regulation, to an instrument made under the capital requirements regulation or to Directive 2013/36/EU UK law, as amended from time to time.

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- (4) General rules made for the purpose of subsection (1) may, despite section 137A(6), include provision that modifies the capital requirements regulation or an instrument made under that regulation (but may not amend or revoke a provision of that regulation or such an instrument).

Duty to make rules applying to parent undertakings

143D) In the exercise of its power to make general rules, the FCA must make rules applying to authorised parent undertakings of FCA investment firms which impose the following types of prudential requirements—

- (a) requirements relating to the types and amounts of capital and liquid assets that such undertakings must hold in order to manage the risks specified in or under subsection (2);
 - (b) requirements relating to the management of risks arising from the strength or extent of such undertakings' relationships with, or direct exposure to, a single client or group of connected clients;
 - (c) reporting requirements related to requirements described in paragraph (a) or (b);
 - (d) public disclosure requirements related to requirements described in paragraph (a) or (b);
 - (e) requirements in respect of governance arrangements related to the risks specified in or under subsection (2);
 - (f) requirements in respect of remuneration policies and practices related to the risks specified in or under subsection (2).
- (2) The risks referred to in subsection (1)(a), (e) and (f) are—
- (a) the risks to consumers (as defined in section 1G) arising from FCA investment firms, from parent undertakings of FCA investment firms and from FCA investment firms belonging to groups,
 - (b) the risks to the integrity of the UK financial system arising from FCA investment firms, from parent undertakings of FCA investment firms and from FCA investment firms belonging to groups,
 - (c) the risks to which FCA investment firms are exposed by virtue of their relationship with their parent undertaking, and
 - (d) any other risks specified by the Treasury by regulations.
- (3) The FCA must make rules applying to non-authorised parent undertakings of FCA investment firms which impose requirements described in subsection (1), where such rules appear to it to be necessary or expedient for the purpose of advancing one or more of its operational objectives.
- (4) Rules made for the purpose of subsection (1) or under subsection (3) may, among other things—
- (a) impose requirements to be satisfied on an individual basis or on a consolidated basis;
 - (b) impose requirements relating to the processes for consolidation;
 - (c) make provision relating to transactions between a parent undertaking of an FCA investment firm and a member of its group, including provision requiring the disclosure of information;
 - (d) provide for exceptions from requirements;

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- (e) make provision by reference to the capital requirements regulation, to an instrument made under the capital requirements regulation or to Directive 2013/36/EU UK law, as amended from time to time.
- (5) Section 137A(6) and (7) (restriction on modifying etc retained direct EU legislation) apply to rules made by the FCA under subsection (3) as they apply to general rules made by the FCA.
- (6) Rules made for the purpose of subsection (1) or under subsection (3) may, despite section 137A(6), include provision that modifies the capital requirements regulation or an instrument made under that regulation (but may not amend or revoke a provision of that regulation or such an instrument).
- (7) Section 137H (rules about remuneration) applies where the FCA makes rules under subsection (3) prohibiting persons, or persons of a specified description, from being remunerated in a specified way as it applies where the FCA makes general rules imposing such a prohibition.
- (8) Section 137I (Treasury direction to consider compliance with remuneration policies) applies where the FCA makes rules under subsection (3) requiring non-authorised parent undertakings, or non-authorised parent undertakings of a specified description, to act in accordance with a remuneration policy as it applies where the FCA makes general rules imposing such requirements on authorised persons, but as if—
 - (a) the references in that section to authorised persons were references to non-authorised parent undertakings of FCA investment firms, and
 - (b) subsection (7) of that section were omitted.
- (9) Section 141A (power to make consequential amendments of references to rules etc) applies to the exercise by the FCA of its power to make, alter or revoke rules under subsection (3) as it applies in relation to the exercise by the FCA of its power to make, alter or revoke rules under Part 9A.
- (10) This section is subject to section 143E.

Powers to make rules applying to parent undertakings

- 143E) Subsections (1) and (3) of section 143D do not require the FCA to make rules applying to parent undertakings of FCA investment firms which belong to a group which includes a relevant body, but the FCA may make rules described in those subsections applying to such parent undertakings.
- (2) In subsection (1), “relevant body” means—
 - (a) an undertaking (as defined in section 1161(1) of the Companies Act 2006) that has its head office in the United Kingdom and that has permission under Part 4A to accept deposits, other than—
 - (i) an undertaking that also has permission under Part 4A to effect or carry out contracts of insurance, or
 - (ii) a credit union within the meaning of section 1 of the Credit Unions Act 1979;
 - (b) an investment firm that is for the time being designated by the PRA under article 3 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (PRA-regulated Activities) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/556).

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- (3) The FCA may make rules applying to parent undertakings of FCA investment firms which impose requirements for the disclosure of information about such undertakings' branches and subsidiary undertakings outside the United Kingdom.
- (4) The FCA's powers to make rules under subsections (1) and (3) are powers to do so—
 - (a) in relation to authorised parent undertakings, in exercise of its power to make general rules, and
 - (b) in relation to non-authorised parent undertakings, where such rules appear to it to be necessary or expedient for the purpose of advancing one or more of its operational objectives.
- (5) Section 143D(4) and (6) apply in relation to rules made by the FCA in exercise of the powers conferred by, or described in, this section as they apply in relation to rules made in the performance of the FCA's duties under that section.
- (6) Section 143D(5), (7), (8) and (9) apply in relation to rules made under this section applying to non-authorised parent undertakings as they apply in relation to rules made under section 143D(3).

Part 9C rules

- 143(F) In this Act, “Part 9C rules” means rules made, or to be made, by the FCA—
- (a) in the performance of its duties under section 143C or 143D, or
 - (b) in exercise of the powers conferred by, or described in, section 143E.
- (2) The FCA must publish a list of all Part 9C rules in force in the way appearing to the FCA to be best calculated to bring it to the attention of people likely to be affected by the rules.
 - (3) The FCA's opinion as to whether a rule is a Part 9C rule is conclusive for all purposes.

Matters to consider when making Part 9C rules

- 143(G) When making Part 9C rules, the FCA must, among other things, have regard to—
- (a) any relevant standards set by an international standard-setting body,
 - (b) the likely effect of the rules on the relative standing of the United Kingdom as a place for internationally active investment firms to be based or to carry on activities,
 - (c) the target in section 1 of the Climate Change Act 2008 (carbon target for 2050), and
 - (d) any other matter specified by the Treasury by regulations.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1)(b), the FCA must consider the United Kingdom's standing in relation to the other countries and territories in which, in its opinion, internationally active investment firms are most likely to choose to be based or carry on activities.

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- (3) When making Part 9C rules, the FCA must consider, and consult the Treasury about, the likely effect of the rules on relevant equivalence decisions.
- (4) For the purpose of this section, an equivalence decision is “relevant” if the Treasury have, by notice in writing, informed the FCA that it is relevant for that purpose.
- (5) In this section—
 - “equivalence decision” means a decision as to whether the law and practice of one country or territory is equivalent to the law and practice of another country or territory, either generally or as it relates to a particular matter;
 - “territory” includes the European Union and any other international organisation or authority comprising countries or territories.
- (6) This section is subject to section 143I.

Explanation to accompany consultation on rules

- 143H) A draft of proposed Part 9C rules published in accordance with section 138I(1)(b) must be accompanied by—
 - (a) an explanation of the provision that the FCA has considered it appropriate to include in the rules given the risks specified in or under section 143C(2) or 143D(2), and
 - (b) an explanation of the ways in which having regard to the matters specified in or under section 143G(1) has affected the proposed rules,(as well as being accompanied by the information listed in section 138I(2)).
- (2) If the FCA makes the proposed Part 9C rules, it must publish—
 - (a) a summary of the purpose of the proposed rules, and
 - (b) explanations complying with subsection (1),(as well as the information required by section 138I(4) and (5)).
- (3) This section is subject to section 143I.

Exceptions from sections 143G and 143H

- 143I) Sections 143G and 143H do not apply where the FCA makes Part 9C rules—
 - (a) in order to comply with a direction given by the Financial Policy Committee of the Bank of England under section 9H of the Bank of England Act 1998 (directions requiring macro-prudential measures), or
 - (b) in order to act in accordance with a recommendation made by that Committee under section 9Q of that Act (recommendations about the exercise of the FCA's functions).
- (2) Section 143H does not apply in relation to Part 9C rules if the FCA considers that the delay involved in complying with that section would be prejudicial to the interests of consumers (as defined in section 425A).

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- (3) If the FCA proposes Part 9C rules that change existing Part 9C rules and the changes consist of or include changes which, in the FCA's opinion, are not material—
 - (a) the explanations described in section 143H(1) are not required in relation to the rules to the extent that they make those changes, but
 - (b) the draft of the rules must be accompanied by a statement of the FCA's opinion.
- (4) If the FCA makes Part 9C rules that change existing Part 9C rules and the changes consist of or include changes which, in the FCA's opinion, are not material—
 - (a) the summary and explanations described in section 143H(2) are not required in relation to the rules to the extent that they make those changes, but
 - (b) the FCA must publish a statement of its opinion.
- (5) For the purposes of this section, whether a change to Part 9C rules is material is to be determined by the FCA by reference to, among other things, the risks specified in or under section 143C(2) or 143D(2) and the matters specified in or under section 143G(1).

Requirement to have UK parent undertaking

Requirement to have UK parent undertaking

- 143J) This section applies where—
- (a) two or more FCA investment firms are subsidiary undertakings of the same parent undertaking,
 - (b) the parent undertaking's head office is in a country or territory outside the United Kingdom, and
 - (c) in the FCA's opinion, the law and practice in the other country or territory does not impose requirements on the parent undertaking which have equivalent effect to requirements imposed by Part 9C rules.
- (2) Where this section applies, the FCA may exercise its power under section 55L(3) to impose a requirement on the FCA investment firms to secure that a parent undertaking with its head office in the United Kingdom is established.

Imposition of requirements on non-authorised parent undertakings

Imposition of requirements on non-authorised parent undertakings

- 143K) The FCA may, on the application of a non-authorised parent undertaking of an FCA investment firm—
- (a) impose a requirement on the parent undertaking,
 - (b) vary a requirement imposed on the parent undertaking under this section, or
 - (c) cancel such a requirement.

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- (2) The FCA may exercise its power under subsection (3) in relation to a non-authorised parent undertaking of an FCA investment firm if it appears to the FCA that—
 - (a) it is necessary or expedient to do so in order to manage risks specified in or under section 143D(2), and
 - (b) it is desirable to do so in order to advance one or more of its operational objectives.
- (3) The FCA's power under this subsection is a power—
 - (a) to impose a requirement,
 - (b) to vary a requirement imposed under this section, or
 - (c) to cancel such a requirement.
- (4) The FCA may refuse an application under subsection (1) if it appears to the FCA that it is desirable to do so in order to advance one or more of the FCA's operational objectives.
- (5) A requirement may, in particular, be imposed under this section—
 - (a) so as to require the parent undertaking to take specified action, or
 - (b) so as to require the parent undertaking to refrain from taking specified action.
- (6) A requirement may be imposed by reference to the parent undertaking's relationship with—
 - (a) its group, or
 - (b) other members of its group.
- (7) A requirement may refer to the past conduct of the parent undertaking (for example, by requiring the parent undertaking to review or take remedial action in respect of past conduct).
- (8) A requirement may be expressed to expire at the end of a specified period, but the imposition of a requirement that expires at the end of a specified period does not affect the FCA's power to impose a new requirement.
- (9) A requirement ceases to be in force if the person on whom it is imposed ceases to be a non-authorised parent undertaking of an FCA investment firm.
- (10) For the purposes of a provision of this section which refers to the FCA's operational objectives, in relation to the exercise of a power in relation to a particular parent undertaking, it does not matter whether there is a relationship between the parent undertaking and the persons whose interests will be protected by the exercise of the power.

Applications under section 143K

- 143(1) An application under section 143K(1) for the imposition or variation of a requirement must contain a statement of the desired requirement or variation.
- (2) An application under section 143K(1)—
 - (a) must be made in such manner as the FCA may direct, and
 - (b) must contain, or be accompanied by, such other information as the FCA may reasonably require.

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- (3) At any time after the application is received and before it is determined, the FCA may require the applicant to provide it with such further information as the FCA reasonably considers necessary to enable it to determine the application.
- (4) The FCA may require an applicant to provide information which the applicant is required to provide the FCA under this section in such form, or to verify it in such a way, as the FCA may direct.
- (5) Different directions may be given, and different requirements imposed, in relation to different applications or categories of application.

Determination of applications under section 143K

- 143M) The FCA must determine an application under section 143K(1)—
- (a) if the application is complete, before the end of the period of six months beginning with the day on which the FCA received the application, or
 - (b) if the application is incomplete, before the end of the period of 12 months beginning with the day on which the FCA received the application.
- (2) The applicant may withdraw the application, by giving the FCA a written notice, at any time before the FCA determines it.
 - (3) If the FCA grants an application under section 143K(1), it must give the applicant a written notice.
 - (4) The notice must state the date from which the requirement or variation has effect.

Refusal of applications under section 143K

- 143N) If the FCA proposes to refuse an application under section 143K(1), it must give the applicant a warning notice.
- (2) If the FCA decides to refuse an application under section 143K(1), it must give the applicant a decision notice.

Exercise of own-initiative power under section 143K

- 143O) The imposition or variation of a requirement by the FCA under section 143K(2) takes effect—
- (a) immediately, if the notice given under subsection (3) states that is the case,
 - (b) on such date as may be specified in the notice, or
 - (c) if no date is specified in the notice, when the matter to which the notice relates is no longer open to review.
- (2) The imposition or variation of the requirement may be expressed to take effect immediately, or on a specified date, only if the FCA reasonably considers that it is necessary for it to take effect immediately or on that date, having regard to the ground on which it is exercising its power under section 143K(2).

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- (3) If the FCA—
- (a) proposes to exercise its power under section 143K(2) so as to impose a requirement on a parent undertaking or to vary a requirement imposed on a parent undertaking, or
 - (b) exercises that power so as to impose a requirement on a parent undertaking, or to vary a requirement imposed on a parent undertaking, with immediate effect,
- it must give the parent undertaking a written notice.
- (4) The notice must—
- (a) give details of the requirement or its variation,
 - (b) state the FCA's reasons for imposing or varying the requirement,
 - (c) inform the parent undertaking that it may make representations to the FCA within the period specified in the notice (whether or not the parent undertaking has referred the matter to the Tribunal),
 - (d) inform the parent undertaking of when the imposition or variation of the requirement takes effect, and
 - (e) inform the parent undertaking of its right to refer the matter to the Tribunal.
- (5) The FCA may extend the period allowed under the notice for making representations.
- (6) If, having considered any representations made by the parent undertaking, the FCA decides—
- (a) to impose the requirement or vary the requirement in the way proposed, or
 - (b) if the requirement has been imposed or varied, not to rescind its imposition or variation,
- it must give the parent undertaking a written notice.
- (7) A notice under subsection (6) must inform the parent undertaking of its right to refer the matter to the Tribunal.
- (8) If, having considered any representations made by the parent undertaking, the FCA decides—
- (a) not to impose the requirement or vary the requirement in the way proposed,
 - (b) to impose a different requirement or vary the requirement in a different way, or
 - (c) to rescind a requirement or variation which has effect,
- it must give the parent undertaking a written notice.
- (9) A notice under subsection (8)(b) must comply with subsection (4).
- (10) If a notice under this section informs a person of the person's right to refer a matter to the Tribunal, it must give an indication of the procedure for such a reference.
- (11) For the purposes of subsection (1)(c), whether a matter is open to review is to be determined in accordance with section 391(8).

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Right to refer matters to the Tribunal

- 143P) An applicant who is aggrieved by the determination of an application under section 143K(1) may refer the matter to the Tribunal.
- (2) A parent undertaking aggrieved by the exercise by the FCA of its power under section 143K(2) to impose a requirement on the parent undertaking, or vary a requirement imposed on the parent undertaking, may refer the matter to the Tribunal.

Assets requirements

- 143Q) This section makes provision about a requirement imposed on a non-authorised parent undertaking of an FCA investment firm (“N”) under section 143K—
- (a) prohibiting the disposal of, or other dealing with, any of N's assets (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) or restricting such disposals or dealings, or
 - (b) requiring that some or all of N's assets, or some or all assets belonging to consumers (as defined in section 1G) but held by N or to N's order, must be transferred to and held by a trustee approved by the FCA.
- (2) If the FCA—
- (a) imposes a requirement described in subsection (1)(a), and
 - (b) gives notice of the requirement to an institution with whom N keeps an account,
- the notice has the effects set out in subsection (3).
- (3) Those effects are that—
- (a) the institution does not act in breach of a contract with N if, having been instructed by N (or on N's behalf) to transfer a sum or otherwise make a payment out of N's account, it refuses to do so in the reasonably held belief that complying with the instruction would be incompatible with the requirement, and
 - (b) if the institution complies with such an instruction, it is liable to pay to the FCA an amount equal to the amount transferred from, or otherwise paid out of, N's account in contravention of the requirement.
- (4) If the FCA imposes a requirement described in subsection (1)(b), no assets held by a person as trustee in accordance with the requirement may, while the requirement is in force, be released or dealt with except with the consent of the FCA.
- (5) If, while a requirement described in subsection (1)(b) is in force, N creates a charge over any assets of N held in accordance with the requirement, the charge is (to the extent that it confers security over the assets) void against the liquidator and N's creditors.
- (6) Assets held by a person as trustee are to be taken to be held by the trustee in accordance with a requirement mentioned in subsection (1)(b) only if—

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- (a) N has given the trustee a written notice that those assets are to be held by the trustee in accordance with the requirement, or
 - (b) they are assets into which assets to which paragraph (a) applies have been transposed by the trustee on the instruction of N.
- (7) A person who contravenes subsection (4) commits an offence and is liable—
- (a) on summary conviction in England and Wales, to a fine;
 - (b) on summary conviction in Scotland or Northern Ireland, to a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale.
- (8) In this section, references to imposing a requirement (however expressed) include imposing a requirement by varying an existing requirement.
- (9) In this paragraph, “charge” includes a mortgage (or, in Scotland, a security over property).
- (10) Subsections (4) and (6) do not affect any equitable interest or remedy in favour of a person who is a beneficiary of a trust as a result of a requirement described in subsection (1)(b).

Control of managers etc of non-authorised parent undertakings

Managers of non-authorised parent undertakings

- 143R A non-authorised parent undertaking of an FCA investment firm must take reasonable care to ensure that members of its management body—
- (a) are of sufficiently good repute, and
 - (b) possess sufficient knowledge, skills and experience to perform their duties effectively.

Part 9C prohibition orders

- 143S Subsection (2) applies where it appears to the FCA that an individual—
- (a) is not of sufficiently good repute, or
 - (b) does not possess sufficient knowledge, skills and experience,
- to perform a function in relation to an activity carried on by a non-authorised parent undertaking of an FCA investment firm.
- (2) The FCA may make an order (“a Part 9C prohibition order”) prohibiting the individual from performing the function.
- (3) A Part 9C prohibition order may relate to—
- (a) all functions in relation to an activity carried on by a non-authorised parent undertaking of an FCA investment firm, or
 - (b) a function specified in the order or of a description specified in the order.
- (4) A Part 9C prohibition order may relate to—
- (a) all activities of a non-authorised parent undertaking of an FCA investment firm, or
 - (b) an activity specified in the order or of a description specified in the order.

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- (5) A Part 9C prohibition order may relate to—
 - (a) all non-authorised parent undertakings of FCA investment firms, or
 - (b) an undertaking specified, or within a description specified, in the order.
- (6) A non-authorised parent undertaking of an FCA investment firm must take reasonable care to ensure that none of its functions is performed by a person who is prohibited from performing that function by a Part 9C prohibition order.

Procedure for making a Part 9C prohibition order

- 143(I) If the FCA proposes to make a Part 9C prohibition order it must give the individual to whom the order would apply a warning notice.
- (2) The warning notice must set out the terms of the prohibition.
 - (3) If the FCA decides to make a Part 9C prohibition order it must give the individual to whom the order applies a decision notice.
 - (4) The decision notice must—
 - (a) name the individual to whom the Part 9C prohibition order applies, and
 - (b) set out the terms of the order.
 - (5) If the FCA decides to make a Part 9C prohibition order, the individual to whom the order applies may refer the matter to the Tribunal.

Varying and withdrawing a Part 9C prohibition order

- 143(J) The FCA may vary or revoke a Part 9C prohibition order on the application of the individual named in the order.
- (2) On an application for the variation or revocation of a Part 9C prohibition order—
 - (a) if the FCA decides to grant the application, it must give the applicant written notice of its decision,
 - (b) if the FCA proposes to refuse the application, it must give the applicant a warning notice, and
 - (c) if the FCA decides to refuse the application, it must give the applicant a decision notice.
 - (3) If the FCA gives the applicant a decision notice under subsection (2)(c), the applicant may refer the matter to the Tribunal.

Offence of breaching a Part 9C prohibition order

- 143(K) An individual who performs a function, or agrees to perform a function, in breach of a Part 9C prohibition order commits an offence.
- (2) An individual who commits an offence under this section is liable—
 - (a) on summary conviction in England and Wales, to a fine, and

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- (b) on summary conviction in Scotland or Northern Ireland, to a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale.
- (3) In proceedings for an offence under this section, it is a defence for the individual to show that they took all reasonable precautions and exercised all due diligence to avoid committing the offence.

Disciplinary measures for non-authorised parent undertakings

Disciplinary measures

- 143W) This section applies if the FCA is satisfied that a non-authorised parent undertaking of an FCA investment firm has contravened—
- (a) a provision of Part 9C rules,
 - (b) a requirement imposed under section 143K,
 - (c) section 143R, or
 - (d) section 143S(6).
- (2) The FCA may impose a penalty of such amount as it considers appropriate on any of the following—
- (a) the non-authorised parent undertaking;
 - (b) a person who was knowingly concerned in the contravention.
- (3) The FCA may (instead of or in addition to imposing a penalty under subsection (2)) publish a statement to the effect that the person has contravened, or been knowingly concerned in a contravention of, a provision of Part 9C rules.
- (4) Subsection (5) applies to—
- (a) a member of the management body of the non-authorised parent undertaking, or
 - (b) a person not falling within paragraph (a) who is an employee of the non-authorised parent undertaking,
- who was, at any time, knowingly concerned in the contravention.
- (5) The FCA may impose, for such period as it considers appropriate, restrictions (including a ban) on the exercise by the person of functions of an FCA investment firm or a parent undertaking of an FCA investment firm.
- (6) The FCA may—
- (a) vary a restriction imposed under subsection (5) so as to reduce the period for which it has effect or otherwise to limit its effect, or
 - (b) cancel the restriction.
- (7) The FCA may not take action against a person under this section after the end of the limitation period unless, before the end of that period, it has given a warning notice to the person under section 143X.
- (8) In subsection (7), “the limitation period” means the period of six years beginning with the first day on which the FCA knew of the contravention.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

Changes to legislation: Financial Services Act 2021 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 20 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (9) For the purpose of subsection (8), the FCA is to be treated as knowing of a contravention if it has information from which the contravention can reasonably be inferred.
- (10) In this section, “management body” means the board of directors or, if there is no such board, the equivalent body responsible for the management of the undertaking concerned.
- (11) The reference in subsection (4) to an employee of a person (“P”) includes a person who—
 - (a) personally provides, or is under an obligation personally to provide, services to P under an arrangement made between P and the person providing the services or another person, and
 - (b) is subject to (or to the right of) supervision, direction or control by P as to the manner in which those services are provided.

Procedure for disciplinary measures

- 143X(1) If the FCA proposes to take action against a person under section 143W(2), (3) or (5) it must give the person a warning notice.
 - (2) A warning notice about a proposal to impose a penalty must state the amount of the penalty.
 - (3) A warning notice about a proposal to publish a statement must set out the terms of the statement.
 - (4) A warning notice about a proposal to impose a restriction under section 143W(5) must state—
 - (a) the terms of the restriction, and
 - (b) the period for which the restriction is to have effect.
 - (5) If the FCA decides to take action against a person under section 143W(2), (3) or (5) it must give the person a decision notice.
 - (6) A decision notice about the imposition of a penalty must state the amount of the penalty.
 - (7) A decision notice about the publication of a statement must state the terms of the statement.
 - (8) After the statement is published, the FCA must send a copy of the statement to—
 - (a) the person in respect of whom it is made, and
 - (b) any person to whom a copy of the decision notice was given under section 393(4).
 - (9) A decision notice about the imposition of a restriction under section 143W(5) must state—
 - (a) the terms of the restriction, and
 - (b) the period for which the restriction is to have effect.
 - (10) If the FCA decides to take action against a person under section 143W(2), (3) or (5), the person may refer the matter to the Tribunal.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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- (11) If the FCA decides to vary or cancel a restriction under section 143W(6), it must give written notice of its decision to the applicant.

Statement of policy for penalties under section 143W

- 143~~W~~(1) The FCA must prepare and issue a statement of policy with respect to—
- (a) the imposition of penalties under section 143W, and
 - (b) the amount of penalties under that section.
- (2) The FCA's policy in determining what the amount of a penalty should be must include having regard to—
- (a) the seriousness of the contravention,
 - (b) the extent to which the contravention was deliberate or reckless, and
 - (c) whether the person on whom the penalty is to be imposed is an individual.
- (3) The FCA may at any time alter or replace a statement issued under this section.
- (4) If a statement issued under this section is altered or replaced, the FCA must issue the altered or replacement statement.
- (5) In exercising, or deciding whether to exercise, a power under section 143W(2) in the case of any particular contravention, the FCA must have regard to any statement of policy published under this section and in force at a time when the contravention occurred.
- (6) A statement under this section must be published by the FCA in the way appearing to the FCA to be best calculated to bring it to the attention of the public.
- (7) The FCA must, without delay, give the Treasury a copy of any statement which it publishes under this section.
- (8) The FCA may charge a reasonable fee for providing a person with a copy of a statement published under this section.

Procedure for statement of policy

- 143~~W~~(1) Before issuing a statement of policy under section 143Y, the FCA must publish a draft of the proposed statement in the way appearing to the FCA to be best calculated to bring it to the attention of the public.
- (2) The draft must be accompanied by notice that representations about the proposal may be made to the FCA within a specified time.
- (3) Before issuing the proposed statement, the FCA must have regard to any representations made to it in accordance with subsection (2).
- (4) If the FCA issues the proposed statement, it must publish an account in general terms of—
- (a) the representations made to it in accordance with subsection (2), and
 - (b) its response to them.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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- (5) If the statement differs from the draft published under subsection (1) in a way which is, in the FCA's opinion, significant, the FCA must publish details of the difference (in addition to complying with subsection (4)).
- (6) The FCA may charge a reasonable fee for providing a person with a copy of a draft published under subsection (1).
- (7) This section also applies to a proposal to alter or replace a statement.”

Commencement Information

I1 Sch. 2 para. 1 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 4(b)

PART 2

MINOR AND CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS

- 2 The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 is amended as follows.

Commencement Information

I2 Sch. 2 para. 2 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 4(b)

- 3 In section 133(7A) (proceedings before the Tribunal: meaning of “disciplinary reference”), after paragraph (ia) insert—
“(ib) a decision to take action under section 143W;”.

Commencement Information

I3 Sch. 2 para. 3 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 4(b)

- 4 In section 137A (the FCA's general rules), at the end insert—
“(7) Subsection (6) is subject to sections 143C(4) and 143D(6).”

Commencement Information

I4 Sch. 2 para. 4 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 4(b)

- 5 In section 165(7) (regulators' power to require information), after paragraph (d) insert—
“(da) by the FCA, to impose requirements on a person who provides, or has provided, a service to an FCA investment firm or to a relevant parent undertaking of such a firm;”.

Commencement Information

I5 Sch. 2 para. 5 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 4(b)

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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- 6 (1) Section 166 (regulators' power to require reports by skilled persons) is amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (10), after “subsection (11)” insert “ or (12) ”.
- (3) After subsection (11) insert—
- “(12) This subsection applies to a person who provides, or has provided, a service to an FCA investment firm or to a relevant parent undertaking of such a firm.”

Commencement Information

I6 Sch. 2 para. 6 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 4(b)

- 7 (1) Section 167 (regulators' power to appoint investigators) is amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (1)—
- (a) in paragraph (a), for “a recognised investment exchange or an authorised person or of” substitute “ a person to whom subsection (1A) applies or ”, and
- (b) in paragraph (c), for “a recognised investment exchange or an authorised person” substitute “ a person to whom subsection (1A) applies ”.
- (3) After subsection (1) insert—
- “(1A) This subsection applies to the following persons—
- (a) a recognised investment exchange;
- (b) an authorised person;
- (c) a relevant parent undertaking of an FCA investment firm;
- (d) a person who provides a service to an FCA investment firm or to a relevant parent undertaking of such a firm.”
- (4) For subsection (4) substitute—
- “(4A) The power conferred by this section may be exercised in relation to a person who has at any time been an authorised person or a person described in subsection (1A)(c) or (d) but only in relation to—
- (a) business carried on at any time when the person was an authorised person or a person described in subsection (1A)(c) or (d), or
- (b) the ownership or control of the person at such a time.
- (4B) The power conferred by this section may be exercised in relation to a person who has at any time been an appointed representative but only in relation to business carried on at any time when the person was an appointed representative.”
- (5) In subsection (5A), at the end insert—
- “(d) in relation to a person who is, or has at any time been, a person described in subsection (1A)(c) or (d) who is not an authorised person, the FCA.”

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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Commencement Information

I7 Sch. 2 para. 7 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 4(b)

- 8 (1) In section 168(4), after paragraph (i) insert—
- “(ia) a person may have failed to comply with section 143R;
 - (ib) an individual may have performed or agreed to perform a function in breach of a Part 9C prohibition order;
 - (ic) a person may have failed to comply with section 143S(6);”.
- (2) Section 171 (powers of person appointed under section 167) is amended as follows.
- (3) In subsection (1), for the words before paragraph (a) substitute “ An investigator may require a person to whom subsection (1A) applies— ”.
- (4) After subsection (1) insert—
- “(1A) This subsection applies to the following persons—
- (a) the person who is the subject of the investigation (“the person under investigation”);
 - (b) any person connected with the person under investigation;
 - (c) where the person under investigation is an FCA investment firm, a person who provides, or has provided, a service to the firm or to a relevant parent undertaking of the firm;
 - (d) where the person under investigation is a relevant parent undertaking of an FCA investment firm, a person who provides, or has provided, a service to the parent undertaking or to the firm.”

Commencement Information

I8 Sch. 2 para. 8 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 4(b)

- 9 (1) Section 176 (entry of premises under warrant) is amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (3)(a), for “an authorised person or an appointed representative” substitute “ a person to whom subsection (3A) applies ”.
- (3) After subsection (3) insert—
- “(3A) This subsection applies to the following persons—
- (a) an authorised person;
 - (b) an appointed representative;
 - (c) a relevant parent undertaking of an FCA investment firm;
 - (d) a person who provides a service to an FCA investment firm or to a relevant parent undertaking of such a firm.”

Commencement Information

I9 Sch. 2 para. 9 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 4(b)

- 10 After section 177 insert—

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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“Interpretation

177A Interpretation of Part 11

In this Part—

“FCA investment firm” has the meaning given in section 143A;

“relevant parent undertaking”, in relation to an FCA investment firm, means an authorised parent undertaking or a non-authorised parent undertaking (as defined in section 143B).”

Commencement Information

I10 Sch. 2 para. 10 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 4(b)

- 11 In section 347(1)(g) (record of authorised persons etc), after “order” insert “ or Part 9C prohibition order ”.

Commencement Information

I11 Sch. 2 para. 11 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 4(b)

- 12 In section 391(1ZB) (publication of warning notices), after paragraph (ia) insert—
“(ib) section 143T;
(ic) section 143X;”.

Commencement Information

I12 Sch. 2 para. 12 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 4(b)

- 13 In section 392 (application of third party rights to notices)—
(a) in paragraph (a), after “142T(1),” insert “ 143N(1), 143T(1), 143U(2), 143X(1), ”, and
(b) in paragraph (b), after “142T(4),” insert “ 143N(2), 143T(3), 143U(2), 143X(5), ”.

Commencement Information

I13 Sch. 2 para. 13 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 4(b)

- 14 In section 395(13) (meaning of supervisory notice), after paragraph (bba) insert—
“(bbb) section 143O(3), (6) or (8)(b);”.

Commencement Information

I14 Sch. 2 para. 14 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 4(b)

- 15 (1) Section 417(1) (definitions) is amended as follows.
(2) At the appropriate place insert—

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“Part 9C prohibition order” has the meaning given in section 143S;

“Part 9C rules” has the meaning given in section 143F;”.

- (3) In the definition of “prohibition order”, after “order” insert “ (except in the expression “Part 9C prohibition order”) ”.

Commencement Information

I15 Sch. 2 para. 15 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 4(b)

- 16 In section 424A(1) (investment firm), after “this Act” insert “ (except as otherwise provided) ”.

Commencement Information

I16 Sch. 2 para. 16 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 4(b)

- 17 (1) Section 429 (parliamentary control of statutory instruments) is amended as follows.
(2) In subsection (2), after “142W,” insert “ 143C(2), 143D(2), 143G(1), ”.
(3) In subsection (2B), after paragraph (b) insert—
“(ba) provision made under section 143B(2) which amends this Act;”.

Commencement Information

I17 Sch. 2 para. 17 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 4(b)

- 18 In paragraph 20(4) of Schedule 1ZA (enforcement costs), after paragraph (b) insert—
“(ba) its powers under section 143S (Part 9C prohibition orders);”.

Commencement Information

I18 Sch. 2 para. 18 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 4(b)

PART 3

TRANSITIONAL PROVISION

Rules made before Part 1 of this Schedule comes into force

- 19 (1) The Financial Conduct Authority may identify general rules made under section 137A of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 before Part 1 of this Schedule comes into force and without complying with sections 143G and 143H of that Act (“pre-commencement rules”) that are to be Part 9C rules.
(2) Where the Financial Conduct Authority identifies such rules, it must, as soon as reasonably practicable after Part 1 of this Schedule comes into force, publish—

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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- (a) a list of the pre-commencement rules that are to be Part 9C rules, and
 - (b) a statement confirming that, in deciding that those pre-commencement rules should be Part 9C rules, the Financial Conduct Authority has—
 - (i) considered the risks specified in or under section 143C(2) or 143D(2) and the matters specified in or under section 143G(1), and
 - (ii) considered, and consulted the Treasury about, the likely effect of the rules on relevant equivalence decisions (as defined in section 143G).
- (3) Rules included in the list published in accordance with sub-paragraph (2)(a) are to be treated for all purposes as Part 9C rules.

Commencement Information

I19 Sch. 2 para. 19 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 4(b)

Pre-commencement consultation etc

- 20 (1) In relation to Part 9C rules, the requirements of the provisions listed in sub-paragraph (2) may be satisfied by things done before Part 1 of this Schedule comes into force (as well as by things done after that time).
- (2) Those provisions are—
- (a) section 138I of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (consultation);
 - (b) sections 143G to 143I of that Act (inserted by Part 1 of this Schedule).

Commencement Information

I20 Sch. 2 para. 20 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 4(b)

Relevant equivalence decisions

- 21 For the purposes of section 143G of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (inserted by Part 1 of this Schedule), an equivalence decision may be a relevant equivalence decision by virtue of a notice in writing given by the Treasury before Part 1 of this Schedule comes into force (as well as by a notice given after that time).

Commencement Information

I21 Sch. 2 para. 21 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 4(b)

Carbon target

- 22 In relation to the making of Part 9C rules that are made on or before 1 January 2022—
- (a) paragraph (c) of section 143G(1) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (duty to have regard to carbon target for 2050) does not apply, and
 - (b) section 143H(1)(b) of that Act does not require an explanation in respect of matters specified in that paragraph.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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Commencement Information

I22 Sch. 2 para. 22 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 4(b)

Interpretation

- 23 In this Part of this Schedule, “Part 9C rules” has the same meaning as in the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (see section 143F of that Act, inserted by Part 1 of this Schedule).

Commencement Information

I23 Sch. 2 para. 23 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 4(b)

SCHEDULE 3

Section 5

PRUDENTIAL REGULATION OF CREDIT INSTITUTIONS ETC

PART 1

NEW PART 9D OF THE FINANCIAL SERVICES AND MARKETS ACT 2000

- 1 In the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, after Part 9C (inserted by Schedule 2 to this Act) insert—

“PART 9D

PRUDENTIAL REGULATION OF CREDIT INSTITUTIONS ETC

Interpretation

CRR rules

144A(1) In this Act, “CRR rules” means rules of a type described in subsection (2) to the extent that they make provision about a matter described in subsection (3).

- (2) The types of rules are—
- (a) general rules made, or to be made, by the PRA applying to CRR firms or a description of CRR firm;
 - (b) rules made, or to be made, under section 192XA.
- (3) The matters are any matter that is the subject of—
- (a) a relevant provision of the capital requirements regulation, or
 - (b) a CRR Basel standard.
- (4) For the purposes of subsection (3)(a), a provision is “relevant” if—

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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- (a) it has been or may be revoked by regulations made under section 3(1) of the Financial Services Act 2021, or
 - (b) it has been revoked by regulations made under section 3(3) or (5) of that Act.
- (5) In subsection (3)—
- (a) the reference to a matter that is the subject of a provision of the capital requirements regulation includes a matter that is the subject of an instrument made under the provision, and
 - (b) the reference to a matter that is the subject of a CRR Basel standard includes such a matter as it relates to any CRR firm (even where the standard in question does not apply to all CRR firms).

Terms used in this Part

144(B) In this Part—

“CRR Basel standard” has the meaning given in section 4 of the Financial Services Act 2021;

“CRR firm” has the same meaning as in the capital requirements regulation;

“EU tertiary legislation” has the meaning given in section 20 of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018.

- (2) In this Part, references to instruments made under the capital requirements regulation include EU tertiary legislation made under that regulation which forms part of retained EU law.

Making CRR rules

Matters to consider when making CRR rules

144(C) When making CRR rules, the PRA must, among other things, have regard to—

- (a) relevant standards recommended by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision from time to time,
 - (b) the likely effect of the rules on the relative standing of the United Kingdom as a place for internationally active credit institutions and investment firms to be based or to carry on activities,
 - (c) the likely effect of the rules on the ability of CRR firms to continue to provide finance to businesses and consumers in the United Kingdom on a sustainable basis in the medium and long term,
 - (d) the target in section 1 of the Climate Change Act 2008 (carbon target for 2050), and
 - (e) any other matter specified by the Treasury by regulations.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1)(b), the PRA must consider the United Kingdom's standing in relation to the other countries and territories in which, in its opinion, internationally active credit institutions and investment firms are most likely to choose to be based or carry on activities.
- (3) When making CRR rules, the PRA must consider, and consult the Treasury about, the likely effect of the rules on relevant equivalence decisions.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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- (4) For the purpose of this section, an equivalence decision is “relevant” if the Treasury have, by notice in writing, informed the PRA that it is relevant for that purpose.
- (5) In this section—
- “consumer” means an individual who is acting for purposes outside those of any trade, business or profession carried on by the individual;
- “equivalence decision” means a decision as to whether the law and practice of one country or territory is equivalent to the law and practice of another country or territory, either generally or as it relates to a particular matter;
- “territory” includes the European Union and any other international organisation or authority comprising countries or territories.
- (6) This section is subject to section 144E.

Explanation to accompany consultation on CRR rules

- 144D) A draft of proposed CRR rules published in accordance with section 138J(1) (b) must be accompanied by an explanation of the ways in which having regard to the matters specified in or under section 144C(1) has affected the proposed rules (as well as being accompanied by the information listed in section 138J(2)).
- (2) If the PRA makes the proposed CRR rules, it must publish—
- (a) a summary of the purpose of the proposed rules, and
- (b) an explanation complying with subsection (1),
- (as well as the information required by section 138J(4) and (5)).
- (3) This section is subject to section 144E.

Exceptions from sections 144C and 144D etc

- 144E) Sections 144C and 144D do not apply where the PRA makes CRR rules—
- (a) in order to comply with a direction given by the Financial Policy Committee of the Bank of England under section 9H of the Bank of England Act 1998 (directions requiring macro-prudential measures), or
- (b) in order to act in accordance with a recommendation made by that Committee under section 9Q of that Act (recommendations about the exercise of the PRA's functions).
- (2) Section 144C does not apply where the PRA makes CRR rules to the extent that they make provision (“CRR restatement provision”) reproducing without any changes which, in the PRA's opinion, are material—
- (a) a provision of the capital requirements regulation as it had effect immediately before it was revoked by regulations made under section 3 of the Financial Services Act 2021, or

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- (b) a provision of an instrument made under the capital requirements regulation as it had effect immediately before it was revoked by such regulations.
- (3) The following do not apply in relation to CRR rules to the extent that they make CRR restatement provision—
 - (a) section 138J, other than subsection (1)(a),
 - (b) section 138K, and
 - (c) section 144D,but, if it makes rules making such provision, the PRA must publish a statement of which provisions of the capital requirements regulation, or of the instrument made under that regulation, are reproduced and what changes (if any) are made.
- (4) Section 144D does not apply in relation to CRR rules if the PRA considers that the delay involved in complying with that section would be prejudicial to the safety and soundness of PRA-authorised persons.
- (5) If the PRA proposes CRR rules that change existing CRR rules and the changes consist of or include changes which, in the PRA's opinion, are not material—
 - (a) the explanation described in section 144D(1) is not required in relation to the rules to the extent that they make those changes, but
 - (b) the draft of the rules must be accompanied by a statement of the PRA's opinion.
- (6) If the PRA makes CRR rules that change existing CRR rules and the changes consist of or include changes which, in the PRA's opinion, are not material—
 - (a) the summary and explanation described in section 144D(2) are not required in relation to the rules to the extent that they make those changes, but
 - (b) the PRA must publish a statement of its opinion.
- (7) For the purposes of this section, whether a change is material is to be determined by the PRA by reference to, among other things, the matters specified in or under section 144C(1).

Power to consequentially amend enactments

144F(1) The Treasury may by regulations make provision amending an enactment that is consequential on CRR rules.

- (2) In this section—
 - “enactment” includes—
 - (a) retained direct EU legislation,
 - (b) an enactment comprised in subordinate legislation,
 - (c) an enactment comprised in, or in an instrument made under, a Measure or Act of Senedd Cymru,
 - (d) an enactment comprised in, or in an instrument made under, an Act of the Scottish Parliament, and
 - (e) an enactment comprised in, or in an instrument made under, Northern Ireland legislation;

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“subordinate legislation” has the same meaning as in the Interpretation Act 1978 (see section 21 of that Act).

Content of CRR rules

Disapplication or modification of CRR rules in individual cases

- 144(G) This section applies to a CRR rule if, or to the extent that, CRR rules provide for it to apply to the rule.
- (2) The PRA may, on the application of or with the consent of a person who is subject to CRR rules, give the person a permission that enables the person—
- (a) not to apply the CRR rule, or
 - (b) to apply the CRR rule with the modifications specified in the permission.
- (3) The PRA may—
- (a) give permission under this section subject to conditions, and
 - (b) revoke or vary permission under this section.

Relationship with the capital requirements regulation

- 144(H) CRR rules may make provision by reference to the capital requirements regulation, to an instrument made under the capital requirements regulation or to Directive 2013/36/EU UK law, as amended from time to time.
- (2) CRR rules may, despite section 137G(6), include provision that modifies the capital requirements regulation or an instrument made under that regulation (but may not amend or revoke a provision of that regulation or such an instrument).
- (3) In this section, “Directive 2013/36/EU UK law” means the law of the United Kingdom which was relied on immediately before IP completion day to implement the capital requirements directive and its implementing measures as it has effect—
- (a) on IP completion day, in the case of rules made by the PRA or the FCA under this Act, and
 - (b) as amended from time to time, in all other cases.”

Commencement Information

I24 Sch. 3 para. 1 in force at 9.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 2(d)

PART 2

PRA'S POWERS IN RELATION TO CERTAIN HOLDING COMPANIES

- 2 Part 12B of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (approval of certain holding companies by the PRA) is amended as follows.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

Changes to legislation: Financial Services Act 2021 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 20 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Commencement Information

I25 Sch. 3 para. 2 in force at 9.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 2(d)

3 Before section 192O insert— “ Interpretation ”.

Commencement Information

I26 Sch. 3 para. 3 in force at 9.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 2(d)

- 4 (1) Section 192O(1) (interpretation) is amended as follows.
- (2) Omit the definition of “section 192V rules”.
- (3) After that definition insert—
““section 192XA rules” means rules made under section 192XA;”.

Commencement Information

I27 Sch. 3 para. 4 in force at 9.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 2(d)

5 Before section 192P insert— “ Approval ”.

Commencement Information

I28 Sch. 3 para. 5 in force at 9.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 2(d)

6 Omit section 192V (rules imposing consolidated or sub-consolidated requirements).

Commencement Information

I29 Sch. 3 para. 6 in force at 9.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 2(d)

7 After section 192X insert—

“Rules

192XA Rules applying to holding companies

- (1) The PRA may make rules described in subsection (2) applying to financial holding companies and mixed financial holding companies that are—
- (a) approved under section 192R, or
 - (b) designated under section 192T(2)(c),
- where it appears to the PRA to be necessary or expedient to make the rules for the purpose of advancing any of its objectives.
- (2) Those rules are—
- (a) rules imposing requirements to be complied with by holding companies on a consolidated or sub-consolidated basis;

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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- (b) rules imposing requirements which, in the PRA's opinion, are likely to mitigate group risk;
 - (c) rules imposing reporting requirements related to requirements described in paragraph (a) or (b);
 - (d) rules imposing public disclosure requirements related to requirements described in paragraph (a) or (b);
 - (e) rules imposing requirements in respect of governance arrangements;
 - (f) rules imposing requirements in respect of remuneration policies and practices.
- (3) Subject to subsection (4), rules made under this section may not modify, amend or revoke any retained direct EU legislation, except retained direct EU legislation which takes the form of PRA rules.
- (4) Rules made under this section may include provision that modifies the capital requirements regulation or an instrument made under that regulation (but may not amend or revoke provisions of that regulation or such an instrument).
- (5) Rules made under this section may make provision by reference to the capital requirements regulation, to instruments made under that regulation or to Directive 2013/36/EU UK law, as amended from time to time.
- (6) Section 137H (rules about remuneration) applies where the PRA makes rules under this section prohibiting persons, or persons of a specified description, from being remunerated in a specified way as it applies where the PRA makes general rules imposing such a prohibition.
- (7) Section 137I (Treasury direction to consider compliance with remuneration policies) applies where the PRA makes rules under this section requiring financial holding companies or mixed financial holding companies, or a specified description of such companies, to act in accordance with a remuneration policy as it applies where the PRA makes general rules imposing such requirements on authorised persons, but as if—
- (a) the references in that section to authorised persons were references to financial holding companies or mixed financial holding companies, and
 - (b) subsection (7) of that section were omitted.
- (8) Section 141A (power to make consequential amendments of references to rules etc) applies to the exercise by the PRA of its power to make, alter or revoke rules under this section as it applies in relation to the exercise by the PRA of its power to make, alter or revoke rules under Part 9A.
- (9) In this section—
- “governance arrangements” includes organisational structure, lines of responsibility and internal control mechanisms;
 - “group risk” means the risk that the financial position of a financial holding company or mixed financial holding company or of a member of its group may be adversely affected—
- (a) by its relationships, whether financial or non-financial, with other members of the group, or

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- (b) by matters which affect the financial position of the group, or of a group which forms part of that group, taken as a whole (including, for example, reputational contagion).

192XB Procedural provision

- (1) For provision about the making of section 192XA rules that are CRR rules, see Part 9D.
- (2) The following provisions of Part 9D apply in relation to section 192XA rules that are not CRR rules as if they were CRR rules—
 - (a) section 144C (matters to consider when making rules);
 - (b) section 144D (explanation to accompany consultation on rules);
 - (c) section 144E(1) and (4) to (7) (exceptions from sections 144C and 144D).

192XC Disapplication or modification of rules in individual cases

- (1) This section applies to a section 192XA rule if, or to the extent that, section 192XA rules provide for it to apply to the rule.
- (2) The PRA may, on the application of or with the consent of a person who is subject to section 192XA rules, give the person a permission that enables the person—
 - (a) not to apply the section 192XA rule, or
 - (b) to apply the section 192XA rule with the modifications specified in the permission.
- (3) The PRA may—
 - (a) give permission under this section subject to conditions, and
 - (b) revoke or vary permission under this section.

Disciplinary measures”.

Commencement Information

I30 Sch. 3 para. 7 in force at 9.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 2(d)

- 8 In section 192Y(1) (power to impose penalty or issue censure), for paragraph (d) substitute—
- “(d) the capital requirements regulation or an instrument made under that regulation.””

Commencement Information

I31 Sch. 3 para. 8 in force at 9.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 2(d)

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

Changes to legislation: Financial Services Act 2021 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 20 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

PART 3

MINOR AND CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS

Bank of England Act 1998 (c. 11)

- 9 (1) Section 9H of the Bank of England Act 1998 (directions to FCA or PRA requiring macro-prudential measures) is amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (2) (definition of “regulated person”), for paragraph (b) substitute—
- “(b) in relation to the PRA—
- (i) a PRA-authorized person within the meaning of that Act, or
- (ii) a financial holding company or mixed financial holding company that is approved under section 192R of that Act or designated under section 192T(2)(c) of that Act.”
- (3) At the end insert—
- “(12) In this section—
- “the Capital Requirements Regulation” means Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms;
- “financial holding company” has the meaning given in Article 4(1)(20) of the Capital Requirements Regulation;
- “mixed financial holding company” has the meaning given in Article 4(1)(21) of the Capital Requirements Regulation.”

Commencement Information

I32 Sch. 3 para. 9 in force at 9.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 2(d)

Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (c. 8)

- 10 The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 is amended as follows.

Commencement Information

I33 Sch. 3 para. 10 in force at 9.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 2(d)

- 11 In section 137G (the PRA's general rules), at the end insert—
- “(7) Subsection (6) is subject to section 144H(2).”

Commencement Information

I34 Sch. 3 para. 11 in force at 9.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 2(d)

- 12 In section 138J(10) (consultation by the PRA), for “section 138L” substitute “sections 138L and 144E(3).”

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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Commencement Information

I35 Sch. 3 para. 12 in force at 9.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 2(d)

- 13 In section 138K (consultation: mutual societies), at the end insert—
“(7) This section is subject to section 144E(3).”

Commencement Information

I36 Sch. 3 para. 13 in force at 9.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 2(d)

- 14 (1) Section 192O (interpretation of Part 12B) is amended as follows.
(2) In subsection (1)—
(a) in the definition of “Directive 2013/36/EU UK law”, omit the words following paragraph (b), and
(b) after that definition insert—
““EU tertiary legislation” has the meaning given in section 20 of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018;”.
- (3) At the end insert—
“(3) In this Part, references to instruments made under the capital requirements regulation include EU tertiary legislation made under that regulation which forms part of retained EU law.”

Commencement Information

I37 Sch. 3 para. 14 in force at 9.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 2(d)

- 15 In section 192R(3) (grant of approval)—
(a) in paragraph (a) omit “, section 192V rules” and the “and” at the end, and
(b) after that paragraph insert—
“(aa) adequate for the purpose of complying with section 192XA rules, and”.

Commencement Information

I38 Sch. 3 para. 15 in force at 9.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 2(d)

- 16 (1) Section 192T (measures) is amended as follows.
(2) In subsection (1)—
(a) omit the “and” at the end of paragraph (a),
(b) in paragraph (b) omit “, section 192V rules”, and
(c) at the end of paragraph (b) insert “, and
(c) to ensure that the relevant group complies with section 192XA rules.”
- (3) In subsection (2)(c)—

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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- (a) omit “, section 192V rules”, and
- (b) at the end insert “ and with section 192XA rules ”.

Commencement Information

I39 Sch. 3 para. 16 in force at 9.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 2(d)

- 17 In section 192Y(1) (power to impose penalty or issue censure)—
- (a) omit paragraph (c) (including the “or” at the end), and
 - (b) after that paragraph insert—
“(ca) section 192XA rules; or”.

Commencement Information

I40 Sch. 3 para. 17 in force at 9.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 2(d)

- 18 In section 417(1) (definitions), at the appropriate place, insert—
““CRR rules” has the meaning given in section 144A;”.

Commencement Information

I41 Sch. 3 para. 18 in force at 9.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 2(d)

- 19 In section 429(2) (parliamentary control of statutory instruments: affirmative procedure), before “214A” insert “ 144C(1), 144F, ”.

Commencement Information

I42 Sch. 3 para. 19 in force at 9.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 2(d)

Capital Requirements Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/3115)

- 20 The Capital Requirements Regulations 2013 (meaning of “permission” etc) is amended as follows.

Commencement Information

I43 Sch. 3 para. 20 in force at 9.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 2(d)

- 21 In regulation 2(1), in the definition of “appropriate regulator”, at the end insert “ , subject to regulation 39(2) ”.

Commencement Information

I44 Sch. 3 para. 21 in force at 9.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 2(d)

- 22 (1) Regulation 39 (meaning of “permission” etc) is amended as follows.
(2) The existing text becomes paragraph (1).

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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- (3) In that paragraph, in the definition of “permission”, after paragraph (a) insert—
- “(aa) section 144G of FSMA and CRR rules (as defined in Part 9D of FSMA);
 - (ab) section 192XC of FSMA and section 192XA rules (as defined in Part 12B of FSMA);”.
- (4) After that paragraph insert—
- “(2) In this Part, in relation to—
- (a) a decision made under a power conferred by section 144G of FSMA and CRR rules (as defined in Part 9D of FSMA) that are section 192XA rules (as defined in Part 12B of FSMA), or
 - (b) a decision made under a power conferred by section 192XC of FSMA and section 192XA rules (as defined in Part 12B of FSMA),
- “appropriate regulator” means the PRA.”

Commencement Information

I45 Sch. 3 para. 22 in force at 9.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 2(d)

PART 4

TRANSITIONAL PROVISION

Pre-commencement consultation etc

- 23 (1) In relation to general rules that are CRR rules, the requirements of the provisions listed in sub-paragraph (3) may be satisfied by things done before Part 1 of this Schedule comes into force (as well as by things done after that time).
- (2) In relation to section 192XA rules, the requirements of the provisions listed in sub-paragraph (3) may be satisfied by things done before Part 2 of this Schedule comes into force (as well as by things done after that time).
- (3) Those provisions are—
- (a) sections 138J and 138K of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (consultation);
 - (b) sections 144C to 144E of that Act (inserted by Part 1 of this Schedule).

Commencement Information

I46 Sch. 3 para. 23 in force at 9.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 2(d)

Relevant equivalence decisions

- 24 For the purposes of section 144C of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (inserted by Part 1 of this Schedule), an equivalence decision may be a relevant equivalence decision by virtue of a notice in writing given by the Treasury before Part 1 of this Schedule comes into force (as well as by a notice given after that time).

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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Commencement Information

I47 Sch. 3 para. 24 in force at 9.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 2(d)

Carbon target

- 25 In relation to the making of CRR rules or section 192XA rules that are made on or before 1 January 2022—
- (a) paragraph (d) of section 144C(1) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (duty to have regard to carbon target for 2050) does not apply, and
 - (b) section 144D(1) of that Act does not require an explanation in respect of matters specified in that paragraph.

Commencement Information

I48 Sch. 3 para. 25 in force at 9.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 2(d)

Section 192V rules

- 26 (1) Rules made by the Prudential Regulation Authority under section 192V of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and in force immediately before the day on which the repeal of that section by Part 2 of this Schedule comes into force (“the repeal day”) are to be treated, on and after that day—
- (a) as validly made section 192XA rules, and
 - (b) to the extent that they make provision about a matter described in section 144A(3) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (inserted by Part 1 of this Schedule), as validly made CRR rules.
- (2) Sections 192Y, 192Z and 192Z1 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (disciplinary measures) continue to have effect in relation to a contravention, before the repeal day, of a rule made under section 192V of that Act, despite the repeal of section 192Y(1)(c) of that Act.

Commencement Information

I49 Sch. 3 para. 26 in force at 9.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 2(d)

Interpretation

- 27 In this Part of this Schedule—
- “CRR rules” has the same meaning as in the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (see section 144A of that Act, inserted by Part 1 of this Schedule);
- “general rules” has the meaning given in section 137G(2) of that Act;
- “section 192XA rules” has the same meaning as in Part 12B of that Act (see section 192O of that Act, as amended by Part 3 of this Schedule).

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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Commencement Information

150 Sch. 3 para. 27 in force at 9.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 2(d)

SCHEDULE 4

Section 7

AMENDMENTS OF THE CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS REGULATION

VALID FROM 01/01/2022

1 The Capital Requirements Regulation is amended as follows.

VALID FROM 01/01/2022

2 In Article 4A(1)(a) (definitions: references to PRA rulebook), for “as the rulebook has effect on IP completion day” substitute “ as amended from time to time ”.

VALID FROM 01/01/2022

3 In Article 92(3) (own funds requirements), for points (b) and (c) substitute—

- “(b) the own funds requirements for the trading-book business of an institution for the following—
 - (i) market risk as determined in accordance with Title IV of this Part, excluding the approaches set out in Chapters 1a and 1b of that Title;
 - (ii) large exposures exceeding the limits specified in Articles 395 to 401, to the extent that an institution is permitted to exceed those limits, as determined in accordance with Part Four;
- (c) the own funds requirements for market risk as determined in accordance with Title IV of this Part, excluding the approaches set out in Chapters 1a and 1b of that Title, for all business activities that are subject to foreign exchange risk or commodity risk;
- (ca) the own funds requirements for settlement risk calculated in accordance with Title V of this Part, with the exception of Article 379;”.

VALID FROM 01/01/2022

4 In Article 107(3) (approaches to credit risk), for “third-country investment firms and exposures to third country credit institutions and exposures to third country

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clearing houses and exchanges” substitute “ a third-country investment firm, a third-country credit institution and a third-country exchange ”.

VALID FROM 01/01/2022

5 In Article 144(1)(g) (competent authorities' assessment of an application to use an IRB Approach), for “Article 99” substitute “ Article 430 ”.

VALID FROM 01/01/2022

6 In Article 201(1) (eligibility of protection providers under all approaches), for point (h) substitute—
“(h) qualifying central counterparties.”

VALID FROM 01/01/2022

7 (1) Article 223 (Financial Collateral Comprehensive Method) is amended as follows.
(2) In paragraph 3, in the second subparagraph, for “institutions” substitute “ , institutions using the method laid down in Section 6 of Chapter 6 ”.
(3) After paragraph 5 insert—
“5A For the purposes of the calculation under paragraph 5, in the case of OTC derivative transactions, institutions using the methods laid down in Sections 3, 4 and 5 of Chapter 6 shall take into account the risk-mitigating effects of collateral in accordance with the provisions laid down in Sections 3, 4 and 5 of Chapter 6, as applicable.”

VALID FROM 01/01/2022

8 In Article 283 (permission to use the Internal Model Method), for paragraph 4 substitute—
“4 For all OTC derivative transactions, and for long settlement transactions for which an institution has not received permission under paragraph 1 to use the IMM, the institution shall use the methods set out in Section 3. Those methods may be used in combination on a permanent basis within a group.”

VALID FROM 01/01/2022

9 For Article 298 substitute—

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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“Article 298

Effects of recognition of netting as risk-reducing

Netting for the purposes of Sections 3 to 6 shall be recognised as set out in those Sections.”

VALID FROM 01/01/2022

- 10 In Article 299(2) (items in the trading book), omit point (a).

VALID FROM 01/01/2022

- 11 In Article 384(1) (standardised method), in the definition of “EAD^{total}” —
(a) for “Title II, Chapter 6” (in the first place those words occur) substitute “Chapter 6 of Title II”, and
(b) omit the words from “An institution using” to the end of the definition.

- 12 (1) Article 500d (temporary calculation of exposure value of regular-way purchases and sales awaiting settlement in view of COVID-19 pandemic) is amended as follows.
(2) In the heading, omit “Temporary”.
(3) In paragraph 1, omit “until 27 June 2021,”.

Commencement Information

I51 Sch. 4 para. 12 in force at 26.6.2021 by S.I. 2021/671, reg. 3(b)

VALID FROM 01/01/2022

- 13 (1) Annex 2 (types of derivatives) is amended as follows.
(2) In point 1, for point (e) substitute—
“**(e)** interest-rate options;”.
(3) In point 2, for point (d) substitute—
“**(d)** currency options;”.
(4) For point 3 substitute—
“**3** Contracts of a nature similar to those in points 1(a) to (e) and 2(a) to (d) of this Annex concerning other reference items or indices. This includes as a minimum all instruments specified in paragraphs 4 to 7, 9, 10 and 11 of Part 1 of Schedule 2 to the Regulated Activities Order not otherwise included in point 1 or 2 of this Annex.”

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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SCHEDULE 5

Section 21

BENCHMARKS: MINOR AND CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS

1 The Benchmarks Regulation is amended as follows.

Commencement Information

I52 Sch. 5 para. 1 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(n)

2 (1) Article 3(1) (definitions) is amended as follows.

(2) In point (6) (administrator)—

(a) after “means” insert—

“(a),
and

(b) at the end insert “, or

(b) in the case of an Article 23A benchmark, a natural or legal person that would have control over the provision of the benchmark but for Article 23D;”.

(3) After point (25) insert—

“(25A) ‘Article 23A benchmark’ has the meaning given in Article 23A(14);”.

(4) After point (36) insert—

“(37) ‘working day’ means a day other than—

(a) Saturday or Sunday,

(b) Christmas Day or Good Friday, or

(c) a day which is a bank holiday under the Banking and Financial Dealings Act 1971 in England and Wales.”

Commencement Information

I53 Sch. 5 para. 2 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(n)

3 In Article 3, after paragraph 1 insert—

“1A References in this Regulation to the capability of a benchmark to measure the underlying market or economic reality are references to both its current capability to do so and its capability to do so in the future.”

Commencement Information

I54 Sch. 5 para. 3 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(n)

4 In Article 11 (input data), after paragraph 4 insert—

“4A In the case of a critical benchmark, paragraph 4 does not require the administrator to cease providing the benchmark before the end of a period during which the administrator is required to continue publishing the benchmark by Article 21(1) or (2) or by a decision of the FCA under Article 21(3).

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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- 4B In the case of a critical benchmark in respect of which measures adopted under Article 23(6) have effect—
- (a) paragraph 4 does not require the administrator to cease providing the benchmark while those measures have effect, and
 - (b) the administrator's duty under paragraph 4 to make changes is a duty to make changes so far as compatible with those measures.”

Commencement Information

I55 Sch. 5 para. 4 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(n)

- 5 In Article A20(5)(b) (review of critical benchmarks), for “determines” substitute “determine”.

Commencement Information

I56 Sch. 5 para. 5 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(n)

- 6 (1) Article 20 (critical benchmarks: conditions and other matters) is amended as follows.
- (2) In paragraph 5(b), for “determines” substitute “determine”.
- (3) In paragraph 5A(a)—
- (a) for “the values in points (a) and (c)(i) of paragraph 1 (the “thresholds”)” substitute “the value in point (a) of paragraph 1 (“the paragraph 1(a) value”)”, and
 - (b) for “to the thresholds” substitute “to the paragraph 1(a) value”.
- (4) In paragraph 5A(b), for “the thresholds” substitute “the paragraph 1(a) value”.
- (5) In paragraph 6(a), for “thresholds” substitute “values”.
- (6) In paragraph 6(b), for “the thresholds in points (a) and (c)(i)” substitute “the value in point (a)”.

Commencement Information

I57 Sch. 5 para. 6 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(n)

- 7 In Article 21(3) (mandatory administration of a critical benchmark), in the first subparagraph, in point (b), at the end insert “(whether by the exercise of the FCA's powers under Article 23D or otherwise)”.

Commencement Information

I58 Sch. 5 para. 7 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(n)

- 8 After Article 26 insert—

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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“CHAPTER 7 COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS

Article 26A

Compliance with requirements

Supervised entities and supervised third country entities must comply with prohibitions and other requirements imposed on them by the FCA under this Regulation.”

Commencement Information

I59 Sch. 5 para. 8 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(n)

- 9 In Article 29 (use of a benchmark), after paragraph 1 insert—
- “1A Paragraph 1 does not enable a supervised entity to use a benchmark in the United Kingdom in breach of a prohibition under Article 21A or 23B.
- 1B The use of a benchmark by a supervised entity for a financial contract, financial instrument or investment fund in breach of a prohibition under Article 21A or 23B does not affect the validity or enforceability of a contract or other arrangement.”

Commencement Information

I60 Sch. 5 para. 9 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(n)

- 10 In Article 36(1) (register of administrators and benchmarks), after point (d) insert—
- “(e) any prohibitions under Article 21A or 23B on the use of benchmarks by supervised entities that are in force;
- (f) any benchmarks that are Article 23A benchmarks.”

Commencement Information

I61 Sch. 5 para. 10 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(n)

- 11 After Article 48 insert—

“TITLE 6A

PROVISION OF INFORMATION AND PERIODS OF TIME

Article 48A

Provision of information and documents

- 1 The Treasury may by regulations make provision about the procedure to be followed, or rules to be applied, when a provision of or made under this Regulation—

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

Changes to legislation: Financial Services Act 2021 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 20 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (a) requires information or a document of any kind to be given, or
 - (b) authorises the imposition of a requirement.
- 2 The regulations may, among other things, make provision—
- (a) requiring information to be given in writing;
 - (b) requiring, or allowing, information or a document to be sent electronically;
 - (c) requiring, or allowing, information or a document to be given in another manner;
 - (d) as to the address to which information or a document must or may be sent;
 - (e) requiring a person to provide an address to which information or a document must or may be sent;
 - (f) for treating information or a document as having been given, or as having been received, on a date or at a time determined in accordance with the regulations;
 - (g) as to what must, or may, be done if the person to whom information or a document is required to be given is not an individual;
 - (h) as to what must, or may, be done if the intended recipient of information or a document is outside the United Kingdom.
- 3 Paragraph 1 applies however the obligation to give information or a document is expressed (and so, among other things, includes a provision which requires a person to be notified of something and a provision which requires a document to be submitted).
- 4 Section 7 of the Interpretation Act 1978 (service of notice by post) has effect in relation to provisions made by or under this Regulation subject to any provision made by regulations under this Article.

Article 48B

Periods of time

The following provisions of Regulation (EEC, Euratom) No. 1182/71 of the Council of 3 June 1971 determining the rules applicable to periods, dates and time limits do not apply to a reference in this Regulation to a period of time—

- (a) Article 3(2)(c) (periods expressed in weeks, months or years);
- (b) Article 3(4) (periods ending with a weekend or public holiday).”

Commencement Information

I62 Sch. 5 para. 11 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(n)

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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VALID FROM 01/09/2023

SCHEDULE 6

Section 22

GIBRALTAR-BASED PERSONS CARRYING ON ACTIVITIES IN THE UK

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PROSPECTIVE

SCHEDULE 7

Section 22

UK-BASED PERSONS CARRYING ON ACTIVITIES IN GIBRALTAR

After Schedule 2A to the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (inserted by Schedule 6 to this Act) insert—

“SCHEDULE 2B

Section 36A

UK-BASED PERSONS CARRYING ON ACTIVITIES IN GIBRALTAR

PART 1

INTERPRETATION ETC

UK-based person

- 1 (1) In this Schedule, “UK-based person” means a person listed in sub-paragraph (2) whose head office or registered office is in the United Kingdom (and see also Part 6 of this Schedule).
- (2) Those persons are—
- (a) an individual,
 - (b) a body corporate,
 - (c) a partnership, or
 - (d) an unincorporated association.

Regulators

- 2 (1) In this Schedule—
- “the Gibraltar regulator” has the same meaning as in Schedule 2A (see paragraph 2 of that Schedule);
- “UK regulator” means the FCA or the PRA.
- (2) In this Schedule, “the appropriate UK regulator” means—

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- (a) the PRA, in a case where the UK-based person is a PRA-authorised person, and
- (b) the FCA, in any other case.

Restricted activity

- 3 (1) In this Schedule, “restricted activity” means—
- (a) an activity which, when carried on in the United Kingdom, is a regulated activity,
 - (b) marketing a UCITS, or
 - (c) marketing an AIF.
- (2) For the purposes of this Schedule, “marketing”, in relation to a UCITS, means, in the course of business, communicating an invitation or inducement to a person to participate in the UCITS (and related expressions are to be interpreted accordingly).
- (3) In sub-paragraph (2), “communicating” includes causing a communication to be made.
- (4) Regulations under section 21(4) (circumstances in which a person is to be regarded as carrying on a business) apply for the purposes of sub-paragraph (2) as they apply for the purposes of section 21(1).
- (5) For the purposes of this Schedule—
- (a) an AIFM markets an AIF when the AIFM makes a direct or indirect offering or placement of units or shares of an AIF managed by it to or with an investor or when another person makes such an offering or placement at the initiative of, or on behalf of, the AIFM, and
 - (b) an investment firm markets an AIF when it makes a direct or indirect offering or placement of units or shares of the AIF to or with an investor at the initiative of, or on behalf of, the AIFM of the AIF.
- (6) For the purposes of this Schedule, a person markets a UCITS or an AIF in Gibraltar only if the marketing is capable of having an effect in Gibraltar.

Other definitions

- 4 In this Schedule—
- “AIFM” has the meaning given in regulation 4 of the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773);
 - “branch” has the same meaning as in Schedule 2A (see paragraph 3 of that Schedule);
 - “consent notice” has the meaning given in paragraph 7;
 - “consent to variation notice” has the meaning given in paragraph 13;
 - “Gibraltar notice” has the meaning given in paragraph 7;
 - “variation notice” has the meaning given in paragraph 13.

UK regulators' objectives

- 5 For the purposes of any provision of this Schedule which refers to the FCA's operational objectives or the PRA's objectives, in relation to the exercise of a power in relation to a particular person, it does not matter whether there is a relationship

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between that person and the persons whose interests will be protected by the exercise of the power.

PART 2

PERMISSION REQUIRED TO CARRY ON ACTIVITIES IN GIBRALTAR

Prohibition

- 6 (1) A UK-based person may not carry on a restricted activity in Gibraltar unless it has permission to do so under this Schedule.
- (2) A UK-based person who is not an authorised person and who contravenes the prohibition in sub-paragraph (1) commits an offence and is liable—
- (a) on summary conviction in England and Wales, to a fine;
 - (b) on summary conviction in Scotland or Northern Ireland, to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum;
 - (c) on conviction on indictment, to a fine.

Obtaining permission to carry on a restricted activity in Gibraltar

- 7 (1) A UK-based person obtains permission to carry on a restricted activity in Gibraltar when the following three conditions are satisfied.
- (2) The first condition is that the UK-based person has given the appropriate UK regulator notice that it wants to carry on the restricted activity in Gibraltar (a “Gibraltar notice” (see paragraph 9).
- (3) The second condition is that the appropriate UK regulator has given notice to the Gibraltar regulator consenting to the UK-based person carrying on the restricted activity in Gibraltar (a “consent notice”) (see paragraph 10).
- (4) The third condition is that the waiting period has ended.
- (5) In sub-paragraph (4), “the waiting period” means—
- (a) in relation to an activity that is to be carried on through a branch in Gibraltar, the period of two months beginning with the day on which the appropriate UK regulator gave the Gibraltar regulator the consent notice, and
 - (b) in relation to any other activity, the period of one month beginning with that day,
- unless the appropriate UK regulator specifies a shorter waiting period in the consent notice.
- (6) A permission under this paragraph is referred to in this Act as “a Schedule 2B permission”.

Schedule 2B permission

- 8 (1) A Schedule 2B permission for a person to carry on a restricted activity is a permission to do so only while the person has a relevant Part 4A permission.
- (2) In this paragraph, “relevant Part 4A permission” means—

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- (a) if the restricted activity is an activity which, when carried on in the United Kingdom, is a regulated activity, a Part 4A permission in respect of that regulated activity, and
- (b) if the restricted activity is marketing a UCITS or an AIF, a Part 4A permission in respect of any regulated activity.

Gibraltar notice

- 9 (1) A Gibraltar notice must—
- (a) name the UK-based person giving the notice,
 - (b) state the address of the person's head office or registered office in the United Kingdom,
 - (c) identify the activity that the UK-based person wants to carry on,
 - (d) state whether the UK-based person wants to carry on the activity through a branch in Gibraltar,
 - (e) contain, or be accompanied by, such other information as the appropriate UK regulator may direct, and
 - (f) be given in such form and manner as the appropriate UK regulator may direct.
- (2) A Gibraltar notice may relate to more than one activity.
- (3) A Gibraltar notice may ask the appropriate UK regulator to specify a shorter waiting period for the purpose of paragraph 7(4).
- (4) A UK regulator that gives a direction under sub-paragraph (1)(e) or (f) may, by a further direction, vary or revoke the direction.
- (5) A direction under this paragraph may make different provision for different purposes, including different provision in relation to different persons.
- (6) After giving a direction under this paragraph, a UK regulator must—
- (a) publish the direction in the way appearing to the UK regulator to be best calculated to bring it to the attention of persons likely to be affected by it, and
 - (b) give a copy of the direction to the Treasury and the other UK regulator without delay.

Consent and confirmation

- 10 (1) After receiving a Gibraltar notice, the appropriate UK regulator must without delay—
- (a) give a consent notice, and
 - (b) give a written notice to the UK-based person confirming that it has given the consent notice,
- unless it intends to refuse to give a consent notice in accordance with paragraph 11.
- (2) A consent notice—
- (a) may specify a shorter waiting period for the purpose of paragraph 7(4), and
 - (b) must contain, or be accompanied by, the Gibraltar notice.
- (3) A notice under sub-paragraph (1)(b) must—
- (a) state the date on which the consent notice was given to the Gibraltar regulator, and

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- (b) if the consent notice specified a shorter waiting period for the purpose of paragraph 7(4), specify that period.
- (4) Where a Gibraltar notice relates to more than one activity, the appropriate UK regulator may give a consent notice in relation to one activity and refuse to do so in relation to another.

Refusing consent

- 11 (1) The appropriate UK regulator may refuse to give a consent notice in relation to a regulated activity only if—
- (a) it is satisfied that the Gibraltar notice does not satisfy one or more of the requirements in paragraph 9, or
 - (b) it appears to the regulator that it is desirable to refuse to do so in order to advance one or more of its objectives.
- (2) In the case of the FCA, the reference in sub-paragraph (1)(b) to its objectives is a reference only to its operational objectives.
- (3) If the appropriate UK regulator proposes to refuse to give a consent notice, it must give the UK-based person a warning notice.
- (4) If the appropriate UK regulator decides to refuse to give a consent notice, it must give the UK-based person a decision notice.
- (5) If the appropriate UK regulator gives the UK-based person a decision notice under sub-paragraph (4), the UK-based person may refer the matter to the Tribunal.

PART 3

VARIATION OF PERMISSION

Variation of permission

- 12 (1) A UK-based person's Schedule 2B permission may be varied in accordance with this Part of this Schedule—
- (a) on the initiative of the UK-based person (see paragraphs 13 to 16), or
 - (b) on the initiative of a UK regulator (see paragraphs 17 to 19).
- (2) In this Part of this Schedule, references to the variation of a Schedule 2B permission (however expressed) are to its variation by—
- (a) adding an activity,
 - (b) removing an activity, or
 - (c) varying the description of an activity.

UK-based person's initiative

- 13 (1) A Schedule 2B permission is varied in accordance with this paragraph when the following four conditions are satisfied in connection with the variation.
- (2) The first condition is that the UK-based person has given the appropriate UK regulator notice of the proposed variation (a “variation notice”) (see paragraph 14).

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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- (3) The second condition is that the appropriate UK regulator has given notice to the Gibraltar regulator consenting to the variation (a “consent to variation notice”) (see paragraph 15).
- (4) The third condition is that the waiting period has ended.
- (5) In sub-paragraph (4), “the waiting period” means—
 - (a) in relation to a variation in respect of an activity carried on through a branch in Gibraltar, the period of two months beginning with the day on which the appropriate UK regulator gave the Gibraltar regulator the consent to variation notice, and
 - (b) in relation to any other variation, the period of one month beginning with that day,unless the appropriate UK regulator specifies a shorter waiting period in the consent to variation notice.
- (6) The fourth condition is that the appropriate UK regulator has not cancelled the permission (see Part 4 of this Schedule).

UK-based person's initiative: variation notice

- 14 (1) A variation notice must—
- (a) name the UK-based person giving the notice,
 - (b) state the address of the person's head office or registered office in the United Kingdom,
 - (c) specify the proposed variation,
 - (d) where relevant, state whether the UK-based person wants to carry on an activity through a branch in Gibraltar,
 - (e) contain, or be accompanied by, such other information as the appropriate UK regulator may direct, and
 - (f) be given in such form and manner as the appropriate UK regulator may direct.
- (2) A variation notice may ask the appropriate UK regulator to specify a shorter waiting period for the purpose of paragraph 13(4).
- (3) A UK regulator that gives a direction under sub-paragraph (1)(e) or (f) may, by a further direction, vary or revoke the direction.
- (4) A direction under this paragraph may make different provision for different purposes, including different provision in relation to different persons.
- (5) After giving a direction under this paragraph, a UK regulator must—
- (a) publish the direction in the way appearing to the UK regulator to be best calculated to bring it to the attention of persons likely to be affected by it, and
 - (b) give a copy of the direction to the Treasury and the other UK regulator without delay.

UK-based person's initiative: consent and confirmation

- 15 (1) After receiving a variation notice, the appropriate UK regulator must without delay—
- (a) give a consent to variation notice, and

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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- (b) give a written notice to the UK-based person confirming that it has given the consent to variation notice,
 unless it intends to refuse to give a consent to variation notice in accordance with paragraph 16.
- (2) A consent to variation notice—
 - (a) may specify a shorter waiting period for the purpose of paragraph 13(4), and
 - (b) must contain, or be accompanied by, the variation notice.
- (3) A notice under sub-paragraph (1)(b) must—
 - (a) state the date on which the consent to variation notice was given to the Gibraltar regulator, and
 - (b) if the consent notice specified a shorter waiting period for the purpose of paragraph 13(4), specify that period.
- (4) Where a variation notice relates to more than one variation, the appropriate UK regulator may give a consent notice in relation to one variation and refuse to do so in relation to another.

UK-based person's initiative: refusing consent to variation

- 16 (1) The appropriate UK regulator may refuse to give a consent to variation notice in relation to a proposed variation only if—
- (a) it is satisfied that the variation notice does not satisfy one or more of the requirements in paragraph 14, or
 - (b) it appears to the regulator that it is desirable to refuse to do so in order to advance one or more of its objectives.
- (2) In the case of the FCA, the reference in sub-paragraph (1)(b) to its objectives is a reference only to its operational objectives.
- (3) If the appropriate UK regulator proposes to refuse to give a consent to variation notice, it must give the UK-based person a warning notice.
- (4) If the appropriate UK regulator decides to refuse to give a consent to variation notice, it must give the UK-based person a decision notice.
- (5) If the appropriate UK regulator gives the UK-based person a decision notice under sub-paragraph (4), the UK-based person may refer the matter to the Tribunal.

UK regulator's initiative

- 17 (1) The FCA may exercise a power under sub-paragraph (2) in relation to a Schedule 2B permission if it appears to the FCA that it is desirable to do so in order to advance one or more of its operational objectives.
- (2) The FCA may vary a Schedule 2B permission by—
- (a) adding to the activities to which the permission relates a restricted activity which, when carried on in the United Kingdom, is not a PRA-regulated activity,
 - (b) removing a restricted activity from those to which the permission relates,
 - (c) varying the description of a restricted activity which, when carried on in the United Kingdom, is not a PRA-regulated activity, or

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- (d) varying the description of a restricted activity which, when carried on in the United Kingdom, is a PRA-regulated activity in a way which does not, in the opinion of the FCA, widen the description.
- (3) The PRA may exercise a power under sub-paragraph (4), (5) or (6) in relation to a Schedule 2B permission if it appears to the PRA that it is desirable to do so in order to advance one or more of its objectives.
- (4) In the case of a PRA-authorized person, the PRA may vary the person's Schedule 2B permission.
- (5) In the case of a person who is not a PRA-authorized person, the PRA may vary the person's Schedule 2B permission by adding to the activities to which the permission relates a restricted activity which, when carried on in the United Kingdom, is a PRA-regulated activity.
- (6) Where it adds an activity under sub-paragraph (5), the PRA may vary the person's Schedule 2B permission in any of the other ways described in paragraph 12(2).

UK regulator's initiative: procedure

- 18 (1) The variation of a Schedule 2B permission under paragraph 17 takes effect—
- (a) immediately, if the notice given under sub-paragraph (3) states that is the case,
 - (b) on such date as may be specified in the notice, or
 - (c) if no date is specified in the notice, when the matter to which the notice relates is no longer open to review.
- (2) The variation of a Schedule 2B permission under paragraph 17 may be expressed to take effect immediately, or on a specified date, only if the UK regulator reasonably considers that it is necessary for the variation to take effect immediately or on that date, having regard to the ground on which the UK regulator is exercising its power to vary.
- (3) If a UK regulator—
- (a) proposes to vary a Schedule 2B permission under paragraph 17, or
 - (b) varies a Schedule 2B permission under that paragraph with immediate effect, it must give the UK-based person a written notice.
- (4) The notice must—
- (a) give details of the variation,
 - (b) state the UK regulator's reasons for varying the permission,
 - (c) inform the UK-based person that the person may make representations to the UK regulator within the period specified in the notice (whether or not the UK-based person has referred the matter to the Tribunal),
 - (d) inform the UK-based person of when the variation of the permission takes effect, and
 - (e) inform the UK-based person of the person's right to refer the matter to the Tribunal.
- (5) The UK regulator may extend the period allowed under the notice for making representations.
- (6) If, having considered any representations made by the UK-based person, the UK regulator decides—
- (a) to vary the permission in the way proposed, or

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- (b) if the permission has been varied, not to rescind its variation, it must give the UK-based person a written notice.
- (7) A notice under sub-paragraph (6) must inform the UK-based person of the person's right to refer the matter to the Tribunal.
- (8) If, having considered any representations made by the UK-based person, the UK regulator decides—
 - (a) not to vary the permission in the way proposed,
 - (b) to vary the permission in a different way, or
 - (c) to rescind the variation,
 it must give the UK-based person a written notice.
- (9) A notice under sub-paragraph (8)(b) must comply with sub-paragraph (4).
- (10) If a notice under this paragraph informs a person of the person's right to refer a matter to the Tribunal, it must give an indication of the procedure for such a reference.
- (11) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (1)(c), whether a matter is open to review is to be determined in accordance with section 391(8).

Right to refer matters to the Tribunal

- 19 A UK-based person who is aggrieved by the exercise by a UK regulator of a power under paragraph 17 in relation to the person may refer the matter to the Tribunal.

PART 4

CANCELLATION OF PERMISSION

Cancellation of permission

- 20 (1) The FCA may cancel a Schedule 2B permission if—
- (a) it receives a written request from the UK-based person to do so, or
 - (b) it appears to the FCA that it is desirable to do so in order to advance one or more of its operational objectives.
- (2) The PRA may cancel a PRA-authorized person's Schedule 2B permission if—
- (a) it receives a written request from the UK-based person to do so, or
 - (b) it appears to the PRA that it is desirable to do so in order to advance one or more of its objectives.
- (3) If a UK regulator proposes to cancel a UK-based person's Schedule 2B permission under sub-paragraph (1)(b) or (2)(b), it must give the UK-based person a warning notice.
- (4) If a UK regulator decides to cancel a UK-based person's Schedule 2B permission under sub-paragraph (1)(b) or (2)(b), it must give the UK-based person a decision notice.
- (5) If a UK regulator gives the UK-based person a decision notice under sub-paragraph (4), the UK-based person may refer the matter to the Tribunal.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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- (6) If a UK regulator cancels a Schedule 2B permission under this paragraph, it must notify the Gibraltar regulator in writing without delay.

PART 5

PUBLIC RECORD, CONSULTATION AND CONSENT

Information to be included in public record

- 21 The FCA must include in the record that it maintains under section 347 in relation to a UK-based person information about the restricted activities that the person has a Schedule 2B permission to carry on in Gibraltar, including whether the person has a branch in Gibraltar.

FCA's duties to consult or obtain consent from the PRA

- 22 (1) The FCA must consult the PRA—
- (a) before deciding to refuse to give a consent notice in relation to a UK-based person who is a PRA-authorized person or whose immediate group includes a PRA-authorized person;
 - (b) before deciding to refuse to give a consent to variation notice in relation to a UK-based person who is a PRA-authorized person or whose immediate group includes a PRA-authorized person;
 - (c) before varying a permission under paragraph 17 in the case of a UK-based person who is a PRA-authorized person or whose immediate group includes a PRA-authorized person;
 - (d) before cancelling a permission under paragraph 20(1)(b) in the case of a UK-based person who is a PRA-authorized person or whose immediate group includes a PRA-authorized person.
- (2) The FCA must obtain the PRA's consent before exercising its power under paragraph 17 in relation to a PRA-authorized person so as to—
- (a) add an activity to those to which the person's Schedule 2B permission relates, or
 - (b) widen the description of an activity to which the person's Schedule 2B permission relates.
- (3) Sub-paragraph (2) does not apply in relation to an activity which, when carried on in the United Kingdom, is the regulated activity specified in article 63S of the Financial Services and Markets 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 (S.I. 2001/544) (administering a benchmark).
- (4) Consent given by the PRA for the purposes of sub-paragraph (2) may be conditional on the way in which the FCA exercises its power.

PRA's duties to consult or obtain consent from the FCA

- 23 (1) The PRA must consult the FCA—
- (a) before giving a direction under paragraph 9;
 - (b) before deciding to refuse to give a consent notice;
 - (c) before giving a direction under paragraph 14;

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- (d) before deciding to refuse to give a consent to variation notice;
 - (e) before varying a permission under paragraph 17;
 - (f) before cancelling a permission under paragraph 20(2)(b).
- (2) The PRA must obtain the FCA's consent before exercising its power under paragraph 17 so as to—
- (a) add an activity to those to which the Schedule 2B permission relates, or
 - (b) widen the description of an activity to which the Schedule 2B permission relates.
- (3) Consent given by the FCA for the purposes of sub-paragraph (2) may be conditional on the way in which the PRA exercises its power.

PART 6

SPECIAL CASES

UK-based individuals carrying on insurance distribution activities

- 24 (1) For the purposes of paragraph 1, an individual without a head office in the United Kingdom is to be treated as having a head office there if the individual has a Part 4A permission to carry on an insurance distribution activity in the United Kingdom.
- (2) A Gibraltar notice in respect of an individual who is a UK-based person by virtue of this paragraph satisfies paragraph 9(1)(b) if it states the main address where the individual carries on an insurance distribution activity in the United Kingdom.
- (3) A variation notice in respect of an individual who is a UK-based person by virtue of this paragraph satisfies paragraph 14(1)(b) if it states the main address where the person carries on business in the United Kingdom.
- (4) In this paragraph, “insurance distribution activity” has the meaning given in paragraph 2B(5) and (6) of Schedule 6.”

VALID FROM 04/01/2023

SCHEDULE 8

Section 22

GIBRALTAR: MINOR AND CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS

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Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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VALID FROM 23/02/2022

SCHEDULE 9

Section 24

COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES AUTHORISED IN APPROVED COUNTRIES

PART 1

PROVISIONS TO BE INSERTED IN CHAPTER 5 OF PART 17 OF THE FINANCIAL SERVICES AND MARKETS ACT 2000

- 1 In Chapter 5 of Part 17 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (recognised overseas schemes), before section 272 (and the italic heading before that section) insert—

“Schemes authorised in approved countries

Schemes authorised in approved countries

271A) A collective investment scheme which is authorised under the law of a country or territory outside the United Kingdom is a recognised scheme if—

- (a) regulations made by the Treasury approving the country or territory for the purposes of this section are in force,
- (b) the scheme is of a description specified in the regulations in relation to which the country or territory is approved,
- (c) the operator of the scheme has applied to the FCA for recognition of the scheme,
- (d) the FCA has made (and has not revoked) an order granting the application, and
- (e) no direction under section 271L (suspension of recognition) has effect in relation to the scheme.

- (2) In making regulations under this section, the Treasury may have regard to any matter that they consider relevant (and see the restrictions in sections 271B and 271C).

Approval of country: equivalent protection afforded to participants

271B) The Treasury may not make regulations under section 271A approving a country or territory and specifying a description of collective investment scheme unless satisfied that the equivalent protection test is met.

- (2) The equivalent protection test is met if the protection afforded to participants or potential participants in the schemes by the law and practice of the country or territory is at least equivalent to that afforded to participants or potential participants in comparable authorised schemes by the law and practice of the United Kingdom under which such schemes are authorised and supervised.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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(3) In this section—

“comparable authorised schemes” means whichever of the following the Treasury consider to be the most appropriate—

- (a) authorised unit trust schemes;
- (b) authorised contractual schemes which are co-ownership schemes;
- (c) authorised contractual schemes which are partnership schemes;
- (d) authorised open-ended investment companies;
- (e) any two or more of the kinds of collective investment scheme mentioned in paragraphs (a) to (d);

“participants” means participants in the United Kingdom.

Approval of country: regulatory co-operation

271C) The Treasury may not make regulations under section 271A approving a country or territory and specifying a description of collective investment scheme unless satisfied that adequate arrangements exist, or will exist, for co-operation between the FCA and the overseas regulator.

(2) In this section, “the overseas regulator” means the authority responsible for the authorisation and supervision of schemes of that description in the country or territory.

Report by the FCA in relation to approval

271D) When considering whether to make, vary or revoke regulations under section 271A approving a country or territory and specifying a description of collective investment scheme, the Treasury may ask the FCA to prepare a report on—

- (a) the law and practice of the country or territory under which such schemes are authorised and supervised, or particular aspects of such law and practice, and
- (b) any existing or proposed arrangements for co-operation between the FCA and the overseas regulator.

(2) A request for a report under subsection (1) must be made in writing.

(3) If the Treasury ask for a report under subsection (1), the FCA must provide the Treasury with the report.

(4) In this section, “the overseas regulator” has the same meaning as in section 271C.

Power to impose requirements on schemes

271E) The Treasury may by regulations—

- (a) provide that a section 271A scheme of a description specified in the regulations must comply with requirements specified in the regulations, and
- (b) impose requirements on the operator of such a scheme.

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- (2) In making regulations under this section in relation to a description of section 271A scheme, the Treasury must have regard to any requirements imposed in relation to comparable authorised schemes by or under this Act.
- (3) Regulations under this section may describe requirements by reference to—
 - (a) rules made or to be made by the FCA, or
 - (b) other enactments.
- (4) The power under subsection (3) includes power to make provision by reference to rules or other enactments as amended from time to time.
- (5) The FCA may make, amend or revoke a rule if it considers it necessary or appropriate to do so for the purposes of a requirement imposed (or varied or withdrawn) by regulations under this section which is described by reference to a rule made or to be made by the FCA.
- (6) If, for the purposes of a requirement imposed (or varied or withdrawn) by regulations under this section which is described by reference to a rule made or to be made by the FCA, the Treasury consider that it is necessary or appropriate for the FCA to make, amend or revoke a rule, they may direct the FCA to do so.
- (7) If the Treasury give a direction under subsection (6), the FCA must comply with the direction within such time as the Treasury may specify in the direction.
- (8) The references in paragraphs (5) and (6) to the amendment or revocation of rules are to the amendment or revocation of rules made by the FCA.
- (9) Section 141A (power to make consequential amendments of references to rules) applies in relation to the FCA's power to make, amend or revoke rules under this section as it applies in relation to its power to make, amend or revoke rules under Part 9A.
- (10) In this section—
 - “comparable authorised schemes” has the same meaning as in section 271B;
 - “enactment” includes—
 - (a) retained direct EU legislation,
 - (b) an enactment comprised in subordinate legislation,
 - (c) an enactment comprised in, or in an instrument made under, a Measure or Act of Senedd Cymru,
 - (d) an enactment comprised in, or in an instrument made under, an Act of the Scottish Parliament, and
 - (e) an enactment comprised in, or in an instrument made under, Northern Ireland legislation;
 - “subordinate legislation” has the same meaning as in the Interpretation Act 1978 (see section 21 of that Act).

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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Application for recognition to the FCA

271(F) An application for recognition of a collective investment scheme under section 271A—

- (a) must be made in such manner as the FCA may direct,
 - (b) must contain the address of a place in the United Kingdom for service of notices, or other documents, required or authorised to be served on the operator under this Act, and
 - (c) must contain or be accompanied by such information as the FCA may reasonably require for the purpose of determining the application.
- (2) Where requirements imposed by regulations under section 271E would apply to the scheme or its operator if the application were granted, the application must contain an explanation of how each requirement would be satisfied.
- (3) At any time after the application is received and before it is determined, the FCA may require the applicant to provide it with such further information as it reasonably considers necessary to enable it to determine the application.
- (4) The FCA may require the applicant to present information provided under this section in such form, or to verify the information in such a way, as the FCA may direct.
- (5) Different directions may be given, and different requirements imposed, in relation to different applications.

Determination of applications

271(G) The FCA—

- (a) may only make an order under section 271A granting an application under that section if it is satisfied that the conditions in subsection (2) are met, and
 - (b) if it is so satisfied, must make such an order unless it is permitted to refuse the application under subsection (3) or required to do so under subsection (4).
- (2) Those conditions are—
- (a) that the scheme is authorised in a country or territory which is approved by the Treasury in regulations under section 271A,
 - (b) that the scheme is of a description of scheme specified in the regulations,
 - (c) that adequate arrangements exist for co-operation between the FCA and the overseas regulator, and
 - (d) that, where requirements imposed by regulations under section 271E would apply to the scheme or its operator if the application were granted, each such requirement would be satisfied.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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- (3) The FCA may refuse an application under section 271A if it appears to the FCA that the operator of the scheme—
 - (a) has contravened a requirement imposed on them by or under this Act, or would contravene such a requirement if the application were granted, or
 - (b) has, in purported compliance with such a requirement, knowingly or recklessly given the FCA information which is false or misleading in a material particular.
- (4) The FCA must refuse an application under section 271A if it considers it desirable to do so in order to protect the interests of participants or potential participants in the scheme in the United Kingdom.
- (5) Where the FCA receives an application under section 271A which is complete, it must give the applicant a notice under section 271H(1) or (2) before the end of the period of two months beginning with the day on which the FCA receives the application.
- (6) An application under section 271A is complete if the FCA considers that the application satisfies section 271F(1) and (2).
- (7) Where the FCA receives an application under section 271A which is not complete, it must—
 - (a) notify the operator of the scheme that it does not consider that the application satisfies section 271F(1) or (2) (as applicable), and
 - (b) identify the information needed to complete the application.
- (8) In this section, “the overseas regulator” has the same meaning as in section 271C.

Procedure when determining an application

- 271H) If the FCA decides to make an order under section 271A granting an application under that section, it must give written notice of its decision to the applicant.
- (2) If the FCA proposes to refuse an application under section 271A, it must give the applicant a warning notice.
 - (3) If the FCA decides to refuse the application, it must give the applicant a decision notice.
 - (4) If the FCA gives the applicant a decision notice under subsection (3), the applicant may refer the matter to the Tribunal, except where the FCA refuses the application on the ground that it is not satisfied that a condition in section 271G(2)(a) or (c) is met.

Obligations on operator of a section 271A scheme

- 271I) The operator of a section 271A scheme must notify the FCA if the operator becomes aware that it has contravened, or expects to contravene, a requirement imposed on it by or under this Act.

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- (2) The operator of a section 271A scheme must notify the FCA of any change to—
- (a) the name or address of the operator of the scheme,
 - (b) the name or address of any trustee or depositary of the scheme,
 - (c) the name or address of any representative of the operator in the United Kingdom, and
 - (d) the address of the place in the United Kingdom for service of notices, or other documents, required or authorised to be served on the operator under this Act.
- (3) A notification under subsection (1) or (2) must be made in writing as soon as reasonably practicable.

Provision of information to the FCA

- 271(1) The operator of a section 271A scheme must provide to the FCA such information as the FCA may direct, at such times as the FCA may direct, for the purpose of determining whether—
- (a) the conditions set out in section 271G(2)(a) to (c) are met, and
 - (b) any requirements relating to the scheme or its operator imposed by or under this Act are satisfied.
- (2) The FCA may require the operator to present information provided under this section in such form, or to verify the information in such a way, as the FCA may direct.
- (3) Different directions may be given in relation to different schemes or different descriptions of scheme.

Rules as to scheme particulars

- 271(1) The FCA may make rules in relation to section 271A schemes for purposes corresponding to those for which rules may be made under section 248 in relation to authorised unit trust schemes.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1), a reference in section 248 to the manager of an authorised unit trust scheme is to be read as a reference to the operator of a section 271A scheme.
- (3) Rules made under this section do not affect any liability which a person may incur apart from the rules.

Suspension of recognition

- 271(1) The FCA may direct that a section 271A scheme is not to be a recognised scheme—
- (a) for a specified period,
 - (b) until the occurrence of a specified event, or
 - (c) until specified conditions are complied with.
- (2) The FCA may give a direction under subsection (1) only if—

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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- (a) the FCA is no longer satisfied that the conditions set out in section 271G(2)(a) to (c) are met,
- (b) it appears to the FCA that a requirement relating to the scheme or its operator imposed by or under this Act has not been satisfied, or is likely not to be satisfied,
- (c) it appears to the FCA that the operator of the scheme has, in purported compliance with any such requirement, knowingly or recklessly given the FCA information which is false or misleading in a material particular, or
- (d) although none of paragraphs (a) to (c) applies, the FCA considers it desirable to do so in order to protect the interests of participants or potential participants in the United Kingdom.

Procedure when suspending recognition

271M(1) A direction under section 271L takes effect—

- (a) immediately, if the notice given under subsection (3) states that to be the case,
 - (b) on a day specified in the notice, or
 - (c) if no day is specified in the notice, when the matter to which it relates is no longer open to review.
- (2) A direction under section 271L may be expressed to take effect immediately or on a specified day only if the FCA, having regard to its reason for giving the direction, reasonably considers that it is necessary for the direction to take effect immediately or on that day (as appropriate).
- (3) If the FCA proposes to give a direction under section 271L, or gives such a direction with immediate effect, it must give written notice to—
- (a) the operator of the scheme, and
 - (b) the trustee or depositary of the scheme (if any).
- (4) The notice must—
- (a) set out details of the direction,
 - (b) set out when the direction takes effect,
 - (c) state the FCA's reasons for giving the direction and for its determination as to when the direction takes effect,
 - (d) state that the recipient of the notice may make representations to the FCA within such period as may be specified in the notice (whether or not the matter has been referred to the Tribunal), and
 - (e) set out the recipient's right to refer the matter to the Tribunal.
- (5) The FCA may extend the period allowed under the notice for making representations.
- (6) The FCA must give written notice to the operator and (if any) the trustee or depositary of the scheme concerned if, having considered any representations made, the FCA decides—
- (a) to give the direction in the way proposed, or
 - (b) if it has been given, not to revoke the direction.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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- (7) The FCA must give written notice to the operator and (if any) the trustee or depositary of the scheme concerned if, having considered any representations made, the FCA decides—
 - (a) not to give the direction in the way proposed,
 - (b) to give the direction in a way other than that proposed, or
 - (c) where the direction has been given, to revoke it.
- (8) A notice under subsection (6) must set out the recipient's right to refer the matter to the Tribunal.
- (9) A notice under subsection (7)(b) must comply with subsection (4).
- (10) Where a notice sets out the right of the recipient to refer a matter to the Tribunal, it must give an indication of the procedure on such a reference.
- (11) This section applies to the variation of a direction as it applies to the giving of a direction.
- (12) For the purposes of subsection (1)(c), whether a matter is open to review is to be determined in accordance with section 391(8).

Revocation of recognition on the FCA's initiative

- 271N) The FCA may revoke an order made under section 271A in relation to a collective investment scheme if—
- (a) the FCA is no longer satisfied that the conditions set out in section 271G(2)(a) to (c) are met,
 - (b) it appears to the FCA that a requirement relating to the scheme or its operator imposed by or under this Act has not been satisfied,
 - (c) it appears to the FCA that the operator of the scheme has, in purported compliance with any such requirement, knowingly or recklessly given the FCA information which is false or misleading in a material particular, or
 - (d) although none of paragraphs (a) to (c) applies, the FCA considers it desirable to revoke the order to protect the interests of participants or potential participants in the United Kingdom.
- (2) If the FCA proposes to revoke an order made under section 271A, it must give a warning notice to—
- (a) the operator of the scheme, and
 - (b) the trustee or depositary of the scheme (if any).
- (3) If the FCA decides to revoke the order—
- (a) it must without delay give a decision notice to the operator and (if any) the trustee or depositary of the scheme, and
 - (b) the operator, trustee or depositary may refer the matter to the Tribunal.

Requests for revocation of recognition

- 271Q) The FCA may revoke an order made under section 271A in relation to a collective investment scheme at the request of the scheme's operator.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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- (2) If the FCA decides to do so, it must give written notice to the operator and (if any) the trustee or depositary of the scheme.
- (3) The FCA may refuse a request under this section if it considers that—
 - (a) the public interest requires that any matter concerning the scheme should be investigated before a decision is taken as to whether the order should be revoked, or
 - (b) revocation would not be in the interests of participants in the scheme.
- (4) If the FCA proposes to refuse a request under this section, it must give a warning notice to the operator and (if any) the trustee or depositary of the scheme.
- (5) If the FCA decides to refuse the request—
 - (a) it must without delay give a decision notice to the operator and (if any) the trustee or depositary of the scheme, and
 - (b) the operator, trustee or depositary may refer the matter to the Tribunal.

Obligations on operator where recognition is revoked or suspended

271(P) This section applies where—

- (a) the FCA gives a decision notice under section 271N(3), or a written notice under section 271O(2), in relation to a section 271A scheme, or
 - (b) a direction given by the FCA under section 271L(1) in relation to a section 271A scheme takes effect.
- (2) The operator of the scheme must notify such persons as the FCA may direct that the FCA has revoked an order under section 271A for recognition of the scheme or given a direction under section 271L in relation to the scheme (as applicable).
- (3) A notification under subsection (2) that relates to a direction under section 271L must set out the terms of the direction.
- (4) A notification under subsection (2) must—
 - (a) contain such information as the FCA may direct, and
 - (b) be made in such form and manner as the FCA may direct.
- (5) Different directions may be given under subsection (2) or (4) in relation to—
 - (a) different schemes or different descriptions of scheme;
 - (b) different persons or descriptions of persons to whom a notification under subsection (2) must be given.

Effect of variation or revocation of Treasury regulations

271(Q) This section applies, in relation to a section 271A scheme, where the Treasury vary or revoke regulations under section 271A and, as a result, the scheme ceases to be a recognised scheme because—

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- (a) the country or territory in which the scheme is authorised is no longer approved for the purposes of that section, or
 - (b) the scheme is no longer of a description of scheme specified in regulations under that section.
- (2) Where this section applies, the order given by the FCA under section 271A in relation to the scheme is revoked.
- (3) The Treasury may by regulations make provision, in relation to a scheme which has ceased to be recognised under section 271A by virtue of this section—
- (a) requiring an application under section 272 by such a scheme to be made during a period specified in the regulations or in a direction given by the FCA, and
 - (b) modifying or disapplying section 275(1) and (2) (time limits for determining applications under section 272) for the purposes of an application under section 272 relating to such a scheme.

Public censure

271R) This section applies where the FCA considers that—

- (a) a requirement imposed by regulations under section 271E has been contravened,
 - (b) rules made under section 271K have been contravened,
 - (c) the operator of a section 271A scheme has contravened section 271I, 271J or 271P, or
 - (d) the operator of a section 271A scheme has contravened a rule made, or a requirement imposed, under section 283.
- (2) The FCA may publish a statement to that effect.
- (3) Where the FCA proposes to publish a statement under subsection (2) relating to a scheme or the operator of a scheme, it must give the operator a warning notice setting out the terms of the statement.
- (4) If the FCA decides to publish the statement—
- (a) it must give the operator, without delay, a decision notice setting out the terms of the statement, and
 - (b) the operator may refer the matter to the Tribunal.
- (5) After a statement under subsection (2) is published, the FCA must send a copy of it to the operator and to any person to whom a copy of the decision notice was given under section 393(4).

Recognition of parts of schemes under section 271A

271S) Section 271A(1) applies in relation to a part of a collective investment scheme as it applies in relation to such a scheme.

- (2) Accordingly, the following include a part of a scheme recognised under section 271A—
- (a) the reference to a scheme recognised under section 271A in the definition of “section 271A scheme” in section 237(3), and

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- (b) other references to such a scheme (however expressed) in or in provision made under this Part of this Act (unless the contrary intention appears).
- (3) Provisions of or made under this Part of this Act have effect in relation to parts of schemes recognised, or seeking recognition, under section 271A with appropriate modifications.
- (4) The Treasury may by regulations—
 - (a) make provision about what are, or are not, appropriate modifications for the purposes of subsection (3);
 - (b) make provision so that a relevant enactment has effect in relation to parts of schemes recognised, or seeking recognition, under section 271A with such modifications as the Treasury consider appropriate;
 - (c) make provision so that a relevant enactment does not have effect in relation to such parts of schemes.
- (5) Regulations under subsection (4)(b) or (c) may amend, repeal or revoke an enactment.
- (6) In this section—
 - “enactment” has the same meaning as in section 271E;
 - “relevant enactment” means an enactment passed or made before the day on which subsection (1) comes into force that makes provision in relation to collective investment schemes recognised, or seeking recognition, under section 271A.”

PART 2

MINOR AND CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS

Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (c. 8)

- 2 The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 is amended as follows.
- 3 In section 138I (consultation by the FCA), after subsection (9) insert—
 - “(9A) This section does not apply to rules made by the FCA under section 271E.”
- 4 (1) Section 165 (regulators' powers to require information) is amended as follows.
 - (2) In subsection (7)(b), after “section” insert “ 271A or ”.
 - (3) At the end insert—
 - “(12) In subsection (7)(b), the reference to a scheme that is recognised includes a scheme a part of which is recognised.”
- 5 In section 237(2) (Part 17 definitions), in the definition of “the operator”—
 - (a) in paragraph (ab) omit “and”, and
 - (b) after paragraph (b) insert “, and

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	(ba) in relation to a recognised scheme, means the legal entity with overall responsibility for the management and performance of the functions of the scheme.”
6	In section 392 (application of third party rights to notices)— (a) in paragraph (a), before “280(1)” insert “ 271N(2), 271R(3), ”, and (b) in paragraph (b), before “280(2)” insert “ 271N(3), 271R(4), ”.
7	In section 395(13) (meaning of supervisory notice), before paragraph (f) insert— “(ea) section 271M(3), (6) or (7)(b);”.
8	In section 429(2) (regulations subject to affirmative procedure), after “262,” insert “ 271S, ”.
	<i>The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773)</i>
9	Part 6 of the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (marketing of alternative investment funds) is amended as follows.
10	In regulation 57 (marketing of third country AIFs by full-scope UK AIFMs), after paragraph (1) insert— “(1A) An AIF does not fall within paragraph (1) if it is recognised under section 271A of the Act.”
11	In regulation 58(1) (marketing of AIFs managed by small third country AIFMs), at the end insert “ , except where the AIF is recognised under section 271A of the Act ”.
12	In regulation 59 (marketing of AIFs managed by other third country AIFMs)— (a) in paragraph (1), at the end insert “ , except where the AIF is recognised under section 271A of the Act ”, and (b) in paragraph (4A), for “collective investment scheme” substitute “ AIF ”.
	<i>The Collective Investment Schemes (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/325)</i>
13	Part 6 of the Collective Investment Schemes (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (temporary recognition of collective investment schemes) is amended as follows.
14	In regulation 62(3) (end of temporary recognition)— (a) in sub-paragraph (a)(i)— (i) before “275(3)” insert “ 271H(1) or ”, and (ii) for “section 272 of that Act” substitute “ section 271A or 272 of that Act (as applicable) ”, (b) in sub-paragraph (a)(ii)— (i) before “276(2)(a)” insert “ 271H(3) or ”, and (ii) for “section 272 of that Act” substitute “ section 271A or 272 of that Act (as applicable) ”, (c) in sub-paragraph (b)(ii), after “section” insert “ 271A or ”, (d) in sub-paragraph (c)(i), after “section” insert “ 271A or ”,

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	(e) in sub-paragraph (c)(ii), for “that section” substitute “ either of those sections ”, and
	(f) in sub-paragraph (d), for “3” substitute “ 5 ”.
15	In regulation 67 (power to extend the period for temporary recognition), omit paragraph (2).
16	After regulation 67 insert—
	<i>“Applications under section 271A of the 2000 Act</i>
	67A(1) In relation to—
	(a) an application under section 271A of the 2000 Act relating to a stand-alone scheme that is a recognised scheme by virtue of regulation 62, or
	(b) an application under that section relating to the umbrella scheme of one or more sub-funds that are recognised schemes by virtue of that regulation, whether or not relating to those sub-funds, sections 271F and 271G of the 2000 Act are subject to paragraphs (2) and (3).
	(2) The FCA may direct that the application must be made during a period specified in the direction.
	(3) Section 271G(5) of the 2000 Act does not apply in relation to the application, but the application must be determined by the FCA before the end of the period for the time being specified in regulation 62(3)(d).”

SCHEDULE 10

Section 27

AMENDMENTS OF THE MARKETS IN FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS REGULATION

Introduction

1 The Markets in Financial Instruments Regulation is amended as follows.

Commencement Information

I63 Sch. 10 para. 1 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(o)

Scope

2 In Article 1 (subject matter and scope), after paragraph 4 insert—

“4A Chapter 1 of Title 7 of this Regulation also applies to third-country firms providing investment services or performing investment activities in the United Kingdom.”

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Commencement Information

I64 Sch. 10 para. 2 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(o)

Definitions

- 3 In Article 2(1) (definitions), after point (61) insert—
- “(61A) “*Directive 2013/36/EU*” means Directive 2013/36/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on access to the activity of credit institutions and the prudential supervision of credit institutions and investment firms;”.

Commencement Information

I65 Sch. 10 para. 3 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(o)

Provision of services by third-country firms following equivalence determination

- 4 In the heading of Title 8, for “DECISION” substitute “ DETERMINATION ”.

Commencement Information

I66 Sch. 10 para. 4 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(o)

- 5 (1) Article 46 (general provision about provision of services etc by third-country firms following an equivalence decision) is amended as follows.
- (2) In paragraph 1, for “Article 47” substitute “ Article 48 ”.
- (3) In paragraph 2—
- (a) for point (a) substitute—
- “(a) the Treasury has made a determination under Article 47(1) in respect of the third country;
- (aa) the firm, and the services or activities, fall within the scope of the determination;”, and
- (b) after point (c) insert—
- “(d) the firm has established the necessary arrangements and procedures to provide the information required by rules made under paragraph 6B of this Article;
- (e) the firm has established the necessary arrangements and procedures to comply with requirements imposed under Article 48A.”
- (4) Omit paragraph 2A.
- (5) In paragraph 4—
- (a) in the first subparagraph, for the words from “adoption” to the end substitute “ making of a determination by the Treasury under Article 47(1) that the legal and supervisory arrangements of the third country in which the third-country firm is authorised satisfy the requirements described in Article 47(1). ”,

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

Changes to legislation: Financial Services Act 2021 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 20 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(b) after the first subparagraph insert—

“An application for registration must—

- (a) be made in such form and manner as the FCA may direct, and
- (b) contain, or be accompanied by, such information as the FCA may direct.”, and

(c) in the following subparagraph, after “all” insert “ further ”.

(6) In paragraph 5, in the second subparagraph, for “in writing and in a prominent way” substitute “ in writing, in a prominent way and in such form as the FCA may direct ”.

(7) After paragraph 5 insert—

“5A For the purposes of paragraph 5, where a third-country firm or a person acting on behalf of a third-country firm solicits a person, the provision of an investment service or activity by the third-country firm to the person is not initiated at the person's own exclusive initiative.”

(8) After paragraph 6 insert—

“6A Third-country firms providing services or performing activities in accordance with this Article must—

- (a) keep the data relating to all orders and transactions in the United Kingdom in financial instruments which they have carried out, whether on own account or on behalf of a client, for a period of five years, and
- (b) make that data available to the FCA on request.

6B The FCA may make rules requiring third-country firms providing services or performing activities in accordance with this Article to provide information specified in the rules to the FCA at intervals specified in the rules.”

(9) Omit paragraph 7.

Commencement Information

I67 Sch. 10 para. 5 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(o)

Equivalence determination

6 (1) Article 47 (equivalence determination) is amended as follows.

(2) For paragraph 1 substitute—

“1 The Treasury may by regulations determine that the legal and supervisory arrangements of a third country ensure all of the following—

- (a) that firms authorised in that third country to provide investment services or perform investment activities comply with legally binding prudential, organisational and business conduct requirements which have equivalent effect to the relevant UK requirements,
- (b) that such firms are subject to effective supervision and enforcement ensuring compliance with the applicable legally binding prudential, organisational and business conduct requirements, and

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- (c) that the legal framework of that third country provides for an effective equivalent system for the recognition of investment firms authorised under third country legal regimes.
- 1A For the purposes of paragraph 1(a), the relevant UK requirements are the following, as they apply on the day on which the Treasury makes the regulations—
- (a) the requirements set out in this Regulation;
 - (b) the requirements set out in Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms;
 - (c) the requirements set out in CRR rules (as defined in section 144A of FSMA);
 - (d) the requirements set out in Part 9C rules (as defined in section 143F of FSMA);
 - (e) the requirements set out in Directive 2013/36/EU UK law and Directive 2014/65/EU UK law.
- 1B The prudential, organisational and business conduct framework of a third country may be considered to have equivalent effect where that framework fulfils all of the following conditions—
- (a) firms providing investment services or performing investment activities in that third country are subject to authorisation and to effective supervision and enforcement on an on-going basis;
 - (b) such firms are subject to sufficient capital requirements and, in particular, where they provide services or carry out the activities referred to in paragraph 3 or 6 of Part 3 of Schedule 2 to the Regulated Activities Order they are subject to comparable capital requirements to those that would apply if they were established in the United Kingdom;
 - (c) such firms are subject to appropriate requirements applicable to shareholders and members of their management body;
 - (d) such firms are subject to adequate business conduct and organisational requirements;
 - (e) market transparency and integrity is ensured by preventing market abuse in the form of insider dealing and market manipulation.
- 1C When making regulations under paragraph 1, the Treasury must take into account whether the third country is a high-risk third country within the meaning of regulation 33 of the Money Laundering, Terrorist Financing and Transfer of Funds (Information on the Payer) Regulations 2017 (S.I. 2017/692).”
- (3) In paragraph 2—
- (a) omit point (c), and
 - (b) at the end insert—
 - “(d) the procedures concerning the coordination of investigations and on-site inspections that the FCA considers necessary for the purposes of carrying out its functions under this Regulation, which must include a requirement for the FCA to give prior notice to the competent authority of the third country;

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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- (e) the procedures concerning the coordination of other supervisory activities;
- (f) the procedures concerning a request for data by the FCA under Article 46(6A)(b);
- (g) the mechanism for the FCA to obtain from a third-country firm providing services or performing activities in accordance with Article 46 further information in respect of the firm's operations by making a request to the competent authority of the third country concerned.”

(4) At the end insert—

“5 The FCA must—

- (a) monitor the regulatory and supervisory developments, the enforcement practices and other relevant market developments in third countries for which determinations made by the Treasury in accordance with paragraph 1 are in force in order to verify that the conditions on the basis of which those determinations were made are still fulfilled, and
- (b) provide a report of its findings to the Treasury on request.

6 In this Article, “Directive 2013/36/EU UK law” and “Directive 2014/65/EU UK law” mean the law of the United Kingdom which was relied on by the United Kingdom before IP completion day to implement Directive 2013/36/EU or Directive 2014/65/EU (as appropriate), as amended from time to time.”

Commencement Information

I68 Sch. 10 para. 6 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(o)

Requirements

7 After Article 48 insert—

“Article 48A

Requirements

- 1 The Treasury may by regulations impose requirements on third-country firms providing investment services, or performing investment activities, in accordance with Article 46 or on a description of such firms specified in the regulations.
- 2 In making regulations under this Article, the Treasury must have regard to the requirements imposed on UK firms by or under this Regulation.
- 3 Regulations under this Article may describe requirements by reference to—
 - (a) rules made or to be made by the FCA, or
 - (b) other enactments.
- 4 The power under paragraph 3 includes power to make provision by reference to rules or other enactments as amended from time to time.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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- 5 The FCA may make, amend or revoke a rule if it considers it necessary or appropriate to do so for the purposes of a requirement imposed (or varied or withdrawn) by regulations under this Article which is described by reference to a rule made or to be made by the FCA.
- 6 If, for the purposes of a requirement imposed (or varied or withdrawn) by regulations under this Article which is described by reference to a rule made or to be made by the FCA, the Treasury consider that it is necessary or appropriate for the FCA to make, amend or revoke a rule, they may direct the FCA to do so.
- 7 If the Treasury give a direction under paragraph 6, the FCA must comply with the direction within such time as the Treasury may specify in the direction.
- 8 The references in paragraphs 5 and 6 to the amendment or revocation of rules are to the amendment or revocation of rules made by the FCA.
- 9 In this Article—
“enactment” includes—
(a) retained direct EU legislation,
(b) an enactment comprised in subordinate legislation,
(c) an enactment comprised in, or in an instrument made under, a Measure or Act of Senedd Cymru,
(d) an enactment comprised in, or in an instrument made under, an Act of the Scottish Parliament, and
(e) an enactment comprised in, or in an instrument made under, Northern Ireland legislation;
“subordinate legislation” has the same meaning as in the Interpretation Act 1978 (see section 21 of that Act);
“UK firm” means—
(a) a credit institution providing investment services or performing investment activities, or
(b) an investment firm,
whose registered office or (if it has no registered office) head office is located in the United Kingdom.”

Commencement Information

169 Sch. 10 para. 7 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(o)

Temporary prohibitions and restrictions and withdrawal of registration

- 8 (1) Article 49 (withdrawal of registration) is amended as follows.
- (2) For the heading substitute— “ **Temporary prohibitions and restrictions and withdrawal of registration** ”.
- (3) Before paragraph 1 insert—
“**A1** The FCA may temporarily prohibit a third-country firm from providing investment services, or performing investment activities, in the United

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Kingdom, or place temporary restrictions on a third-country firm's provision of such services or performance of such activities in the United Kingdom, where the third-country firm—

- (a) has failed to comply with a prohibition or restriction imposed on it by the FCA under Article 42,
- (b) has failed to comply with a request for data made by the FCA under Article 46(6A)(b) in accordance with the cooperation arrangements established under Article 47(2),
- (c) has failed to provide information in accordance with rules made under Article 46(6B),
- (d) has failed to provide information requested by the FCA in accordance with the cooperation arrangements established under Article 47(2),
- (e) has failed to cooperate with an investigation or on-site inspection carried out in accordance with the cooperation arrangements established under Article 47(2), or
- (f) has failed to comply with a requirement imposed by regulations under Article 48A.

A2 The FCA may impose more than one temporary prohibition or restriction under paragraph A1 in respect of the same failure.”

(4) In paragraph 1—

- (a) in the opening words, for “shall” substitute “ may ”,
- (b) for points (a) and (b) substitute—

“(a) the FCA has well-founded reasons based on documented evidence to believe that—

- (i) in the provision of investment services and the performance of investment activities in the United Kingdom, the third-country firm is acting in a manner which is clearly prejudicial to the interests of investors or the orderly functioning of markets,
- (ii) in the provision of such services and activities in the United Kingdom, the third-country firm has seriously infringed a provision applicable to it in the third country and on the basis of which the Treasury made regulations under Article 47(1),
- (iii) in the provision of such services and activities in the United Kingdom, the third-country firm has seriously infringed a requirement imposed under Article 48A, or
- (iv) the third-country firm is not maintaining the necessary arrangements and procedures to provide the information required by rules made under Article 46(6B) or to comply with requirements under Article 48A, and”, and

- (c) omit point (d) (and the “and” before it).

(5) After paragraph 1 insert—

“1A In deciding the appropriate action to take under this Article, the FCA must, among other things, take into account the nature and seriousness of the risk

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posed to the interests of investors and the orderly functioning of markets in the United Kingdom, having regard to—

- (a) the duration and frequency of the risk arising,
- (b) whether the risk has revealed serious or systemic weaknesses in the third-country firm's procedures,
- (c) whether financial crime has been occasioned or facilitated by, or is otherwise attributable to, the risk, and
- (d) whether the risk has arisen intentionally or negligently.

1B The FCA must inform the competent authority of the third country in due course of its intention to take action in accordance with paragraph A1 or 1.”

(6) At the end insert—

“4 In this Article, “documented evidence” includes, but is not limited to, information provided in accordance with rules made under Article 46(6B).”

Commencement Information

I70 Sch. 10 para. 8 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(o)

Temporary prohibitions and restrictions and withdrawal of registration: procedure

9 After Article 49 insert—

“Article 49A

Temporary prohibitions and restrictions: procedure

- 1 A temporary prohibition or restriction under Article 49(A1) takes effect—
 - (a) immediately, if the notice given under paragraph 3 states that that is the case,
 - (b) on such date as may be specified in the notice, or
 - (c) if no date is specified in the notice, when the matter to which it relates is no longer open to review.
- 2 A temporary prohibition or restriction under Article 49(A1) may be expressed to take effect immediately, or on a specified date, only if the FCA, having regard to the ground on which it is taking that action, reasonably considers that it is necessary for it to take effect immediately or (as appropriate) on that date.
- 3 The FCA must give written notice to a third-country firm if—
 - (a) it proposes to take action in relation to the firm under Article 49(A1), or
 - (b) it takes action in relation to the firm under Article 49(A1) with immediate effect.
- 4 The notice must—
 - (a) give details of the temporary prohibition or restriction,
 - (b) inform the firm when the prohibition or restriction takes effect,
 - (c) state the FCA's reasons for taking the action and for its determination of when the prohibition or restriction takes effect,

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- (d) inform the firm that it may make representations to the FCA within such period as may be specified in the notice (whether or not the firm has referred the matter to the Upper Tribunal), and
 - (e) inform the firm of its right to refer the matter to the Upper Tribunal.
- 5 The FCA may extend the period allowed under the notice for making representations.
- 6 The FCA must give the third-country firm written notice if, having considered any representations made by the firm, the FCA decides—
- (a) to impose the proposed prohibition or restriction, or
 - (b) if the prohibition or restriction has been imposed, not to rescind it.
- 7 The FCA must give the third-country firm written notice if, having considered any representations made by the firm, the FCA decides—
- (a) not to impose the proposed prohibition or restriction,
 - (b) to impose a different prohibition or restriction, or
 - (c) to rescind a prohibition or restriction that has been imposed.
- 8 A notice under paragraph 6 must inform the third-country firm of its right to refer the matter to the Upper Tribunal.
- 9 A notice under paragraph 7(b) must comply with paragraph 4.
- 10 If a notice informs a third-country firm of its right to refer a matter to the Upper Tribunal, it must give an indication of the procedure on such a reference.
- 11 A third-country firm that is aggrieved by action taken by the FCA under Article 49(A1) may refer the matter to the Upper Tribunal.
- 12 Part 9 of FSMA (hearings and appeals) applies in relation to references to the Upper Tribunal made under this Article as it applies in relation to references made to that Tribunal under that Act.
- 13 For the purposes of paragraph 1(c), section 391(8) of FSMA (matters open to review) applies as if the notice under paragraph 3 were a supervisory notice (as defined in section 395 of that Act).

Article 49B

Withdrawal of registration: procedure

- 1 If the FCA proposes to withdraw the registration of a third-country firm in the register established in accordance with Article 48, it must give the firm a warning notice.
- 2 If the FCA decides to withdraw the registration of a third-country firm in that register, it must give the firm a decision notice.
- 3 If the FCA gives a third-country firm a decision notice under paragraph 2, the firm may refer the matter to the Upper Tribunal.
- 4 Part 9 of FSMA (hearings and appeals) applies in relation to references to the Upper Tribunal made under this Article as it applies in relation to references made to that Tribunal under that Act.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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- 5 Section 387 of FSMA (warning notices) applies in relation to a warning notice given under this Article as it applies to a warning notice given by the FCA under that Act.
- 6 Section 388 of FSMA (decision notices) applies in relation to a decision notice given under this Article as it applies to a decision notice given by the FCA under that Act, but as if—
- (a) in subsection (1)(e)(i), for “this Act” there were substituted “ Article 49B of the markets in financial instruments regulation ”, and
 - (b) subsection (2) were omitted.
- 7 Section 389 of FSMA (notices of discontinuance) applies in relation to a warning notice or decision notice given under this Article as it applies in relation to a warning notice or decision notice given by the FCA under that Act, but as if subsection (2) were omitted.
- 8 Section 390 of FSMA (final notices) applies in relation to a decision notice given under this Article as it applies in relation to a decision notice given by the FCA under that Act.
- 9 Sections 393 and 394 of FSMA (third party rights and access to FCA material) apply in relation to a warning notice or decision notice given under this Article as they apply in relation to a warning notice or decision notice given by the FCA under a provision listed in section 392 of that Act.

Article 49C

Notices under Articles 49A and 49B

- 1 The Treasury may by regulations make provision about the procedure to be followed, or rules to be applied, in connection with the giving of notices by the FCA under Article 49A or 49B.
- 2 The regulations may, among other things, make provision—
- (a) requiring, or allowing, a notice to be sent electronically;
 - (b) requiring, or allowing, a notice to be given in another manner;
 - (c) as to the address to which a notice must or may be sent;
 - (d) requiring a person to provide an address to which a notice must or may be sent;
 - (e) for treating a notice as having been given, or as having been received, on a date or at a time determined in accordance with the regulations;
 - (f) as to what must, or may, be done if the person to whom a notice is required to be given is not an individual;
 - (g) as to what must, or may, be done if the intended recipient of a notice is outside the United Kingdom.
- 3 Section 7 of the Interpretation Act 1978 (service of notice by post) has effect in relation to notices under Article 49A or 49B subject to any provision made by regulations under this Article.”

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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Commencement Information

I71 Sch. 10 para. 9 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(o)

FCA directions and rules

10 In the heading of Title 9, after “DIRECTIONS” insert “ , RULES ”.

Commencement Information

I72 Sch. 10 para. 10 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(o)

11 In the heading of Article 50B (FCA Directions), at the end insert “ identifying relevant area of the UK ”.

Commencement Information

I73 Sch. 10 para. 11 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(o)

12 After that Article insert—

“Article 50C

Other FCA directions

- 1 A direction by the FCA under Article 46(4) may make different provision in relation to different applications or categories of application.
- 2 A direction by the FCA under Article 46(5) may make different provision for different cases or categories of case.
- 3 A direction by the FCA under Article 46 may be varied or revoked by a further direction under that provision.
- 4 A direction by the FCA under Article 46 must—
 - (a) be in writing, and
 - (b) be published by the FCA in a manner suitable to bring it to the attention of persons likely to be affected by it.

Article 50D

FCA rules

- 1 The provisions of Part 9A of FSMA (rules and guidance) listed in paragraph 2 apply in relation to rules made by the FCA under Article 46(6B) or 48A as they apply in relation to rules made by the FCA under that Part of that Act, subject to the modification in paragraph 3.
- 2 The provisions are—
 - (a) section 137T (general supplementary powers);
 - (b) Chapter 2 (modification, waiver, contravention and procedural provisions), with the exception of section 138D (actions for damages);

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(c) section 141A (power to make consequential amendments of references to rules etc).

3 Section 137T applies as if the reference to authorised persons were a reference to third-country firms providing services or performing activities in accordance with Article 46.”

Commencement Information

I74 Sch. 10 para. 12 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(o)

13 The requirements of section 138I of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, in so far as they apply in connection with rules made under Article 46(6B) or 48A of the Markets in Financial Instruments Regulation, may be satisfied by things done before paragraph 12 of this Schedule comes into force (as well as by things done after that time).

Commencement Information

I75 Sch. 10 para. 13 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(o)

Transitional provisions

14 Omit Article 54 (transitional provisions).

Commencement Information

I76 Sch. 10 para. 14 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(o)

SCHEDULE 11

Section 28

VARIATION OR CANCELLATION OF PART 4A PERMISSION
ON INITIATIVE OF FCA: ADDITIONAL POWER

1 The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 is amended as follows.

Commencement Information

I77 Sch. 11 para. 1 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(p)

2 After section 55J insert—

“55JA Variation or cancellation on initiative of FCA: additional power

(1) Schedule 6A confers an additional power on the FCA to vary or cancel an FCA-authorised person's Part 4A permission.

(2) In this section and that Schedule “FCA-authorised person” means an authorised person who is not a PRA-authorised person.”

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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Commencement Information

I78 Sch. 11 para. 2 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(p)

3 After Schedule 6 insert—

“SCHEDULE 6A

Section 55JA

VARIATION OR CANCELLATION OF PART 4A PERMISSION ON INITIATIVE OF FCA: ADDITIONAL POWER

Additional power

- 1 (1) If it appears to the FCA that an FCA-authorized person with a Part 4A permission is carrying on no regulated activity to which the permission relates, the FCA may exercise its power under this paragraph.
- (2) The FCA's power under this paragraph is the power—
 - (a) to vary the Part 4A permission by—
 - (i) removing a regulated activity from those to which the permission relates, or
 - (ii) varying the description of a regulated activity to which the permission relates, or
 - (b) to cancel the Part 4A permission.
- (3) The circumstances in which the FCA may form the view that an authorised person is carrying on no regulated activity include (but are not limited to) circumstances where the person fails—
 - (a) to pay any periodic fee or levy as is required by the FCA Handbook, or
 - (b) to provide such information to the FCA as is required by the FCA Handbook.
- (4) “The FCA Handbook” means the Handbook made by the FCA under this Act (as that Handbook is amended from time to time).
- (5) If, as a result of a variation of a permission under this paragraph, there are no longer any regulated activities for which the person has permission, the FCA must, once it is satisfied that it is no longer necessary to keep the permission in force, cancel it.
- (6) The power to vary a permission under this paragraph extends to including in the permission as varied any provision that could be included if a fresh permission were being given in response to an application to the FCA under section 55A.
- (7) The FCA's power under this paragraph must be exercised in accordance with paragraph 2.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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Procedure etc

- 2 (1) The FCA may exercise its power under paragraph 1 in relation to an authorised person with a Part 4A permission only if the following conditions are met.
- (2) The first condition is that the FCA has given a notice in writing to the person—
 - (a) stating that it appears to the FCA that the person is carrying on no regulated activity to which the permission relates,
 - (b) inviting the person to respond in a specified manner, and
 - (c) warning of the potential consequences that may arise under this Schedule of a failure to do so.
- (3) The second condition is that—
 - (a) at least 14 days beginning with the date on which the notice was given have elapsed, and
 - (b) the person has failed to respond in the specified manner.
- (4) The third condition is that the FCA has given a further notice in writing to the person setting out—
 - (a) in a case where the FCA proposes to vary the permission—
 - (i) the proposed variation,
 - (ii) the date on which the FCA proposes to vary the permission (and, if different, the date on which the variation is to take effect), and
 - (iii) any specified steps the person may take that would (if taken) result in the FCA deciding not to vary the permission as proposed;
 - (b) in a case where the FCA proposes to cancel the permission—
 - (i) the date on which the FCA proposes to cancel the permission (and, if different, the date on which the cancellation is to take effect), and
 - (ii) any specified steps the person may take that would (if taken) result in the FCA deciding not to cancel the permission.
- (5) The fourth condition is that the date specified in the notice under subparagraph (4) is not earlier than the end of the period of 14 days beginning with the date on which the notice is given.
- (6) Where the FCA decides to publicise a notice given under this paragraph (or any details relating to it), it may do so in such manner as it considers appropriate.

Notice of decision

- 3 (1) Where the FCA decides to vary or cancel an authorised person's Part 4A permission under paragraph 1, the FCA must give the person a notice in writing setting out—
 - (a) in a case where the FCA varies the permission, the variation,
 - (b) the date on which the variation or cancellation takes effect, and

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- (c) the person's power to make an application under paragraph 4.
- (2) Where the FCA—
 - (a) has given the person a notice under paragraph 2(4), but
 - (b) decides not to vary or cancel the permission (whether or not because the specified steps referred to in that notice have been taken),
 the FCA must give the person a notice in writing of that decision.
- (3) A notice given under this paragraph may include such other information as the FCA considers appropriate.
- (4) Where the FCA decides to publicise a notice given under this paragraph (or any details relating to it), it may do so in such manner as it considers appropriate.

Application for decision to be annulled

- 4 (1) This paragraph applies where the FCA decides to vary or cancel an authorised person's Part 4A permission under paragraph 1.
- (2) If the person is aggrieved by the FCA's decision, the person may apply to the FCA to have the decision annulled.
- (3) An application under this paragraph must be made before the end of the period of 12 months beginning with the day on which the variation or cancellation took effect.
- (4) An application under this paragraph must be determined before the end of the period of 6 months beginning with the date on which the FCA received the completed application.
- (5) The applicant may withdraw the application, by giving the FCA written notice, at any time before the FCA determines it.
- (6) The FCA may direct that an application under this paragraph must—
 - (a) contain specified information, or
 - (b) take a specified form.

Annulment etc

- 5 (1) This paragraph applies where the FCA receives an application under paragraph 4 in relation to a decision to vary or cancel an authorised person's Part 4A permission under paragraph 1.
- (2) The FCA may—
 - (a) annul the decision unconditionally,
 - (b) annul the decision subject to such conditions as it considers appropriate, or
 - (c) refuse to annul the decision.
- (3) The FCA may annul the decision (unconditionally or subject to conditions) only if satisfied that, in all the circumstances, it is just and reasonable to do so.
- (4) The FCA's power under sub-paragraph (2)(b) includes the power—

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- (a) to remove or describe differently a regulated activity specified in the permission, and
 - (b) to withdraw or vary an approval given under section 59 that has effect in relation to the carrying on of a regulated activity specified in the permission,
- provided that the activity in question was one to which the permission related immediately before the decision was taken.
- (5) Where the FCA annuls the decision it must give the person a notice in writing setting out—
 - (a) where the annulment is subject to conditions, the conditions, and
 - (b) the date on which the annulment takes effect.
 - (6) If the FCA proposes to refuse to annul the decision it must give the person a warning notice.
 - (7) If the FCA decides to refuse to annul the decision it must give the person a decision notice.

Effect

- 6 (1) Where the FCA—
 - (a) varies or cancels an authorised person's Part 4A permission under paragraph 1, but
 - (b) that decision is subsequently annulled under paragraph 5,
 the variation or cancellation is treated as if it had not taken place, subject as follows.
- (2) The FCA does not become subject to any statutory obligation by virtue of sub-paragraph (1).
- (3) Where, by virtue of sub-paragraph (1)—
 - (a) a person becomes subject to a statutory obligation, and
 - (b) the FCA has functions in relation to the obligation,
 the FCA may, in exercising those functions, treat the person as if the person had not become subject to the obligation.
- (4) If the FCA treats a person as not having become subject to an obligation, it must notify the person of that fact in such manner as it considers appropriate.
- (5) In a case where paragraph 5(4)(a) applies—
 - (a) the permission is treated as if it had been varied in accordance with the FCA's own-initiative variation power, and
 - (b) that variation is treated as if it took effect on the date on which the annulment took effect.
- (6) In a case where paragraph 5(4)(b) applies—
 - (a) the approval is treated as if it had been withdrawn in accordance with section 63 or varied in accordance with section 63ZB (as the case may be), and
 - (b) that withdrawal or variation is treated as if it took effect on the date on which the annulment took effect.

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- (7) In this paragraph “statutory obligation” means any obligation arising under or by virtue of this Act or any other enactment.
- (8) In sub-paragraph (7) “enactment” includes—
 - (a) the enactments listed in section 3T, and
 - (b) any retained direct EU legislation.

Right to refer matter to Tribunal

- 7 (1) This paragraph applies where the FCA—
 - (a) decides to vary or cancel an authorised person's Part 4A permission under paragraph 1,
 - (b) receives an application from the person under paragraph 4 in respect of that decision, and
 - (c) has disposed of that application under paragraph 5(2).
- (2) Either party may refer the matter to the Tribunal.
- (3) In determining a reference made under this paragraph, the Tribunal may give such directions, and may make such provision, as it considers reasonable for placing the person and other persons in the same position (as nearly as may be) as if the permission had not been varied or cancelled.

Supplementary

- 8 (1) Nothing in this Schedule affects the generality of any other provision made under or by virtue of this Act that confers power on the FCA to vary or cancel an authorised person's Part 4A permission.
- (2) Nothing in paragraph 6(5) and (6) gives rise to a right to make a reference to the Tribunal.
- (3) Sections 55U to 55X (applications made under Part 4A: procedure) do not apply in relation to an application made under paragraph 4.
- (4) Section 55Z (cancellation of Part 4A permission: procedure) does not apply in relation to a proposal, or decision, to cancel an authorised person's Part 4A permission under paragraph 1.
- (5) Section 55Z3(1) (right to refer matters to the Tribunal) does not apply in relation to the determination of an application under paragraph 4.
- (6) In this Schedule “specified” means specified in a direction given by the FCA under this Schedule.
- (7) A direction made by the FCA under this Schedule may make different provision for different cases.
- (8) The FCA may revoke or amend a direction it makes under this Schedule.”

Commencement Information

I79 Sch. 11 para. 3 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(p)

Status: Point in time view as at 01/07/2021.

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- 4 In section 133 (proceedings before Tribunal: general provision), after subsection (5) insert—

“(5A) In the case of a reference under paragraph 7 of Schedule 6A, the Tribunal—

- (a) must determine what (if any) is the appropriate action that must be taken in relation to the matter, and
- (b) on determining the reference, must give such directions (if any) to such persons as the Tribunal considers appropriate for giving effect to its determination.”

Commencement Information

I80 Sch. 11 para. 4 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(p)

- 5 In section 392 (application of sections 393 and 394)—
- (a) in paragraph (a), at the end insert “ or paragraph 5(6) of Schedule 6A ”, and
 - (b) in paragraph (b), at the end insert “ or paragraph 5(7) of Schedule 6A ”.

Commencement Information

I81 Sch. 11 para. 5 in force at 1.7.2021 by S.I. 2021/739, reg. 3(p)

SCHEDULE 12

Section 33

FORFEITURE OF MONEY: ELECTRONIC MONEY INSTITUTIONS AND PAYMENT INSTITUTIONS

Anti-terrorism, Crime and Security Act 2001 (c. 24)

- 1 Schedule 1 to the Anti-terrorism, Crime and Security Act 2001 (forfeiture of terrorist property) is amended as follows.
- 2 Part 4B (forfeiture of terrorist money held in bank and building society accounts) is amended in accordance with paragraphs 3 to 8.
- 3 In the Part heading, for “bank and building society” substitute “ certain ”.
- 4 (1) Paragraph 10Q (application for account freezing order) is amended as follows.
- (2) In sub-paragraph (1), for “bank or building society” substitute “ relevant financial institution ”.
- (3) After that sub-paragraph insert—
- “(1A) In this Part of this Schedule, “relevant financial institution” means—
- (a) a bank,
 - (b) a building society,
 - (c) an electronic money institution, or
 - (d) a payment institution.”
- (4) In sub-paragraph (7), at the appropriate places insert—

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““electronic money institution” has the same meaning as in the Electronic Money Regulations 2011 (S.I. 2011/99) (see regulation 2 of those Regulations);””, and

““payment institution” means an authorised payment institution or a small payment institution (each as defined in regulation 2 of the Payment Services Regulations 2017 (S.I. 2017/752));””.

5 In paragraph 10V(1) (restriction on proceedings and remedies), for “bank or building society” substitute “ relevant financial institution ”.

6 In paragraph 10W(6)(b) (account forfeiture notice), for “bank or building society” substitute “ relevant financial institution ”.

7 (1) Paragraph 10Y (lapse of account forfeiture notice) is amended as follows.

(2) In sub-paragraph (6), for “bank or building society” substitute “ relevant financial institution ”.

(3) In sub-paragraph (7)—

(a) for “If the bank or building society” substitute “ If the relevant financial institution ”, and

(b) for “on the bank or building society” substitute “ on the institution ”.

8 In paragraph 10Z2(7)(a) (forfeiture order), for “bank or building society” substitute “ relevant financial institution ”.

9 In Part 6 (interpretation), in paragraph 19(1), at the appropriate places insert—

““electronic money institution” (in Part 4B) has the meaning given by paragraph 10Q(7);””,

““payment institution” (in Part 4B) has the meaning given by paragraph 10Q(7);””, and

““relevant financial institution” (in Part 4B) has the meaning given by paragraph 10Q(1A);””.

Proceeds of Crime Act 2002 (c. 29)

10 Part 5 of the Proceeds of Crime Act 2002 (civil recovery of the proceeds etc of unlawful conduct) is amended as follows.

Commencement Information

I82 Sch. 12 para. 10 in force at Royal Assent for E.W.S., see. s. 49(1)(a)

I83 Sch. 12 para. 10 in force at 28.6.2021 for N.I. by [S.I. 2021/739](#), [reg. 2](#)

11 Chapter 3B (forfeiture of money held in bank and building society accounts) is amended in accordance with paragraphs 12 to 20.

Commencement Information

I84 Sch. 12 para. 11 in force at Royal Assent for E.W.S., see. s. 49(1)(a)

I85 Sch. 12 para. 11 in force at 28.6.2021 for N.I. by [S.I. 2021/739](#), [reg. 2](#)

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- 12 In the Chapter heading, for “bank and building society” substitute “ certain ”.

Commencement Information

- I86** Sch. 12 para. 12 in force at Royal Assent for E.W.S., see. s. 49(1)(a)
I87 Sch. 12 para. 12 in force at 28.6.2021 for N.I. by [S.I. 2021/739](#), **reg. 2**

- 13 In the italic heading before section 303Z1, for “bank and building society” substitute “ certain ”.

Commencement Information

- I88** Sch. 12 para. 13 in force at Royal Assent for E.W.S., see. s. 49(1)(a)
I89 Sch. 12 para. 13 in force at 28.6.2021 for N.I. by [S.I. 2021/739](#), **reg. 2**

- 14 (1) Section 303Z1 (application for account freezing order) is amended as follows.
 (2) In subsection (1), for “bank or building society” substitute “ relevant financial institution ”.

- (3) After subsection (5) insert—

“(5A) In this Chapter as it extends to England and Wales and Scotland, “relevant financial institution” means—

- (a) a bank,
- (b) a building society,
- (c) an electronic money institution, or
- (d) a payment institution.”

- (4) After subsection (5A) insert—

“(5B) In this Chapter as it extends to Northern Ireland, “relevant financial institution” means—

- (a) a bank, or
- (b) a building society.”

- (5) In subsection (6), at the appropriate places insert—

““electronic money institution” has the same meaning as in the Electronic Money Regulations 2011 (S.I. 2011/99) (see regulation 2 of those Regulations);”, and

““payment institution” means an authorised payment institution or a small payment institution (each as defined in regulation 2 of the Payment Services Regulations 2017 (S.I. 2017/752));”.

Commencement Information

- I90** Sch. 12 para. 14 in force at Royal Assent for E.W.S., see. s. 49(1)(a)
I91 Sch. 12 para. 14 in force at 28.6.2021 for N.I. by [S.I. 2021/739](#), **reg. 2**

- 15 In section 303Z2(3) (restrictions on making of application under section 303Z1), for “bank or building society” substitute “ relevant financial institution ”.

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Commencement Information

I92 Sch. 12 para. 15 in force at Royal Assent for E.W.S., see. s. 49(1)(a)

I93 Sch. 12 para. 15 in force at 28.6.2021 for N.I. by [S.I. 2021/739](#), **reg. 2**

- 16 In section 303Z6(1), for “bank or building society” substitute “ relevant financial institution ”.

Commencement Information

I94 Sch. 12 para. 16 in force at Royal Assent for E.W.S., see. s. 49(1)(a)

I95 Sch. 12 para. 16 in force at 28.6.2021 for N.I. by [S.I. 2021/739](#), **reg. 2**

- 17 In section 303Z8(4), for “bank or building society” substitute “ relevant financial institution ”.

Commencement Information

I96 Sch. 12 para. 17 in force at Royal Assent for E.W.S., see. s. 49(1)(a)

I97 Sch. 12 para. 17 in force at 28.6.2021 for N.I. by [S.I. 2021/739](#), **reg. 2**

- 18 In section 303Z9(6)(b) (account forfeiture notice: England and Wales and Northern Ireland), for “bank or building society” substitute “ relevant financial institution ”.

Commencement Information

I98 Sch. 12 para. 18 in force at Royal Assent for E.W.S., see. s. 49(1)(a)

I99 Sch. 12 para. 18 in force at 28.6.2021 for N.I. by [S.I. 2021/739](#), **reg. 2**

- 19 (1) Section 303Z11 (lapse of account forfeiture notice) is amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (6), for “bank or building society” substitute “ relevant financial institution ”.
- (3) In subsection (7)—
- (a) for “If the bank or building society” substitute “ If the relevant financial institution ”, and
- (b) for “on the bank or building society” substitute “ on the institution ”.

Commencement Information

I100 Sch. 12 para. 19 in force at Royal Assent for E.W.S., see. s. 49(1)(a)

I101 Sch. 12 para. 19 in force at 28.6.2021 for N.I. by [S.I. 2021/739](#), **reg. 2**

- 20 In section 303Z14(7)(a) (forfeiture order), for “bank or building society” substitute “ relevant financial institution ”.

Commencement Information

I102 Sch. 12 para. 20 in force at Royal Assent for E.W.S., see. s. 49(1)(a)

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I103 Sch. 12 para. 20 in force at 28.6.2021 for N.I. by [S.I. 2021/739](#), **reg. 2**

21 In section 316(1) (general interpretation of Part 5), at the appropriate places insert—

““electronic money institution” (in Chapter 3B) has the meaning given by section 303Z1(6),”,

““payment institution” (in Chapter 3B) has the meaning given by section 303Z1(6),”, and

““relevant financial institution” (in Chapter 3B) has the meaning given by section 303Z1,”.

Commencement Information

I104 Sch. 12 para. 21 in force at Royal Assent for E.W.S., see. s. 49(1)(a)

I105 Sch. 12 para. 21 in force at 28.6.2021 for N.I. by [S.I. 2021/739](#), **reg. 2**

Status:

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