



Supply and Appropriation (Anticipation and Adjustments) Act 2023

2023 CHAPTER 5

Vote on Account for 2023-24

1 Vote on account for 2023-24

- (1) The use of resources for the year ending with 31 March 2024 is authorised up to the amount of £463,741,347,000.
- (2) Of the amount authorised by [subsection \(1\)](#)—
 - (a) £370,588,547,000 is authorised for use for current purposes, and
 - (b) £93,152,800,000 is authorised for use for capital purposes.
- (3) The Treasury may—
 - (a) issue money out of the Consolidated Fund, and
 - (b) apply it in the year ending with 31 March 2024 for expenditure authorised by Parliament,up to the amount of £374,553,971,000.

Commencement Information

- II** S. 1 in force at Royal Assent

Further supplementary provision for 2022-23

2 Authorisation of further supplementary provision for 2022-23

- (1) The amount up to which the authorisation was conferred for the use of resources for the year ending with 31 March 2023 is to be treated as reduced by £1,987,407,000.
- (2) In relation to the amount treated as authorised by [subsection \(1\)](#)—

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Supply and Appropriation (Anticipation and Adjustments) Act 2023. (See end of Document for details)

- (a) the amount up to which there is authorisation for use for current purposes is to be treated as further increased by £10,850,816,000, and
 - (b) the amount up to which there is authorisation for use for capital purposes is to be treated as reduced by £12,838,223,000.
- (3) The amount up to which authorisation was conferred on the Treasury—
- (a) to issue money out of the Consolidated Fund, and
 - (b) to apply it in the year ending with 31 March 2023 for expenditure authorised by Parliament,
- is to be treated as reduced by £24,497,487,000.
- (4) The increases and reductions for which [this section](#) provides are to be treated as having had effect from the beginning of 1 April 2022.

Commencement Information

I2 S. 2 in force at Royal Assent

3 Appropriation of further supplementary provision for 2022-23

- (1) For the purposes of—
- (a) appropriating the amount of resources the use of which for the year ending with 31 March 2023 is authorised by [section 2\(1\)](#), and
 - (b) appropriating the amount of money the issue of which out of the Consolidated Fund is authorised by [section 2\(3\)](#),
- the Main Estimates Act 2022 is to be treated as having effect with the adjustments provided for in [Schedule 1](#) to this Act.
- (2) [Schedule 1](#) specifies the amounts by which adjustments are to be treated as made to the amounts originally specified in the Scheduled Estimates in the Main Estimates Act 2022.
- (3) For the purpose of making the adjustments in [Schedule 1](#)—
- (a) a negative adjustment has effect to reduce an amount of authorised expenditure and, where applied to an estimated surplus (which is expressed as if it were itself a negative amount), increases the amount of the surplus, and
 - (b) a positive adjustment has effect to increase an amount of authorised expenditure and, where applied to an estimated surplus, reduces it.
- (4) Accordingly—
- (a) where an adjustment by a negative amount of more than the amount itself is made to an amount of authorised expenditure, what results is an estimated surplus, and
 - (b) where an adjustment by a positive amount of more than the amount itself is made to the amount of an estimated surplus, what results is an amount of authorised expenditure.
- (5) Where, in [Schedule 1](#), a description of matters to which expenditure may relate or from which income may arise (“description A”) differs from the description contained in the corresponding part of the Scheduled Estimates in the Main Estimates Act 2022 (“description B”), [Schedule 1](#) has effect for adjusting that corresponding part by substituting description A for description B.

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- (6) Where, in relation to a department, other person or service to which a Scheduled Estimate in the Main Estimates Act 2022 relates, Schedule 1 contains a new description of matters to which expenditure may relate or from which income may arise, Schedule 1 has effect for adjusting that Scheduled Estimate by treating the new description as included in it.
- (7) In this section—
“estimated surplus” has the same meaning as in the Main Estimates Act 2022;
“Main Estimates Act 2022” means the Supply and Appropriation (Main Estimates) Act 2022 as it is treated as having effect in consequence of the adjustments made by virtue of the Supply and Appropriation (Adjustments) Act 2022.
- (8) The adjustments made by virtue of this section are to be treated as having had effect from the beginning of 1 April 2022.

Commencement Information

I3 S. 3 in force at Royal Assent

Excesses for 2021-22

4 Authorisation of excesses for 2021-22

- (1) The amount up to which authorisation was conferred for the use of resources for the year ending with 31 March 2022 is to be treated as further increased, for the purpose of making good excesses, by £2,457,088,000.
- (2) The further amount treated as authorised by [subsection \(1\)](#) is to be treated as authorised for use for current purposes.
- (3) The increases for which [this section](#) provides are to be treated as having had effect from the beginning of 1 April 2021.

Commencement Information

I4 S. 4 in force at Royal Assent

5 Appropriation of excesses for 2021-22

- (1) For the purpose of appropriating the amount of resources the use of which for the year ending with 31 March 2022 is authorised by section 4(1), the Main Estimates Act 2021 is treated as having effect with the adjustments provided for in [Schedule 2](#) to this Act.
- (2) [Schedule 2](#) specifies the amounts by which adjustments are to be treated as made to the amounts specified in the Scheduled Estimates in the Main Estimates Act 2021.
- (3) For the purpose of making the adjustments in [Schedule 2](#) an adjustment has effect to increase an amount of authorised expenditure and, where applied to an estimated surplus, reduces it.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Supply and Appropriation (Anticipation and Adjustments) Act 2023. (See end of Document for details)

- (4) Accordingly, where an adjustment of more than the amount itself is made to the amount of an estimated surplus, what results is an amount of authorised expenditure.
- (5) Where, in [Schedule 2](#), a description of matters to which expenditure may relate or from which income may arise (“description A”) differs from the description contained in the corresponding part of the Scheduled Estimates in the Main Estimates Act 2021 (“description B”), [Schedule 2](#) has effect for adjusting that corresponding part by substituting description A for description B.
- (6) Where, in relation to a department, other person or service to which a Scheduled Estimate in the Main Estimates Act 2021 relates, [Schedule 2](#) contains a new description of matters to which expenditure may relate or from which income may arise, [Schedule 2](#) has effect for adjusting that Scheduled Estimate by treating the new description as included in it.
- (7) In [this section](#)—
“estimated surplus” has the same meaning as in the Main Estimates Act 2021;
“Main Estimates Act 2021” means the Supply and Appropriation (Main Estimates) Act 2021 as it is treated as having effect in consequence of the adjustments made by virtue of the Supply and Appropriation (Anticipation and Adjustments) Act 2022.
- (8) The adjustments made by virtue of [this section](#) are to be treated as having had effect from the beginning of 1 April 2021.

Commencement Information

I5 S. 5 in force at Royal Assent

General

6 Short title

This Act may be cited as the Supply and Appropriation (Anticipation and Adjustments) Act 2023.

Commencement Information

I6 S. 6 in force at Royal Assent

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Supply and Appropriation (Anticipation and Adjustments) Act 2023.