

Army Act 1955 (repealed)

1955 CHAPTER 18 3 and 4 Eliz 2

PART II

DISCIPLINE AND TRIAL AND PUNISHMENT OF MILITARY OFFENCES

Misconduct in action and other offences arising out of military service

Textual Amendments applied to the whole legislation

F1 Act: the provisions of the 1955 Acts providing for findings of courts-martial to be subject to confirmation and to revision at the direction of the confirming officer cease to have effect (1.4.1997 subject to art. 3 of the commencing S.I.) by virtue of 1996 c. 46, s. 15; S.I. 1997/304, arts. 2, 3, Sch. 2

[^{F1}24 Misconduct in action.

- (1) A person subject to military law shall be guilty of an offence against this section if, without lawfulexcuse, he—
 - (a) surrenders any place or thing to the enemy, or
 - (b) abandons any place or thing which it is his duty to defend against the enemy or to prevent from fallinginto the hands of the enemy.
- (2) A person subject to military law shall be guilty of an offence against this section if, being in the presence or vicinity of the enemy, or being engaged in any action or operation against the enemy or underorders to be prepared for any action or operation by or against the enemy, he—
 - (a) fails to use his utmost exertions to carry the lawful orders of his superior officers into execution,or
 - (b) while on guard duty and posted or ordered to patrol, or while on watch, sleeps or, without having beenregularly relieved, leaves any place where it is his duty to be, or
 - (c) behaves in such a manner as to show cowardice, or induces any other person so to behave at a time whenthat other person, being a member of Her Majesty's

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forces or of a force co-operating with Her Majesty'sforces, is in the presence or vicinity of the enemy, or is engaged in any action or operation against theenemy or under orders to be prepared for any action or operation by or against the enemy, or

- (d) uses words likely to cause despondency or unnecessary alarm.
- (3) A person guilty of an offence against this section shall, on conviction by court-martial, be [^{F2}liable to imprisonment or any less punishment provided by this Act].
- (4) The reference in subsection (2)(a) above to superior officers shall be construed in accordance withsection 33(2) of this Act.]

Textual Amendments

- F1 Ss. 24-26 substituted for ss. 24-28 by Armed Forces Act 1971 (c. 33), ss. 2(1), 78(4)
- F2 Words in s. 24(3) substituted (11.5.2001) by 2001 c. 19, s. 34, Sch. 6 Pt. 4 para. 14

25 Assisting the enemy.

- (1) A person subject to military law shall be guilty of an offence against this section if, knowingly and without lawful excuse, he—
 - (a) communicates with, or gives intelligence to, the enemy, or
 - (b) fails to make known to the proper authorities any information received by him from the enemy, or
 - (c) furnishes the enemy with supplies of any description, or
 - (d) having been captured by the enemy, serves with or aids the enemy in the prosecution of hostilities orof measures likely to influence morale, or in any other manner whatsoever not authorised by internationalusage, or
 - (e) having been captured by the enemy, fails to take, or prevents or discourages any other person subjectto service law who has been captured by the enemy from taking, any reasonable steps to rejoin Her Majesty'sservice which are available to him or, as the case may be, to that other person, or
 - (f) harbours or protects an enemy not being a prisoner of war.
- (2) A person guilty of an offence against this section shall, on conviction by court-martial, be [^{F3}liable to imprisonment or any less punishment provided by this Act].

Textual Amendments

F3 Words in s. 25(2) substituted (11.5.2001) by 2001 c. 19, s. 34, Sch. 6 Pt. 4 para. 15

26 Obstructing operations, giving false air signals, etc.

- (1) A person subject to military law shall be guilty of an offence against this section if he does any actlikely to imperil the success of any action or operation on the part of any of Her Majesty's forces, orwilfully delays or discourages upon any pretext whatsoever any such action or operation.
- (2) A person subject to military law shall be guilty of an offence against this section if, knowingly andwithout lawful excuse, he gives any false air signal, or alters or interferes with any air signal or anyapparatus for giving an air signal.

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(3) A person guilty of an offence against this section shall, on conviction by court-martial, be [^{F4}liable to imprisonment or any less punishment provided by this Act]

Textual Amendments

F4 Words in s. 26(3) substituted (11.5.2001) by 2001 c. 19, s. 34, Sch. 6 Pt. 4 para. 16

[^{F5}27 Prize offences by commanding officers.

- (1) Any person subject to military law who, being in command of any of Her Majesty's ships oraircraft—
 - (a) having taken any ship or aircraft as prize, fails to send to the High Court, or to some other prizecourt having jurisdiction in the case, all the ship papers or aircraft papers, as the case may be, foundon board, or
 - (b) unlawfully makes any agreement for the ransoming of any ship, aircraft or goods taken as prize, or
 - (c) in pursuance of any such agreement as aforesaid, or otherwise by collusion, restores or abandons anyship, aircraft or goods taken as prize,

shall, on conviction by court-martial, be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or any less punishment provided by this Act.

(2) In this section "prize court" means a prize court within the meaning of the ^{MI}Naval PrizeAct 1864, and "ship papers" and "aircraft papers" have the same meanings as in that Act.]

Textual Amendments

F5 Ss. 27, 28 inserted by Armed Forces Act 1971 (c. 33), ss. 3(1), 78(4)

Marginal Citations

M1 1864 c. 25.

28 Other prize offences.

Any person subject to military law who-

- (a) ^{F6} ill-treats any person who is on board a ship or aircraft when taken as prize, or unlawfully takes from any such person anything in his possession, or
- (b) removes out of any ship or aircraft taken as prize (otherwise than for safe keeping or for the necessaryuse and service of any of Her Majesty's forces or any forces co-operating therewith) any goods notpreviously adjudged by a prize court within the meaning of the ^{M2}Naval Prize Act 1864 tobe lawful prize, or
- (c) breaks bulk on board any ship or aircraft taken as prize, or detained in exercise of any belligerentright or under any enactment, with intent to steal anything therein,

shall, on conviction by court-martial, be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years range less punishment provided by this Act.

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[^{F7}29 Offences by or in relation to sentries, persons on watch, etc.

Any person subject to military law who-

- (a) while on guard duty and posted or ordered to patrol, or on watch, or under orders to regulate trafficby land, water or air, sleeps or, without having been regularly relieved, leaves any place where it is hisduty to be, or
- (b) ^{F8} uses force against a member of Her Majesty's forces, or of any forcescooperating therewith, who is on guard duty and posted or ordered to patrol, or on watch, or under ordersto regulate traffic by land, water or air, or
- (c) by the threat of force compels any such person as is mentioned, leaves any place where it is his dutyto be, or
- (d) in paragraph (b) above to let him or any other person pass,

shall be liable, on conviction by court-martial, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or any less punishment provided by this Act.]

Textual Amendments

- F7 S. 29 substituted by Armed Forces Act 1971 (c. 33), ss. 4(1), 78(4)
- **F8** Words repealed by Armed Forces Act 1986 (c. 21, SIF 7:1), ss. 4(1), 16(2), Sch. 2

[^{F9}29A Failure to attend for duty, neglect of duty, etc.

Any person subject to military law who-

- (a) without reasonable excuse fails to attend for any duty of any description, or leaves any such dutybefore he is permitted to do so, or
- (b) neglects to perform, or negligently performs, any duty of any description,

shall be liable, on conviction by court-martial, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or any less punishment provided by this Act.]

Textual Amendments

F9 S. 29A inserted by Armed Forces Act 1971 (c. 33), ss. 5(1), 78(4)

30 Looting.

Any person subject to military law who-

(a) steals from, or with intent to steal searches, the person of anyone [^{F10}killed, wounded or captured in the course of warlike operations, or killed, injuredor detained in the course of operations undertaken by Her Majesty's forces for the preservation of law andorder or otherwise in aid of the civil authorities], or

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- (b) steals any property which has been left exposed or unprotected in consequence of [^{F10}any such operations as are mentioned in paragraph (a) above], or
- (c) takes otherwise than for the public service any vehicle, equipment or stores abandoned by the enemy,

shall be guilty of looting and liable, on conviction by court-martial, to imprisonment or any lesspunishment provided by this Act.

Textual Amendments

F10 Words substituted by Armed Forces Act 1971 (c. 33), ss. 6(1), 78(4)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C1 S. 30 extended (E.W.) (S.) by Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 (c. 53), s. 2(3)(a)

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